

YOU CAN'T AFFORD TO MISS READING, BECAUSE YOU ARE BUSY.

THE CARROLL RECORD

WHEN YOU MISS THE RECORD A WEEK, YOU ARE BEHIND TIME A WEEK.

VOL. 27.

Chesapeake & Potomac Telephone, 3-R.

TANEYTOWN, MARYLAND. FRIDAY, JULY 9, 1920.

Please watch the Date on your Paper.

NO. 2

ROAD LINKS THROUGH TOWNS TO BE BUILT FIRST

The Money Apparently in Sight to Complete the Work.

The State Road Commission has definitely decided to build the links through incorporated towns having state roads on both sides. The towns are Princess Anne, Pocomoke City, Snow Hill, Sharptown, Denton, Elkton, Belair, Emmitsburg, Taneytown, and a section of Frederick. The contract for the Manchester link has already been advertised for. The most of these stretches are short, the longest being three-fourths of a mile.

Perhaps the most extensively used link is that through Taneytown, as it includes the travel, largely, from Baltimore and Washington, to Gettysburg, Emmitsburg, the Blue Ridge mountain resort section, and to points on the Lincoln highway which is made use of by tourists to, and from the west.

The road-building campaign through the towns will come out of the residue of the 1918-1919 appropriation. It amounts to \$185,000. If the work costs more than this, some of the towns probably will be disappointed. Chairman Mackall said that he did not intend to spend any more money than is available. He will adopt a policy of favoring the towns where the connecting links of the State roads are most needed.

The Farmer and "the Fourth."

The most of our farmers very properly—under the conditions—celebrated "the Fourth" in the harvest field. Necessity knows no holidays, these times, and there is no higher demonstration of patriotism than doing one's paramount duties.

Thousands of men in the cities and towns would not have worked on the Fourth, under any consideration. If urged to do so by employers, they would have indignantly resented the request as high-handed interference with their "personal liberty;" and yet, these men are dependent for bread on the farmer, who took his holiday out in the fields, gathering not only his crops, but the crops on which the city workers must depend.

There is a pretty big difference between the mental attitude of different classes of workers. Some will work to save and conserve, and prevent suffering; while others are apt to use critical times and the urgent necessities of others, as the best times in which to gain their own selfish ends regardless of who may thereby suffer.

The wastage of food, the withholding of food shipments, the refusal to work at critical times of need, is not the farmers' way of doing business. Although we have heard such charges, we do not know of any instances in which farmers have conspired to limit production. Some are not farming so extensively, and crop acreages have been reduced, but not because of desire or conspiracy. Lack of help to do more is the cause.

The farmer has his selfish interests; but, considering his opportunities to make use of them, does so less than any other class of workers and producers on earth. It must be said to his credit that if every other class of workers and producers would act along his lines of practice, there would be little to complain of in the way of unfair dealing, and forceful taking advantage of power, throughout the country.

The Real Point at Issue.

The claim of a right to 6 percent return on capital invested in railroads, telephone companies, and the like, is understandable and justifiable; but what the country is most concerned about, is whether the claimed values of such investments are correct, or whether they are over-estimated.

This is the paramount question before the public, both as to the pending claims for increased freight rates, and for increased telephone charges. Both railroad and telephone properties are very essential public utilities, and must be kept in first-class, efficient, physical trim, and the people must supply the revenue needed. But, over-capitalization figures are to be feared, in the statements of the companies, and it is this end of the proposition over which no mistake must be made.

There is no valid argument to be held against the need of increased revenues for big operations. Resistance to such facts, is untenable. Public improvements, and public upkeep, cost more money, as well as do private operations on smaller scale. What the public wants, and has a perfect right to demand, is an exact statement of figures representing fair investment values, and equally fair and true expense statements.

Population of Penna. Towns.

Spring Grove's population is 1,115, a loss of 37 in the last 10 years. Jefferson, 514. The population of Adams County is 34,583. McSherrystown has 1800 people, a gain of 76 over 1910. New Oxford, 949, a gain of 111. Abbottstown, 334, a gain of 2. Littlestown, 1552, a gain of 205. East Berlin, 610, a loss of 62. Gettysburg, 4,439, a gain of 409. Arendtsville, 358. Biglerville, 539. Fairfield, 401. York Springs, 287. The population of Hanover is 8,664.

SUGAR FOR CANNING.

May be Necessary to Can All or Part of Fruits Without Sugar.

It will be wisdom on the part of housekeepers to can the usual amount of fruits and vegetables this year, even if part or all of the fruit must be canned without sugar, according to a statement issued by the U. S. Dept. of Agriculture.

From all present indications, sugar will be more abundant next winter, when the fruit will be used on the table, the department says. There will apparently be an increased acreage of both cane and beet sugar this year in the United States, Cuba, and in other countries in the Northern Hemisphere. The rise in the price of sugar has encouraged increased plantings of cane and beets.

In spite of a world shortage of sugar and a decrease of 400,000,000 pounds in domestic production, there has been used or hoarded during the current year in the United States 15 per cent more sugar than in former years. In fact, a greater supply of sugar than ever before has been handled in this country during the past few months, with net imports 25 per cent, or over 1,000,000,000 pounds, greater than in any previous period. It is obvious, therefore, that there has been no actual sugar shortage here this year. The difficulties encountered have arisen from the inability of the consumer to secure his share of the supply. Unless enormously increased amounts have been consumed, the trouble must be laid to hoarding, and it is very evident that large quantities are being held for future use both by housewives and commercial concerns.

During the past 50 years the consumption of sugar in the United States has steadily increased, at an average annual rate of 1 pound per year, until in the last few years the average yearly per capita consumption for all purposes is between 85 and 90 pounds. This compares with a per capita consumption of 58.9 pounds in 1899. The increased consumption of sugar by the soft-drink, candy, and ice cream industries during recent years has helped raise the total average, but to what extent is not known.

Carroll Farmers' Pic-nic.

At the last meeting of the Carroll County Advisory Council, it was decided to hold a Farmers' Pic-nic. The date was set for Saturday, August 21, to be held in the Meadow Branch Grove. The big idea is to get all the farmers of the county together to become acquainted. We are all in the same business, that of producing food, making better farm homes, and boosting the county.

A big interesting program is being arranged and will be published in the county papers soon. Mark the date on your calendar now and keep your date by being present. Bring a basket of lunch and enjoy the day. There will be special features for the boys and girls.

Milk Testers Must Get Certificate.

The dairymen of the county will be glad to know that the new law regarding milk testers, is being enforced. All persons testing milk in creameries, receiving stations, or any place where milk is bought on the test, must pass an examination before receiving a certificate.

Any tester who has not received an application blank can do so from the County Agent. The examination will be held in Baltimore.

Frederick County Electrical Service.

The harnessed power from the clouds, electricity, is taking the drudgery out of farming in Frederick county. This county leads the State in the development and utilization of electricity in rural sections. Nearly twenty towns have electric street lights, and the surrounding rural sections are fully developed.

Power and current is being supplied by the Hagerstown & Frederick Railway Company to these communities: Creagerstown, Thurmont, Lewistown, Catocin, Utica, LeGore, Jefferson, Woodsboro, Walkersville, Burkittsville, Buckeystown, Adamstown, Lime Kiln, Pearl, Braddock Heights, Middletown, Myersville.

An official of the traction company in a conversation with a reporter estimated that there are at least 2,000 subscribers to power outside of Frederick city.

In five years time the electrically equipped rural home has ceased to be unusual. In remote sections, miles from power lines, farmers have installed lighting systems, and manufacture their own power. There are homes in this county back in the mountains, the routes to them leading off tortuous roads, that are modern throughout, with their polished floors and myriad lights.

Power is not utilized solely for lighting purposes. Its installation has brought the electric iron, the washer, the churn, the stove. And so the housewife's work has been lightened and made pleasant.

As for the farmer himself, he uses electricity to operate his dairy. He grinds his own feed. He pumps the water for his stock. It runs the milker.

There are farmers in the county, with a penchant for raising thoroughbred chickens, who light their poultry pens early in the morning, thus increasing the productive days of their flocks.—Frederick News.

THE TAX RATE FOR CARROLL AND OTHER COUNTIES.

A General Increase in Taxation Throughout State.

The Board of County Commissioners has fixed the tax levy for 1920-21 at the rate of \$1.25 per \$100.00. We give the rate for this year, and the last year, showing the changes made. The rate is 2 cents higher.

	1919	1920
Public schools	.55	.61
Court, Salaries, Etc.	.08	.07
County Home	.08	.06
Large Bridges and Roads	.34	.33
County Roads	.10	.10
Election Expenses	.03	.03
County Jail	.01	.01
Collection Taxes	.01	.01
Board of Health	.01	.01
Miscellaneous	.03	.03
	\$1.23	\$1.25

Should women vote at the coming election, it is probable that the apportionment for election expenses will be greatly too small to meet the extra expense.

The tax rate in Carroll—\$1.25—is a matter for congratulation, by comparison with the rates for some other counties, even though it represents an increase of 2 cents over the rate of last year.

The rate in Frederick county is \$1.78, an increase of 52 cents.

Montgomery has a rate of \$1.19, an increase of 13 cents, and is believed to have the lowest rate in the State. Caroline county has named a rate of \$1.49, an increase of 31 cents. The rate in Somerset is \$1.96, the highest ever known in the county.

Frederick County's Tax Rate.

Reaching the highest mark ever recorded in the history of Frederick county, so far as is known, the county commissioners' Wednesday night set the tax rate for the ensuing year at \$1.78 on the \$100. Taxes are payable at once and interest will be charged after September 1st. The total amount of the county budget is \$744,431.21. The county's taxable basis is \$39,592,793.

The commissioners appropriated \$267,299.88 for schools, while the state appropriation for these institutions is \$106,588.07, making the total for schools, \$373,887.96. This does not include the authorized bond issue of \$125,000 for improvements.

The new tax rate will be \$1.78, 52 cents more than last year, which was \$1.26. In computing the rate the commissioners had to provide for more than \$125,000 caused by new laws passed by the last Legislature. Included in these were \$54,356.90 more for schools than last year and \$62,550 for lateral roads. The sum of \$3,750 was provided for interest on outstanding certificates and about \$6,000 more than last year was appropriated on account of the advance rates of state institutions.

Placing the county on a cash basis, under the budget system, was a factor also in adding to the amount of the budget. In providing for appropriations the commissioners were faced with the problems of the advanced cost of road and bridge building material. President Oland stated that every effort was made to keep down the appropriations, but that the commissioners were up against propositions that had to be met.

Among the larger items provided for are schools, \$267,299.88; roads and bridges, \$30,000; public roads, \$50,000; new bridge, \$8,500; lateral roads, \$62,550; Montevue Hospital, \$34,552.78; Lewistown and Creagerstown improved road, \$20,000; hospitals for insane, \$13,525; emergency fund, \$10,000; Federated Charities, \$3,400; new bridges, \$13,000; interest on bonded debt, \$17,014.50; county debt, \$30,000. The total debt of the county is about \$90,000 for which provision was made to pay off one-third.

Installation of Rev. G. Wilbur Shipley

Rev. G. Wilbur Shipley was installed pastor of the Piney Creek and the Taneytown Presbyterian churches, Sunday, June 27, by a committee from the Presbytery of Baltimore, the service at Piney Creek being at 10 o'clock, A. M., and in the town church at 8 P. M.

Rev. David M. Roderick conducted the services at both churches, and propounded the constitutional questions. Rev. F. E. Taylor, of Gettysburg, preached the sermon at each service. Mr. Roderick gave the charge both to pastor and the people, at Piney Creek, while at the evening service Mr. Roderick delivered the charge to the pastor, and Rev. J. T. Chase, of Emmitsburg, the charge to the congregation.

Special musical programs were rendered by the choirs of both churches.

Drys to Decide on Stand.

Westerville, O., July 8.—The attitude of the Anti-saloon League of America in the coming campaign will be decided in Columbus on July 22, at a meeting of the organization's executive committee, according to announcement made here today.

The League has not yet issued any statement with reference to its attitude toward the candidacies of Governor Cox and Senator Harding, according to Dr. Howard H. Russell, founder and associate general superintendent of the League.

VOTES FOR WOMEN.

The Voting Strength of the Nation Almost Doubled.

Perhaps very few realize just what votes for women will mean, providing the Constitutional Amendment is ratified by enough states, so they can vote at the Presidential election, this year. With the 1910 census as the basis, it is estimated that about 27,000,000 may vote, which is only about 2,500,000 short of the votes of men. In some states, women voters may be more numerous than men.

Just what this will mean to our election machinery, and to the cost of elections, remains to be seen. It is believed that many thousands of women will not exercise the voting privilege, notwithstanding the efforts that will be made by party leaders to have them qualify.

Their influence on the result, is a decidedly unknown quantity. Whether they will become attached partisans, like most men, or whether they will follow leaders and ideas of their own, can only be known after trial. Unquestionably, they will represent a tremendous voting power in governmental affairs, and it is quite probable that they will eventually share largely in holding public offices.

"Votes for Women" is likely to be an issue that will return to plague some of the now enthusiastic male supporters of the movement for one or the other of the parties may be completely submerged by the innovation.

The votes for women question is now up to four legislatures, North Carolina, Tennessee, Louisiana and Vermont. Legal fights are on as to the indorsement of West Virginia, and as to the legal right of Tennessee to pass on the question. If the action of West Virginia stands, but one more State is needed. The leaders of both parties are using pressure on the States to "save the party," by granting woman suffrage in time for the election this year.

Notes for Women in Pennsylvania.

County commissioners of Pennsylvania were urged this week, by Wm. I. Schaffer, attorney general, to have prepared the necessary registration books and other blanks to enable them to speedily assess and register the women of the State who may become electors at the November presidential election.

The suggestion by the attorney general came when word was received by Governor Sprout that the Vermont Legislature was to be called in special session on August 1 to ratify the suffrage amendment. Alertness on the part of county officials is needed to prevent a situation in Pennsylvania that will be difficult to handle and might deprive women of their vote.

The constitution provides that one of the qualifications for voting is that a State or County tax must be paid at least one month before the election, and that the elector shall have been assessed at least two months before the election. Only the women owning property are on the Pennsylvania assessment lists, and the great mass would only have three weeks in which to be assessed to meet the requirements of an assessment two months prior to the date of the election.

Attorney General Schaffer has said that Pennsylvania women will be entitled to vote without any enabling laws through a special session of the Legislature, provided they are assessed in time to pay the tax and are registered in time in all cities where personal registration is required. Women property owners in boroughs and townships can vote at any election as soon as the federal amendment is ratified by another State, but they must qualify.

Sandy Springs Robbery Case.

Within the next two or three days Judge Edward C. Peter is expected to order the grand jury to meet at Rockville, in special session to consider the case against John W. Mitchell, 39 years old, under arrest in New York on suspicion of having been one of the gang that robbed the bank at Sandy Spring and killed one of the directors, Frank M. Hallowell, on April 26. Mitchell has been positively identified by Asa M. Stabler, president of the bank.

If Mitchell is indicted it is understood to be the purpose of State's Attorney Thomas L. Dawson to ask the court to hold a special session of court at an early date to try Mitchell and Frank Wilson and Clarence Adams, already under indictment for complicity in the Sandy Spring robbery and murder, and now in jail in Baltimore.

Marriage Licenses.

Charles Hammond Gist and Lillian Elmira Phillips, both of Westminster. George R. Warner, and Alice L. Jackson, both of Baltimore.

Jeremiah B. Newcomer and Carrie Susan Knipple, both of Taneytown. Harry Albert Starner, of Hanover, and Mary Rose Kachler, of McSherrystown.

The cherry trees of the country have again taken their annual big toll of life and limb, in thousands of cases throughout the country. Cherry trees are especially deceiving in appearance, like some people—fair outside, but weak and sometimes rotten, in their inner fibre—not to be depended on for substantiability.

COX & ROOSEVELT WINNERS AT SAN FRANCISCO

The Selections Received With Varying Measures of Content.

Governor James M. Cox, of Ohio, was nominated as the Democratic standard bearer in San Francisco, Monday night, on the forty-fourth ballot, after a hard fought battle for McAdoo and Palmer. The withdrawal of the latter, before the 39th ballot, brought about the end of the contest.

The result is widely regarded as a victory for the Anti-Wilson wing of the party, but there is no evidence that the nominee will not be fully supported by the administration. The "wet" influence is also credited with having been back of the Cox candidacy.

Mr. Bryan confesses to great disappointment, and said, "my heart is in the grave for our cause." He was hurt because prohibition was not indorsed, and said the failure "opened the door to the nomination of a wet candidate."

When asked if he would have anything to do with the third party movement, which begins its convention in Chicago July 10, or would indorse its candidate, Mr. Bryan replied:

"I do not care to discuss any other movement. It took the Democratic convention quite a while to decide on a candidate, and the individual voters have about four months in which to consider the claims of the candidates. I shall use a part of that four months in considering the question."

On Tuesday, Franklin D. Roosevelt, of New York, Assistant Secretary of the Navy, was nominated for Vice-President by acclamation. This is regarded as a compromise, and as recognition of the administration. The candidate is only 38 years old. He is only a distant relative of the late Col. Theodore Roosevelt.

Viewed without prejudice, the nominations are strong, at least from the standpoint of vote getting. Governor Cox has demonstrated his strength in his home state by being elected Governor three times. That he has had no experience in National affairs, is not regarded as a serious handicap, as many other candidates have been named for their prospects of winning, rather than because of special fitness. The Governorship of a state is regarded as a perfectly proper stepping stone to the Presidency.

The ticket will also be stronger, because not closely identified with the Wilson regime. Party loyalty of the leaders tended strongly toward backing the President, but the real desire of most of them was to cut loose and try a new leadership, less dictatorial, and pointing toward greater party union.

The result, like that of the Chicago convention, has been received conservatively. Also, the two conventions have left their sore spots, and their uncertain quantities. The Johnsonism of Chicago, is equalled by the Bryanism of San Francisco. The two platforms, also, have failed to please everybody. Both "dodged" delicate subjects—notably, prohibition—and were guarded relative to the labor question leaving to the candidates, themselves in their campaigns, the opportunity to enlarge on these topics if they feel disposed.

Proceedings of the Orphans' Court

Tuesday, July 6, 1920.—Preston P. and Nora Ecker, executors of Hettie A. Ecker, deceased, settled their second and final account.

The sale of real estate of Julia Jane Coon, deceased, was finally ratified and confirmed.

The sale of real estate of Agnes M. Shreeve, deceased, was finally ratified and confirmed.

Hanna M. Lee, executrix of Jesse King, deceased, settled her first and final account.

May E. Croft, administratrix of Joseph Croft, deceased, settled her first and final account.

Susan A. and Elwood L. Murray, executors of Charles W. Murray, deceased, received an order to sell real estate.

Wednesday, July 7, 1920.—Geo. L. Stocksdale, executor of Eliza J. Stocksdale, deceased, received an order to transfer securities.

Charlotte L. Billingslea, executrix of Dr. James Howell Billingslea, deceased, received an order to sell stocks and bonds.

Transfers of Real Estate.

John McIlvain and wife, to Augustus Smith, 2 acres and 139 perches, for \$200.

William Yount et al, to J. Augustus Smith, 4 acres and 103 perches, for \$56.89.

Ernest E. Shaffer and wife, to Jas. D. Mitchell et al, 6375 square feet, for \$220.

Clinton E. Vansant and wife, to Carl H. Spurrier and wife, 19,400 sq. ft., for \$250.

Noah H. Arter and wife, to George V. Miller, 8 acres, for \$5.00.

Walter F. Coppersmith et al, to Joshua Gist, several lots for \$1.00.

James A. C. Bond and wife, to Jas. E. Boylan, Jr., 4273½ sq. ft., for \$3000.

Lewis W. Class and wife, to Harry G. Sandruck, several lots, for \$1600.

Florence E. Earhart and husband, to Geo. W. Sandruck, 2 rods, for \$75.

Joseph Englar to Christian M. Horst and wife, several tracts for \$15,000.

THE THIRD PARTY, NEXT.

The Extreme Progressives and Labor Will Try to Unite.

The third party movement will hold a get-together effort, in Chicago, Saturday and Monday. It is not very seriously regarded by either of the leading parties, though it is practically certain that a new party of some sort will result. Mr. Bryan has been especially invited to attend, but that does not mean that he will attend, as "wetness" is generally believed to be one of the outstanding characteristics of the new proposition.

The committee of forty-eight, having the matter in charge, has issued the following statement:

"The results of the Democratic convention make the organization of a new political party a certainty.

"The Republican convention adopted a reactionary platform and selected an Old Guard candidate.

"The people of the United States expected relief from the Democratic convention. Again their hopes were shattered. The Cox nomination was put through by notorious bosses representing a political alliance between big business and the Tenderloin. Governor Cox holds his nomination through Murphy, Taggart and the Sullivan machine in Illinois."

Cox's Ohio Record Minimized.

Although James Middleton Cox has been hailed as a three-time governor of Ohio, figures show that in each instance he was elected by a fluke. In 1912 he was elected because the Republican party was divided, the Progressives also having a ticket in the field.

In 1914, Frank Y. Willis defeated Cox by 30,000. The Republican party again was split that year, James R. Garfield being the Progressive nominee for governor.

In 1916 Cox was elected by a plurality of 6616, while Wilson carried the State by more than 89,000.

In 1918, when Cox was elected by 11,944 votes, Hamilton county gave him a plurality of 16,605, for which it is asserted, Cox must thank the German-American alliance wards of Cincinnati.—Phila. Ledger.

"Standard News."

The Record is using quite a varied assortment of paper. In the same bale the paper will be white, yellow, heavy and thin. This is what is called "standard news." The mills seem to be making paper for the country weeklies, out of almost anything, but how they succeed in mixing it up, is beyond us. Perhaps that is where the "standard" comes in.

The city papers are getting, as a rule, a clear white, evenly made paper, at about 6 cents per pound. The country papers must pay from 14 cents to 17 cents per pound, and take the stuff they get. We have some better paper on hand, but as "standard news" deteriorates, we must first use it up. Our patrons, however, are going to get better and white paper, after while.

"Short-Sighted People Selling Liberty Bonds."

If the market is flooded with tomatoes, you can buy them cheap, but if everyone is clamoring for tomatoes and there are few to be had, the price goes up. The same is true of Liberty Bonds.

Short-sighted people are dumping them on the market and wise ones are buying them. The best advice that can be given to the owner of the Liberty Bond is this:

Hold the bond you bought during the war; it is as safe and sound as the United States Government itself.

Buy as many more at the present low rate as you can afford. If you hold them to maturity, you are bound to make the difference between what they sell at now and their face value. You will also receive good interest on your investment.—G. C. Selden in Magazine of Wall Street.

Business Notes of the Week.

The new railroad rates are expected to be announced early in August, and be effective Sept. 1. The rates will be dependent, to some extent, on the labor scale, also to be announced soon.

Corn and provisions made a heavy decline in Chicago, this week, big receipts and good crop conditions being announced as the cause.

One of the greatest shortages in this country, is in glass for building purposes. This is in part due to the tremendous destruction of glass during the war, and to the destruction of glass factories and machinery.

All western crop reports are uniformly favorable, both for wheat and corn. Only wet weather is now feared in the great northwestern wheat belt, where harvesting has not yet commenced.

Springfield Hospital Full.

For the first time in its history, Springfield State Hospital, at Sykesville, Maryland's asylum for the insane, is filled to capacity. Dr. J. Clement Clarke, superintendent, has notified county commissioners of the counties of the State that they must commit no insane to the institution without first ascertaining whether there be any vacancies.

Freight conditions are again normal. Some of the recent strikers have lost their jobs, and most of them have lost former priority rights as employees.

THE CARROLL RECORD

(NON-PARTISAN)
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P. B. ENGLAR, Editor and Manager.

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ADVERTISING rates will be given on application, after the character of the business has been definitely stated, together with information as to space, position, and length of contract. The publisher reserves the privilege of declining all offers for space.

All advertisements for 2nd, 3rd, 6th, and 7th pages must be in our Office by Tuesday morning each week; otherwise insertion cannot be guaranteed until the following week.

Entered at Taneytown Post-office as Second Class Matter.

FRIDAY, JULY 9, 1920.

All articles on this page are either original, or properly credited. This has always been a fixed rule with this office, and we suggest the adoption of it by our exchanges.

The convention scheme of staging continuous applause for long periods, is merely a waste of time. Nobody is fooled by "applause for forty-five minutes" for everybody knows that it was manufactured for the purpose of publishing such a statement of fact—for the advertising effect of it. The thing that counts, in politics, is what the quiet thinker is going to do, and howling does not affect him.

It isn't Denmark; but where?

Now comes a big wail from the Kansas City Star, the leading paper of the West, that paper has gone to \$120.00 a ton, and postage rates have been increased, all of which requires another advance in its subscription rates. Incidentally, it says this \$120 a ton price is "an advance of 300 percent."

Let us get at this more closely. If we figure right \$120.00 a ton, is 6c a pound. Country weeklies hereabouts have been paying, recently, about 17c a pound, which we again figure to be about \$340.00 a ton. No country weekly raised its rate because of \$120.00 a ton paper. They would be mighty glad to get it at that price, and say nothing.

What is the secret, anyway, of \$120.00 per ton paper for the city papers, and \$340.00 a ton for the little old weeklies. Is it the difference between buying in ton lots, and car lots? If it is, then country users could easily get together and manage car load orders. No, the answer is nothing like that. Will somebody tell us just what it is?

As we vulgarly remarked some time ago, there is "something rotten" about the paper proposition, and it is not as far away as "Denmark."

Maryland's Moral Reputation.

The last issue of "The Christian Citizen" goes into detail relative to the various acts of the last legislature concerning the race tracks, Sunday baseball, and like moral measures, and shows that even these compromising laws are not enforced. Also, a further tabulation of the votes of members of the legislature on such measures, is made in detail, showing numerous inconsistencies.

As long as our officials, high and low, compromise with evil, and the public generally stands for it, just so long will there be these stories of evil-tainted laws, and the non-enforcement of these compromise laws. A distinctly wet delegation at the San Francisco convention shows up Maryland. Even the great wine State—California—voted 21 to 5 against the wine and beer plank.

With "wetness" and an "open Sunday" indorsed, openly, and in defiance even of a la Maryland laws, and worked in combination, things moral and religious are at a pretty low ebb in this State—especially in Baltimore. The question is therefore pertinent—Does Maryland actually have a majority of voters—professing Christians and all—that favors and wants the reputation our State has, or are our good people blind to the dangers that their weakness and unconcernedness is leading to?

Danger Ahead!

It is apparently growing quite the thing to show one's liberality—one's inclination not to make righteousness too unpalatable. We do not surrender our basis principles against wrong-doing, but we rather like to show that we are not so strait-laced that we can not make allowances for things that are perhaps not wholly wrong. So, we show our liberal tendencies, and are rather proud that we are not advocates of "blue laws," and generously admit that "times have changed," and that some of the wide-open customs of the times, are justifiable.

So, we have an extension of Sunday selling laws; we agree to nearly all sorts of Sunday auto trips that

are in fact, picnics and excursions. We worked for prohibition, and the close of the saloons, yet we would liberalize the Volstead law. Perhaps the simple liberalizing of the law has apparently good reasoning back of it; but, we know at the same time that by our advocacy of it, we are pleading with those who do not want a liberal amendment of the law, but want it torn into pieces—nullified.

Sunday baseball? Well, there is something to be said for the healthful outdoor exercise for young men, who perhaps can not find the time for it during the busy week days. It may also be true that it is no worse to witness a game, than it is to take a day's auto outing. We are not clear on the question of the "appearance of evil," and find a good many pegs on which to hang our liberal views on the whole category of Sabbath day usages and customs; so, we do not draw the lines very closely, and admit that there are two sides to the question.

But, may not our very liberality be dangerous for the future? The entering wedges—the compromise—that we so generously make, are always being taken advantage of. Whenever we begin to temporize with law, and with practices—the old sort that we used to have—are we not tending toward a break-down, very gradually of course, of the conditions and moral standards under which the country for so many years enjoyed exceptional peace?

We may well take heed of fearing to be "old fashioned," in a good many ways. We must take heed, too, that we of the present can only start things. In a little while, we too will pass away, but the things we have started, and excused—what will be done with them by those who follow? Many a man has planned a good thing, only for it to be wrecked by somebody who succeeded him. And then, we must always consider that while we can handle dangerous things safely, others can not. It is continuously necessary for us to be thinking of how our example may influence others, and be taken advantage of—misused—by others.

CONGRATULATIONS.

We understand that \$600.00 was appropriated to each county in the State by the last legislature for the publication of Public General Laws. As the Record did not expect to "get in" on the deal, it is not disappointed; and as our neighbor, the Advocate, seems to have fallen heir to the whole appropriation, we offer our congratulations on its being able to get such a nice slice of "easy money" these strenuous times.

To the papers that expected part of it, but did not get it, we with the same generous spirit offer our condolences. It is always best for us not to set our affections on the things that perish, but rather to set them on things that abide, and among these is the satisfaction growing out of the rewards of honest toil—which is also a matter for congratulation.

We also congratulate the Record, on its being out of line with the bequest. Such things are enervating. As long as we know that we must "fight it we would win," we will be all the better off, not only in peace of mind, but as a Carroll Record of events, things, and public sentiment.

Government Regulation not the Thing Needed.

Government ownership and operation, as an extensive proposition, is not to be thought of for the big business projects of the country. What is known as "government regulation" still seems to be in favor, but there are reasonable doubts as to the propriety of a very great extension, even of this. If we could have genuine competition between industries, railroads, and the like, and no combinations, or secret agreements, between them to control the charges for their service, the probability is that this would be all the "regulation" needed, for government regulation rightfully means only the protection of the public against extortion.

With the government interfering with wages—for instance, of railroad employees and mine workers—we have revisions universally upward, of wages, and freight and passenger revenues, and the selling price of coal. The "regulating" is always at the expense of the consumer.

While we agree that labor would stand a chance of not getting its just dues in an open contest with employers, without "government regulation," it seems to us results have shown that with regulation, it is quite apt to get more than its just share, because of the influence of labor votes in the political balance, and that this official regulation plan is decidedly apt to go in the direction of the least resistance, and the least political trouble.

Besides "governmental regulation" of only a few industries, and the labor thereof, leaves the unregulated unprotected—to pay the cost, largely,

of the regulated benefits of others. "Governmental regulation," therefore, is far from a just and perfect expedient, not only for labor as a whole, but industry as a whole; and taking all of the people and all of the country, as a whole, it is to be doubted whether this sort of regulation is beneficial, and whether, perhaps, we would not be better off, if the government would let capital and business run itself and make its own deals with labor; but more vigorously ferreting out and punishing trusts, combinations, and trade agreements, whereby competition is prevented, and the free operation of supply and demand is nullified. There must be some plan for bringing about honest relations between capital, labor, and the public, but it does not seem to us to rest in the sort of government regulation we have been experimenting with.

The Purpose of the Strike.

What is the purpose of the strike? First it was said by the strikers' spokesmen they wanted a higher scale of wages. Now they say they want a "closed shop." In labor parlance a closed shop is a place in which no one can work unless he is a unionist. A closed shop for the port of Philadelphia would mean not only that no one but a union labor member could work on wharf, pier or ship, but also that no freight could be shipped through the port unless union made. If the closed-shop principle were accepted by the shipping interests, it would be tantamount to closing the port of Philadelphia.

Strikes are going to be fewer in America because jobs are becoming fewer. A little while back, when the job was seeking the man, pleading with the man, the man could do as he pleased. Now it looks as if, through the contraction of business, owing to the lessening of production, the man will be seeking the job and may have some trouble getting it.

The striking longshoremen would be wise if they called off the strike. They have injured the port seriously and they may injure it more. They have injured themselves not only to the extent of the \$700,000 or \$800,000 they have lost in wages but in driving business away from Philadelphia and lessening the amount of work for them to do.

There is just as much intolerance in demanding that every man who works on the Delaware river front be a labor unionist and that all freight be union made as there would be in demanding that all labor be of a certain religious denomination and all freight be made by members of that church.

The sooner labor appreciates that this is a free country and has been so since 1776, and that the closed shop is violative of a man's rights, the better.—Richard Spillane, in Philadelphia Ledger.

Hot Shot From Quakertown.

The following editorial clipping from the Philadelphia Ledger (and the Ledger is commonly credited with being a little Quakerish) is pretty good proof that all of the "hot stuff" going between "esteemed contemporaries" is not confined to the country weekly. The peculiarity in this case, is, that it is the "city of Brotherly love" that shoots a warm one at "Gotham."

"Although the views of William Randolph Hearst are unimportant, his loves, scandals though they sometimes are, remain topics of some public interest. Mr. Hearst is so well known as the publisher of a string of newspapers for the feeble-minded that his slightest movement evokes a reaction in the public mind. For while it is true that Mr. Hearst's newspapers are scanned, with due reservation, by certain members of the intelligentsia, his appeal chiefly is to those who are a trifle 'baldy in the bean.' That makes him institutional and a fitting subject for comment."

Scorned by the Democrats and repulsed in his attempt to involve the Republican party in a sordid and pitiful liaison, Mr. Hearst seeks another political light-o'-love. He is making overtures to Senator Jim Reed. Those who know Senator Reed well would not be surprised to hear that he had slapped Mr. Hearst in the mouth. The Senator is, at times, unconventional. He has the trick of coquettishly tossing his iron-gray mane. But he is not at all the sort of person Mr. Hearst apparently takes him to be, and there is little question that he will resist the former's insidious advances. The Senator is one of those who regard the home ties as sacred, and he has never indulged in indiscriminate flirtation."

Mrs. Linda Harrod Endorses Chamberlain's Tablets.

"I suffered for years with stomach trouble and tried everything I heard of but the only relief I got was temporary until last spring I saw Chamberlain's Tablets advertised and procured a bottle of them from our druggist. I got immediate relief from that dreadful heaviness and pain in the stomach after eating. Since taking two bottles I can eat anything I want without distress" writes Mrs. Linda Harrod, Ft. Wayne Ind.

—Advertisement

JAPAN REALLY BACK NUMBER

Writer Brings Forward Arguments to Prove That the Chinese Are the More Progressive.

It may strike the western reader as simply funny, but more than one Chinese friend has assured me that it is the Japanese people who are really conservative. And they back up their assertion by evidence other than the way in which Japan has clung through all historic vicissitudes, to a primitive theocracy, John Dewey writes in Asia Magazine. They point out, for example, that a thousand years ago the Japanese borrowed the present style of clothing and of household furnishing, of sitting and sleeping on mats, from China; that China has changed several times, moving constantly in the direction of practical utility, of ingenious adaptation of means to needs. The Chinese cuisine is another argument. It is doubtless the most extensive in the world in the variety of material employed for food, and also the most varied in its combinations. Academic analysis may despise arguments drawn from food, clothing, shelter and furnishings. But when one notes the variety and ingenuity of the processes and appliances used in daily life and in the crafts, one is certain that the Chinese mind is naturally observant and adaptive. But it seems unnecessary to labor the question. Many charges have been brought against the Chinese, but no one has ever accused them of stupidity. Their undoubted conservatism is something to be explained rather than an explanation of anything.

TO PRISON FOR WITCHCRAFT

Canadian Authorities Revive Ancient Statute That Will Appear Absurd to Modern Understanding.

It has been a little more than 200 years since anyone was convicted of witchcraft on this continent, says the Columbus Dispatch, and we supposed that there would never again be any more convictions. But it seems that such prosecutions have been revived, for here comes a report from a Canadian court to the effect that a young woman over there has lately been sentenced to prison for "practicing witchcraft," for all the world like the accusations that used to be filed against people in this country.

The young woman in this case claimed to be able to tell who committed a certain theft in her neighborhood. She said a farmer's oats had been stolen by a man and a boy; that they drove a bay mare, and proceeded westward after the robbery, and that they would be found at a certain place, about 40 miles away. The officers found her story to be true, and arrested the parties who robbed the farmer, but as the young woman who gave the information was in no position to know the facts she related except through communing with "the spirits," people began talking about her being a witch, with the result that an ancient statute was invoked and the girl prosecuted and sent to jail for her pains in aiding the officers of the law. If it were not all duly recorded in the newspapers we could not believe it.

"Rent Free" Houses.

At Llewellyn, Pa., there are 60 empty houses, which for years have stood untenanted, a veritable deserted village in the beautiful valley of the West Branch of Chester creek. Even the war with its demands, failed to repeal the town. About a month ago some of the houses were rented and a jitney line was established between the town and Chester. Still there remained 60 houses that were fast going into decay by reason of not being occupied. The owners conceived the idea of having the properties fixed up by giving them rent free to workmen who would repair them and take care of them. The only stipulations made in selecting tenants are that they be respectable and thrifty people who will take pride in maintaining and improving the houses and that they agree to make all repairs at their own expense.

Perfumed Petrol.

Will motorists in the future perfume our streets with the scent of attar of roses instead of the evil-smelling mixture which offends our nostrils as they pass?

The question is suggested by the statement that a quarter of a million gallons of motor spirit can be produced in the Hyderabad state of India by distilling the flowers of the mowra tree.

Mowra flowers are very rich in sugar, and a ton of the dried flowers produces as much as 90 gallons of 95 per cent pure spirit. They have long been in use for the preparation of a native alcoholic liquor; but only a small proportion of the trees available is needed for this purpose.

Resourceful Prevaricator.

A Lancashire man, who was afraid of his wife, arranged to go to the races with some friends, and explained to her that he was going fishing. On his way he called at a fish shop and asked the proprietor to send some fish home. Fish was very scarce that day, and a lot of cods' heads were delivered. When hubby returned home, after an enjoyable time, he said to his wife: "Well, lass, did you get the fish I sent you?"

"I got a lot of cods' heads," was her reply.

"Quite right," was the retort. "You never saw such fish in your life as we had to tackle today. Before you could land 'em, you had to pull their blooming heads off!"—London Answers.

HESSON'S DEPARTMENT STORE

Mid-Summer Special Sale of First-Class Merchandise

A Great Sale of First-class Seasonable Merchandise at a Big Saving to our many Customers. We have not bought in a quantity of Second-grade Merchandise for this occasion, but every piece is of the Highest Grade—just as we have been offering right along. Don't fail to take advantage of this opportunity to save yourself money.

Sale Begins Thursday, July 8th and Closes Thursday, July 15th

BEST QUALITY MATTINGS, 50c.

During this sale we offer our best quality Straw Mattings, that have been selling all along at 60c, at the very low price of 50c per yard.

SHORT ENDS OF MATTINGS AT ONE-HALF FORMER PRICE

SHIPPENSBURG WORK PANTS

that sell regularly at \$3.00, during the special sale, \$2.75.

\$1.50 SILK POPLIN, 98c.

Our entire line of Silk Poplins, that have sold regularly at \$1.25 and \$1.50, all the standard shades, during this sale, 98c.

CREPE-DE-CHINE and GEORGETTE SILK, \$1.98

A full line of the above, that sold for \$2.50 to \$3.50, are now being offered at the extremely low price of \$1.98 per yard.

BIG DISCOUNT ON ALL DRESS GOODS

During this sale we will sacrifice our entire stock of Wool Dress Goods, as follows:

\$3.00 reduced to \$2.65
2.50 " " 2.19
2.25 " " 1.98
2.00 " " 1.78
1.50 " " 1.32
1.00 " " .87

9x12 GRASS RUGS, \$8.98

Best quality, beautiful design Rugs, that have sold from \$11.00 to \$13.50; our sale price, \$8.98.

3x6 GRASS RUGS, \$1.79

We have only a few of these left, and their former price was \$2.00. While they last, \$1.79.

\$2.25 SILK HOSE, \$1.93

A beautifully Knit Ladies' Silk Hose, in Black, White or Cordovan, that is worth much more than the original; but during this sale will go for \$1.93.

LADIES' \$1.50 BLACK STRIPED SILK HOSE, \$1.29

These were bought at a very reasonable price, and if bought now would be worth much more than \$1.50, and will be offered during the sale at \$1.29.

Lot of Ladies' White Silk Hose at 32c.

LADIES' BLACK SILK HOSE, \$1.59

These sold regularly at \$1.75, but will be offered during the sale week at the low price of \$1.59.

MEN'S \$1.25 BEST QUALITY SILK HOSE, OUR SALE PRICE, 98c.

BEST QUALITY DRESS GINGHAMS, 39c.

Only during this sale will we offer our entire lot of Dress Gingham, in plain and fancy patterns, at this price. These are the leading brands and the best quality and you cannot afford to miss this sale.

LANCASTER & AMOSKEAG APRON GINGHAMS, 27c.

They are not LIKE the Amoskeags and Lancasters, but the REAL THING. A rare opportunity to get them at these prices.

SALE PRICES ON SHOES.

\$2.50 White Pumps and Oxfords, \$2.29

\$4.75 Black and Cordovan Oxfords, \$4.39

\$7.00 Men's Oxfords (Cordovan), \$6.45

\$7.50 Men's Cordovan Bals, \$6.90

\$5.85 Men's Black Shoes, \$5.39

\$4.75 Work Shoes, Army last, \$4.39

\$4.00 Work Shoes, Black and Tan, \$3.69

\$4.75 Scout Shoes, \$4.39

Watch our Special Sale Shoe Box, for other bargains in odds and ends of Shoes. You will find values worth while there, if we have your size.

12 CAKES PALM OLIVE SOAP, \$1.04.

35c DRIED PEACHES, 31c lb.

25c BOX LETTER PAPER, 18c.

REMNANT'S REMNANTS

At this time we will have on sale our usual big values in Short Ends in Muslins, Gingham, Dress Goods, Etc. Watch the Centre Table for bargains not mentioned in this ad. We aim to keep it stocked with bargains.

O. N. T. CROCHET COTTON, 13c, 2 for 25c.

Notwithstanding the fact that it costs us more than this, it will be sold at this price only during this sale.

Coupons will be given during this Sale as usual

Happy Old Age

Of course youth is the great time for happiness, but old age has its compensations, too, provided age represents the declining years of a well-spent life.

But to be happy in old age there must be a good competence secured during the productive years of life. We all must grow old. There is no avoiding it, but there is a way of avoiding a penniless, poverty-stricken old age. That's why we urge people to start a savings account which will be a friend in need as you travel along, and a great comforter during your declining years.

THE BIRNIE TRUST CO. TANEYTOWN, MD.

Quality

is to be found in its highest degree in Mathias' Monuments. This is a fact that is well known and fully appreciated by my many customers.

It is my reputation for quality that has secured for me the business of those in search of fine monuments—and my prices are moderate.

Before you buy, acquaint yourself with the values represented in my line of monuments, headstones and markers.

500 Marble and Granite Monuments and Headstones in Stock to select from. Buy where you can see the goods.



All Stones delivered anywhere by Auto Truck. JOSEPH L. MATHIAS, Westminster, Md. Phone; 127 East Main St. Opposite Court Street.

POULTRY



HOW TO RID FLOCK OF FLEAS

Necessary to Clean and Spray Houses and Runs Thoroughly and Then Treat the Fowls.

In many of the Southern and Southwestern states fowls and chicks are often infested by a species of flea, commonly known as the "stick-tight" flea, because of its habit of sticking to one place on the bird instead of moving about like lice and mites. They are usually found in clusters on the comb, wattles, and around the eyes. Chicks, when infested, often die quickly. Old fowls, while usually stronger and more resistant, will cease laying, or nearly so, and sometimes die as the result of the attacks.

"Stick-tight" fleas breed in cracks and crevices of brood coops and poultry houses, and dry animal or vegetable refuse, but not in damp or wet places. Therefore, to get rid of them it is necessary to clean and spray the houses and runs thoroughly, as well as to treat the birds, say poultry specialists in the United States department of agriculture. Grease the comb and wattles of the fowls and chicks with a preparation of kerosene and lard—one part kerosene to three parts of lard—being very careful not to use too much of the mixture or get any of it in the birds' eyes or on other places where it is not necessary, as it may cause injury if used too freely.

Clean and spray the coops and houses thoroughly, the same as for poultry mites; also wet or spray the



Handy Device for Spraying.

yards or runs, especially any dry soil about the poultry houses, such as dirt floors or ground underneath a board floor, with a solution of salt and water, which helps to keep the ground moist and prevents the fleas from breeding.

OYSTER SHELLS ARE NEEDED

Lime is Essential for Hens to Manufacture Eggs—Fowls Will Balance Own Ration.

Pullets and hens do better for having oyster shell as a regular part of their ration. This was proved by the New York experiment station some years ago, when a poultry writer condemned the use of oyster shell as unnecessary.

It was proved that a pound of oyster shell contains enough lime to manufacture about seven dozen eggs. This should not be fed in the mash. Fowls know more about what they need to eat than we do. If they have the oyster shell, ground bone, meat scraps and grit in hoppers before them, with a variety of ground grains in dry mash, they will balance their ration better than we can balance it for them.

DUST BATH VERY IMPORTANT

To Control Chicken Lice It is Necessary That Fowls Be Given Some Light Material.

One important condition in controlling chicken lice is to give the fowls abundant opportunity to dust themselves. For this purpose, dust, air slaked lime, ashes, or any light, dusty material is suitable. Fresh, slightly damp (but not wet) earth in which to scratch or dust should always be available.

TURKEYS ARE HARD TO RAISE

Reason Is Because Poults Are Allowed to Become Chilled or Damp and Infested.

Many people say that turkeys are too hard to raise, and fewer of them are raised from the number of eggs set than any other kind of fowl. This is almost always because the little poults are allowed to get chilled or damp or lousy during the first month or six weeks. After that age turkeys are the hardest of fowls.

STONES KEEP THEIR SECRET

Restoration of Stonehenge Has Revealed Nothing New of Interest to the Antiquarian.

The restoration of Stonehenge has revealed fresh evidence as to the original building of the famous circle. There are indications that the entire monument was surrounded by a circle of at least 40 stones, not one of which remains today.

The office of works, in conjunction with the society of antiquaries, is overhauling the monument, replacing the fallen stones and exploring the site. Excavations have revealed sockets for a number of stones that are no longer in existence, but history cannot account for their absence.

During the excavations a number of hammer stones, chisels and burnt bones were found, also many articles of more modern origin, scraps of Roman remains, pennies and farthings of varying date even up to the present time. The places where these coins were found are a problem in themselves. Why, for example, should a half-penny of George III be found deeper in the earth than a farthing of James I?

A new map of the monument is to be drawn and preserved in the Antiquaries museum, but the object of the excavations, the discovery of the origin and purpose of the famous monument, is still unsolved by the recent work.—London Times.

CENTER OF HUN WAR POWER

Ruhrort, With Its Splendid River Harbor, Really the Most Important City of Germany.

Ruhrort, which had the largest river harbor in Europe, and which included the Ruhr basin, was the power plant of Germany's former industrial machine and mighty war engine.

Between the Rhine and Ruhr is Duisburg, city of rolling mills, foundries and factories. This beehive of industry was once a university town, but the school was supplanted by factories. Duisburg is connected with the Ruhr by a canal.

Farther up the Ruhr is Witten, important not only for its steel, but also for beer, soap and chemicals. The Ruhr basin coal fields not only were important to Germany because of their heavy production, but because they alone were accessible for water importation of ores. A canal connected Dortmund, a city of the Ruhr basin, with the Ems river, thus affording an outlet to the North sea at Emden. The Ruhr was made navigable from the Rhine to Witten, some 35 miles, by means of locks.

Connoisseur of Feminine Beauties.

An extraordinary request from a professor of anthropology in Vienna was received by the Western Australian minister for education, Mr. Colebatch. This Austrian professor appeals to the minister "as a connoisseur of feminine beauties" for photographs of several hundreds of the most beautiful women in Western Australia. He intends to publish these photographs in an illustrated catalogue of the beauties of all countries. While Mr. Colebatch's sense of humor has come to his assistance and prevented him from sending the extremely blunt replies vouchsafed trade letters from Austria and Germany, it may be understood without fear of contradiction that the Viennese professor will not publish the Western Australia reply. If a selection of press comments on the professor were forwarded to him he would recognize that Western Australia girls have the knack of saying the right thing in the right way at the right time.

It Followed.

When Aunt Helen kept company with a young lieutenant in the army she prevailed on her ten-year-old nephew to wear a soldier overcoat. The young lieutenant was succeeded by a boy scout executive, and Bobby received a boy scout uniform, which he had to wear to please auntie.

But the boy scout executive and Aunt Helen have disagreed and Bobby has been much interested in knowing who will be his successor in winning Aunt Helen's attentions. The other day he made a discovery, and came running in the house to tell mother about it.

"Oh, mother," he began, "you might as well get me a Prince Albert coat, a white vest and a tie. Aunt Helen is beginning to warm up to the minister." —Indianapolis News.

Sidetracked.

Fire runs have always been my pet worry when driving a car, so when I heard the excited clanging of a bell while riding through one of the city parks recently I pulled over to the curb, almost running into a lamp post in my rush. Then I turned around to watch the engines and discovered two small boys on a pushmobile holding the center of the boulevard and working a large bell overtime while a Sunday crowd laughed at the joke which was certainly on me.—Exchange.

Aluminum Shoe Sales.

One of the newest uses for aluminum is its employment in making the soles of shoes to be used by workmen employed in wet and damp places. The aluminum-soled shoe lasts much longer than an ordinary shoe, and is said to be impervious to damp.

Church Valuation.

All denominations in the United States own a little over 200,000 church edifices valued at about \$1,700,000,000.

Everyone Should Save Some Money

Continuous effort will accomplish wonders.

On many an occasion you will be thoughtful for your Bank Account.

No spend-thrift can get much of a footing in the financial world.

Opportunity knocks at the door of the thrifty man.

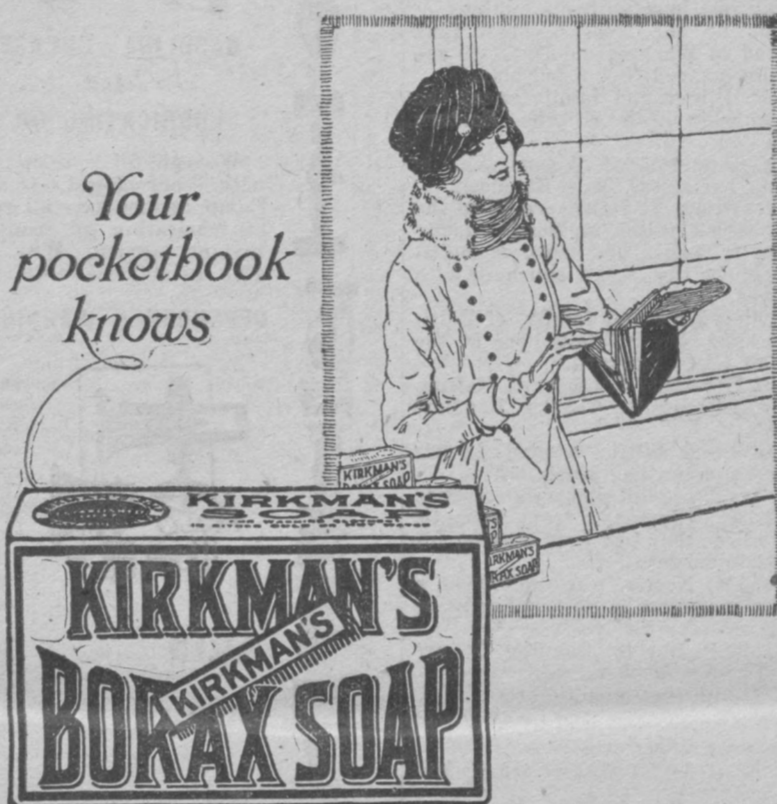
Many a successful man has worked his way up from the foot of the ladder.

You can do as well if you have plenty of grit and sound common sense.

OPEN AN ACCOUNT WITH US!

DON'T PUT IT OFF!

TANEYTOWN SAVINGS BANK

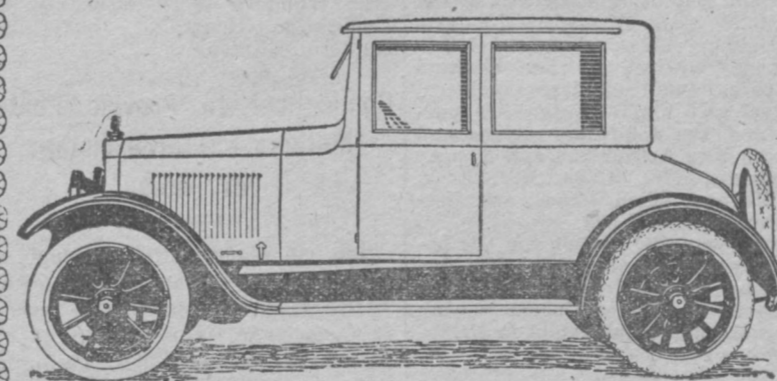


Your pocketbook knows that Kirkman's Borax Soap gives the most perfect results on wash day and that it is the most economical soap to buy because it lasts longer in the tub and does more washing in less time. Let your pocketbook choose and the choice will always be

—Kirkman's Borax Soap.



VELIE-SIX



INCREASED FACTORY PRODUCTION PERMITS THE ANNOUNCEMENT OF IMMEDIATE DELIVERIES ON TOURING MODELS AND FAIRLY PROMPT DELIVERIES ON CLOSED MODELS.

FIFTY-FIVE HORSE POWER. 115 INCH WHEEL BASE. "RED SEAL" CONTINENTAL MOTOR. America's Standard Automobile Power Plant. POWERFUL AS THE NATION.

The Velie Six is a car of rare beauty, possessing every feature which goes to make up a car of exceptionally fine quality at a medium price. To appreciate the fullness of its value it must be seen. A CALL WILL BRING IT TO YOUR DOOR.

THE VELIE-LIGHT-SIX

Smaller, lighter and at lower price, but in keeping with those qualities which have made Velie Values Famous.

FROUNFELTER BROS. NEW WINDSOR, MD.

Phone 56

4-2-17

Advertise in the RECORD.

HOW WEATHER BUREAU GOT INFORMATION OF BIG VALUE IN AVIATION.

The weather bureau of the United States department of agriculture gathered a great deal of valuable information for army and navy aviators during the war and for mail service aviation since that time by means of a kite to which was attached a self-recording instrument, the meteorograph. Some of the difficulties experienced are shown by an incident that occurred March 16 at Leesburg, Ga. In order to attain the height desired, a number of kites had been sent up tandem. They consisted of strong wooden frames about 7 by 7 by 3 feet. Each kite was covered with about 12 yards of fine cambric and was attached to fine piano wire. They were let out and hauled in by a reel operated by electric motor. Due to a defective splice, four of the kites with about 3 miles of wire broke away and flew about 18 miles before the wire became entangled in a tree. A farmer telephoned the news to the aerological station, but before the party sent out to recover the kites could reach them some negroes had wrecked the first one and stolen the cloth, which was later found in nine pieces in various cabins. The other three kites, when the first one was separated from them, escaped and flew about three miles farther. During the flight, however, the wire became entangled with a boy and a mule plowing in a field. The boy grasped the wire and cut and burned his hands. The mule became so entangled in the wire that the help of three men was required to release him. The three kites were finally caught in another tree which was cut down by another party of negroes, and, in falling, wrecked the second kite, which was dismantled by the negroes. The two remaining kites again escaped, flew about 3 miles farther and landed in one of the tallest pine trees in the region. The third kite had a meteorograph attached which was recovered undamaged. A heavy rain came on, however, and the two remaining kites were broken up and finally abandoned.

WHY Phonograph Gives Us Such Faithful Reproduction

Few people know why it is possible to reproduce the vocal or instrumental art of a great artist with the faithfulness of the modern phonograph. In the first place, it should be remembered that sound waves gradually diminish in volume if released in a large space of air, just as the ripples caused by tossing a pebble into a still pool gradually become smaller.

The "record" consists of one long groove having indentations of varying sizes in it to represent the sound waves to be reproduced. These small indentations are either in the bottom or sides of the groove. At the beginning and end of the groove there are no indentations, as it is desirable to have a space for the stylus to run in until it can be removed from the record, if finishing playing, and when starting the record it is desirable to place the stylus in the groove before any of the indentations are reached.

As soon as the stylus or needle is placed in the groove of the revolving record, only a slight hissing sound is produced until the sound indentations are reached. As soon as the stylus strikes these tiny obstructions vibrations are set up which are conducted to the center of the diaphragm of the reproducer.

Then just as the ripples of water roll away from the spot where the stone struck, the vibrations spread throughout the reproducing membrane, re-creating the original sounds, although in a reduced volume. The revolving of the record at even speed causes the vibrations to follow each other in their proper order.

The diaphragm must be of absolutely even graduations or "blasty" reproduction will result. As the sound waves are then increased, we might say "transformed," by passing through the graduated sections of the tone arm.

As the size of the tone arm increases the sound waves expand, thus bringing back much of the original volume. The next time your "talking machine" does not work well you can solve the trouble quicker if you use a little common sense and remember about the still pool and the ripples.—New York Post.

MUST PRESERVE THE SALMON

Why the Systematic Destruction of Fish in the Yukon River Should Be Prohibited.

In the outposts of the far North is an important churchman, Hudson Stuck, archdeacon of the Yukon, who, writing in the New York Times about the disappearance of big game, says that the concern should be not so much about big game but about a far greater danger which threatens all the inhabitants of the interior of Alaska, namely, the destruction of the Yukon salmon, main subsistence of the whole country. Indeed he says the whole economy of the Yukon country is built upon dried salmon. All the other resources of the country are more or less dependent upon this noble fish. The salmon is the harvest of the rivers, the only generally dependable recourse, although, like the harvest of the earth, it has its fat and lean years. To save the salmon the archdeacon says there is no recourse but the passage of a bill by congress forbidding commercial fishing in the Yukon and adjacent waters.

How Cheap Power is Produced.

The tests of the Clarkson tidal turbine on the River Mersey are stated to have shown that electric power may be produced at less than a penny per kilowatt hour. The turbine is a row of buckets or paddles attached to endless chains and running over sprockets mounted on a floating framework, one row of buckets being propelled under water while an upper row travels backward in the air. The buckets are driven by the pressure of the tidal currents, giving power for driving the dynamos or other apparatus. Being reversible, the mechanism operates on an ebbing as well as a flowing tide, and the great difference in the hour of the tides in neighboring estuaries has made possible an ingenious method of keeping up the operation during even the half-tide period of no currents.

How Do You Wind Your Watch?

When you wind your watch up at night you do not feel that you have performed a very strenuous operation; neither have you. But multiply the operation by 20, 100, 200, and you begin to have visions of aching fingers and sore thumbs. This is exactly the way the watch repairer finds it.

To save both time and fingers, an ingenious watchmaker invented the winder. It is merely a metal clip to hold the watch and a clutch that engages the winding key. Insert the watch in the clip, hold it tightly, turn the handle a few times and the watch is wound.—Popular Science Monthly.

Why Mice Dread the Weasel.

All the weasels, and there are upward of 40 species of them, are distinctly carnivorous, says the American Forestry Magazine, and it is not known that they ever touch anything else, as berries or any herb or vegetable growth. All of the smaller weasels live principally upon mice, and these they are able to follow straight down into their holes. Through such places they squirm in and out with as much ease as the mice themselves, the latter being thoroughly terrorized when it becomes known to them that there is a weasel in the neighborhood.

LOOKED LIKE A CEMETERY

How the Town of Tombstone, Arizona, Acquired Its Somewhat Grewsome Cognomen.

A prospector's curious sense of humor was responsible for the naming of Tombstone, Ariz. According to James F. Duncan, who went there in 1879 the town was founded in that year by Ed Schieffelin, a mining prospector. Schieffelin called his mine near the site of the present courthouse "Tombstone mine." Duncan said, because the region was full of drab rocks that resembled tombstones.

Tradition has it, however, that Schieffelin's friends frequently rallied him for his faith in the locality, and told him that he would find his tombstone here. After the prospector had made his fortune here, in good-natured irony he is said to have named the town after the fate that had been predicted for him.

Schieffelin was found dead in a log cabin in the state of Washington May 12, 1897. According to his wishes, his body was taken back to his "tombstone" and buried near there. His pickaxe and other tools were buried with him. Above the grave his friends erected a simple monument, fashioned after the rude manner of a prospector's claim stake—merely a pile of unevenly-shaped rocks.

How Batteries Are Tested.

If you are away from home and have to deal with a storage battery of which the polarity markings are obliterated, here is a simple test that will instantly reveal to you which is the positive and which the negative pole. It is given by Windsor Crowell in the Popular Science Monthly.

Get a fresh potato; cut a slice off one side, and stick the terminal wires into the cut section, about an inch apart. The potato in contact with one wire begins to turn green. This is the positive pole, therefore the other is the negative.

Why Workers Demand Music.

It is fairly well-known that in certain parts of the world natives refuse to work at roadbuilding and kindred pursuits unless they have the accompaniment of music. The part played by music in sailors' tasks is common knowledge. Less known by far is the role of music in carpet-weaving, and its delicate adjustment to the various carpets involved. In British India the carpets are woven to a particular time. The custom harks back to time immemorial. The leader of the group chants the song in a monotonous, quasi-liturgical style, and the song varies according to the color of the carpet, being repeated by all the weavers in a chorus. If the general color of the carpet is pale, the chant is monotonous; if it is a bright hue, the chorus becomes animated.

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

Latest Items of Local News Furnished
by Our Regular Staff of Writers.

All communications for this department must be signed by the author, not for publication, but as an evidence that the items contributed are legitimate and correct. Items based on mere rumor, or such as are likely to give offense, are not wanted. We desire correspondence to reach our office on Thursday, if at all possible. It will be necessary, therefore, for most letters to be mailed on Wednesday, or by First Mail, west, on W. M. R. R., Thursday morning. Letters mailed on Thursday evening may not reach us in time.

PLEASANT VALLEY.

The Ladies' Aid Society of St. Matthews Union Church, of Pleasant Valley, will hold a festival on the church lawn, on Saturday, July 17th, 1920. If the weather is unfavorable, it will be held the following Thursday evening, July 22. Everybody come and spend the evening with us. Miss Ada Geiman is on the sick list at this writing.

Rev. A. G. Wolfe will celebrate his mid-summer Communion, on Sunday July 11, at 10 A. M.

Edward J. Myers and wife, and Harry F. Feeser and wife, motored to Hanover, on Sunday.

Thurman and Leonard Kemper, of Hanover, are spending some time with their brother, John Kemper.

Raymond Hahn, of Baltimore, spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Harry D. Wantz.

T. A. Martin and Master Kermit Weishaar spent Sunday with John Erb's, of Union Bridge.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Myers and Mrs. Harry Devibiss motored to Baltimore, on Tuesday.

Mrs. Phillip Humbert is still suffering with a broken hip.

William Bowers is the guest of Frederick Myers.

St. Mattheu's Union Sunday School of Pleasant Valley, will hold their annual picnic, August 14, 1920. The committee for the picnic will be as follows: Mrs. Edward Myers, Mrs. Thomas Myers, Mrs. Charles Geiman, Mrs. Jacob Frock, Mrs. Frank Kain, Mrs. Jacob Frock, Mrs. Frank Kain and Mrs. Edward Welk; Bessie Yingling, Margaret Myers, Annie Sentz, Lottie Myers, Ruth Geiman, Pearl Myers, Mary V. Myers, Ruth Etta Wantz; D. Roy Myers, Jacob Frock, Edward Wantz, George Wantz, Upton Myers, Claude Myers and Edward Welk.

LINWOOD.

O. H. Crumbacker, of Maidensville, was taken ill in Union Bridge, on Monday, and was taken to the hospital at Cement Co. Later in the day he was moved to his brother's Daniel Crumbacker. His daughter, Miss Marian, of Baltimore, is here waiting on him.

Alvie Garner, of Owings Mills, spent several days with Jesse Garner's.

Rev. Detsch and Rev. Harlacker, of Philadelphia, will preach in the Brethren Church here, on Sunday. Rev. Harlacker will conduct the evening services, Christian Endeavor at 7:30; Preaching, at 8.

Lee Hines, of Maidensville, has accepted a position in Baltimore.

Mr. and Mrs. Wyand, of Hagers-town, have taken up their new work at Linwood elevator.

Misses Katherine and Fidelia Gilbert, of Uniontown, are visiting their uncle's family, Jesse P. Garner.

Mr. and Mrs. Shreeve, of Westminster, Edgar Bural and wife, of Johnsville, spent Sunday with Samuel Brandenburg's family.

Messrs Donald and Carl Stem, of Baltimore, are visiting their grandparents, Wm. Stem and wife.

Miss Jennie Davidson, of Baltimore, spent the week-end with her sister, Miss Fannie Davidson.

Robert Patterson, of Washington, and Prof. Fletcher and wife, of B. E. C., spent Sunday with John A. Englar and family.

Those who spent the "Fourth" in town were: E. McClure Rouzer and John Buffington, of Baltimore, at R. Lee Myers'; John A. Englar, Jr., and Earl Plowman, of Baltimore, at Jno. A. Englar's; Mrs. Kate Gilbert, of Uniontown, at Jesse Garner's; August Stitzig, John Lauffgen and wife, of Baltimore, at Samuel Dayhoff's; Mr. and Mrs. Bents, Mr. Elder Kris wife and daughter, Mr. Limkuhler, Misses Ethel Bents, Edna Kaufman, Rhea Waldhauser, Messrs Raymond Bents, Frank Bents, of Baltimore, Robert Garner, of Washington, D. C., at John Drach's.

Roy Knoll and family, and Carl Appleby, of York, Pa., are visiting Mrs. Alice Albaugh's family.

Miss Evelyn Jung, of Hagerstown, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Carroll Hawn.

DETOUR.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Cook spent the 4th at Mr. and Mrs. Frank Otto's.

Mrs. David Hubbs, of Baltimore, spent several days with her sister, Mrs. J. S. Warren, recently.

Those who spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Shorb were: Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Koons and sons, of Taneytown; Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Eyer, Miss Rhoda Weant and Dr. Marlin Shorb, of Baltimore. Miss Vallie Shorb accompanied Dr. Shorb home, where she spent the 5th.

Mr. and Mrs. Norman Harman and Misses Margaret, Dorothy and Marian Dorsey, visited in Littlestown, on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Webster Harnich and daughter, of Brooklyn, N. Y., are visiting Mrs. Anna Diller.

Those who spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. P. D. Koons, Jr. were: Miss _____, and Mr. _____, of Baltimore, and Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Bireley, of Westminster.

Miss Edna Weant, of Frederick, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Wm. Schildt.

CLEAR DALE.

Mr. and Mrs. John Myers, daughter, Ada, and Harry, Mrs. Elizabeth Morelock, of Locust Hill, and Miss Mabel Easley, of Hanover, spent Sunday with Calvin Myers and family.

Messrs. Newton and Franklin Stear spent the week-end with their sister, Mrs. Lucy Cole, of near Stonersville.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Shoemaker, of near Littlestown, and Mr. and Mrs. William Myers and sons, Nevin and Preston, of near Harney, spent Sunday with Oliver Hesson and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Aaron Easley, daughters, Ruth and Nadine, and Burgess and Mrs. John Mumper, of Hanover, were guests of Mrs. Easley's sister, Mrs. Calvin Myers, on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Mathias, of Littlestown, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Weimert and daughters, Emma and Mary, of near Pleasant Grove; Mr. and Mrs. Emanuel Wallick, daughter, Catherine and sons, Ocquilla and LeRoy, of near Littlestown; Mr. and Mrs. Howard Wherley and son, Thurman; Geo. Wherley, Ralph Heiser, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Champion, daughters, Grace, Pauline, Irene and Mildred, and son Earl; Mr. and Mrs. John Bowman and daughters, Ethel and Helen; Miss Geraldine Baughman, of Hanover, and Miss Mary Miller, were Sunday visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Paul J. Miller.

Mr. and Mrs. Calvin Myers, Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Hesson and Miss Esther Bair, were entertained at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Weisensale, of Hanover, Sunday evening. Miss Pauline Myers who spent the week at the Weisensale home accompanied them home.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Blizzard and Mr. and Mrs. William Shadle, had as their guests, on Sunday, Mr. and Mrs. Carroll Yingling and daughters, Jessamine and Hazel, and son Clifford, of Union Bridge; Miss Adelta Lockner, of Taneytown; Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Reaver, daughters Edith, Rose and Charlotte, and son Lewis; Mr. and Mrs. Edward Dehoff and daughters, Evelyn and Ethel, of near Littlestown.

Suffered Intense Pain.

"A few years ago when visiting relatives in Michigan something I had eaten brought on an attack of cholera morbus" writes Mrs. Celesta McVicker, Macon, Mo. "I suffered intense pain and had to go to bed. I got a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy and one dose relieved the pain wonderfully. I only took two or three doses but they did the work."

UNION BRIDGE.

Monday was a banner day for this community. From morning until midnight something was going on. The ball game between the foremen and operators was a battle from start to finish. The aeroplane exhibition was a show in itself. On the campus, the Union Bridge band gave a concert which delighted all. The school children and Scouts added to the enthusiasm, and at dark, the sky was illuminated with beautiful fireworks. It was the greatest day here and about 400 automobiles were parked about town.

We were delighted to see so many former residents enjoying the scenes of former days. There's no place like home.

Bruce Weant and family moved to Bruceville, on Tuesday.

Prof. Wolf is spending six weeks at Maryland University.

Miss Cleo Pittinger is spending the summer at Chautauqua.

Harvesting is in full swing. Suggestive shows, paraded as alleged art, do not develop the moral tone of any community.

Let us move the White House to Ohio, and save car fare.

Go to church on Sunday.

HARNEY.

Mrs. Hannah Hess, who has been visiting her son, Ervin, at Reisterstown, has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Hess and son, Grove, of Reisterstown, were visitors at the home of Samuel Hahn and family, last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Valentine, of Baltimore, spent a few days this week with Mr. Valentine's relatives at this place.

Mrs. J. Frank Swain and sister, Fanny Heubner, Dolores and Beverly Reuwer, all of Baltimore, are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Null.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Myers, Elwood and Harry Myers, and Mildred Myers, of Gettysburg, spent Sunday and Monday with Dilly Mort and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Jones Ohler and Mrs. Harry Stambaugh, attended the funeral of the former's nephew, Attorney John L. Cornell, at Baltimore, on Monday.

BRIDGEPORT.

Harry W. Baker, wife and children, Jones and Pauline, spent Sunday in Baltimore.

Misses Edith and Dorothy Hess, of near Harney, recently visited their aunt, Mrs. Jones Baker.

Mrs. Harry Baker and daughter, Pauline, attended the funeral of Mrs. B's nephew, John L. Cornell, in Baltimore, on Monday.

Wm. Chase, of Emmitsburg, and Maurice Kerr, of Rock Hall, Md., spent Thursday at "Meadow Brook Farm."

KEYMAR.

Miss Minnie Geiling, of Baltimore, is spending a few days with R. H. Alexander and family.

Mrs. Fannie Sappington and daughters, visited in Unionville, on Sunday. Misses Fannie and Betty Pierce, of Baltimore, are visiting their cousin, Miss Maggie Mehring.

Mrs. Robert Galt has returned home after spending a few days at Gettysburg.

Roy Dem and family, and Miss Florence Lowman, spent Sunday with Samuel Lowman and family, near Mt. Airy.

NEW WINDSOR.

Miss Diana Otto is visiting relatives in Baltimore.

Miss Fannie Dillehunt, of Baltimore, visited the home of Mrs. John Lantz, this week.

Mrs. J. Walter Getty, left, on Wednesday for a two months' visit at Atlantic City.

A very safe and sane Fourth of July was spent here. The air plane, on its way to Union Bridge, mistook New Windsor College grounds for the old college grounds at Union Bridge, and kindly gave us an exhibition and then landed to find his mistake. He immediately rose and went on his way to Union Bridge.

Preston Ecker, of Waynesboro, Pa., spent Monday here with his sisters, the Misses Ecker.

Melton Devibiss and family, of Waynesboro, Pa., were week-end guests of Howard Devibiss and wife. Paul Bond and family, of Westminster, were guests in the same home, on Sunday.

Charles Reid spent the week's end with relatives at Thurmont.

Mrs. M. D. Reid entertained the Missionary Society of the Presbyterian church, at her home, on Wednesday evening.

Dr. Fraser attended the funeral of John Cornell, at Baltimore, on Monday.

Rev. Piersons, of Baltimore, was in town, the first of the week, in the interests of the Presbyterian church.

Wm. Wilson, of Westminster, spent Sunday last here with his mother.

Some of our local baseball fans motored to Washington, D. C., to see Washington and New York play.

Webb Bitner and family spent the week's end down on the Eastern Shore.

Mrs. Dameron, of Weems, Va., is visiting her sister, Miss Kleifisch.

Rev. Grimes, of Baltimore, filled the Presbyterian pulpit, on Sunday last.

John G. Lantz and wife, of Baltimore, spent the week's end here with relatives.

Sterling Zepp and family, of Baltimore, spent the holidays here at the home of Chas. Bankard.

Miss Ernestine Lambert is visiting her grand-parents, Charles Lambert and wife.

Miss Edna Wilson visited friends in Westminster, this week.

Dr. Ira Whitehill and wife returned home, on Thursday, from Atlantic City, where they had been staying for the past ten days.

Mrs. Dr. Norris, who underwent a serious operation, is now at her home and doing very nicely.

The B. F. Shriver Canning Co. are busy canning raspberries.

Explaining It.

"It is hard to teach women by experience."

"Very likely it is because women object to getting wrinkles."

The Reason.

"Mrs. Gilm says she does all her cooking by electricity."

"That accounts for it. I hear she is a shocking cook."

Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy.

This remedy is certain to be needed in many homes before the summer is over. Buy it now and be prepared. It is recognized as a most reliable remedy for bowel complaints and may be obtained at any drug store.

MARRIED.

NEWCOMER—KNIPPLE.

Mr. Jeremiah B. Newcomer and Mrs. Carrie S. Knipple, both of Taneytown, were married at the Lutheran Parsonage, on Wednesday evening, by Rev. L. B. Hafer.

DIED.

Obituaries, poetry and resolutions, charged for at the rate of five cents per line. The regular death notices published free.

MRS. ELSIE V. NELSON.

Mrs. Elsie V., wife of C. H. Nelson, died on Monday night, June 29, 1920, at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Davidson, York, Pa., at the age of 29 years, 2 months, 18 days, after a long illness of consumption.

She is survived by her husband and three small children, Malvern, Preston, and Viola Nelson; her parents, and the following sisters and brother: Mrs. Arthur S. Dayhoff, near Taneytown; Mrs. Chas. E. Airng, near Harney; Ellen, Grace, and Vernon Davidson, of York.

Much sympathy is felt for the bereaved family, as they have lost one who was always ready to lend a helping hand. Funeral services were held at the home; interment in Greenmount cemetery.

MR. JOHN L. CORNELL.

Mr. John L. Cornell, a prominent lawyer and assistant city solicitor, of Baltimore, was instantly killed on Friday, June 2, when his automobile skidded on the state road, near Ridgeville, Md., and upset, crushing him between the steering wheel and a stump of a telegraph pole. He, with his wife and 5 year old son, Harold, and father-in-law, Christian Reamer, were on their way to Hancock to spend the Fourth of July holidays with relatives. The other occupants of the car escaped seriously injured. Mr. Cornell was formerly of New Windsor, Carroll Co.

He was a graduate from New Windsor College, after which he entered Maryland University to study law. He is survived, besides his widow and son, by his father, John Cornell and sister, Mrs. Grace Lovell, of New Windsor; one aunt, Mrs. Grace Ohler Baker, near Bridgeport and two uncles, Geo. and Jones Ohler.

He was a grandson of the late Jacob Ohler, who died June 24th, this making the third death in the Ohler family in six weeks, the other being Miss Mary Jane Ohler, of Emmitsburg. Mr. Cornell's funeral took place, Monday, at 11 A. M., from his late home, 2708 Guilford Ave. The floral tributes were numerous and beautiful.

Auto Accessories
Come to US for Your Motor Car Needs
We specialize on Good Quality Motor Accessories and have a good stock of Accessories for improving the convenience and the appearance of your auto. Auto Tools, Lamps, Lenses, Tires and Accessories at right prices. We can most probably save you money on your favorite Tire. We are exclusive Agents on a number of the best Tires made.
Come in and let us tell you about our Tires and Auto Supplies.
USE A TIRE GAUGE AND PREVENT BLOW-OUTS
GASOLINE, GREASES, and LUBRICATING OILS
DEPENDABLE WARNING SIGNALS
Auto Supplies
Reindollar Brothers & Co.
LEADING HARDWARE DEALERS
Auto Supplies
There's Force and Snap to Our Batteries
Don't take unnecessary risks driving your car with a poor horn. Bad accidents have often resulted from that very cause. Increase the other driver's respect by using a good horn and see if he won't "let you around" when you are in a hurry... See our stock.
If you want full strength batteries with a good hot spark buy your batteries here. Three of our batteries will perform the same as four of the ordinary kind and they cost no more. Multiple Batteries for engines, washing machines, etc.

KEYSVILLE.

The following were visitors of Gordon Stonesifer and wife, over the fourth; Mrs. Price, Miss Rose McWilliam and Miss Mary Hoppert all of Baltimore, and Miss Marie Strine, of Walkersville.

Miss Lillie McCarty, of Maytown, Pa., is a guest of a former school mate, Mrs. Charles Cluts.

Master Clarence Ibach, of Union Bridge, is spending the week at the home of Peter Baumgardner.

Misses Hilda and Margaret Fogle, Ralph Sander, Earl Kellerman and Martin Herring, all of Washington, D. C., and Miss Ephamie Stoner, of Westminster, were guests, Monday, of Mrs. Elizabeth Myers and family.

Miss Virginia Roop, of Frederick, is spending the summer with her parents, Dr. George Roop and family.

Gordon Stonesifer, wife and family, and visitors, spent Sunday evening with Mrs. Susan Booser, of Ladiesburg.

Miss Mary Baumgardner, spent Monday with friends in Union Bridge.

UNIONTOWN.

Mrs. G. W. Baughman left, on Tuesday, for Philadelphia, where she will be circulation manager of Lutheran Woman's Work, issued by the Publication House of the United Lutheran Church.

Connecticut to Provide Foster Mothers for Little Victims of Turks.

Ten thousand little victims of Turkish brutality are to be foster-mothered by the big hearted women of Connecticut as the result of appeals by Near East Relief, the former Committee for Armenian and Syrian Relief of 1 Madison avenue, New York city. The women at a meeting voted to "adopt" that number as their share of the 250,000 homeless and starving boys and girls orphaned in the massacres and deportations.

Three hundred representatives of women's organizations attended the meeting at Hartford, at which Governor Marcus H. Holcomb presided and pleaded the cause of the stricken people. Another speaker was Henry Morgenthau, former U. S. Ambassador to Turkey.

Assurances that the example of these noble hearted Connecticut women will be followed by similar organizations in all the other states have been received at the headquarters of the Near East Relief, 1 Madison avenue, New York city.

What To Do When Bilious.

Eat no meats and lightly of other food. Take three of Chamberlain's Tablets to cleanse out your stomach and tone up your liver. Do this and within a day or two you should be feeling fine.

6 reasons
No. 1.—The 8 walls of Insulation—keeps cold air IN; keeps the warm air OUT. Saves a great deal of ice.
No. 2.—The porcelain-lined Water Cooler. Same ice cools foods and water. Ice does double duty.
No. 3.—Wide shelves, of best possible construction. Permits use of large platters, etc.
No. 4.—Patented Water Bottled Holder—in event you wish to use bottled water. Exclusive feature with Automatic.
No. 5.—System of air circulation (air must and does keep moving in an Automatic) keeps foods fresh, sweet, wholesome, cold.
No. 6.—Most accessible, most easily cleaned and most sanitary trap ever invented.
THERE IS NO REFRIGERATOR MADE QUITE SO GOOD AS THE AUTOMATIC. WE THINK YOU'LL FIND THAT SO WHEN YOU INVESTIGATE.
21-E Automatic 60-lb. Ice Capacity \$43.00
22-E Automatic 75-lb. Ice Capacity \$49.00
FURNITURE OF ALL KINDS AT SPECIAL LOW PRICES.
WISE PEOPLE BUY FROM US—ARE YOU WISE.
C. O. FUSS & SON,
Furniture Dealers. Funeral Directors.

Bargains
PRINTERS' INK
HAS been responsible for thousands of business successes throughout the country. Everybody in town may know you but they don't know what you have to sell.
Advertising Will Help You
that will save you many a dollar will escape you if you fail to read carefully and regularly the advertising of local merchants
In This Paper

The Memory Treasure

By CORONA REMINGTON

(© 1920, by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

"You know, Alicia, I've always loved you—ever since we were kids together. Remember the time I proposed to you when we were fishing in the brook down in your father's meadow? That was a wonderful June day! I can close my eyes and see the shadows trembling on the water yet."

Alicia Conway smiled reminiscently as she glanced up at the serious blue eyes of her companion.

"That was a long time ago," she sighed softly, "but you talk as if the meadow were miles away instead of right back of the house, where it always was."

"You were ten and I was sixteen, but that wasn't the last time I asked you to marry me," he said disregarding her remark.

"No, I remember," the girl answered.

"Yes, it was seven years later, and you gave me my walking papers for good and all. You were simply infatuated with that Saunders fellow."

"John, you ought not to talk that way—you know I loved him, and do yet, and I shall wait for him just as he promised to wait for me."

"Alicia, you may not realize it, but you've got over loving him long ago, and you're only keeping your promise out of conscientiousness."

"You ought to be ashamed of yourself, John Foster, and you must not speak to me like that again. I'll ask you never to refer to the subject after this."

With a frigid little nod Alicia excused herself and went into the house.

Miss Conway threw herself onto the couch in the living room and burst into tears. She kept telling herself that

"He'll be here today or tomorrow and what'll he think of me after my promise?" At last she tremblingly slit the envelope with a hairpin. The letter ran:

"My Dear Alicia—Today is your birthday, I remember, and something impels me to write to you—for old time's sake. You have doubtless forgotten me long ago in your maze of other admirers, but often my mind goes back to dear, peaceful Sunburst and our boy and girl affair. This will always be one of my memory treasures."

"I hope no doubt that you have long ago settled down to be the adored wife of some lucky fellow in Sunburst, while I am the proud father of a two-months-old daughter."

"We named her Alicia, by the way, after an aunt of my wife's."

"Here's best wishes for a very happy birthday and many more to come. Your old friend,
"CHARLES SAUNDERS."

and carried in his hand two fishing lines and an old can of unmistakable contents.

"John Foster!" exclaimed the girl, running to the edge of the porch as the man turned in at the gate. "What on earth are you up to now?"

"We're going fishing in the meadow behind the house, and we're going to make believe we're boy and girl again—just this afternoon," he ended with a hint of pleading in his voice.

The girl hesitated, but her eyes glowed.

"Go get your hat," the man commanded. "The pink one with frilly stuff under the brim."

After all, there was no harm in going fishing—you couldn't ostracize yourself just because you had promised to stick to the other man. So Alicia went.

Down in the meadow along the brook where it was cool and shady the two sat breathlessly watching their floating corks. When his line bobbed he squeezed her hand ecstatically.

"You mustn't do that," she protested.

"Don't forget," smiled Foster, "that you're only ten years old today, and you mustn't be so frightfully proper."

The girl laughed in spite of herself and the man, considering the moment favorably, gently slipped an arm about the slender figure beside him.

"Now, Alicia, let's promise to get married when we're old enough," said the grownup boy at her side.

"All right, let's," the girl answered, as if in a dream.

"Well, I haven't got an engagement ring, but we'll be engaged if I k—"

"John, you—"

"Alicia, I knew you'd relent in the end," he said a moment later in tones of sober happiness.

"But I'm afraid I've done wrong," the girl replied. "And what'll I do when he comes?"

"I'll take care of that," said Foster in no uncertain tones.

The next morning when she went down to breakfast her mother tossed her a letter addressed in the familiar handwriting of Charles Saunders. Her face paled as, unnoticed, she rushed to her room and locked the door. In a daze the words throbbed through her mind:

"He'll be here today or tomorrow and what'll he think of me after my promise?" At last she tremblingly slit the envelope with a hairpin. The letter ran:

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"My Dear Alicia—Today is your birthday, I remember, and something impels me to write to you—for old time's sake. You have doubtless forgotten me long ago in your maze of other admirers, but often my mind goes back to dear, peaceful Sunburst and our boy and girl affair. This will always be one of my memory treasures."

"I hope no doubt that you have long ago settled down to be the adored wife of some lucky fellow in Sunburst, while I am the proud father of a two-months-old daughter."

"We named her Alicia, by the way, after an aunt of my wife's."

"Here's best wishes for a very happy birthday and many more to come. Your old friend,
"CHARLES SAUNDERS."

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE TANEYTOWN SAVINGS BANK

at Taneytown, in the State of Maryland, at the close of business June 30, 1920.

RESOURCES:	
Loans and Discounts	\$200,822.03
Overdrafts, Secured and Unsecured	44.29
Stocks, Bonds, Securities, etc.	407,272.48
Banking House, Furniture & Fixtures	4,079.89
Mortgages and Judgments of Record	58,357.48
Due from National, State and Private Banks and Bankers and Trust Companies, other than reserve	3,048.17
Checks and other Cash Items	13.20
Due from Approved Reserve Agents	44,178.46
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank, viz:	
U. S. Currency and National Bank Notes	\$103,641.00
Gold Coin	1381.00
Minor Coin	674.13
Total	\$730,811.13

LIABILITIES:	
Capital Stock paid in	\$25,000.00
Surplus Fund	25,000.00
Undivided Profits, less Expenses, Interest and Taxes Paid	16,418.03
Due to National, State and Private Banks and Bankers and Trust Companies, other than reserve	717.14
Dividends Unpaid	1,254.80
Deposits (demand)	\$ 82,662.73
Subject to Check	472.73
Certified Deposits	83,135.46
Deposits (time)	579,305.70
Certificates of Deposit	679,305.70
Total	\$730,811.13

State of Maryland, County of Carroll ss:
I, Walter A. Bower, Treasurer of the above-named Institution, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

WALTER A. BOWER, Treasurer
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 8th day of July, 1920.

GEO. A. ARNOLD, Notary Public
Correct Attest:
JOSHUA KOUTZ }
E. F. SMITH }
N. P. SHOEMAKER, } Directors

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE BIRNIE TRUST CO.

at Taneytown, in the State of Maryland, at the close of business, June 30, 1920.

RESOURCES:	
Loans and Discounts	\$206,688.19
Overdrafts, Secured and Unsecured	820.65
Stocks, Bonds, Securities, etc.	774,119.27
Banking House, Furniture & Fixtures	11,100.00
Other Real Estate Owned	5,900.00
Mortgages and Judgments of Record	74,638.37
Due from National, State and Private Banks and Bankers and Trust Companies, other than reserve	6,100.50
Checks and other Cash Items	328.13
Due from Approved Reserve Agents	37,719.50
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank, viz:	
U. S. Currency and National Bank Notes	\$ 8,929.00
Gold Coin	939.00
Minor Coin	1209.08
Total	\$1,127,791.78

LIABILITIES:	
Capital Stock paid in	\$ 40,000.00
Surplus Fund	30,000.00
Undivided Profits, less Expenses, Interest and Taxes Paid	25,738.01
Due to National, State and Private Banks and Bankers and Trust Companies, other than reserve	4,366.77
Dividends Unpaid	2,568.00
Deposits (demand)	\$100,473.92
Subject to Check	148.25
Certificates of Deposit	148,251,002.17
Deposits (time)	\$ 82,499.05
Savings and Special	876,360.03
Trust Deposits	16,633.36
Reserve for Taxes	64.39
Total	\$1,127,791.78

State of Maryland, County of Carroll ss:
I, Geo. H. Birnie, Cashier of the above-named Institution, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

GEO. H. BIRNIE, Cashier
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 7th day of July, 1920.

GEO. A. ARNOLD, Notary Public
Correct Attest:
WALTER WILT }
MILTON A. KOONS }
MARNIN D. HESS, } Directors

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE CARROLL COUNTY SAVINGS BANK

at Uniontown, in the State of Maryland, at the close of business, June 30, 1920.

RESOURCES:	
Loans and Discounts	\$ 57,548.37
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	248.82
Stocks, Bonds, Securities, etc.	239,401.86
Banking House	4,000.00
Furniture and Fixtures	1,000.00
Mortgages and Judgments of Record	40,163.67
Due from National, State and Private Banks and Bankers and Trust Companies, other than reserve	1,407.65
Checks and other Cash Items	452.16
Due from Approved Reserve Agents	13,627.59
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank, viz:	
U. S. Currency and National Bank Notes	\$4,308.00
Gold Coin	43.00
Minor Coin	184.86
Total	\$407,566.99

LIABILITIES:	
Capital Stock paid in	\$ 20,000.00
Surplus Fund	20,000.00
Undivided Profits, less Expenses, Interest and Taxes Paid	1,216.94
Due to National, State and Private Banks and Bankers and Trust Companies, other than reserve	6,370.76
Dividends Unpaid	130.80
Deposits (demand)	\$41,250.23
Subject to Check	41,250.23
Deposits (time)	\$15,487.78
Savings and Special	304,327.42
Certificates of Deposit	319,815.20
Total	\$407,566.99

State of Maryland, County of Carroll ss:
I, Jesse P. Garner, Treasurer of the above-named Institution, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JESSE P. GARNER, Treasurer
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 7th day of July, 1920.

MILTON A. ZOLLICKOFFER, Notary Public
Correct Attest:
J. J. WEAVER, Jr. }
W. P. ENGLER }
G. FIELDER GILBERT, } Directors

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McDonald Pitless Scale

A profitable investment for any size farm because it costs little and is so easy to set up; gives a lifetime of accurate service. Guaranteed for 10 years.

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Shipped complete, ready to erect.
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GEO. R. SAUBLE, Agent,
TANEYTOWN, MD.

DON'T WORRY ABOUT THE COST OF SHOES

As long as the price has not been advanced unreasonably high.

Our Spring Shoes, Oxfords, Pumps

are coming in daily, and the price will be within the reach of all.

OUR WORK SHOES, made by The Endicott-Johnson Co., are still up to the high standard of this well-known firm. They are made of Leather only, and the prices are right.

All New Things in Men's Hats, Shirts, Ties and Hosiery.

J. THOMAS ANDERS,
WESTMINSTER, MD.

USED CAR VALUES

With deliveries Slow, Freight Rates High, together with War Tax levies, a Used Car may fill your requirements to better advantage than a new one.

Come look the following Cars over. All ready for delivery.

- 2 OAKLAND 6-Cylinder Touring Model. Both Excellent Values.
- 1 OVERLAND 4-Cylinder, Touring, Re-tired all around, rear, Good-year Cords.
- 1 CHALMERS 4-Cylinder, Touring Body, all New Tires.
- 1 FRANKLIN 4-Cylinder.
- 1 SAXON 6-Cylinder, Touring.
- 1 VELIE 6-Cylinder, Touring.
- 1 CHALMERS 6-Cylinder, 5-Passenger Touring, an excellent value.
- 1 3/4-TON TRUCK, complete with closed top, nearly new Tires.
- 1 OVERLAND 4-Cylinder, Touring.
- 1 FORD Roadster.

One of the above Cars may fill the requirements of the one for which you have been waiting.

They can be seen at—

BLUE RIDGE GARAGE,

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PREPARATORY SCHOOL for those not ready for College.

Send for Catalogue and Book of Views.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE DETOUR BANK,

at Detour, in the State of Maryland, at the close of business June 30, 1920.

RESOURCES:	
Loans and Discounts	\$57,498.29
Overdrafts, Secured and Unsecured	617.15
Stocks, Bonds, Securities, etc.	41,601.51
Banking House	2,673.13
Furniture and Fixtures	1,317.29
Mortgages and Judgments of Record	22,676.00
Due from Approved Reserve Agents	4,717.30
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank, viz:	
U. S. Currency and National Bank Notes	\$1,527.00
Gold Coin	127.50
Minor Coin	490.91
Miscellaneous Assets	400.00
Total	\$113,704.88

LIABILITIES:	
Capital Stock paid in	\$25,000.00
Surplus Fund	6,250.00
Undivided Profits, less Expenses, Interest and Taxes Paid	1,216.94
Deposits (demand)	\$17,545.16
Subject to Check	10.73
Cashier's Checks outstanding	17,555.89
Deposits (time)	44,682.05
Savings and Special	44,682.05
Bills payable, including Certificates of Deposit for money borrowed	19,000.00
Total	\$113,704.88

State of Maryland, County of Carroll, ss:
I, E. Lee Erb, Cashier of the above-named Institution, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

E. LEE ERB, Cashier
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 8th day of July, 1920.

GEO. A. ARNOLD, Notary Public
Correct Attest:
JESSE P. WEYBRIGHT }
ROLAND R. DILLER }
P. D. KOONS } Directors

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MAXIMUM MILES AT MINIMUM COST

A new stock of standard sizes, from which you can easily suit yourself, at a LIBERAL DISCOUNT.

CORD OR FABRIC HOOD, PORTAGE, UNITED STATES, GOODYEAR and FISK TIRES

VULCANIZING and RE-TREADING.

Some slightly used and re-treaded tires at real bargains.



Good Tires

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A new stock of standard sizes, from which you can easily suit yourself, at a LIBERAL DISCOUNT.

CORD OR FABRIC HOOD, PORTAGE, UNITED STATES, GOODYEAR and FISK TIRES

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Watch & Clock Maker,
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LOOKING TO SOUTH PACIFIC

White Men Planning Complete Possession of Fertile Islands of That Far-Away Ocean.

With Europe a seething mass of unrest and discontent and uncertainty, your Britisher is looking to the Islands of the South Pacific, already owned by the empire, as the next place to go—and to exploit, to use the expression of a lot of people who do not know the meaning of the word. Already corporations are being formed to colonize the islands, and beautiful word pictures of the advantages of a residence upon them are being painted.

The truth is, for some years the white man has been gradually getting a foothold in the region. The delightful pictures which one sees of the natives, gives a little idea of what is really to be seen in the country. They are not the wild, naked people roaming at large, eating each other and the missionaries. Rubber plantations, coconut groves, phosphate mines and other industries are operated by Europeans. And schools and churches are encountered on every hand, with the honk of the horn of the automobile heard in the shade of the palms.

The white man will not reach the end of his road until there is no more country to be settled up, and there are still vast areas to be brought under his domain. In Africa, and upon the islands of the sea, he is setting his foot and clearing up the jungles and conquering the pests and becoming acclimated. But the end is not yet; there is still much to be done, and the chances are that the next few years will see an exodus to these far-away places where a beginning has already been made.—Columbus Dispatch.

MADE HIT WITH RECITATION

Prince's Speech Consisted of Verses From the Koran, but Audience Didn't Know It.

It is interesting to recall that during the recent European tour of Prince Faisal of the new kingdom of Syria, his memory of the Koranic verses stood him in good stead. In London, at a dinner in the Guildhall, the prince, who was the guest of honor, and who knew little French and less English, was called upon to reply to the toast of his health. Beside him

JOSEPHINE'S POET

By RAY LEWIS

(© 1930, by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

Josephine tossed her traveling hat on the bed and turned to the mirror to repair the damage done to her hair during the long ride on the train.

"You don't know how good it is to get home, mother, even if it is only for a week," she said, taking out her combs and letting down a flood of chestnut hair.

Her mother, watching her, was thinking that at any rate Josephine's sojourn for nearly a year just off Washington square hadn't caused her to bob her hair like the other villagers. But aloud she merely said: "We're all glad to have you home, dear, and the time will go all too quickly."

"By the way," said Josephine, as one to whom something has just occurred, "the last day of my stay I am expecting down to meet you all the man who wants to marry me."

"Josephine!" gasped her mother, sinking weakly down upon the bed. "Josephine! And I suppose it is one of those dreadful men you have been seeing, with long hair and soft collars, and—and, oh, I wish you had never, never gone down there!"

"Come, mother," urged Josephine, briskly, "be sensible. He isn't as bad as all that!"

"He doesn't paint or write or—anything like that, does he?" asked her mother, pleading for a negative reply.

Josephine appeared to meditate, her head on one side, her brush poised over her streaming locks. "Yes," she said, shortly, "he writes."

And with that her mother tried to be satisfied for the time being.

Not so the other members of the family. Jo's fourteen-year-old brother



"Josephine!" Gasped Her Mother.

and sixteen-year-old sister and niece, middle-aged father were consumed with curiosity over the possibly prospective new member of the family.

"I always knew Jo wouldn't pick out anybody in this slow old town," said Billy with utter frankness, "and it's just like her to go in for some queer duck!"

"Where did you meet him?" asked her father.

"Well," said Josephine, after a moment's hesitation, "I met him at Daisy Cassell's studio tea."

Her father groaned inwardly. The kind of a man he would have welcomed as a son-in-law he felt sure would rather starve than be caught at a tea, let alone a studio tea, which he vaguely supposed consisted of queerly gowned women, curly-haired men and anarchistic conversation. What a pity Josephine hadn't seen her way clear to encouraging Dick Borden, the good-looking son of his old business associate! There was a coming man for you! And, by Jove, there was an idea! And Mr. Webster put that same idea in his pipe, as the saying goes, and smoked it good and hard.

The first inkling that any one got of Josephine's near fiancé's name was when Sally sauntered into her sister's room and picked up a postal lying conspicuously on the latter's dresser. Portraying one of the very new stars in the Russian ballet, it bore in scrawling letters at the bottom the words: "Until I see you, my soul mate. R. Nedrobsky."

The very noon of Josephine's last day home and of the day of Mr. Nedrobsky's arrival, Mr. Webster, coming home for lunch, sought out his wife. "Helen," he said, "what do you think? I met Dick Borden downtown. He asked most kindly after Jo and I invited him up to dinner tonight. Jo has been down in that bohemian place so long she has forgotten what a real man looks like. Just give her a chance to see a fellow like young Borden alongside of her poet creature and she'll turn him down—or else be more of an idiot than I want to think of my own daughter."

"Well, maybe," said his wife, not without hope herself; "but I'm afraid Josephine won't like it."

As a matter of fact, Josephine was quite decent about it. She did say that she supposed it was somewhat unusual to ask an old suitor to meet his successor, but if she could stand it, she guessed he could, and she knew her poet was a very good sport.

In the late afternoon, as the time drew near when the invited guest

might be expected to arrive, the Webster family found itself disposed on the front veranda. A general feeling of excitement was in the air. Of them all, the least concerned was Josephine herself, sitting in the couch hammock reading, her feet tucked comfortably beneath her.

Presently a tall figure appeared on the elm-shaded street, paused at the gate and swung in up the path.

"Hello, Dick!" shouted Billy.

"How do, Borden?" said Mr. Webster, advancing with cordially outstretched hand.

"Hello, there!" called Josephine herself, flushing prettily as she dropped her magazine and went into the arms of the newcomer, to the consternation of her open-mouthed family.

"Did I play the game, Jo, dear?" he asked.

"You certainly did!" cried Josephine, and, seizing his hand, she faced her mystified family. "Allow me," she said, with a sweeping regal gesture, "to introduce Richard Borden, my intended husband."

"But—how about this Nedrobsky fellow?" cried Billy, giving utterance to what all the rest were thinking.

"Why—that old name is only my future surname spelled backwards, with the 'sky' added to give it the touch you all seemed to demand. I intended to give you just a little surprise, but when you all insisted on ascribing to my friend all sorts of queer characteristics I decided to play the game for all it was worth. I just let your thoughts run away with you. And I wrote to Dick about it and that is why he sent the postal and why he did not give himself away when father asked him up here tonight."

"But you said you met him at a tea," reproached Sally.

"I did," said Josephine promptly, "but I didn't say that was the first time I had met him. And I told the truth when I said he writes, for isn't he the sporting editor of the New York Clarion?"

After supper, when Josephine and Dick had been tactfully left by themselves for a moment, Dick took both Jo's hands in his. "Darling," he said, "before I left the city I had an inspiration. I fixed up my columns and assignments for a week ahead, so that now I can get off for a few days. Marry me in the morning and we'll run away for a little trip. You might as well do it sooner as later. I even got in town early to see about the license. Say yes, please."

And what her answer must have been is evident from the conversation that took place presently.

"What?" said her mother. "Married with no new clothes, no bridesmaids, no anything!"

"Exactly," said Josephine firmly, "at eight-thirty tomorrow, here in the living room, in my perfectly good spring suit."

"Bully for Jo!" cried Billy. "I always knew when Jo came to get married she'd do it somehow, some way, different from anybody else. She wouldn't be Jo if she didn't!"

GUARD AGAINST FOREST FIRES

American Forestry Association Gives Some Rules That Campers Will Do Well to Remember.

Airplanes are helping fight forest fires in some parts of the country, says the American Forestry association, but that is no reason the public should relax its vigilance and do a great part of the forest fire fighting by not having any fires. With the annual forest fire loss reaching about thirty millions of dollars every year and with the cost of lumber mounting higher and higher the American Forestry association says it is up to the public to join in the fight with a will. Campers are blamed for many of the fires and now that the tourists are getting out into the open the association calls on them to remember:

No to throw your match away until you are sure it is out.

Not to drop cigarette or cigar butts until the glow is extinguished.

Not to knock out your pipe ashes while hot or where they fall into dry leaves or other inflammable material.

Not to build a camp fire any larger than is absolutely necessary.

Not to leave a fire until you are sure it is out; smother it with earth or water.

Not to burn brush or refuse in or near the woods.

Not to be idle when you discover a fire in the woods. If you cannot put it out yourself, get help. Where a forest guard, ranger or state fire warden can be reached call him up on the nearest telephone you can find.

Not to forget that human thoughtlessness and negligence are the cause of more than half of the forest fires in this country, and that the smallest spark may start a conflagration that will result in loss of life and destruction of timber and young growth, valuable not only for lumber but for their influence in helping to prevent flood, erosion and drought.

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HOW LAVA HAS SPREAD DESOLATION OVER

FERTILE HAWAIIAN LAND.

—Millions of tons of lava, which have been pouring from the great volcano of Kilauea during the past three months, have buried approximately twenty-five square miles of country under a coating averaging 100 feet in thickness. The great flows, streaming in every direction from their source in the old rift of 1868, still are moving slowly forward and at one point are within two miles of the sea, and twelve miles from the fountain head.

The glittering floods of crimson lava are coming from the southern flank of Kilauea. What was formerly a quiet expanse of sandy waste, dotted with green oases, now is a smoking tract of ruin and desolation. A few charred fragments mark the sites of former forests buried deep beneath the torrents of molten stone ejected by the volcano.

Trained observers who have watched Kilauea for many years say that it is extremely difficult to find their way about or pick out the old landmarks. Where, in former days, stretched the level sandy plain, plentifully sprinkled with olivines and volcanic rock, now there rises a lava dome three miles in length and upwards of 200 feet in height.

Welling from an earthquake rift, flows have piled on top of flows the crest creased by hot, cherry-red cracks some of which emit gas flames. At the summit of the dome is a large lake of lava, nearly half a mile in length, having an average breadth of 300 yards. From the surface of the lake lava fountains are continually playing.

Evidences of tremendous destruction are to be found in the section where the lower forests used to stand. Tall chia trees, now charred wrecks, but in some cases still burning, rise forlornly amid the general desolation.

In one place there is to be seen the remnant of a heavy stone wall, which, before the last flows started, marked the boundary of the Kapapala ranch. The moving lava surged against the wall, pushed it over and buried the greater length of it under the molten flood.

The stretch of country across which the present lava streams are moving is a mass of under-the-surface tubes and tunnels formed by old flows, mostly in the great eruption of 1868. The present molten rivers, running through these and entering sealed caverns are continually blowing up the cavern roofs with loud explosions and showers of red-hot rock, which make detailed examination hazardous.

RUINED BY TIGHT PACKING

Why There Should Be a Certain Amount of Looseness Allowed in the Book Case.

Many a good book has been ruined by the way it is kept in the case. Packing books so tight that they have to be pulled out by the loose binding at the top of the back is ruinous. The binding soon breaks. It also tends to loosen the backs of books to pack them tight, as they will cling to each other on the shelf and the binding works away from the pages. Don't pack your books so tight that they cannot be pulled off the shelf without effort.

A new book should be handled very carefully. Never open the book suddenly. This is a sure way to break the back. Begin by laying the book on the table, opening first one cover, then the other, and then open a very few pages at a time, laying them alternately flat on each other until the center of the book has been reached. In this way the glue on the back of the book is cracked gently and evenly and the pages will not separate.

How Scouts May Aid Tree Census.

A tree census in every state at the same time the 1920 population count is made is advocated by officials of the American Forestry association.

The census of trees to determine the extent of American forests, both in the country and in towns and cities, may be begun.

"Block by block" listing including the size and variety of the tree, may be done by Boy Scouts and children, under supervision of civic leaders. Planting of memorial trees, it is believed, will swell the figures by many thousands.

Planters will register new trees with the association, which will also keep the "census" records taken by children and scouts.

How Tree Survey Pays.

Another new and growing work akin to forestry, is tree surgery. This was originated by an Ohio man, who now maintains a school to train his workers, all of whom find employment with the company at the satisfactory completion of the course. This work is interesting, scientific, well paid, and gives a boy a wholesome out-of-door life.—Boys' Life.

How Long Some Trees Live.

Brazilian coconut palms live from 600 to 700 years, and the date palm from 200 to 300 years. On the Mount of Olives, Jerusalem, there are olive trees known to have been flourishing in 1009.

NEW PHONE PRESIDENT BELIEVES IN STRAIGHT TALK POLICY



A. E. BERRY, PRESIDENT OF THE C. AND P. TELEPHONE CO.

Starting his working career on a dredging boat in the Potomac River and being elected President of the Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone Company at just about forty years of age, A. E. Berry is making friends in Maryland because of his policy of plain dealing with the public.

"There's nothing about our business we want to hide," said Mr. Berry to newspaper men in his office recently. "On the other hand I would like to get all Maryland asking questions about the telephone business."

Mr. Berry's policy of absolute frankness with the Public Utilities Commission of the District of Columbia resulted in the quickest rate-case hearing on record and a favorable decision on the company's application to increase the rates to parallel those requested in Baltimore.

Butler by Another Name.
"I saw a remarkable play when I was in New York," said Binks.
"What was remarkable about it?" asked Jinks.
"There was a butler in it and his name wasn't James," replied Binks.—London Opinion.



After you eat—always take EATONIC

Instantly relieves Heartburn, Bloating, Gassy Feeling, Stomach Souring, Repeating, and all stomach miseries. Aids digestion and appetite. Keeps stomach sweet and strong. Increases vitality and pep. EATONIC is the best remedy. Tens of thousands wonderfully benefited. Only costs a cent or two a day to use it. Positively guaranteed to please or we will refund money. Get a big box today. You will see.

Rob't S. McKinney, Taneytown, Md. 9-19-1f

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

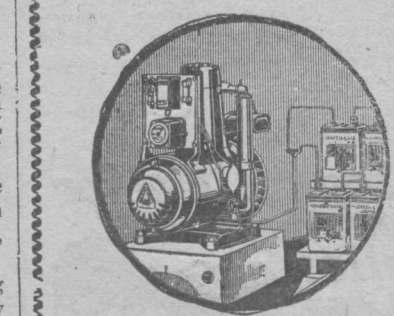
This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Carroll county, in Md., letters testamentary upon the estate of

OLIVER C. SMITH, late of Carroll County, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers properly authenticated, to the subscribers, on or before the 16th day of January, 1921; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under our hands this 25th day of June, 1920.

O. HARRY SMITH, MARY M. SMITH, Executors.

AN EXTRA HAND AT CHORE TIME



"Electricity for every farm"


DELCO-LIGHT

The experience of users prove that Delco-Light saves at least 84 hours every week on the average farm. The electric power for operating light machinery is equal to an extra hand at chore time. Delco Light soon pays for itself.

Write for Catalog

EDGAR M. FROUNFELTER,

New Windsor, Md.



Is Your Dollar Working Full Time?

In these days of high prices, when experts inform us that a dollar is only worth forty-two cents in actual purchasing power, we are being continually urged to increase production—the farmer to raise more stock and grain—the manufacturer to turn out more finished articles.

What about your surplus dollars? Has their earning power increased, or are they still producing the same as five years ago?

Do you know that more than 40,000 people have increased the earnings of their dollar by investing in the Seven Per Cent. securities of The R. L. Dollings Company.

These securities—thoroughly investigated and rigidly supervised, as they are, by the experts of our Service Department—present you with the opportunity TO INCREASE THE EARNING POWER OF YOUR DOLLAR.

THE R. L. DOLLINGS CO.,

PHILADELPHIA — BALTIMORE
PITTSBURG — COLUMBUS
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MARTIN D. HESS J. RALPH BONSAK
6 TIMES BLDG. Phone 267 WESTMINSTER.

A Reduction on Suits THAT MEANS A Real Money Saving

The Value of Reduced Prices Depends on What the Original Prices Were.

20 Per Cent. and other extravagant reductions advertised means little when Suits have been marked at 50 to 75 per cent. profit.

Our reductions are made from prices as low as any honest merchant can sell Reliable Clothing, and is a sacrifice of legitimate profits in order to aid our customers to secure Lower Priced Suits.

\$25 Suits	Reduced to	\$22
\$30 Suits	Reduced to	\$26
\$35 Suits	Reduced to	\$31
\$40 Suits	Reduced to	\$35
\$45 Suits	Reduced to	\$40
\$50 Suits	Reduced to	\$44

200 Elegant Knee Pants Suits

\$15 Suits	Reduced to	\$13
\$18 Suits	Reduced to	\$16
\$20 Suits	Reduced to	\$18

SHARRER, GORSUCH & STARR,

WESTMINSTER, MD.,
Carroll County's Big & Only Exclusive Clothing Store

CENTRAL GARAGE

TANEYTOWN, MD.

HAVING SECURED the Services of one of the Best Mechanics in Pennsylvania, we are ready to take care of all work on any make of cars.

For satisfaction give us a trial, and you will have a different car.

Gas, Oils, Tires and Accessories on hand.

For quick service, stop at Central Garage.

Overland and Willys-Knight Cars, and Republic Trucks.

GUY W. HAINES, Agent.

5-7-1f

A GOOD INVESTMENT—

Use the RECORD'S Columns

IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL
SUNDAY SCHOOL
LESSON

(By REV. F. B. FITZWATER, D. D.,
Teacher of English Bible in the Moody
Bible Institute of Chicago.)
(Copyright, 1920, Western Newspaper Union.)

LESSON FOR JULY 11

JONATHAN BEFRIENDS DAVID.

LESSON TEXT—I Sam. 20.
GOLDEN TEXT—A friend loveth at all
times; and a brother is born for adversity.—Prov. 17:17.
ADDITIONAL MATERIAL—I Sam. 18:
1-6, 17-30; 19:1-24.
PRIMARY TOPIC—A Story of Two
Friends.
JUNIOR TOPIC—David and His Friend.
INTERMEDIATE AND SENIOR TOPIC—
Friendships That Are Worth While.
YOUNG PEOPLE AND ADULT TOPIC—
Friendship: What It Is and What It
Does.

The friendship between Jonathan and David is peculiar in that it occurred between two men of rival worldly interests. Jonathan was the crown prince, the heir to the throne. David was the heir according to divine choice and arrangement. Jonathan knew this and magnanimously waived his natural personal rights to the one whom he knew that God had chosen.

Following the interview of Saul and David after the victory over Goliath, Jonathan's soul was knit with that of David. He loved him as his own soul. While there was mutual love, yet this pleasing trait stands out more in Jonathan than in David, because it meant great loss to him—the loss of the throne, but immense gain to David—the acquisition of the throne to which he had no natural right. The genuine friendship was shown:

I. By Giving to David His Court Robe and Equipment (18:4).

These belonged to Jonathan as the crown prince. Following the love-covenant between them (18:3) Jonathan stripped himself of these and gave them to David. This act was virtual abdication in favor of David. "Love seeketh not her own" (I Cor. 13:5).

II. By Defending David Against the Fury of Saul (I Sam. 19:1-6).

According to oriental custom, the women met David and his soldiers as they were returning from their victory over the Philistines, and with singing and dancing they ascribed more praise to David than to Saul. This stirred up the murderous envy of Saul and moved him to thrice attempt to kill David. In his third attempt Jonathan defended David before his father and evoked from him the oath that David should not be slain (19:6). Thus he exposed himself to the anger of his infuriated father, for David's sake. When one is willing to lay down his life for another he proves that his friendship is real. "Greater love hath no man than this that a man lay down his life for his friends" (John 15:13).

III. By Revealing to David Saul's Murderous Intent (I Sam. 20:30-40).

The beginning of a new moon was celebrated by sacrifices and feasting, at which all the members of the family were expected to be present (v. 5). David's excuse for absence was to go home to attend the yearly sacrifice of the entire family. This annual feast was more important than the monthly feast.

Matters were now so serious that they renewed the covenant between themselves. In its renewal the terms were projected beyond the life of Jonathan (vv. 14, 15). Saul's anger was now so fierce that for Jonathan to be found in company with David was a dangerous thing, so he cleverly plans to give David a sign by which he could know Saul's purpose. We prove our friendship by warning those who are exposed to danger. David's heart responded to Jonathan's love by pledging himself to deal faithfully with Jonathan and his seed forever. Later history proves that this was faithfully carried out (II Sam. 9:7, 8).

Some Observations on Friendship:

1. Friendships should be made while the parties are young—while the hearts are capable of being knit together.

2. Real friends are few; therefore be careful in the formation of the ties of friendship. Friends should be selected. We should love everybody, but we can have but few friends.

3. There should be some variations in the temperaments in those who would be friends. Friendships should be formed for the purpose of mutually helping each other. Both parties, however, must possess real merit.

4. Both parties must be God-fearing. David and Jonathan both recognized their obligation to the Lord and that his help was essential to the welfare of both. Without a deep religious life there can be no friendship. There are times when one party must absolutely renounce his interests in behalf of the other. Genuine love is the basis of all friendship.

Good Impulses.
Few good impulses live long unless they are put to work.

The Glory of Life.
To do the things that can't be done is the glory of life.

Greatest Losses.
The greatest losses are the losses we never observe.

Being Rich or Poor.
We are as rich or as poor as our minds make us.

Character.
Character is a growth from the soil of purpose.

— THE —
CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR
TOPIC

— From —
The Christian Workers Magazine,
Chicago, Ill.

JULY 11
Brotherhood Among Races and Nations.
Acts 17:24-28.

There can be no Christian brotherhood among races and nations as such, because there are no Christian races or Christian nations. There are individual Christians in all races and nations, and among these there is a spiritual brotherhood by virtue of one common life derived through one common faith. Having believed in and received the Lord Jesus Christ as their personal Saviour, they have thereby become the children of God, and as children of God they are related to one another in the bonds of one common life. (John 1:12, 13; Gal. 3:26). Apart from this there is no such thing as "Christian brotherhood." The much talked of "brotherhood of man" is simply a sentiment, nothing more. This does not exclude mutual respect among men and nations, and other relations, such as a comradeship of interests to further certain causes and attain specified objectives. But the phrase "brotherhood of man" used in such glib fashion on many platforms and in many pulpits is an empty phrase, lifeless, powerless, and positively misleading. To get rid of it is to take a progressive step in evangelical truth. The whole trend of New Testament teaching is arrayed against it. The events of the past few years have undermined it. The only brotherhood that the Bible emphasizes is the brotherhood composed of believers in Jesus Christ as their personal Saviour from sin, and Lord of their individual lives. To such believers there is imparted a new life, by virtue of which they become members of the new creation, the new humanity, the family of faith.

Our Scripture lesson teaches that God made the world and all things therein, also He made of one blood all nations of men. This is a definite assertion that God created the whole human race from one common stock. The apostle uses this as a part of his argument in the effort to eradicate the notion so prevalent among heathen people, that there were many gods. It would also assist in the reception of the truth concerning one true God. Not only was He Creator and Preserver, but He also exercised watchful control over all affairs. A beneficent purpose runs through all His appointments and arrangements. This appears in verse 27. "As Creator and Sustainer—the giving One—He could be found and reverently worshipped. More over He is around about us, for in Him we live and move and have our being, and there can be no proper adjustment to environment apart from recognition of and relationship to Him.

The words of verse 28, "We are also his offspring," are quoted from Aratus, a poet of Cilicia, of which Tarsus, Paul's native city, was the capital. Cleanthes, in his hymn to Zeus, or Jupiter, uses almost the same words—"For we thine offspring are." Such words afford no basis whatever for the popular fallacy concerning the universal fatherhood of God and the universal brotherhood of man. Such a fallacy is a poor substitute for personal faith in the Saviour, and individual regeneration by the Spirit.

HOW CHINAMEN
LOOK ON CUSTOMS
OF THE REST OF THE
WORLD.—A Chinese is variously

observed as an object of curiosity or an object for universal sympathy, because his skin is yellow and he hails from the dark and mystical East, and he is just "nothingness" to others who claim to be neutral. But, among newcomers, the Chinese is an equal; the Chinese is as good as an American, the American as good as the Chinese, and, strange to say, this attitude is quite often honest, writes "J. S. L." in the Far Eastern Republic. Yet, still, there are some who think they understand or know the Chinese and they feel that in him is an antique, grand, and noble culture, with much learning of rare and delicate beauty, very fine, and almost sacred.

These are all most interesting; they are delightful. Do not misunderstand us. We are close observers. We see how you act, hear how you talk, understand how you think, and search your motives. "Terrible!" you say? Well—it is, if you don't act just right; it isn't, if you do. Why? Because you do not yet understand us when you should.

However simple a Chinese may appear to you—and who might not, when placed in an environment and civilization equally as good, perhaps, but wholly different from his own—do not imagine that he does not observe and think, for he does, and he has been doing this for thousands of years. Even though uneducated—and when educated even more so—he must analyze things, and in a way all his own, although probably not scientifically like the westerner's, but yet using a philosophy that counts and means things. It really makes for understanding—on the part of the Chinese, at least.

Costly Funerals Are Wel-
comed in China

In China every item of expense is welcomed by relatives of a dead person. Indeed, it is a mark of great regard for the dead parent should a Chinese contract enormous debt in the administration of the last rites.

A truly good son will effect enough debts to keep him a slave to the memory of his dead parent for years. The funeral must be accompanied with all the pomp the son can afford for borrow. Not only must the funeral of the father or mother be pompous, but the oldest son of the family must also maintain the honor of his ancestors and spend all the worldly goods he has accumulated to take care of such grave hills as he can claim belonging to those ancestors.

As a result of the obligation of reverence to the dead New Year's day is set for the annual visit to the graveyard by the family. In most cases it is the occasion of a family reunion far and wide to join in the ceremony. For days prior to the time their carts and wheelbarrows can be seen in long procession along the narrow roads. At night the squeaking of the vehicles, never greased, sings a funeral dirge.

When the family is assembled in the town nearest the graveyard, the oldest man leads the procession to the dirt hill under which his father rests. Long prayers, in which the son accuses himself of not being worthy of his parent and asks the father's aid in combating the evil spirits that follow a Chinese on his every step; an offering of rice, dried fruit and fish follows, and finally a bunch of "money paper" is placed under a clod of dirt on the pinnacle of the pyramidal hill. "Money paper" is a fine tissue specially made for ancestral worship. It is supposed to help the deceased to obtain favors and small comforts from the good spirits of the other world.

MAKE QUICK TRIP TO WORK

How Miners in Tennessee "Ride the Rail" Down Long and Steep Mountain Side.

The miners of the Inman coal district of Tennessee live on the mountain side, a long distance from the shaft openings of the mine in which they work. How they contrived to invent a process to reach the mine in the valley below speedily and without fatigue is quite an interesting story.

One day some clever fellow discovered that a mule shoe would fit over the top of the T-rail that marked the course of the railway. The next step was to attach a short board and then slip the mountain rail sled over the track. Then all the miner had to do was to sit down, pick up his feet and transport himself and dinner pail down the mountain to work.

Early any morning the stranger can see the miners come along with their mule-shoe toboggans, calmly take a seat and begin to descend. A pick handle, a stick or even the boot serves as a brake to regulate the speed of the sled. Sometimes two daring coal diggers will race on opposite rails from top to bottom. But generally they take the trip carefully in order not to interfere with the rights of the road that may belong to a neighbor in front of or behind them.

Why Drink Water With Meals?

Contrary to a long-standing theory, water taken with meals is now recommended. For years it has been taught that water should not be drunk with meals, because such a procedure weakens the secretion of gastric juice, also that digestion would be delayed or inhibited. But it has now been proved that the drinking of water with meals stimulates the secretion of gastric juice, and that it causes inhibition of the growth of intestinal bacteria, that it produces an improved liver function, that it decreases intestinal putrefaction, and that it enables the food to be utilized more economically; further, the saliva acts more efficiently as an amylolytic agent when diluted with water. For all these reasons we may infer that it is beneficial to drink water with meals.

Why Corks Are Best Stoppers.

The ancients kept their wines in casks, and it was drawn off as wanted. When bottles first came into use, a primitive material used as stoppers consisted of the root of liquorice, which was cut and formed to the shape of corks. These roots are still often used in this country for the making of bottle stoppers, and it was not till the manufacture of glassware became general that the practice arose of storing wine in bottles, and then the value of cork as a stopper for bottles became generally acknowledged. Hence came the saying, "This wine is corked"—meaning it tastes of the cork. Imperviousness to air and water is a rare quality which cork possesses over any other known material, and it conveys no disagreeable taste or flavor to the liquid.

Why Tea Leaves Remove Scars.

Painted wood marked and stained may be cleaned with tea leaves. After the tea has been made and used, take the leaves from the pot and place in a basin. Pour boiling water over them and let them remain in this for ten minutes. Dip a clean piece of flannel in the liquid and rub over the stained places. When the marks have been removed the surface should be rubbed with a dry cloth and an application of liquid vaseline applied. Rub this in so the final effect is not greasy.



The Ancient Greek

knew nothing of telephones, watches, automobiles—the many aids to comfort with which science has gifted us.

Of course, new knowledge means the discarding of old methods. For instance, castor oil, pills, mineral waters, etc., were the best science had to offer until the advent of Nujol. They irritated and caused unnatural action, frequently ending by making constipation chronic.

Of recent years the Nujol method has been found by medical science to be the safe and effective means of treating constipation.

Nujol works on an entirely new principle.

Instead of forcing or irritating the system, it simply softens the food waste. This enables the many tiny muscles in the walls of the intestines, contracting and expanding in their normal way, to squeeze the food waste along so that it passes naturally out of the system.

Nujol thus prevents constipation because it helps Nature maintain easy, thorough bowel movements at regular intervals—the healthiest habit in the world.

Nujol is absolutely harmless and pleasant to take. Try it.

Nujol is sold by all druggists in sealed bottles only, bearing Nujol trade mark. Write Nujol Laboratories, Standard Oil Co. (New Jersey), 50 Broadway, New York for booklet, "Thirty Feet of Danger".

The Modern Method of Treating an Old Complaint

Nujol For Constipation

TOO LATE

Death only a matter of short time. Don't wait until pains and aches become incurable diseases. Avoid painful consequences by taking



The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles—the National Remedy of Holland since 1696. Guaranteed. Three sizes, all druggists. Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation.

DR. FAHRNEY
DIAGNOSTICIAN

What is your weakness? Any kind of Chronic Disease or Deformity. I study these special cases and can tell what the trouble is. It is my aim to diagnose difficult cases and tell you what to do, and how to do it. Send me your name and address, and I shall do.

HAGERSTOWN, MD.

POOLE'S
Sale and Exchange Stables



I am now located at New Windsor, Md., and will have on hand from now on, HORSES and MULES of all kinds, for SALE OR EXCHANGE. Will also buy Horses of any type for the market.

Will be at Taneytown, Monday and Saturday, each week, at Central Hotel Stable, and will have a man there all the time. Stock of all kinds bought—bring it in, or let me know.

HALBERT POOLE,
1-9-tf New Windsor, Phone 4R.

J. S. MYERS J. E. MYERS
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Stop! Look! Listen!

We have an Up-to-date Disposal Plant for **Dead Animals**

We have given Quick and Reliable Service through a Long and Severe Winter.

Summer is here, and with it we will endeavor to give

"Better Service."

Our Motto: "Always on the Job."

Call "LEIDY," Phone 259,

WESTMINSTER, MD.

Baltimore Lightning
Conductor Co.

Has opened a branch office next door to W. E. Burke's Barber Shop, with E. M. DUTTERER as local manager.

Anyone wanting Lightning Rods, or repair work done, call on the manager.

Estimates furnished free. Guarantee of indemnity furnished with all work.

Baltimore Lightning Conductor Co.,
TANEYTDWN, MD. 6-25-6m

Frick Tractors
The Tractor of no Regrets

Long Periods of service only prove a "Frick" owner the wisdom of his choice.

We know of not a single case, where a man that has once used a "Frick Tractor" has changed to another make.

Ask the man who owns one.

Cut your wheat, thresh your wheat, plow and order your land for wheat, with a "Frick Tractor."

ENSOR & GRAYBILL,
NEW WINDSOR, MD. 5-28-tf

TANEYTOWN LOCAL COLUMN

Brief Items of Local News of Special Interest to Our Home Readers.

Miss Lena Angell is visiting relatives in Virginia.

Chas. A. Elliot, of York, Pa., is spending his vacation with his sister, Mrs. N. B. Hagan and husband.

McC. Davidson and lady friend, of Hanover, visited his sister, Mrs. Margaret Bankard, last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Swigert and children, of York Pa., spent Sunday and Monday with M. Ross Fair and family.

Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Dayhoff and Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Airing attended the funeral of their sister, Mrs. C. H. Nelson, on July 1, in York, Pa.

Miss Missouri Keefer, of York, Pa., has returned home after spending a week with her mother, Mrs. Sarah J. Keefer, and brother Jesse, near town.

Rev. Wm. B. Duttera, D. D., of Salisbury, N. C., visited his father and brother here, on Sunday, while on his way home from a trip to the New England States.

Chas. E. H. Shriner & Son took their working force, 35 in number, on an auto outing, last Saturday, to Druid Hill Park, Baltimore. The day was very enjoyably spent by all.

John H. Marks, formerly of this section, now of Harrisburg, who had the misfortune to break his right hip, on the 29th. of last December, is able to move around nicely with the aid of crutches.

An observer sends us the following item: "685 automobiles travelled the Taneytown and Emmitsburg State Road, last Sunday, past the Long Lane Farm, from 7:00 A. M., to 8:00 P. M."

Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd L. Ridinger, of Manheim, Pa., and Robert T. Ridinger and two sons, of York, Pa., spent from Saturday until Tuesday morning with their father, Chas. E. Ridinger, and Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Reid.

We have several "Agricultural Year Books," Dept. of Agriculture, 1918, that will be given to farmers who desire them. They are cloth bound books of 750 pages and contain a great deal of information.

The weather Monday and Tuesday, and until Wednesday afternoon, was ideal for harvesting. Then came a heavy rain that delayed operations. Some wheat will be uncut until next week, though most farmers have finished. Some of the wheat was thin on the ground, but the quality is generally fine. Hauling in has progressed, to some extent.

On Monday evening, July 5, the following celebrated Independence day with fireworks at Mr. and Mrs. Q. E. Weant's, near town: H. J. Hiltzbrick, Mr. and Mrs. John H. Sauble and son, Earl; Mr. and Mrs. Harry D. Hiltzbrick, Emma and Robert Hiltzbrick, Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Stoner and Wilbur Stoner, Mr. and Mrs. Charles D. Hiltzbrick and children.

Misses Lucy and Helen Elliot, daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. A. Elliot, of York, were married, Tuesday afternoon of last week, in a double ceremony affair. Miss Lucy was married to Robert G. Windermuth, and Miss Helen to William F. Zeck, both of the grooms being from Shrewsbury, Pa., the former home of the brides. They will reside in York.

Elmer W. Fleagle, formerly of this place, now with H. J. Formwalt, 1807 N. 3rd. St., Harrisburg, Pa., paid a visit to his sister, last Sunday, Mrs. Theo. H. Starner, of Union Bridge, Monday stopping off with his sisters, Mrs. Edw. H. Winter and Mrs. Augustus L. Morelock, leaving in the afternoon to pay a visit to his other sister in Hanover, Mrs. Louis Kohr.

Granville Crouse, son of the late Mr. and Mrs. Wm. H. Crouse, died in Marion, Iowa, recently. The Crouse family resided in Taneytown, years ago, as proprietors of the "old stone" hotel, and afterwards removed to Emmitsburg. Mr. Crouse leaves one sister, Mrs. Missouri Rider, and his wife (who is a sister of Mrs. Margaret Reindollar, of Walbrook) one son and two daughters.

Auto parties were numerous, through town, Saturday, Sunday and Monday, some of them evidently coming long distances. Since the completion of the Emmitsburg road, it is being used as a connecting link for touring between the Lincoln highway, and Baltimore and Washington. On Sunday, during several hours, morning and evening, the Westminster end of the state road showed a continuous string of cars.

Mrs. Jennie Peters, Mrs. Kate Kuhns, Thomas O. Eckenrode, wife and son, spent Monday in town, visiting old friends.

Raymond Ohler had a fall from a cherry tree, on Thursday, that might have been serious, but actually resulted only in a bad shaking up.

The location at the East end of town is being prepared for the Soldiers' Memorial, by curbing and filling. We understand that the monument itself is ready, whenever the local committee is ready for it.

The Record has received from Mr. and Mrs. John J. Reid, of Detroit, the handsome contribution of \$10.00 for the Soldiers' Memorial. It was not expected by the donors that this item would be published, but we do so in order that other former citizens may be inspired to do likewise.

C. B. Mohney and wife, and H. M. Mohney and wife, of Niles, Ohio, and Mr. and Mrs. John Nelson and son, George, of Evans City, Pa., are spending the week's-end with Edgar H. Essig and wife. The Mohneys, in company with Mrs. Essig, visited Washington, D. C., on Wednesday.

The following item was clipped from the Hanover Record: "Edward Flickinger, of Bonanza, Colorado, and daughter, Edna Robertson, and son, Wayne Robertson, of Shelbyville, Mo., are visiting friends and relatives in Hanover and Taneytown. Mr. Flickinger, in company with Theo. Eck, whose mother, Mrs. Ellen Eck, resides on Baltimore St., this place, have been in the mining business at Bonanza, Colo., for the past several years, but recently disposed of their mines to a mining company for a neat sum. Mr. Eck intends to return to Hanover to make his home in the Fall."

Western Md. College.

The attention of our readers is directed to the advertisement of Western Maryland College appearing in this issue. This institution located at Westminster, Md., begins its fifty-fourth year September 20th., 1920. It has made a record for thoroughness and efficiency not excelled by any in the State. Its beautiful location in the highlands of Maryland, its excellent equipment in buildings and grounds, its well-trained faculty, its up-to-date courses of study, and its charges kept down to reasonable terms make it an attractive place to get an education.

In addition to the usual Classical, Scientific and Historical courses leading to the degree of Bachelor of Arts, there are supplementary courses in Music, Expression, Oratory, Domestic Science and Education. Completion of this last-named course secures the certificate of the State Board of Education. A regular unit of the Reserve Officer Training Corps is established at the College, the government supplying the Professor of Military Science and Tactics and uniforms and equipment.

This Institution is worthy of the consideration of our readers who may be considering the question, where is my boy or girl to go to College?

CHURCH NOTICES.

Sunday services, Church of the Brethren, New Windsor, in College Chapel: Mission Study Class, 8:45 A. M.; Sunday School and Bible Study, 9:45; church services, 10:45; Christian Workers' meeting, 6:45 P. M.; followed by song service at 7:20; preaching at 8.

In Trinity Lutheran church, next Sunday morning, the pastor will preach on "The Duty of Love and Unity." At 6:30 P. M., the congregation will join in the day-light service in the Reformed church. The C. E. service will be held at 7:30 P. M. The summer communion will be held on Sunday, July 18, at the morning service only. Preparatory service will be held on the Saturday previous, at 2 o'clock.

Reformed Church, Taneytown.—Preparatory service, Saturday afternoon, at 2:30. Holy communion, Sunday morning, at 10:15. Sunday school at 9:15. Union service at 6:30 P. M., sermon by Rev. G. W. Shipley.

Uniontown Lutheran Church.—St. Paul: 9:30, Sunday school; 10, common service, with sermon by pastor; Holy communion, new members received. 7:30, C. E. Immanuel (Bau): 1:30, Sunday school; 2:30, sermon by pastor; 7:45, Christian Endeavor. Welcome to all to worship with us.

Union Bridge Lutheran.—10:00 A. M., Keysville. Preaching. Theme: "Divine Love." 2:30 P. M., Preaching. Theme: "Time to Think."

U. B. Church, Town—Bible School, at 9 A. M.; Preaching and Communion, at 10 A. M. Harney—Bible School, at 9 A. M.; Christian Endeavor, at 7:30 P. M.; Preaching, at 8 P. M.

Presbyterian church.—Town: Sabbath school, 10 A. M.; C. E., 7:45 P. M. Union service in the Reformed church, at 6:30 P. M. Piney Creek: Children's day exercises at 10 A. M.; interesting service of song and recitations. Public cordially invited to attend.

Senator Johnson has come out squarely for the Republican nominees, saying "it is the only choice left those who believe in safeguarding our Americanism." This apparently means that he will take no stock in the new party movement, that meets in Chicago, July 10.

A Birthday Surprise Party.

A Birthday surprise party was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Edward J. Clabaugh, near Detour, in honor of their daughter, Marion, on June 28. Refreshments were served.

Among those present were: Mr. and Mrs. Edward J. Clabaugh, Mr. and Mrs. David Hiderbrand, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Fox, Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Clabaugh, Mr. and Mrs. John Ohler, Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Frounfelzer, Mr. and Mrs. Guy Warren, Mr. and Mrs. Morris Wilhide, Mrs. Cleve Whitmore, Mrs. John Frock, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Deberry, Mrs. Joseph Baker, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Myers, Mr. and Mrs. Morris Clabaugh, Mrs. John Lawrence; Misses Marian Clabaugh, Lulu Frock, Clara Moser, Carrie Fox, Valie Kiser, Maud Moser, Mary Baumgardner, Bernice Ritter, Clara Six, Maud Clabaugh, Louise Wilhide, Olive Ritter, Anna Coshun, Margarette Kaufman, Ruth Kiser, Dorothy Wilhide, Margarette Deberry, Lizzie Clabaugh, Cleo Myers, Lillie Clabaugh, Mae Clabaugh, Mildred, Margarette and Mary Hiderbrand, Eva Slagle, Anna Dayhoff, Helen Baker, Luella Deberry, Adah Frounfelzer, Evelyn Dayhoff; Messrs Roger Hiderbrand, Robert Grimes, Upton Austin, Carroll Valentine, James Coshun, Wilbur Naylor, Chas. Devibiss, Lloyd Wilhide, Jacob Myerly, Raymond Sharer, Harry Clabaugh, George Eichelberger, Jos. Coshun, Reuben Clabaugh, Ira Caldwell, Howard Tompson, Clyde Wilhide, Chas. Clabaugh, Carroll Wilhide, Marlin Six, Carroll Clabaugh, Chas. Six, Truman Whitmore, Elmer Hahn, Clarence Clabaugh, Merhle Wilhide, Luther Clabaugh, Paul Deberry, Roy Baumgardner, Charles Wilhide, Jap Baker, Raymond Weant, Edgar and J. Thomas Wilhide, Jos. Click, Roscoe Kiser, Chas. Frounfelzer, Jennings Frock.

A Real Artist.

Some of the workmen on the new Christian Church buildings were complimenting Rev. Brink on his ability to help out in about any place necessary. He gracefully admitted that he was a pretty handy man, but said his skill was nothing compared to that of a stone cutter he once knew. The curious part of it was that the mason was a negro who had only one arm.

"How does he manage it if he has only one arm?" questioned one of the men.

"Why," said Brink, "he holds his chisel between his teeth and hits himself behind the head with the hammer."—Winamac (Ind.) Democrat.

Not Over His Head.

A prosperous farmer has gained the reputation of being the stingiest man in his town and consequently is not a general favorite with his neighbors.

He owns an old horse which, to put it mildly, is very thin. As if to make up for lack of flesh on its body, however, the animal has a head many sizes too large. The other week he went to the expense of a new collar for the animal. A few minutes after the delivery he was back at the saddle's with the collar.

"Don't you know nothin'?" he blurted out. "You've made it too small. I can't get it over his head!"

"Over his head?" replied the saddler, "Man alive, it wasn't made to go over his head. Back him into it!"—Chicago Daily News.

TO DESTROY INSECT PESTS

Two Forms of Insecticides Necessary for Successful Protection of Plants and Foliage.

Do not waste your time spraying Paris green on insects that suck the juices from plants and foliage, such as lice, green, black and white aphids or fly, mealy bug, red spider and scale, by thrusting their proboscis into, the leaf or stem, for they are not affected by stomach poisons. They must be destroyed by contact insecticides. Those in powder form kill by closing the breathing pores in the insect's skin, or in fluid form by being absorbed through these pores, the American Forestry Magazine points out. The best contact insecticides in powder form are hellebore, slug shot and tobacco dust. The best in fluid form are aphine, black leaf 40, fish (whale) oil soap, nicotine (tobacco extract), kerosene, miscible oil and lemon oil.

Insects that eat plants, foliage, vegetables, fruits, flowers, etc., whether bugs, beetles, worms, caterpillars or slugs are more quickly and effectually destroyed with a poisonous stomachic insecticide such as arsenate of lead, Paris green or hellebore. These, if applied according to directions, are so diluted as to be harmless to vegetation and to animal life. Less poisonous stomachic and contact insecticides are kerosene emulsion, slug shot, etc.

Boy "Policeman" Gets Results. Bill Zerbe, formerly of Indianapolis, is motorcycle policeman in the Logansport police department. Both the young and old know Bill because of his record as a tamer of speeders.

A few days ago the driver of an automobile permitted the motor of his machine to run while he went into a store. When he came out he found a piece of paper in the front seat of the car. On the paper were these words: "You are pinched for permitting the engine of your machine to run over 15 minutes. Bill Zerbe."

The driver of the car went to police headquarters to pay his fine and exhibit the evidence that he had been caught. On being assured that the paper presented had not been prepared by Zerbe, the driver of the machine recalled that he had seen a small boy with a broad grin on his face standing near when he started toward the police station.—Indianapolis News.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS will be inserted under this heading at One Cent a word, each week, counting name and address of advertiser—two initials, or a date, counted as one word. Minimum charge, 15 cents.

REAL ESTATE for sale, Two Cents each word. Minimum charge, 25 cents. BLACK TYPE will be charged double rates.

APPLY AT RECORD OFFICE ads not accepted—but will receive sealed replies. No personal information given.

THIS COLUMN is specially for Wants, Lost, Found, Short Announcements, Personal Property for sale, etc.

WANTED—Butter, Eggs, Poultry, Squabs, Calves, at highest cash prices; 50c a head for delivering Calves. Open every evening until 8 o'clock. The Farmers' Produce, H. C. BRENDEL, Prop.

HIGHEST CASH Prices paid every day for delivery of Poultry, Butter and Eggs. Specialty, 50c for delivery of Calves all day Tuesday, or Wednesday morning.—GEO. W. MOTTER.

A. O. K. of the M. C. will hold its 50th Anniversary, Picnic and Festival, on Saturday evening, July 24, in Null's Grove at Harney. The public is cordially invited. 7-9-2t

THE LADIES AID SOCIETY of Harney U. B. Church, will hold a Festival on the church lawn, on Saturday Evening, July 17. 9-2t

4-HORSE WESTERN Wagon and four 3 1/2 inch tires, for sale by D. C. FISSEL, at Fairview School.

FINE CELERY PLANTS for sale by Mrs. MINNIE OHLER, near East-end Garage, Taneytown.

I WILL NOT ACCEPT any orders for Hatching after July 12.—J. L. BOWERS, CHICK HATCHERY and PIGEON LOFTS, Taneytown.

MT. UNION S. S. PIC-NIC, Saturday, July 31, Afternoon and evening, in D. M. Buffington's grove, Taneytown. Band will furnish music. Everybody invited. 7-9-3

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE we will close our warehouse Saturday evenings, at five o'clock.—THE REINDOLLAR CO., THE TANEYTOWN GRAIN & SUPPLY CO. 9-2t

THRESHING RIG for sale.—C. I. Peerless Thresher; 12 H. P. Peerless Engine. Price made to sell, as I must vacate.—A. W. GRAHAM, Taneytown. 7-9-2t

LOST.—Rear Stake to truck body, between Keymar and Walkersville. Finder please notify J. T. LEMMON, Harney or Taneytown.

FOR SALE.—Farm situated along Emmitsburg State Road, containing 155 acres under good cultivation, 16 acres in wood land, good buildings and running water through place, joining farm of Wm. Hockensmith, Kemper and Zimmerman. For terms apply to Mrs. MINERVA HARMAN, Taneytown, Md. Box 117. 7-2t.

HAIL INSURANCE on growing corn. Get it now.—P. B. ENGLAR, Agt., Taneytown. 2-3t

AUTOMOBILIST, we are prepared to do brazing, welding and burning carbon, also all kind of repairing. Save money by seeing us before buying your Tractor and Auto Oils, Greases and Accessories.—OHLER'S GARAGE, Taneytown, Phone 6R. 2-3t

NOTICE—On Saturdays only beginning July 10, will be at my display room in the Second Precinct building, Taneytown from 9:00 A. M. to 5:00 P. M. Don't fail to let us give you an estimate on your electrical work.—D. C. BANKERT, Electrical Contractor. 7-2t.

DIVIDENDS PAID.—Over 11% dividends paid on all policies issued by the Mutual Life Ins. Co., of N. Y. for the year 1919.—E. C. SAUERHAMMER, Agent, Taneytown. 2-4t

LAWN SWING for sale. Electric Washers and Sweepers; Pump Jacks; Wood Saw; New Holland Mill plates. Phone L. K. BIRLEY. 2-2t

FRED MEHRING'S Fertilizer works will be prepared to furnish farmers with fertilizer in good condition, at very low prices.—D. H. ESSIG, Agt. 25 4t

GILL RYE THRESHER for sale by GEORGE MYERS, Keysville. 6-25t

HIGHEST CASH Prices paid for Old Iron, Rags, Rubber, Paper, Magazines, etc.—A. ROSENBERG, Central Hotel, Taneytown. 18-4t

SHORT TERM INSURANCE on grain. Nobody carries enough insurance on crops to cover the period from Harvesting to marketing time. Policies issue to cover the extra amount, for 2, 3, 4 or 6 months at low cost.—P. B. ENGLAR, Agt., Home Ins. Co., New York. 6-18-4t

1913 INDIAN Motorcycle for sale by LESTER KOONS, Union Bridge, R. 1 18-4t

FARMERS—Don't take a chance! Insure your growing grain against Hail Storm. Reliable Company. Cash settlements. Low rates.—STONER & HOBBS, Westminster. 9-11-t

PROPERTY FOR SALE. Good Dwelling and store room, at Keysville, between now and Fall.—Mr. and Mrs. F. D. OHLER. 5-21t

TIMONIUM FAIR

Entries Close August 21, 1920. Write TODAY for Free Premium. Book, giving classes and awards, ADDRESS THE SECRETARY 350 Equitable Bldg., Baltimore, Md.

That Decided Him.

George was in a despondent mood. "But, Mabel, dear," he said, "marriage is out of the question just now. You seem to have forgotten that I'm a poor clerk on a meager salary."

"Oh, George, don't let poverty interfere with our happiness. We can live on one meal a day, if necessary."

"But you know nothing of household duties, sweetheart. Why, you can't even cook."

"Indeed, I can, love. I have kept it secret from you but the time has come for my confession. George, dear, I got a certificate from a domestic science school three months ago."

The young man gasped. "My darling," he said, "come to my arms. It shall be as you wish—one meal a day will be more than enough."

Taneytown's Leading Fashion Store. Standard Drop-head Sewing Machine

Koons Bros.

DEPARTMENT STORE

TANEYTOWN, MD.

Why Pay More Elsewhere, When You Can Buy Cheaper Here?

Good Values in Hosiery

Women's, Men's and Children's Hose, in Silks, Mercerized Lises and Cotton. In Black, Tan and White, at very much less than their real value.

Shoes and Oxfords

Latest Styles in Dress Shoes, Oxfords and Ladies' Pumps. Long-wearing Work Shoes, for Men and Women—hundreds of pairs to select from.

Negligee Shirts

Men's Soft Shirts, in Silk, Pongee, Madras and Percales, all French Cuffs.

High-Grade Hats

Men's and Boys' Hats and Caps; newest and Latest Shapes and Colors.

SEE US FOR TRUNKS, and SUIT CASES and CLUB BAGS.

CORSETS

W. B. and Warner Bros' Rust Proof Long-wearing Guaranteed Corsets.

DRY GOODS

New Spring Dress Goods, Gingham and Chambrays, in Bates' and Red Seal Fabrics. A full line of Lancaster Apron Gingham. Bleached Sheetings and Pillow Tubing. Towelings and Muslins.

RUGS RUGS

Special Prices on 9x12 and 8x10 Rugs; also Small Rugs, all in Fibre, Crex, Matting and Brussels. Beautiful Patterns in Linoleum and Floor Tex, 1 and 2 yds wide.

WINDOW SHADES AND TABLE OIL CLOTH, at about 10% less than market value.

Made-to-Measure Suits

Suits made in English or Conservative Models, of high-grade Worsteds and Cassimers, in all the Newest Checks and Stripes. Perfectly Tailored and Very Best Trimmings.

LADIES' WAISTS AND MIDDY BLOUSES, HOUSE DRESSES AND BUNGALOW APRONS

Short Term Insurance on Grain.

Policies issued to cover the extra value of Grain, from Harvest to marketing time. Issued to apply after grain is housed. Policies from 2 months to 6 months, at low cost. Do not fail to get this protection to apply in addition to your regular insurance on Farm Produce.

P. B. ENGLAR, Agent, Home Insurance Company, N. Y. TANEYTOWN, MD.

PRIVATE SALE

The undersigned offers at Private Sale his very desirable small property, near Mayberry, consisting of 28 ACRES OF LAND.

The improvements are a 5-room Dwelling, large Summer House, good Spring of water; good Barn with well of water; 3 Poultry Houses, hog pen, etc. Possession April 1, 1921. Call to see property, or write to JOHN KING, Westminster R. D. No. 1. 7-9-3t

Notice!

My Yellow French Mondaines have found a new home, and I desire to recommend Mr. John N. Weigle, of Westminster, Md., the present owner, as a man of sterling qualities, with whom you will find doing business a pleasure.

Signed—J. L. BOWERS, Prop., Bowers' Chick Hatchery and Pigeon Lofts, Taneytown, Md.

PUBLIC SALE OF A Small Farm

The undersigned will offer at public sale, on the premises, adjoining the town of Harney, on SATURDAY, AUGUST 28th., 1920, at 1:00 o'clock, P. M., the following described Farm, consisting of 23 ACRES OF LAND, more or less. This place is splendidly located on the main road to Gettysburg, 7 miles distant, and 5 miles to Taneytown. The improvements consist of a good 8-ROOM FRAME DWELLING in excellent repair, Summer Kitchen, Smoke House, Wash House, a fine NEW BARN, blacksmith shop, Hog House, Chicken House, and all buildings and improvements ordinarily found on a small farm. This is the property formerly owned by S. S. Shoemaker. A good well and two cisterns supply ample water. Being on the outskirts of Harney, stores, schools and churches are very convenient. Those looking for a small farm and an ideal country home, should give this opportunity their attention. Possession will be given April 1st., 1921. TERMS—One-third cash on day of sale, and the remainder on April 1, 1921, when possession will be given; or other terms may be arranged, on day of sale.

MRS. WM. H. FOX, WM. T. SMITH, Auct. 7-16-2t

Blacksmith Shop

Having re-opened the Blacksmith Shop at Walden's Hall, Middleburg, I am now prepared to do all kinds of general Blacksmithing. Give me a call. 7-2-4t CHAS. P. DELPHEY.

Taneytown Grain and Hay Market

Corn	1.70@1.70
Rye	1.50@1.50
Oats	80@80

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