

CHEMISTS WARN DRINKERS OF DANGER.

All "Bootleg" Liquors Harmful to Human System.

Warning is being given by chemists that the illicit liquor being sold, at present, is very harmful in its effect on the human system, and its use will mean a big boom for the under-taking business.

So-called "bonded" stuff is being sold under counterfeit labels and stamps, the printing of which has developed into a big business, and is keeping revenue agents busy trying to suppress their issue.

Hundreds of samples of "whiskey" recently analyzed have shown a large content of fusel oil in the raw that acts on the blood and heart. A portion of the liquor is pure, in order to give color and flavor but the adulterants are extremely dangerous to life, and cannot be detected except by a chemical analysis.

The only safe plan is to stop using all liquors now to be had surreptitiously, as none of it can be guaranteed pure. The fact is there is a tremendous business being done in poisonous liquors, the base of which is largely the liquors being stolen from bonded warehouses, then "doctored" before being sold in order to increase the profit.

A Municipal Coal Yard.

A subscriber to the Record, interested in many of the greater questions of the day, left at our office this week a copy of "The Commoner" containing an article on the experimental establishment of a municipal coal yard in Lincoln, Neb. The details of the article would hardly be interesting here, as they are largely a review of local conditions. In brief, they tell of the great opposition to the proposition on the part of the local coal dealers and the influence they exerted over the city authorities who at first refused, but were finally compelled by public sentiment, to agree to the establishment of the yard.

The question has even gone so far as the introduction into the Courts of an order restraining the city from going into the coal business, on the ground that the charter does not specifically authorize the municipality to engage in the buying and selling of coal, on which question a decision has not yet been rendered. Evidently, a great deal of active interest has been manifested, both for and against.

The experiment has been on trial two months, and appears to have demonstrated the claims of those in favor of municipal coal. Unfortunately the figures given are of little value, as applying to Taneytown. While the Lincoln experiment is claimed to have saved consumers about \$4.00 per ton, this is for bituminous coal but little used here; besides, the selling price at the municipal yard is given at \$10.45 per ton, delivered, while the same coal sells in Taneytown from \$7.50 to \$9.50 delivered.

It is shown, however, that while the public has been benefitted to the extent of \$4.00 per ton, the city has still made an average profit of 89 cents per ton, and that the city retailers have dropped their prices \$2.00 per ton to their patrons. In other words, coal that formerly sold at \$14.50 is now selling at \$12.50 per ton.

To the People of Carroll County.

By an improper handling of mailing lists in Baltimore a few days before Christmas, a number of people in some parts of Carroll county received several copies of the same letter appealing for near East Relief. I want to say that neither Mr. J. Pearre Wantz, nor myself, whose names were attached to the letter, were in any way responsible for this duplication, and that it was not intended by the state director. It was due to the carelessness of private parties who did the work, in addressing the letters without properly checking the lists, thus causing some lists to be used more than once, and arousing fears of intentional waste.

We trust that no one will let this error cause them to fail in the support of this noble cause. As a result of this duplication in some instances, and of our prompt protest, we are confident that future work of this kind will be handled with greater care.

Let us all rally to the help of the starving orphans, and to the continued help of those who have thus far been saved.

Very Sincerely,

L. B. HAFER, Chairman.
Taneytown, Md., Dec. 28, 1921.

A Good Resolution.

No person can make a better New Year's resolution, in a material way, than to resolve that he or she will hereafter avoid asking for credit from business men, except in cases of real necessity; and that when credit is so extended, it will not be abused, but that all debts will be promptly met as an obligation of honor.

All merchants either are, or ought to be, engaged in stock-taking, about this time, unless their year's business ends with some date other than January 1.

OUR DETROIT LETTER.

More Reminiscences of Taneytown of Forty Years Ago.

In my last letter to the Record I made a promise to write a few articles containing reminiscences of Taneytown, as it was in the early years of my acquaintance with it. Since then I have been thinking about this promise, and almost been wishing that I had not made it. So many things have happened, that I am thinking of, that seem interesting to me, that may seem very commonplace to others, especially to those still living in the town who are older than I am, that I must start in by asking their forbearance if I weary them.

It was in 1880 that we moved to Taneytown, although for years before that we were slightly acquainted with it, by reasons of our visits to relatives there and in the vicinity. Coming from the country, from across the Pennsylvania line the old town seemed a wonderful place to our eyes. The town pump was one of the things sure to be noticed by any stranger, as its location in the center of the square made it very prominent and if "Bolivar" happened to be anywhere in sight, of course he was noticed. He was then in his prime, and much stouter than in his later years. At that time, (1880) he was acting as hostler for John Hartlaub, who was proprietor of the old Stone Hotel. The old brick hotel, on the opposite corner was conducted by a Mr. Stonesifer, and as far as I can remember both did a good business.

The town was not incorporated at this time, and of course there was no grade for either streets or sidewalks; in fact there were not many lots that had sidewalks, and the owners who had pavements in front of their residences used their own pleasure or judgment, as far as material or width of the pavement was concerned. During the winter season, the streets were full of mud holes, some of them pretty deep. It used to be a common saying that the streets of the town were worse than the roads of the surrounding country. Nor did this condition of the streets change until the town had been incorporated for many years. I remember that when the water system was put in, that strips and pieces of leather were found at the bottom of the ditch, on York St., in front of the building, used for many years by C. C. Currens as a harness shop, and in which he presided over the postoffice during a long term of office.

Shortly after the town was incorporated, and while Peter Smith, under the direction of the Burgess and Commissioners, was trying to fill the above mentioned holes with stones taken from his quarries near town, an attempt was made one night to fill such a hole (which went by the name of "Lake Josiah," in honor of the first Burgess, Josiah Adelsperger) located on Baltimore St., in front of the lot now occupied by the B. & E. Bakery, which resulted in one of the young men engaged in the attempt getting a bullet through his arm. The threat was also made by one of the nearby residents that the same dose awaited any one else that would try to fill the hole.

About a week afterwards the writer was one of a company of four that accomplished what the others had failed in doing, not only filling the hole to the surface, but piled it up several feet high with store boxes secured from the stores of the town, and placing a large rocking chair on the top. Of course there was some little excitement the next morning, and the town officials offered a reward to any one who would find out who had committed the crime, (for so they seemed to consider it) but the secret was kept for many years. I imagine the now middle aged men who were concerned in this affair are smiling to themselves when they read this, for they are all living, though somewhat scattered over the country.

I do not suppose the town was more than half as large as it is now, both as regards area and population. There were but five houses on Middle St., and about the same number on George St., as it was known then. Mill and Fairview Avenues were not even thought of, and only four houses stood east of the railroad within the present corporation limits. The two warehouses, or three buildings, rather, but conducted by two firms, were the most important business places in the town, although we must not forget the general stores of Reindollar Bros. and Jesse Haugh, situated side by side at the square. Both warehouses conducted business on rather a large scale, for the times. Each operated a brickyard, a limekiln, a hay and straw packing shed, and made its own brand of fertilizers, thus giving employment to a good many men. The Eckenrode brickyard was located between the railroad and George St., that of Samuel E. Reindollar along the railroad where the cooper shop and present hay shed stands. The limekiln of the former was at the railroad along the alley that passes the warehouse of Franklin Bowersox, while that of the latter stood where the coal yard of the Reindollar Co. now is.

The celebration of the past Christmas season brings to mind preparations which the Sunday Schools of the town used to make in those years. And how the young folks enjoyed the work of "tying pine," and practicing the music for the concerts on the appointed dates. Each school would try to have the best, both in decoration and music lines. Usually there

(Continued on Eighth Page.)

Lack of Interest.

As we enter upon a New Year, it will be well to recognize one of the greatest evils, and dangers, of the present, and one which the most of us are guilty of encouraging. It is "lack of interest" in worth-while things; lack of interest in—

CHRISTIANITY—PATRIOTISM—FRATERNITY.

and to the many virtues assembled under each. Our selfishness—our thoughtlessness and neglect—regarding the real things in life, is simply appalling, and the fruitage of it is covering the earth.

It will pay us best if we do not plan to be such very fine business men as we think we are for our own personal interests. We make the mistake of considering selfishness "good business." We think too much of "getting," for ourselves, and too little about "giving" time and thought for greater things.

The best man in any community is not the man who makes most for himself. He is rather the man who missed most for his goodness, his kindness, his liberality, his genuine manliness, when he drops out.

The man who lives for self-interest, almost entirely, is neither a good Christian, a good American, nor a good neighbor; and worse than that, he is making the world about him worse, instead of better.

PAST, PRESENT, FUTURE.

The Carroll County Agricultural and Fair Association.

This Association has issued a neat folder, containing a lot of information with reference to the "past, present and future" of the Carroll County Fair Association, that may be of interest to many who will not see the folder, therefore we clip the following statements from it.

"In 1894, nine farmers organized a Farmer's Club, at Oregon Schoolhouse.

In 1898, the first Farmer's Picnic was held; an annual event since. (Now the Carroll County Fair.)

In 1901, Taneytown Grange No. 184 was organized; the first Grange in Carroll County. After the organization of the Grange, the Farmer's Club disbanded.

In 1905, Taneytown Grange, No. 184, was incorporated, issued stock and built the building on Middle St.

In 1909, Ohler's Grove was leased for a fair ground.

In 1910, additional stock was issued for improvements on the fair ground.

In 1918, by legal proceedings the Incorporate name was changed from Taneytown Grange No. 184, to The Carroll County Agricultural and Fair Association. Since then, Taneytown Grange 184 disbanded.

In 1921, the Fair has out-grown the grounds and improvements.

June 25th., 1921, the stockholders ratified the purchase of the Clabaugh farm for a Fair ground.

This brief sketch of the past achievements brings us to the present. The charter of the Association has been amended, authorizing the increase of capital to \$25,000.00 to pay for the Clabaugh farm. The present assets of the Association are the property on Middle Street, in Taneytown, all improvements in Ohler's Grove, with all fair property, consisting of tents exhibition coops, equipments and fixtures; while there is \$2000.00 in cash in the treasury for premiums for the next fair, 1922.

It is very important in making a selection for a permanent, improved fair ground for Carroll County, that it is properly located to serve the best interest of the agricultural contributing fair-going people. With this idea in view, all details as to the location were most carefully considered. The location is ideal from every angle as herein set forth.

It is located along the improved State Road from Baltimore to the Blue Ridge mountains, affording good road connection to the entire State, as well as to every district in Carroll County. The farm contains 155 acres with a very desirable frontage on the State Road of 1/2 mile; no finer building lots can be located along the State Road, adjoining the suburban residential section of Taneytown.

There is no means whereby agriculture can be elevated to as high a plane as through the results of a properly conducted agricultural fair. It is at the fair that the farmer can be educated; that he can produce better crops from pure variety of seed; that better results are obtained from thoroughbred cattle and stock; that it is to his advantage to have a flock of pure bred poultry. They are there educated to the use of improved machinery and new methods. The home is modernized. It is at the fair that the spirit of friendly rivalry is developed that brings them together annually to compare the results of what they have accomplished, and in this way stimulate still better results.

It is the ambition of the present promoters of the Carroll County Fair to work along these lines for the future. With these objects in view, we hope that in a few years Carroll County Fair will stand second to no county in the State for educational work.

The date of our Fair in the past has always been too early for exhibits from the farm, garden and orchard. To have the advantage of these fall exhibits, the dates have been made 30 days later, an open date that will not conflict with any other fairs.—September 12, 13, 14 and 15—1922.

Begin the New Year by subscribing for The Carroll Record—for somebody else, if not for yourself.

COUNTY AGENT'S WORK.

Busy Year in the Interests of Agriculturists.

The busiest year of Agricultural extension work in Carroll has just closed. The farmers of the county have availed themselves of the use of the County Agent's office as a clearing house for their troubles and wants. The service of the U. S. Department of Agriculture and the University of Maryland is at the service of the farmer through the County Agent.

In the educational work this past year Farmer's Institutes were held at three towns: 97 meetings were held with a total attendance of 11,071; one field meeting was held with an attendance of 25; eight community shows were held this year, the best exhibits being shown at the county exhibit in December.

The Boys' and Girls' Club work is picking up slowly. Owing to the lack of meeting places the work is scattered and personal rather than group work. Two boys completed the acre of corn project with an average yield of 67.7 bushel shelled corn. There are 10 boys and girls in the growing phase of the pure bred sow club, and 9 in the sow and litter club. This pig work is the most interesting and keeps up good competition not only in the growing phase but in the litter phase as well. Through the co-operation of the Poultry Association there are 33 members of the Junior Poultry Club raising pure bred poultry. The club work has accomplished three things this year which will mean much to the agricultural interest of the county in the near future. It introduced pure bred corn, pigs and poultry; the first two practically new in the county.

An effort has been made to complete a good Farmer's organization in the county. This has partly been accomplished in the Carroll County Farm Council. This body is made up of delegates from each local organization as a grange or community club. The council in turn sends a representative to the council of the Maryland Agricultural Society which is affiliated with the National Farm Federation. The latter part of the organization is working nicely but the first part in the organization of the farmers into community clubs, granges, etc., has not been as successful as might be expected under the present economic conditions, while three community clubs have been organized this year.

The demonstrations that were carried on with the farmers of the county this year consisted of corn 11, wheat 9, barley 3, wheat and vetch 1, sweet clover 1, soy beans 1, orchard improvement 9, gooseberry plantations 1, brought 3 pure bred boars into the county, 13 sows, aided in selling 60 swine, 65 pure bred dairy cattle, treated 9 cases of hog cholera, tested 20 samples of soil for lime requirement, and 8 demonstrations in beautifying the home grounds. The demonstration work is to develop new varieties of grain in the county and compare them with existing varieties, get pure bred stock of good type and high producing qualities.

Another phase of the County Agent's work is that of personal service. County Agent Fuller made 330 visits to farmers this year and traveled 8,225 miles, 633 persons called at his office in the Times Building for his service, 98 meetings were held an attendance of 11,096, 837 letters were written, 42 circular letters were sent with a total of 3786 copies, 358 U. S. Department of Agriculture bulletins and 720 University of Maryland bulletins were distributed, 35 specialists from the University and the U. S. Department visited the county this year.

The Agricultural Extension work stands for the improvements of farming conditions, the farm and the home. The service of the County Agent is free to all. Mr. Fuller is always ready to help or secure help for those who call on him.

Proceedings of the Orphans' Court.

Tuesday, Dec. 27, 1921.—Margaret R. Witherow, executor of Hiram Lincoln Witherow, deceased, settled her first and final account.

Georgianna Barnes, executrix of George A. Barnes, deceased, returned inventory of personal property.

Letters of administration on the estate of Harry J. Wantz, deceased, were granted unto Maud L. Wantz, who received warrant to appraise and order to notify creditors.

Last will and testament of Francis J. Englar, deceased, was admitted to probate and letters testamentary thereon granted unto Seward S. Englar, who received warrant to appraise and order to notify creditors.

Wednesday Dec. 28, 1921.—Kate B. McDonald, guardian of Harry B. McDonald, settled her fifth and final account.

Court adjourned to meet Tuesday, January 3, and Wednesday, January 4th., 1922.

Sale Register—Next Week.

There are some who have not yet notified us to enter their sale in our sale register, that will begin next week. Let us have as full a list as possible, from the first. Send in name, date, hour, location, class of articles, and name of auctioneer, between now and next Thursday.

Former President Wilson was 65 years old, on December 28.

PEACE CONFERENCE MAY SOON ADJOURN.

Another Meeting May be held Within a Year.

There is a growing sentiment that the peace conference has about reached the end of its agreements, for the present, and that a later and larger conference will be provided for, to meet perhaps a year hence. While it is the preference of American representatives to proceed further with agreements, at least to the extent of completing agreements on Chinese issues and the submarine question, there will be no serious objection if the conference decides otherwise.

The accomplishments so far are of tremendous importance, and it is felt by many that it will be best to rest with them and spend the coming year in carrying them out before increasing the program. Also, to a certain extent, it remains to be demonstrated that the agreements will be strictly carried out, and it is believed that if this is done, completely and above-board, it will be a comparatively easy matter to go further in the same direction.

Another year, too, may clarify the situation with reference to Germany and Russia, and may either calm, or increase, the fears of France for the future—for it is France that is the danger spot concerning the world's peace.

As a result of the disagreement over submarines, largely because of the French determination to maintain a very large fleet of them, a showing of asperity has been made between England and France, as the position of the latter is held to mean distrust of the former, and to cover the possibility of a future war between these two nations. At any rate, the French attitude for the maintenance of a great army, and submarine protection as well, seems to indicate distrust of practically all other nations.

Kerosene Fire in Hanover.

Hanover, Pa., Dec. 28.—Mrs. Norman Markle, 32 years old, and three children, Melvin Markle, 8 years old; Herbert Markle, 6, and Clair Markle, 4, were probably fatally burned at their home here this evening. The children were playing around a Christmas tree in the middle room of the house when one of the boys picked up a gallon can of kerosene and began pouring the contents into the stove.

The flames reached the oil in the can and it exploded, throwing the fire over the room. Mrs. Markle rushed into the room from the kitchen and found the clothing of the three children in flames. Before she could reach them the children ran into the yard. In her efforts to extinguish the flames which enveloped the children, Mrs. Markle's dress ignited. Attracted by cries, several neighbors came to the rescue with blankets, but not before practically all the children's clothing was consumed and their bodies burned.

Four physicians hurried to the scene and did all they could to alleviate the suffering, then removed the mother and children to the York Hospital. Mrs. Markle was terribly burned from the waist down and is not expected to survive. There is no hope for any of the children. Firemen extinguished the flames in the house. It is believed the children got the idea of pouring kerosene into the stove by seeing their mother do it. The husband is a garage owner and the four burned include his entire family.—Balt. Sun.

Suit Against Supt. Crabbe.

Prohibition Commissioner Budnitz has brought suit against George W. Crabbe, Superintendent of the Maryland Anti-Saloon League, for malicious slander, claiming \$25,000 damages. The suit is based on a speech made by Mr. Crabbe at Washington on December 1, when he addressed the Conference of Anti-Saloon League Superintendents, and in which he made these charges:

1. That evidence furnished the Prohibition Commissioner in connection with violations of the law was transmitted to the offender's attorney before an investigation was started.

2. That arrests of men engaged in forging liquor permits were delayed, and when finally made the attorney for the offenders was waiting for them at headquarters.

3. That the office of the prohibition head is a political machine controlled by Senator Weller and that the Commissioner grants favors to offenders and manifest reluctance to act though evidence is before him.

4. That appointments to the force were withheld for political reasons until after the election.

There are two counts in the declaration. The first charges that the statements made were slanderous per se and the second that they were understood as being slanderous by those who heard them.

When Mr. Crabbe was informed of the suit brought against him, he authorized this terse comment:

"We are still doing business at the old stand, and will continue to fight for prohibition enforcement until it is placed in the hands of men who believe in its enforcement."

Marriage Licenses.

George Foster, of Baltimore and Mamie Viola Welsh, of Mt. Airy.

Maurice S. Harman and Florence E. Kershner, both of Hagerstown.

Francis E. Collins, of Littlestown, Pa., and Hallie M. Banker, of Mt. Pleasant.

Carroll T. Harris and Katharine E. Sipes, both of Westminster.

Clarence E. Cashman and Lillie M. Coppersmith, both of Carroll Co.

Wm. Paul Walsh and Beulah V. Conaway, both of Carroll County.

THE CARROLL RECORD

(NON-PARTISAN)

Published every Friday, at Taneytown, Md., by The Carroll Record Printing and Publishing Company.

P. B. ENGLAR, Editor and Manager.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
GEO. H. BIRNIE, Pres. JOHN S. BOWER.
G. A. ARNOLD, V. Pres. D. J. HESSON.
JAS. DUFFINGTON. P. B. ENGLAR.
G. WALTER WILT, Secretary.

TERMS.—Strictly cash in advance. One year, \$1.50; 6 months, \$1.00; 3 months, 75c; 4 months, 50c; 3 months, 40c; single copies, 3c.

The label on paper contains date to which the subscription has been paid. All subscriptions will be discontinued on expiration, according to Governmental orders.

ADVERTISING rates will be given on application, after the character of the business has been definitely stated, together with information as to space, position, and length of contract. The publisher reserves the privilege of declining all offers for space.

All advertisements for 2nd, 3rd, 6th, and 7th. pages must be in our Office by Tuesday morning each week; otherwise, insertion cannot be guaranteed until the following week.

Entered at Taneytown Post-office as Second Class Matter.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 30, 1921

All articles on this page are either original, or properly credited. This has always been a fixed rule with this Office, and we suggest the adoption of it by our exchanges.

Henry Ford's Dearborn Independent, that has been criticised severely because of its strong anti-Jewish tone, now makes the assertion, backed by a long write-up in its substantiation, that years ago the Jews gained control of the liquor business, and that it was the degrading of whisky that caused prohibition. It says that 80 per-cent of the whisky was "chemicalized," and that as taxes and licenses went up, the Jewish compounders turned out still cheaper and more vicious stuff. But, all this was before the Volstead act, and before "boot-legging," when it is claimed that we had "good" liquor. Somebody is—prevaricating.

Standardize Styles in Dress and Bring Prices Down.

Along with the question of high prices, and the wondering and wishing about their "coming down" one of the biggest outstanding facts in connection with the whole long continued story, is, that the price on women's goods—wearing apparel, especially—has, and still does, occupy the topmost peak of the price mountain. Men's suits, coats, hats, shoes, etc., went soaring, and are still greatly above normal, but not at any time in the same class with like articles for the women, and the question: Why? naturally presents itself.

We reach an answer in this way. While it takes much more wool for a man's suit than for a woman's, and much more leather for a man's shoes than for a woman's, the conclusion is strong that the difference in cost must be in what we call "style"—and that the women fall for this, and the men don't—that is, not many men, comparatively speaking.

That women's clothing needs standardizing; but perhaps before this can come about, the minds of women must undergo the same thing—"standardizing." As long as style in dresses and hats for women means "something different" from what "other women" wear, "the price" will act like a kite. As long as there are a dozen different widths for ladies' shoes and as many colors for them as there are colors for dress goods, the price must be skywards. To cut it short, as long as women folks try to keep up with "the style," which means inventing new ones every day, where is there any inducement for prices to come to earth.

Manufacturers of hats for men, turn out hundreds of thousands of them, all the same block in three or four colors—but mainly black and brown. The same is largely true of men's shoes and clothing. These items are "standardized," and there is competition in their price—they sell, the same, all over the country. They have their "style" too, but one man does not have a fit, if he has to wear "duds" like other men wear.

Another thing—and this isn't an effort at drawing invidious comparisons—a man doesn't get a case of nervous prostration trying to reach a shop filled with coats "marked down from \$75.00 to \$45.00" that never were worth over \$40.00. He knows better, and the shopkeepers know better than to try "to put it over" on him; and another thing, a man isn't much impressed with the street on which he buys his outfit, nor by the label it contains; but as an actual fact is apt to buy the thing he needs because it fits, and will wear well.

Seriously, there are both inside and outside reasons why prices "keep up," and they are largely the fault of those who complain about them. The remedy? It is "standardization" of styles, and standing by them. Individual good sense honestly exercised, and independence of the fear of not being "in style," would help a lot. But, enough of this; there is a beginning, but no probable end, to the subject, and the more a mere man says about it the deeper he "gets in it."

As to Discontinuing Subscriptions to The Record.

The Record never takes pleasure in dropping a subscriber; in fact, it is always an act of regret to do so, and for this reason we go to considerable expense, every month, to send out notices of subscriptions expiring during the next month, with the hope that renewal will be made.

In addition to this, we usually keep on sending the paper for two weeks after the subscription has expired, hoping that the subscriber will renew, and avoid having his or her name removed from our mailing list, and save us the trouble of making a new entry of it, later, as is usually the case.

We think, sometimes, that some subscribers regard our pay-in-advance rule as a personal matter, and take offense when they are "dropped." There is nothing further from our desire. We want every name on our list to stay there, year after year, and have no thought of doubting the good credit of anybody, when a subscriber is dropped.

But, we must have a rule, and the only way to be fair to everybody, is to enforce the rule. We also make it easy for subscribers by accepting One Dollar for eight months, that can be conveniently mailed in the envelope we send with the notice; or, if notice is sent us to "wait a little longer," we will do that. We simply can not go back to the old way of "paying any time," which in a good many cases would mean—not at all.

Looking Over the Slate.

The past week, and the week before us, will be largely taken up by business men in looking over the slate of the past years efforts, and getting ready for the work of the new year. It will especially be "statement" time, not only of past business transactions, but to gather in past due accounts—and the latter is most important in planning for the future.

We urge upon all the importance—the duty—of "squaring up" accounts with business men. There is nothing more important than this for the customers themselves; for the measure of the financial comfort of dealers, determines their ability to deal liberally and satisfactorily with their patrons.

Many a business man is dissatisfied with his business of the year, merely because he finds so much of it in outstanding accounts and it is at such a time that he resolves to adopt the "cash plan" hereafter. He feels that his liberality in giving credit has been abused, and that one good turn has deserved another, but has not received it, and he is "sore."

It is a well known business truth that merchants of all kinds should do all in their power to help develop and accommodate the surrounding community. Most merchants extend credit for this reason, alone, and not as a business-getter; but, this same truth works both ways—the community must co-operate, and be fair with the merchants. It is a clear case of need for working together.

What the "slate" reveals at this time of the year, is therefore a very important matter to all concerned.

Mr. Harding Saved in Time.

A President's lot is not a happy one, not even around Christmas time. Before his elevation to presidential conspicuousness, Mr. Harding, as a more or less private citizen of Marion, Ohio, concurred in Mrs. Harding's custom of placing lighted candles in the windows of their home on Christmas Eve. It seems a cheerful and pleasant custom, and the President and Mrs. Harding intended to carry it out this year in their first Christmas at the White House. Unfortunately they told about it. A President never should tell anybody when he intends to do something that seems pleasant and sentimental and harmless, because then, assuming our population is 105,000,000, he immediately makes the odds 104,999,999 to 1 against his being allowed to do it. Among the infinite permutations and combinations of human action, there is not one conceivable deed which some member of the 104,999,999 cannot demonstrate conclusively in advance as harmful, dangerous and ill-advised. Nor do they ever fail to come forward with the demonstration.

It is even so in this instance. No sooner had the presidential intention with regard to candles in the windows of the White House been published abroad than Mr. Harding received an agitated telegram from the head of an underwriters' organization created to foster fire prevention. The President was besought to desist, since such an example might lead to loss and bereavement throughout the country through accidental fires. There was, of course, but one conceivable outcome of the incident—the President desisted. His secretary wired the fire-prevention man that he

would be no candles in the White House windows on Christmas Eve.—Phila. Ledger.

Beer and Bonus Unlikely.

Republican floor leader, Mondell, has declared that approval of using a beer tax to pay the soldiers' bonus, is "impossible by this Congress" and as Mr. Mondell likely speaks authoritatively, the hopes of the "wets" have again "gone glimmering."

Representative Hill, of Maryland, who can always be depended on by the liquor interests, volunteered the information that he was certain "former service men were not opposed" to the plan for raising bonus revenue.

Letters both strongly favorable and unfavorable to the plan have been pouring into Congress, and to the Treasury department, while some have indicated if such a change were made "it might be for the better." The "wet" daily papers—which means nearly all of them in the East—are of course very sure that the plan would be a happy solution to the problem of where to secure the bonus money.

The Wants of Man.

"Man wants but little here below,
Nor wants that little long."
'Tis not with me exactly so,
But 'tis so in the song,
My wants are many and, if told
Would muster many a score;
And were each wish a mint of gold
I still should long for more.

What first I want is daily bread—
And canvas-backs—and wine—
And all the realms of nature spread
Before me when I dine,
Four courses scarcely can provide
My appetite to quell;
With four choice cooks from France
beside,
To dress my dinner well.

What next I want at princely cost
Is elegant attire;
Black sable furs for winter's frost
And silks for summer's fire,
And cashmere shawls, and Brussels lace
My bosom's front to deck,—
And diamond rings my hands to grace
And rubies for my neck.

I want (who does not want?) a wife—
Affectionate and fair,
To solace all the woes of life,
And all its joys to share,
Of temper sweet, of yielding will,
Of firm, yet placid mind—
With all my faults to love me still
With sentiment refined.

And as Time's car incessant runs,
And Fortune fills my store,
I want of daughters and of sons
From eight to half a score.
I want (alas! shall mortal dare
Such bliss on earth to crave?)
That all the girls be chaste and fair
The boys all wise and brave.

I want a warm and faithful friend
To cheer the adverse hour;
Who ne'er to flatter will descend,
Nor bend the knee to power—
A friend to chide me when I'm wrong,
My inmost soul to see;
And that my friendship prove as strong
For him as his for me.

I want the seals of power and place,
The ensigns of command;
Charged by the People's unbought grace
To rule my native land.
Nor crown nor scepter would I ask
But from my country's will,
By day by night, to ply the task
Her cup of bliss to fill.

I want the voice of honest praise
To follow me behind,
And to be thought in future days
The friend of human kind;
That after ages, as they rise,
Exulting may proclaim
In choral union to the skies
Their blessings on my name.

These are the Wants of Mortal Man—
I cannot want them long,
For life itself is but a span,
And earthly bliss—a song.
My last great Want—absorbing all—
Is, when beneath the sod,
And summoned to my final call,
The Mercy of my God.

—John Quincy Adams.

Experiments made by the United States forest service have demonstrated that thoroughly air-dried timber has about double the strength of green timber. Moreover, in order to effectively apply preservatives to timber, it must be first seasoned, because it is very difficult to inject antiseptics into green wood. The loss of weight by seasoned timber is quite surprising. Western pine loses half its weight after three to five months' seasoning.

To live on even when life seems a failure and the comforts of life are gone; to count patient living the real living, with or without comfort—that is to be truly brave.—Phillips Brooks.

AMERICAN GIRLS NOT SO BAD

Our Flappers May Smoke, but They Did Not Start the "Fad," Is the Defense.

It would be deplorable if all American girls, or the average American girl, or a majority of American girls, or a considerable proportion of American girls, could be described truthfully as an English novelist describes the American girl:

"Unbalanced, cigarette smoking, undisciplined morsels of sex, luring men to find new lips to be kissed."

There are "undisciplined morsels of sex," as there were when Salome danced before Herod and Thais accompanied Alexander the Great upon his Asian marches, comments the Louisville Courier-Journal. One remembers Salome and Thais without having heard of the millions of their contemporaries who knew how to knead and bake and sweep and make swaddling clothes.

One "undisciplined morsel of sex" gives her set, in jaundiced eyes, its standing. By the exception, as often as otherwise, is proved the type that rules.

Denunciation sometimes serves the ends of publicity to a certain class of writers. But while denouncing the American girl as a very forward March chick how could any one charge the American girl peculiarly with smoking cigarettes?

White women—squaws had the habit before America was discovered—first smoked tobacco in England and France. When this country was a wilderness, with the white settlers hacking with their axes at its edges, London women of fashion were smoking pipes in places of public entertainment.

The modern revival of smoking by women began, American women are assured, in England. Twenty years ago the astonished American correspondent cabled the news that British debutantes smoked cigarettes "openly" at the Ascot races.

TELLS ALL ABOUT AIRPLANE

Explanations of the Mystery of Flying, Made for the Benefit of the Uninitiated.

The airplane is being used more and more today for travel, so, if you want to know about the latest means of transportation, you want to know something about the airplane and flying, remarks a writer in the Christian Science Monitor.

Instead of a driver, you call the man who handles the plane a pilot. When the pilot wants to start the engine or motor in the plane, he pulls on the propeller in front just as you would pull to crank an automobile, and when he gets the propeller spinning, then the motor is ready for flight.

The pilot always rides several hundred feet on the ground before he goes up in the air. He always tries to start flying in the face of the wind instead of with it.

Do you know what is meant when a plane skids in the air? The pilot has not tipped his airplane enough in making a turn or circle and the plane goes along level instead of following the turn. Slipping is just the opposite of skidding, for then the aviator has tipped his plane too much to one side and it actually slips or falls a distance before he can right it.

A monoplane is an airplane that has one plane or wing, a biplane has two and a triplane has three. Next time you see an airplane notice what kind it is and see what else you can learn about it.

Lacks Architectural Treasures.

Tarbes, birthplace of Marshal Foch, lacks the architectural treasures of the towns of northern France. Its ancient cathedral suffers from heaviness and a mixture of style. The only remaining part of the castle of the counts of Bigorre is a tower which latterly has been converted into a prison.

Turba, some miles away from the present-day Tarbes, was capital of a Roman state, and the bishopric of Tarbes appears as early as the Fifth century. It appears in later history as a sufferer from the religious wars in the Sixteenth century, and the scene of a victory by Wellington over the French in 1814.—National Geographic Society Bulletin.

Trade Talk.

A New York woman, who kept house in a New England town the last summer, tells of an occasion when she inquired in a certain shop whether there were any fresh eggs.

"Yes, ma'am," said the clerk. "Them with a hen on 'em are fresh."

"But," said the lady as she looked around, "I don't see any with a hen on them." She expected, of course, to see a nest.

"The letter 'hen,' ma'am," said the clerk, who, of course, was of Cockney extraction. "The letter 'hen,' not the bird. 'Hen' stands for 'new-laid,' ma'am."

Bouquets "Match Her Eyes."

Nothing if not up to date is the florist with the window sign informing a waiting world that bouquets can be furnished to "match her eyes."

"The surprising thing about it," said the talkative clerk, "is that few men know the exact color of the eyes of the girls they send flowers to. I ask them whether they're deep blue or chestnut-brown or what. After a while I learned the reason. A young chap said it made him dizzy to examine the orbs of his beloved too closely."

Hesson's Department Store

The Seasons Greetings

We take this opportunity to greet you with a fond memory of the many pleasant associations of the past year and sincerely hope that the year of 1922, will be filled with prosperity and good cheer for each and every one of our customers.



THE UNIVERSAL CAR

Agent for Ford Cars

Fordson Tractors and Ford Parts

Cars at the following prices F. O. B. Factory:

Chassis	\$295.00
Runabout	325.00
Runabout Starter	395.00
Runabout Starter demountable rims	420.00
Touring	355.00
Touring Starter	425.00
Touring, Starter and demountable rims	450.00
Coupe Starter and demountable rims	595.00
Sedan Starter and demountable rims	660.00
Truck Pneumatic	445.00

Taneytown Garage Co.

11-4-1f

Don't Wait for the Prices of Shoes to Come Down They Are Already Here!

WE HAVE REDUCED ALL OF OUR SHOES TO CONFORM WITH MARKET PRICES—SOME OF THEM BELOW. THIS LOSS TO US, IS YOUR GAIN.

A LOT OF BROKEN SIZES, AT GIVING AWAY PRICES. GET YOURS NOW.

J. THOMAS ANDERS

Westminster, Md.

PHONE ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

The Modern Woman.

Here's to the new woman. She is no joke, no matter what the funny papers and the would-be cute paragraphs have to say. She is today a thinker, a worker, a voter, emancipated, competent and capable.

We invite the accounts of women depositors. The modern woman is becoming better acquainted with business methods and now keeps a banking account and pays by check. Many of our best customers are women. They know a modern convenience as quickly as the men. It is a simple process. Deposit your money with us and pay by check. We do all the book-keeping free.

THE BIRNIE TRUST CO.

TANEYTOWN, MD.

Subscribe for the RECORD



CRATES FOR PRIZE WINNERS

Proper Care Is of Big Importance in Arranging and Handling Exhibition Coops.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Not infrequently improperly built and unsuitable coops have resulted in accidents and damage to the fowl in transit, or have presented the birds in such objectionable surroundings that they have been neither pleasing to the general spectator nor to the judge.

Where fowls are shipped by express, in order to have them reach their destination in the best possible condition, they should be transported in special shipping coops, which should be substantially built and able to withstand rough handling. Such a coop may be made from waste lumber salvaged from dry-goods boxes or second-hand half-inch material. Boards more than one-half inch thick should not be used, as they make the coop too heavy and the express charges excessive. The coop should be nailed together with the supports of the slats or cover on the top, which should be put on with screws or hinges and hooks, so that it may be easily opened. This is important, as the top or cover must be opened each time the coop is used, and if put on with nails it is soon broken and the coop spoiled.

There are standard sizes of coops which commonly are used for shipping poultry, the dimensions of these containers varying according to the number of fowl to be transported. The following dimensions should be used in constructing the coop: For one hen or cock, 12 inches wide, 18 inches long, and 24 inches high; for two hens or one hen and cock, 12 inches wide, 24 inches long, and 24 inches high. In preparing for shipment, a small quantity of hay, straw, or dry shavings should be placed in the bottom of the coop to absorb moisture, and two cups or cans should be provided—one for feed and one for water. The cups should be fastened securely to the side walls in opposite corners.

Special exhibition coops should be used by poultry-club members in exhibiting fowls at county and school fairs or other exhibitions, or by adult showmen in displaying their champion poultry. Such coops should not be used for shipping poultry, but may be



An Attractive Snow Ring Coop Helps Wonderfully in Displaying Fowls.

employed to take the birds to the show, if carried by wagon or motor car. The floor should be solid and the framework of wooden strips, 2 inches wide and 1½ inches thick. The top, back and sides may be covered with lath, wire netting, or any kind of thin, strong cloth. The front should be of 2-inch wire netting. If it is impossible to obtain netting, however, laths may be used, but the strips should be placed about 2½ inches apart, to afford as much opportunity as possible to see the birds. The coop should be made in the form of a 2-foot cube, and will accommodate one mature bird or a pair of chickens. If more than this are to be exhibited together the coop should be made larger in proportion to the number of fowls it is to accommodate.

Every poultry-club member or other fowl fancier, who intends to exhibit birds, should construct one or more exhibition coops of this type, according to the number of specimens he intends to exhibit. Birds can be trained and conditioned in these coops before the exhibition, and after becoming accustomed to them they will appear to better advantage when being judged.

Furthermore, when birds are shown in coops of this kind that are uniform in size and type, not only is the appearance of the showroom improved, but the individual exhibit is more attractive. Training and exhibiting some of the best specimens of both old and young birds every fall is an interesting and important part of boys' poultry-club work.

GRIT IS MOST ESSENTIAL

Many poultry raisers gradually begin to slight the importance of grit. Lack of grit means poor digestion and impaired health. Regular poultry grit should be kept before the fowls in boxes or hoppers at all times. In addition, a load of gravel near the chickens' home would improve the health and increase the egg yield on many a farm.

POULTRY CACKLES

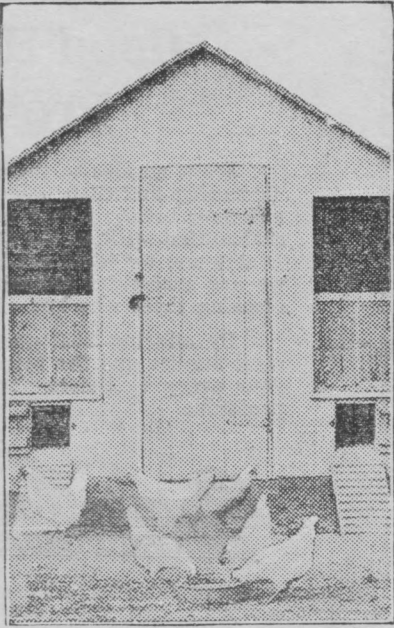
BUILDING HOUSE FOR FOWLS

Structure Should Be as Low as Possible Without Danger of Attendants Bumping Heads.

A poultry house should not be so wide that the sun cannot reach the back of the house, say poultry specialists of the United States Department of Agriculture, or it will be damp. Eighteen feet is a convenient width for a large house if there are no alleyways.

The house should be built as low as possible without danger of the attendants bumping their heads against the ceiling. A low house is more easily warmed than a high one.

For the greatest amount of floor space for the least cost, a building



Don't Build Poultry House Too Wide or Too High.

should be square, for, other things being equal, the nearer square a house is the less lumber it will take.

The size of the building required will depend largely on the number of fowls to be kept and on the size of the flocks. From 25 to 100 seems to be about as many as is safe and economical to keep together. With flocks of this size, about four square feet of floor space should be allotted to each bird, which will suffice in most cases where careful attention is given to cleanliness and ventilation. Three to three and one-half square feet is enough for Leghorns in large flocks. If the fowls are kept in smaller flocks a little more floor space per bird will be needed. Where the climate is so mild that it is unnecessary to keep the fowls confined, except for a few days at a time, and especially if the fowls are kept in small colony houses, less space per bird will be sufficient. The smaller breeds, being more active and restless, require about as much room as the larger breeds.

TIME TO DOCTOR FOWL

The time to doctor a fowl is before it gets sick, and the way to do this is to keep it free from lice, feed judiciously, keep the quarters clean and well ventilated, supply good, clean water and plenty of sharp grit or gravel; avoid drafts and use only the most vigorous and healthy birds in the breeding pens.

FOWLS FOR EGG PRODUCTION

Old Hens May Return Profit, but Younger Ones Will Give More—Pullets Preferred.

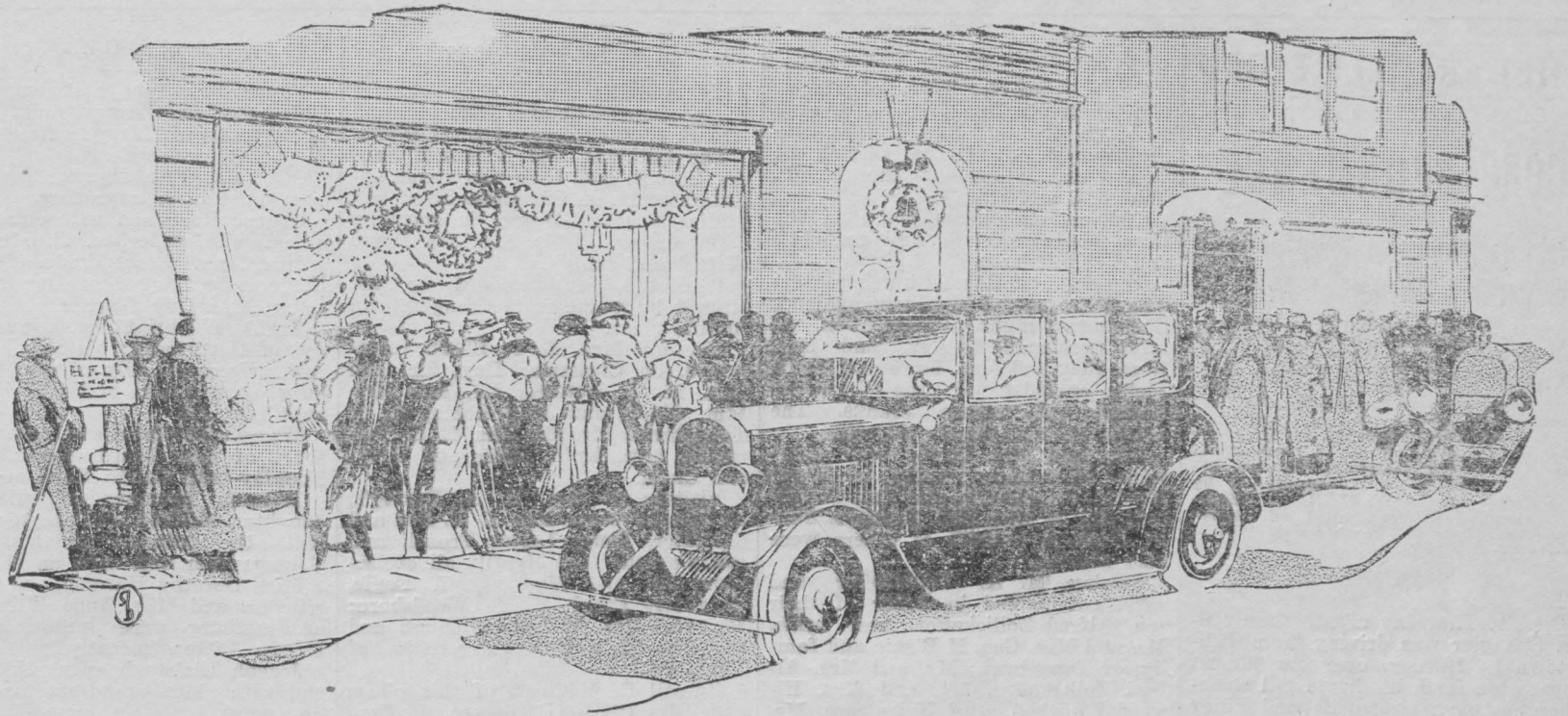
Some folks have the right kind of fowls, house and feed them properly, and still don't get eggs early in the winter because their hens are too old. It seldom pays to keep hens for laying after they are two and one-half years old. They may give a profit, but younger fowls will give more. Many poultrymen who make a specialty of winter-egg production keep only pullets, disposing of even the yearling hens, before it is time to put them in winter quarters.

Early hatched pullets, if properly grown, ought to begin laying in October or early November, and continue to lay right through the winter. Yearling hens seldom begin laying much before January 1, and older hens not until later. It is the November and December eggs that bring the high prices. The laying breeds should begin laying when from five to six months old, general-purpose breeds at six to seven, and the meat breeds at seven or eight months.

BUYING OF PULLETS IN FALL

Practice Is Preferable to Hatching Chicks in Spring on Account of Small Space.

The buying of pullets in the fall is preferable in most cases to buying day-old chicks or to hatching chicks in the spring, says the United States Department of Agriculture. Usually little space is available for raising chicks, and, moreover, few city dwellers have had experience enough to warrant the undertaking. Hatching and raising chicks requires broody hens, or the buying of incubators and brooders, and such an investment is too large for the average small flock.



What Poor Coal is to your Furnace Low Grade Gasoline is to your Motor

ANY experienced oil refiner can make a gasoline which will develop maximum power, or give maximum economy, or easy starting; that will enable a motor to idle well and run smoothly at a low throttle; or that will give small carbon deposit. But to perfect a *balanced* gasoline combining *all* the desirable properties in proper proportion took years of careful experimentation by our chemists and engineers.

Crudes from practically every producing field, improved refining processes, delicate chemical determinations, tests for flame speed, pressure, residue; tests in every type of internal combustion engine, both in the laboratory and in actual service; these were some of the factors which led to the development of our improved "Standard" Motor Gasoline.

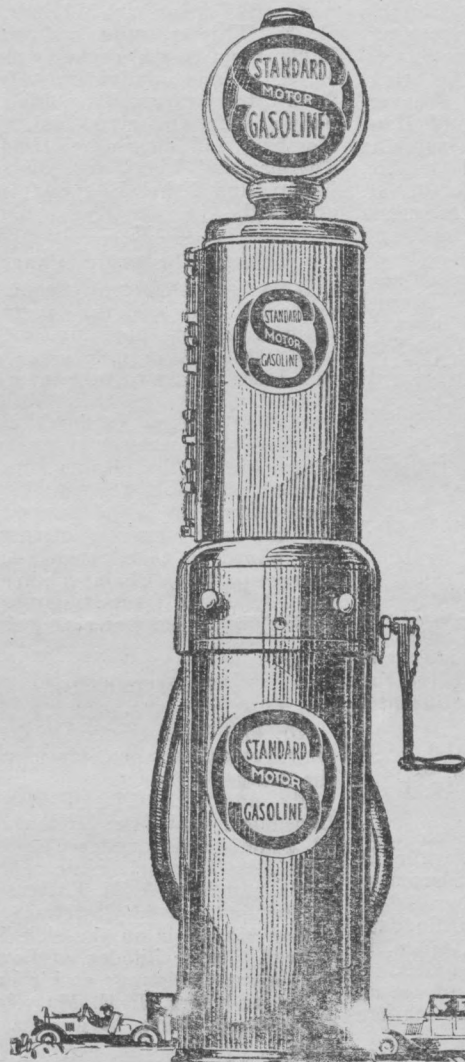
This balanced "Standard" Motor Gasoline equals or excels other motor gasolines in pep, power and economy. It keeps fuel and upkeep costs down the year around.

It is particularly desirable in cold weather when less perfectly conditioned gasoline makes motors sluggish even with a rich, wasteful, carbon-making mixture.

Next time you need gasoline drive in where you see the familiar "S. O." sign. Get a tankful of balanced "Standard" Motor Gasoline. See what remarkable pulling power you get on the hills, how quickly your motor "snaps in." Keep tabs on the mileage you get. One quality wherever you buy it. At service stations and garages everywhere.

Refiners of POLARINE for all kinds of internal combustion engines.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY
(New Jersey)



SQUEEZED TO DEATH

When the body begins to stiffen and movement becomes painful it is usually an indication that the kidneys are out of order. Keep these organs healthy by taking

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles. Famous since 1696. Take regularly and keep in good health. In three sizes, all druggists. Guaranteed as represented. Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation.

JOHN R. HARE,

Watch & Clock Maker,
Pike Hill, New Windsor, Md.
Orders left at Wolf's Drug Store, will receive prompt attention.

J. S. MYERS J. E. MYERS

DENTISTS
73 E. Main St.
WESTMINSTER, MD.

Nitrous Oxide & Oxygen X-Ray
LADY ATTENDANTS
Phone 126

DR. FAHRNEY

Hagerstown, Maryland

DIAGNOSTICIAN

The Dr. Fahrneys have been practicing medicine and have made a specialty of chronic diseases for over 100 years. I am working only with chronic diseases - bad kinds - difficult cases - and I diagnose your case before I treat you. If you have a trouble or weakness or deformity, write to me and I'll study your case and give satisfaction.

NO. 5347 EQUITY.

In the Circuit Court for Carroll County.

EX-PARTE

In the Matter of the Trust Estate of Charles B. Schwartz,
Emory A. Schwartz, Wellington S. Rittase and Edward O. Weant, Trustees.

ORDERED this 15th day of December, in the year nineteen hundred and twenty-one, on the foregoing petition and affidavit that the Circuit Court for Carroll County sitting in Equity, take jurisdiction in the trust estate of the said Charles B. Schwartz, and that said Trustees settle said trust estate under the supervision and control of the said Circuit Court for Carroll County, sitting in Equity.

And it is further ordered that the said Emory A. Schwartz, Wellington S. Rittase and Edward O. Weant, the Trustees in the above cause named give the usual notice to the creditors of the said Charles B. Schwartz who were such prior to the 14th day of December, A. D. 1921, to file their claims properly authenticated with the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Carroll County, on or before the 20th day of March, A. D. 1922, by causing a copy of this order to be published in some newspaper in Carroll County, for four successive weeks before the 16th day of January, A. D. 1922.

WM. H. THOMAS.

True Copy,
Test:
EDWIN M. MELLOR, JR., Clerk. 12-16-21

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Carroll County, in Md., letters testamentary upon the estate of

ELMER E. HAWK.

late of Carroll County, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers properly authenticated, to the subscribers, on or before the 7th day of July, 1922, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under our hands this 16th day of December, 1921.

MARY A. HAWK,
BERNIE L. R. BOWERS,
Executors.

PRINTING of All Kinds
not the cheap kind
but the
good kind done here.

THE R. L. DOLLINGS COMPANIES

Combined Capital \$7,000,000

7% and Safety

ASK A DOLLINGS STOCKHOLDER.

MARTIN D. HESS J. RALPH BONSAK JOHN S. BUSHEY
6 TIMES BLDG., WESTMINSTER, MD.
PHONE 207

Used Player Pianos and Used Uprights

at Special Bargain Prices.

ALSO OUR

Famous Manualo Player

in Different Woods

DISTRIBUTORS FOR

Star Phonographs

CALL ON, OR WRITE

REYNOLD'S PIANO STORE

Waynesboro, Pa.

or N. B. HAGAN,
Taneytown, Md.

Read the Advertisements.

THE CARROLL RECORD

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 30, 1921

CORRESPONDENCE

Latest Items of Local News Furnished
by Our Regular Staff of Writers

All communications for this department must be signed by the author; not for publication, but as an evidence that the items contributed are legitimate and correct. Items based on mere rumor, or such as are likely to give offense, are not wanted. We desire correspondence to reach our office on Thursday, if at all possible. It will be necessary, therefore, for most letters to be mailed on Wednesday, or by Fast Mail, west, on W. M. R. R. Thursday morning. Letters mailed on Thursday evening may not reach us in time.

HARNEY.

On last Thursday night, while Milton Spangler was driving from Taneytown to Harney, over our almost impassable road, his horse fell somewhere between Greenville and Piney Creek Church, and threw Mr. Spangler with great force from the buggy. His head struck something—he does not know what. He was rendered unconscious, he thinks only a short time; when he became conscious again he says that he was laying on his back in the road. He tried to get up, and finally succeeded, but was very dizzy. It was dark and he began to look for his horse and found it laying in the road, also. With the aid of his buggy lamp, he managed to get the horse up and get the harness fixed up, and get home, but felt the effects of the shock for several days. His horse, which is a perfectly quiet one, was slightly hurt and has been lame from the effects of the fall. While the accident was not fatal, it might have been a very serious one, and all on account of the bad condition of the road; and we earnestly hope that those in authority will take heed, before something more serious happens. We are heartily in favor of something being done in the matter of road construction, that will give the rural community at least some benefit of the money they pay for road maintenance. The way things are at present, our money that is being expended on the roads seems to be simply wasted, and we know, judging from the previous yearly statements, that the amount spent is considerable and we also know that the benefits derived are seemingly nothing.

The U. B. Christmas entertainment, held on Saturday night, was a complete success in every way. A spirit of good-will and Christmas cheer seemed to predominate throughout the entire lengthy program, and in spite of the bad weather, the church was well filled, and all present pronounced it a grand success. The church was nicely decorated with evergreen and electric lights and many other things intended to make it beautiful. The school and those in authority are certainly to be congratulated for their good work, and for the willing way in which all helped until it was completed.

St. Paul's Lutheran entertainment, on Sunday evening was also a success; the program was lengthy and well rendered. The decorations were grand and everything was up to the usual high standard. Sorry to say that the credit for the decorating the church belongs to a very few. This should not be. We are told that out of a Sunday School of nearly 200, there was not more than three or four that helped with the work of trimming things up and getting things ready for the occasion. But notwithstanding the above, our town can boast of two very good entertainments.

Herman Snider, of Security, Washington Co., is home over the Christmas holidays. He is looking well and hearty.

Edw. Valentine and wife, of Baltimore; Mr. Luther Valentine and wife, of New Jersey, spent Monday at home with their father and mother, Mr. E. Valentine and wife.

Our young Americans are enjoying themselves masquerading this week.

On last Friday, the pupils of our public school gave an entertainment, to the patrons and friends of the school. We are informed that it was as usual, up to the high standard of Prof. H. L. Feesser's entertainments. It was greatly enjoyed by the pupils, especially the smaller ones. A Christmas tree had been put up and beautifully decorated and on it hung a little package for each one, which Santa Claus pulled off and gave to them as they marched past. During the exercises Santa Claus came down the road and around to the school house; some were frightened at first but when he was admitted bowing and smiling the fear soon left, especially so after he had treated each one with an orange. Christmas greetings were exchanged between pupils and teachers, after which all left, claiming they had a good time.

DETOUR.

Those who spent Christmas day with F. J. Shorb and family were: Miss Agatha Weant and Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Koons and sons, of Taneytown, and Dr. M. W. Shorb, of Baltimore.

Misses Sarah and Mearle Yoder, of Long Green, are spending the holidays with Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Warner.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Koons and son, Edgar, of Hagerstown, visited Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Diller, on Tuesday.

Major Ursa Diller, of Baltimore, spent Christmas with his mother, Mrs. Anna Diller.

J. W. Albaugh and family, of York, spent Christmas with Curtis Stambaugh and family.

Miss Vallie Shorb is visiting relatives in Baltimore.

Miss Irma M. Fox, of York, spent Christmas with her mother, Mrs. E. M. Fox.

Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Troxell and son, visited the former's mother, Mrs. Mary Troxell, on Tuesday.

UNIONTOWN.

The services for Week of Prayer will commence Sunday, Jan. 1, at 7 P. M., in the Lutheran Church, continuing 2 and 3; at the Church of God, 4 and 5; and at the M. P. Church, 6 and 8th.

The entertainments given in the three churches were well rendered, and had full houses.

The S. S. of Baust Church rendered a fine program to a large audience Christmas night. Presentation of gifts were made to Rev. and Mrs. Ness, Rev. and Mrs. Lowe and Willie Flohr, organist of the Lutheran Church. All return thanks. The school received the annual treat.

Rev. and Mrs. Lowe, were entertained Christmas evening, at Harry Myers', Frizellburg, and 2nd. Christmas day at Miss Ella Mering's, Sunny Bank. A number of others were also present.

Sunday, M. A. Zollickoff and wife, entertained in honor of their son, Alfred Zollickoff and bride, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. H. Bernie and family, of Taneytown; Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Zollickoff, Mr. and Mrs. Elwood Zollickoff, of Uniontown, Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Smith, of Hagerstown.

Other family dinners were given in town.

Greenville Erb and family, spent Christmas in the city.

George Romsper, who has a position in a garage in Philadelphia, was unfortunate, last week. While cranking a car he had a small bone broken in his right arm, which will keep him from work several weeks.

Holiday guests in town were: Miss M. P. Weaver, of Holtville, N. J.; Miss Loretta V. Weaver of Philadelphia; N. E. Otto and family, of Washington, at H. C. Weaver's; Mrs. G. W. Baughman, of Philadelphia, at H. B. Fogle's; Prof. Norman Eckard at Miss Laura B. Eckard's; Mrs. Harry Hodes, of Washington, Miss Lizzie Orrison, of Frederick, at Mrs. Laynie Shaw's; Prof. and Mrs. Wm. Brown, of Baltimore, at U. G. Heltibridge's; Mrs. Blanche Mering and sons, Kenneth and Ridgely, of Pikesville, at Mrs. C. Mering's; Mrs. Andrew Gagel, of Baltimore, at Mrs. Jennie Rodkey's; Miss Grace McAllister, of Washington, at W. Guy Seagafoose's.

May the Editor and all connected with the Record have had a cheery Christmas, and may have a prosperous, happy New Year.

Mrs. Roy H. Singer and son Hamilton, are spending the week with relatives in Easton.

Miss Martha Haines, an invalid, who is being well cared for in the home of Milton Shriner, greatly enjoyed the gifts received on Christmas, and the many cards sent her by friends. These little attentions mark a bright spot in the life of the shut-ins.

NORTHERN CARROLL.

A cantata, "Santa's Defender," was held on Monday night, in Silver Run Hall, by the Christian Endeavor Society, of St. Mary's Lutheran Church.

The Christian Endeavor Society of St. Mary's Reformed Church will hold a New Year's social and watch meeting services, on Saturday night, Dec. 31. A few sketches will be given which are as follows: "Look out for Hezekiah," "In a Doctor's Office" and "Dot Entertainer". Everybody welcome.

The Knights of Mystic Chain Lodge will hold an oyster supper and fair at the hall, in Silver Run on the nights of Jan. 12, 14, 17, 19 and 21.

George W. Dutterer, wife and son, Wilmer, were the guests, on Tuesday, of Clayton G. Dutterer and family, of Leppo's Mill.

Rev. A. G. Wolf, wife and son, John, and Mr. Nevin Kump, of Littlestown, were entertained at supper, on Tuesday at the home of Mrs. Linsey Crouse and family.

Edgar Streig, of Cranberry, is the guest of his mother, Mrs. George Heltibridge.

Mrs. Linsey Crouse, daughters, Emma, Mary, Carrie and sons, Earnest, Edwin and William, attended the wedding reception held at the home of Charles Crouse, of Clear Dale, in honor of their son, Hobson Crouse and bride, on Christmas day.

Miss Mary Heltibridge, of Millersville State Normal School, is spending her holiday vacation with her parents, George Heltibridge and family.

John T. Fuhrman, of Silver Run, is the guest of his son-in-law and daughter, George L. Dutterer and family.

Miss Edith Witherow, Charles Bowers, Nevin Kump, of Littlestown, Mrs. Carrie Kelley, daughter Helen, Mrs. Milton J. Study, Mrs. Lydia Frounfelter Mrs. Sterling Bachman, and John Cookson, were entertained at the home of Mrs. Linsey Crouse, this week.

The Week of Prayer will be held in St. Mary's Lutheran and Reformed Churches, beginning in St. Mary's Reformed, Sunday, Monday and Tuesday, and the remainder in St. Mary's Lutheran Church.

BRIDGEPORT.

Frank Grusheon and wife, spent last Sunday with George Miller and family, near Emmitsburg.

Carroll Hess, wife and two children, of Taneytown, spent Tuesday with Wm. Naill, wife and family.

Mrs. Russell Ohler and children, spent Sunday and Monday with her parents, John Baumgardner and wife.

Mrs. J. L. Cornell and brother, Edwin Reamer, of Baltimore, spent one day last week with H. W. Boker and wife.

Master Harold Cornell accompanied his mother home, where he is spending the holidays.

Russell Ohler, wife and children, spent Thursday in Emmitsburg, with Cameron Ohler and wife.

Mrs. Harry Fleagle and son, have returned from the Frederick City Hospital.

Frank Grusheon and wife, spent Monday evening at the home of Harry Baker and wife.

Miss Carrie Naill, spent Wednesday with her sister Mrs. Jones Baker.

ROCKY RIDGE.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. F. Flickinger and son, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Flickinger, of Good Intent. The Lutheran and Reformed Sunday Schools held their Christmas entertainments, on Christmas Eve.

Miss Frances Wetzel is spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. David Wetzel and family.

Work has been resumed on the electric light line from Creagerstown to this place.

Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Shorb entertained, on Christmas Day; Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Duttera, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Ohler, and John Lentz, all of Taneytown; Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Valentine, Mrs. Lydia Eyler and Grayden Clem.

Visitors at Mrs. M. A. Dorsey's, on Monday were: Mrs. E. M. Fox and daughter, Irma; Lester Troxell and son, Carroll; Mae Myerly, all of Detour; Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Fogle, daughter, Ethyl A., of Woodsboro; Mr. and Mrs. William Albaugh and son, Charles, and daughter, Alice, of York, Pa.

Russell C. McCleaf, of this place, and Miss Clara G. Hauver, of Foxville, were married on Christmas Day, at Foxville.

Mr. and Mrs. Guy Boller, spent Sunday at Edgar Boller's, of Loys.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Welty, of Hagerstown, spent Thursday with Mr. and Mrs. Guy Boller.

KEYMAR.

Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Stonesifer, held their annual Christmas dinner, Monday. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. Stonesifer, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Stonesifer and son, Mr. and Mrs. William Stonesifer, sons, Ralph and Earl, Miss Carrie Stonesifer.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Dorn, of Taneytown, spent Monday with Mr. and Mrs. George Dorn.

Mrs. Edward Haugh and daughter, Dorothy, visited Mrs. Haugh's father, Mr. Boone, in Westminster, on Tuesday.

Mrs. Harry Weaver, Mrs. Gaugher, Messrs. Claude and Richard Weaver, of Littlestown; Mrs. Shott, of Handover Mr. and Mrs. Sterling Grumbein of Unionville, Mrs. Edward Gamble, of Baltimore; Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Alexander, of Taneytown, were guests of Mrs. Fannie Sappington and daughters, on Tuesday.

Mrs. Roy Shrine, daughter and son, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Edward Haugh and family.

L. T. Sharetts and wife, spent Saturday with Upton Merring and family, of Rocky Ridge.

W. F. Newman, spent the holidays with his mother.

Mrs. Clayton Koons and Miss Susie Birely, visited E. Scott Koons and wife on Wednesday.

R. W. Galt and wife, spent Sunday last in Baltimore, visiting the former's sister, Mrs. E. H. Davis.

Miss Violet Miller, of near Littlestown, spent a few days this week, with her cousin, Mrs. M. W. Bell.

Mrs. Mary Birely and daughter, Lulu, and C. E. Valentine, visited the former's sister, Mrs. Joseph Buzzard, of Frederick.

Miss Carrie Mourer, of New York City, and Mrs. Ada Froek, of Mt. Pleasant, called on Mrs. R. W. Galt, on Wednesday.

Albert Mort, who has been confined to his bed for quite a while, is now able to be around in his room.

Mrs. Wilbur Otto visited her sister, Mrs. C. Hawk, in Detour, on Monday.

Karl Ambrose, of Detroit, Mich., is visiting his aunt, Mrs. M. W. Bell.

Mrs. Florence Knott and sons, spent Christmas day with her mother in Graceland.

W. F. Cover and wife, gave their annual Christmas dinner to their children and grand-children.

It has been rumored that the wedding bells rang at the home of Chas. Wilhide on Saturday last.

Edw. Wachter and family, have been on the sick list the past week.

Mrs. Clara Knott visited her daughter, Mrs. J. Lescalet and daughter-in-law, Mrs. Florence Knott a few days of this week.

Mrs. Laura M. Hoyt Recommends Chamberlain's Tablets.

"I have frequently used Chamberlain's Tablets, during the past three years, and have found them splendid for headache and bilious attacks. I am only too pleased, at any time, to speak a word in praise of them," writes Mrs. Laura M. Hoyt, Rockport, N. Y.

—Advertisement—

PINE GROVE.

Mrs. Clarence Hawk and Mrs. Maurice Baker and children, were recent visitors at the home of John H. Harner.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Smith entertained, on Sunday evening, Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Baker, Mrs. William T. Smith and Mrs. Clarence Hawk.

Miss Virgie Keefer is spending the holidays with friends in Baltimore.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Smith and family, spent Christmas day with Mrs. John Shoemaker and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Harner, of Littlestown, spent from Saturday until Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Jno. H. Harner.

Mrs. Howard Shoemaker, is spending the holidays with her parents, near Thurmont.

Birnie Bowers and family, of Greenville, spent Christmas day with Mrs. Elmer Hawk.

Mr. and Mrs. John H. Harner and daughter, Thelma, spent Christmas day at the home of John Harner, near Emmitsburg.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy the Mother's Favorite.

The soothing and healing properties of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, its pleasant taste and prompt and effective cures have made it a favorite with people everywhere. It is especially prized by mothers of young children for colds, croup and whooping cough as it always affords quick relief and is free from opium and other harmful drugs.

—Advertisement—

KEYSVILLE.

Victor Weybright, a student of the University of Pennsylvania, spent Christmas with his parents, S. R. Weybright and wife.

Mrs. Elizabeth Myers, who has been quite ill is improving.

George Roop and wife entertained at a family dinner, on Christmas.

Miss Annie Eichenbrode, of Rocky Ridge, is spending some time with her sister, Mrs. Guy Warren.

Frank Weybright, wife and family, of Gettysburg; William Durborow, wife and family, of near Gettysburg, were guests of W. E. Ritter's, on Christmas.

Warren Devilbiss and sister, Missouri, of near Tom's Creek, spent Tuesday with Calvin Hahn and wife.

Norman Baumgardner, wife and daughter, Mildred, of Taneytown, visited the former's parents, Peter Baumgardner and wife, on Monday.

Miss Dorothy Harmon, of Westminster, and Miss Anna Wierbrecht, of Frostburg, were guests of the Misses Ritter, recently.

Joseph Clabaugh spent the week-end with his grand-parents, near Thurmont.

Mrs. M. P. Baumgardner gave her annual Christmas dinner, to her children, grand-children, and great-grand-children, on Sunday.

Miss Vallie and Helen Kiser and Edgar Kiser, visited Carl Haines and wife, of Motters, on Sunday.

George Cluts and wife, entertained the following on Christmas: Harry Cluts, wife and daughters, Elizabeth and Thelma, of Harney; George Devilbiss and wife, and daughter, Mary Grace, of Frederick Co.; Charles Cluts, wife and daughter, Virginia.

Maurice Hahn and daughter, Gladys visited Mrs. Hahn and daughter, at Frederick Hospital, on Monday.

KUMP.

Those who enjoyed Christmas dinner with Anamary Whimer, were: H. S. Whimer, wife and daughter, Hilda, from North York; Fred Whimer, wife and daughter, Margaret, from Stoverstown, Pa.; John Stambaugh, wife and sons, Ephraim and Hershey, and daughters, Gladys and Thelma, and Ida Clark, all of near Kump, and Ethel Baker, from Baker's Mill.

Taking Desperate Chances.

It is true that many contract severe colds and recover from them without taking any precaution or treatment and a knowledge of this fact leads others to take their chances instead of giving their colds the needed attention. It should be borne in mind that every cold weakens the lungs, lowers the vitality, makes the system less able to withstand each succeeding attack and paves the way for the more serious diseases. Can you afford to take such desperate chances when Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, famous for its cures of bad colds may be had for a trifle?

—Advertisement—

EMMITSBURG.

Mr. and Mrs. Sterling Galt, Jr., of New York City, spent Christmas with the former's parents.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Wegand, of Lancaster, and Miss Helen McNair, of Philadelphia, spent the holidays with Miss Mary Mc Nair.

Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Patterson were in Baltimore over Christmas.

Roy Maxell is on the sick list.

Prof. Walter Rhodes, of Lewisburg, Pa., spent Christmas at his home.

Dr. and Mrs. J. E. Musselman, of Gettysburg, were here over Christmas.

Miss Mary Neck, of Baltimore, spent Christmas with her parents.

Andrew Annan of Baltimore, spent Christmas with his sisters, the Misses Annan.

John Hospelhorn, spent a few days in Hagerstown.

Miss Mary Martin, who is training for a nurse at the Frederick City Hospital, spent Christmas with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Martin.

Joseph Martin is visiting in Canton, Ohio.

Miss Virginia Long is spending the holidays at her home, in Parsons, W. Va.

The entertainments held at the local churches were well attended.

May the coming New Year be a bright and prosperous one, for the Editor, employees, patrons and friends of the Record.

Transfers of Real Estate.

Joseph W. Smith and wife to Francis Neal Parke, lot in Westminster, for \$5.

Francis Neal Parke to Margaret Smith, lot in Westminster, for \$5.

Emma A. Lee to Herbert R. Conway, 16 acres, for \$1.

Saranda C. and Harvey A. Rupp, executors, to Samuel B. Sterner, 3½ acres, \$2500.

George W. Hare and wife to Edw. S. Brown and wife, small property, for \$10.

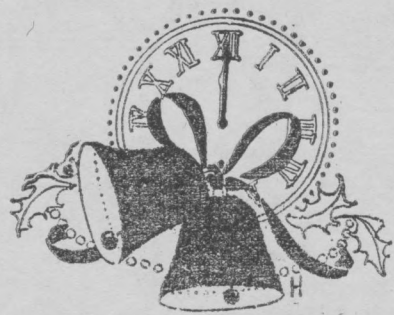
Uriah A. Foglesong and wife to Addison T. Humbert and wife, 2 acres, for \$10.

Addison T. Humbert and wife to Uriah A. Foglesong and wife, 32 acres, for \$10.

Free Garden Seeds.

We are not quite sure of the status of the "free seed" proposition, this year. Not long ago we had a request from one of our Senators to distribute for him, in due course of time, a lot of seed packages; but now comes the notice in the papers that Charles G. Dawes, director of the budget, has recommended that the annual distribution of seeds be discontinued.

We rather think that even if the recommendation is agreed to—as we think it ought to be—it will not apply to the distribution for this year. It seems to us that the government is spending, annually, hundreds of thousands of dollars that in the present state of National finances could be much more wisely used.



To our Customers and to all those
whom we hope to call customers--

We wish a Most
Happy New Year
A Year Chock-full of
Good Health and
Prosperity.

We wish also to thank each and every one for their friendship and their patronage and we shall make every endeavor to merit your continued patronage because we realize that without the friendship and patronage of our customers, we could not be successful, but the fact that we are successful indicates that we have succeeded in pleasing those who buy of us.

By offering best quality goods, courteous and efficient service and the fairest of prices, we hope to make your every visit here during 1922, both pleasant and profitable.

Reindollar Brothers & Co.
LEADING HARDWARE DEALERS

Righto, Bill.

The conductor pulled up his Fifth avenue bus at Thirty-fourth street, and the ladies bound for the shopping district eagerly got out. But one fat lady who had been sitting on top came down the step and winding stairs very slowly. Her skirts flapped round her ankles, and at every step she stopped and carefully pushed them down. The conductor waited with a bored expression, his hand on the bell rope; but he lost his patience when the fat lady stopped for the fifth time to thrust down her billowing draperies.

"Now, then, lady, hurry up, can't ye?" he burst out angrily. "Legs ain't no treat to me these days!"—Everybody's Magazine.

Deaths from motor accidents on the streets of Baltimore this year exceed deaths from the same cause last year in spite of no-accident propaganda through civic organizations and otherwise and sharp penalties inflicted upon persons caught driving recklessly or while intoxicated. Eighty-three persons, all told, had suffered fatal injury up to and including December 27, with four days to go. Last year's total was 70.

ALL NEED MORE EXERCISE

British Surgeon Advises Americans to Devote at Least One Day a Week to It.

"Spend one day of the week in thought, and one day in exercise, and you will be able to put seven days' work into the other five."

That is the creed of Sir Harold Stiles, regius professor of clinical surgery of the University of Edinburgh and representative of the Royal College of Surgeons to the American College of Surgeons, which recently met in annual convention in Philadelphia.

Sir Harold learned of the statement made by Sir James Cantlie, a London surgeon, that "old age is just a pose. We only begin to live at forty-five. Down with the gospel of folded hands." Sir James is seventy years old. For fifteen minutes every morning he dances the Highland fling and the sailor's hornpipe.

As a result, a passion of exercise has taken hold of the older heads of London, and Sir James is leading groups in calisthenics in all quarters of the city.

Sir James Cantlie's campaign "for physical jerks for young men of more than 50 and young women—say more than 40"—brought smiles of approval from Sir Harold Stiles.

"Exercise—why it's the greatest thing in the world."

"You Americans are too fat. The ordinary American as I have seen him is far more robust than the average Englishman, not because you exercise less but because you eat more."

Sir Harold is an earnest champion of golf. "If I did not exercise one day out of the week, I could not get along the rest of the time," he said.

Americans are waking up to the possibilities of exercise, Sir Harold believes. He has visited this country three times. Each time he has found conditions permitting exercise improved more for the "middle-aged tired business man."—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

\$1,000 for an Egg.

A song sparrow's egg can be purchased in the open market for a few cents, says the American Forestry Magazine. Upon the other hand, the egg of the extinct Great Auk is a very rare egg, and a few years ago one sold at auction in London for \$1,000. Between these two extremes, the eggs of wild birds the world over fetch all sorts of prices.

Growing Demand for Peanuts.

Americans are eating peanuts in a number of ways. They eat peanuts straight, peanuts in many forms of candy, salted peanuts on the tables like salted almonds, peanut butter, peanut oil and peanut meal or flour. And all the possibilities of the peanut have not yet been realized by the public.

American farmers are not supplying the American demand for peanuts. Shelled peanuts by millions of pounds and peanut oil by millions of gallons come from China and Japanese possessions on the Asiatic continent, and Insular Japan grows peanuts for export and runs oil mills for crushing them. Kobe, and Osaka, Japan, and Shanghai, China, are perhaps as great peanut marts as our own city of Petersburg in Virginia. India raises peanuts and Spain is a peanut exporting country.

The European taste is turning to peanuts and peanut products just as the American taste has turned already. The peanut has a great future.

</

A SHORT STORY.

Ponsonby Jazzbo was a poor man. As our story opens he approached his house with lagging steps. His wife met him at the door. "Did you place the order for that limousine?" she demanded. He hesitated. "No, I took out life insurance instead." Either she commended him or she didn't. You end it. I can't.

A Sense of Duty.

"Do you think the public fully understands your speeches on this rather abstruse subject?"

"I didn't make 'em," confided Senator Sorghum, "with the expectation that they'd be understood. I merely wanted to show that I wasn't neglecting the duties of my office which compel me to face every kind of intellectual responsibility without flinching."

Real Trouble.

"It's come at last," sobbed the lovely bride of a month—"the first quarrel."

"What—with your husband?" inquired her pitying friend.

"Worse," she faltered, raising her tear-stained face, "much worse—with the cook."

A ROUGH LIFE

Wooden Soldier: Life in the trenches may be hard, but it has nothing on six months in the nursery!



Way to Succeed. If you'd be happy. Take this advice. And put it on ice: "Make your work snappy."

Bluntly Stated.

"How did you come to decide on a political career?"

"I needed a job," replied Senator Sorghum. "I couldn't induce any individual to give me one, so I had to apply to the general public."

A Cold Look.

"Maj. Pompeigh is a dignified old gentleman."

"So he is."

"I wonder what would happen if I were to address him as 'old top'?"

"If a look from the human eye would congeal blood you'd freeze to death."

So Scientific.

Jimmie—When you propose, don't tell Miss Research you cannot live without her.

Bobbie—Why not?

Jimmie—She's so dreadfully scientific that she would refuse you just for the sake of the experiment.

Where There's a Will.

"Mother, can I go out and have my picture taken?"

"No, I guess it isn't worth while."

"Well, then, you might let me go and have a tooth pulled out. I never get to go anywhere."

Hard Rap.

"Oh, professor, while you were playing I closed my eyes. It was heavenly!"

"Thank you, madam. If the ladies would—ahem—close their mouths when they close their eyes, the soul of an artist would not be tortured."

—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Accounting for the Shortage.

Mrs. Famtree—We have a great deal of old family china, but nothing as late as the Eighteenth century.

Mrs. Newgilt—I reckon that's because your folks had money enough to hire help to wash their dishes.

The Hilarious Rustics.

"Aren't you going to have any merry villagers in your show like they used to have in the old operas?"

"No," replied the musical comedy manager. "They're all supposed to be in the audience."



THE FINISH

How did the campaign in your town finish.

With the usual finish; one side talking about virtue triumphant and the other making dark hints about fraud.

Of Course.

At office girls some fellows sneer and at their mention bristle. There is no use in being queer; A girl can learn to whistle.

Money Particularly.

Black—She said on her wedding day that she would go through everything for him.

White—Well, I guess she has. I loaned him a ten-spot this morning.

For Sale Only.

Customer (in bookstore, desiring Galsworthy's latest)—Have you a novel, "To Let?"

Clerk—No, madame, we don't run a circulating library.

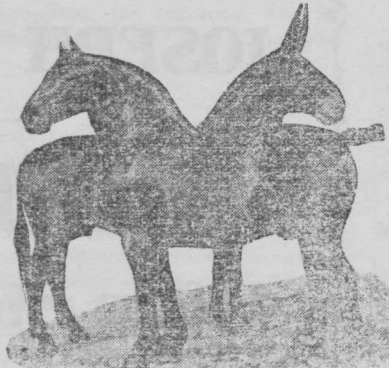
I wish to thank all my my friends for the much appreciated business you have given me during 1921, and let us hope that 1922 will be a very prosperous year for us all.

S. C. OTT'S

Watch this Space Next Week.

Large Auction Sale Horses & Mules

AT FREDERICK, MD.



McHenry Brothers' large opening sale of 290 Horses and Mules.

We will hold our opening sale of the new year at the Hotel Frederick Stables, which are located on North Market St., between 3rd and 4th. Streets, Frederick, Md., on

Monday, January 2nd., 1922

at 9 o'clock, sharp, rain or shine. Our consignments are as follows:

Harry Parr	10 head	Ira Brumbaugh	20 head
Stanley Bros	20 head	Edw. Huyett	10 head
Harry Deeter	10 head	Max Seigel	10 head
Fagan Bros'	15 head	Allen McHenry	20 head
Chas. Houck	15 head	Bradley McHenry	20 head
Wm. Boetler	15 head	D. Kerner	20 head
Grover C. McHenry	20 head	Local Horses	35 head
William McHenry	40 head		

Don't miss this sale as this will be the largest sale ever held in Frederick, and the best lot of horses you ever looked over, and any kind of a horse that you may wish. Among this lot of horses will be 40 head of the best Virginia Colts that grow. All stock must be as represented or your money will be refunded. Don't forget the day and date.

MONDAY, JANUARY 2nd., 1922.

Come early as the sale will start promptly at 9 o'clock—Rain or Shine. You will not be in the cold or rain as we will have the yard under cover.

COME ONE!

COME ALL!

And we will appreciate it whether you buy or not. We want to see your smiling faces.

McHenry Brothers

Phone, 1077

FREDERICK, MD.

WATCH OUT FOR BIG RED FLAG WITH OUR NAME ON IT.

MORE EGGS

Guaranteed

Purina Chicken Chowder and Purina Hen Chow will be delivered to you on the following basis—

If hens fail to lay more eggs when fed Purina Chicken Chowder and Purina Hen Chow as directed, than when fed any other ration, the money paid for both these Chows will be refunded.

Get plenty of eggs the year 'round. The way you feed—not the season—is responsible for the eggs you get. Get more eggs under this iron bound guarantee.

Feed Purina Poultry Chows.

Phone us your order today.



Taneytown Grain & Supply Co.

PUBLIC SALE — OF — Real Estate!

The undersigned, will offer at public sale, by authority of a resolution passed by the board of Directors of The Carroll County Agricultural and Fair Association, Dec. 20, 1921, all the real estate owned by the said Association and located on Middle Street, in Taneytown, Md., on

SATURDAY, JANUARY 14, 1922, at 2 o'clock; P. M., the

2-STORY FACTORY BUILDING

with basement, about 28x50 feet, together with the land around the building, 100 feet front more or less, extending back to the railroad.

The Association has specifications and cost on remodeling this building into an apartment house. Anyone interested can have access to same, any time. Also can turn over applicants who will rent the entire building as soon as remodeled.

NO. 2.

One lot of land, also on Middle Street, without any improvements.

Due notice is given to all stockholders, and all concerned that this property will positively be sold to the highest responsible bidder, without reserve.

TERMS.—A credit to suit purchaser with approved security bearing interest, will be given, or all cash at the option of purchaser. Possession given on day of sale, or as soon as terms are complied with.

F. A. WAYBRIGHT, Pres.
MRS. NANNIE E. DUTTERER, Sec.
J. N. O. SMITH, Aucr. 12-23-3t

HELLO FARMERS!

We will have on hand from 100 to 200 Cattle—

STEERS, BULLS, HEIFERS

AND COWS,

from now until Jan. 1, at lowest market price. Also, buy fresh Cows and close Springers, Fat and Bologna Cattle and Hogs. Will pay highest cash market price.

HOWARD J. SPALDING,
10-28-10t Littlestown Pa.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Carroll County, in Md., letters of administration upon the estate of

HARRY J. WANTZ, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers properly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 20th day of July, 1922; they may otherwise be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hands this 30th day of December, 1921.

MAUDE L. WANTZ,
12-20-4t Administratrix.

Subscribe for the RECORD

THE R. L. DOLLINGS COMPANIES and Allied Industries Announce Payments of Dividends

QUARTERLY: Due January 1, 1922.

The R. L. Dollings Company, Ohio.....	1 1/4 %
The Clay Products Company, Brazil, Ind.....	1 1/4 %
The International Note & Mortgage Co., Columbus, O.....	1 1/4 %
The International Note & Mortgage Co., Indianapolis.....	1 1/4 %

SEMI-ANNUALLY: Due January 1, 1922.

The Anderson Fdry & Mch. Co., Anderson, Ind.....	3 1/2 %
The Insley Mfg. Co., Indianapolis, Ind.....	3 1/2 %
The Rude Mfg. Co., Liberty, Ind.....	3 1/2 %
The Service Motor Truck Co., Wabash, Ind.....	3 1/2 %
The Western Drop Forge Co., Marion, Ind.....	3 1/2 %
The Hugro Mfg. Co., Warsaw, Ind.....	3 1/2 %
The Millholland Mch. Co., Indianapolis, Ind.....	3 1/2 %
The Steel Fabricating Corp., Indianapolis.....	3 1/2 %
The R. L. Dollings Company, of Indianapolis.....	3 1/2 %

SEMI-ANNUALLY: Due January 15, 1922.

The R. L. Dollings Company, of Pennsylvania.....	3 1/2 %
The American Bronze Corp., Berwyn, Pa.....	3 1/2 %
The American Motor Truck Co., Newark, O.....	3 1/2 %
The C. & E. Shoe Co., Columbus, O.....	3 1/2 %
The Cullen & Vaughn Co., Hamilton, O.....	3 1/2 %
The Mykrantz Co., Columbus, O.....	3 1/2 %
The Matthews Engineering Co., Sandusky, O.....	3 1/2 %
The McCambridge Co., Philadelphia, Pa.....	3 1/2 %
The Recording Devices Co., Dayton, O.....	3 1/2 %
The Burton-Townsend Co., Zanesville, O.....	3 1/2 %
The Crane Ice Cream Co., Philadelphia, Pa.....	3 1/2 %
The Crane-Ohio Ice Cream Co., Columbus, O.....	3 1/2 %
The Franklin Brick & Tile Co., Columbus, O.....	3 1/2 %
The Commercial Truck Co., Philadelphia, Pa.....	3 1/2 %
The North Carolina Farms Co., Columbus, O.....	3 1/2 %
The Champion Engineering Co., Kenton, O.....	3 1/2 %
The American Cone and Pretzel Company, Philadelphia.....	3 1/2 %
The Phoenix Iron Works Co., Meadville, Pa.....	3 1/2 %
The Florida Farms & Industries Co., Columbus, O.....	3 1/2 %
The Commercial Truck Service Corp., Philadelphia, Pa.....	3 1/2 %

SEMI-ANNUALLY: Due February 1, 1922.

The V. G. Baking Co., Allentown, Pa..... 3 1/2 %

CHECKS WILL BE MAILED.

Why not add YOUR NAME to the list of 50,000 satisfied Dollings customers and receive a dividend of SEVEN PER CENT PER ANNUM, with SAFETY!

The R. L. Dollings Company

FRED N. NEWCOMB

146 Equitable Bldg.

C. VICTOR MATHEWS

Baltimore, Maryland.

Associate District Managers



Local Representatives.

MARTIN D. HESS

J. S. BUSHEY.

RALPH BONSAK.

6 Times Bldg., Westminster, Md.

King's Opening Sale OF HORSES AND MULES.

**THURSDAY, JANUARY 12, 1922,
at my Stable, Westminster, Md. 100 Head.**

I will sell one car load of Virginia horses and colts, right out of the mountains. These will be the right kind. They are broken and will work anywhere hitched. Among this lot will be some good mated teams suitable for all purposes, averaging from twelve to fourteen hundred. Come in and look these over.



I will sell for the following buyers:

William Hesson, 10 head
James McSherry, 10 head

Whitehill Bros., 10 head
Scott Smith, 10 head

I will sell for the Western Maryland Dairy, 10 head of second-hand horses. They will do good service in the country.

I will also sell for outsiders, 30 head of horses. These will be high dollar horses, brought here by the farmers.

At this sale I will also sell the following: 8 sleighs and Sleds, 4 sets of double harness, and 6 sets of single harness. These articles will be sold first.

DON'T FAIL TO BE HERE. SALE RAIN OR SHINE

Horses must be as represented or money refunded.

**CHAS. W. KING,
WESTMINSTER, MD.**

Down the Bay at Dawn

By DORA MOLLAN

© 1921, by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.

The summer colony was dance mad. Even the bathing hour had been changed to come after lunch, since winding up the dances with "breakfast" in the early morning hours had become quite a matter of course. Four o'clock; five o'clock; at one hilarious party it had been six before Carol Hall arrived home—to tumble into bed with her soft black hair streaming over the pillow and seeming alive like the seaweed which tugs in the current, though fast to the rocks. For a month, now, Carol had followed this life as though to be madly, noisily gay were the very aim of her existence.

It was Bill Sisson, the lobster man, who one early afternoon all unwittingly spoke the words which brought Carol to a sudden decision not to attend the Nortons' party that evening, though she assured herself many times that the real reason was a nagging headache.

Sisson was on his way to the Hales' back door to deliver a wriggling mass of his prey.

"Going to be a good day, did you say, miss? Best part of the day's gone, 'cording to my way of thinking. Take it just before sun-up, now; about the time I get started down the bay to pull my pots. Then you get the day when it's fresh and unhandled, so to say, and there ain't a lot of folks a-buzzing around in the way." Carol rubbed her forehead and wished she had not spoken to the lobster man.

But Bill hadn't finished. "There's one fellow hereabouts," he continued, "what knows how a man was meant to do with the day—eat it fresh, like you got to do with these here critters, so to say. That Merrick, now; he's down the bay right early every



He Cooked the Bacon and Fish.

morning. Got the sense of a native, that man has!" Bill Sisson could pay no greater compliment. He passed on his way.

Carol's mind echoed with it. "That Merrick, now; he's down the bay right early every morning." Her head ached. She worked hard at becoming enthusiastic over the gown just arrived from the city for the "Black-and-White" dance at the Nortons' that evening—the Brookses were giving a breakfast for a select few afterward. "That Merrick!" Why, almost a month must have passed since she had spoken with Stanley Merrick—and then they had quarreled. Oh, why couldn't a woman be honest, even with herself? It was two days over a month—two days and one hour. She ought to know.

Oh! Her head ached so! She couldn't go to that dance; she wouldn't. She phoned to Phil Tracy not to call for her.

Carol retired early that night for the first time in more than a month.

She wouldn't be able to sleep, she assured herself. "Down the bay right early"—what time did that mean? Five o'clock? More likely four. And with four o'clock on her mind Carol drifted into sleep; at four precisely she awoke.

Her head did not ache. Instead, she felt curiously refreshed, alive. She arose and went to the window. The air was cool and fluid; there was no sign of dawn. She would dress and go down into the garden. It seemed strange to be so wide awake at this hour, instead of wearily stupid and longing for sleep.

Carol walked through the garden down to the shore. There was no moon, nor yet a single star, but it was a diluted darkness, and she could make out the outline of her canoe as it lay on the float. To paddle just a bit through the dim, moist, sharply chilly air—just off their own beach—it would be a new experience. Offshore lay a thick blanket of mist; Carol could feel rather than see it. She pushed the bow of the canoe into it. She wouldn't go far out, she promised herself.

It was mysterious and, oh, so restful! Just the rhythmic dip, dip of the paddle; no jarring colors, no fussy detail. One could think here! But she didn't want to think. Unconsciously Carol pried her paddle swift-er and swifter.

Of a sudden the canoe quivered, came to a dead stop. Yet there was no jar of impact. Carol peered anxiously into the mist. Close ahead she made out a bulk, indistinct, formless save for the dim outline of a foggy arm which surprisingly terminated in a strong brown hand grasping the prow of her craft.

It was a man in a boat, of course, and he had put out a hand in time to prevent a collision. But why didn't he speak? There was something familiar about that hand—but supposing it wasn't?

"Who is it? Why don't you say something? Let go, please." There was a slight quaver in Carol's words.

"Only a lone fisherman," came the answer. Then, after a moment. "Oh! As to letting you go—when the sun rises the mist will lift; until then it is not safe for you to paddle around alone."

It was Stanley Merrick, of course. Why play with herself at being surprised, when it was the very thing she had hoped would happen! But now, when what she had longed for had come to pass, Carol perversely determined to spoil it all. She would not answer. When it grew lighter she would just paddle away with a murmured "Thank you." Then it would be over—and she would have to contrive another chance to see him. What was it she was saying? She would do no such thing!

The mist was thinning. The figure of the man in the boat took shape. He held a fish-rod in his other hand, with a thumb on the reel. His eyes were on his line. Grasping her paddle, Carol thrust it into the water. Perhaps if she were to start ahead suddenly that hand must perforce loosen its grasp and she would be free. But her muscles refused to work.

Then there were two hands on the rod and none on the bow of the canoe. Nevertheless Carol sat motionless. "Perhaps it's clear enough now for you to get around without bumping into the other boats on the bay," said the man.

Stung by a fancied insinuation in Merrick's words, the girl's paddle was poised, when again the brown hand grasped her canoe. "Had your breakfast?"

The tone was casual, as though he were asking this thing for the first time.

As though she had not refused to accompany him many times on such a trip. "Why not join me? Have my coffee pot along, and some bacon. Caught a couple of fish before you came."

Carol was sure afterward that she did not answer, yet she found herself being helped into the skiff and her own craft was made fast to its stern. They landed at a flat rock, and Stanley built a fireplace of stones, and in it a fire of little sticks. He cooked the bacon and fish and made coffee in a battered pot. They sat close together and ate. Surely nothing on earth or in heaven ever tasted better than that breakfast!

The mist cleared, to disclose the sun some distance above the horizon. Its golden light turned the tide-stained rock a mellow brown as Carol somehow found her hand in one that matched the rock in color. Then the owner of the sun-browned hand turned his eyes from the sun-decked waters of the bay into the dark wells of Carol's eyes and meditated on the mysteries of the deep—those concealed by the waters of the earth and by a woman's eye.

"Why," he began, "did you—" But he got no further. A robin singing in a tree top and a slight pressure of the hand he held was answer enough for any question.

Cork Oak.

The cork oak grows plentifully in Spain, and the peasants make use of the bark to light their houses at night. The bark is placed in a kettle, from which protrudes a spout; and when it is hot enough it gives off a gas which burns with considerable brilliancy. If the family sit up late, several kettles of cork bark are used during the evening; but the lighting is not expensive, and the peasant is careful to save the carbonized cork refuse, for he can sell it, as it is known commercially as "Spanish black," one of the intensest black-browns known among pigments.

Gastronomic Problems.

A man who likes to "try everything at least once" wants to know how one eats a pomegranate. He is aware of the fact that Arnold Bennett once said that you can tell what sort of upbringing a man has had, or words to that effect, when you see him eat an artichoke. The man has tried eating artichokes and thinks he could pass an examination, even by Arnold Bennett, but has not had the courage yet to tackle eating the pomegranate. He is thinking very seriously of writing to the agony column to find out, and in the meantime is practicing on Japanese persimmons.

Shoes of Historic Interest.

One of the pet hobbies of Queen Helena of Italy is collecting curious and historic footgear. Among the historic items of her collection are the shoes worn by Mary, Queen of Scots on the scaffold, a pair of rough wooden shoes which once belonged to Joan of Arc, and a pair of dainty shoes once worn by the beautiful and ill-fated Marie Antoinette.

WITH THE FUNNY MEN



PLENTY LIKE HIM.

"That man never does a thing around this office for all his hurrying and fussing."

"I know it, but he carries the biggest bunch of keys of anybody here, and when he hurries they jangle and it's very impressive. Bluff is what gets you by, anyhow, these days. Didn't you know that?"

Habitual.

"That sailor over there somehow reminds me of an old hen hovering a bunch of chickens."

"I suppose you naturally mean the one brooding over there by the companionway?"

"Oh, no; I mean the one sitting on the hatch."—Judge.

Gifted Orator.

"Senator Snortworthy says we must save the country."

"Has he any ideas about the best way to do that?"

"No, but he can make a speech on the subject that will hold an audience spellbound for an hour."

On One Condition.

"You believe in giving the public what it wants?"

"Of course," replied Mr. Storming-Barnes, "always assuming that the public wants myself and co."

Interested in Real Estate.

Mrs. Reading—I admit I prefer the old things. I just dote on "The House of Seven Gables."

Mr. Flathunter—Never heard of it. What does it rent for?

Blase.

"I believe the owl is the most non-committal bird in the zoo."

"Yes, he doesn't seem to give a hoot about anything."

TRY AGAIN

MISS

Mr. Hardfax—If you don't think two can live as cheaply as one let's try it.

Miss Manchester—Oh! This is so—? Mr. Hardfax—You name one woman and I'll pick out two men and lay you two to one on the men.

Liberal Education.

Regardless of a caddy's years, He's always worldly wise; Considering the talk he hears, That should not cause surprise.

Baffling Visitor.

"Who's the mysterious stranger in town?"

"I hear he's a propagandist," said Squire Witherbee.

"For what?"

"I dunno. He ain't tryin' to borrow any money, he don't get no mail an' th' clerk at th' Eagle house hasn't been able to draw him out yet. Blamed if I see how we're goin' to find out what th' cuss is up to."

Insuperable Difficulty.

Mistress—Bridget, get lunch on the gasoline stove.

Bridget—Indade, mum, I did try, but the stove went out.

Mistress—Then try to light it again, Bridget.

Bridget—Yes, mum, I will, mum, but it's not come back yit. It went out through the roof.—Carolina Tar Baby.

Self Control.

"Do you never lose your temper in a debate?"

"Never," replied Senator Sorghum. "Occasionally I assume an air of passionate indignation for rhetorical effect. But I always rehearse that part of the speech even more carefully than the rest."

Before and After.

Mr. Pester—Cleaning house just because a few women are going to drop in this afternoon? You never make such elaborate preparations when I entertain my friends.

His Wife—No, but I clean up five times as much after they leave.

Unprepared.

"How do you start the day out on the farm, Si?" asked the visitor.

"Gosh darn it, I don't blame me," drawled the new-style farmer. "I don't start it. The darn thing comes along before any of us are ready for it."

An Erudite Babe.

"Mother, I have bruised my arm."

"Shall I kiss the place and make it well?"

"Oh, mother, I don't know. I have heard it said that kisses are not antiseptic."

To Say Nothing of the Neighbors.

"Mother," said the little girl at the piano, "may I stop practicing for a while?"

"Why, dear, are your hands tired?"

"My hands aren't, but my ears are."

Granddaughter of the Mighty Napoleon I Worthy of Remembrance by the French People.

Paris observed the centenary of Napoleon Bonaparte's death with elaborate ceremonies a few weeks ago. Amid all the pomp in honor of the one-time arbiter of Europe another figure stood out in contrast—that of a woman of fifty, dressed in black, with a fine, open face, lined by sorrow and the incessant effort to eke out a livelihood, a teacher in an ordinary elementary school near the Boulevard St. Michel. This poor teacher, now living in a tiny apartment with her cat and a few meager possessions, is the granddaughter of Napoleon I. Her father was the illegitimate son of Napoleon and Eleonore de la Plaigne, a maid of honor to Caroline Murat. Napoleon gave the boy the title of Count Leop. Born in 1806, "Count Leon" died in 1881, after an exciting and feverish life, into which he crowded excessive gambling, many duels and love affairs and some mystical meditations. The count's only daughter, Charlotte Leon, was born when her father was sixty years old. She began life as a teacher in Algeria to support her widowed mother, to whom the count had left but small means of subsistence. After hard years of struggle on a pittance she finally went to Paris, where she married a M. Mesnard, taking the name of Mme. Mesnard-Leon. Her husband is now dead and she lives alone, barely removed from want, meditating on the strange destiny of her grandfather, the great emperor, of her father's wild and stormy life—and of her only son, who died for France at Rheims during the war.

When You Are Constipated.

To insure a healthy action of the bowels and correct disorders of the liver, take two of Chamberlain's Tablets immediately after supper. They will not only cause a gentle movement of the bowels, without unpleasant effects, but banish that dull, stupid feeling, that often accompanies constipation.

—Advertisement

NO. 5339 EQUITY.

In the Circuit Court for Carroll County.

Catherine Green, widow, et al, Plaintiffs, vs.

Joshua T. Green, single, et al, defendants.

The object of this bill is to procure a decree for the sale of a certain tract of real estate containing 730.1 square feet, more or less, located along the Western Maryland Railway near Union Bridge, in Carroll county, Maryland; ratification of the same mentioned in Exhibit "C" filed with the bill; that a suitable person as Trustee be appointed to execute a deed to the Western Maryland Railway Company upon the payment of the balance of the purchase money; that the proceeds derived from the sale be paid over to the Trustee said to be appointed and brought into Court and distributed among the parties to this cause according to their several rights and interests and for general relief.

The bill states that Joshua Green departed this life intestate in Carroll county, Maryland, about December 20, 1917, leaving surviving him his widow, Catherine Green, sometimes called Katie Green, and the following children, his only heirs at law, viz: Howard E. Green, whose wife's name is Marie Green; Louis Green, James Green, whose wife's name is Elizabeth Green; Roland W. Green, whose wife's name is Mervie Green; Gladys Green, who is intermarried with Harrison Green; Helen Brooks, who is intermarried with Carson Brooks; Alto Green, single, plaintiffs in this cause; and Joshua T. Green, single; Herbert E. Green, whose wife's name is Josephine Green; and George Green, infant, defendants in this cause, all of whom are adults above the age of 21 years, save and except George Green, who is an infant under the age of 21 years, he being 18 or 19 years of age.

That all said children are residents of Carroll county, Maryland, save and except Joshua T. Green, Herbert E. Green and Josie Green, his wife, who are residents of the State of Pennsylvania, and non-residents of the State of Maryland.

That the said Joshua Green died seized and possessed among others of a certain piece or parcel of land situated, lying and being near Union Bridge, Carroll county, Maryland, containing 730.1 square feet of land, more or less, being a certain strip or parcel of land, 73.45 feet wide, and 10 feet deep, fronting on the Western Maryland Railway Company's land, with a uniform depth of practically 10 feet, and which is fully described within the yellow lines on a plat and certificate of survey made October 5, 1921, filed in this cause marked Exhibit "A", and is part of the land that was conveyed unto Joshua Green by Granville S. Haines and wife by deed dated July 16, 1889, recorded among the Land Records of Carroll County in Liber B. F. C. No. 73, folio 28, a certified copy of which deed is filed in this cause marked Exhibit "C."

That said real estate is not susceptible of partition without material loss and injury to the parties entitled to interest therein as above stated, and that in order to make a division of said interest it will be necessary that said land be sold and the proceeds thereof divided among the parties entitled thereto according to their respective interests.

That on the 14th day of September, 1921, said Catherine Green, widow of Joshua Green; Howard E. Green, Gladys M. Green, Helen Brooks, Josie Brooks, Alto Green, James Green and R. W. Green, entered into a contract of sale to sell said parcel of land to the Western Maryland Railway Company, a body corporate, one of the plaintiffs, at and for the sum of Fifty Dollars, and that the said Western Maryland Railway Company paid the sum of Five Dollars on account and agreed to pay the balance, to-wit, Forty-five Dollars, upon the execution of a deed conveying a good and valid title to said property, as will appear by a copy of said agreement filed in this cause marked Exhibit "C."

That said piece or strip of land adjoins the land of the Western Maryland Railway Company, is unimproved and is of very little use or benefit to the aforesaid parties interested therein and does not yield any income whatsoever. And that it would be to the interest and advantage of said infant, as well as to the interest and advantage of all the parties in interest that said sale of said property at the price contracted for as aforesaid should be confirmed by your Honorable Court; that said contract price is a fair and adequate price and is as much as said property more than could be reasonably anticipated to be realized at a public sale. It is thereupon, this 7th day of December, A. D. 1921, ORDERED by the Circuit Court for Carroll County, sitting as a Court of Equity, that the plaintiffs, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in said Carroll county, for four successive weeks before the 16th day of January, 1922, give notice to the said absent defendants of the object and substance of this bill, warning them to appear in this Court in person or by solicitor, on or before the 1st day of February, next, to show cause, if any they have, why a decree ought not to be passed as prayed.

EDWIN M. MELLOR, JR., Clerk of the Circuit Court for Carroll County.

True Copy.—Test: EDWIN M. MELLOR, JR., Clerk.

Why Some People are Poor.

Their ideas are larger than their purses.

They do not keep account of their expenditures.

They are easy dupes of schemers and promoters.

They reverse the maxim, "Duty before pleasure."

They do not consider it worth while to save nickels and dimes.

They try to do what others expect them to do, not what they can afford.

Open an Account with Us.

SAVE AND HAVE

TANEYTOWN SAVINGS BANK

JOSEPH L. MATHIAS

MEMORIALS

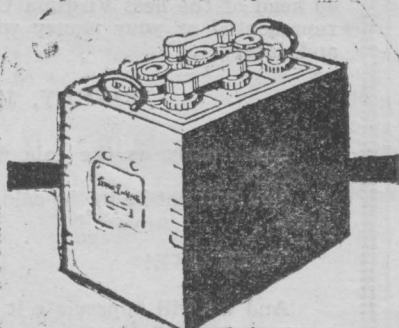
300 in Stock to select

from

Buy where you can see the Goods.

WESTMINSTER, MD.

PHONE 127



Exide Junior BATTERY

Specially designed for

FORD CARS

NOW ON SALE

\$ 25.00

OHLER'S GARAGE

TANEYTOWN, MD.

10-28 tf

Save Pennies—Waste Dollars

Some users of printing save pennies by getting inferior work and lose dollars through lack of advertising value in the work they get. Printers as a rule charge very reasonable prices, for none of them get rich although nearly all of them work hard.

Moral: Give your printing to a good printer and save money.

Our Printing Is Unexcelled

NO. 5330 EQUITY. In the Circuit Court for Carroll County.

Stella M. Stern, Plaintiff,

vs. Walter A. Stern, Defendant.

The object of this suit is to procure for the plaintiff a divorce a vinculo matrimonii from Walter A. Stern, defendant, as well as general relief.

The bill states that on the 9th day of March, 1909, they were married by Rev. Casson, a minister of the Gospel of the Methodist church, in Carroll County, Md., and that they lived together in Carroll county and various other places in Maryland, until the 26th day of July, A. D. 1914, when the defendant abandoned and deserted the plaintiff, and has since said last mentioned date ceased to live with her, and has resided separate and apart from the plaintiff. That the conduct of the plaintiff towards her said husband was always kind, affectionate and above reproach, and that her husband on the 26th day of July, 1914, without just cause or reason abandoned and deserted the plaintiff, and that he declared his intention to live with the plaintiff no longer, and has lived separate and apart from her since said date, and that such abandonment continued uninterruptedly for more than 5 years, and is deliberate and final and the separation of the parties beyond any reasonable expectation of reconciliation.

That they have had three children born to them as a result of said marriage, viz: Joseph W. Stern, age 11 years; John A. Stern, age 10 years, and Robert L. Stern, age 7 years, all of whom reside with the said plaintiff in Carroll county, Maryland.

That the plaintiff is and has been a resident of Carroll county, Maryland, for the past 5 years, and that the defendant is a resident of the State of Pennsylvania, and a non-resident of the State of Maryland.

It is thereupon, this 7th day of December, A. D. 1921, ORDERED by the Circuit Court for Carroll county, sitting as a Court of Equity, that the plaintiff, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in said Carroll county, for four successive weeks before the 16th day of January, 1922, give notice to the said absent defendant of the object and substance of this bill, warning him to appear in this Court in person or by solicitor, on or before the 1st day of February, next, to show cause, if any he has, why a decree ought not to be passed as prayed.

EDWIN M. MELLOR, JR., Clerk of the Circuit Court for Carroll County.

True Copy.—Test: EDWIN M. MELLOR, Clerk.

12-9-5t

S. D. Mehring's Sons

High-grade Auto Painting and Trimming.

25 years Experience in such work.

LITTLESTOWN, PA. Cemetery Street.

Chas. R. Mehring. John W. Mehring 9-9-6m

Read the Advertisements

IN THE

CARROLL RECORD

Sunday School Lesson

(By REV. P. B. FITZWATER, D. D.,
Teacher of English Bible in the Moody
Bible Institute of Chicago.)
Copyright, 1922, Western Newspaper Union.

LESSON FOR JANUARY 1

THE REVOLT OF JEROBOAM.

LESSON TEXT—1 Kings 12:1-33.
GOLDEN TEXT—Thou shalt not make unto thee any graven image, or any likeness of any thing that is in heaven above, or that is in the earth beneath, or that is in the water under the earth; thou shalt not bow down thyself unto them nor serve them.—Ex. 20:4, 5.

REFERENCE MATERIAL—1 Kings 11:26-43; 13:17-34, 20; II Chron. 12 and 13; Isa. 44:9-20.

PRIMARY TOPIC—The Story of Two Kings.

JUNIOR TOPIC—Two Kings Who Disobeyed God.

INTERMEDIATE AND SENIOR TOPIC—Two Kings Who Lost Their Opportunities.

YOUNG PEOPLE AND ADULT TOPIC—Industrial Unrest and Its Cure.

The movements leading up to the division of the kingdom began during Solomon's reign.

I. The People's Demand (vv. 1-4). This was occasioned by the burden of excessive taxation and enforced labor required by Solomon in order to build costly houses and temples for his heathen wives. Owing to the multiplicity of his wives, this became very burdensome. The people were groaning under its weight. Upon the accession of the new king, Rehoboam, the people through their leader, Jeroboam, came with the request that their burdens be made lighter, promising loyalty to him on the condition of lightened burdens.

II. Rehoboam's Foolish Decision (vv. 5-15). Rehoboam consulted with the old men (vv. 5-7). He at once consulted the old men of experience who had been Solomon's advisers. Being acquainted with the conditions as imposed by Solomon, and knowing the temper of the people, they advised that the people's request be granted. Rehoboam consulted the young men who had grown up with him (vv. 8-11). These young men were most likely half-brothers, sons of Solomon's many wives. Being thus brought up in the luxury of the harem, they were ignorant of the real rights of the people; therefore they advised that the burdens be increased.

3. Rehoboam follows the advice of the young men (vv. 12-15). At the appointed time he announced his purpose to the people. He answered them roughly, asserting his purpose to increase their burdens and sorrows. Rehoboam lost the great opportunity of his life.

III. The Revolt of the Ten Tribes (vv. 16-24). Upon Rehoboam's announcement of his rash purpose, all Israel cried out, "What portion have we in David? Neither have we an inheritance in the son of Jesse: to you tents, O Israel! Now see to thine own house, David." Rehoboam's attempt to collect tribute from the ten tribes was met by stoning Adoram, the tribute gatherer, so that he died. Rehoboam's failure to heed the advice of experienced men caused the work of two generations to be undone in a moment.

IV. Jeroboam's Substitute Religion (vv. 25-33). 1. He established calf-worship (vv. 25-33). (1) His pretext for (vv. 26, 27). He feared lest the religious unity should heal the political separation. His plea was that the people would go back to Jerusalem to worship, and therefore would gradually be led to acknowledge allegiance to Rehoboam, and his own life would be taken. This act of his had its root in his heart of unbelief. God had promised through the Prophet Ahijah to build him a sure house, even as he had built for David (I Kings 11:38). Had he believed God, this fear would have been dispelled. Jeroboam only used religion to secure personal ends. He was too shrewd a politician to do away with religion. He knew that religion was a powerful factor in man's life. (2) The calves set up (vv. 28-30). When Jeroboam set up these idols he said, "It is too much for you to go up to Jerusalem: behold thy gods, O Israel, which brought thee up out of Egypt." His religion was the religion of convenience.

2. His scheme of worship (vv. 31-33). (1) He built houses of high places (v. 31). This was against the direct command of God. (2) He made priests of the lowest of the people (v. 31). God had set aside the tribe of Levi to fill the office of priesthood. In this again, he disobeyed God. (3) He changed the day of the feast of the tabernacle (v. 32). The time of this feast was set by Jehovah (Lev. 23:33-34). (4) Jeroboam himself intrudes into the priest's office (v. 33). This act of presumption on his part was the climax of his godless acts. All this grew out of a wicked heart.

Israel Turns From Moses. And when the people saw that Moses delayed to come down out of the mount, the people gathered themselves together unto Aaron, and said unto him, Up, make us gods, which shall go before us; for as for this Moses, the man that brought us up out of the land of Egypt, we wot not what is become of him.—Exodus 32:1.

Faith Is Substance of Things. Faith is the substance of things hoped for, the evidence of things not seen.—Hebrews, 11:1.

WORLD WANTS MEN WHO DO

Chances Offered Are Usually as Good as the Courage of Those Who Will Dare.

Makers of history and benefactors of humanity are restlessly active until they reach the zenith of possibility. Then they strive to improve the sphere of their attainment until they surpass anything yet offered to the world. It's no wonder the world wants the product and delights to honor men of such industry.

In the last analysis, attainment is a matter of industry. They tell us "the gods give gold for sweat." Certain it is that as we toil, new ideas and possibilities suggest themselves. Every new ideal worked out into practical application suggests still greater possibilities.

This part of the world isn't concerned so much about pedigree as it is about the efficiency degree. It wants men who think and do. When folks make their brains operate through their hands, it's only a matter of time until it will take more than one pair of hands to do what the brains dictate.

Your chances for moving up are as good as your courage. Men at the top find higher levels, and then, too, they, too, die like other mortals, and still others get satisfied and fossilize, so there's always room to rise.

It's when you dare toil without prospect, and keep at it in the face of discouragement, that real fitness reveals itself. Now is the time to realize that hope that has lured you to effort. Dig in, move on, and soon you will be called to move up.—Grit.

"RUBBER HEELS" ON INSECTS

Grasshoppers, for instance, Are Provided by Nature With Excellent Shock Absorbers.

Many insects have "rubber heels," and especially the grasshopper, which was in existence during the carboniferous period when coal was formed. All softer parts of an insect are enclosed in a more or less hardened chitinous covering, which is commonly called the outer skeleton. Within this skeleton all muscles and meaty parts are formed and, when the grasshopper lands after jumping, it would receive a slight jar, if no means of absorbing it were provided. Of course, the joints take care of part of the shock, and the few bristle-like hairs found on the extremity also do this. But even these are insufficient to absorb the entire jar. Therefore, Nature went to work and evolved an air cushion. This air cushion is situated at the extreme tip of the tarsus and just beyond the two claws of each foot. The claws help to keep the insect in precarious position where, without them, it would inevitably slip. By their means it can find lodgment in smooth grasses.

The air cushion of the grasshopper is a round ball filled with air and also provided with a few hairs. These in a large measure absorb the shock when the insect lands on some rock or boulder. Of course, when it lands on some herb or grass, the shock is absorbed by the swaying plant.

Why Chimneys Lean.

Between the wagon builder, alternately wetting and drying a board to bend it to the desired shape, and the house chimney, grotesquely leaning toward the east, brick masons say there is similarity. The leaning chimney is a subject on which even the doctors disagree, but the theory referred to seems the most plausible. Chimneys lean toward the east. A little observation anywhere will prove this. Even the best-built affair of brick and mortar, acquiring age, often begins to lean. Various theories are advanced, but the explanation of alternate wetting and drying seems the best. Chimney walls collect more or less moisture during the night on all sides. Now, if the broad side of the chimney is toward the east, and if the sun strikes that part of the chimney first, as it will, that side dries out much quicker than the north or south side, or the western side. In time of rainfall, the east side ordinarily is dried the quickest. This general condition has the effect of pulling the chimney toward the east.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Coroner Was Once "Crown."

Coroner is the title of a county officer in America and England, and in Scotland the term has been found in use as far back as the Fourteenth century.

Originally the word was "crown" and was derived from "crown," as the officer so titled represented the crown or king away from court. Just as in feudal times a man's life belonged to the crown, in case of death the crown or king's representatives in the various districts were the authorized investigators into the cause of the fatality. Although the coroner was a petty official, the power of the king or crown was at his back and the office assumed much importance.

Under the old English law the coroner had the right to act as sheriff in some instances. What is now termed a coroner's inquest into a death formerly was called the crown's quest.

Gives Birth to Quintet.

The wife of a peasant living near Serres, in Macedonia, gave birth to five daughters at one time. They were distinguished at the christening by ribbons of different colors tied around their necks.

WHY THEY ARE NOT MARRIED

Reasons Given by Seven Bachelors for Refusing to Enter the "Bonds of Matrimony."

Seven bachelors, each of whom would be considered an excellent "catch" by mothers with marriageable daughters, tell in the Delineator why they have refused to wed the modern girl. As a whole, they think she would be a failure as a wife. More specifically:

No. 1—Age twenty-six, good-looking and earning \$8,000 a year; says she is "too easy." Hence he will continue in single blessedness.

No. 2—Twenty-nine years of age, with a salary of \$35,000; thinks the present-day young woman is "looking for a good thing"—and doesn't intend to be "it."

No. 3—With an income of \$7,500, this bachelor insists the girl of today has no reticence and lives only for a good time. He is thirty.

No. 4—This one is forty, with \$35,000 a year. "They demand too much," he asserts, "and possess intellects below those of average men."

No. 5—"They are selfish, superficial and conceited," is the opinion of this bachelor, who is an advertising salesman, well able to support a wife.

No. 6—This one accuses the flapper, and even her older sister, of "insatiable romanticism," and waits that a man to meet her demands must possess every virtue.

No. 7—He is thirty and has kept from the marriage altar because "there is something a little ridiculous about any woman."

READING MATTER ON BUSES

Old English Custom Had to Be Abandoned on Account of Dishonesty of the Public.

It is being suggested that every long-distance railway train should carry a library for the use of travelers.

More than one hundred years ago, when omnibuses first began to run in London, travelers were furnished, not only with newspapers and magazines, but with books. Each bus had a little bookcase filled with books by well-known authors.

As new books were expensive in those days the thoughtfulness of the bus-owners was appreciated. It is said that people used to ride to some outlying suburb and back simply for the purpose of being able to read a book in the omnibus library.

Unfortunately, while the public appreciated the boon, there were some mean travelers who stole the books, until, at last, the proprietors were obliged to announce that, in consequence of repeated thefts, the libraries would be discontinued.

Joke Was on Angler.

"Ah," said Tomkins to the ardent fisherman, "you've got a bite at last!" "I should think I have," said the fisherman in an English stream, "and by the way it's pulling it must be a big bream."

"How do you know what kind of a fish it is?" asked Tomkins, with interest.

"Oh, easily! A matter of experience," answered the angler, as he commenced to haul in his line. "Of course, the likes o' you couldn't be expected to know, but I can tell what kind o' fish it is by the way it bites. The eel makes little pecks at your bait, and then swims away with the line; the pike sucks at your bait, and you can hardly feel 'im pull."

"Very interesting," said Tomkins. "And how does the bream bite?" "Oh, he sort o' fools about a lot, and then suddenly pulls and swims down stream. I never makes a mistake. Ah, here 'e comes!" and the fisherman's catch rose to the surface.

It was an old shoe!

Chrysanthemums.

When the chrysanthemums appear in the London streets one knows that autumn has arrived. Perhaps no flower of all the seasons harmonizes more completely with the time of year. The flowerheads have a shaggy beauty that seems touched with the wild west wind. They are of almost every color, except blue; white, yellow, pale and deep red, purple, brown and gold. But the rich bronze tones remind us most forcibly of the autumn. They are at one with the myriad tints of the trees and hedges throughout the countryside. Chrysanthemums are native to almost all countries except Australia, and that continent can ill afford to do without them. They come on the London streets when they have no rivals, thus still further endearing themselves to the flower lover. They bring the golden harvest of the year to a close with a glory that carries one most cheerfully past the first darkening days of winter with a promise of daffodils in the spring.

The Goose at Michaelmas.

There is an ancient popular tradition in England that the custom of observing Michaelmas day, September 29, by eating goose at dinner, was established by Queen Elizabeth. The tradition is that Queen Elizabeth, on her way to Tilbury fort on September 29, 1588, dined at the ancient seat of Sir Neville Umfreyville, where, among other things, two fine geese were provided for dinner. The queen, having eaten heartily, gave a toast, "Destruction to the Spanish Armada." Scarcely had she spoken when a messenger arrived announcing the destruction of the Armada by the English fleet and storm. "Henceforth," said the queen, "shall a goose commemorate this great victory."

HOME TOWN HELPS

"SELLING" ONE'S HOME TOWN

Work That Should Be Considered a Duty as Well as Mark of Good Citizenship.

Nowadays, before its salesmen are placed on the road by any of our larger concerns they are given a course in salesmanship. They are first made acquainted with the article they are to sell, they are given its talking points, or made to see its worth and value to the consumer, and then they are allotted their territory.

Selling a town is pretty much like selling goods. You must know first of all the advantages of your town, you must be able to tell the outside world what it has in the way of advantages and then you must dwell on those talking points. Your territory is large, for any place in the world you go you can spend a few minutes "selling" your town—which means nothing else but boosting it.

Citizens should learn the great advantage to be derived from being able to point out the manifold advantages of a residence here, of telling others exactly why they prefer to live here to having a home anywhere else. The man who can talk up his town, and who does talk up his town is always admired, no matter in what part of the country he may be or in what company he is thrown. Home-town pride is the first indication of good citizenship, and people who hear you reciting the merits of the place in which you live naturally take it that all the other citizens are doing the same thing, and that it is a good place in which to live or in which to do business. Start out now to "sell" your town, wherever you go. Learn its advantages, learn to tell about them in an interesting way, and edge right in at every opportunity and tell about those advantages.—Indiana Labor Journal.

CANADIAN CITY LOOKS AHEAD

Example of Oshawa in Barring Narrow Lots as Dwelling Sites Should Be Followed.

The Oshawa town planning commission has resolved that in future no subdivision plans with building lots of less than 45-foot frontage will be sanctioned. Oshawa will be fortunate if it succeeds in controlling the future development of its suburban area according to the enlightened ideas of the commission. The town has already a city population and, as a growing industrial center, will spread beyond its present boundaries.

Many cities find it too late to remedy conditions which could have been forestalled by a little provision and public spirit. Private greed, uncontrolled by public authority, has deprived the majority of city dwellers of a healthful allowance of light, air and ventilation, to say nothing of garden space, by crowding the houses together, even in the midst of the boundless prairie, where land would be the cheapest commodity in sight but for real estate manipulation. If Oshawa will continue the policy of its town-planning commission it will be an example and a reproach to other cities which have neglected their opportunities.—Toronto Globe.

Community Garages in Duluth.

Community garages, says Popular Mechanics Magazine, have been introduced in Duluth, Minn., which show some decided advantages over the usual individual garage. With the aid of good architecture and landscape gardening the structures add to the appearance of the neighborhood, and back yards are left free for gardens and playgrounds. A saving is made in the cost of constructing buildings and driveways, and the heating problem is simplified. A single plant heats all the rooms most economically and all rooms are kept at a minimum temperature of 40 degrees even in the severest winter weather. There is a solid wall between each group of four rooms. The other partitions are of concrete to a height of three feet and of galvanized wire netting the rest of the way to the ceiling. The construction is of hollow concrete blocks, metal lath and cement plaster.

Coal Saving Plan.

Coal economy is acute in England and the following method of saving fuel has been found valuable, most likely for use in an open fire: Preserve the coal ashes, which are usually thrown away as worthless. When there is a sufficient quantity, add to them an equal amount of small coal, then pour on a little water, and mix with a shovel. Use this composition when dry for placing on the top or the back of the fire. It will burn brightly and pleasantly, and only a little dust will remain unconsumed.

Fire Alarms for Kiddies.

How to send in a fire alarm was one of the subjects of instruction at the "fire prevention exhibit" at Ironwood, Mich. Five hundred persons received this instruction, as well as other advice for fire prevention. The use of hand fire extinguishers was taught. Cards containing the numbers and locations of the fire alarm boxes in the city as well as pamphlets entitled, "Stop Burning Up Homes," were distributed.

HOW

RAIN BECOMES CHANGED INTO SNOW AND HAIL.

—Why should rain become snow in cold weather? And why should it fall, sometimes even in summer, in the frozen drops which we call hail?

The air, strange as it may seem, is not warmed by the sun's rays as they pass through it; all its warmth comes from heat given out by the earth itself.

In summer time this warmth is usually sufficient to keep the vapor of which the clouds are formed from freezing. But in winter, when the earth has little heat to give off, the air becomes colder. The vapor of the great clouds is frozen into fleecy flakes, which descend upon the earth in the form of snow. Snow, then, is simply frozen vapor.

Hail—drops of water congealed into lumps of ice—is formed in a wonderful way.

A great cloud, floating in the sky, meets an upward draught of air and begins to rise rapidly. In most cases such a cloud would soon be turned to snow, for the higher you go the greater becomes the cold. If this happened in summer time the falling snow would be melted into fine rain by passing through warm air on its way to the earth.

But sometimes the cloud as it rises meets a blast of warm air which carries it to a great height, and then makes its vapor condense into raindrops. These drops begin to fall, and when they have fallen a little way they strike intensely cold air, which freezes them solid. Owing to their weight they fall so rapidly that there is not time for them to thaw as they pass through the warmer air near the ground. Hence they reach the earth in the form of little balls of ice.

DON'T TAKE ENOUGH EXERCISE

Why Majority of Middle-Aged Men Take on Fat During the Months of Winter.

Winter brings added terrors to middle-aged fat men, for that is the season they get fatter. Each week they note with dismay the reappearance of the surplus avoirdupois lost with so much trouble and labor during the last summer.

Exercise is most difficult to obtain in the winter, especially for the business man. The shorter days make it necessary for him to leave home soon after daylight, and it is dark when he returns. The opportunities for outdoor recreation are virtually withdrawn except at week ends. Winter is the season of sedentary life and there is little inducement to get out of doors, even should the daylight hours be available. So the fat man gets fatter and fatter as the cold days arrive.

But the fat man has a way out if he has sufficient determination, say physical culture experts. His relief lies in the gymnasium if he will force himself to take advantage of it. But a fat man is generally lazy, too, and it takes not a little courage to get him to stick to a course throughout the winter that will maintain his weight at the minimum of the summer.—New York Sun.

Why Dust Is Beneficial.

As an aid to agriculture, a judicious compounding of wind and dust have been found most beneficial, observes the Detroit Free Press. In northern China are deposits of fine yellow powder, brought by the winds from the desert regions, several hundred feet in thickness, which have been tilled, without fertilization, for thousands of years, and to all intents and purposes they are as fertile today as ever. Volcanic dust is found in Kansas and Nebraska today, and in some places the deposits are as much as thirty feet in thickness. There have never been volcanoes within hundreds of miles of these deposits, and the wind was either the culprit or benefactor.

Wind and dust do not confine their pranks to the heights, but play many a fantastic trick beneath the earth's surface and in mines increase the inflammability and assist the explosion of gases which otherwise would be harmless.

Why Called "Missouri Compromise."

The Missouri compromise is the name popularly given to an act of the United States congress, passed February 27, 1821, admitting Missouri into the Union as a slave-holding state, but expressly declaring that slavery should thenceforth be prohibited in any state lying north of latitude 36 degrees 30 minutes—the southern boundary of Missouri. Although Henry Clay was one of the most prominent supporters of this measure, it originated, not with him, but with John W. Taylor of New York.

How He Would Tax Tips.

According to the Nation's Business, tips are attracting the attention of the collectors of income tax in England, and there is a fine flurry. Some wag has suggested that the income tax should be collected on tips "at the source." Every traveler and every person who goes out for dinner would thereupon have to carry a full equipment of blanks and the preparation of forms would become an important part of the usual ceremonies with porters and waiters.

WHY

Color of Human Hair Changes With Advancing Age

The color of our hair is due to the secretion of a varying amount of pigment or coloring matter, which, in turn, depends largely upon the percentage of various chemical constituents in our systems.

For example, a person with a large amount of iron in his blood usually manifests this by dark hair and eyes, while there are other characteristics of blondes, brunettes and red-headed persons which have been worked out to a varying degree of precision by students of human nature.

As we grow older, the pigment loses some of its intensity. The highly-colored cheeks of childhood and youth are replaced by the sallow, ashen complexion of advancing age, and the hair reflects this decrease by turning a silvery white. Prolonged worry, fright, or lack of sufficient light also have a marked effect upon the pigment cells which supply the hair.

On account of the fact that hair needs a large supply of pigment, brunettes turn gray much sooner than blondes, while persons with extremely light hair frequently go through life without any alteration in color; though usually their hair loses most of its life and luster.

CALLS FOR WAR ON RATS

Why the Pests Should Be Exterminated Is Shown by New York Business Association.

While the cost of living may have come down somewhat, the upkeep of rats hasn't. On the contrary, it has soared from a rate of \$1.80 per person per year to a trifle over \$7 per person, according to the last figures for the United States.

The amount covers only the feeding of the country's rats and does not make any allowance for losses by fire for which they are responsible. The fire prevention committee of the Building Managers and Owners' association is calling the attention of its members to the depredations of the rats, in a bulletin just issued, which says:

"The upkeep of rats has gone up. A year or so ago some one figured that it costs us \$1.80 per person to feed the rats in the United States. Recent figures compiled by a British expert place this cost in the United States at \$750,000,000 a year, which is a trifle over \$7 per person. This is simply for food consumed and destroyed and has nothing whatever to do with the very considerable fire loss they cause. "Needless to say, we are urged as an economic measure to exterminate the rats; also you will recall what Doctor Copeland had to say to us along this line last winter as pertaining to public health. Viewed from all angles, they are a menace."

Why Tea May Be Harmful.

Tea seems a harmless enough beverage; yet if it is made wrongly, or drunk to excess, it can be a slow but deadly poison.

Its stimulating effects are due to the presence in tea leaves of a powerful drug called theine. If the pot is not allowed to stand too long, only a small quantity of this substance is dissolved out of the leaves by the hot water, and the tea refreshes us without doing any harm. When the teapot is allowed to remain for hours on the hob, an excessive quantity of theine is extracted from the leaves, together with a larger amount of another semipoisonous substance known as tannin.

These two together form a real poison, affecting the nerves, the digestion and the general health. Stewed tea is almost as harmful as opium or cocaine. The habit of taking it in this way is soon formed, and the tea drunkard thinks nothing of consuming twenty or thirty cups a day.

Why a Universal Alphabet.

It has been suggested that there be called an international conference on the adoption of a universal phonetic alphabet. It is thought that the Roman alphabet should serve as the basis, but that slight modifications should be made in the forms of the letters, which would not interfere with their legibility to anyone familiar with them in their present shapes, in order that there be indicated the precise sounds for which they stand. Such an alphabet, it is maintained, would enable anyone to pronounce correctly at a glance the words of a foreign language, because the spelling, apart from a few special sounds would be the same as in his own language. There is said to be no language so hindered by its spelling as the English.

How Wood Rot.

Decay of wood is caused by living vegetable organisms known as fungi. The microscopic seeds or spores of these wood destroyers are produced in countless numbers from the mushrooms or mold-like growth which appears on rotten wood, says the American Forestry Magazine of Washington. Being easily disseminated by the wind they are present everywhere, and decay which seems to spring up spontaneously really only occurs where the spores have found favorable conditions of heat and moisture in which to develop.

How Children Take Cold.

Children are burdened with excessive clothing and in the city homes kept in too warm rooms. These two things are among the most frequent reasons for their taking cold so easily.

TANEYTOWN LOCALS

Brief Items of Local News of Special Interest to Our Home Readers.

Miss Mary Hesson is visiting her friend, Miss Myra Grove, at Glen Rock, Pa.

Mr. and Mrs. Curtis H. Reid, visited Lloyd Ridinger and wife, of Manheim, Pa., over Christmas.

Rev. Wm. C. Wachter, wife and children, Wm. Jr., and Mildred, spent Thursday with Wm. Copenhaver and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Baumgardner and son, Lake, and Mr. and Mrs. Roland Reaver, spent Tuesday in Frederick.

Mrs. Ellen C. Angell, who lives with her daughter, Mrs. J. E. Flohr, has been ill, the past week, but is somewhat improved at this time.

The gutter crossings that have been taken away at a number of street corners, are greatly missed, and the present plan is not an improvement.

There were many dinners and family gatherings, at Christmas, when the "delicacies of the season" made the "tables groan" in regulation style.

The Christmas programs held in the Reformed and Lutheran Churches were given to crowded houses, the seating room in both being insufficient to meet demands.

"I miss the Record as it is my weekly letter from Carroll County. Will write you a letter for publication soon—compliments of season.—W. W. Sweigart, Laurel, Miss.

Mrs. and Mrs. Ferris A. Reid and little daughter, Doris May, of Baltimore, spent Christmas Day with the family, of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John J. Reid, in Detroit, Michigan.

Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Morningstar and Mrs. Amanda Morningstar, of Marston, spent Monday with Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Shriner. They were accompanied home by Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Ohler and daughter, Cathryn, who spent several days.

Mrs. G. May Fouke slipped and fell on an icy sidewalk on Baltimore St., last Friday evening, and tore the tendons of one ankle, a very painful and disabling accident. She is being cared for by a sister from the Lutheran Deaconess Home, Baltimore.

Milton Crouse has retired from his position with The Reindollar Company after over 40 years service at the one warehouse. Mr. Crouse has been a hard and faithful worker in his time, always reliable and steady, and was well posted, especially in the lumber business. He has earned a rest.

Those who spent Christmas with Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Warner, were: Mr. and Mrs. George Brown and children, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Diehl and children, Mr. and Mrs. Jere Pense and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Erb, Edward Warner, Miss Anna Bishop, Mr. and Mrs. S. King and Mrs. Jas. King.

Mrs. Minerva A. Harman, entertained her children, grandchildren and a number of friends at a turkey dinner, Christmas day. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Bowser, daughter Geraldine and sons, Donald and Daniel W. Jr., of Hanover; Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Albaugh, sons Harmon and Tom, of Walkersville; Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Essig and Mrs. Jane Shriner, of town.

On Tuesday evening of this week, the members and friends of the U. B. Church of this place, found their way to the parsonage, and brought with them a donation. After remarks were made, the ladies' proceeded to form an organization, giving as its title, "Dorcas Sewing Circle." The members are anticipating renovating the church, both the interior and exterior, in the very near future.

The following Holiday visitors in Taneytown and vicinity, have been called to our attention, likely far from being a complete list; Misses Eliza Birnie, Elizabeth Annan, Mary and Nellie Yount, Etel Sauerhammer, Beulah Englar, Mabel Bankard, Carrie Mourer and sister, Nellie Hess Julia Smith, Grace Witherow, Emily Chenoweth, Alberta Hastings, Stella Essig, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Sherald and two children, Mrs. Margaret Nulton, Mrs. Fred Helms, James A. Reid and wife, Lester Witherow and wife, Percy L. Mehring, Clotworthy Birnie, Clarence Ohler, wife and child, Robert R. Fair, Robert Hoagland, Earl and Carroll Koons, Clarence Hiltbrick and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Yohe and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Victor Zepp, Ernest E. Ecker, John Cutsail, Misses Lena Angell, Alice and Marian Miller, Lewin Hitchcock.

Mrs. Rheta Morelock of Harrisburg, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Augustus Morelock, and relatives and friends of Taneytown and vicinity.

Those who spent Wednesday evening with Ervin R. Hyser and family, were: Charles Kemper, wife and daughters, Beulah and Anna May, John Stuller and Ruth Hyser.

The Public Library will be open this Saturday evening, at which time renewal of subscriptions for the coming year will be received. The new books will be in the Library next Saturday.

A representative of the State Board of Forestry has announced that he will visit Taneytown, early in January to confer with the town officials with reference to the planting, trimming and care, of street shade trees.

Those who spent Sunday with Edw. Winters and family were: Raymond Davidson, wife and sons, Ralph and Kenneth; Herbert Winters, wife and daughter, Carrie; Elmer Fleagle of Harrisburg, Pa.; Mrs. Mary E. McGuigan, Mrs. Nathan Angell.

Services for Week of Prayer.

The Week of Prayer will be observed in the churches of Taneytown with services as shown in the following schedule of places, preachers and topics:

Sunday, January 1, Reformed Church, Rev. W. C. Wachter, "The Church at Prayer."

Monday, Reformed Church, Rev. L. B. Hafer, "Thanksgiving and Confession."

Tuesday, Lutheran Church, Rev. Guy P. Bready, "The Church Universal."

Wednesday, Lutheran Church, Rev. G. W. Shipley, "Nations and their Leaders."

Thursday, Presbyterian Church, Rev. W. C. Wachter, "Foreign Missions."

Friday, Presbyterian Church, Rev. L. B. Hafer, "Christian Education and the Christian Home."

Saturday, U. B. Church, Rev. Guy P. Bready, "Home Missions."

Sunday, Jan. 8, U. B. Church, Rev. G. W. Shipley, "Knowing and Doing." All the services will begin at 7:30 o'clock. Each pastor will arrange the order of service and be in charge of the service in his own church.

CHURCH NOTICES.

Sunday services, Church of the Brethren, New Windsor, in College Chapel: Mission Study Class, 8:45 A. M.; Sunday School and Bible Study, 9:45; church services, 10:45; Christian Workers' meeting, 6:45 P. M.; followed by song service at 7:20; preaching at 8.

Reformed Church, Taneytown—Sunday School, at 9:15 A. M.; Service, at 10:15. Immediately after the morning service, annual congregational meeting and election of officers; C. E., at 6:30 P. M. First service of the Week of Prayer series at 7:30. Sermon by Rev. Mr. Wachter of the U. B. Church. Also Week of Prayer service on Monday evening at 7:30. The Heidelberg and Catechetical Classes on Saturday, Dec. 31, will be omitted.

Keysville—Sunday School at 1 P. M.; Service, at 2.

Presbyterian, Town—S. S., at 9:30 A. M.; C. E., 6:30 P. M.; Preaching, 10:30 A. M.; 7:30 P. M. Union Service in Reformed Church.

Piney Creek—Preaching, 2 P. M. U. B. Church, Harney—S. School, 9:30; Preaching, 10:30; C. E., 7:15. Town—S. School, 1:30; Preaching, 2:30.

The Church of God, Mayberry—Sabbath School, 10 A. M.; Prayer service in the evening, at 7; Watch meeting, Saturday night, Dec. 31. Everybody invited to help in the services, beginning at 8 o'clock.

Church of God, Uniontown—Prayer meeting, Wednesday, 7 P. M.; S. S., 9; Preaching, 10:15. Frizellburg—Preaching, 2:30 P. M. Wakefield—Holiday entertainment, 7 P. M.

Uniontown, Lutheran, Mt. Union—9:30, S. S.; 10:30, Church Service; St. Luke (Winters), 2:30 P. M., Divine Worship.

In Trinity Lutheran Church next Sunday morning the pastor will have for his sermon topic, "The Assurance of a Happy New Year." There will be no evening service on account of the union service in the Reformed Church.

The Penalty.

He entered the breakfast room with a letter in his hand, his face suffused with shame and confusion. "My dear," he said hesitatingly. "Well?" snapped his dear.

"I—I'm very sorry, but—"

"You usually are sorry about something, and with good cause. What's the matter now?"

"This letter to your mother. You gave it to me to post about 10 days ago, and—and—I—"

"You've forgotten to post it. Well"—calmly—"we must make the best of it, I suppose. That letter was to ask mother to postpone her visit this year, but, since you've forgotten to post it, I expect she'll be here some time today."

Ten minutes later a frantic man might have been dimly discerned in the depths of the innermost coal cellar administering unto himself a sound kicking.—Pittsburg Chronicle Telegraph.

(Continued from First Page.)

would be a large tree, and the parents and friends of the children would bring gifts to be handed out at the close of the service. The interior of the churches, with their galleries and supporting posts made it much more easy to "trim" the church than it would be now, even if were so desired. The many new ways of enjoyment of these days make the simple pleasures of the days of the '80's seem insignificant but I am sure that this season was just as enjoyable to the boys and girls of those days as it is to those of today.

I don't suppose that there is a city or community in the United States that celebrates Christmas on a larger scale than does Detroit. It is the boast of the city that no one, however obscure, is forgotten. There are a large number of clubs whose members make it their business to look after the children of the very poor, and also adults and whole families of those who are in want. There is the Good Fellow Club, The Old Newsboys' Association, the Forgotten Club, and others. All the daily papers solicit funds, and part of the community fund is devoted to the purpose of making a happy Christmas for the poor and unfortunate.

On Christmas day, 1906, the Detroit Journal published a cartoon by Thom May, a celebrated member of his profession, entitled "Forgotten," which not only stirred Detroit, but the whole nation, which caused the present secretary of the Navy, Edwin Denby, and a number of associates to form the club named after the cartoon. Since then, it has been the boast of Detroit, that "no one in the city has been forgotten."

A few days before Christmas all former newsboys a great many of them now prominent business men, get out on the corners they used to occupy when in the paper selling business, and ply their old trade, the papers being furnished free by the publishers, the money gathered together with the Salvation Army, Volunteers of America, and numerous other bodies all help make good the city's boast.

A Christmas tree seems to be a necessity in every home, here, and this year the supply greatly exceeded the demand, a great contrast to last year, when trees were so scarce that as high as \$10.00 was offered for any kind of a tree. I suppose that there are thousands of trees lying around on vacant lots, as we have heard that they could not be given away on Christmas Eve. The supply comes from as far away as Maine, and has either been a year of scarcity or over-supply ever since we have been here.

This letter is surely a mixture of past and present, but I hope my friends will look over this fact. I find it is getting harder every time I write to find something interesting to write about. So, wishing you all a most prosperous year, I will bring this letter to a close.

JOHN J. REID,

1617 Dickerson Ave., Detroit Mich.

Election of Directors.

Notice is hereby given that an election for the Directors of The Taneytown Savings Bank, for the ensuing year, will be held on Tuesday, Jan. 10th, between the hours of 1 and 2 o'clock, at the Banking House, in Taneytown.

W. A. BOWER, Treas.

REWARD.

One Hundred Dollars will be paid for information leading to the conviction of the party or parties breaking and entering my house, near Mayberry.

R. C. HOTSON, Westminister, Md.

Election of Directors.

The Stockholders of The Detour Bank are hereby notified that the annual meeting for the election of thirteen Directors to manage the affairs of this Bank for the ensuing year, will be held on Monday, January 16, 1922, between the hours of 1 and 2 o'clock, P. M., at said Bank.

E. LEE ERB, Cashier.

Election of Directors.

Notice to the Stockholders of The Taneytown Garage Co. is hereby given that an election for seven directors of the Company, for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the Company, on Tuesday, Jan. 3, 1922, between the hours of 1 and 2 o'clock.

D. J. HESSON, President.

LOST

Certificate of Deposit.

Notice is hereby given that Certificate of Deposit No. 31675 for \$30.00 dated March 11, 1921, drawn to the order of Margaret I. Waybright, on The Birnie Trust Company, has been lost, and application has been made for the issue of a duplicate of the same.

MARGARET I. WAYBRIGHT.

Election of Directors.

Notice is hereby given to the Policy holders of The Taneytown Mutual Fire Ins. Co., of Taneytown, Md., that an election will be held for eight (8) directors to manage the affairs of said Company for the year, 1922. Election to be held at the office of the Company, Jan. 3, 1922, between the hours of 1 and 3 P. M.

Order of Board, DAVID A. BACHMAN, Secretary.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS will be inserted under this heading at One Cent a word, each week, counting name and address of advertiser—two initials, or a date, counted as one word. Minimum charge, 15 cents.

REAL ESTATE for sale, Two Cents each word. Minimum charge, 25 cents. BLACK TYPE will be charged double rate.

APPLY AT RECORD OFFICE ads not accepted—but will receive sealed replies. No personal information given. THIS COLUMN is specially for Wants, Lost, Found, Short Announcements, Personal Property for sale, etc.

HIGHEST CASH Prices paid every day for delivery of Poultry, Butter and Eggs. Specialty, 50c for delivery of Calves all day Tuesday, or Wednesday morning.—GEO. W. MOTTER.

RAW FURS WANTED. Also Butter, Eggs, Poultry, Guineas, Squabs and Calves, at highest cash prices. 50c a head for delivering Calves. Open every evening until 8 o'clock.—THE FARMERS' PRODUCE, H. C. Brendle, Prop'r.

HIGHEST CASH PRICES paid for Butter, Eggs and Poultry—50c for delivering Calves Tuesday evening or Wednesday.—FRANCIS SHAM, at the D. W. Garner's Warehouse.

HIGHEST CASH prices paid for Butter, Eggs, Calves and Poultry, at the New Produce House, formerly Schwartz's Produce. 50c for delivery of Calves.—W. A. MYERS, Phone 57M.

SHOE AND HARNESS Repairing will be done until further notice. No work done while waiting. Terms Cash.—HARRY E. RECK.

I WILL BE HOME January 4, with a fine lot of Virginia horses, and a few extra fine Colts 2½ and 3 yrs old. Call to see them. Will give square deal.—LEROY A. SMITH.

SO BELOW ZERO.—What'll happen to your Battery if the mercury drops to that point? With proper care and a little preparation now, it will stand most any kind of winter weather. Call—let us examine your Battery. Our advice will be helpful. Rest assured, if we recommend repairs, it will only be because they are absolutely necessary.—OHLER'S GARAGE, Taneytown.

FOR SALE.—One Fat Hog will weigh about 225 lbs dressed; also Apple Butter.—FRANK H. OHLER, Phone 48F11, Taneytown.

ALL PATRONS being in arrears for Papers from 3 to 6 months, or more, are requested to make settlement before Jan. 10, 1922. If not paid by that time, I will be compelled to cut you off my list. Settlement can be made at store.—JOHN CURTIS BOWERS, News-Dealer.

DRIED CORN for sale, by the pound, by Mrs. WALTER HILTEBRICK, near Kump.

BIG REDUCTION on Exide Storage Batteries. See us before buying. We also trade in old Batteries.—OHLER'S GARAGE, Taneytown.

FOR SALE.—30 head Shoats, by Edw. FITZ, near Mayberry.

LEFT-OVERS from Christmas Stock, one-third off regular price, Jan. 2, until Jan. 15. See display in Show window.—ROBT. S. MCKINNEY, Druggist.

BRING YOUR HIDES to the TANEYTOWN REDUCTION PLANT; this is headquarters.

2 AUTOMOBILES for sale. 1 Willys 6-cylinder, 5-passenger, Touring Car, has run about 7000 miles, in first-class condition. 1 Paige, 6-cylinder, 5-passenger Sport Car, excellent condition.—E. O. WEANT, Westminster.

NOTICE.—On and after January 1st, I positively will not give any more credit. All persons owing me, please pay before that date.—W. M. OHLER.

FOR SALE.—Frame Building, 7x12 ft. on what was the Eckenrode Estate. See D. W. GARNER, Agt.

HELVIG'S Garage.—The next time your car needs attention, drive in and I will give expert advice and prompt service, at low cost. Satisfaction guaranteed.—CHAS. D. HELVIG, Automobile Engineer, Tyrone, Md.

FOR SALE.—Dining room suit—Buffet, 8 ft. Extension Table and 6 Chairs, golden oak. Price \$25.00 cash. Address P. O. B. 186, Taneytown, Md.

BRING YOUR Broom Corn in—I'm making Brooms.—F. P. PALMER, Taneytown, Phone 40R.

WOOD FOR SALE, \$4.50 on ground or \$6.00 delivered.—LAWRENCE SMITH, near Trevanion.

BROOMS.—I'll make brooms again this winter.—FRANK P. PALMER, Taneytown, Phone 40R.

FEED TANKAGE! Feed Tankage. It is one of the best Protein feeds on the market and the price is low.—TANEYTOWN REDUCTION PLANT.

WARD OFF THE GRIPPE by toning the system with FETTLER. At this time of year a good tonic is essential. FETTLER is what you need.—MCKINNEY'S DRUG STORE.

AUTOMOBILE WHEELS.—We build and repair all styles and sizes.—NESS BROS. & COMPANY, Broad and Phila. Sts. York, Pa.

FORD TOURING, Top Cover and rear Curtain with free instructions, tacks, etc., for placing; 30 oz. rubber. Price \$7.00 prepaid. Examine, if not satisfactory, return and receive your money. Can furnish Tons for any car. Refer to People's or Citizens National Bank.—C. H. STONESIFER, Waynesboro, Pa.

BETWEEN SEASON weather condition upset one's physical make-up. The stomach is usually the first to feel the effect. Correct this by using FETTLER. For sale at MCKINNEY'S DRUG STORE.

FETTLER quickly overcomes Indigestion and Stomach Trouble. The ingredients in FETTLER are absolutely pure. FETTLER is not a beverage, but an ethical medicinal preparation.—MCKINNEY'S DRUG STORE.

Taneytown Grain and Hay Market
Wheat 1.08@1.08
Corn45@ .45
Rye80@ .80
Oats35@ .35

Taneytown's Leading Fashion Store

Standard Drop-head Sewing Machine

Koons Bros.

DEPARTMENT STORE

TANEYTOWN, MD.

Just as the ties of Friendship are strengthened at this Holiday season, so may our Business associations grow into mutual accord and confidence.

We greatly appreciate all the favors recieved by us from you, and aim to serve you helpfully in the future.

Koons Brothers.

New Year Greetings.

We desire to thank you for the business given us during the past year, and trust that our pleasant relations may be long continued.

J. W. Gitt Co.,
HANOVER, PA.

New Year Greetings.

We wish you a Happy New Year. We thank you for past patronage and trust we shall have the pleasure of serving you throughout the New Year

C. O. FUSS & SON

To Our Patrons.

We wish one and all a Happy New Year, and thank you for past patronage. We hope to be able to serve you better the coming year.

C. G. BOWERS.

Our Good Wishes

At this season of the year it affords us a welcome opportunity of extending to you, not only our cordial wishes for a Happy and Prosperous New Year, but also an occasion to thank you earnestly for your patronage during the year.

A. G. RIFFLE.