



## ROSES.

By Mrs. M. F. BUTTS.

"It is summer," says a fairy,  
"Bring me tissue light and airy  
Bring me colors of the rarest,  
Search the rainbow for the fairest—  
Sea-shell pink and sunny yellow,  
Kingly crimson, deep and mellow,  
Faint red in Aurora beaming;  
And the white in pure pearls gleaming;  
"Bring me diamonds, shining brightly  
Where the morning dew lies lightly;  
Bring me gold dust, by divining  
Where the humming-bird is mining;  
Bring me sweets as rich as may be  
From the kisses of a Baby;—  
With an art no fay discloses  
I am going to make some roses"

## A RACE FOR LIFE. OR Steam Versus Water.

I.—THE MESSAGE.

"My dear fellow, I am glad to see you," exclaimed my friend McCausland, as he met me at the door of his house.

I had gone on a visit to Holmesdale, a little town in the north of England. McCausland was engineer to the water company there, and had invited me to go down for a week.

After the usual interval for dressing, we sat down to an excellent little dinner. Not unnaturally the conversation turned upon the weather.

"I am sorry this rain continues," said McCausland; "it spoils my water-supply. People bully me as if I could help it."

"Are your reservoirs near the town?" I asked.

"No," he replied, "away in the hills. We can go over to-morrow if you like. I'm due there."

The excursion was arranged. We agreed to start at eleven o'clock next morning, and we started punctually.

We pursued our way up the hill, and crossing the brow reached a small inn. Here we found a country gig awaiting us. Into this we clambered, and proceeded along a wooded by-road, stony and rutful. At length, when hope had almost given way to bad language, we pulled up at another small inn called the "Reservoir." We got out of the gig gladly.

An engineer foreman hurried up and accosted us politely.

"Is all right, Johnson?" inquired McCausland.

"Yes, all is right; but—"

"Well, but what?"

"I don't quite like the South Reservoir embankment," was the reply.

McCausland turned pale to his very lips.

"Come with me," he said, abruptly. We hurried after him in silence and with a strange dread upon us.

We soon came in sight of the extensive embankment, which confined the waters of the largest of the reservoirs of Holmes Company. A fresh breeze was blowing the water in small though noisy waves against the paved top of the bank. Here and there a tongue of liquid spat upon the stonework, and at one spot it trickled down into and apparently came through the grass.

"This is the spot I was looking at this morning," said Johnson.

"You had better have a few men to puddle up this," said McCausland, indicating a tiny crack that would have escaped less experienced eyes.

We then continued our inspection but during our progress round the works the clouds had massed themselves in wild grandeur above the hills, and lay heavily above the Apps valley in front. The railroad crossed the valley on a graceful viaduct near Ammering Junction. The dark slaty clouds hung suspended over this district. Long tendrils of the scud came forth from them like fingers. These clutched now a rock then a solitary tree, now swept up again and brought down a large mass of mud to place upon the

ground—ever stealing onward and downward, leaving all its stealthy track dark and foggy. A low moaning sound in the air. It was not the wind, for the breeze had strangely lulled. The trees scarce moved, yet the water rolled up against the reservoir-banks as if agitated by an unseen wheel. We all seemed conscious of the disturbance of the atmospheric conditions, and the leaves whispered strange confidences to the motionless bough over our heads.

The men had all gone up to the reservoirs. McCausland and I sat chatting together.

"Do you think you could find your way back alone?" he asked suddenly.

"Why?" I said. "Do you intend to remain here? Is there any danger?"

"Well, scarcely that; but I think I ought to be on the spot. I will return to-morrow or next day.

"Cannot I stay too?"

"Certainly, if you desire it. We rough it up here, though."

"I do not mind that," I replied. So it was settled. Fortunate it was that I did remain. As we were preparing to visit the sluices again, we were startled by a vivid flash of lightning, which had hardly passed when the rocks rang out with a thousand thunder echoes.

This was the signal. The windows of heaven opened, and a perfect deluge descended upon the devoted valley. The brooks leaped up, and danced down the hillsides in white array. Tiny waterfalls swelled themselves into cataracts, and foamed down the streams. The wind rose up from its sleep, and forced great rolling waves across the coping of the reservoirs, and stones and grass became commingled.

Now the sluice-valves were all opened, and the long imprisoned water gladly dashed from out its prison to meet its native river once again. The channel of the Holmesdale, once more filled with water, divided on the hill. But still the men worked hard amid the gathering gloom and thunder by lantern-light, and Nature rested not that livelong night.

But I turned in and got some sleep, in defiance of the elemental war without.

At five o'clock in the morning, as the gray light was struggling into life, McCausland came, fully dressed, into my room. I started up.

"Dress yourself as quickly as you can, and come down stairs," he said, I began to ask questions. "Lose no time, there's a good fellow, I want your assistance." He left the room.

I jumped up at once, hurried to the window and looked out. Day was just breaking through the misty sky, and all the world was raining. The water was splashing from the eaves, and mingling with the heavy drops, burst into a separate stream in every rut and furrow. The wind beat the tall trees and roared amid the branches. Ever and anon a sharp snap denoted a bough torn from its place and whirled to the soaking earth.

I dressed quickly and joined McCausland in the little parlor. He was studying a private copy of the railroad time tables, which as an official he always carried.

"Will you take the horse and ride down to Ammering Junction with a message?"

His collected manner assured me. Was this all? A ride through the rain was not much. "Of course, I will go."

He grasped my hand firmly. "Are you nervous?" he said, as he held it in his own steady grasp.

"Nonsense," I replied, laughing; "I'll be ready in five minutes, if it's important. Is the horse here?"

I ran up for my water-proofs. When I came down the horse was at

the door, and McCausland inspecting him.

I mounted. "Now," I said, "for this great message if you please."

McCausland's tone had something very solemn in it, as he replied:

"Tell the station-master at Ammering Junction, and any people you see, that the South Reservoir will not last three hours. It will burst down the valley, and will destroy the Apps Viaduct, and carry away the bridges on the Holmesdale branch. Stop the traffic, and save the passengers. God bless you; and hark ye, ride for your life. I will fire the signal canon as a warning. Good-by."

## II.—A WILD RIDE.

Mechanically I gathered up the reins, nodded to McCausland, for I was too stupid to reply in words, and started upon my wild ride. Three hours hence and the water would be pouring down the valley through which my course lay. No wonder I had to ride for my life, and perhaps the lives of hundreds of my fellow-creatures depended on mine. Ammering Junction was some miles away. My route lay through an unknown country across moorland intersected by flooded streams and swept by the fierce wind and rain.

I must do it, I thought, as my horse picked his cautious way amid the loose stones down the steep by-road we had ascended the previous day. I should need all my strength, though, to execute my task, so I pressed on. A valuable slice out of my time had been expended when I reached the broad highway and urged my horse to speed. I had to turn in again, I knew, but I fancied I should easily find the path. Besides, was there not a sign-post?—Therefore, urged by the dreadful tidings, and with the fierce wind and bitter rain by turns and altogether assailing me, I urged my horse onward. I reached the turning, and pulled up to read the direction I should take. I nearly fainted with horror as I read. The fatal finger pointed up the cross-road I was pursuing—*To Holmesdale and Seaham.*—The opposite index pointed—*To Buddall Ammering.* I could scarce credit my senses. Surely, I was right! We had come up the previous day, and up the hill to the Reservoirs. I had merely to reverse the route we had traveled. At that moment, if you will believe me, the true state of the case, and my own stupidity, flashed upon me. We had come from Holmesdale; I was now bound for Ammering, which lay at the opposite side.

This was a terrible mistake. It was now past six o'clock. One of the precious hours had elapsed, and I was further from Ammering than when I started. I was seised with despair; what could I do now? Two hours remained, and I had three uphill miles to ride, and then about seven more across the moor before I could reach the junction, and before that the trains might have started, and then—

I burst out into a cold perspiration at the thought, and then desperate, and only half conscious, I rode back to the Ammering road, and up the hill again. But the storm fiend was abroad, and had arrayed all his forces against me.

As we gained the more open ground, the blast came down with such violence as to stagger us. It tore across the hillside and wizzed and hissed amongst the gorse and swaying grass. The rain came down more determinedly than ever. At length I reached a small cluster of stone cottages, and halted under the lee of the last one to take breath for a fresh struggle over the moor—which lay before me. A strait road lay over it, a good road, but crossed

at intervals by rapid streams which had overflowed their limits and swelled over their boundaries in all the pride of "spate" across the flinty stones which had defied them all the summer long. The summits of the neighboring hills were shrouded in a veil of mist, but far in advance, on the level, I could trace the channel of the Apps River down the valley, and could guess the spot at which the flood would strike the railroad, and the branch line over the spur of the hill. I could just distinguish the junction in the middle distance. A dark smoke appeared to be rising from it; an engine perhaps, waiting to start with a train, and I was lingering on the hill. All this, and more, I could perceive as I rested on the summit.—Somewhat refreshed, I rode manfully forward into the storm.

How my horse kept his feet I do not to this hour understand. The wind, which had been high before, appeared to have gathered new force while we halted, and it rushed across the track terrifically. Pebbles were frequently blown across the road, and every pool had its waves, like a miniature sea.—Some helpless crows were blown over my head, and a sinister looking raven skimmed the moor close by, uttering a weird croak which fell upon my ears like a knell, and chilled my blood. I was quite alone, not a human being in sight, but suddenly the whistle of a locomotive was carried to my ears.—An engine moved out of the station. Another whistled shortly afterwards. The train was safe. I watched it glide away over the viaduct. Five minutes later I rode into the station and called for the station-master. As I dismounted the clock struck eight. The time was up, and no signal from McCausland.—Telegraphing would now be easy. A porter came in response to my summons.

"I'm sorry ye lost the express," he began.

"I don't want the train," I replied; "I must telegraph at once, though. Where is the station-master?"

"He'll be here in a minute. But ye can't telegraph. The wires is blown down. We had to send a 'pilot' with the express to clear the line up to Handleigh."

"Not telegraph! I tell you, man, I must stop the traffic. The South Holmesdale Reservoir will burst this very hour."

"Can that be true?" inquired a cool, gentlemanly man at my elbow. It was the station-master himself.

"True!" I echoed. "It is only too true. I have ridden to tell you. We must stop the trains."

"The excursion leaves Handleigh at 8:05," mused the station-master. "There may be time; come with me." He crossed the line and entered a shed opposite. I followed. Just then a loud booming sound rent the air. The sound came back from the hills like thunder.

"It is the signal," I exclaimed. "The water is out. Heaven help us now!"

The station-master called out. A cleaner appeared. "Is that engine ready?"

"Yes, sir, waiting for the excursion."

"Run and open the points. Now, sir get up."

I obeyed mechanically, and before I quite realized the situation we had crossed to the up line. The station-master stopped to get a red flag and give a few instructions to his subordinates. I now perceived that we were to face the flood. Steam versus Water. Which would conquer?

A whistle; we started. "The flood, the flood!" shouted the porter. We turned one glance up the

valley. A moving brown wall, capped with a snowy ridge, was tearing down upon the devoted viaduct. No time to lose.

"Go ahead!" cried the station-master. I turned on steam, put the lever over another "notch," and the race began in earnest.

We flew along the metals. A few minutes would decide it. We must get to the viaduct and over it first, or the excursion, unwarned, would dash to destruction. A depression in the ground ran beside the railroad for a short distance. We trusted to this to turn the velocity of the approaching water. It was an exciting race and one never to be forgotten. On rolled the flood. We were running "neck and neck" for one terrible half-minute. Now the restless flood bore directly to the bridge. Stones were rolling before it like marbles. Trunks of trees, haystacks, debris of every description, came headlong down upon the doomed structure. We fled like lightning over the rails. Our speed told now. Sparks flew from the chimney. Another "notch"—the beat of the piston quickened to an almost inconceivable rapidity. We were on the bridge. Hurrah! The curling wave beneath seemed to spring forward. It broke against the buttresses. In a second we were across. I shut off steam, the station-master put down the breaks—a crash! We looked back. The line dropped behind us like a stage trap. The bridge gave way, and with a roar, that was heard two miles off, the pretty viaduct was swept away by the boiling, furious water.

We were truly thankful for our narrow escape. And now to save the excursion. Speeding forward again, whistling like a demon, our good engine—*Vigilant* by name—soon came in sight of the excursion train. By waving our red flag we averted another danger—a collision. The telegraph-posts being down, trains had to run upon the same line as far as Handleigh, but our timely action set all to rights at last.

We soon gave the bewildered passengers to understand the narrow escape they had had. Fervent and sincere were the thanks received from all, except one man. He was escaping from justice, and was captured. From the elevated embankment we could trace the flood for miles. The train put back to Handleigh, whence the passengers were forwarded by another company.

By the time we had arranged matters and returned to the broken viaduct the water had subsided. The work of destruction was complete, but a "break-down" gang was quickly on the spot. A footway was constructed across the muddy river-bed and trains stopped at both sides of the stream, the passengers exchanging from one to the other.

The loss of cattle and farm produce caused by that terrible flood was very great. Had the catastrophe occurred during the night, the loss of human life would have been appalling. As it was, some unfortunate people were drowned, but some had most marvellous escapes. The aspect of the country as I retraced my steps was deplorable; I could scarcely recognize the places I had passed in the morning.

I found McCausland and his staff at the reservoir awaiting me. He wrung my hands fervently, and said certain words that I shall not easily forget.

The viaduct was quickly rebuilt, station-master at Ammering does not forget the race of Steam versus Water on the *Vigilant* locomotive. Nor do I.

No one ought to enjoy what is too good for him; he ought to make himself worthy of it, and rise to its level.

## WOMEN'S DRESS.

Creamy Roman pearl beads are fashionable as necklaces for young ladies. Clusters of flowers are still worn at the center of the corsage above the belt.

Pin-head checks of cream and brown momic cloth, black and white shepherd plaid, polka dot foulards and crepe bunting of soft mouse color or gendarme-blue, are favorite materials for demi-toilet, morning and seaside costumes.

The newest corsages are pointed in front, rounded over the hips, and form a position in the back. The revival of the belted blouse waists has brought about the becoming style of lapping the front of the corsage from right to left is fichu fashion. A narrow fichu of folds usually edged with lace is used to give a like effect.

In round hats preference is given to Italian straws named Zulu braids. As a rule they are not becoming, nor are they pretty, though every tenth woman one meets has a "Zulu" on her head. At the seaside these hats are suitable, as they shade the face, and the action of the sun and air does not seem to affect the color of the straw.

## How Things will be Five hundred Years Hence.

Scene:—Study in the house of an old gentleman in Australia. The old gentleman telegraphs to the servants' room and John appears blown out of a pneumatic tube.

Gentleman: "John go to the carriage house and fill the family balloon. My wife and children will fly to Calcutta about 4 o'clock to Mr. Johnson's in order to be present at a Ball. Then dust well my little balloon and fit it also. I must fly immediately to the London Exchange, but think, however, that I shall be back before 4 o'clock in order to be able to accompany my wife a hundred miles. She will be very dark about 2 o'clock. Should it be very dark about this time have one of the monkeys light the electric lamp so that it shall illuminate about two or three hundred miles. In the morning I expect several friends from Hong Kong and San Francisco; don't forget, therefore, to telegraph to Paris to Chevet's successor about pastry a la Napoleon XVIII; say to him that we shall expect it at 5:30 o'clock still warm.

Tell the cook that yesterday's artificial beefsteak was spoiled by too much nitrogen. Such deplorable carelessness ought never to occur again."—*From the German.*

JUST before a prominent ex-office holder of Hartford retired the other night, he got down on his hands and knees and peered anxiously under the bed.

"What in the world are you looking for, Edward?" inquired his wife.

"Looking for a woman," promptly replied her husband.

"Looking for a woman?" exclaimed his wife.

"Yes," said he, "you've been looking for a man under the bed for fifteen years, and I thought I'd start a hunt for a woman, and I'll bet I'll find the woman before you do the man."

JOHNNY wanted to go to the circus, and his father said:

"Johnny, I'd rather you'd go to school, and study, and maybe you'll be President some day."

Johnny said:

"Father, there's about one million boys in the United States, isn't there?"

"Yes."

"And every one of them stands a chance of being President?"

"Yes."

"Well, dad, I'll sell out my chance for a circus ticket."



PARTY TACTICS.

As in military affairs, before the battle begins there are always important preliminary proceedings, in order to gain the possible advantages of position for the attack, so in the political field, the scouts and the advance-guards, are early on hand to reconnoitre and discover, if possible, the weak points in the ranks of the opposing forces. Thus, scarcely had the Chicago Convention concluded its work in the nomination of Garfield and Arthur, when the "credit Mobilier" charges, and "the DeGolyer paving contract" are brought into conspicuous review, and warm discussion ensues to the discrediting of the Republican candidate, these all have been sown broadcast over the land, and it is needless for us to give a recital of the circumstances of the cases.

In our estimate of the mode of defence, it has left the burden of proof, still as a weight on the hands of the party, though we cannot but respect the position of General Garfield, in refusing to notice the charges. Following next with the nomination of Hancock and English, at the Cincinnati Convention, come the charges regarding Gen. Hancock's connexion with the execution of the "ill-fated Mrs. Surratt, within his military command." These have been put forth under the specious garb of a simple statement of the part performed by him without a direct enunciation of wrong doing, and yet they are intended to supply material from which cross-road politicians shall produce the manufactured goods of direct detraction.

We cannot suppose that the American people are for a moment to be deluded into the idea that a soldier is to be held personally answerable for obeying the commands of his superiors in office, however repugnant they may be, any more than a sheriff, who executes the orders of the court, can be held accountable for the life which has become the victim of violated law, and this must be the judgment of every candid and unprejudiced mind, with others, refutation were vainly attempted.

In reviewing then the grounds of these charges and counter-charges, we presume they arise or rather gain currency from the peculiar tendency of human nature, as Demosthenes said, to delight in invective; it seems to be the readiest weapon laid hold of in all contests, public and private. It is nevertheless, humiliating to note that men, of high intelligence, will lay hold of them and use them in attempting disparagement of the opposing cause.

The existence of our two great public parties is a world fact: they claim to exist for the highest and most momentous ends—the honour and glory, and even the existence itself of the nation.

The principles which they profess stand forth to represent are real, living subjects for legitimate review and discussion.

On the one hand the Democratic party, starting from the Jeffersonian period, and having accomplished grand and glorious results, in its progress, holds out its record for consideration, and invites the attention of the people to its claims upon their confidence. On the other hand the great Republican party has its records of continued rule for two decades of time, reaching to the present hour, which invite the popular approval.

Surely, surely in these huge volumes of policies, principles, and acts, there ought to be found matter for thoughtful and earnest discussions before the people without resorting to the demoralizing influences of the low trickery and the degrading virulence of personal warfare. Happily the course of events has eliminated the spirit of sectionalism from the canvass, the basest element which ever disgraced our politics.

Now let the people insist, that the contest shall be waged upon the grounds of principle, and their voice must be respected.

THE FOURTH OF JULY.

The one hundred and fifth anniversary of the Declaration of Independence occurs to-morrow. How like a fond memory of the past its traditions fall upon our hearts! as such it penetrates the inmost consciousness of every patriot. We, of to-day, have, to-days problems to solve, to-day's work to accomplish, and are intent in making up the history of the present, for the contemplation of coming generations. We are too remote from the scenes and the prompting causes which actuated the founders of our government, to enter into the spirit which fired their hearts and called forth their deeds of immortal glory. That honoured generation has passed away, and we take up the burdens and responsibilities, which they have laid down and repeat their strains of patriotic melody in subdued, yet reverential tones.

The fresh memories of sire and son, the struggles and triumphs passed gave rise in former days to civic processions, oratorical outbursts of joy and gladness, and panegyric tributes to the memory of the heroes and distinguished men who achieved the glorious work. Bon-fires, illuminations, barbecues, music and dancing, gave expression to their pent up feelings. We rehearsing the past in the calm quietude of domestic life, keep their memory fresh by excursions to the mountains, pic-nics, and social gatherings of greater or less extent. We keep our holiday, we feel that it is ours, and rejoice in it according to the spirit and habits of the present day.

Then hie ye to the groves, go forth—  
"To see the pleasant fields, the crystal fountains,  
And take the gentle air amongst the mountains,  
and repose in the conscious security which the best and most far-reaching government on earth secures, be joyful, in the serene satisfaction it affords. Let the young men and maidens be joyful together; let the old rehearse the stories of patriotism to the young, and thus keep alive the record of the times, and the men who built up the frame work of the glorious inheritance which is the joy and the pride of our existence.

THE NEW LAW permitting persons to deal in tobacco to the extent of 25,000 pounds a year by paying a special tax of five dollars instead of twenty five dollars, will go into effect at once. Internal revenue officials say it will not effect the revenue materially, which never exceeds \$100,000 from this class of dealers, but it will aid as a part of the machinery of the department in carrying into effect revenue regulations. It is believed that the new law will cause a material increase in the production of tobacco for the market, as there will be a greater number of small dealers.—Sun.

ANOTHER New York steamboat was burned to the water's edge on Monday. The New York Sand's Point and Roslyn boat Seawanhaka was the one destroyed. It happened off College Point, L. I., and originated in an explosion in the engine room. There were about 500 passengers on board. Between 30 and 50 lives were lost. The steamers Osseo and Granite State, saved the majority of the passengers. Amongst these were Charles A. Dana, editor of the N. Y. Sun.

LAST week a case of *Pleuro-Pneumonia* was reported from Woodboro. This week it is reported in the immediate vicinity of Frederick. It will be necessary for farmers to keep a sharp lookout amongst their cattle. The most they can do is to prevent the spreading of the disease by slaying those which have it.

WINFIELD SCOTT HANCOCK Dickinson comes upon the world's stage at the democratic candidate's old birthplace, Norristown, Pa. The distinguished infant, aged two days, is the son of H. B. Dickinson, a popular attorney.

SENATOR CAMERON has declined the chairmanship of the Republican National Committee on the ground of physical inability.

GENERAL GRANT'S income is reported to be \$9,000 a year.

WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENCE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 29th.

The general opinion here is that the approaching campaign will be one of the hottest since the war. Both the nominations are unusually good, and each will poll the full strength of his party. But more than this must the winning candidate do. He must win to him a large part of the independent or non-partisan vote. Here lies the balance of power, and the efforts made by both parties to gain this vote will be wonderful. Now you independent voters, before you make up your minds who to vote for, you should study several questions carefully; Which party will, if you are a manufacturer, by a judicious tariff protect your interest best from the dangers of a foreign competition. If you are a laborer, then you should decide which party would be most likely, by a wise administration of public affairs, render your burden of taxation as light as is possible. These are the questions most important to those who are not bound down by prejudice or party affiliation. But such men do not control the land. The power as I have said remains with the non-partisan. Let him study the history of the two parties carefully and after mature consideration I don't think he will go astray.

During the absence of Congress, contrary to the usual custom, no efforts will be made to improve the ventilation of the House or Senate Chambers. It is the regular practice to attempt to remedy some of the evils connected with these rooms. While Gen. Butler was a member of the House he generally had some resolution presented on the subject. There has been found no special benefit from the long tunnels dug, connected with open towers supposed to be above malarial influence. In fact, both Senators and Representatives are compelled to breathe now just as bad air as was supplied to them when they first occupied their present chambers. The difficulty—and it seems to me without remedy—is that the places of meeting have no direct connection with the outside. They are simply halls within halls.

This city has never before known a heated term like the present one. The mercury is regularly and malignantly, day after day, in the neighborhood of 100°. But for a constant breeze which sweeps along our wide streets and avenues, gaining freshness as it comes up the river and crosses our innumerable parks, the city air would be intolerable.

To-morrow is the last day on which pension claims can be filed so as draw arrears of pension back to date of discharge. In claims filed thereafter pension will commence only from date of allowance. This will make an average difference to the pensioners of about nine or ten millions. MERRILL.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.  
THE telescope was invented in 1549.  
TURKEY is again assuming a war-like front.  
OVER 50,000 people visited Coney Island last Sunday.  
THE annual regatta at Cape May takes place August 17.  
THE census shows New York's population to be 1,209,561.  
THE Ex Empress Eugenie has left Cape Town for England.  
JOSEPH JEFFERSON is at his beautiful place at Hobokan, N. J.  
PETER COOPER, the philanthropist, was 91 years of age on Monday last.  
The wife of Governor Williams, of Indiana, died Sunday, after a long illness.  
The longest river in the world is the Missouri, which is 4,500 miles in length.  
THERE are 31,631 blind persons in France and provisions is made for the care of only 6,000.  
The longest railroad in the world at present is the Pacific railroad, over 2,000 miles in length.  
WITHIN the past fifty years about 200,000 miles of railroads have been built in the world at a cost of \$15,000,000,000.  
THE greatest mass of solid iron in the world is the Pilot Knob, of Missouri. It is 350 feet high and two miles in circuit.  
GOLD is found in fifty six counties in Georgia, silver in three, copper in thirteen, iron in forty-three, and diamonds in twenty six.

GERMANY prohibits the importation of sausages and pork from the United States. The prohibition does not include hams, sides and bacon.

During the month of June there were coined at the mint in Philadelphia 3,731,940 pieces of the value of \$3,434,266, including 1,000,500 silver dollars.

CHARLES O'CONNOR, a young man, lost his right arm last Friday at New Orleans, by the premature explosion of a cannon which was booming for Hancock.

The shooting contest between the American and Irish rifle teams at Dollymount Tuesday resulted in a victory for the Americans; score, 1,292 and 1,280.

GEORGE DICK, Leighton, Pa., was found dead on the grave which he was digging in the Catholic cemetery Monday. His death was caused by sunstroke.

THE first honorary prize of the Fish Exhibition at Berlin was awarded to Prof. Spencer F. Baird, of Washington. This government will get a gold medal.

M. O. Batton, the arrowmaker of Santa Cruz, Cal., recently brought down nine squirrels, three rabbits and a jay in an afternoon's hunt with bow and arrows.

Christ church, of Boston, erected in 1723, is older than any other church edifice in that city. Its Bible and several prayer books were presents from King George II. in 1733.

Mr. James Gordon Bennett will arrive from Europe in a few days, and will be accompanied by his sister, Mrs. Isaac Bell, Jr., who will reside at Mr. Bennett's Newport cottage during the season.

THE Centennial of the capture of Major Andre is to be celebrated in grand style by the people of Westchester county, New York, on September 25. There are to be speeches, firing of guns, and a general glorification.

EXTENSIVE forest fires are prevailing on Long Island. The area now in flames extends northward toward the north shore before a strong driving wind. Many grain fields have been devastated and hundreds of acres of woodland and cord wood have also been consumed.

DEATH OF A CATHOLIC PRIEST.—The Rev. Michael Curran, pastor of St. Andrew's Church, New York city, died Monday, of paralysis. He was born in Ireland, came to this country when 13 years of age, studied at Mt. St. Mary's, Emmitsburg, Md., and was ordained in 1844 by Bishop Hughes, since which he has served in New York city with great success.

DR. H. Y. LANNER, of Milwaukee, Wis., began at Clarendon Hall, New York, Monday, his feat of fasting forty consecutive days, under supervision of a committee of six physicians. He was stripped and searched and all parts of the hall were thoroughly examined for concealed food, but none was found. His weight on commencing the feat was 157½ pounds.

FATAL HUMAN BITE.—Four weeks ago a man named Frank Myers, was knocked down and bitten in the hand by a drunken man named Hugh Rieley, at Rye, Westchester county, N. Y. The wound seemed to heal up, but last Thursday Myers was taken with cramps in his back, stomach and sides. The doctors could give him no relief, suffering intense agony he died Sunday afternoon.

COSTLY BRIDGES.—The aggregate cost of the several bridges that span the Mississippi river, from St. Louis to St. Paul, has been \$20,573,000, ranging from \$120,000 for the bridge at Prairie du Chien to \$11,573,000 for that at St. Louis. The annual tolls upon the merchandise crossing the river upon these bridges is officially stated to amount to \$2,803,725, or nearly 10½ per cent. upon the original cost.

LONDON, June 21.—The *Daily News's* despatch from Dublin says: "There is no longer any doubt that the famine fever has appeared in some parts of the west and south of Ireland. A letter read in the Mansion House Relief Committee from Charlestown, Mayo county, says famine fever of a most dangerous type is very prevalent, and is making much progress. It has also appeared in Swenford, Mayo county, and Glengariff, Cork county."

A SINGULAR DEATH.—On the evening of the 9th ult., Mrs. DeGaulh, a young married woman, at Belroda, New York, went to bed with her infant because she was afraid of lightning, knowing that a storm was approaching. In the night the husband was awakened by the cries of the child, and found that his wife was dead. She had been struck by lightning, leaving no trace except that her hair was singed. The bed post near her feet was chipped off as if done with a hatchet. Neither the father nor child were injured in the least.

BUENOS AYRES has made peace with the republic.

THE name of Charley Ross is included in the census of Philadelphia, with the word "absent." The parents, when asked "How many children living?" could not exclude him from the list, as they still hope that he is alive.

Two more counterfeit \$100 national bank notes have come to the treasury. They were sent for redemption, the senders having no idea of their being counterfeits. One of the notes was on the Pittsburgh National Bank and the other on the Pittsfield (Mass.) Bank.

PAN-PRESBYTERIAN COUNCIL.—The second General Council of the Presbyterian Alliance will begin in Philadelphia on the 23d of September, and continue until the 3d of October. The churches eligible to admission are those holding to the supreme authority of the Scriptures of the Old and New Testaments in matters of faith and morals, and whose creed is in harmony with the consensus of the Reformed confessions.

MACON, GA., June 30.—At about 12 o'clock Wednesday night a meteor as large as a barrel, starting from the zenith, plunged down the northeastern sky and exploded near here with a report that reverberated for thirty seconds and shook the earth even at this point. The meteor was about five seconds in falling, during which time the city was lit up as though by a powerful electric light. Much excitement prevailed in the negro quarter; the inhabitants rushed into their houses and closed the doors, filling the air with screams and prayers. The time between the disappearance of the phenomenon and the report was about three minutes. This would make the distance from Macon about forty miles.

SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS' NOTICE.

Office of Board of County School Commissioners, Frederick County, Md., Frederick, June 20th, 1880.  
The regular meeting of the Board of County School Commissioners will be held in this office  
On Friday, July 16th, 1880.  
All bills should be presented on or before the date named, or they will go over to the next regular meeting. Bills passed will be paid on and after Saturday, July 24th, 1880.  
By order of the Board  
D. T. LAKIN, Secretary.  
July 3-21.

I. S. ANNAN & BRO.

DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS,  
NOTIONS,  
CLOTHING!

Ready made, and to order,

Fits Guaranteed!

Queens, Woollen, Glass and

Hardware!

FRESH GROCERIES,

IRON, NAILS, OILS, GLASS, & PAINTS.

Fruit Jars of different kinds, and at low Prices. Constantly receiving new goods, and will not be undersold. July 4-14

Guthrie & Beam.

Livery, Sales and Exchange

STABLES

EMMITSBURG, MD.

ARE always prepared to accommodate the public with conveyances of all kinds on

Reasonable Terms!

We will have carriages and omnibuses at the depot on arrival of each train, to convey passengers to St. Joseph's Academy, Mt. St. Mary's College, or any part of town or country. Fine horses for riding or driving. July 4-14

T. Fraley & Sons,

FOUNDERS & MACHINISTS.

AND repairs of all kinds. Manufacturers of the Hess and other plows, and threshing machines. Iron railing of all kinds at the lowest price. Emmitsburg, Md. July 4-14.

J. & C. F. ROWE

Clothing, HATS, & C.

Stylish goods, Good fits, and moderate prices. Under Photograph gallery, Pictures, Frames, &c., in variety, W. Main St., Emmitsburg, Md. July 4

Chas. S. Smith,

(Successor to Horner & Smith.)



EMMITSBURG, MD.

Will continue the Livery Business at the

Western Maryland Livery,

Where he will be pleased to accommodate his friends and the public with fine

RIDING & DRIVING

HORSES & PONIES,

and everything connected with a

FIRST-CLASS LIVERY.

Carriages at the depot on arrival of all trains, to convey persons to St. Joseph's, Mt. St. Mary's College or any part of Town or Country, at moderate terms.

FINE BAND WAGON & OMNIBUS

as part of my stock, and teams of all kinds always in readiness, all on the most reasonable terms. All orders either by day or night, promptly attended to. m30 f

SPECIAL RATES TO TRAVELING SALESMEN.

GEO. W. ROWE, Emmitsburg, Md.

July 4-14

Dry Goods!

MY stock comprises all kinds of Dry Goods, cloths,

CASSIMERES,

cottonades, great variety of Ladies dress goods, notions,

HATS AND CAPS,

boots and shoes, queensware, groceries, of all kinds,

HARDWARE,

etc., all of which will be sold at the lowest prices. Purchasers will do well to call before purchasing elsewhere.

July 4-14

BURGLARY!

Is punished by the law, but there is no law to prevent the people from knowing that there are burgars to be had

AT

MYERS & RAMER'S.

We have a complete stock of

Watches,

Clocks, Jewelry,

SILVERWARE

The utmost despatch is used in the repair of Clocks and Watches, and all work guaranteed at the

NEW STORE,

OLD POST OFFICE ROOM!

EMMITSBURG, MD. fe28y

Motter, Maxell & Co.

AT THE DEPOT,

DEALERS IN

GRAIN & PRODUCE

COAL LUMBER AND FERTILIZERS

WAGON MAKING AND TURNING,

IN ALL STYLES, AT THE

FOUNDRY SHOPS. July 4-14

CHAS. J. ROWE,

DEALER IN

SEWING MACHINES,

and Manufacturer of cigars. His superior cigars can be bought by the hundred or thousand at low prices.

Sewing Machines, of all the leading kinds furnished promptly.

Dr. C. D. Eichelberger,

DEALER IN

DRUGS, MEDICINES,

Perfumery,

FANCY AND TOILET ARTICLES,

PROPRIETARY MEDICINES,

TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

Emmitsburg, Md. July 4-14

C. V. S. LEVY

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

FREDECK, MD.

Will attend promptly to all legal business, entrusted to him July 12 14

Marble Works!

U. A. Lough, Proprietor.

ALWAYS on hand, and made to order,

MONUMENTS,

TOMB AND HEAD STONES, AT

VERY LOW PRICES. ORDERS

PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO. ALL

WORK DELIVERED FREE OF

CHARGE. July 4-14



# LOCALS.

**MARS sets, 9:40.**

**NEW MOON, 7th.**

**THE days are 14 hrs., 50 minutes long.**

**WINDOWS and doors open bring comfortable sleep.**

**To get thoroughly warm when it is now in order.**

**AN unwelcome visitor—the pole-cat Thursday night.**

**BERKS county, Pa., expects to gain a senator under the census.**

**The thermometers have gone up, it makes one shudder to see an over coat now.**

**SENATOR Voorhees, of Indiana, will deliver the address at the next Frederick county fair.**

**THE "Emerald Beneficial Association," holds its picnic to-day, all are cordially invited to attend.**

**INNOCENTLY** the little boys gather in the green apples, and then wonder why they are unwell.

**SWEET** are the evening hours, to weary nature, reposing under the leafy shade trees in June.

**THE** population of Gettysburg is given at 2,796 a falling off since 1870 of 284. In the ten preceding years it had gained 600.

**THE** population of Hanover, Pa., is 2,301; 1100 males, 1204 females and 16 coloured people. They gained 462, in the past 10 years.

**If** you want your baby to look bright do not put it to sleep with laudanum when restless, but use Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup. 25 cents a bottle.

**For** Fire or Life Insurance in first class companies, call on W. G. Horner, Agt., office West Main St. opposite P. Hoke's Store. may29-ly

**If** you cannot take the baby to the country, use Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup for the usual diseases of early childhood. Price 25 cents a bottle.

**For** that "boundless contiguity, &c.," go to McDivitt's grove, recline under the beech trees, and sleep to the lullaby of "Friend's creek," rolling sleepily itself.

**A COMPLETE** stock of cards, tags, bill heads, card boards of all colours and coloured paper for bills, &c., together with letter paper, &c., always on hand at this office, and printed at lowest rates.

**INSURE** your Homes, your Crops, your Farming Implements and your Live Stock against fire or damage by Lightning, in the Old Agriculture Insurance Co. W. G. HORNER, Agent, Emmitsburg, Md. may29-ly

**REV. H. L. BAUGHEN**, formerly professor of Greek in the college, received the degree of D. D., and Prof. Geo. W. Ruby, of New York, the degree of Ph. D., at the late commencement of Pennsylvania College, Gettysburg, Pa.

**WE** had another shower of rain on Tuesday, it was local however, scarcely extending a mile south of Emmitsburg, yet the wind blew severely and curled things around very furiously, it was fine for the corn fields and gardens.

**DR. WATTERSON**, we understand, has left the college. The Rev. Dr. McCloskey succeeds him, as President of Mt. St. Mary's College, and the Rev. Thomas J. Fitzgerald succeeds Father McCloskey as vice President.

**ON** Tuesday Mr. Willis Fisher, one of our young farmers, was fixing his scythe, in fastening a wire his hand slipped, and he nearly severed the end of his right thumb. He is doing well however and the interruption of his work will not be long.

**FATAL ACCIDENT**.—Near Smithsburg, Washington county, last Friday afternoon, a horse attached to a wagon started to run away, when Jacob Burns, in attempting to stop the horse, missed his footing and fell, and was struck by one of the wheels, which passed over his head, fracturing his skull, killing him instantly. Mr. Burns was a well-digger by trade, and leaves a large family.

**BARN DESTROYED**.—On Friday evening of last week, a barn belonging to Mr. Ezra Michael, Buckeystown District, was struck by lightning during a storm, and entirely destroyed. The barn contained about 250 bushels of wheat, threshing machine and a number of farming implements, all of which were destroyed. Mr. Michael's loss will amount to about \$600. We understand the barn was fully insured.—*Examiner*.

**MILITARY COMPANY**.—Last Wednesday evening at the City Hall, a military company was organized with the following officers; Captain James McSherry; 1st Lieutenant, Dr. S. F. Thomas; 2nd Wm. Besant; Orderly Sergeant, Dr. Edward C. McSherry; 1st Sergeant, Juno H. Bruner; 2nd Johnson Richardson; 3rd William Richardson; 4th Robert G. McPherson; 1st Corporal, R. John Shessler; 2nd Ed. S. Eichelberger; 3rd G. Hoster; 4th Charles T. Kussnau.

### [COMMUNICATED.]

**EMMITSBURG, June 25th, 1880.**

**DEAR CHRONICLER**.—As an independent journal you unquestionably favor freedom of speech. I do not mean by free speech, license to indulge in vulgar denunciation and coarse abuse of those who may honestly or otherwise differ from you, nor in making yourself disagreeable, and offensive, by an unfair or improper advocacy of opinions, though such opinions may be just and true, and intimately identified with the highest and best interests of our fellow men. I would ask your indulgence and crave permission to call the attention of this community to what I consider, the paramount question now presented for our consideration—not forgetting, the presidential campaign, for which the leaders of the two great political parties are now marshalling their hosts preparatory to the November contest.—Yes, I claim that the question to be decided in this county on the 3d day of August, equals, if it does not transcend all the political questions involved in the present contest, and I assure you, I am not the one to underestimate its importance. How necessary it is that we inform ourselves thoroughly, as intelligent and conscientious voters, so that we may discharge our duty in a manner satisfactory to ourselves and in harmony with our moral obligations, conducive to the best interests of our common humanity and pleasing to Him; by whom we all will be judged.

The temperance question has been so long, so fully, and so ably discussed, that really, there is nothing new in the way of argument, to advance in its support, and it is only in the manner of proceeding, when, where and how, are we to strike, to secure deliverance from the terrible curse of intemperance, now sweeping through the land, with a destruction more disheartening and appalling than the resistless march of the destroying angel.

I have no desire, nor do I propose to deal harshly with those who are engaged in a traffic, fraught with so much that is demoralizing, and attended with evils so far reaching in their connections and consequences, but would calmly and earnestly plead with my fellow citizens of every grade and persuasion and those especially, who do not view this subject from my stand point, to carefully, honestly and seriously, examine this question in all its bearings and results, not only as it affects the present, but also the future. Look around you and behold the wrecks everywhere visible along the pathway of life, who had it not been for alcohol, would have occupied positions of honor and usefulness, in church and state. Go to the abodes of the dead, and there on the marble slabs which mark the temporary resting place of the body, read the familiar names of such as now fill premature, and dishonored graves, the victims of the fatal cup. Oh! if you could but stand at the bedside of the young man, whose surroundings, advantages and prospects, many might envy, and behold him as he lies, nay, crouches tremulous and convulsed with terrible fear and anguish, behind some imaginary object, his brain aflame with the most excruciating horrors, aggravated ten thousand times by the imaginary presence of the king of hell himself, or a host of his imps, loathsome and hideous in every imaginable form, glowing with fiendish delight, in anticipation of their easy prey! Can you calmly survey such a scene? Can you fathom the depths of suffering so intense? Having beheld this poor victim of strong drink, tortured and writhing in the deadly grasp of Satan's emissaries, powerless, but still contending with rapidly increasing helplessness and hopelessness; look if you dare, and realize if you can, the darkness woe and agony which fill the hearts of that young man's mother and kindred, who, with a solicitude almost insupportable, anxiously and in fearful suspense, await the result of the conflict now waged, and so pregnant with consequences, to the suffering victim, who, despite his waywardness, folly and disgrace, is the idol of a fond and loving mother, and the pride of a venerable father.

The misery and wretchedness resulting from indulgence in intoxicating drink, will only be revealed in its entirety, in the judgment day. Is it not then incumbent upon us to inquire, what is our duty, and what part it behoves us to take, in this attempt to stay the progress and crush this monstrous evil. There is evidently but one course for those who are the disciples of the Master to pursue. Our profession compels us to come boldly and valiantly to the front, and paupied in the full armor of the christian soldier, engage the numerous and determined cohorts of King Alcohol, strongly and securely entrenched, as they believe, behind the ramparts of an unrighteous license system, flaunting defiantly their rum polluted banners. The success of Local Option in this county and state, and in other counties and states, until the great desideratum is achieved, a national prohibitory law, depends upon our willingness to consecrate ourselves and substance to this good cause. Let each one then do what is required of him and a signal victory for the cause of true progress will be assured. ALPHA.

How are you going to celebrate the Fourth of July?

### Election Notice.

**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN** to the Judges of Election and to the Voters of Frederick County, and an Election will be held and take place in the several Election Districts of Frederick County, Maryland.

*On Tuesday, the 3rd of August, 1880,*

in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 147 of the Acts of Assembly of 1880, entitled "An Act to enable the qualified Voters of Frederick County and the various Election Districts thereof to determine by ballot whether Spirituous or Fermented Liquors shall be sold in said County or Districts." And that ballots for or against such sale shall have written or printed on them the words, "For the sale of Spirituous or Fermented Liquors;" or "Against the sale of Spirituous or fermented Liquors."

**JOSEPH S. B. HARTSOCK,** Sheriff.

July 3-6t.

### ST JOSEPH'S ACADEMY

FOR YOUNG LADIES,  
CONDUCTED BY THE SISTERS OF CHARITY,  
NEAR EMMITSBURG,  
FREDERICK COUNTY, MARYLAND.

THIS Institution is pleasantly situated in a healthy and picturesque part of Frederick County, Maryland, half a mile from Emmitsburg, and two miles from Mount St. Mary's College. It was commenced in 1869, and incorporated by the Legislature of Maryland in 1876. The buildings are convenient and spacious.

**TERMS:**

The Academic Year is divided into two sessions of five months each.

Board and Tuition per Academic Year, including Bed and Bedding, Washing, Mending and Doctor's Fee, ..... \$200  
c. for each session, payable in advance. \$100

**ALL PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.**

The Academic Year is divided into two sessions of five months each, beginning respectively on the first Monday of September and the first of February. Letters of inquiry directed to the

**MOTHER SUPERIORESS,**  
St. Joseph's Academy,  
Emmitsburg

July 4-ly

ONLY \$1.50 A YEAR.

### THE BALTIMORE WEEKLY AMERICAN

THE LARGEST, BEST AND CHEAPEST PAPER IN THE WORLD.

IN CLUBS OF FIVE OR MORE \$1.00 A COPY. AN EXTRA COPY SIX MONTHS FREE, FOR A CLUB OF FIVE, AND AND ONE YEAR, FOR A CLUB OF TEN.

A varied lot of valuable premiums given for Clubs of from 5 to 300 copies, a list of which is published in THE WEEKLY AMERICAN. Specimen Copies sent free.

Address  
**CHAS. C. FULTON,**  
AMERICAN OFFICE,  
Baltimore, Md.  
July 19 6t

**M. G. Urner.** E. S. Eichelberger  
**Urner & Eichelberger**

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW AND SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY

Will attend promptly to all business entrusted to their care.

OFFICE—Record St., adjoining offices of Wm. J. & C. W. Ross, Esqs., Frederick City, Md. July 14-ly

### Emmitsburg STORE HOUSE

ALL kinds of heating and cooking stoves, ranges, furnaces of the most improved patterns. Repairs for all kinds of stoves at the lowest prices; iron and tinware of all kinds; copper, brass and preserving kettles, wash kettles, farm bells, pumps for all depths of wells. Roofing and spouting, and every kind of work pertaining to the tin and stove trade, at bottom prices. Call and see before purchasing. I sell five different kinds of cook stoves. JAMES T. HAYS, Emmitsburg, Md. July 14-ly

### Look Here! D. S. Gillilan.

BUTCHER, EMMITSBURG, MD

Best quality of Butchers meat always to be had. Families in the town and vicinity supplied every Tuesday and Saturdays, at the door. July 14-ly

**S. A. PARKER,** FASHIONABLE BARBER, HAIR DRESSER.

Also shampooing and dyeing done in fine style. Shop in Anna's building, 3 doors west of the square, where he can at all times be found ready for all business in his line. Give him a call. July 14-ly

### S. N. McNAIR, DEALER IN

Blank Books, Stationary

AND BRITISH AND AMERICAN INKS, Revolvers, Razors and Knives. Also, a large line of

**CIGARS & TOBACCO**

AT THE POST OFFICE,  
**Emmitsburg, Md.**  
July 14-ly

### Dr. J. T. Bussey, DENTIST

EMMITSBURG, MD.

Performs all operations pertaining to his profession. Artificial teeth inserted of the best material, at most reasonable rates, and satisfaction guaranteed in all cases. feb7-6m

### D. ZECK, DEALER IN GROCERIES, HARDWARE,

Notions and general Merchandise. Fish, potatoes feed and produce of all kinds, butter, eggs, chickens, calves, &c., bought and sold.

**Flour a Specialty!**

The highest grades in the country always on hand and delivered to any part of town without extra charge.  
**Emmitsburg, Md.** July 14-ly

ence possessed by the Sisters in controuling, refining and teaching the young. We very much regret that we cannot print the names of all the recipients of premiums as we should like to do, but we could not possibly find room.

We had a nice rain on last Friday evening, which descended in a gentle manner, greatly to the benefit of the corn crop and the gardens, it came in good time just at the close of the harvest, when many already had their crops in the barns, the season proved very auspicious in this respect, having been clear and dry through the cutting period, we like to see the wheat crop stored away without having been wetted.

### MARRIED.

**MOTTER-STOKES.**—On the 5th of May, by Rev. A. R. Kremer, Mr. Joshua S Motter to Miss Leahy Alice Stokes, both of this place.

### DIED.

**MCLIHENNEY.**—On the 29th ult., near this place, James McIlhenney, aged 89 years, 10 months and 28 days.

**ISER.**—On the 28th ult., near Fairfield, Pa., Joseph W. Iser, aged 16 years, 3 months and 20 days.

**HARTMAN.**—On the 30th ult., near this place, Ernest C. Hartman, aged 6 months and 22 days.

### MARKETS.

#### EMMITSBURG MARKETS.

CORRECTED EVERY THURSDAY, BY D. ZECK.

Wheat	10
Shredded	06
Flour	08
Lard	06 67
Butter	10 13
Eggs	9
Potatoes	40
Peaches—pared	10 12
Apples—pared	05 06
Cherries—pitted	14
Blackberries	08
Raspberries	22
Corn—dry	03 05
Beans, bushel	00 12 00
Wool	25 35
Milk	.....
Skunk—black	.....
Skunk—white	.....
Raccoon	.....
Opossum	.....
Muskrat—fall	.....
House cat	.....
Rabbit—red	.....
Fox—red or gray	.....
Wood fox	.....

#### EMMITSBURG GRAIN MARKETS.

Corrected every Thursday by Motter, Maxwell & Co

Flour—super	6 50
Wheat	1 10 12
Corn	52
Oats	35 67
Clover seed	3 7 per 100
Timothy	2 00
Mixed Hay	11 00 12 00
	8 00 12 00

### BUSINESS LOCALS

**NEW STORE.**—The attention of the public in general, is called to my stock of Groceries, Notions, &c., which I am selling at very low figures. Call and examine. F. H. KERRIGAN, E. Main St. 17 4t

Have your Watches, Clocks and Jewellery repaired by Geo. T. Eyster & Bro., who warrant the same, and have always on hand a large stock of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and silverware. feb8 t

A full stock of fine and coarse city made Boots and Shoes; also Gum shoes and boots. New home made work and mending of all kinds, done with neatness and dispatch, by Jas. A. Rowe. feb 7 4t

For Cigars by the hundred or thousand, go to C. J. Rowe. He will also get you anything you may need for Sewing Machines at the very lowest prices. feb 7 4t

**FRESH MEATS.**—Pork, Veal, Beef, Sausage &c., constantly on hand, and for sale, also delivered to order—Store next door below J. & C. F. Rowe's clothing store. Ed. H. Rowe. feb 7 4t.

For first class wagon work, or fine turning, call on W. H. Houck, at Motter, Maxwell & Co., Foundry building. feb 7 4t

### D. BULL'S BABY SYRUP

**OFFICE**  
**County Commissioners**  
FOR FREDERICK COUNTY.

JUNE 11th, 1880.

THE County Commissioners will meet in their Office in the Court House, *On Monday the 12th of July, 1880,* at 10 o'clock, a. m., and be in session during the week.

Applications for New School Houses will be considered during this session, and all persons interested in the same, will take notice that the following schedule has been agreed upon:

Hearing applicants for new School House in Election Districts Nos. 1 and 2, on Monday the 12th.

Nos 3 and 10 inclusive, on Tuesday, the 13th.

Nos 11 and 18 inclusive, on Wednesday the 14th.

Nos 14 and 20 inclusive, on Thursday, the 15th.

The residue of the week will be taken up in the transaction of general business.

By order,  
**H. F. STEINER, Clerk.**  
July 10 4t

### CASH HOUSE.

**R. H. GELWICKS.**

I HAVE always on hand a complete assortment of dry goods, notions, queensware, wooden ware, &c. Particular attention paid to **Hardware.** Come and examine my goods, and learn prices, before purchasing elsewhere.  
**ROBERT H. GELWICKS,**  
Emmitsburg, Md. July 14-ly

### PERSONALS.

Miss M. Louisa Motter returned home.

Master Herbert M. Higbee of Mercersburg College, is spending his vacation with his grandmother, and little Bertram M. Kerschaner is helping him.

Miss Grace Motter is home again.

Miss Mattie E. Simonton is home on vacation.

Mrs. M. W. Galt of Washington, with her sons, Sterling and Normand, made a short visit at Mr. J. T. Motter's.

Mr. Francis Albert, hardware merchant of Baltimore, was among the visitors.

Miss Helen E. Rowe is spending her vacation at home here.

Mr. James Hoover and Mr. Charles Baker, who have been at school at Suspension Bridge, Niagra, are now home.

Miss Belle Rowe is visiting in Smithsburg.

Mr. Chas. M. Troxell of Martinsburg, W. Va., made a short visit at Mr. D. Zeck's.

Miss Fannie King, of Gettysburg, is visiting her sister, Mrs. W. G. Horner.

Mrs. Peter Grabbill and daughter, Mrs. Dr. Rinehart, are visiting at Lewis M. Motter's.

Mr. Jacob L. Hoke and family are visiting friends in York, Pa.

### HOTEL ARRIVALS.

The arrivals for the week ending Thursday, were as follows:

**EMMITT HOUSE.**—Francis Albert, A. C. Meyer, W. D. Jones, W. S. Shaffer, M. P. Canby, E. F. Abell, Miss Mary Abel, J. E. Holloway, Chas. B. Ernst and J. T. Gray, Baltimore; Louis B. Parrott, Miss Isabelle Parrott, Miss May Parrott, San Francisco, Cal.; J. I. Geary, Yonkers, N. Y.; Chas. S. Snook, Utica Mills, Md.; James F. McIntee, Newark, N. J.; G. W. Gramlich, Cumberland, Md.; Chas. M. Schroder, York, Pa.; Raymond B. Malone, U. I. Reilly, Lancaster; A. Y. Walden, Wil Del.; G. S. DeGrunde, Frederick; Mrs. M. E. Matthews, Alabama; Mrs. E. Wilkinson, Georgia; J. J. Hohbizell, Frostburg, Md.

### WESTERN MARYLAND HOTEL.

A. G. Pinkerton, E. V. Shore, E. L. Stonebraker, Baltimore; W. J. Pepper, Mrs. P. H. Pepper, Miss L. M. Pepper, Agnes and Rebecca Maguire, Mobile, Ala.; S. L. Deppen, Sally Deppen, Louisville, Ky.; W. Henderson, New York city; J. R. Deppen, Mt. St. Mary's college; J. R. Stoner, Westminster; A. J. Martin, Gettysburg, Pa.; M. Frenchman, France; J. A. Parkhurst, York, Pa.; Saml. Hostetter, Hanover, Pa.

### [COMMUNICATED.]

**NEAR EMMITSBURG, June 22nd, 1880.**

**MR. EDITOR**—Your kind and frequent invitations for communications to your paper, have incited me to make an effort for your columns. Though I cannot at present furnish any "news" of interest, I desire to express my appreciation of your paper, and to wish you abundant success in this, the beginning of another volume. Having learned to love the CHRONICLER, it is eagerly watched for, and perused with pleasure. After the appropriate remarks of your worthy correspondents, "N" and "S," on the duty of each and everyone striving to support his home paper, it seems useless to add more, but beg to express the hope that all will reflect upon what has been said, and act upon it, and that the result will be abundantly productive of good. Without the power to aid you, except by subscription, I still feel pleasure in notifying that your merchants, mechanics, &c., are making the columns of your valuable paper, their advertising medium, and feeling confident that the result will prove highly satisfactory to all parties. Although not residing in your pleasant little village, I am aware of the numerous friends you there possess, but do not think they exceed in number your friends of the adjoining "rural districts," who are ever pleased to notice the success with which your efforts are laden, and who most earnestly hope for a continuance of the same. RUSTIC.



**Agricultural.**

**The Cabbage Flea.**

This is often very destructive in the seedbed, and where it is known to abound, it is best to anticipate their coming, and just so soon as the young plants appear—when they first break through the soil, give them a dressing of air-slacked lime, or a mixture of ashes and plaster. Equal parts of unleached ashes, sifted to remove bits of coal, and land plaster, thoroughly mixed together, and kept in a dry place, is not only useful to keep off small insects, but in its application the is benefitted. Market gardeners near New York, use shell lime for this purpose; it is exposed to the air until slacked, and then kept closely covered; where shell lime cannot be had, ordinary or stone lime will answer; the other is only preferable because it makes a finer powder. Either of these sifted over the young plants so as to cover them with the dust is the most effective remedy thus far found for the little beetle, which, from its ability to jump, is popularly known as a "flea."—Where but a few cabbage plants are required, they may be raised in boxes elevated five or six feet above the ground; this distance being too great for the leaping powers of the insect.

**Splitting Rails and Posts.**

Autumn is the best season for cutting timber, as many farmers have learned by experience. The seasoning process is much more perfect, because there is no layer of growing sap-wood. Insects do not work in autumn-cut timber as in that cut in the spring or summer, and the wood does not powder post. It is best to split the logs into rails or posts at once, and not wait until the timber has become seasoned in the log. The logs will split easier, the rails will season quicker and be more durable. The splitting of rails is a work that requires good judgment, otherwise much timber will be wasted. Some persons will make rails that are large at one end and gradually tapering to a sliver at the other, and are worthless for fencing purposes.

**VALUABLE RECIPES.**

**PLAIN RUSKS.**—One cup of yeast, one cup of sugar, one of water, egg, a little salt, a large spoonful of lard; mix together; let them rise twice and bake.

**SUGAR CAKES.**—3 lbs. of flour 2 lbs. of sugar, 1 1/2 lbs. of butter, 6 eggs, 3 teaspoonfuls of yeast powder and 1 tea-cup of milk, flavour to suit the taste, roll in a little sugar and bake in a quick oven.

**QUILLED POTATOES.**—Boil potatoes; when hot press lightly through a colander into a dish or platter; sprinkle over a little salt and set in an oven a moment to dry, not brown, before sending to the table.—This is an attractive dish and very nice.

**GERMAN TOAST.**—Cut into slices a loaf of bread; soak them ten or fifteen minutes in a pint of milk; add two eggs and a little salt. Fry in equal parts of lard and butter till they are a light brown on both sides. This dish is quickly prepared for a dessert, and may be eaten with a pudding sauce.

**POTATO SOUP.**—Boil thoroughly a half dozen potatoes, and mash thoroughly, mixing with it a quart of stock, seasoning with salt and pepper; boil it for five minutes, removing the scum; add to this a tumblerful of milk last, and serve after the soup has come again to the boil; must be perfectly smooth.

**SOFT INDIAN MEAL PUDDING.**—one quart of boiling sweet milk, add a sufficient quantity of corn meal to make a stiff batter; add salt and make sweet with molasses; butter a pan and pour the batter into it; then pour upon it one quart cold sweet milk, add a little butter, cut into small pieces, and bake slowly.

**RASPBERRY VINEGAR.**—1 qt. of vinegar to 3 qts. of berries, mix well and let stand for a couple of days, then mash and strain through a bag. Take 1 lb. of white sugar to every pint of juice; boil twenty minutes, when cold bottle and cork tightly. This is a delightful and wholesome beverage in hot weather; use in the proportion of 2 tablespoonfuls to a tumbler of cold water.

**Humorous.**

My Gretchen was a pooty girl,  
Dot is der solemm troot—  
But ven I spoke der pap vor her,  
He push me mit his boot.

THE home stretch—putting down the scant carpet.

DON'T get in debt to a shoemaker, if you would call your sole your own.

A MAN without enemies, is like bread without yeast; he never rises.

AMERICAN girls are not mercenary. All are anxious to give themselves away.

LADIES are not entitled to bare arms when they have to load them with powder.

A SALEM youth calls his lady love "oleomargarine," because he hasn't any other but her.

A PLACE for everything and everything in its place—the baby's mouth.—Toronto Grip.

THE reason "the boy stood on the burning deck" was because it was too hot to sit down.

"Patent pants," reads an advertisement. I have often heard that the dog pants, also.

"I TELL you, wife, I have got the plan all in my head!" "Ah, then it's all in a nutshell!"

THE pin is mightier than the sword. You can sit on the sword with impunity.—Titusville Herald.

THE bicycle is a fine invention. We love to look upon the bicycle when some other person rides it.

STRATEGY.—A certain bald-headed man has a large spider painted on the top of his head in fly-time.

LAUGH and grow fat—grow fat and be laughed at. It is a poor rule that will not work in all directions.

A MASSACHUSETTS lady is reported to have scolded her little boy for taking a drink of water at a hotel. "For," said she, "we pay a dollar for our dinner, and water is very filling."

THE plump, nice-looking spring chickens that are allowed to roam about the lawns in the vicinity of seaside hotels are merely walking advertisements. They are not intended for table use.

A MAN who had \$65 stolen from him received a note with \$25, saying: "I stole your money. Remors naws at my consheens, and I send some of it back. When remors naws agin I'll send you sum more."

A WRITER says when Jefferson became President he carried his simple manners and tastes into official life. There are lots of men like Jefferson; they carry their tastes into official life; but they taste rather too often.

NEVADA papers calmly tell of boulders weighing 7 tons flying through the air like feathers as a tornado gets in its work. Its rather curious that Nevada liars, weighing less than 200 pounds, are never moved off their feet.

THERE is an old saying that "chickens come home to roost." Smytehkins says it's a lie. His pet Shanghai rooster went over to a neighbors the other day, and has not since been heard from. And besides the minister has since taken tea with the neighbor, and Smytehkins strongly suspects that he took part of the rooster.

"This is a nice time of night for you to be coming in," said a mother to her daughter, who returned from a walk at ten o'clock. "When I was like you," continued she, "my mother would not allow me out later than seven o'clock." "Oh, you had a nice sort of a mother," murmured the girl; "I had, you young jade," said the mother, "a nicer mother than ever you had."

We brag about our Brigham Youngs, our Cetywayos, our kings of Siam, our men of many children, and yet when we consider that an oyster twenty-one years of age, under ordinary circumstances, can be the father of not less than 1,250,000 young oysters, all of whom repose in a single bed, we exclaim, "Oh, why should the spirit of mortal be proud?"

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**Watches,  
CLOCKS,  
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SPECTACLES.**

All Sales and Repairs,  
warranted as represented.

G. T. Eyster & Bro.  
July 1-ly Emmitsburg, Md.

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IN PRICES OF

**Clothing!**

We find at this late day in the season, that we have too much stock in certain lines of Goods.

TO MAKE  
**Business Lively,**

and at same time give our customers  
—BARGAINS—

that will help them to remember us, we  
this day

**MARK DOWN**  
the prices from 10 to 30 per cent.

Note some of the Changes.

—CHILDREN'S SUITS—  
ages 4 to 10 years,  
\$3.25 now \$2.50  
\$4.00 now \$3.00.

—BOY'S SUITS—  
ages 10 to 16 years,  
\$6.50 now \$5.00.  
\$7.50 now \$6.00.

—YOUTH'S SUITS—  
\$11.50 now \$10.00.  
10.00 now \$9.00.  
Youth's Suits as low as \$5.00.

—MEN'S SUITS—  
\$11.00 now \$10.00.  
\$12.50 now \$11.00.  
\$14.00 now \$12.50.  
Men's Suits as low as \$5.00.

Throughout our stock the prices  
—ALWAYS LOW—  
ARE NOW  
—LOWER THAN EVER—

Elegant assortment of White and Linen  
Vests, and thin goods for Summer.

Polite attention always showed. Goods  
cheerfully Exchanged or Money returned  
if goods do not suit.

**B. R. Hillman & Co.**

(Strictly One Price Clothier's)  
166 W. BALTIMORE ST.,  
July 3 1880 Baltimore, Md.

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I will mail (free) the receipt for a simple VEGETABLE BALM that will remove TAN, FRECKLES, PIMPLES and ELOCHIES, leaving the skin soft, clear and beautiful; also instructions for producing a luxuriant growth of hair on a bald head or smooth face. Address, including 3c. stamp, Ben. Vandell & Co., 29 Ann St., N. Y.

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The advertiser, having been permanently cured of that dread disease, Consumption, by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used, (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE FOR CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, &c. Parties wishing the Prescription, will please address, Rev. E. A. WILSON, 194 Penn St., Williamsburg, N. Y.

**ERRORS OF YOUTH.**

A GENTLEMAN who suffered for years from A Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and direction for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence,  
JOHN B. OGDEN, 42 Cedar St., New York.

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Parlor suits, Looking Glasses,  
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Extension Tables, Piano Stools,  
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Mott's Store Room, W. Main St.,  
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The arms are pivoted to plates of suitable metal, on which are knobs or projections to stop their motion and prevent the tray from falling back against the lid.  
We ask the ladies when in town to call and examine the Trunk at  
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