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# THE CARROLL RECORD

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WORTH MONEY TO  
EVERYBODY.

VOL. 26.

Chesapeake & Potomac  
Telephone, 3-R.

TANEY TOWN, MARYLAND. FRIDAY, APRIL 9, 1920.

Please watch the Date  
on your Paper.

NO. 41

## BIG ADVANCE IN COAL PRICE NOT JUSTIFIED

### Coal Miners Warn Public Against Big Advance by Dealers.

New York, April 1.—Ellis Searles, speaking in behalf of the United Mine Workers of America, declared tonight that the 27 percent wage increase just granted bituminous mine workers does not justify the price increases of sixty-five cents to \$1.50 a ton, which operators have announced will have to be made. He added the increase in cost of production could not exceed forty to fifty cents a ton and he disclaimed responsibility on the part of the workers for the proposed price advance. Mr. Searles said:

"When Fuel Administrator Garfield granted the miners a 14 percent increase in wages last fall, he said, the 14 percent could and should be absorbed by the operators, and that they could afford to pay it out of their profits. But the operators did not pay the increase out of their profits. Instead, they passed the increase on to the public on at least 80 to 90 percent of the coal by increasing their selling price.

"The present increase in wages adds 12 percent to the pay of the miners above the 14 percent granted by Garfield. If Garfield was right in saying they could absorb and pay the 14 percent increase out of their profits, then they certainly can at least absorb the 13 percent now, instead of passing it on to the public.

"We see operators quoted in the newspapers as saying they will advance the price of coal \$1.25 to \$1.50 a ton because of the increase in wages granted to the miners. Such an increase would not be justified by the increase in wages.

"The wage increase was 27 percent. This means that the increase in the cost of production should exceed 40c to 50c a ton. Then why should the operators boost the price \$1.25 or \$1.50 a ton, even if they pass all of the increase on to the public?"

"If the operators make an unreasonable or unnecessary increase in the price of coal the miners want the public to know that they are not responsible."

Union officials said any unjustified advance of prices would cause serious dissatisfaction and unrest among the miners.

Attorney-General Palmer has issued instructions to district attorneys to receive and consider complaints of profiteering in bituminous coal. He points out that the increase in wages granted will not add over 40 cents a ton to the cost of coal, including the previous wage increase in December, and if this be absorbed by the operators, the last increase would not add over 20c per ton. The talked-of increases, as high as \$1.25 per ton, will likely have hard sledding.

### To Preserve Grape and Other Fruit Juices.

(For the Record.)  
We are not acquainted with the law ruling on cider and fruit juices; but we do know how the grape juice may be preserved, and we see no sensible reason why the apple juice might not be preserved in the same way.

We have used the following formula for 20 years both in Australia and New Zealand, and have kept the juice for 5 years. The older it is the mellow and more delicious it becomes. Being free from sugar and any preservative, it is just as nature made it—pure juice of the fruit. It is a most nourishing food and a deliciously appetizing drink.

The formula. Gather the grapes when dry. Pick only the good ripe grapes from the stems. Mash every grape into a mulch. Then put on the fire and bring to a boil, boil 3 minutes. Strain through a double cloth to remove all sediment. Now be sure to let the juice stand 24 hours. Then strain and fill the bottles up to 1 1/4 inch of the top.

## LILLIE SPEILMAN DROWNED

### While Attempting to Cross Temporary Bridge Over D. P. Creek.

Miss Lillie Speilman, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Speilman, was drowned while attempting to cross a temporary foot bridge over Double Pipe Creek, at Detour, on last Friday afternoon. The Speilmans live on the Frederick county side of the stream, and the girl was carrying a small package across to Detour to mail it to her brother, Harry, in Washington. It is supposed that she became nervous, or dizzy, and fell from the walk, which was rather unsteady, and was used as a make-shift since the bridge partly collapsed during the winter.

The foot walk consisted of two planks each about a foot wide, the ends resting on parts of the collapsed bridge, and was not considered a safe arrangement, but was perhaps the best that could be temporarily improvised. Miss Speilman is reported to have crossed the bridge, earlier in the day, and this last time is reported to have been going across on hands and knees.

Her fall was observed by several who at once gave the alarm, and Guy Warren, who keeps a store nearby, plunged into the swollen stream in an effort to save her, but failed. The water was very high and swift and the body was soon swept out of sight, and has not yet been recovered, although all possible efforts have been made to do so. Miss Speilman was about 15 years of age.

## Do Not Write Checks With Pencil.

The practice of writing checks with lead pencil is quite common, and is a very bad practice, even for use at home, among persons well known to each other. Every man, in issuing a check, should use a reasonable amount of safety to himself, and the simplest form of such safety is the use of ink. Business men, pretty generally, are using protecting devices which perforate, or otherwise cut the amount of the check into the fibre of the paper, rendering the "raising" of amount practically impossible, and they in every way regard the issuing of a check a business matter entitled to the exercise of care.

The quite common use of the handy pocket check book, and the writing of checks anywhere a deal may be made, has contributed to the use of pencils; and as many checks are written by those not very expert at writing, nor very well acquainted with "know how," the result is often a transaction that rests for safety almost entirely on the honesty of the person receiving the check.

In these days of perverted morals, any practice that gives encouragement to dishonesty, or shows the way to apparently easy money, should be avoided. Of course, the raising of a pencil written check would almost surely get the "raiser" into trouble, but it might also cause the maker of the check trouble, as well; and there is the possibility of a raised check being paid by the bank and charged up to the account of the depositor, without either discovering it. The best plan is to use ink always.

## The Taneytown Postoffice.

Beginning with April 12, and by permission of the Postoffice Department, the Taneytown Postoffice will be open for the transaction of business on week days, exclusive of holidays, from 6:20 A. M. to 6:00 P. M. The lobby will be open every week day, in order to permit lock-box holders to get their mail, until 8 P. M. Positively no loafing, nor improper conduct of any kind, will be permitted in the building.

The hours applying to holidays will be announced from time to time, by notices posted up in the postoffice.

These regulations will be observed the year round, or until further notice is given. By order of the Postmaster General, and Wm. E. Burke, Postmaster.

## Lutheran and Reformed Missionary Meeting.

On April 2, at the home of Mrs. David H. Hahn, the Woman's Home and Foreign Missionary Society of Immanuel (Baus) Evangelical Lutheran church held their regular monthly meeting, with the Society of the Reformed church as their guest. A missionary program was rendered, both Societies taking part, Mrs. Harry K. Myers, leader. At the close of the program the ladies were joined by the men of the congregation, and delicious refreshments, consisting of cream, cake and coffee were served.

## Mail Order Business Booming.

Chicago mail order houses have been doing a tremendous business with country customers, according to the following paragraph from the business section of the Philadelphia Ledger:

"Sears, Roebuck sales for the past three months exceeded \$85,170,000, or nearly 63% more than a year ago. The March total reached \$27,500,000. Albert Pick & Co., for the quarter, report net sales \$3,387,000, or nearly double a year ago."

These are facts worth considering, as they apply to a single class of stores that transact business almost entirely through rural sections, by means of catalogues. Other mail order houses have unquestionably had the same experience in business and profit-making.

## THE LEGISLATURE ADJOURNED ON MONDAY NIGHT

### Estimated to Have Been Above the Average in Results.

The legislature closed its session, on Monday night, with the usual confusing rush finish. The soldier bonus bill was the last measure acted on, and it was defeated in the Senate 15 to 9. Senator Snader voted for the bill.

Increased representation for Baltimore, more liberal Sunday laws, and the resolution directing the Governor to proceed toward having Maryland's ratification of the 18th amendment rescinded, failed of passage.

The Senate presented President Norris with a silver service, while speaker Tydings received from the House a silver Tea Service.

The State tax levy, as finally fixed, will be 35 and 1-3 cents for 1921, and 35 cents for 1922, a saving of near 1 1/2 cents from present rate.

The committee appointed to investigate the Anti-Saloon League, was discharged, as it had no report to make.

The bill giving Baltimore authority to enact a daylight saving law, was defeated, as it was regarded unnecessary, there being no law to prevent city concerns going to work whenever they want to, under standard time. There was but one vote for the bill in the Senate.

The bill legalizing Sunday baseball in Baltimore failed in the House for lack of a Constitutional majority.

The legislature of 1920 is estimated to have made a good record, by comparison with its predecessors. It had the advantage of not having many partisan measures before it, and only six others of any wide importance—road legislation, race tracks, woman suffrage, Sunday laws, the wet and dry question, and the bonus bill.

Two years ago there were introduced in the House 695 bills and the Senate 604, total 1,299, of which 489 were passed. This year there were introduced in the House 804 bills and in the Senate 538, total 1,342. This does not tell the whole story, for there were besides 100 to 125 bequest bills which were not numbered as formerly and which were finally passed in two big omnibus measures. Of the bills this year about 700 were passed, including the uncombed road measures.

The legislature made a record for passing bond issues. The road issue will be \$1,500,000 from the state and \$750,000 from the counties; one of \$1,500,000 for buildings and improvements, and another of \$250,000 for bridges. In addition, many counties and towns have their own separate bond issues for improvements, schools, etc.

## The State Tax Rate.

The rate for 1921 is 35 1-3 cents on each \$100 of assessed property in the state. The rate for 1920 was 36 5-12.

For 1922 the rate will be 35 cents. The bill fixing the tax rates for 1921 and 1922 passed the Senate and House today under a suspension of the rules. The rate is thus decided:

For public schools, 16 cents.  
For the sinking fund and interest payments on the State Normal School loan, two-fifths of 1 per cent.  
For the consolidation loan of 1915, 2 1-10 cents.

For the redemption of the state loan of 1912 seven-twelfths of 1 cent.  
Technical school loan of 1912, 2-2-5 cents.

State Insane Hospital loan, one-third of 1 cent.  
For the Public Highways loan of 1910, seven-tenths of a cent.

Public Highways loan of 1914, 4 1/2 cents.  
Public Highways loan of 1916, 1 2-5 cents.

Treasury Relief loan of 1916, two-thirds of 1 cent.  
State loan of 1918, seven-tenths of 1 cent.

Public Highways loan of 1918, 2 cents.  
Consolidation loan of 1920, one-tenth of 1 per cent.

Later and post roads loan of 1920, seven-tenths of 1 cent.

The same items are carried through to 1922 with slight variations and reductions, the rate for the latter year being 35 cents.

## New Hotel for Pen-Mar.

Work commenced last week on the new hotel, at Pen-Mar, under the direction of Rudolph Dedrick, of Baltimore. The new hostelry will be located on Monterey avenue, and a large force of men will endeavor to complete the hotel by July 1, the date set for the opening of the resort.

The hotel is to be a four-story structure, with 85 rooms. It will have a frontage of 100 feet and a depth of 150 feet. On top of the building a roof garden will be erected and will be fitted for dancing. The hotel will be of the most modern design and finished in hard wood, with wide, rustic fireplaces in the lobby and parlors.

Albert A. Blakeney, former member of Congress from this Second District, has decided to enter the race as Republican candidate. He will make an energetic fight, and will be a strong candidate, as he is able, popular, and a vote-getter.

## THE EDITOR OF THE FUTURE.

### Smaller and Better Newspapers a Future Necessity.

The actuality of a shortage in paper-making material is serious enough to cause publishers to begin to think of new rules concerning "what to print," and labor costs also affect the same question. As long as paper and labor were cheap commodities, almost anything sent into a newspaper office was published, even though much of it was of little or no value; but when it is considered that trifling announcements cost the publisher as much as more weighty and important announcements, the thought comes uppermost that soon it will be necessary to more carefully sift the grist.

Free matter of all kinds costs the publisher as much in time and paper as paid advertising. The Sunday visit across the fields to a neighbor's, costs as much as the report of a fire or death. Effusive reports of social events with a long list of "those present," costs as much as publishing a sale of personal property, or the account of a serious accident.

The editorship of the future will be compelled to take account, more seriously, of what to print, and what particular classes of readers to cater to. The outlook is that all periodicals will be compelled to decrease their bulk, and this is not such a great loss as may at first sight be supposed. Many of the syndicated illustrated features, and "funny" pages, could easily be abandoned as well as "long winded" discussions and letters to the Editor. Baseball scores in detail, positively encumber space without justification, especially in the regulation newspapers.

"Censuring" almost everything, promises to become a future necessity. The time has been when some publishers strained a point to issue "supplements" as an evidence of their great rush of business; and the publication of every unimportant item sent in was considered necessary in order to popularize the paper for its generous liberality.

The Sunday newspapers are the greatest offenders against the conservation of paper; but the truth is that these papers have offended for profit. A large lot of the type matter is inserted merely to sandwich the advertising, and as long as the advertising demand is large, the cheap type matter filling must be used. The copy selling revenue of the Sunday issue is secondary to advertising revenue, although it is equally true that the Sunday issue is carefully considered from the business manager's standpoint, and is made attractive as a "sporting" and "society" issue, above any other issue of the week. Features that would apparently harmonize with the sacredness of the day, are conspicuous by their absence.

The smaller and better, publication is on its way, unless science soon discovers vastly more paper-making material than wood pulp. In many directions, this enforced necessity is to be welcomed, rather than objected to.

## Proceedings of the Orphans' Court.

Monday April 5, 1920.—J. N. O. Smith, administrator of Charles C. Whitmore, deceased, returned inventories of personal property and debts and received an order to sell personal property.

Letters of administration on the estates of Dallas M. Wilson, deceased, were granted unto Annie M. Wilson, who received warrant to appraise and an order to notify creditors.

Lavenia J. Humbert and M. Theodore Yeiser, executors of Reuben J. Humbert, deceased, settled their first account.

The last will and testament of Albert M. Rowe, deceased, was admitted to probate and letters testamentary thereon were granted unto Gertrude E. Rowe, who received warrant to appraise and an order to notify creditors.

David Paul Smelser, administrator of Arthur C. Smelser, deceased, received an order to transfer stock and settled his first and final account.

Oliver D. Boose and Jennie A. Stoniesifer, administrators of David Boose, deceased, returned an inventory of debts.

Tuesday, April 6, 1920.—Noah D. G. Sellers and Thomas T. Schaeffer, executors of Jonas Schaeffer, deceased, received an order to transfer stocks.

Letters testamentary on the estate of J. Thaddeus Starr, deceased, were granted unto John N. Starr, who received warrant to appraise and an order to notify creditors.

Effie C. Babylon and Harry F. Babylon, executors of Uriah J. Babylon, deceased, reported sale of personal property and settled their first and final account.

F. Neal Parke and Michael E. Walsh, administrators p. l. of Fredericka Niner, deceased, returned an inventory of personal property and debts and received an order to sell personal property.

500 Citizens of Tampa, Florida, dressed in calico and overalls, marched to the Court House square, last Sunday, and signed a petition pleading themselves not to buy expensive clothing as long as present prices prevail. The petition was presented to the Mayor, and appealed for a limit on profits to manufacturers and dealers. The country-wide extension of such acts, would unquestionably bring prices down.

An interesting article on "tattooing" will be found on our editorial page of this issue. The origin and uses of the custom are quite curious.

## HOOVER TO ACCEPT REPUBLICAN NOMINATION, OR NONE

### Will Not Run for President on Any Other Ticket.

Herbert Hoover has issued a statement in which he requests that he be not further embarrassed by suggestions of a third-party nomination, and says he would accept the Republican nomination if it was demanded of him, and no other. He does not claim any strong record as a Republican, other than his membership in a Republican club, and says that his profession as a mining engineer, and a continual shift of residence, had prevented his regular exercise of voting.

He says he will make no active personal canvass for the nomination, and advises those who will make a campaign for him to spend but little money, and to bear in mind that the other candidates are patriotic, honorable Americans, who have served the country well, and are entitled to respect.

He also declines to let his name be entered in any of the primary contests, and says that he wants no interference with delegates already elected and pledged. He urged that his supporters confine their energies "to promotion of their views to the country and the delegates already named, with full respect to their prior pledges."

Mr. Hoover said that he had no expectation that his entrance into the Presidential race would be conceived by the "type of person who welcomes that fitness for office, patriotism and citizenship depend upon placing sheer partisanship above national interest or who requires years of demonstrated participation in work with mechanical politicians."

"I cannot assist these people with explanations trying to prove that I belong to their class," he added.

## Farm Wages in Kent County.

Farmers of Kent County have worked out what they believe to be a fair schedule of pay for farm hands. Whether the farm hands will take the same view of the question, remains to be seen. At all events, the following wages were decided to be fair wages for farm help:

Month help, \$25.00 and board and room.  
General help, \$1.50 per day and board.

Corn shelling, \$2.00 per day and board.  
The cost of boarding one farm laborer per day was figured by the farmers at \$1.25. Estimates on keeping a farm hand's horse ranged from \$5.00 to \$15.00 per month, the latter figure being more nearly correct.

It is reported that farm labor in Kent is well organized, and has hitherto set its own wage. Out of the meeting held at Galena under the auspices of County Agent Derrick, has grown a movement for organized effort toward the control of farm wages. While these figures will in no sense apply to many sections of the State, events in Kent county will be watched with interest as the season progresses.—Maryland Farmer.

## The Michigan Primary Fight.

An exciting primary contest has been held in Michigan, the exact totals of which are not complete. The result has been a surprise to both parties, and is held to be of considerable importance as showing popular sentiment. Although Mr. Hoover has announced that he will be a candidate only on the Republican ticket, he was voted for by Michigan Democrats.

The Republican vote, as far as announced, gave Johnson 128,816; Wood 83,942; Lowden 44,457; Hoover 43,879; Pershing 11,558; Pointdexter 2,017.

The Democratic vote gave Hoover 17,662; Edwards 13,196; McAduo 12,441; Palmer 9,833.

One of the significant features of the result is that Johnson, one of the most violent opponents of the League of Nations, received the highest vote; and that Palmer, the chief defender of the President's policy, the lowest vote, among all candidates.

A peculiar feature of the result is, that Wood carried the counties of the State, while Johnson received his immense vote in Detroit, and the blizzard interfered, unquestionably, by keeping the rural vote for Wood down to small figures.

In New York, Johnson entered in certain districts in an effort to secure a few votes, but his candidacy cut no figure, and New York's delegation will be "uninstructed."

## Dr. Roberta Fleagle Is Back.

Dr. G. Roberta Fleagle, who had been at the Beidler-Sellman Hospital, in Baltimore, for the past two months, where she has been studying the latest developments in hospital work, has returned to this place, where she will remain until the second week in May. At that time she will leave again to complete arrangements for her sailing to China as a medical missionary, about June.—Hanover Record.

Carville D. Benson has filed his intention to be a candidate for re-nomination, on the Democratic ticket, for Congress in this Second district. A. L. Hart, Republican, has tentatively announced his candidacy for the same office.

## FACTS ABOUT PROHIBITION

### An Interesting Review, Financially, Morally, Economically.

Before prohibition went into effect in this country our expenditures for liquor approximated \$2,500,000,000 annually, or about \$25 per capita. In 1918 the American consumption per annum per capita was 1.12 gallons of distilled spirits, .28 of a gallon of wines and 14.59 gallons of malt liquors.

It would appear that ten years of prohibition would effect a saving in the United States equal to all our monetary expenditures in the world war and our loans to the Allies included. There are offsets, however. One is the very large increase in the consumption of sweets. Men accustomed to liquors or tobacco become eaters of candy, although previously they had no use for candies. That is one explanation of the pronounced increase in the candy business in this country.

There is nothing peculiar in this turn to candy. Sugar is a stimulant. A person accustomed to alcoholic stimulation and suddenly deprived of liquor craves a substitute and suffers in nerve or body until he gets it. Candy does not satisfy the alcoholic addict, but it helps him a trifle, or, rather, soothes him a trifle, for candy, unless eaten in moderation, plays the deuce with the teeth and some of the parts of the human machine.

It is too early to obtain solid facts on which to base judgment as to the effect prohibition has had upon the worker. The confident prediction of prohibition advocates was that the production of the worker would be increased. Production has not been increased, but this can be attributed to the unsettled attendant upon such a convulsion as the world war. There has been the same epidemic of strikes and the same general unrest in labor circles in Great Britain, France, Italy, Spain, Denmark and other European countries that are wet as in America, where it is dry, and fully as much if not more of a decline in production per man. There has been the same extravagant spending by labor and the same insistent demand for higher and higher wages.

Until conditions become approximately normal it, therefore, will be impossible to judge accurately prohibition in its economic phase.

One thing made clear, however, is that prohibition advocates and liquor people were both wrong in their prognostications. The dries predicted a much increased production by labor and a great improvement in home conditions. The wets predicted labor would not tolerate without violent protest such an invasion of its liberties as to deny it the right to drink or not to drink, as the individual pleased. There has been no increase in labor's output and there has been no wild protest from labor for repeal of the prohibitory amendment. In fact, a questionnaire addressed to labor leaders brought more replies favorable to prohibition than to liquor but the majority of the answers were rather noncommittal.

An odd sidelight on the whole question is that in Puritan New England there is a more pronounced demand for repeal of the prohibitory amendment, or rather for the right to have liquor, than is manifested in any other part of the country. In many towns in that section of the country the wets have triumphed in recent local elections for the first time in many years. At the same time there is evidence that in the British Isles the action of the United States in banning John Barleycorn has made a profound impression. This fall throughout Scotland the people are to have local option elections. A dry Scotland would be startling.

From a moral viewpoint prohibition seems to have scored heavily. There has been a remarkable decline in the number of arrests for minor infractions of the law. The police stations, which formerly were overcrowded on Saturday nights with "drunks" and "disorderlies," are doing little "business" now. The number of cases before the domestic relations courts, too, has slumped. There has been in various cities an increase in crimes of violence. This is not unusual after a war and cannot be attributed to prohibition.

Morally, prohibition seems to have proved itself. Economically, it has yet to demonstrate it will do all its advocates claimed.—Richard Spillane, in Phila. Ledger.

## Marriage Licenses.

Charles Wade Sherman, of Middleburg, and Annetta Calvert, of Baltimore.

Elmer Russell Rineman, and Leila Constant Frock, both of Taneytown.

William Stanley Stoniesifer and Helen Frances Haines, both of Westminster.

Theodore Blizzard, and Nellie Dulaney, both of Sykesville.

Albert K. Dell, and Edna G. Giggards, both of Gossmount.

Harry Allen Hensfield, of Westminster, and Minnie T. Hoover, of Millers.

Joseph Greenwood, of Westminster, and Margaret Coppersmith, of Hampstead.

Walter Kurtz Warehime, of Silver Run, and Norma B. Warehime, of Westminster.

George William Beard, and Margaret Evelyn Heagy, both of Westminster.

John Wilbur Baker, and Orilla I. Stambaugh, both of Union Bridge.

Ralph Rheubottom, of Sykesville, and Marion Wilson, of Westminster.

Charles Albert Frick, of Smallwood, and Estella May Bowers, of Westminster.

# THE CARROLL RECORD

(NON-PARTISAN)  
Published every Friday, at Taneytown, Md., by The Carroll Record Printing and Publishing Company.

P. B. ENGLAR, Editor and Manager.

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TERMS.—Strictly cash in advance. One year, \$1.50; 6 months, \$1.00; 3 months, 50c; 4 months, 50c; single copies, 3c.

The label on paper contains data to which the subscription has been paid. All subscriptions will be discontinued on expiration, according to Governmental orders.

ADVERTISING rates will be given on application, after the character of the business has been definitely stated, together with information as to space, position and length of contract. The publisher reserves the privilege of declining all orders for space.

All advertisements for 2nd, 3rd, 6th, and 7th. pages must be in our Office by Tuesday morning each week; otherwise, insertion cannot be guaranteed until the following week.

Entered at Taneytown Post-office as Second Class Matter.

FRIDAY, APRIL 9, 1920.

All articles on this page are either original, or properly credited. This has always been a fixed rule with this Office, and we suggest the adoption of it by our exchanges.

The legislature of 1920 has gone into history. So far as we can see, it was "about as usual," but might have been worse, and for this we have cause to be thankful.

A year hence, it is quite probable that the much pictured President Wilson of the past seven years, will give place to another model for the artists. Who will he be?—or perhaps we may ask the question—Who will she be?

Carrying a pocket flask of whiskey is now about the same as carrying a revolver—it is considered as a "concealed weapon," and may be used as evidence against a person, in an arrest made without warrant, for drunkenness or disorderly conduct. So a Justice in New York has decided.

## The Public Between.

All of the big costs can not be placed on labor. There is no questioning the fact that some manufacturers are helping themselves, and labor knows it, which causes increased demands for what labor considers "its share" of the profits, and between the two, the consumer is paying tremendously more than is fair for many articles.

Big manufacturers, contractors and dealers, say they must boost their prices because they cannot foresee where they will come out on a contract. They urge that stability in labor will at once bring about reduction in selling prices, and let competition operate to the benefit of purchasers. The situation to be desired, is evidently a standing still long enough, of both labor and manufacturer, for prices to know where they are at.

Labor, as a rule, does not play fair—except according to its own conception, that fairness stands for getting all that can be had in the way of wages. Labor insists that the employer live up to the strict letter and spirit of a contract, but when labor so desires, or when it thinks it can force a better price from capital, or employer, it takes the German view, that a contract, or promise, is a mere scrap of paper, or a thing that can be reconsidered.

But, between the two they are punishing the long-suffering public outrageously, and the latter meekly continues without organization and with nothing more than protest, to permit the punishment.

## Free Reading Notices.

Very, very, very frequently are we solicited to publish "just as news," splendidly trimmed up reading notices that do not conceal splendid advertising of somebody's business. Perhaps there are only a few words that look like advertising—or, we will put it, mention of a business connection, or make of machine—but it is these "few words" that inspire the whole article. Without them, there would be no request for publication—the beneficiary would have no desire to help supply the paper's news features.

In the first place, such notices come into contact with the laws concerning advertising, which state very clearly that the publisher shall print the word "advertisement" over or under reading matter that is paid for, or that is published in consideration of paid advertising. While this is the law, it must be admitted that it is not extensively in operation; but, like the law in Michigan that Senator Newberry ran against, it is there, and may hurt somebody, almost any time.

In the second place, if one good fellow, or good advertiser, should be granted this free news write-up stuff, why should not all advertisers who pay the price of their regular advertising, be similarly treated? Why should the enterprising fellow who persistently courts the favor, be given precedence over the more mod-

est, and perhaps less facile with his tongue and pencil, advertiser?

In fact, we advise advertisers who do not get these "news write-ups" where others get them, to go after them on their own account and see just why they do not get them. Now, we do not mean that free advertising always can, or always should be, entirely avoided. There is a dim line separating news from advertising that we can not always see, but there is this that can be seen, always—the write-up that comes readily to the editor's mind as a matter of news, and the one that knocks for admission. Usually, the editor has a pretty good idea as to what is, and is not, the kind of news he wants. He may be mistaken, at times, but, if he is any sort of fair-minded editor at all, he will be as honestly consistent as he can, and try to give all of his patrons the square deal to which they are entitled.

## Arbitrary Decisions.

The cultivation of the virtue of decision in character can exceed proper bounds, and represent pure, but perhaps fully honest, arbitrariness. No one admires the on-the-fence sort of man, nor the one who continually tries to ride two horses; but, his antithesis is more objectionable still, for no man should become so single-track in mind—so confident of his own judgments—as to let determination blind him as to duty, or to the existence of other ways than his, or it may often prove that he has overdeveloped a virtue.

Whether it be a President of the United States, or an ordinary citizen, this truth applies. We may consider it good business to "stick to" an opinion, or plan, but care should be taken not to make the plan too widely comprehensive. No man is infallible in his judgments, and it is a splendid evidence of good sense for one to consult others, very frequently, in matters involving the interests of others, in order to arrive at liberal and sound conclusions.

The trait of always "getting there" when having planned to do a thing, is rasping, to say the least, on those who are more conservative in their ways. The precise, always right, never fail sort of man, is rarely popular, or overburdened with friends. Contradictory as the statement may seem, we believe that both laws and men would be stronger, at times, if they were weaker, and would get through the world doing a great deal more good.

There is a strong tendency toward despotism in the man who always thinks his way the right way. Such a father, for instance, who determines that his children shall always be guided by his will, is quite apt to become a dictator, rather than the broadly considerate parent that he should be, and in very many instances, the peace, harmony and unity, that should exist between father and children, is absent because the father insisted too inflexibly on entire obedience to him.

## Home and Civic Pride.

We have heard a great deal of "Clean up and paint up" campaigns, which some have regarded merely as boosting of the paint business, or a sort of fad indulged in by those who have nothing much to do but give advice to others as to what they should do with their property. "Clean up" and repair and brightening generally, does not appeal strongly to those who have little pride in their homes, or home towns, and still less to those who do not understand how cleanliness and order tends toward the public health and comfort.

Personal pride and civic pride are great assets to any home, town or community. They advertise it, at once, as a desirable home, or town—a fit place in which to live. But, there is perhaps not so much individual lack of pride in existence, as there is a weighing of the cost against the value of improvements. The painting is not done because "paint is too high." Fences and buildings are unrepaired because lumber and labor costs too much. The possession of the money cost is regarded more highly than ownership of improved appearances.

When this sort of spirit prevails, it advertises itself. A badly paved sidewalk, in a town, is enough in itself to tell the observing stranger the kind of person the owner of the property is. A house that is almost bare of paint, in most cases, silently tells the same story. A dingy store-front tells all about the business up-to-date-ness of the store-keeper.

There is no escaping the stories that properties silently tell about their owners; and the same story is often told, in a public way, about the capability and fitness of the officers of a town. What is the remedy? Well, a good one is a few excellent examples for imitation. Another is some well-directed, and fair, "knocking." If everybody is satisfied, the case is hopeless.

## Tattooing.

The old-time sailor-man was the most superstitious person in the world. Out of sight of land for months at a time, depending for motive power on the capricious winds, he naturally came to regard natural forces as embodiments of supernatural power. His modern prototype regards him with affectionate amusement; for the modern Navy seaman, though he may hang on like grim death to certain semi-superstitious traditions, comes into too close contact with the latest developments of science to harbor any deep-seated belief in spirits or ghosts. In fact, with the introduction of radio, flying boats, electric propulsion and a host of similar fields for scientific expansion, the Navy as well as the character of men in the Navy, has changed completely.

Among the old superstitious are those connected with tattooing. J. H. Taylor, in charge of the identification Division of the Navy Department has had many cases of tattooing come to his attention. The files of the Navy Identification Division are twice the size of those of Scotland Yard, and Mr. Taylor, during years of experience in weeding undesirables out of the Navy, has made a thorough investigation of the subject.

He finds, though the origin of tattooing is disputed, it dates back to the Cave Dwellers, and was probably at first used for purely ornamental purposes. The men tattooed with the idea of attracting the attention of the women. The North and South American Indians, Chinese, Japanese and Burmese, all tattooed, and the savage painted to protect himself from the cold, insect bites and the sun's rays.

Tattooing was sometimes used to distinguish the different religious beliefs. The Arabs tattooed their infants with simple ornaments in order that they might be easily recognized, and not confused with other children. The Eskimo who is untattooed is regarded by the rest of his tribe as risking his happiness in the future world. In the Samoan Islands the natives tattoo themselves all over with various designs. The native who is tattooed the most is considered the most beautiful.

The art of tattooing has reached its highest perfection in Polynesia. It is begun on males at about the age of 12 years. In the Marquesas group of Islands the men tattoo themselves all over with all kinds of designs which takes from 3 to 6 months. In New Zealand the face is the part mostly tattooed. In the Solomon Islands a girl is not eligible for marriage until she has been subjected to the cruel process of tattooing on her face and chest. The Formosans tattoo the faces of girls prior to marriage. The Papuans of New Zealand tattoo their unmarried girls all over except on the face, and when the girls are married their faces are tattooed.

In the South Sea Islands, practically all of the natives are tattooed except the priests. The custom there is for the priests never to have any tattooing placed on their persons. Scar tattooing is used frequently by the South Sea Islanders to denote rank. The flesh is pricked with a sharp piece of bone, which leaves designs in the shape of scars. This is considered the most painful tattooing. The South Sea Islanders also use tattooing to denote their different religious beliefs.

In the British Army up to 1870, the officials tattooed deserters and bad conduct men with the letters "D" and "B. C." so that if they ever presented themselves for enlistment they could be immediately identified as having prior discreditable service.

The sailors of the old U. S. Navy were very superstitious and believed that if they were tattooed that it would ward off the evil spirits of the sea. The old time sailor used also to tattoo a pig on his left instep, as he believed that by this method he would never die from drowning.

The principal designs found on the American sailor of today are birds, animals, grotesque figures, butterflies, stars, eagle and globe, sailor's head, eagle and shield, and the apprentice knot. The tombstone and weeping willow are also frequently used.

A great many men who have served in either the Army, Navy or Marine Corps, have the initials "C. A. C., U. S. N., U. S. A., and U. S. M. C." tattooed on them. The C. A. C., means Coast Artillery Corps; and U. S. M. C., for United States Marine Corps. The eagle and globe is the emblem for the U. S. Marine Corps, and is used principally by the men in that branch of the service.

The men tattooed with birds, animals, grotesque figures, and Geisha Girls are usually tattooed by a professional of the Orient. The professional tattooer of the Orient can usually tattoo the back and the stomach in a day, which is very painful, and requires from a week to ten days to heal permanently. Several fine sewing needles placed together are principally used to tattoo the skin with indelible patterns.

When tattooing is placed on the arms and body it is very difficult to remove and it is believed, can only be changed by surcharging, that is, by tattooing one pattern over another. Men who have enlisted in the Navy and deserted, have often changed the style of designs tattooed on their bodies by surcharging.

Tattooing such as "Happy Hooligan," girls head, "My Sweet-heart," girl's initials, are often used by sailors, but such tattooing as this is usually done at summer resorts and not in the Navy or in the Orient.

Some of the old time sailors have been found to have tattooed on their backs "Christ on the Cross," which requires several weeks to complete. This work when performed by a tattooer of the Orient is considered to be very beautiful. A great many of the old apprentice seamen had the apprentice knot, which is a rope in the shape of the figure 8, tattooed on their arms.

The tattooer of the Orient usually places the butterfly on the shoulders and rarely ever below the elbow. In late years tattooing is not prac-

ticed so much by the sailor man as the men now being taken into the Naval Service are better educated and of a higher type and are not superstitious like the old time sailors.

Firemen, Ship's Cooks, Bakers, and seamen are the men who are tattooed the most in the Navy. Some men of the Navy have been known to have the names of places in foreign countries which they have visited tattooed on their bodies. This is not practiced so much at the present time.

The Tattooed, horny-handed old salt, with his rolling gait and his supreme contempt for any vessel propelled by steam has been replaced in later years by the alert youngster with a taste for mechanics, eager to do a little traveling and to see a bit of the world before settling down. The old time sailor, along with the Dodo and Auk, will soon live only in the memory.—U. S. Navy Service.

## LIKE EACH OTHER'S COMPANY

Stones Found in Nevada Seem to Have a Distinct Aversion to Being Separated.

In Nevada are found curious mineral specimens known as "sociable stones." No better name could be given them, since when a few are distributed over a level floor two or three feet apart they will begin to move toward one another to a common center with an alacrity that is ludicrous.

Campers first noticed these stones. They had used wrapping paper for a tablecloth and weighted the corners with some of the stones spread over the level top of a boulder. A few moments later one of the men noticed that the paper was flapping in the breeze and that the four or five stones were huddled in a group in the middle of the paper like a nest full of eggs. He thought the wind was responsible, straightened them and added more stones.

The next time he looked around the stones were back in the heap again. Once more he replaced the stones and sat down to watch them. They began to roll and hitch along toward one another again until they were in a pile.

## "Who Wrote It?"

When Demetra Vaka, author of "Haremlik" and "In the Shadow of Islam," first came to America she was governess for a year to the two little grandsons of J. Fenimore Cooper. The children had been brought up with the utmost reverence for their famous grandfather, and had unconsciously imbibed the belief that all the world's best literature was the offspring of his pen.

Something was said in the elder boy's hearing one day about one of the books of the Bible, with some reference to its authorship, and the boy looked up at his governess with a startled face.

"Who wrote the Bible?" he demanded, as one whose first faith has been shaken.

Demetra Vaka explained as best as she could about the various books, and the boy sighed, still a bit incredulous.

"I always thought," he said slowly, "that grandfather wrote it."

## The Trend of the Times.

President Kroeze of Jamestown college was talking about the trend of the times.

"A minister," he said, "had a forcible reminder of the trend of the times the other day. His brother-in-law, a lawyer whom he'd always rather looked up to, hailed him and asked humbly for the loan of a two-dollar bill. The minister made it \$1 and proceeded on his way. He had not gone far when an automobile stopped and his cousin, a horny-handed milk-wagon driver, whom he'd always looked down on as a poor relation and miserable failure, leaped out and asked him to get in and have a run out to Ye Village Inne roadhouse, where a very neat chicken and waffle luncheon was being served at five a plate."

## Power of Suggestion.

"I thought Crimmon Gulch had given up all its wild ways!" exclaimed the visitor.

"It has," said Cactus Joe.

"Then what is that fero layout doing down the street?"

"You mean in the savings bank? That was a bright idea of the cashier's to encourage thrift. It makes it seem easier and more natural for the boys to come in and leave their money, though it's kind o' hard to convince 'em they can get it back whenever they call for it."

## STATEMENT OF Ownership and Management

required by the Act of Congress of August 24, 1912, of

THE CARROLL RECORD

published weekly at Taneytown, Md.

1. That the names and addresses of the publisher, editor and manager, are: The Carroll Record Printing and Publishing Co., publisher; P. B. Englar, Editor and Business Manager, Taneytown, Md.

2. That the names of the stockholders, and their addresses, are:

Preston B. Englar, Taneytown, Md.  
Edw. E. Reindollar, Taneytown, Md.  
Mrs. Mary L. Motter, Washington, D. C.  
Joshua Koutz, Taneytown, Md.  
Mrs. Margaret L. Englar, Taneytown, Md.  
Dr. F. H. Seiss, Taneytown, Md.  
Taneytown Savings Bank, Taneytown, Md.  
Birnie Trust Co., Taneytown, Md.  
D. J. Hesson, Taneytown, Md.  
James Burlington, Taneytown, Md.  
Mrs. Anna Cunningham, Washington, D. C.  
Mrs. Virginia Tutwiler, Philadelphia, Pa.  
John E. Davidson, Taneytown, Md.  
Mrs. Lydia Kemper, Taneytown, Md.  
George A. Arnold, Taneytown, Md.  
Geo. H. Birnie, Taneytown, Md.  
H. F. Cover, Westminster, Md.  
Martin D. Hess, Taneytown, Md.  
John S. Bower, Taneytown, Md.

3. That there are no bondholders, mortgagees, or other security holders.

P. B. ENGLAR, Editor and Manager.

Sworn and subscribed before me this 9th day of April, 1920. GEO. A. ARNOLD, Notary Public (SEAL)

# HESSON'S DEPARTMENT STORE

## Our Master-Thought

IT IS TO DO EVERYTHING POSSIBLE TO DEEPEN AND STRENGTHEN YOUR ALLEGIANCE TO OUR STORE. WE WANT MORE THAN YOUR TRADE—MORE THAN JUST YOUR DOLLARS AND CENTS. WE ARE STRIVING FOR YOUR APPRECIATION—YOUR GOOD WILL. THAT'S THE MAIN THING. EVERYTHING ELSE FOLLOWS. WE'D RATHER CREATE A FINE IMPRESSION AND MISS A SALE, THAN MAKE A SALE AND CREATE A POOR IMPRESSION. OUR POLICY IS IN CONTROL OF THAT PRINCIPLE.

REMEMBER, WE ARE IN BUSINESS TO DO ALL WE CAN FOR CUSTOMERS. EVERY RULE IS MADE WITH YOUR GOODWILL IN MIND.

Have you visited our Store lately, and seen the large stock of seasonable goods on display?

## FLOOR COVERINGS.

We have in stock a full assortment of Floortex, Linoleum, Crex Rugs, Matting Rugs, Brussels Rugs, and Matting by the yard, for floor covering.

## WINDOW SHADES.

A full stock of these always on hand, in the best shades and quality of cloth, at the lowest prices.

## DRESS GINGHAMS.

Our stock of Dress Gingham has just been replenished with a very pretty assortment of patterns of the very best quality. We also have a large assortment of solid colors for your inspection.

## DRESS CAPS, FOR YOUNG MEN AND BOYS.

We have the largest stock of Caps for Young Men and Boys, we have ever carried at one time. The style is the latest, the quality the best and the prices right. Don't fail to look this line over before making your purchase.

## BOYS' KNEE PANTS SUITS.

There is a very attractive lot of Knee Pants Suits for boys, here, awaiting your inspection. Let us show them to you before the assortment has been broken.

## DRESS SILKS

We have a very beautiful line of Georgette Silks, Crepe de Chine, Messaline, Taffeta and Silk Poplin, in the best colors, and very good widths. Our prices on these are astonishingly reasonable.

## WHITE GOODS.

In this department you will find a very large assortment of Voile, Batiste, Organdie, India Linon, Long Cloth, Nainsook, Poplin, Middy Cloth and Indian Head Linen. Don't fail to look over this line, when in need of this class of goods.

## SHOES.

This department has been well stocked to meet the every needs of our trade, whether it be for Men, Women, Boys, Girls, or Children, and our prices are right.

## McCALL'S PATTERNS.

The new styles are ready—New York and Paris—easy to develop in your own home. We always carry a large line of these in stock. We also carry the Monthly McCall Magazine in stock. Subscriptions taken for 6 months or one year, at their advertised price.

# The Proud Parent

HAS THE STORK EVER VISITED YOUR HOME, BRINGING THAT TINY LITTLE BUNDLE OF HUMANITY IN WHICH SO MUCH OF YOUR HOPES ARE CENTERED? IF SO, YOU ARE PROUD AND HAVE A RIGHT TO BE.

AND THE EVENT MADE YOU THINK SERIOUSLY OF PLANS FOR THE FUTURE, DIDN'T IT? NOT ONLY FOR YOURSELF BUT FOR THAT LITTLE DEPENDENT ONE AS WELL. ARE YOU SAYING, PLANNING, STRIVING TO DO YOUR DUTY? OF COURSE YOU ARE IF YOU ARE A NORMAL PARENT. DO YOU HAVE A SAVINGS ACCOUNT AT OUR BANK FOR YOURSELF AND THE YOUNGSTER? COME IN SOME TIME AND LET'S TALK IT OVER. WE CAN BE OF SERVICE TO YOU, AND WE WILL TELL YOU HOW.

THE BIRNIE TRUST CO.  
TANEYTOWN, MD.

# Ford

THE UNIVERSAL CAR

There are more than 3,000,000 Ford cars in daily operation in the United States. This is a little better than one-half of all the motor cars used in America. The Ford car is every man's necessity. No matter what his business may be, it solves the problem of cheapest transportation. We solicit your order now, because production is limited, and we must make it the rule to supply first orders first. Touring Car, \$650; Runabout, \$625; Coupe, \$850; Sedan, \$975; Truck Chassis, \$600; Tractor, \$850. These prices f. o. b. Detroit.

C. L. HUMER,  
Taneytown, Md.

3-21-10

# VICTORY THEATRE

EMMITSBURG, MD.

Every Tuesday, 8 P. M.

Every Saturday,

7:30 and 9:15 P. M.

A clean, up-to-minute Photo-play House, where you can always find enjoyment and see the Best Stars in their Latest Productions—in Paramount and Metro Pictures.

All Modern Conveniences in Service.

Make the VICTORY your headquarters, while in town.

2-20-1f

## PUBLIC SALE

The undersigned offers at public sale on his farm near Taneytown, on

**SATURDAY, APRIL 17th., 1920,** at 12 o'clock, the following described personal property

### TWO HEAD OF CATTLE,

1 black cow, carrying her 3rd. calf, will be fresh by day of sale; 1 red cow, a fall cow.

### THREE HEAD OF HOGS,

1 Chester sow, will farrow the 1st. of May; 2 Chester boars, 150 lbs.

### BUGGY, 1 SPRING WAGON,

set buggy harness, flynet, collar, hames, traces, set buggy lines, halter, hitching straps, riding saddle, 2 riding bridles, side saddle, corn sheller, corn drag, grindstone, wheelbarrow, crosscut saw, axe, maul and wedges, horse blanket, part set blacksmith tools, set carpenter tools, small log chain, forks, stretcher chain, 1/2 barrel vinegar, scoop shovel, dirt shovel, spade, 2 mattocks, pick, bushel iron, bushel basket, 1/2 bushel basket, peck measure, 1/2 peck measure, 3 cow chains, grain sacks, triple gear chopper, copper kettle and stand, sausage grinder, sausage stuffer, wash tub, water separator, 2 churns, butter bowl, wood box, apple peeler, croquet set, 2 flower stands.

### HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

Double heater stove, egg stove, 5-piece parlor suite, Estey piano, in good condition; corner cupboard, 2 leaf tables, chest, parlor stands, window shades, 3 stands, lounge, 2 bedsteads and springs, reclining rocker, 1/2-doz. cane-seated chairs, 4 feather beds, bolsters, wash bowl and pitchers, dishes, glassware, lamps, lanterns, and many other articles not mentioned.

**TERMS**—All sums under \$5.00, cash. All sums over \$5.00 a credit of 6 months will be given. No goods to be removed until settled for.

4-2-2t W. E. MARTIN.

### CONDENSED STATEMENT

Showing the condition of the **TANEYTOWN MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,** December 31, 1919.

Total income during the year.....\$3522.12  
Total disbursements during year.....\$2689.36  
Total admitted assets.....\$909.18

Total liabilities except capital.....\$74.00  
Surplus to policy holders.....\$835.18

Total liabilities.....\$909.18  
Amt at risk in United States.....\$1482425.91  
December 31, 1919.....\$1482425.91  
Risks written in Md. during 1919 \$121820.00  
Premiums on Md. business in 1919, \$498.44  
Losses paid in Md. in 1919.....\$962.43  
Losses incurred in Md. in 1919,.....\$972.43

Office of the **STATE INSURANCE DEPT.,** Baltimore, Md., Feb. 13, 1920.

I hereby certify, That the above is a true abstract, taken from the Annual Statement of the Taneytown Mutual Fire Insurance Co., Taneytown, Md., for the year ending December 31, 1919, now on file in this Department.

THOS. J. KEATING, Insurance Commissioner.  
3-26-3t

## Notice!

The Board of County Commissioners for Carroll County will sit for Transfers and Abatements, on the following dates:

April 14, Districts Nos. 1 and 2.  
April 15, Districts Nos. 3 and 4.  
April 21, Districts Nos. 5 and 6.  
April 21, Districts Nos. 7 and 8.  
April 22, Districts Nos. 9, 10 and 11.  
April 23, Districts Nos. 12, 13 and 14.

After the above dates there will be no further transfers or abatements for the year 1920.

By Order,  
SAMUEL J. STONE, Treasurer.  
3-26-3t

## WATCH THE BIG 4

Stomach-Kidneys-Heart-Liver

Keep the vital organs healthy by regularly taking the world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles—

**GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES**

The National Remedy of Holland for centuries and endorsed by Queen Wilhelmina. At all druggists, through solicitors. Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation.

*McKinney Says*

After you eat—always take

**EATONIC**

FOR YOUR ACID-STOMACH

Instantly relieves Heartburn, Bloating, Gassy Feeling, Stomach Souring, repeating, and all stomach miseries. Aids digestion and appetite. Keeps stomach and strong. Increases Vitality and Pep.

EATONIC is the best remedy. Tens of thousands wonderfully benefited. Only costs a cent or two a day to use it. Positively guaranteed to please or we will refund money. Get a big box today. You will see.

Robt S. McKinney, Taneytown, Md.  
9-19-1f

April 1, 1885  
Gettysburg, Pa.

April 1, 1920  
Gettysburg, Pa.

## THIRTY FIVE YEARS AGO

WE BEGAN THE DRY GOODS BUSINESS AS

# G. W. WEAVER & SON.

A small beginning it is true, but a steady and splendid growth every year until in recent years we have fully competed in area of floor space occupied—in assortments of Merchandise—with any store in Southern Pennsylvania outside of the larger cities. This growth in business was not due to any personality father and son may have possessed, but in the fact of always trying to give Honest Service and Honest Merchandise at Honest Prices. This is best attested by the fact that we number among our present customers the same people, and their descendants, who bought from us thirty-five years ago.

We are beginning this New Year, we believe, with a better Stock of Merchandise, and with the same firm purpose of only Honest Goods at Honest Prices.

Every Day Brings Us New Goods.

## Dry Goods Department Store.

## PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE MOUNTAIN LAND

The undersigned, Executor of the last will and testament of John M. Stouter, late of Frederick county, deceased, and order of the Orphans' Court for Frederick county, will offer at public sale, in front of what is known as "Spangler Hotel," in Emmitsburg, Maryland, on

**SATURDAY, APRIL 10th., 1920,** at the hour of 2 o'clock, P. M., the following Mountain Land, to-wit:

**FIRST:** All those tracts of mountain timber land situated in Eyer's Valley, Frederick county, Maryland, containing **8 ACRES, 1 ROOD and 14 PERCHES** of land, more or less, and being the same land which was conveyed to the said John M. Stouter by Judson Hill and Richard S. Hill, Executors, by deed dated February 13, 1900, and recorded in Liber D. H. H. No. 5, folio 614, etc., one of the Land Records of Frederick county.

**SECOND:** All that tract of timber land situated about 4 miles west of Emmitsburg, Frederick county, Maryland, containing about

**36 ACRES OF LAND,** and being the same real estate which was conveyed to the said John M. Stouter, by Joseph C. Rosenthal and wife, by deed dated December 28, 1901, and recorded in Liber D. H. H. No. 13, folio 126, etc., one of the Land Records of Frederick county.

**THIRD:** All that tract or parcel of land, well set in heavy timber, located about 4 miles south-west of Emmitsburg, Frederick county, Maryland, which was conveyed to the said John M. Stouter by James O. Harbaugh and wife, by deed dated October 6, 1902, and recorded in Liber D. H. H. No. 15, folio 524, etc., one of the Land Records of Frederick county, said tract containing

**23 1/4 ACRES OF LAND, MORE OR LESS.**

**FOURTH:** All that tract or parcel of timber land, situated in Eyer's Valley, Frederick county, Maryland, containing

**28 ACRES OF LAND, MORE OR LESS,** and being the same real estate which was conveyed to the said John M. Stouter by James D. Haines and wife, by deed dated January 24, 1903, and recorded in Liber D. H. H. No. 17, folio 393, etc., one of the Land Records of Frederick county.

**FIFTH:** All that tract or parcel of mountain timber land, situated about 4 miles west of Emmitsburg, Frederick county, Maryland, containing

**20 ACRES OF LAND, MORE OR LESS,** and being the same real estate which was conveyed to the said John M. Stouter by Cameron F. Ohler and wife by deed dated March 13, 1905, and recorded in Liber D. H. H. No. 17, folio 396, etc., one of the Land Records of Frederick county.

**SIXTH:** All that tract or parcel of timber land, situated about 4 miles west of Emmitsburg, Frederick county, Maryland, containing

**14 ACRES OF LAND, MORE OR LESS,** and being the same real estate which was conveyed to the said John M. Stouter by Peter G. Hiltbrick and George H. Hiltbrick, Executors, by deed dated October 12, 1904, and recorded in Liber S. T. H. No. 267, folio 493, etc., one of the Land Records of Frederick county.

**SEVENTH:** All that tract or parcel of mountain land, situated about 2 miles west of Emmitsburg, Frederick county, Maryland, containing

**13 1/4 ACRES OF LAND, MORE OR LESS,** and being the same real estate which was conveyed to the said John M. Stouter, by Jacob A. Long and wife by deed dated May 11th, 1890, and recorded in Liber J. L. J. No. 14, folio 219, etc., one of the Land Records of Frederick County, all of said mountain lots fairly set in timber.

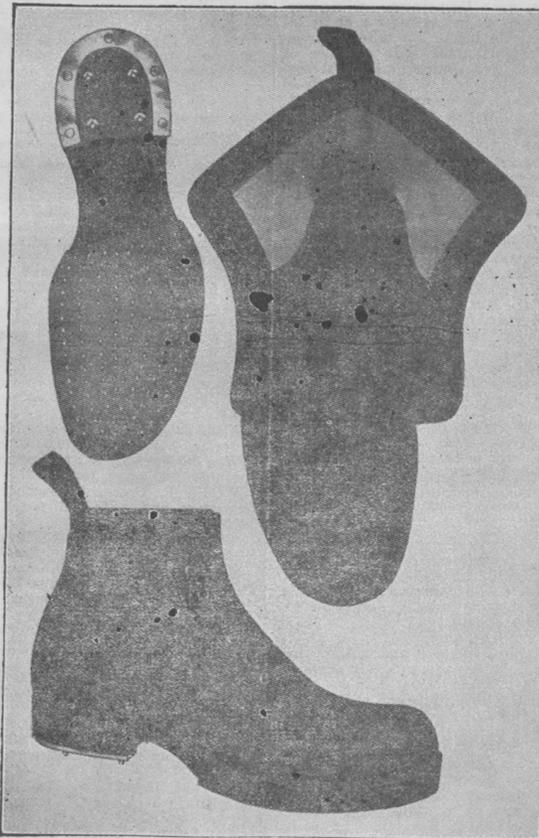
**TERMS OF SALE** as prescribed by the Court's order: one-half cash on the day of sale or ratification thereof by the Court, the balance in 6 months from day of sale, the purchaser or purchasers giving his, her or their notes, bearing interest from day of sale, with good and sufficient security, to be approved by said Executor for the deferred payments, or all cash at the option of the purchaser. A deposit of \$25.00 will be required from the purchaser of each lot on day of sale. All costs of conveyancing and revenue stamps at the expense of the purchaser.

**GEORGE P. STOUTER,** Executor  
**RENO S. HARP, Attorney.** 3-19-1f

**ALLEN F. FEESER**  
Carpenter and Builder  
P. O. Taneytown

HAVING FORMED a connection with Wm. F. Cover & Son, of Keymar, Md., who carry a complete stock of Lumber and Building Materials for retail, and are also contract builders, I am now in a better position to estimate, or contract your work. I solicit your inquiries.—  
**ALLEN F. FEESER, Carpenter and Builder,** Taneytown, Md. 2-13-1f

## 100 Pairs United States Marine Trench Shoes



### Government Description.

These shoes are made of extra plump weights of dark russet horse butts, full bellows tongues, blucher pattern, box toes, toe caps, uppers lined with best quality 10-ounce drilling; outsoles best scoured oak tanned plump hides. These shoes are also fitted with a tap or half sole of best scoured oak tanned plump hides, secured by brass screws and wooden pegs. The heels are built of whole lifts about 3/8 inch thick, cut from hemlock or oak tanned leather; top lifts are iron horse shoes, 3/8 inch in thickness, securely fastened to the heel. Heels have four iron loggers' cleats.

### We have the following sizes:

SIZE	6	6 1/2	7	7 1/2	8	8 1/2	9	9 1/2	10	10 1/2	11	11 1/2
PAIRS	15	16	14	11	10	5	4	5	8	6	4	2

These sizes run large; a size six in a U. S. Marine shoe will fit a man wearing a size 7 in a civilian shoe. These shoes were made for the U. S. Marines. They are all BRAND NEW AND PERFECT, same as delivered by the factory to the U. S. Government. They are the strongest shoes ever made for the Government. Just the thing for MECHANICS, ENGINEERS, CONTRACTORS, LABORERS, RAILROAD MEN, FARMERS, HUNTERS, ETC.

PRICE **\$7.45**

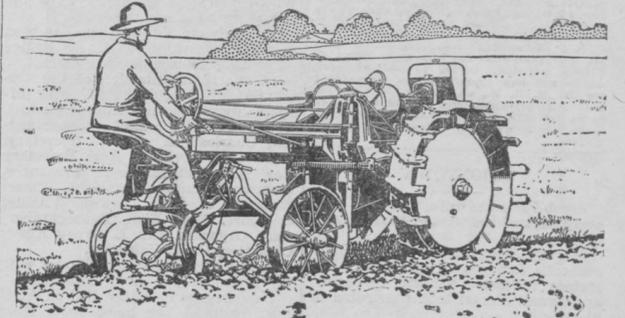
We will send these shoes anywhere by parcel post, prepaid on receipt of \$7.45 in check, P. O. money order or two cent stamps. Absolutely the strongest work shoe made. Very easy on the feet, and neat looking. If not entirely satisfactory they can be returned and money will be refunded.

**T. W. MATHER & SONS**  
WESTMINSTER, MARYLAND.

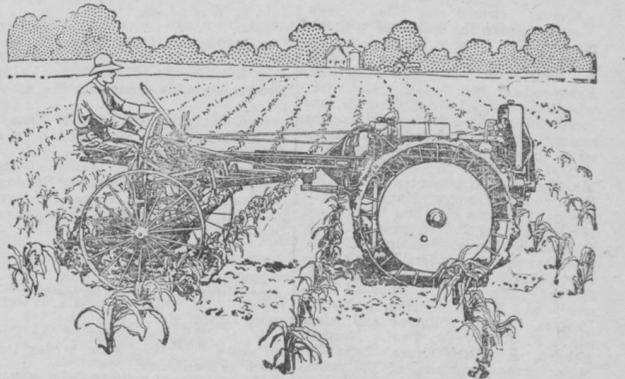
# MOLINE UNIVERSAL TRACTOR

It Solves The Farm Help Problem

The only Tractor that one man can successfully Cut Wheat and Cultivate Corn with.



This Tractor can be seen operating on my Farm at any time.



Agent for all kinds of Machinery, both Tractor drawn and Horse drawn. Come and look it over before buying.

**GEO. R. SAUBLE,**  
Phone 7J Taneytown, Md.

## How Much is Your Surplus Money Earning?

If it is not producing 7%, let our representative explain the Dollings Plan of placing and safe-guarding investments.

Our method is first to thoroughly investigate a going staple industry and then supervise and control its operations as though as a dollar of our customers' money is invested.

NOT A CUSTOMER has lost a cent in any of our financings—this is our record thru years of operation.

Investigate and you will become one of many thousands of satisfied clients.

### THE R. L. DOLLINGS CO.,

PHILADELPHIA — BALTIMORE  
PITTSBURG — COLUMBUS  
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## C. E. CULLER

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Until further notice.

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C. E. CULLER, Prop.

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A GOOD INVESTMENT—  
Use the RECORD'S Columns

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

Latest Items of Local News Furnished by Our Regular Staff of Writers.

All communications for this department must be signed by the author; not for publication, but as an evidence that the items contributed are legitimate and correct.

UNIONTOWN.

Jacob Price and wife, who have been away part of the winter, have returned home.

Harvey Selby moved to Mr. Dickenson's farm, near Jansontown; Roy Haines to house vacated by Selby, and Ernest Troxel took possession of his home.

Miss S. E. Weaver is making a visit to her brother, John N. Weaver, Union Bridge.

On Saturday evening April 3rd, George Stonestier and Miss Helen Haines, daughter of Jacob Haines, were married by Rev. B. E. Petrea, at the Lutheran Parsonage.

Hayden spent the week-end with his mother, Mrs. Fannie Michael.

Mr. Albert, who has been in Texas for some time, was a visitor at Geo. Eckenrode's, last week. His wife, who is a sister of Mr. Eckenrode, has been visiting there for several months and she and her husband have returned to their home in Biglerville, Pa.

Easter visitors were: Miss Grace McAllister, of Washington, at W. Guy Segafosse's; Clayton Hann, of Baltimore, Cortland Hoy and family and Mr. Hipple, of Philadelphia, at Mrs. C. Hahn's; Thomas Kemp and wife, of Waynesboro, at Dr. Kemp's; LeRoy Eckard, of Baltimore, at L. F. Eckard's; Mr. and Mrs. Dubs, of Hanover, at Milton Shriners; Mervin Powers, Guy T. Billmyer and wives at J. F. Billmyer's; Prof. Norman Eckard, at Miss Laura Eckard's; Miss Jennie Davidson, of Baltimore, and Miss Fannie Davidson, of Littlewood, at Robert Davidson's; the latter is in a very weak condition.

Miss Loretta Weaver was a week-end guest of her parents, H. H. Weaver and wife.

Mr. Charles Lemmon and family, removed to their newly purchased home in Westminster, on Monday, and a Mr. Cox, of Baltimore moved into the former Lemmon home, on the Ridge. On returning from Westminster to the ridge, on Monday, for another load of goods, Mr. Lemmon became very ill, and died there on Wednesday morning. His body was removed to Westminster, and there funeral services will be held, on Saturday, at 1 o'clock, followed by further services and interment at Baust Church. He had been complaining for some time.

NEW WINDSOR.

Chas. Wilson, of Baltimore, spent the first of the week here with his mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Wilson.

Mrs. John Brown, who has been sick, is able to be out.

Paul Buckley and family spent Sunday last with Hoffman Fuss and wife at Westminster.

The Misses Warner, and niece, spent Sunday and Monday last at Waynesboro, Pa.

Chas. Devilliss, of Baltimore, spent his vacation here with his mother, Mrs. Virginia Gates.

Miss Myrtle Rittenhouse, of Easton, Md., spent Sunday last with the Misses John.

Dr. Norris and wife, who spent the winter in Cuba and Florida, have returned to their home here.

Bernard Fisher and family, of Baltimore, spent the week's end with Mrs. F's parents, G. C. Devilliss and wife.

Miss Eva Stouffer, of Baltimore, spent the week's end with her mother, Mrs. W. Cora Stouffer.

Mrs. L. A. Smelser and family spent the week's end with her parents, in Baltimore.

Mrs. H. B. Getty and child are visiting relatives in Baltimore, this week.

Wm. Fraser and family, of Schenectady, N. Y., are visiting relatives in town.

The Misses Ecker entertained the Missionary Society of the Presbyterian church, at their home, on Wednesday evening.

John Cornell and family, of Baltimore, spent Sunday last here with his father, John Cornell.

Howell Lovell, who is working in Union Bridge, spent Sunday last here with his parents.

Preston Bloom, of Philadelphia, Pa., and Marian Bloom, of New York, are visiting their brother here.

DETOUR.

Mrs. Clay Wood, son and daughter, of Baltimore, spent Tuesday with her sister, Mrs. Wm. C. Miller.

John Hahn and Thornton Wagner, of Philadelphia, spent a few days with friends and relatives here.

John H. Miller, of Westminster, visited his daughter, Mrs. E. D. Essick this week.

There will be preaching at the Brethren Church, this place on Sunday evening at 7:30 P. M.

Miss Emily Boyer of Washington, spent a few days with her father, H. H. Boyer.

Dr. Marlin Shorb, of Baltimore, visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Shorb, on Sunday.

Up to the time of this writing (Wednesday evening) the body of Miss Lillie Spielman, who was drowned by falling from the foot bridge at this place, on Friday evening, about 4:30 P. M., has not been found. Every effort to find the body has been made, but with no success.

KEYSVILLE.

W. E. Ritter and wife, and family, spent Saturday in Hanover.

Mrs. John Deberry died at her home, Saturday evening, of cancer of the stomach, aged 64 years, 1 month, 19 days. She is survived by her husband, and the following children, who mourn their loss: William, Harry, Charles, George, Elgie, John and Frank Deberry; Mrs. Annie Myers, Mrs. Bessie Myers and Mrs. Ada Van Fossen. Funeral services, Tuesday morning conducted by her pastor, Rev. W. O. Ibach. The family have the sympathy of the community.

Mrs. Edward Knipple who has been spending the winter in Union Bridge is visiting friends in this place.

At the re-organization of the Union Sunday School the following officers were elected: Superintendent, George P. Ritter; Asst. Superintendent, Charles R. Cluts; Secretary, Charles W. Devilliss; Asst. Secretary, Roy E. Baumgardner; Treasurer, Maurice Witthide; Librarians, Misses Kathryn U. Stull, Louise Witthide; Organist, Miss Elsie Baumgardner; Asst. Organist, Mrs. E. Gregg Kiser; Chorister, C. H. Valentine.

Joseph Clabaugh spent Easter with his grandparents, near Thurmont.

Mrs. George P. Ritter died on April 8th, 1920, at her home here, from pneumonia. She leaves her husband and one daughter, Miss Anna.

David Ohler is confined to his bed, and is very sick. S. T. Fleagle is also on the sick list.

Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Fox and daughter, Virgie, and S. T. Fleagle visited Mr. Fox's brother, Joseph, on Thursday, at Woodsboro.

John Ohler visited his brother, David Ohler, last Wednesday. His son, Charles Ohler, and Will Houck and brother Joe, and Miss Vallie Shoemaker, also visited at the same place.

Mrs. Margaret Bankert, of Taneytown, visited T. C. Fox and family, a few days this week.

Edward Hahn and family visited his parents at Highfield, on Sunday.

Miss Nora Forney visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. N. Forney, on Sunday.

EMMITSBURG.

Theodore Bollinger, who has been critically ill with pneumonia, is very much improved.

W. H. Shugars, Editor of the Emmitsburg Chronicle, spent a day last week in Baltimore.

Mr. and Mrs. Lester Topper, of Baltimore, spent the Easter holidays with relatives here.

Joseph Elder has gone to Baltimore where he has accepted a position.

Mrs. Martha Hospelhorn and sons, of Waynesboro, spent the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. John Hospelhorn.

Miss Hazel Patterson, of Baltimore, spent Easter with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Patterson.

Harvey Warner, of Hagerstown, spent a few days with his mother, Mrs. I. J. Ohler.

Prof. Frederic Hahn has had the exterior of his home on Gettysburg St., repainted.

Charles D. Eichelberger, of Baltimore, spent Easter with his mother, Mrs. J. W. Eichelberger.

Miss Alice McNair, of Philadelphia spent a few days with her sisters, the Misses McNair.

On Monday evening Mr. and Mrs. Charles Landers entertained the Mite Society of the Presbyterian Church, at their home on East Main St.

Mrs. A. M. Patterson visited her daughter, Mrs. Walter B. Peppier, in Baltimore.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Slagle, spent a few days in Frederick, with their daughter, Mrs. J. W. Kolb.

Master George Diamond, spent a week with his father in Harrisburg.

Miss Mary Shuff, of Frederick, spent Easter with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. F. Shuff.

On Sunday St. Elias Evangelical Lutheran Church, unveiled a bronze tablet in honor of her sons who lost their lives in the world war.

Miss Margaret A. Lemon, Rural Supervisor of the Frederick Co. Board of Education was here a few days this week.

Miss Lottie Hoke, of Waynesboro, and Miss Lillie Hoke, of Baltimore, spent Easter with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Hoke.

BRIDGEPORT.

The following pupils of Tom's Creek School were present every day during the month of March: Reatta Derm Roy Motter, Carroll Phillips, Aaron Putman, Paul Derm, Clarence Motter, Those absent one day were: Ethel Derm, Carrie Motter, Ellis Martin, Jacob Valentine, Murray Baumgardner, Norman Putman.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Fleagle, spent Monday evening at the home of Peter Witthide, near Keysville.

Miss Ruth Stambaugh is spending the week with her uncle, Harry Ohler and family, in Taneytown.

Harry Baker and wife, visited at the home of Edgar Miller and wife, on Sunday.

Walter Ohler and wife, of Harney, were guests of H. W. Baker and family on Monday of this week.

Bryan Bowers, of Emmitsburg, Allen and Brook Benz, were visitors at "Meadow Brook Farm" on Wednesday evening.

KEYMAR.

Mrs. Robert Galt spent Thursday in Westminster.

Lillian Sappington spent a few days in Hagerstown, with Mrs. N. M. Sappington.

Mrs. J. C. Newman spent Sunday with her sister, Mrs. Newman, of Littlestown.

Miss Helen Ohler, of Westminster, Messrs. John Ormrod and Malcolm Gardner, of Philadelphia, spent the Easter holidays with Miss Lola Forney.

Mr. Smith, of Johns Hopkins, spent the Easter holidays at the home of Mrs. J. C. Newman.

Misses Caroline and Cora Sappington attended the subscription dance given by the American Legion, of Hanover, on Wednesday night.

Cle. Zentz and George and Carl Ambrose, visited Mrs. Marshall Bell.

PLEASANT VALLEY.

Clarence Myers, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. Thomas Myers, was operated on at the Maryland University, of Baltimore, for appendicitis and peritonitis. He has returned home and is very much improved.

Mrs. Frank Kain and daughter, Patricia, are visiting relatives and friends in Philadelphia, Pa.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Kindig spent Saturday and Sunday with Mr. Kindig's mother, in Littlestown, Pa.

Miss Olive Ebaugh, of near Reese, spent the Easter holidays with her grand-parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edw. Hahn.

Mrs. Clarence Zepp and children, of Carrollton, are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edw. Devilliss.

Norval and Raymon Hahn and wife, and son, of Baltimore, visited their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edw. Hahn.

Hollie Myers visited his wife in Littlestown, on Sunday.

The entertainment held by the Ladies Aid Society, was a success. Forty dollars was realized.

MARRIED.

BAKER-STAMBAUGH.

On Saturday, April 3, 1920, at the Lutheran parsonage, Taneytown, by Rev. L. B. Hafer, Mr. John Walter Baker and Miss Orilla Isabelle Stambaugh, both of Union Bridge district.

REINAMAN-FROCK.

Mr. Elmer Russell Reinaman and Miss Lela Constance Frock, both of near Taneytown, were married Saturday evening, April 3, by Rev. Guy P. Bready, at the Reformed parsonage.

DIED.

Obituaries, poetry and resolutions, charged for at the rate of five cents per line. The regular death notices published free.

MRS. JOHN DEBERRY.

Mrs. John Deberry died at her home at Keysville, on Saturday evening, April 3, 1920, of cancer of the stomach, aged 64 years. She is survived by her husband and ten children. Funeral services were held on Tuesday morning, by her pastor, Rev. W. O. Ibach, at the Keysville church and cemetery. (See Keysville correspondence.)

MR. CHARLES LEMMON.

Mr. Charles Lemmon died at Clear Ridge, near Uniontown, on Wednesday, aged 61 years, after a short illness. He leaves his wife, one son and one daughter, also a number of brothers and sisters. Funeral services will be held at the new home of the family in Westminster, this Saturday afternoon, followed by further services and interment at Baust church. (See Uniontown correspondence.)

MRS. GEORGE P. RITTER.

Mrs. Emma, wife of Mr. George P. Ritter, died at her home, at Keysville, on Thursday morning, from pneumonia, aged 59 years. She is survived by her husband, and one daughter, Miss Anna; also, by her mother, Mrs. Mary Stansbury, one brother and three sisters. Funeral services will be held this Saturday morning at 9:30 at the house, followed by services in the Keysville church, and burial in the adjoining cemetery.

CARD OF THANKS.

We wish to extend our sincere thanks and appreciation to our dear neighbors and friends for their assistance and kindness during the illness, death and funeral of my dear wife and mother.

MR. JOHN W. DEBERRY.  
MR. AND MRS. CHAS. VANFOSSEN.

Transfers of Real Estate.

James E. Danner and wife, to Wm. G. Rumbold, Jr., 42 1/2 acres, for \$10. John Brooks Fink et al., to Harry L. Yingling, several lots, for \$730.

Alfred Stevenson and wife, to Sterling G. Bixler and wife, 113 acres, for \$10.

Chas. Carroll Zile and wife, to Wm. M. Miller and wife, 3 acres, 2 roods and 29 perches, for \$1250.

Howard M. Wantz and wife, to Charles Carroll Zile, 6 acres and 25 perches, for \$3800.

Manchester Light & Heating Co., to Mayor & Council of Manchester, lot for \$100.

William C. Bish, Ex'r., et al., to Levi H. Myers and wife, 5940 square feet, for \$4200.

Robert L. Shipley, to George E. Benson, 14,400 square feet, for \$500.

Mary A. Spencer to Chas. Henry Myers, 9100 square feet, for \$10.

William W. Witherow, to Charles H. Stonestier and wife, 3 tracts, for \$6000.

Frank Wagner and wife, to Emory A. Berwager and wife, lot, for \$2200.

John M. Black and wife, to Geo. M. Markle and wife, 162 acres, for \$8500.

Francis J. Shriner and wife, to Peter G. Sauble and wife, lot, for \$1000.

William H. Kress and wife, to Wm. F. Potts and wife, 10 acres, for \$1500.

Jacob S. Gladhill, to Robert Anderson and wife, 18 acres, 3 roods and 13 perches, for \$500.

John R. Guthrie and wife, to Herbert W. Harn, 31 acres, for \$4500.

J. Elizabeth Mathias and husband, to Cora Bessie Amphrazes, 7174 sq. ft., for \$2100.

Samuel D. Shipley to William S. Shipley, 172 acres, for \$10.

Wm. S. Shipley and wife, to State of Maryland, 1727 acres, for \$8000.

Ellen M. Boring, to Ada F. King and husband, 9 acres, 2 roods and 22 perches, for \$10.

Annie C. Worthington et al., to Arthur G. Wantz and wife, 12 acres, 2 roods and 4 perches, for \$2200.

Samuel W. Bond and wife, to Joseph Formwalt, 56 1/2 sq. per. for \$2500.

John J. Dutrow and wife, to Melvin E. Rill and wife, 2 tracts, for \$4000.

Charles H. Roop and wife, to Howard M. Wantz and wife, 112 acres, for \$8000.

Upton M. Gladhill and wife, to Walter M. Little and wife, 137 acres, for \$13,500.

Martha J. Ecker, to James E. Flohr and wife, 69 acres, for \$500.

William T. Grimes and wife, to William H. Sharp and wife, 5680 sq. ft., for \$10.

James Harris Steele and wife, to James Halbert Steele and wife, 2 tracts, for \$14,250.

J. Thomas Harris and wife, to John Harris Reed and wife, 226 acres, for \$22,000.

Theodore G. Snyder and wife, to Harry R. Zepp et al., 16,356 square feet, for \$1,000.

Emma U. Frizzell and husband, to Paul M. Will and wife, 2 tracts, for \$1,000.

Norman E. Bohn and wife, to Lina Harman, lot, for \$25.00.

Noah T. Garrett and wife, to Maurice H. Warner and wife, several tracts for \$750.

Walter R. Rudy, Ex'r., to Edward E. Condon, 1/2 acre, for \$2900.

Edward E. Condon, to Walter L. Nikirk and wife, 1/2 acre, for \$900.

Sterling Zimmerman and wife, to Andrew C. Hines, 61 acres, for \$6000.

Cora B. Frederick and husband, to Augustus G. Gentz and wife, 105 acres, for \$7000.

George E. Wright and wife, to Wm. C. Scheller and wife, 35 acres, for \$2500.

Adam C. Hiner et al., to Paul W. Edwards, 2 tracts, for \$5800.

Harvey E. Ohler and wife, to Walter W. Shoemaker and wife, 116 acres for \$11,240.

George S. Stoffle and wife, to Walter J. Rill and wife, 31 acres, for \$4500.

Walter J. Rill and wife, to Richard C. Rill and wife, 21 acres, for \$3250.

John J. Wunsch and wife, to George K. Morelock and wife, 25 1/2 acres for \$10.

Edward Cummings and wife, to Alfred Stevenson and wife, 7920 square feet, for \$100.

Harry Willet and wife, to Amos S. Houser, 8595 square feet, for \$10.

Guy W. Harner and wife, to Sterling Zimmerman and wife, tract, for \$3625.

Martin E. Conover and wife, to Francis T. Elliot and wife, tract for \$4000.

Lewis Folk and wife, to James H. Allender, tract, for \$5500.

George E. Warehime, to Oliver D. Boose and wife, 57 square perches, for \$500.

Jacob F. Elgen and wife, to Edward Cummings and wife, 9810 square feet for \$500.

J. Walter Thomas and wife, to Wm. I. Babylon, 25 acres, for \$10.

Carroll K. Little and wife, to Chas. A. Koontz, 56 acres, for \$8000.

Albin L. Duvall and wife, to Wm. C. Duvall, 3 acres, 1 rood and 20 square perches, for \$500.

Aaron Bixler and wife, to George A. Early, 198 acres, for \$20,000.

George R. Gehr, et al., Ex'rs, to Clarence G. Orndorff and wife, 8110 square feet, for \$100.

Lillian E. Stem and husband, to M. Jane Ecker, 36 acres, for \$4250.

Mary E. Croft, to Carroll K. Little and wife, 2 lots, for \$3500.

Charles A. Kemper and wife, to Earl R. Bowers and wife, 50 1/2 acres for \$6000.

Harvey Boose and wife, to Grover C. Warehime and wife, 49 acres, for \$5500.

Alice R. Kiser to Truman Bowers and wife, 3 tracts, for \$10,000.

Wm. F. Davis et al., to George W. Arrington, 66 acres, for \$1300.

Wertin P. Frock, to Tempest H. Berwager and wife, 53 acres, for \$4500.

Robert Nelson Koontz, to Emma G. Strevig, 35 square perches, for \$1000.

Howard L. Beachtel to Smeak D. Jones and wife, 44 acres, for \$5500.

Lovina A. Brown and husband, to Joseph T. Brown, 22 acres, for \$1800.

Laura H. Hamilton, to Charles F. Bowers and wife, 2 acres and 12 sq. perches, for \$1000.

Charles Spencer and wife, to Jacob I. Pickett and wife, 3/4 acre, for \$1300.

John S. Zeigler and wife, to Sallie B. Keeny, 1/4 acre, for \$1500.

David Jones and wife, to Dallas M. Barnhart and wife, 123 acres, for \$10,000.

Susanna Hoover, to Wm. Hosfelt and wife, 1 acre and 60 square perches, for \$382.00.

Sarah Graf Bonnett, to Wm. E. Hosfeld and wife, 1/2 acre, for \$2500.

William P. Gettier and wife, to Herbert E. Hetrick and wife, 1/4 acre, for \$2000.

Alice E. Houck, to Adam L. Albright and wife, 77 perches, for \$2100.

Milton T. Haines and wife, to Luther H. Devilliss and wife, lot, for \$10.

Paint is Cheaper than Lumber

"Save the Surface and you Save All."



With lumber so high you cannot afford not to paint—while with labor high, you cannot afford to use common paint. The best paint to use is 100% Pure Paint. You can easily know when you are getting this by the label on the can as every reliable paint has the analysis right on the label. "Look into it."

100% PURE PAINT

consists of pure, NECESSARY ingredients, properly ground and mixed in the right proportions. Into a pure paint go no chalk, no clay, no sand, no whitening under either plain or fancy names—such as calcium carbonate, magnesium silicate, aluminum silicate or barium sulphate. 100% Pure Paint contains no adulterating oils such as petroleum spirits, asphalt spirits, drying oil, etc. The formula for pure paint is very simple; pure White Lead, pure Zinc, pure Linseed Oil, pure Turpentine and the necessary tinting color.

Monarch 100 per-cent Pure Paint Fulfills all these conditions.

ASK US FOR FURTHER INFORMATION.



On Easiest Way Washers for a limited time, we offer a special price of \$15.50.

We carry on hand at all times a full line of Hand and Power Washers. Come in and see them.



'Twas Said;

Two miners went on a fishing expedition. But they were novices at the game.

"How are ye gettin' on Jack?" asked one.

"Oh, simply rotten!" was the reply. "I

# "THE CHURCH OF THE BLACK SHEEP"

Though the humble Church of the Black Sheep holds its services in the open air, with neither massive pulpit nor cushioned pew, and draws its congregations from the alleys and the slums, it still is the most cosmopolitan of all our churches; for within its sympathetic circle is drawn representatives of every social class, every race and tongue, and every degree and grade of vice and crime.

For the Church of the Black Sheep is the Salvation Army, which welcomes with brotherly love every derelict that comes within its reach. To it turn the poor rum-soaked, drug-doped, vice-gardened outcasts from whom organized charities turn away in despair, since they seem beyond every hope of reclamation.

The Shepherds in the Churches of the Black Sheep stretch out the friendly hand, draw the desperate, lonely heart-hungry wretch who stumbles in their midst into an atmosphere of friendliness. They feed him, warm him, clothe him, secure medical treatment, if he is ill, and steady his tottering footsteps toward a job in one of their industrial homes, all the while fanning back into flame the dying spark of hope, and shielding by their comradeship and cheer, the poor victims of weakness and sin from the gibes and temptations that their upward turning calls forth from their companions.

With the announcement of the early opening of a campaign for a Home Service Fund, the writer sought to discover just what the Salvation Army means to any community, and just what contribution their organization makes toward good citizenship in Baltimore.

Seeking out the sweet-faced wife of the officer in charge of this district, Mrs. William Escott, who has devoted her life to service in this cause, the writer learned that with these people the nature of the deed is forgotten in their zeal and joy in the doing. To them there is but one solution of every problem, one cure for every trouble—conversion; salvation. While they feed, clothe, warm, comfort and meet every actual physical need, they have the goal before them of coaxing back the wayward sinner into the fold of religion. To them no reformation is asked without a conversion.

Asked how they found so many sorrowing and needy to whom to minister, Mrs. Escott explained:

"Through our singing in our open-air and indoor meetings; through our Sunday Schools and our work for children; through the rescue homes, emergency homes, day nurseries, the people hear of us and come to us, and we go to them."

Asked to tell of the work of the rescue homes, one of which is to be established in Baltimore, so that the hundreds of girls who seek care in them every year, may not have to be sent to other homes in the district, because of lack of facilities in the present make-shift arrangement, Mrs. Escott cited the cases of several girls under her own observation.

"There was Ruth," she said, "I will not tell you any more of her name. She was led into misfortune through ignorance, as so many poor girls are. Ruth had been obliged to break her engagement with a young lawyer, because her mother and grandmother depended upon her support. After a time, she met a man who interested her, and she foolishly went out to dinner with him. She found herself at home next day and had no knowledge of what had transpired in the meantime. By and by, the situation became so tragic to her, that she turned to the Salvation Army, as she could not face her family nor the people of the church (where she had sung in the choir).

"We put her in one of our rescue homes for six months. After her baby was born, she found she could re-secure her former position in a large store, but she could not keep the baby with her, nor could her bedridden grandmother nor invalid mother keep it. So that little baby girl was adopted. Ruth was the first one of the many young mothers who have gone through our Baltimore rescue work, to be freed from the obligation of keeping her child with her."

The rescue home takes a girl and keeps her from six months to a year. When she is again able to work, the Salvationists see that she finds a position where the people will permit her to keep her child, or else she may pay a small sum for its care at one of the day nurseries. A nickel a day is asked of those earning money, but to the mothers not able to afford even this small sum, the service is not denied.

After the girls leave the rescue home, for three years they are kept on a list of visiting. Weekly meetings are held in one of the rooms at the home. If the girls are away from the city, letters are exchanged regularly between them and the officer in charge.

Mrs. Escott explained that through this association and loving supervision 92 per cent. of all the girls who stayed through their three-year trial return to lives of permanent respectability, which proves that a woman too "may be down, but never out."

Much of the responsibility for girls going wrong lies in the fact that they are not taught the dangers and tempta-

tions that beset them on every side. Mrs. Escott said, illustrating this idea: "I must tell you about Annie—such a sweet, refined, dainty girl, but oh—think of it—only seventeen and in court for drunkenness and vagrancy."

"Annie was with us several months, but she never would tell her name. My mother shall never hear of me. She must be dead anyway," she said. Finally, Annie was converted, and then she told the circumstances of her downfall. She lived in a little town—never mind where; it was nearby—and she had never been allowed to come to the city alone. A shopping trip had been planned, and on the day appointed, Annie's mother was too ill to go. Annie begged to go alone.

"Why, mother, I am seventeen; I can perfectly well go. I will come back on the 4 o'clock train. Do say I can go!"

"Against her vague mother fears, she let the child go. If only she had not!" Mrs. Escott's mother heart was wrung with the memory.

Annie did not return at 4 o'clock that day, nor for a year; and then only to die a broken wreck in the arms of her broken-hearted parents.

"While shopping," said Mrs. Escott, "she met a former high school mate, beautifully gowned and bejeweled, who glibly told her little friend of her wealthy husband and pretty home, and insisted on taking Annie home to lunch, promising to take her to the train at four."

"The 'home' was in the red light district. Annie lunched in all innocence of her true surroundings. She was drugged, to awaken next day to the horror of the full truth. A few days after, brain fever set in and a long illness followed. Convinced that her delicate mother had not survived the shock of her non-appearance, Annie threw herself into the wilderness, shortly landed in the courts and from there in the Rescue Home."

"Realizing that her frail body was breaking and death was only a matter of time, the Salvation Army officers managed to learn the name of the town from which she had come. One of them went in person from door to door, asking 'Have you by any chance a daughter away from home?'"

A whole day spent thus yielded nothing but disappointment. Finally, when about ready to give up, the officer noticed through the windows of the last home on a street, a woman dejectedly rocking before the fire with a hopeless expression. To herself the officer said, "That must be Annie's mother!"

A knock brought a weary, elderly man who swayed pitifully at the question, and in hoarse whispers begged the visitor not to let his wife hear, as she was losing her mind from grief. "But if Annie is your daughter, I bring you good news!" Too sacred, too heart-wracking, to tell of the meeting between the girl and her parents—how the officer took her home to them the next morning—and after a few months of re-union, the girl's death was soon followed by the mother's.

"No case is ever hopeless," says Mrs. Escott. "God's power is omnipotent. Take for example the celebrated newspaper man—no, I won't tell you his name—gambling and drink brought him to the lowest of the slums, where for a year or more he lived in filth and squalor, disowned by friends and family. A \$10,000-a-year man sleeping on park benches, grafting and begging the price of a drink."

"He stumbled into one of our outdoor meetings. The singing caught his attention. His condition was observed by the leader of the services. She talked to him, begged him to come back next day. He did. Three days later, he brought her fifty cents, clutched so tightly that his nails had left their imprint in his palm, in his struggle to pass by the temptations in the two-mile tramp from the spot where he had earned it to the meeting."

"He became converted, cleaned up, helped to a position in one of the industrial homes; soon came reconciliation with his wife and family. Today, he is earning \$5,000 a year!"

"You see," continued Mrs. Escott, "that is what we work for—conversion—and no work is too slow nor too difficult for the Salvationist in helping a wanderer back to Christ."

"I have seen my husband at the door of a lodging house, or at a man's home, morning after morning for three weeks or more on a steady stretch, to give that man a morning cheer, a word of prayer, and walk to the door of his work-shop or factory with him; be there again at closing time and go home with him, until he had gathered courage and strength in his new faith to go on alone."

"I could tell you stories of the work in the prisons, of the condemned men, and best of all, the work and help given those who came out to face the world again. I could tell you columns of the rescue homes, the emergency homes, the hospitals, the industrials, but it is nothing new. What is done in Baltimore is done all over the world by Salvationists, and has been done right along for 40 years."

"We take people that are being institutions turn over to us as being beyond them. We have women and girls who have kept our homes in a state of wild upheaval night upon night, until finally prayer subdued the evil and the poor, straggling creatures found peace in con-

version. That is why our goal is to lead the black sheep back to the fold, for every converted sinner means a good citizen and one less problem for the courts and jails, the potter's field and the poorhouse."

"Do they slip back?" she was asked. "Sometimes, yes. Then we help them to a fresh start. Often we never see the results (or hear from the people we have been permitted to aid) for years afterward. Sometimes, letters come thousands of miles to tell us of the upward climb of some of the men and women who pass through our homes and our meetings. But we know that no effort is too great, no sacrifice too big to make in the service of God for the saving of one soul."

"But where the funds are so limited and the demands so great, we are hampered in our work. That is why we are asking the generous public to translate their belief in us into dollars, that we may put more workers into the field, reach out and gather in more wayward girls—and carry on."

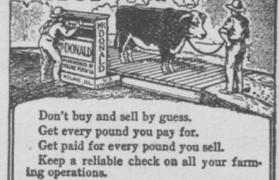
Countless tales come to light of the unobtrusive work of these untiring men and kind women who will not tell their part of the service. A deserted and destitute Italian wife, unable to speak but a few words of English, came to the headquarters in Baltimore for a basket of food for her five little children. Noticing her condition, Mrs. Escott told her to send for her when she needed her.

The call came one day and this carefully nurtured, Christian woman took bedding, clothing and food from her own home, took charge of the poor creature, got her a doctor and finally left her, after the sixth child was born, in the hands of another Salvation Army woman, to be looked after until she could get back to her work.

The sick woman looked at her clean bed, her new-born infant, bathed and dressed. Her hungry children were busily devouring their supper; and putting out a trembling hand, she stroked Mrs. Escott's arm and said brokenly: "All so clean, so good, so kind—it must be God."

The work of the Salvation Army in the community is beyond measure and price, for it works 24 hours out of the day with never a thought beyond the need that confronts them, and their work bears daily fruits in the restoration to the community of some man or woman, who through their aid has found the aid and the courage to come back to respectability and independence, and who ever after has an undying love for the Church of the Black Sheep.

## A Square Deal for Both Buyer and Seller



## McDonald Pitless Scale

A profitable investment for any size farm because it costs so little; is so easy to set up; gives a lifetime of accurate service. Guaranteed for 10 years. Over 40,000 in daily use by farmers, stockmen, railroads, express companies, elevators, coal and grain buyers, and other interests requiring accuracy, strength and durability.

Shipped complete, ready to erect. Your Moine dealer will show you the McDonald Pitless.

Geo. R. Sauble, Agent, TANEYTOWN, MD



## SMITH'S Sale and Exchange Stable

2 Miles West of Taneytown, Md. Always have on hand Horses and Mules for Sale or Exchange, and every Horse and Mule that leaves my stable must be as represented, or your money refunded. Will also buy any kind of a Horse or Mule you have for sale, at any time. Drop me a card, or Phone 38F21.

LEROY A. SMITH, Md.

## PUBLIC SALE OF FINE LOT OF Hogs and Shoats

The undersigned, will offer at public sale, at his residence, on the State Road south of Taneytown, on SATURDAY, APRIL 10, 1920, at 1 o'clock, the following described property:

80 VERY FINE SHOATS, chiefly Berkshire and Poland China, will weigh from 35 to 125 lbs. Also 10 SOWS, 6 of which have pigs, and the other four will come in about May 20.

Lot of wood sawed to stove lengths. TERMS—Sums of \$5.00 and under cash. A credit of 6 months, with interest, on larger sums.

CHAS. B. SCHWARTZ, J. N. O. Smith, Auct. 3-26-3t



GLASSES THAT improve looks as well as eyes are assured by our skill in eye examination and in adjusting the frames to suit the features. So not alone for the preservation of your sight, but also for the improvement in your appearance you should come to me for eye aids. Will be at Bankard's Hotel Taneytown, the first Thursday of each month. My next visit will be Thursday, May 6-C. L. KEFUVIN, Reg. Optometrist, Frederick, Md. 2-28-tf

## NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Carroll County, in Md., letters of administration upon the estate of GEORGE W. WEISHAAR, late of Carroll County, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers properly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 23rd day of October, 1920; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hands this 2nd day of April, 1920.

IDA T. WEISHAAR, Administratrix.

## Notice!

All taxes on the Income from Mortgages and Judgments that were due on Sept. 1, 1919, must be paid within the next thirty days. Please give this matter your prompt attention.

SAMUEL J. STONE, Treasurer and Collector.

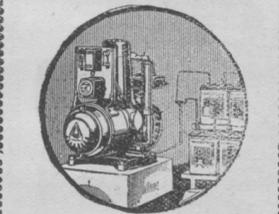
## NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Carroll County, in Md., letters testamentary upon the estate of J. THADDEUS STARR, late of Carroll County, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers properly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 30th day of October, 1920; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hands this 9th day of April, 1920.

JOHN N. STARR, Executor.

## DELCO-LIGHT "Electricity for every Farm"



## City Conveniences for Country Homes

A complete modern bathroom, electric vacuum cleaner, electric iron, bright lights in every room of the house and in all parts of the barn—in fact all city comforts and conveniences may be yours when you install Delco-Light.

Write for Catalog EDGAR M. FROUNFELTER, New Windsor, Md.

## NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Carroll County, in Md., letters testamentary upon the estate of ALBERT M. ROWE, late of Carroll County, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers properly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 30th day of October, 1920; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hands this 9th day of April, 1920.

GERTRUDE E. ROWE, Executrix.

## SALE REGISTER

Sales for which this office does printing or advertising, will be inserted under this heading (3 lines) free of charge. Charge for sale register alone, \$1.00 until date of sale.

- APRIL
- 10-1 o'clock. Chas. B. Schwartz, on Westminster State Road. Large sale Hogs and Shoats. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.
  - 15-1 o'clock. Robt. R. Fair, at Eckenrode Bldg., Taneytown. Household Goods. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.
  - 16-1 o'clock. J. N. O. Smith, Admr., at the Whitmore home, at Pipe Creek Bridge. Household Goods, etc. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.
  - 17-12 o'clock. W. E. Martin, near Taneytown. Live Stock, Implements, Household Goods.
  - 24-1 o'clock. W. E. O. and Fannie E. Hiner, at Copperville. Household Goods and Wapments. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.



## A WORLD REBUILT

By the Golden Rule not by the rule of Gold

THIRTY denominations of the Church are uniting in a simultaneous campaign in the week of April 25th-May 2nd.

They are uniting because the task before the Church is too great for any one denomination; because there must be no duplication of effort; no waste.

These churches know that the world needs many things; but it needs Faith most of all.

They know that there can be no final solution of our economic problems that is not a spiritual solution, based on the teachings of Jesus Christ and His Golden Rule.

They have had the courage to survey the whole task, and to ask for a budget large enough to sustain (1) the work abroad, (2) the work at home including the church's part in the huge task of Americanization, (3) the colleges and (4) hospitals supported by the Churches, (5) the religious training of the young, and to provide (6) a living wage for the Church's ministers.

The budget is large in the aggregate; yet if each person who loves America would increase his contribution by only a few dollars the whole amount would be easily subscribed.

We face the task of rebuilding the world. Let the cornerstone be a strong and vital church in every American community; and the measuring rod by which the builders build must be the Golden Rule.



## The INTERCHURCH World Movement of North America

The publication of this advertisement is made possible by the cooperation of thirty denominations.



## We Handle Furniture of Every Description Our Prices Are Way Down

This has been proven continually by the large sales we have made outside our territory. We claim to sell better goods for the money than you can buy elsewhere; our sales book is your proof. Don't fool yourself by buying cheaper Furniture elsewhere, and paying as much and often more than we ask for Furniture that is far superior.

We want to Save You Money---we can't do it if you buy somewhere else.

We are Your Servants--why not leave us Serve You.

C. O. FUSS & SON, Taneytown, Md.

## HANNAH MANAGES

By DORA MOLLAN

(©, 1920, by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

The good fairy who was among those present at the birth of Hannah Hempstead brought a most excellent and valuable gift; but being a generous and fearful of stinting, perhaps she brought a bit too much of it. For as an overdose of some drugs causes an effect opposite to the one sought, so Hannah's extraordinary orderliness of nature brought her more enemies than friends.

Hannah never hid the light of her gift under a bushel. She didn't stop with putting in meticulous order all her inanimate surroundings, but ventured boldly into the perilous enterprise of straightening out the affairs of the humans of her community whenever she decided that they needed it. She never went out of doors that she didn't itch to set upright every crooked tree.

There was one person in the regulation of whose life Hannah had a perfect score. The days of her younger sister had been ordered in strict accord to the senior's ideas. Perhaps, though, she had taken an unfair advantage, for there were eighteen years to her credit when Harmonie was born and to Hannah alone was left the task of bringing up the baby sister.

An August sun beat down upon four cords of wood stacked neatly at the side of the Hempstead barn. It was a sight to delight the eye of almost any householder; but to Hannah Hempstead it meant an unsolved problem thrust upon her by the hand of death. Jed Henry shouldn't have been allowed to depart this life until he had carried out his yearly contract, driven his portable power saw into the Hempstead yard and reduced that four-foot wood into convenient stove lengths! At this point Hannah, gazing out at the wood from the cool shelter of the kitchen, suddenly realized that her thoughts were verging



Hannah Was Deliberately "Working" Mr. Dunston.

on a criticism of the Almighty. Only the Sunday before the new minister had said something on that subject.

"The new minister!" Hannah spoke the words aloud.

Harmonie, who had entered the house unnoticed by the elder sister, paused in the doorway. Well she knew what Hannah's present facial expression portended.

"Whose affairs are to be straightened out now?" No one but Harmonie would have dared to take a like liberty with Hannah.

"Our own," was the terse answer. Then the elder woman bustled into the dining room. "We'll clean the solid silver this afternoon," she announced.

"Heavens! Why do anything unnecessary this weather?" But five minutes later Harmonie's curly blonde head and friendly blue eyes were bent over the silver. She offered no further remonstrance.

Three days later Hannah told Harmonie she had invited the new minister to tea the next afternoon. Harmonie, who had joined reluctantly in the orgy of work which always preceded the arrival of a guest in their house, had suspected since the day of the cleaning of the silver that Hannah had plans afoot which concerned the minister. What could she want of him? Mr. Dunston was a bachelor of forty but he looked about thirty; Hannah, though she was but thirty-eight, looked forty-five. Harmonie put a certain possibility out of her mind altogether.

After Harmonie had listened demurely half-way through the conversation at the "high tea" it began to dawn on her that Hannah was deliberately "working" Mr. Dunston to take the place of the inconsiderate Jed Henry's sawmill. There was mention of the minister's already celebrated love of strenuous exercise; of the scarcity of labor in the community; of the latest fad among outdoors rich men for chopping wood—and of the Hempstead

woodpile. The Reverend Mr. Dunston seemed to fairly jump at the bait. And Harmonie, disgusted that Hannah should show so little proper pride, resolved right then and there to lighten his labors as much as she possibly could.

The neighbors sniffed, Hannah beamed and Harmonie helped stack up the stove lengths. The Rev. Mr. Dunston seemed to enjoy both the exercise and the companionship of the younger Hempstead sister; also the apple pie or fragrant spice cake which Hannah usually produced. Harmonie was not the type of girl to whom an older man instinctively appeals. Nevertheless she grew to like Mr. Dunston more and more; until all at once the suspicion took root in her mind that it was Hannah's plan that she should do that very thing. The thought turned her squarely against the minister; for Harmonie had long ago resolved that when it came to the one really important event of her life, Sister Hannah for once should have nothing whatever to say about it.

Harmonie was in this frame of mind when Hannah one day informed her that the Rev. Mr. Dunston had asked if he might see her privately. "From several things he has said," she volunteered, "I have every reason to believe he means to propose to me."

Harmonie stared at her sister in amazement. "Propose—to you!"

"Why not?" Hannah's tone challenged all criticism. "He's tired of boarding and he won't hear of putting the old minister out of the parsonage. He likes my cooking—and we need a man in the house. It's a mighty good arrangement all around."

Without a word Harmonie walked out of the house and around behind the woodpile. There, in the shade and out of sight she began to reconstruct her world. Mr. Dunston was just a just a flirt, then; for certainly he—given her to understand that he—well, that he liked her. Hannah was a despicable female. As for her, Harmonie, nobody loved her; nobody cared anything about her. Of course she must go away. She would go now—go right into the house this minute and pack up. And because she was mentally composing a letter to be left behind for Hannah, she failed to hear approaching footsteps; and all at once there was Mr. Dunston standing before her.

"Harmonie," he said. "I have just received your sister's permission to say something to you. Will you be my wife? I know I'm much older than you, but I love you—and love needs no apologist."

In the sudden reaction from woe to joy Harmonie began to cry. Philip Dunston's athletic arm drew her to him and the girl's face was hidden on his shoulder.

As they walked back to the house some moments later, hand in hand, a thought came suddenly to Harmonie. It was of Hannah. "Wait," she commanded, and hurried into the house. Hannah was setting forth spice cakes and tea.

Gently, lovingly, Harmonie laid her hand on her sister's arm. "I'm sorry, Hannah," she said, "it happened this way."

"You needn't be," replied Hannah briskly; "it has come out just as I planned. Sometimes a little opposition helps things along a whole lot."

### "Groundhog Day."

A delve into folklore and mythology reveals "groundhog day" as February 2, or Candlemas day. In early times, when statistics were not available, Feb. 2 was thought to be a fair average date for the breaking up of winter. At the approach of cold weather in the fall the groundhog curls up asleep at the bottom of its burrow. When the midwinter thaw is supposed to be at hand the groundhog comes out. By a peculiar instinct the groundhog is supposed to be able to foretell the weather for weeks ahead. At any rate, according to the story, when his sagacity tells him that an early break-up is at hand, he stays out. When a storm threatens he pops into his hole again and goes to sleep for six weeks.

### Mark Twain Anecdote.

In his autobiography, "A Quaker Singer's Recollections," David Bispham tells of visiting Mark Twain at "Stormfield" in 1909, where he took part in an impromptu concert in which Miss Clara Clemens assisted:

"We were introduced by Mark Twain himself, clad in his distinctive suit of white flannel, which served to set off his magnificent head of snowy hair, and he was in great fettle. After a little speech which convulsed his hearers he presented us who were to make music for his guests, saying shrewd and complimentary things about us men, and in conclusion: 'While Mr. Gabrilowitsch and Mr. Bispham are much better known than my daughter, they are not near so good looking.'"

### True Manliness.

A man only begins to be a man when he ceases to whine and revile, and commences to search for the hidden justice which regulates his life. And as he adapts his mind to that regulating factor, he ceases to accuse others as the cause of his condition, and builds himself up in strong and noble thoughts, ceases to kick against circumstances, but begins to use them as aids to his more rapid progress, and as means of discovering the hidden powers and possibilities within himself.—James Allen.

### Inexplicable Demand.

"I never found anybody who believed what a ouija board says," remarked one salesman.

"Neither have I," replied the other. "I am entirely at a loss to explain how we sell so many."

## Everyone Should Save Some Money

Continuous effort will accomplish wonders.

On many an occasion you will be thoughtful for your Bank Account.

No spend-thrift can get much of a footing in the financial world.

Opportunity knocks at the door of the thrifty man.

Many a successful man has worked his way up from the foot of the ladder.

You can do as well if you have plenty of grit and sound common sense.

OPEN AN ACCOUNT WITH US!

DON'T PUT IT OFF!

TANEYTOWN SAVINGS BANK

## Stop! Look! Listen!

We have an Up-to-date Disposal Plant for

### Dead Animals

We have given Quick and Reliable Service through a Long and Severe Winter.

Summer is here, and with it we will endeavor to give

"Better Service."

Our Motto: "Always on the Job."

Call "LEIDY," Phone 259.

WESTMINSTER, MD.

### DR. J. W. HELM,

SURGEON DENTIST,

New Windsor Maryland.

Will be in Taneytown 1st Wednesday of each month.

I have other engagements for the 3rd Saturday and Thursday and Friday, immediately preceding. The rest of the month at my office in New Windsor.

Nitrous Oxide Gas administered.

Graduate of Maryland University, Baltimore, Md.

C. & P. Telephone. 5-1-11

### J. S. MYERS J. E. MYERS

DENTISTS

73 E. Main St.

WESTMINSTER, MD.

Nitrous Oxide & Oxygen X-Ray

LADY ATTENDANTS

Phone 162

### NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Carroll County, in Md., letters of administration upon the estate of

CHARLES WHITMORE,

late of Carroll County, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers properly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 23rd day of October, 1920; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hands this 2nd day of April, 1920.

J. N. O. SMITH, Administrator.

4-2-4t

### JOHN R. HARE,

Watch & Clock Maker,

Pike Hill, New Windsor, Md.

Orders left at Wolf's Drug Store, will receive prompt attention.

2-21-1y

### WOMAN'S CASE AMAZES TANEYTOWN

A business man's wife could not sew or read without sharp pains in her eyes. For years her eyes were red and weak. Finally she tried simple witchhazel, camphor, hydrastis, etc., as mixed in Lavoptik eye wash. The result produced by a single bottle amazed everyone. We guarantee a small bottle Lavoptik to help ANY CASE weak, strained or inflamed eyes. Aluminum eye cup FREE. Robert S. McKinney, Druggist, Taneytown, Md.—Advertisement

## We Want You

to keep in mind the fact that in addition to printing this newspaper we do job work of any kind. When in need of anything in this line be sure

To See Us

\*\*\*\*\*

## POOLE'S Sale and Exchange Stables



I am now located at New Windsor, Md., and will have on hand from now on, HORSES and MULES of all kinds, for SALE OR EXCHANGE. Will also buy Horses of any type for the market.

Will be at Taneytown, Monday and Saturday, each week, at Central Hotel Stable, and will have a man there all the time. Stock of all kinds bought—bring it in, or let me know.

HALBERT POOLE, 1-9-tf New Windsor, Phone 4R.

### Wanted

Horses, Mules, Cows, Bulls, Steers, Heifers, Hogs, Sheep.



It don't matter if they are the best or the commonest, I will pay the highest market prices. Phone, or write to—

HOWARD J. SPALDING, 2-6-3m Littlestown, Pa.

### DIAGNOSTICIAN

DR. FAHRNEY HAGERSTOWN, MD.

I study and treat chronic diseases and deformities. I cure many cases the ordinary doctor does not understand. Is there anything wrong with you—send me your name and address and I will tell you what to do, and there is no charge for this. I'm the only Dr. Fahrney in town.

### CORRECT ENGLISH

HOW TO USE IT

A MONTHLY MAGAZINE

\$2.50 THE YEAR

Send 10 Cents for Sample Copy

to

CORRECT ENGLISH PUBLISHING CO. EVANSTON, ILLINOIS.

2-27-01

## DON'T WORRY ABOUT THE COST OF SHOES

As long as the price has not been advanced unreasonably high.

### Our Spring Shoes, Oxfords, Pumps

are coming in daily, and the price will be within the reach of all.

OUR WORK SHOES, made by The Endicott-Johnson Co., are still up to the high standard of this well-known firm. They are made of Leather only, and the prices are right.

All New Things in Men's Hats, Shirts, Ties and Hosiery.

J. THOMAS ANDERS, WESTMINSTER, MD.

## When the Whistle Blows



"I live so close to town," said a farmer the other day, "that we can hear the whistle blow at night. And the few hands we can get listen for that whistle and quit work just as if they were working in a factory." That, says

## The COUNTRY GENTLEMAN

is what the farmer is up against this year. He can't get help. What shall he do? Well, Harry R. O'Brien discusses the question in an article next week that you surely must not miss.

The farmer needs help this year as almost never before. What to plant—and how much; how to meet the labor shortage; machinery problems; cooperative efforts in buying and selling; defense of the farmers' interests in state and national af-

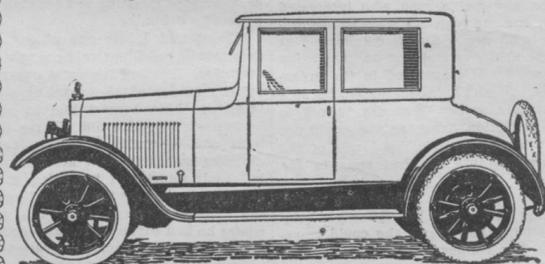
fairs—all these are matters that are helpfully discussed in the pages of this Great National Farm Weekly. You need THE COUNTRY GENTLEMAN this year as never before! Buy it now for a whole year—52 big weekly issues. It will cost you only \$1.00.

Get Pure-Bred Reading Matter in Your Home!

R. A. NUSBAUM, Route 1 UNION BRIDGE, MD.

An authorized subscription representative of The Country Gentleman The Ladies' Home Journal The Saturday Evening Post 52 issues—\$1.00 12 issues—\$1.75 52 issues—\$2.00

## VELIE-SIX



INCREASED FACTORY PRODUCTION PERMITS THE ANNOUNCEMENT OF IMMEDIATE DELIVERIES ON TOURING MODELS AND FAIRLY PROMPT DELIVERIES ON CLOSED MODELS.

FIFTY-FIVE HORSE POWER. 115 INCH WHEEL BASE. "RED SEAL" CONTINENTAL MOTOR America's Standard Automobile Power Plant POWERFUL AS THE NATION.

The Velie Six is a car of rare beauty, possessing every feature which goes to make up a car of exceptionally fine quality at a medium price. To appreciate the fullness of its value it must be seen. A CALL WILL BRING IT TO YOUR DOOR.

## THE VELIE-LIGHT-SIX

Smaller, lighter and at lower price, but in keeping with those qualities which have made Velie Values Famous.

## FROUNFELTER BROS.

Phone 56 NEW WINDSOR, MD.

4-2-tf

EAGLE "MIKADO" PENCIL No. 174

Regular Length, 7 inches

For Sale at your Dealer. Conceded to be the Finest Pencil made for general use. Made in five grades. EAGLE PENCIL COMPANY, NEW YORK

IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL  
**SUNDAY SCHOOL**  
**LESSON**

(By REV. P. B. FITZWATER, D. D.,  
Teacher of English Bible in the Moody  
Bible Institute of Chicago.)  
(Copyright, 1928, Western Newspaper Union)

**LESSON FOR APRIL 11**

**DEBORAH AND BARAK DELIVER  
ISRAEL.**

LESSON TEXT—Judges 4:4-5:31.  
GOLDEN TEXT—God is our refuge and  
strength, a very present help in trouble.—  
Ps. 46:1.

ADDITIONAL MATERIAL—Judges  
4:1-3; Heb. 11:32, 33.

PRIMARY TOPIC—A Brave Woman  
Helping a General.

JUNIOR TOPIC—A Story of a Hero  
and a Heroine.

INTERMEDIATE AND SENIOR TOPIC  
—Fighting on God's Side.

YOUNG PEOPLE AND ADULT TOPIC  
—The Services of Women in National  
Leadership.

The book of Judges covers the pe-  
riod from the conquest of Canaan and  
death of Joshua to the judgeship of  
Samuel. While Joshua and the eld-  
ers of his generation lived the people  
in some measure remained faithful to  
God in obedience to his Word, but the  
very next generation went into apos-  
tasy. Their declension may be ac-  
counted for as follows:

1. Failure to drive the Canaanites  
from their midst.
2. Their amalgamation with the Can-  
aanites. Their close proximity to  
the people had its leavening effect, for  
they soon intermarried with the heath-  
en. Tolerance with the enemy is close-  
ly followed by union therewith, and  
quick disaster comes in the wake of  
such union.
3. Idolatry. Inter-marriage with the  
heathen was soon followed by the  
worship of the heathen gods. Thus Is-  
rael's power was gradually weakened,  
so that instead of being conquerors  
they became the conquered.

In chapter 2:6-9 is given a synopsis  
of the book of Judges:

1. The sin of the people (vv. 6-13).
2. God's judgment for their sin (vv.  
14, 15).
3. Repentance of the people (3:9).
4. God's deliverance at the hands of  
the judges (vv. 16-19).

A repetition of sin, oppression by the  
enemy, repentance on the part of the  
people, and God's deliverance, is the  
story of the book of Judges.

**I. The Judgeship of Deborah (4:  
4, 5).**

Her name means "Bee," suggesting  
orderly instincts. As suggested by an-  
other, "She answered her name by her  
industry, sagacity, and great use to  
the public." The period was marked  
by awful oppression. The Israelites  
were helpless, for the enemy had 900  
chariots of iron. Deborah was an  
unique character. God raised her up  
for such a time as this. Under a palm  
tree she held an open court for the  
administration of justice.

**II. Deborah Summons Barak (4:  
6-10).**

Barak means "lightning." Deborah,  
being a prophetess, was able to select  
the man whose gifts would enable him  
to rally the forces needed to gain the  
victory over the formidable foe.

1. Deborah's call (vv. 6, 7). It was  
God's call through her. She gave defi-  
nite instruction as to the number of  
men and the strategy to be employed,  
assuring Barak that God would deliver  
Sisera, the captain of Jabin's army,  
into his hand.
2. Barak's reply (v. 8). Expression  
of unwillingness to go unless Deborah  
would go with him should hardly be  
considered as cowardice or weakness,  
as it is a well-recognized fact that the  
presence of a woman, especially the  
prophetess, would inspire courage on  
the part of the warriors. However, he  
should have believed God's ability to  
give the victory without the aid of a  
woman.
3. Barak's rebuke (vv. 9, 10). De-  
borah yielded his request, but made it  
plain to him that it would detract from  
his honor as a conqueror, "for the  
Lord shall sell Sisera into the hand  
of a woman."

**III. The Defeat of Jabin's Army (vv.  
11-16).**

Sisera, the captain, gathered a  
mighty army and went forth with full  
assurance of victory, but he made a  
sad mistake; he did not consider that  
it was the Lord's battle (v. 15). At the  
psychological moment Deborah gave  
the signal to charge, assuring Barak  
that the Lord would give the victory  
(v. 14). Through supernatural inter-  
position the enemy became panic-  
stricken (see 5:20).

**IV. Sisera Killed by a Woman (vv.  
17-24).**

In his flight he took refuge in Jael's  
tent. Under the guise of friendship,  
she committed the most heinous mur-  
der. She fastened his head to the  
ground by means of a tent pin.

V. Deborah and Barak's Song of Vic-  
tory (chap. 5).

This was composed and sung in ce-  
lebration of the marvelous victory  
which God had wrought.

**Robbing Real Inward Life.**

He who is rich for himself, laying  
up treasure for himself, is by so much  
robbing his real inward life of its re-  
sources.

**Time Never Lost.**

The sum of wisdom is that the  
time is never lost that is devoted to  
work.—Emerson.

**Being a Great Soul.**

He who would be a great soul in  
the future, must be a great soul now.  
—Emerson.

**HOW "ROMOLA" WAS WRITTEN**

George Eliot's Immortal the Result of  
an Inspiration and Much  
Hard Work.

The scene of "Romola" is the Flo-  
rence of the fifteenth century, and the  
plan of it came to George Eliot in the  
course of an Italian journey, "one of  
those journeys that seem to divide  
one's life in half so many new ideas  
do they suggest, so many new sources  
of interest do they open to the mind."  
Having fixed on her scheme, she re-  
turned to Florence, visiting the old  
streets, rummaging ancient books,  
seeking to impregnate herself with the  
spirit of the venerable city. But she  
was still far from her goal. When,  
on her return home, she at last set to  
work, she saw its difficulties rising  
before her. Would not her genius de-  
sert her when she left the familiar  
scenes of rustic life in the England of  
today for foreign countries and past  
ages? She despaired more than once,  
gave up her task, then took it up  
again, plunged (conscientiously as she  
did everything) into historical studies,  
and brought forth in sorrow a kind of  
moral tragedy which even the reader  
cannot behold without emotion.—Ed-  
mond Scherer.

**SCULPTOR'S USE OF CEMENT**

Gigantic Figure of Neptune Is Work  
of Art as Well as Architectural  
Curiosity.

At Monterosso, near Spezia, Italy,  
there stands an architectural curiosity  
—a gigantic figure of Neptune, con-  
structed of cement and used to support  
the extreme end of a terrace for a sea-  
side villa. The house is the Villa Pas-  
tine, and the statue is the work of Ar-  
rigo Minerbi, a talented sculptor of  
Rome.

A small promontory on which the  
villa is built presented many difficul-  
ties to the architect, but he finally suc-  
ceeded in building there a very com-  
modious and comfortable residence.  
The statue, which is wonderfully life-  
like, is about 33 feet in height. The  
body, which, like the head, is built of  
re-enforced cement, is hollow, and con-  
tains a spiral staircase. Considering  
the nature of the material with which  
Signor Minerbi had to work, he is to  
be congratulated on the result of his  
labors.

**"All For a Song."**

"He has sold his future for a song,"  
they said of a rich man's son who, in-  
stead of taking advantage of the un-  
usual opportunities open to him for a  
worth-while career, was whiling away  
his golden years on the Great White  
Way.

"All for a song" has come to mean  
to us "paying too much for a whistle,"  
any undue sacrifice or waste for some-  
thing that is worthless or only of  
transient moment, particularly the  
superficial.

It has come down to us from the  
day when its significance was literal.  
As a token of her appreciation of the  
poet, Edmund Spenser, Queen Eliza-  
beth ordered Lord Burligh to present  
him with £100, which in those days  
was a small fortune. Upon this Lord  
Burligh is said to have exclaimed  
"All this for a song!"

**Penn and Land Buying.**

The story that William Penn bought  
from the Delaware Indians as much  
land as a dozen bulls' hides would  
cover and then cut them into narrow  
strips to cunningly enable him to trick  
the Indians by encircling a vast stretch  
of territory is not true. This is a very  
old story. It was told in remote times  
of Dido of Carthage. The legend is  
that Dido built that city after buying  
as much land as a bullock's hide would  
cover. She cut the hide into strips,  
getting a large bit of real estate in  
the transaction. The story reappears  
in the case of the Dutchman in Ir-  
ving's "Knickerbocker," who bought as  
much land from the Indians as Ten-  
breek's trousers would cover. But  
Tenbreek had on pairs of trousers  
enough to cover the island of Manhat-  
tan.

**Pertinent Questions.**

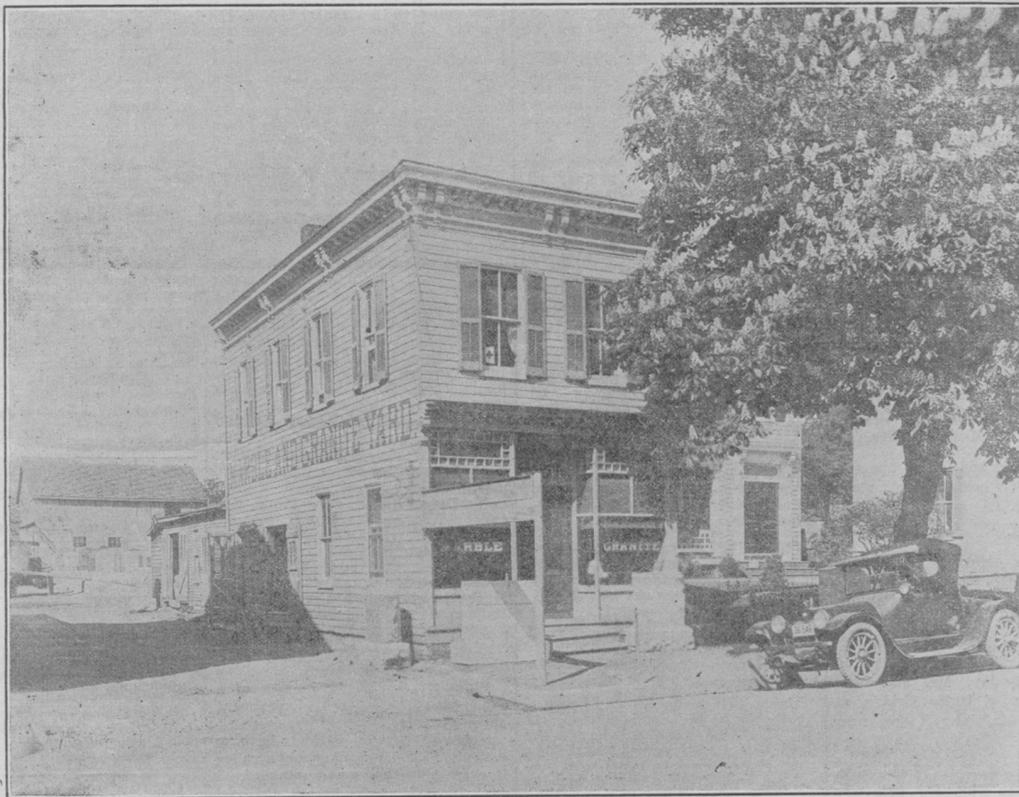
Among the many Irish anecdotes  
told by Canon Hannay, author of sev-  
eral books under the pen-name of  
"George Birmingham," is the follow-  
ing. An Irish gentleman who heard  
of the death of a great enemy of his,  
who had harassed him for many years,  
remarked: "Well, it's a comfort to  
think that the devil's got that fellow  
at last." A clergyman who happened  
to be present felt it his duty to re-  
monstrate against this uncharitable  
view of the dead man's condition. He  
said he hoped that, in spite of all that  
had passed, the poor man might have  
escaped the extreme penalty. "Well,"  
retorted the other, "if the devil hasn't  
got that fellow, all I can say is that  
I don't see much use in keeping a  
devil at all."

**Rats as Food.**

Doctor Kane, the Arctic explorer,  
said that one of the worst curses in  
the far North were the rats that in-  
fested his ship. Nevertheless, when  
in want of other food, he was glad to  
eat them—sometimes chopped up and  
frozen into tallow balls.

He wrote: "During the long winter  
nights Hans beguiled his hours of  
watch by shooting rats with bow and  
arrow. The repugnance of my com-  
panions to share with me this table  
luxury gave me frequent advantage of  
fresh meat soup, which contributed no  
doubt to my comparative immunity to  
scurvy."

**The Mathias Marble and Granite Works**



**BUY WHERE YOU CAN SEE THE GOODS.**



**THE LARGEST STOCK OF MONUMENTS  
AND HEADSTONES IN THE STATE**

**JOSEPH L. MATHIAS, Prop'r,**

**Westminster, Maryland.**

**Phone 27**

**300 Monuments**

**and Headstones**

**to Select from**

**All Stones Delivered Anywhere by  
Auto Truck.**

**Distance No Inconvenience.**

**300 Monuments**

**and Headstones**

**to Select from**

**TANEYTOWN LOCAL COLUMN**

Brief Items of Local News of Special Interest to Our Home Readers.

We have a few packages of flower seeds for free distribution.

Mrs. Margaret Angell, of York, paid Taneytown one of her cheery visits, over Easter.

Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Ridinger, of Manheim, Pa., spent Sunday and Monday with relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Ott entertained at dinner, on Tuesday, Dr. and Mrs. H. R. Freeman, of Emmitsburg.

Miss Vergie Miller and friend, William Perego, of York, Pa., spent Easter with her mother, Mrs. Jacob Strausburg.

Rev. L. B. Hafer will preach, this Sunday evening, on the "corn" text suggested in the Record, several weeks ago, Prov. 11:26.

Mr. and Mrs. James E. Fogle were given a surprise "shower," on Thursday night, by a lot of their friends, bearing a variety of useful gifts.

Guy W. Haines and family are now installed in their home, the old stone hotel property. A large number of friends accompanied the "fitting."

Attention is called to the notice, elsewhere in this issue, making it mandatory on all water users to make preparations for installing meters.

(For the Record.) Mrs. Myrtle Fringer entertained at dinner, on Sunday, Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Palmer, of Union Bridge, at the home of Mr. John Koons, near Uniontown.

Chas. Witherow, of Washington, was in town, on Thursday. He was accompanied back home by his father, Wm. W. Witherow, the trip being made by auto.

Attorney Wm. L. Seabrook, of Westminster, was in town, on Wednesday, looking after various matters, among them being the Railroad crossing situation.

George R. Baumgardner was operated on at Mercy Hospital, Baltimore, this week, for the removal of diseased glands in the head and neck. He is reported doing well.

Percy Mehring, a student at Jefferson Medical School, Philadelphia, and his room-mate, spent Easter at the home of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Luther W. Mehring.

The effect of the blizzard in the west was very disagreeably felt here, this week, with freezing weather several nights, and temperature through the week, that put a crimp into garden-making.

Wm. H. Flickinger received, on Monday, 13 pairs of Mexican quail for distribution in Taneytown and Middleburg districts. It is the idea that imported birds will greatly help to replenish local coverts.

The town authorities received word, this week, from the Union Bridge Electric Co., that it is their expectation to push the extension of the line to Taneytown, and unless something unforeseen occurs, to be in the town within six weeks.

The Havre de Grace-Taneytown railroad bill was "laid on the table," as it was suspected of too much intimacy with the Pennsylvania Railroad. And so, we bury another of the dead, might-have-been, new railroads for Taneytown.

Rev. Chas. H. Butler, of Washington, D. C., one of our regular mail order patrons for printing, wrote us this week, strongly commending not only the excellence of the work of this office, but the promptness with which orders are filled, and at the same time sent another order.

Miss Eliza Birnie and Mrs. Guy W. Ourand, of Washington; Miss Mary Hesson, Miss Lena Angell, Lester Witherow, Fern Weaver and wife, Clarence Ohler and wife, and Mrs. Robert Sherald and children, were among the Easter visitors to Taneytown.

Notices are up calling attention to the public meeting, on April 16, at the Firemen's building, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Burgess, and five Commissioners, to be voted on at the election, Monday, May 3. These public events deserve more attention than they usually receive.

Miss Gertrude Gardner was in town, on Tuesday, and finally transferred all of the property of the former William Pink estate. Emanuel Harner purchased all of the property on the east side of Frederick St., that on the west side having been purchased some time since by James Harner.

**CHURCH NOTICES.**

Sunday services, Church of the Brethren, New Windsor, in College Chapel: Mission Study Class, 8:45 A. M.; Sunday school and Bible study, 9:45; church service, 10:45; Christian Workers' meeting, 6:45 P. M.; followed by song service at 7:20; preaching at 8:00.

Uniontown Lutheran Charge.—St. Luke (Winter's): 9:30, Re-organization of the Sunday school and election of officers for the year. 10:30, Sermon by the pastor. Mt. Union: 1:30, Sunday school; 2:30, Sermon. After services the regular congregational meeting will be held for the election of Elders, Deacons and Trustees. Let every member be present for the election.

In Trinity Lutheran church, next Sunday morning, the pastor will preach on "The Inter-Church Movement." This will be of special interest in view of the Inter-Church Conference in Westminster next Thursday. In the evening the sermon will be on the Record's "corn" text, Prov. 11:26. All persons interested are invited. The Communion will be administered at the morning service for those who could not be present last Sunday.

Reformed Church.—Sunday school at 9:15 A. M. Service at 10:15. Address on the Forward Movement by Rev. John S. Adam, of Silver Run. Every member requested to be present. C. E. at 6:30 P. M. Missionary service at 7:30.

Keysville.—Sunday school at P. M. Service at 2. Communion and Confirmation.

St. Paul's, Lutheran, Harney.—Sunday school re-organization, Sunday, at 1 o'clock; preparatory service at 2, and communion services at 2:30.

Church of God, Uniontown.—Sunday school at 9, and preaching at 10:15 A. M., and 7 P. M.

Frizzellburg.—Sunday school at 1:30, and preaching at 2:30 P. M.

Union Bridge Reformed Church.—Baptist: 10 A. M., Sunday school; 11 A. M., divine worship. Sermon by Rev. Roy E. Freeman, Manchester, Md. Please bring your Lenten envelopes well filled. 7:30 P. M., the Easter service will be rendered by the Sunday school.

Presbyterian Church, Town.—S. S., 9:30 A. M.; Preaching, 10:30 A. M. Congregational Meeting at close of service. C. E., at 6:45 P. M.

Piney Creek.—S. S., at 1 P. M.; Church Service, at 2:00 P. M. Congregational Meeting at close of service. Rev. Mr. Roderick will preach.

United Brethren Church.—Harney: Bible school at 9, and preaching at 10 A. M. Town: Bible school at 1:30, and preaching at 2:30 P. M.

**Worst Pest in the World.**

The rat is the worst animal pest in the world. From its home among filth, it visits dwellings and store-rooms, to pollute and destroy human food. It carries bubonic plague and many other diseases fatal to man and has been responsible for more untimely deaths among human beings than all the wars of history.

In the United States rats and mice each year destroy crops and other property valued at over \$200,000,000. This destruction is equivalent to the gross earnings of an army of over 200,000 men. On many a farm, if the grain eaten and wasted by rats and mice could be sold, the proceeds would more than pay all the farmer's taxes. The common brown rat breeds 6 to 10 times a year and produces an average of 10 young at a litter. Young females breed when only three or four months old. At this rate a pair of rats, breeding uninterruptedly and without deaths, would at the end of three years (18 generations) be increased to 359,709,482 individuals.

For centuries the world has been fighting rats without organization and at the same time has been feeding them and building for them fortresses for concealment. If we are to fight on equal terms, say specialists of the Biological Survey of the U. S. Dept. of Agriculture, we must deny them food and hiding places and must organize to rid communities of them. The department has devoted a great deal of study to the problem and is anxious to help in rat extermination, not only by supplying bulletins and other printed matter, but by supplying advice of specialists in specific cases.

**Harvard Authorities and Students Rely on Memory of Colored Human Encyclopedia.**

No one knows how he does it. He doesn't know himself. Yet Terry never forgets a face or a name. He never took a memory course. He never did any special mental gymnastics to develop his memory. He has no theories on the association of ideas. He has no little tricks, such as remembering a man's name is Carpenter because he is built like a lath. He simply remembers, that's all.

Terry is a roly-poly little colored man who for 19 years has been the human encyclopedia of the recorder's office at Harvard college. Every Harvard man since 1900 knows Terry. The remarkable thing is that Terry knows every one of them. More than 10,000 men have come and gone in Terry's time. Terry remembers them all.

His extraordinary faculty for remembering names and places caused his being installed in the position of living encyclopedia, not only on all Harvard men, but on Harvard history generally. When members of the faculty want to know the date of the fire in Weld hall, or when the course Government 7B was started, or the names of the most recently elected vice-presidents, or the score of the Harvard-Williams baseball game ten years ago, or any miscellaneous bit of Harvardiana they don't take the time to look it up. They ask Terry. And Terry always knows.

**An Easter Surprise Party.**

(For the Record.) A very enjoyable Easter surprise party was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Grant Bohn, Easter Monday night, April 5th, as the young friends of Russell Bohn planned to tender him a surprise, which proved to be complete. He was invited to a neighbor's in the early evening under the pretext of participating in a musical in which he indulged for a short while then being called home as a neighbor had called to spend the evening. When arriving home, and finding the house filled with friends, surprise was genuine and complete. The Union Bridge and Pipe Creek orchestra furnished the music which was very much enjoyed. Various games were indulged in for a while when they all were invited to partake of refreshments, of which there was an abundance, after which they resumed the games until the small hours of the morning when all departed thanking the hostess for the pleasure and hospitality extended.

Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. Grant Bohn, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Crumbacker, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Shirk, Mrs. Addison Koons, Mrs. Edward Dayhoff, Mrs. Debbie Lambert, Misses Helen Lambert, Ruth Koons, Avis Ecker, Mary Newman, Lillie Snyder, Mary Snyder, Helen Plank, Flora Davis, Lela Hape, Lola Crouse, Bertie Snyder, Helen Wiles, Ada Frounfelzer, Rozella Ohler, Thelma Lambert, Edna Zille, Messrs. Raymond Wilson, Alfred Zolickoff, Earl Hahn, Chas. Frounfelzer, Raymond Wright, Carl Ritter, Russell Bohn, Donald Ecker, Park Plank, Roy Crouse, Wm. Smith, Russell Nusbbaum, Earl Angell, Chas. Davis, Jennings Frock, Rosco Hubbard, Frank Bohn, William Angell, David Ohler, Paul Crouse, Lee Stone, Leslie Lovell, Jesse Nusbbaum, Raymond Crouse, Harry Bullington Bruce Shirk, Charles Snyder and Oadus Devilliss.

**Cried So Much.**

Wifey—They haven't thought of a name for the baby in the apartment above yet.

Hubby—Well, they ought to have no difficulty. The neighbors have called it everything they could think of.

**Firm as a Rock.**

"I hear the editor of the Plunkville Palladium is quite a feller." "Yep," assented old Pop Snooks of the Grocery Lyceum, "he always takes an uncompromising stand on anything that nobody is opposing."—Judge.

**Fortunately.**

Herbert—I heard that your cook broke only one plate yesterday. Robert—That's right. Herbert—How's that? Robert—It was the last one.

**MATTIE STOCK COMPANY Taneytown Opera House**

Commencing Monday April 12th, Miss Lois B. Hammond, supported by the Mattie Stock Company, will open a week's engagement at the Opera House presenting for the first time here four act Southern Melo-drama "Her Legal Prisoner."

The Mattie Stock Company comes to Taneytown with the endorsement of the press and public of nearly every town on the Eastern Shore. They have been annual visitors to Eastern Maryland and Delaware for the past ten years and have made a host of friends by their splendid work. During the week the following plays will be presented Monday, "Her Legal Prisoner;" Tuesday, "Molly Bawn;" Wednesday, "The Call of the Heart;" Thursday, "One Girl in a Thousand;" Friday, "Camille;" Saturday matinee, "Henrietta," and Saturday night, "An American Girl." Each and every play will be presented with pretty special and appropriate scenery, electrical effects and beautiful costumes. Popular prices will prevail. —Advertisement

**Notice to Water Users.**

To those having unmetered water service from the town water system:

You are hereby notified to make provisions to have meters installed as quickly as possible. After this notice has been published for two weeks, effort will be made to attach meters, and any place which is not then ready for the installation, will be cut off from the supply, and the service at said place will not be resumed until the supply has been properly and satisfactorily metered. By Order of the Burgess and Commissioners. CLYDE L. HESSON, Clerk. 9-2t

**To See Better See Me**



**S. L. FISHER OPTOMETRIST AND OPTICIAN, OF BALTIMORE**

was unable to come to Taneytown last week, as advertised, on account of sickness, will therefore be at the Central Hotel,

**TWO DAYS ONLY TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, APRIL 13 and 14.**

If you need glasses, or if you are wearing glasses and need a change, call at the Hotel and get fitted up with glasses that are guaranteed to be right. The best possible eye service at your disposal.

Double vision to see far and near. EXAMINATION FREE. Prices reasonable.

**SPECIAL NOTICES.**

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS will be inserted under this heading at One Cent a word, each week, counting name and address of advertiser—two initials, or a date, counted as one word. Minimum charge, 15 cents. REAL ESTATE for sale. Two Cents each word. Minimum charge, 25 cents. BLACK TYPE will be charged double rates. APPLY AT RECORD OFFICE ads not accepted—but will receive sealed replies. No personal information given. THIS COLUMN is specially for Wants, Lost, Found, Short Announcements, Personal Property for sale, etc.

WANTED—Butter, Eggs, Poultry, Squabs, Calves, at highest cash prices; 50c a head for delivering Calves. Open every evening until 8 o'clock. The Farmers' Produce, H. C. BRENDEL, Prop.

HIGHEST CASH Prices paid every day for delivery of Poultry, Butter and Eggs. Specialty, 50c for delivery of Calves all day Tuesday, or Wednesday morning.—Geo. W. MOTTER.

NOTICE—Once in a while we receive, by mail, a small "Special" and 10c. Please note that the lowest charge for even the smallest notice, is 15c. Read the terms at the head of this column.

FOR SALE.—4 cows, 1 heifer, and 1 Holstein Stock bull, by PHILIP S. GOLDSMITH.

MOTORCYCLE FOR SALE.—Harley Davidson, 3-speed, 1915 model, in good running order, a bargain by CLARENCE F. HELWIG, Inside Tire Distributor, Taneytown, Maryland.

CORN FODDER for sale by WORTHINGTON FRINGER.

WANTED.—300 Leghorn chickens by PHILIP S. GOLDSMITH, Taneytown.

HOUSE FOR RENT, man can work on farm or elsewhere. JOSEPH DAYHOFF, near Linwood. 4-9-2t

CALL ON GEORGE P. STOUTER for a fine lot of chestnut boring posts. Round chestnut wire fence posts. Locust posts, Rails, etc. The cheapest considering quality. Respectfully, GEORGE P. STOUTER Emmitsburg, Md. 4-9-2t

SEE ME NEXT WEEK.—Was unable to fill engagement last week on account of sickness. See ad. in this issue.—S. L. FISHER, Optician.

CUSTOM HATCHING.—Let me solve your hatching problem. I am equipped for the business. It is cheaper to have eggs hatched than to buy chicks. Write your wants. SQUABS WANTED. BOWERS' CHICK HATCHERY and PIGEON LOFTS. 4-9-2t

POTATOES FOR SALE by W. E. ECKENRODE, near Uniontown.

HEAVY LOG CHAIN lost between Allen Feaser's new house and my place. Finder please notify J. W. WITHEROW, Taneytown and receive reward.

ALL THE FARMERS who are interested in the production of milk, should attend the meeting, next Tuesday Night, over Mr. Burke's Barber shop at 8 o'clock

FOR SALE.—Top Buggies, Steel and Rubber Tire; Spring Wagons, Corn Shelters, Cutting Boxes, Empire Cream Separators, new and second-hand machines; Reduced in price.—D. W. GARNER, Taneytown. 4-9-2t

FOR SALE.—Clover Hay and Fodder, by Dr. Geo. W. ROOP, near Keysville.

CAN YOU AFFORD IT? To do without Storm Insurance? Especially considering the tremendous cost of building and repairing at this time? Storm losses are increasing every year, and the cost of the insurance is higher, but is still too expensive to do without. Protect yourself, and feel more comfortable when the clouds loom angry.—P. B. ENGLAR, Agt., Home Ins. Co., N. Y. 4-2-3t

YOU MAY PREVENT FIRES, but you cannot prevent storms. Even when a fire breaks out, you may save some of your property; when a storm comes, you are absolutely helpless. Why not try to save yourself some property loss by carrying a Storm Policy?—P. B. ENGLAR, Agt., Home Ins. Co., N. Y. 4-2-3t

READY TO REPAIR them. Auto tops and curtains with celluloid or glass. Have top dressing, gasoline and auto oils Bicycle Sundries and repairing.—J. THOMAS WANTZ, Taneytown. 4-2-2t

HAVE YOUR AUTOMOBILE PAINTED at a reasonable price. All work satisfactory.—W. L. LAMBERT, Harney, Md. 4-2-4t

WANTED.—Woman to take charge of cooking at Central Hotel.—Wages \$10.00 per week.—MOTTER & LEISTER, Taneytown, Md. 4-2t

BLACKSMITH SHOP, on the Pink property, for rent. Would also be suitable for a garage. Possession at once.—Apply to EMANUEL HARNER. 4-2-tf

DR. C. L. KEFAUVER will resume his regular visits to Taneytown, on the first Thursday of each month, throughout the summer. 2-2t

FRESH COW, for sale by MRS. ANNIE REAVER, near Kyrup. 2-2.

FEEDING SYRUP—Just received a fresh lot.—J. CALVIN DOBNER, Union Bridge, No. 1. 1-9-tf

RUMLEY OIL Pull Tractors and Tractor drawn tools, for sale by H. STAMBAUGH. 3-12-5t

UNADILLA SILOS, sold by D. W. GARNER, in carload lots direct from the factory, at lowest prices. You pay no commission to Agt. I'm paid by the company.—D. W. GARNER, Taneytown. 3-12-tb

EGGS FOR HATCHING, \$1.25 per Setting, from Thoroughbred S. C. White Leghorns, White Minorcas, Mottled Ancoras, Black Orpingtons, Silver Campines, Fawn and White Runner Ducks, Thoroughbred Belgian Hares 1 Cye. Hatcher, 50-egg size, in good order, \$3.50.—GEORGE MENTZER, Detour, Md. 2-27-10

NOTICE.—We are now starting our campaign of Real Estate for 1920. Maryland farms in great demand by residents of other states. One agency sold 225 Maryland farms alone. Maryland is a state of large opportunities. Come and get my propositions. Join me and get my prices like our neighboring states are getting. D. W. GARNER, Licensed Real Estate Agent, Taneytown. 3-12tf

Taneytown's Leading Fashion Store. **Koons Bros.** DEPARTMENT STORE. TANEYTOWN, MD. Standard Drop-head Sewing Machine

**Why Pay More Elsewhere, When You Can Buy Cheaper Here?**

**Good Values in Hosiery**  
Women's, Men's and Children's Hose, in Silks, Mercerized Lises and Cotton. In Black, Tan and White, at very much less than their real value.

**Shoes and Oxfords**  
Latest Styles in Dress Shoes, Oxfords and Ladies' Pumps. Long-wearing Work Shoes, for Men and Women—hundreds of pairs to select from.

**Negligee Shirts**  
Men's Soft Shirts, in Silk, Pongee, Madras and Percalés, all French Cuffs.

**High-Grade Hats**  
Men's and Boys' Hats and Caps; newest and Latest Shapes and Colors.

**CORSETS**  
W. B. and Warner Bros' Rust Proof Long-wearing Guaranteed Corsets.

**DRY GOODS**  
New Spring Dress Goods, Gingham and Chambrays, in Bates and Red Seal Fabrics. A full line of Lancaster Apron Gingshams. Bleached Sheetings and Pillow Tucking. Towelings and Muslins.

**RUGS RUGS**  
Special Prices on 9x12 and 8x10 Rugs; also Small Rugs, all in Fibre, Crex, Matting and Brussels. Beautiful Patterns in Linoleum and Floor Tex, 1 and 2 yds wide.

**WINDOW SHADES AND TABLE OIL CLOTH, at about 10% less than market value.**

**Made-to-Measure Suits**  
Suits made in English or Conservative Models, of high-grade Worsteds and Cassimers, in all the Newest Checks and Stripes. Perfectly Tailored and Very Best Trimmings.

**LADIES' WAISTS AND MIDDY BLOUSES, HOUSE DRESSES AND BUNGALOW APRONS**

**PUBLIC SALE**  
The undersigned, will offer at Public Sale, in the old Eckenrode Store Building, Public Square, Taneytown, on **THURSDAY, APRIL 15, 1920,** at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following:  
**HOUSEHOLD GOODS,** consisting of Dishes, 100-piece Dinner Set, Chocolate Set, Tea Set, Berry Set, Glassware. Cooking Utensils, 2-burner Gas Stove, Fruit Jars, Bed Linens, Table Linens, Feather Pillows, Comforts and Blankets, Lace Curtains, Portiers, Pictures, Ornaments, and many other articles too numerous to mention.  
**TERMS CASH** on day of sale.  
**ROBERT R. FAIR.**  
J. N. O. SMITH, Auct.

**PUBLIC SALE**

The undersigned as administrator of the estate of Charles Whitmore, deceased, will sell at public sale on the premises along the State Road, at Pipe Creek bridge, on **FRIDAY, APRIL 16, 1920,** at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following described property:  
**ONE GOOD COOK STOVE,** coal stove, oil stove, chunk stove, 6 cane-seat chairs, 6 kitchen chairs, 3 rockers, 1 old Singer sewing machine, old-time bureau, round stand, 2 small stands, bed and springs, cot, small bureau, old bedstead, small corner cupboard, bed mattress, 2 cotton blankets, 4 feather bolsters, 3 pillows, 2 comforts, quilt, lap robe, clothes wringer, lot carpet and matting, 5 chair cushions, ironing board, bread box, Vulcan washing machine, family bible, lot of pictures, 2 mirrors, lamps, lot glassware and dishes, aluminum kettle, crocks, jugs, 14 jars of fruit, 2 1/2-dozen empty jars, lot of pans, buckets, 6 flat irons, salt box, lantern, old sink, table, 4 tubs, lot 2, 4 and 6-gal. jars, incubator.

**DOUBLE BARREL BREECH LOADING SHOT GUN**  
single barrel shot gun, bushel basket, hedge shears, 4 sets window sash, window frame, 6 pieces wall board, roll tar paper, lot of wall paper, lot sweet and pop corn, 2 food chests grindstone, garden trowel, 2 hog troughs, 2 mattocks, 2 shovels, 2 scythes and snaths, hand wagon, lot of half-round lumber, lot of stove coal, lot odds and ends of lumber, \$100.00 4th. Liberty Loan Bond, etc.

**TERMS**—Sums of \$5.00 and under, cash. On all sums above \$5.00 a credit of 6 months will be given, purchasers to give their notes with approved security. No goods to be removed until settled for.

**W. E. O. HINER.**  
**FANNIE E. HINER.**  
J. N. O. Smith, Auct. 9-3t

**LOST OR STOLEN**

Savings Bank deposit book in account with the Taneytown Savings Bank. Finder please return to Bank, or to the undersigned, as it will be of no use to anyone else.  
**ARTHUR LOWMAN.**  
4-9-3t

WANTED—Men or women to take orders among friends and neighbors for the genuine guaranteed hosiery, full line for men, women and children. Eliminates darning. We pay 50c an hour spare time or \$24 a week for full time. Experience unnecessary. Write INTERNATIONAL STOCKING MILLS Norristown, Pa. 1-30-11t

**AUTOMOBILE AND BUGGY** Painting and General Automobile repairing at Angel's Garage, Middleburg. Mail address, Union Bridge, Md., R. D. 1.—Jos. P. BOSTON. 2-26-4t

**PUBLIC SALE**

**Taneytown Grain and Hay Market**

Wheat	.....	2.60@2.60
Corn	.....	1.55@1.55
Rye	.....	1.50@1.50
Oats	.....	70@70
Hay, Timothy	.....	23.00@25.00