

THE CARROLL RECORD

(NON-PARTISAN)

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FRIDAY, JUNE 13th., 1919.

All articles on this page are either original, or properly credited. This has always been a fixed rule with this office, and we suggest the adoption of it by our exchanges.

Talking, in Congress, in terms of statesmanship and disinterested honesty, was never so difficult a duty as now, and the condition is not all because of the near approach of a Presidential campaign, nor even to the necessities connected with the war.

A new County Commissioner is to be elected, this year. Here is a nice well-paid (?) job, not much work, and all he has to do is please everybody in levying taxes and spending the money—after he first gets the nomination, and then gets elected.

The "wets" are reinforced by organized labor, in favor of continuing the manufacture and sale of beer and wine, after July 1. It seems probable, therefore, that President Wilson—if Congress does not act without him—will find that he has the necessary authority to repeal the war-time prohibition act, without legislation, and before July 1.

Taking back Government controlled (for a time) telegraph, telephone and railroad lines, will be very much like breaking again to safety, a horse that has been spoiled by being in a runaway. Systems that had been perfected, and under discipline, have suffered beyond computation by numerous innovations following Government control, and those employees who have been under less restraint—and more pay for it—will not easily be gotten back in the old harness.

The principle on which the U. S. Government is founded—majority rule by law—is never likely to go wrong, for long. When mistakes are made, the people can soon correct them by legal methods and personal effort. The trouble that is growing among us, is, that bodies of men do not want to be controlled by laws and popular majorities, but by their own efforts, based on force, and subject to change to new efforts and more force, at any time, regardless of the laws of the land.

Mr. Taft, who has been acting in this country as a sort of nurse for the Peace Treaty, is now somewhat concerned because the full text of the treaty did not soon follow the abstract of it. He says it is "inconceivable that the abstract misrepresents the text," and that while the Senate and public has probably never before been given as full an opportunity to know and discuss controversial points in treaties, yet this "last error of the administration has lost any credit attaching to such a policy," especially after so much has been made of "the necessity for publicity."

Get the Money.

Just now, public improvements are being rushed to keep step with the high cost of living, and everything else. The U. S. Government has set the pace and lesser governments are expected to follow. Let us borrow money, or issue bonds—"get the money" in some way—and follow the procession. "Paying up" time can take care of itself, just so we hurry up and get our share of the plunder right now.

The "wait a while" policy isn't to be tolerated. That any community should "wait" for roads or fine school houses, is a sort of insult against a community—for while the "waiting" process is under way, are not communities suffering inconveniences and injustices? and worse than that, they "are out of style" and their pride is suffering tortures through comparisons.

"Get the money," is the cry. Get it, then laugh. Get it, then swear at the taxes out of the other corner of the mouth. Get it, then dodge the paying back of as much of it as you can. Save your own, but spend the cash of the other fellow. Anything, but wait, for the Devil is after the hindmost.

Labor and the Future.

There will be the strongest kind of a fight, on the part of organized labor, to keep wages up to, if not even higher, than their present record-breaking level. This fight will be by strikes, and all sorts of demands, and, as a last resort, may enter politics to a degree never before attempted. Anything like a peaceable acceptance of lower wages, appears now to be out of the question, even should the "high cost of living" argument be put out of business by coming down from its perch.

The whole question of labor, in its wide application, must sooner or later be made a question for National legislation, as it shows no tendency toward settling itself. Politicians have dodged it, played with it—done about everything with it but meet it squarely—and the time must come when it must be met, face to face, and the whole thing fought down to a level, not only as a matter of justice to capital, but of justice to the great mass of our population that exists between capital and organized labor.

The question, serious as it is as affecting conditions in this country, may grow to be much larger and more serious as one of the great world problems. What will happen, for instance, when our tariff laws are made over, as they must be? What result can be looked for in our relations with Japan, China, and other European countries, if we place tariff duties so high on their manufacturers as to keep them out? If we do not prohibit cheap imports, what will happen in this country?

How will we maintain friendly relations even with England, France and Italy, if we make our tariff schedules to match our labor schedules?

There is also this fact to be seriously considered. Labor stands back of the assumption that capital is always profiteering at labor's expense—getting too large a share of the profits. Suppose capital shuts up shop; what will labor do about it?

Only last week, at Atlantic City, declaring that the National Association of Manufacturers in talking of a concentrated movement to reduce wages is "playing with dynamite, dynamite infinitely more dangerous both to capitalists and the public than all the May Day bombs of the anarchists," Basil Manly, joint chairman of the national war labor board, assured the National Conference of Social Work at the Traymore, that "American labor will not turn Bolshevik unless it is driven to it by selfish capitalism."

American labor, he asserted, whether organized or unorganized, will bitterly resist any such scheme "as that concocted by a large group of American manufacturers while banqueting sumptuously at the Waldorf-Astoria," until the price level has dropped far lower than it is today.

Mr. Manly made the prediction also that President Wilson, very soon after he returns to America, will call a conference of recognized chiefs of labor unionism and great financiers who control industrial capital, to arrange for a great industrial congress to plan an industrial peace that will be lasting if not permanent. He insisted capital must deal directly with organized labor, recognizing unionism unqualifiedly, if great strikes and mass movements of labor, "beside which all previous American strikes will pale into significance," are to be averted during the next year.

Such talk as this is alarming, and all the more so because it is meant to be authoritative; and because it apparently means that labor means to act for itself, and not be controlled by legislation; coming very near, indeed, to making an actual threat of practicing Bolshevism—whatever that may mean, exactly. Boiled down, this seems to be in the future; that, if we continue abnormal wages, and make our tariff laws to fit the wages, we will have trouble with foreign countries; if we avoid that, then we are bound to have trouble at home.

The Equal Suffrage Procession.

Much as we would like to—for the sake of many thousands of women who would use the ballot intelligently, and who have important interests which they have a right to assist in developing and protecting—we are unable to join the procession in advocacy of the general equal-suffrage proposition, that is one of the present questions being jammed through in the excitement and temper of the times.

We are of the opinion that this country is inviting "repentance at leisure," in a number of directions, in these unsettled and shifting currents of thought and action. It has never been demonstrated to the country that the majority of women actually want to vote; nor has it as yet been demonstrated that practically all women do vote when they have the chance; and where they have been voting there has been no noticeable

improvement, either in laws enacted or enforced, or in public morals.

We cannot, for the life of us, understand why this "suffrage" business must be jammed through as a sort of emergency, "do or die," proposition, without first proving out the idea where it is being experimented with. In fact, we have the conviction that horrid-men politicians are using votes for women as a political commodity, from which they expect to profit in a political way, and with very little genuine gallantry about it, or respect for the intellectual calibre, or rights, of the female sex.

The political leaders have been counting noses and chances—not the best interests of the future of the Nation—and it is quite in common with the unscrupulous trend of things in general, that this should be so; as well as quite in common with the epidemic of it among women to become manish that equal suffrage should be urged. We are hoping that our fears will prove not well grounded, in the future, but as yet we have not been able to join the procession.

Heroes Without Rifles.

The lumber camps of Maine are preparing a welcome for their war heroes. The famous "sawmill" unit will soon be back in the woods.

The doughboy, with his rifle, deserves all the honors that have been paid him, but after the men who jumped over the top into No Man's Land have been feted, the technical troops that America sent to France must have the credit which is their due.

Sturdy ax wielders from our pine forests bore a part in winning the war which could not have been taken by anyone else. Europe knew something about making trees grow, but the time came when it was necessary to harvest timber wholesale. That was where the training of the lumberjack counted for more than the education imparted by the veteran top sergeant. Trenches and dugouts at the front were shored up because Yankee woodsmen possessed a magic method of turning trees into timbers.

America's engineering contribution to the war against Germany was magnificent. As soon as we took up arms the Allies called for railroad men. Immediately regiments were raised from several of the great American railway systems. They trod the heels of Pershing's original force of Regulars to France. The railroads were first to fight. At Cambrai they fought with their picks and shovels when the British were hard pressed.—Boston Globe.

Work Is a Savior.

While a man has work to do he is safe against most dangers. Work fills the hours that might be worse than wasted. It is the harmless opiate for sorrow. It is a distraction that—if not overdone—is remedial and merciful. A man who has been long idle can pray for no better fate than to be busy. If he is good for anything he is made utterly wretched by having nothing to do.

Much pity is wasted on those who work hard. Hard work is not a curse but a downright blessing. The workman as he develops skill and science in his craft feels a creative joy in his being and his doing that is a supreme satisfaction.

He finds new powers that he did not know he had. The old capacities of which he was aware are expanded and intensified. He learns to do by doing. He constantly surprises himself by an achievement of which he did not know he was capable.

We have all seen the youthful pilgrim in the man of life who had not found himself. He tried many things and in some perhaps attained a slender proficiency. But nothing quite seemed to suit him. He seemed in danger of squandering his gifts by diffusion. He "scattered his fire." His versatility became almost a curse.

Then suddenly he came upon his true bent—he found the thing he could do to particular useful purpose. Thereupon he was transformed. From being the disdainful, doubtful "trifler" he became the specialist, of determined concentration. His objective was fixed and his course was set straight for it. Each day he made progress toward the end in view. He realized at last the purpose for which he was put into the world, and he was happy.

Such a man is passing on the salvation he has himself received. His example is a stirring object-lesson. Every strong man raises up a train of disciples whose names he does not know, whose faces he has never seen. They argue: "He overcame privation and discouragement. I can do the same. He worked when he did not feel like it. There is no reason why I should not cast out the devils of sloth and selfish ease, even as he expelled them."

In determining and then following his own laborious course in life, a man is not merely saving himself, but helping to save those with whom his influ-

ence counts. Half the time we do better and braver things than we otherwise would because of the influence of one for whom we care. The inspiring incentive has a result that mystifies us, when we thought we knew our own natures so well.

Standing alone in the world, we might fall; but aloneness is one of the impossibilities. We never live to ourselves. There is always a cloud of witnesses, though these may be unseen. They expect something of us, and we are bound not to disappoint the expectation. We know not what shall be the flower and the fruit of the word or the deed of the moment. We only know that we must labor while it still is day, for the sake not of self but of all.—Phila. Ledger.

Labor Shortage Forecast.

We venture the prediction that before next year the labor shortage will be so great that business men and farmers will be scrambling for men. To meet this condition labor-saving machinery should be brought into use everywhere and as rapidly as possible. Household work can be lessened greatly by modern electric equipment. Work on the farm and in the factory still offers an almost limitless field for labor-saving equipment to supplant or supplement muscle power.

Every manufacturer should as quickly as possible so improve his plant, and when necessary so equip it with labor-saving devices of every kind as to be ready to meet the certainty of a great labor shortage.

With an enormous wheat crop assured, at high prices for the farmer; with general improvement in all agricultural conditions; with highway work getting under way on a very large scale; with a marked revival of general constructive activities; with a heavy emigration and but little immigration, the labor situation will soon become acute.

The wise man will be the one who now lays out his entire campaign to utilize to the fullest extent every labor-saving machine available for his factory, his farm or his home.—Manufacturers' Record.

For the Relief of Rheumatic Pains.

When you have stiffness and soreness of the muscles, aching joints and find it difficult to move without pain, try massaging the affected parts with Chamberlain's Liniment. It will relieve the pain and make rest and sleep possible.—Advertisement

John Randolph once described Delaware as "a state having four counties at low tide and three at high tide."

Jim Catanzaro, of Coshocton, O., called the plumber to fix a clogged drain pipe. The plumber found a \$150 diamond ring.

At a New York police auction John Bunelle acquired the following: A fiver, five bottles of mustard, a fire extinguisher, some old iron, silk pajamas, a tent, mattress and a folding bed.

The value of a carload of hides shipped by a Western dealer to a North Shore tannery increased \$2,500 while it was on its way. A Lynn man sold a lot of skins and next day offered the buyer \$1,000 premium if he would give them back.

According to a recent speech of the Paper Controller of Great Britain, the amount of waste paper collected in all of Great Britain was about 1,000 tons a week in 1914. By 1918 this had been increased to 6,000 tons per week, or an increase of approximately of 500%.

All the country papers are receiving medals "made from captured German cannon," according to the War Department certificate that comes along, for their patriotic efforts in Liberty Loan drives. The fact that the medals are made of some soft, white metal, while cannons are usually made of dark, hard stuff should not discourage the country editors. They shouldn't expect too much from the War Department.—Havre Parsons, in Topeka Capital.

Whether one approves of equal suffrage or not, there can be no criticism of the drive of the Connecticut Woman's Suffrage Association, who are raising funds to conduct a campaign of training in citizenship and the development of a better Americanism. Male voters could not do better than follow this example.—Balto. American.

Cut This Out and Take It With You.

A man often forgets the exact name of the article he wishes to purchase, and as a last resort takes something else instead. That is always disappointing and unsatisfactory. The safe way is to cut this out and take it with you so as to make sure of getting Chamberlain's Tablets. You will find nothing quite so satisfactory for constipation and indigestion.—Advertisement

HESSON'S DEPARTMENT STORE

Every Department has again been replenished with Dependable Merchandise, and in many instances at much Lower Prices.

Another Reduction on
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Just received a Large Assortment of Rugs and Linoleum.

Rugs, 6x9, 8x10 and 9x12 at \$4.50 to \$40.00. Congoleum or Floor Tex, 1 and 2 yds wide.

Call and get our prices.

SHOES This Department, as usual, is full of the Most Up-to-date Styles, of Best Quality and Priced Right.

Ready-made Clothing for Boys

Ages, 8 to 18. This Department has just been filled with the best styles and quality on the market. See them before buying elsewhere.

Before Buying, Get Our Prices on
 WINDOW SHADES
 CURTAIN RODS
 CARPETS

LACE CURTAINS
 TABLE OILCLOTH
 MATTINGS

Remember Our Grocery Department is always full of the Best Goods and Right Prices.

THE BIRNIE TRUST CO.

TANEYTOWN, MD.

Total Resources December 1st, 1918

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Does a general Banking Business. Receives deposits subject to check. Pays Interest on time Deposits. Lends money on Personal or Collateral Security, or on Mortgage. Keeps Safety Deposit Boxes for rent. Is authorized to receive on deposit any money paid into Court by any person or persons acting in any capacity whatever. Is authorized to act as Receiver, Trustee, Administrator, Executor, Assignee, Guardian, or Committee, under the Laws of any State. Also will act as Agent for others in any financial transaction permitted by the Laws of Maryland. Our aim is to pay special attention to the rights and needs of every Customer.

Spring is Coming Fast

We are now showing one of the best lines of

Ladies', Misses and Children's Oxfords and Pumps

We have ever had, and at prices to suit all, from the cheapest to the best. Our

Work Shoes for Men and Boys

cannot be beat, made of leather only.

Men's Spring Hats

that are beauties.

New Shirts.

New Ties.

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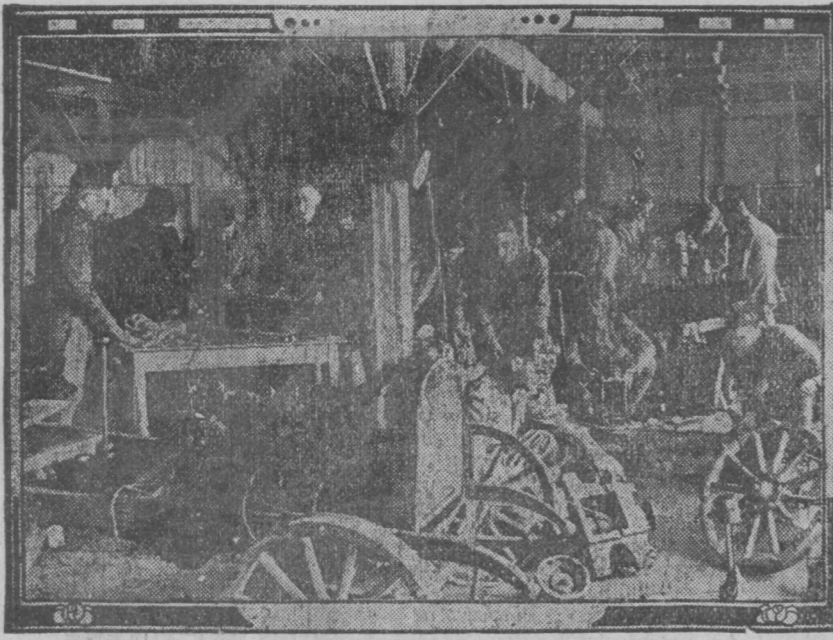


Marble and Granite Dealer

250

Monuments and Headstones in Stock to select from. All Stones delivered anywhere by Auto Truck.

"Y" Retraining Wounded Doughboys.



The most complete and modern camp organization in the United States for the retraining of wounded soldiers is at Camp Dix, New Jersey, where a school has been established by the Y. M. C. A. with the co-operation of the army. Here a soldier who has been incapacitated for his former vocation, or the man who wants to make a new start, is given, free of charge, a thorough course of instruction in his chosen field, under trained technicians and with the most modern equipment, so that when his cure is complete, and his discharge is given him, he is ready to face life and a new job with confidence. The men in this photograph are learning automobile mechanics, one of the most popular courses offered. Practically all of the wrecked cars, sectioned models and separate parts have been donated by manufacturers to the school, which is operated by the Y. M. C. A. Wireless operating, shoe repairing, tailoring, sign lettering, stenography and typewriting also are offered at Dix and are much in demand by soldiers who have lost a leg, or possibly both legs. Farming is taught in a short, practical course, especially designed for shell-shock patients and soldiers who are nervous and tired after the strain of the trenches. In all, about a dozen different trades are taught at this "Y" school; and in addition to these, the three R's.

INDIAN PRINCESSES ENTERTAIN DOUGHBOYS

The Princess Tsianina is one of the three full-blooded Indian princesses who have gone abroad for the Y. M. C. A. to entertain the doughboys of the A. E. F. Tsianina is at present in Germany, where she goes from one division to another telling Indian folk-



PRINCESS TSIANINA.

lore stories, singing Indian chants and dancing Indian camp fire dances. This all pleases the American soldiers immensely, though the strange figure of a copper colored girl in leather, beaded robes, her hair down her back, and her feet in moccasins, is quite too much for the limited imaginations of the German inhabitants who see her! Uniformed "Y" girls are no longer a novelty in Germany, but the naive too agile minds of the Germans will never become accustomed to Tsianina. The other two Indian maids who are entertaining the Americans are the Princess Blue Feather, direct descendant of Montezuma of the Aztecs and the Princess Galliohi of the Cherokee tribe.

REJECTED BY ARMY, WON D. S. C. AS "Y" WORKER

His eyes were not good enough for the army but they served Thomas W. Wilbor, Jr., of New Britain, Conn., very well, after all, for he discovered when he went to war in a Y. M. C. A. uniform that he could see anything on the whole battle line,—except danger. Day after day and night after night Wilbor fought it out with the Sixth



THOMAS W. WILBOR, JR.

Machine Gun Battalion of the Marines, disregarding orders to go to the rear, giving out cigarettes and chocolate while they lasted, and then jumping in to help with first aid to the wounded. He was under almost constant shell fire, for the Sixth Battalion had some hard fighting, and they never went into a single engagement that the faithful Wilbor wasn't right with them, in the front ranks, usually. In October, while he was working with the medical attendants in a dressing station at Blanc Mont, he was hit in nearly a hundred places by fragments of a shell which smashed through the roof. For brave conduct under fire during the St. Mihiel drive he was awarded the D. S. C.

BAKER PRAISES ALL "Y" WORKERS

Represented "Heart of America," Says War Secretary.

TELLS OF THE HERO DEAD.

Defines Women Canteen Workers as "Honest-to-God American Girls."

PAYING a high tribute to the work of the various war welfare agencies serving with A. E. F., Secretary of War Newton D. Baker, who returned recently from a tour of inspection and investigation of our army in France and the occupied portion of Germany, has made a public statement with reference to the magnitude and accomplishments of the Young Men's Christian Association overseas, which, in the words of the secretary of war, "by reason of its longer establishment, its larger experiences and its larger facilities, had the greater part of this work to do, especially abroad."

This statement was made by Secretary Baker in connection with the awarding of the Croix de Guerre to three Y. M. C. A. workers who served in France. At the request of Dr. John R. Mott, general secretary of the National War Work Council, Y. M. C. A., made recently to the war department, there is an official investigation and survey of the Red Triangle work with the A. E. F. overseas now under way. Secretary Baker gave high praise to its work from his own personal observation during the war and since the signing of the armistice.

"The Y. M. C. A. has represented the heart of America and has carried to soldiers abroad our affections and our ideals for them," said Secretary Baker. "I do not know if I can convey to those who have not had the opportunity to see what went on there any adequate idea of the character of that service, and the appreciation which the war department and the army of the United States feel for the service rendered by the Y. M. C. A., both at home and overseas."

For the 11,229 Y. M. C. A. women and men workers sent overseas up to April 10, Secretary Baker has only words of praise. "Honest-to-God" Americans, he calls them, using the language of our soldiers. Seventy-five of these volunteer, non-combatant workers are buried "over there," in their army khaki. Fourteen were killed by shell fire in action, two of whom were "Y" canteen workers—American women.

Of the part the Y. M. C. A. played in aiding morale and keeping healthy and happy our two millions of soldiers overseas, he said: "When we survey this superb army which is now coming home, with its broadened shoulders, bronzed cheeks, robust health, splendid nerve, and high spirit that comes with great accomplishment we must remember that among the formative influences that went into it and made it possible was this social spirit which was carried from home to the front line trenches, which shared the privations and dangers, was an integral part of the army; for 'No Man's Land,' where the shells fell thick and fast, there are the graves of American soldiers and the graves of the 'Y' workers, side by side, not separated in their work, not separated in their faith, not separated in spirit, not separated in their sacrifices, finally united in their last resting place."

"They were at the front in the very front line trenches, over which shrapnel burst and over which aeroplanes hovered. Under machine-gun fire one could find the American doughboy at his listening post and very often alongside of him the Y. M. C. A. man with his books, magazines, papers and his little aids and comforts, which were carried to the very edge of 'No Man's Land.'"

There were 2,891 American women Y. M. C. A. canteen workers and theatrical entertainers sent overseas up to April 10, and Secretary Baker glorifies these self-sacrificing workers, declaring they have the love and full respect of our American soldier manhood.

"In the huts the Y. M. C. A. man and woman were found—that extraordinary beautiful thing which the Y. M. C. A. sent over and which the doughboy learned to call an 'Honest-to-God American Girl.'"

"Sometimes her hair was streaked with gray, and there was the relationship of mother and son, but ordinarily the relationship was the tender relationship of brother and sister. I have had these fine girls say, 'Mr. Secretary, I live with a regiment of soldiers fifteen miles from any other woman who can speak English, and although I have been with that regiment a month, I have never heard one man swear in my presence.'"

"I asked, 'But do you always feel safe in such a desolate place?'"

"She replied, with a laugh, 'When I lie down at night the doughboys voluntarily post a guard around my tent, and I am never disturbed until reveille in the morning.'"

Of the work of the Y. M. C. A. on troopships, in the overseas training camps and in evacuating the wounded Secretary Baker says: "As I crossed the Atlantic during the war, through the danger zone, I found the Y. M. C. A. worker on the ship taking his place beside the soldier. When that hour was over these agents of the high social purpose of America ministered to the sick and wounded with their amusements, magazines, books, etc., comforted and entertained and advised the well."

"In the long periods of waiting over there the Y. M. C. A. workers were constantly found organizing amusements, aiding men in corresponding with their families and friends at home, giving counsel and advice in the embarrassments that arose in the daily life of the soldier, ministering to them by distribution of such things as could be provided by the generous funds of the people of America, welcoming the incoming soldier and giving the outgoing soldier Godspeed."

To the splendid work of these various war welfare agencies is very largely due the fact, said Secretary Baker, that "no army of any size or nationality, including our own, ever before in the history of mankind has had such a record of health, cleanliness and high idealism of purpose. There were assembled about these soldiers not only influences of home and of neighborhood, but the great organized agencies for dealing with life of the young."

PRINCE ALBERT

LAY your smoketaste flush up against a listening post—and you'll get the Prince Albert call, *all right!* You'll hunt a jimmy pipe so quick and get so much tobacco joy out of every puff you'll wish you had been born twins! For, Prince Albert puts over a turn new to every man fond of a pipe or a home made cigarette. It wins your glad hand completely. *That's because it has the quality!*

And, right behind this quality flavor and quality fragrance is Prince Albert's freedom from bite and parch which is cut out by our exclusive patented process. We tell you to smoke your fill at any clip—jimmy pipe or makin's cigarette—without a comeback!

Tippy red bags, tidy red tins, handsome pound and half pound tin humidors—and that clever, practical pound crystal glass humidor with sponge moistener top that keeps the tobacco in such perfect condition.

R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co., Winston-Salem, N. C.

HELPING TO ADJUST DOUGHBOYS' INSURANCE

New York, June 30.—Because of the failure of thousands of soldiers and sailors to convert their war risk insurance to civil insurance under the government plan, the Y. M. C. A. Eastern Department, (which comprises New York, New Jersey, Maryland, District of Columbia, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Virginia and West Virginia) has undertaken a special campaign to assist the War Risk Insurance Division in this work.

The "Y's" part of the job will be to explain the system to the men in camp and station, to hold conferences, and in every other way possible to bring the government scheme, which is extremely attractive as an insurance proposition, before men in uniform. All of the "Y" work along this line will be under the direct supervision of District Insurance Officers of the Military. Moving pictures, bulletin boards, lectures, personal conferences, will all tell the insurance story in "Y" huts throughout the Eastern Department. The government has been enormously handicapped in the insurance division by the neglect of soldiers to take any action on the conversion of policies.

RUSSIAN BOY "VETERAN" RESCUED BY THE "Y"

Dmitri Vetchenski enlisted in the Russian army at the age of nine, spent two years in the trenches, was wounded three times, captured by the Austrians, and finally rescued by the Y. M. C. A. along with 1,500 other small boys in the Austrian prison camps. The "Y" succeeded



DMITRI VETCHENSKI.

in having the youngsters segregated from the men prisoners whose burden and hardships they had been sharing, opened a school for the boys, and provided them with games, movies, libraries and medical attention.

Dmitri went to war as a water boy and ammunition carrier. He got a bullet through his arm, and then later was wounded twice by shrapnel. He was wounded when captured, and was in an impoverished physical condition when the "Y" discovered him. He is a real soldier, however, soon recovered under the program of activities that the Y. M. C. A. provided, and shrugs his shoulders, just like all other veterans, if attention is called to his exploits in the army.

Dmitri is now on his way to northern Russia, where he will continue his "Y" schooling.

"Y" WAS FIRST, WILL REMAIN TILL THE END

Sticking to the doughboy through thick and thin has been the work of the Y. M. C. A. during the war, and now that hostilities have ceased and peace is on its way, the "Y" workers more than ever are on the job wherever the man in uniform needs them. The thick of it was war, but any soldier will tell you that the thin of it is peace, and it is to fill these long, lean hours of idleness that have come with the armistice, that the Y. M. C. A. has taken up its new duties with the A. E. F., increasing generously its program of athletics, entertainment, and amusement.

Just as the Y. M. C. A. was the first to greet the Americans when they arrived in Europe, so it will remain until the end and bid goodby to the very last doughboy that leaves France, no matter how far in the future that time may be. At the time of the signing of the armistice, the Red Triangle was operating overseas fifteen times as many service buildings as all other war organizations combined, with the exception of the Red Cross, and it has no intention of doing anything else but keep up this work so magnificently started. "Y" men and "Y" women are still being sent to France, England and Germany, to bring fresh cheer to the Americans there. "Y" huts are the last buildings to close in home camps on this side, and will be the last buildings to close on the other side. The Y. M. C. A. is in to stay.

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INSTEAD OF Tankage

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HALF THE COST

ONLY \$3.00 per 100 lb. SACK. MONEY BACK if results not satisfactory.

Feeding Directions—Mix thoroughly 5 lbs Hog Bon with 95 lbs ground grains. Feed wet (slopped) or dry in feeders.

For Sale By Reindollar Bros & Co TANEYTOWN, MD.

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DIAGNOSTICIAN

Only chronic diseases. Send me your name and address and I will send you a mailing case and question blank. Don't use dope for chronic troubles, get cured. It is a satisfaction to know what the cause is. CONSULTATION FREE.

WE PAY FOR DEAD STOCK

We are prepared to remove same quickly, without delay. Will pay all telephone message.

GEO. H. WOLF,
Phone 7-22 Silver Run.

Our Purpose is to Serve You Every Business Day in the Year

An Account in this Bank holds forth to you an opportunity—not to get rich quick—but to become well-to-do and independent, as certainly as your own will shall dictate.

If you are not a Depositor, we invite you to **Open an Account** by Depositing any sum you choose—it need not be large. Act on this suggestion.

TANEYTOWN SAVINGS BANK

STYLISH NEW SPRING SUITS FOR MEN AND BOYS

"Styleplus Guaranteed Suits"

The best Clothing Value in the World.

"The Clothes Beautiful"

Made by Schloss Bros., the famous makers of Fine Ready-to-Wear Clothing.

Genuine Made-to-Order Suits

LOWEST PRICES. NEW SHIRTS. RELIABLE CLOTHING. NEW TIES.

SHARRER, GORSUCH & STARR,

Carroll County's Big and only Exclusive Clothing Store.

Roofing, Paints, Oils, Automobile Supplies

I can now furnish GALVANIZED ROOFING, and will be glad to have your specifications. Also, have a line of ROLL ROOFING, PAINTS, and GLASS. GASOLINE in any quantity. OILS of all kind. Automobile Tires and Supplies. Bicycle Supplies and Repairs.

Let me know your wants, and I either have it, or will get it for you at reasonable prices.

J. W. FREAM,
4-18-2mo Harney, Md.

J. S. MYERS J. E. MYERS

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Nitrous Oxide & Oxygen X-Ray
LADY ATTENDANTS

Phone 162

DR. J. W. HELM,
SURGEON DENTIST,

New Windsor Maryland.

Will be in Taneytown 1st Wednesday of each month.

I have other engagements for the 3rd Saturday and Thursday and Friday, immediately preceding. The rest of the month at my office in New Windsor.

Nitrous Oxide Gas administered.
Graduate of Maryland University, Baltimore, Md.

C. & P. Telephone. 5-1-10

Subscribe for the RECORD

THE CARROLL RECORD

FRIDAY, JUNE 13th., 1919.

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

Latest Items of Local News Furnished by Our Regular Staff of Writers.

All communications for this department must be signed by the author; not for publication, but as an evidence that the items contributed are legitimate and correct. Items based on mere rumor, or such as are likely to give offense, are not wanted. The Record Office is connected with the C. & P. Telephone from 7 A. M. to 6 P. M. Use Telephone for important items on Friday morning. Owing to mail changes, we do not now receive letters from along the W. M. R. R., on Friday, in time for use. All correspondence should be mailed to us not later than by Thursday morning train, which will mean Wednesday on the routes.

UNIONTOWN.

Mr. and Mrs. E. K. Fox, of Washington, spent Sunday night and Monday with Dr. and Mrs. J. J. Weaver.

Harry Haines, while working at the cement works, on Saturday night, caught his leg in the land of machinery he was greasing, and tore a ligament.

Elmer Yingling, of Baltimore, and Howard Deihl, of Hagerstown, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. L. F. Eckard.

Mrs. Elizabeth Wright, of near Mt. Union, has been spending some time with her brother, Judge Solomon Myers and family.

Carroll Weaver, of Baltimore, spent Sunday with his family, at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Weaver.

Earl Anders, of New Windsor, who recently returned from France, and Mrs. Elizabeth Nixon Hamm, visited Mr. and Mrs. Harry Weaver, on Wednesday.

Miss Agatha Weant, of Taneytown, is visiting her uncle, Dr. Kemp. George Eckenrode, who is at the Frederick hospital, is improving.

Samuel Helibrude went to a hospital, in Baltimore, on Wednesday, to have his eyes treated for cataract. Mr. and Mrs. Harlan Mentzer, of Blue Ridge Summit, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Theo. Eckard, the past week.

Jesse Billmyer is on the sick list. Snader Devilbiss is also on the sick list, suffering severely from an abscess in his ear.

M. D. Smith and George Slonaker left for Gettysburg at 3 o'clock, Tuesday morning, taking with them a monument, which they put up in Gettysburg; then took two from the station, which had been previously shipped there, hauled them 6 miles beyond Gettysburg, and put them up. They were home at 11 P. M., going a distance of 60 miles. The trip was made in a 2-horse wagon.

Mrs. Anna McMahon, of Baltimore, was the guest of Mrs. Clementina Mering and family several days this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Rodkey attended the banquet of the P. O. S. of A., at Taneytown, the past week, held in the opera house. They report the music as fine, and fine refreshments were served.

BRIDGEPORT.

Mrs. Anna Ohler is spending some time with her daughter, Mrs. Elmer Valentine, near Rocky Ridge.

Roy Sharrer, of Frederick, and Geo. Wilhide, of Thurmont, called at the home of H. W. Baker, last week.

Russell B. Ohler, wife and sons, Paul and Joseph, visited Howard Martin and family, near Harney, on Sunday. Mr. Martin's son, Maurice, who was in France, has returned home.

Jacob Ohler and grand-daughter, Pauline Baker, visited at the home of Mrs. Ohler, at Harney, on Wednesday.

Mrs. Aaron Veant went to the Frederick Hospital, Tuesday, where she underwent an operation.

Misses Carrie and Vesta Hockensmith, who have been attending High School in Taneytown, are spending their summer vacation with their parents, Wm. Hockensmith and wife.

Jacob Stambaugh is having a new barn erected on his property. The walls have been finished, and the carpenters are now at work on the frame.

UNION BRIDGE.

Clyde Ricketts broke his arm in a fall, last week.

The Pomona Grange, at Frizellburg, was largely attended, last Saturday.

Arthur Field has been discharged from the U. S. service, and is at his home.

Monday night, the Chautauqua committees were appointed. The Chautauqua will be held July 3, 4 and 5. Boost it.

The final meeting of the Chautauqua Reading Circle was held on Tuesday evening, at the home of Mrs. John Stoner. A delightful program was rendered, followed by a buffet banquet.

Frank Kieffer has been making himself familiar with details of the office, and will succeed Dr. Diller, as County Tax Collector, this month.

There will be a meeting of the School Improvement Association, in the near future. We must have a good building.

MIDDLEBURG.

Raymond Otto, son of John Otto, who has been in the Navy for 10 years, and who witnessed an explosion on a submarine, at New York, visited his father over Saturday and Sunday.

Helen Mackley, of Union Bridge, spent the week end with her aunt, Mrs. Mollie Griffin.

The festival held by the Lone Scouts, on Saturday night, was very well patronized.

The children's-day service was held on Monday night.

There will be an entertainment held in the hall, on Saturday night, 21st., for the benefit of the M. E. church.

BLACK'S CORNER.

Mr. and Mrs. James J. Harner and son, Nevin, spent Monday at the home of Paul H. Krumrine and family, near the new church.

Mrs. Mabel N. Copenhaver and son, Ralph, spent a few days this week, at the home of Edward Copenhaver and family, near Bethel church.

Mr. and Mrs. Millard Morelock moved to their newly furnished home in Silver Run, last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Mervin J. Harner spent Sunday afternoon at the home of Birnie Rinaman and family, near Walnut Grove.

Elmer J. H. Mayers, David L. Crabbs, and Milton A. Crabbs, have each purchased new touring cars.

Mr. and Mrs. Birnie Rinaman and sons, Raymond and Birnie, Jr., spent Tuesday at the home of Mervin J. Harner and wife.

Edward Fogle and Russell Rinaman, of near Copperville, were recent visitors here.

Mr. and Mrs. Murray Reindollar and sons, Maurice, Walter and Earl, and Cletus Rinaman, spent Monday evening at the home of Mervin J. Harner and wife.

Paul Krumrine and Mr. and Mrs. James J. Harner motored to Springfield Hospital, on Monday.

KEYMAR.

Those who motored 72 miles across the mountains to the Loysville Lutheran Orphanage, on Thursday last, to spend "visitors' day" were Messrs. Frank Harbaugh, Charles Garber, Mr. Putman and Marshall Bell. The accompanying ones were Mrs. Harbaugh, Mrs. Garber, son and daughter; Mrs. Putman and two children; Mrs. Bell and mother; Misses Anna Hawk, Bessie Harbaugh, Maggie Mehring, Mabel Bell, Nettie Putman; E. Scott Koons and wife, and Mr. Putman. All expressed themselves as having had a delightful trip, as well as enjoying the impressive program rendered by the little orphans.

Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Galt entertained to dinner, on Thursday of this week, Corporals J. J. Crapster and B. Walter Crapster, of Taneytown, and J. Albert Galt, of New Windsor; Claudius Long, wife and daughter, Jane; Mrs. B. Walter Crapster, J. Ross Galt and wife, R. S. McKinney and wife, Mrs. Mary Crapster, Mrs. Sue Crapster, Elizabeth Crapster and Mrs. John Smeltzer and daughter, Mary, of Virginia.

MARRIED.

FOGLE—ALTHOFF.

(For The Record.) A very pretty and impressive wedding took place in St. Rose of Lima church, York, Pa., at nuptial high mass, June 3, at 9 A. M., when Miss Virginia Althoff, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Althoff, of York, became the bride of Walter R. Fogle, son of Mr. and Mrs. George Fogle of York. The couple were attended by the bride's maid, Miss Ethel Althoff, sister of the bride, of Baltimore, and Herman Mayers, of York, best man. Misses Edna Althoff, Ruth Althoff and Helen Ball, maids of honor, and Misses Catherine Trimmer and Beatrice Althoff, flower girls.

Sergt. Arthur Althoff and Corp. Leo Althoff, both recently discharged from the service, acted as ushers. The bride was beautifully attired in white Georgette over satin, with tulle veil caught with orange blossoms and carried a shower bouquet of white roses. The groom wore the conventional black. The bride's maid wore blue Georgette over satin, with hat and shoes to match and carried white carnations. The maids of honor wore pink Georgette over satin and carried pink roses. The flower girls were dressed in white with blue sashes and ribbons and carried baskets of sweet peas.

After the wedding, the bridal party went to the home of the bride, where a wedding dinner was served, at which seventy-five guests were present. The bride received many beautiful and useful gifts. The couple left in the evening for a wedding trip to Atlantic City and Philadelphia. On their return, they will reside at 902 W. King St., York, Pa.

DIED.

Obituaries, poetry and resolutions, charged for at the rate of five cents per line. The regular death notices published free.

MRS. MARY ANN FOGLE.

Mrs. Mary Ann, widow of the late Mr. Elias Fogle, died at her home in this district, June 7, 1919, aged 82 years, 7 months and 16 days. She is survived by one son, Edward, and one daughter, Miss Estella Fogle. Funeral services were held at the Reformed church, Taneytown, by her pastor, Rev. Guy P. Bready, on Monday afternoon.

MR. DAVID ALBERT SHARETTS.

David Albert Sharetts, a well-known resident of Woodsboro, died at his home, Thursday, of last week, after an illness of several years. He was 71 years old, and spent nearly all of his life in Woodsboro. Funeral services were held on Sunday, at 1 P. M., at the Lutheran church, Woodsboro, of which he had been a prominent member for many years. He had followed undertaking, and was an apple orchardist on a large scale. He is survived by the following brothers and sisters: Edwin H. Sharetts, Luther T. Sharetts, and Mrs. Lavina Mehring, all of Keymar; and Mrs. Frank Palmer, of Gettysburg, Pa. The late Dr. U. A. Sharetts, of Frederick, was a brother.

VALENTINE.

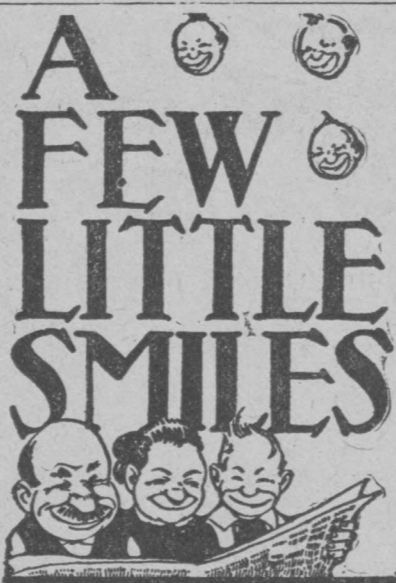
In Loving Remembrance of my wife, who died June 15th., 1918.

Just six years ago we laid her to rest, And folded her cold hands upon her breast In silence she suffered, with patience she bore, Until God called her home to suffer, no more.

'Tis not the tears at the moment shed, That shows how dear the soul that fled, 'Tis the tears through long days wept, And a fond remembrance kept.

Into sweet rest she has entered, No more to grieve or to weep, She is smiling upon us from Heaven, Dear wife has fallen asleep.

By her Husband, C. E. VALENTINE.



A FEW LITTLE SMILES

Wife Has Her Inning.
"Say, my dear," remarked the facetious feller's wife the morning after the night before, "the banquet of the Dippy Dozen club you attended last night must have been a pretty sleepy affair."
"Whereja get that line o' stuff?" rose up hubble in his wrath.
"Well, the paper says that covers were laid for twelve."

Been Celebrating, Perhaps.
"Why have you quarreled with Jack?"
"Because he proposed to me last night."
"Well, there's no harm in that, is there?"
"But I had accepted him the night before."

Helpful.
Scenario Writer—I'm trying to discover a locale for a motion picture which has never been used before. Can you suggest anything?
Friend—Sure! How about the pit of a volcano? Kilauea, in Hawaii, is easily reached.—Film Fun.

No Chance.
The Sweet Young Thing (admiringly)—Fred, did you do as you said you would and smoke before your father?
The Hobbledoboy—Naw; I found out father smoked long before I was born.

Versatility Demanded.
"You'll admit that it requires great ability to rise high in politics."
"Yes," replied Senator Sorghum; "only the kind of ability that enables a man to land a job isn't always the kind of ability that enables him to fulfill its duties."

SHE KNEW HIM.



Clara—I hear that you are going to marry Tom Swiftpace. Congratulations.

Edith—But I'm not going to marry him.

Clara—Then sincere congratulations.

Contents.

Oh, travel has been changed, I vow; You note it everywhere. There's nothing in the suitcase now Excepting things to wear.

The Truth.

"He told his wife their evenings at the club were very quiet and harmless ones, and that sometimes for hours at a time they would just sit around the table and hold hands."
"Just so; he was speaking by the card."

The Idea.

"Jones is truly a golden-mouthed speaker."
"I don't know that anybody else has noticed it in his speeches."
"It's not his oratory which has made him golden-mouthed; it's his dentist."

A Long Record.

"How long have you had your cook?" asked the abrupt woman.
"More than two years," replied the patient hostess.
"My! One of you must be easy to please."

Help!

He (the bold thing)—I suppose if I tried to kiss you you would shriek for help.
She (the saucy thing)—No George; it would be of no use. All our help left last week.

Rare Versatility.

"Is your husband a versatile man?"
"Wonderfully so. He is just as handy with a snow shovel or an ash sifter as he is with golf clubs or a tennis racket."

Explained.

"Are you drinking to drown your sorrows?"
"Not yet. I never have any to drown till I've been drinking for a month or two."



Cradle Your Car on Miller Uniform Cords

THOSE dead-weight blows of the load below the springs are what shatter cars to pieces long before their time.

Here is a way that practically ends this evil—the Miller Cord Tire—buoyant, over-size, elastic. Thousands of cable cords as strong as bow-strings, floated in new, live rubber, layer on layer. It gives and takes as it rolls on the rough of the road—it neutralizes shocks—you ride with bird-like ease.

Miller Tires, Cord and Fabric alike, are uniform in mileage, tire after tire. The result is that every Miller is a long-distance runner. Come here and get the size and type you need. And get acquainted with our expert repair work, quick service and reasonable charges.

REINDOLLAR BROS. & CO.
TANEY TOWN, MD.

GEARED TO THE ROAD



Floor Coverings

We wish to state that our Floor Covering Department is again well stocked, representing the products of the best manufacturers. Floor Coverings for Summer and the whole year round, at

Prices so Modest, that a glance will reveal their economy.

Linoleum for Every Room in Your House

Widths, 1, 1½, 2, 2½, and 4 Yards.
LINOLEUM RUGS—Size 9x12, 76x10-6, 6x9 feet.

TAPESTRY BRUSSELS, VELVET, AXMINSTER, WOOL AND FIBRE, CREX AND JAP. MATTING RUGS.

Curtains and Hanging for Every Summer Breeze

Colors, Grades, Weights and Patterns to suit all drapery needs.

PORCH SHADES

Make your Porch cool and secluded. All sizes, in Green and Brown Colors. Prices also the Lowest for which good quality could be offered.

Gitts Lead in Value Giving | J. W. GITT CO. | Hanover's Largest Department Store
Hanover, Pa.

Buy Here and Teach Your Dollars More Cents

Spend Your Money It Will Pay You

with your home merchants. They help pay the taxes, keep up the schools, build roads, and make this a community worth while.

to become a regular advertiser in
—This Paper—

MIXED COWPEAS AS FORAGE CROP

Quantity of 1918 Crop Harvested for Seed Is Reported Much Less Than Normal.

VARIETY IS OF IMPORTANCE

Whippoorwill is Good General Purpose Pea and is More Generally Grown Than Any Other—Groat is High Yielding.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

It is well to take stock of the seed and varieties of cowpeas desired and to obtain quotations and samples. The quantity of the 1918 crop of cowpeas harvested for seed is reported much less than normal. It is hardly possible that prices will be much lower than those prevailing now.

The variety to be selected is of much importance, depending not only on locality, but on the use to be made of the crop. Where the crop is desired for forage or turning under for green manure, mixed cowpeas answer the purpose and are to be had at a less cost than single varieties. The Whippoorwill is a good general purpose pea and perhaps is more generally grown than any other sort. The Groat is one of the highest yielders, both for forage and for seed, and is adapted to a wide range of conditions. For early varieties, the Early Buff, New Era, Whippoorwill, and Early Blackeye sorts and Groat are most suitable. The later varieties are better adopted for forage and better



In the Cowpea Field.

suitable to Southern conditions. The best late and medium late varieties include Clay, Unknown, or Wonderful, Red Ripper, and Black.

Suitable for Food.

Among the sorts most suitable for food are the varieties of Blackeye, Cream, Gallivant, Conch, and some of the Crowder varieties.

Ordinary varieties of cowpeas are severely attacked by cecidomyid or nematode, which infest most of the lighter soils in the South and cause root knot of many crop plants and weeds. To plant such varieties on land infested with the nematode is a dangerous practice, since they will either die prematurely or produce poor yields, and will permit the nematodes to reproduce to such an extent that the next crop may be more severely damaged than the first. Certain varieties, however, the Iron, Brabham, and Monetta—are highly resistant to root knot. Therefore, whenever the planting of cowpeas on fields that are or may be infested by the cause of root knot is contemplated, special care should be taken to plant only the Iron, Brabham, or Monetta varieties.

Be Sure of Seed.

To be certain of having seed of these, the supply of which is limited, farmers should take steps to procure them at once. It is of paramount importance that unmixed seed of these varieties be secured. If Iron, Brabham, or Monetta seed mixed with those of susceptible varieties, such as Taylor, Whippoorwill, or Early Buff, are planted on infested land which contains the cecidomyid, considerable losses may follow. In addition, the nematodes will be largely increased by having favorable cowpea plants on which to live, and, consequently, subsequent crops planted on the same land are more subject to injury. Many so-called failures of the resistant varieties to withstand root knot are due to planting mixed seed.

As far as practicable, obtain seed from local sources. Such seed seem to be as well, if not better adapted, than those brought in from other regions.

SELL COCKERELS IN SPRING

Considerable Money Realized by Farmers Disposing of Them Early as Broilers.

Many farmers realize considerable money each spring from the sale of cockerels as broilers, the price of which is usually governed by the size when sold and the time marketed.

USE CENTURIES-OLD METHODS

Ceylonese Reap and Grind Grain in Much the Same Way as in Biblical Times.

At Kandy, Ceylon, the entire method of planting, reaping and grinding grain is conducted as a religious ceremony. The work of carrying the sheaves is allotted to the women, and it is a picturesque sight to see them bearing away the huge bundles of sheaves on their heads. At eventide teams of buffalo as innocent of muzzles as though subject to Mosaic law, are brought to the threshing floor and driven over this paddy to the accompaniment of a community chorus. When well trodden by the herd, the buffaloes are driven away to their respective swamp wallows. The straw is now removed by the women from the paddy, and the latter fanned free of rubbish. The grain is next tossed and fanned on winnowing trays, entirely by hand. The method takes some days. When completed, and ready for the "granary" it is stored in large urns called "bissa," which are protected by a thick coating of mortar. The "bissa" looks like a small thatched cottage, but it is really a miniature silo. When needed for breads or curries, the grain is ground by the women on huge flat stones much like the "metate" of the Mexicans, another round stone resembling a rolling pin in shape, being used to crush the grain. It is then cooked in various ways.

EACH HAS INDIVIDUAL COLOR

Cities by No Means Alike in Hues Which Attract the Eye of the Traveler.

"Have you ever noticed how cities sometimes seem to have their own special colors?" asks Julian Street in "American Adventures," the book in which he and Wallace Morgan recorded, in words and pictures, what they think is the most picturesque part of our country—the South.

"Paris is white and green—even more so, I think, than Washington," Mr. Street continues.

"Chicago is gray; so is London usually, though I have seen it buff at the beginning of a heavy fog. New York used to be a brown sandstone city, but is now turning to one of cream-colored brick and tile; Naples is brilliant with pink and blue and green and white and yellow; while as for Baltimore, her old houses and her new are, as Baedeker puts it, of 'cheerful red brick'—not always, of course, but often enough to establish the color of red brick as the city's predominant hue. And with the red-brick house—particularly the older ones—go clean white marble steps, on the bottom one of which, at the side, may usually be found an old-fashioned iron 'scraper,' doubtless left over from the time (not very long ago) when the city pavements had not reached their present excellence."

Turn Between the Acts.

One night the father of Kitty Stephens, who afterwards became countess of Essex, went on the stage between the acts, and was standing close to the drop scene, with his back to it, when the stage manager gave the signal for the raising of the curtain. Slowly the cloth went up, and as it rose the coat-tails of Mr. Stephens became involved in the roller, and feeling himself caught, he began to struggle for freedom. His efforts were unavailing, however, and when the roller reached the top there was he in full view of the audience, suspended by his coat-tails, his head and feet downward, his figure resembling a half-open kuffe. Then the stage hands became alive to the situation, and the drop-scene was lowered again and amid the boisterous merriment of the audience, the sounds of hilarity increasing as the victim, almost black in the face, landed on his hands and knees on the stage and crept into the wing.

Use Preventives.

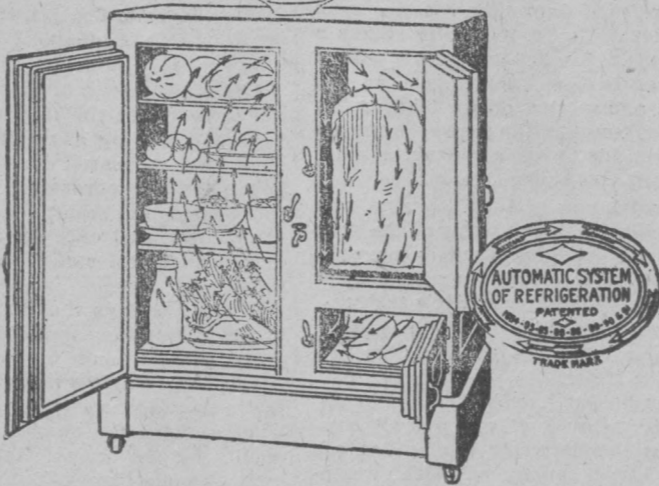
Loss of time, money and health often can be prevented by the use of some simple, inexpensive preventive measure. At all times, especially during these days of influenza you should never allow yourself to remain in a run-down physical condition. If attacked by disease, while your resistance is low you may pay for it with a long illness or possibly with life itself.

Most people think a doctor's only use is to be sent for in case of emergency, like a fireman, and be brought running with his pillbox in hand just in the nick of time to cheat the undertaker. Many a first-class funeral could have been prevented by a pill taken at the right time. Go to a doctor once in a while. Let him thump your chest bone, gaze on the scenic mysteries of your tongue, count your pulse and telephone your lungs. Neglect of health is a common form of thriftlessness.—Thrift Magazine.

Wonderful Chinese Altar.

There is no altar on earth which vies in marble majesty with the altar of heaven—Tien T'ian—in the south of the Chinese city of Peking, which Emperor Yung-lo of the Ming dynasty reared in A. D. 1420, with its triple balustrades, stairs and platforms of pure white marble carved miraculously, its great circle covering a wide area in the midst of a vast inclosure. There the emperor knelt once a year and worshipped "the only being in the universe he could look up to"—Shang-ti—the emperor of the world above, whose court was in the sky and the spear tips of whose soldiers were the stars.

How Foods are preserved— Why food odors do not mix—



Not an ounce of ice will be wasted, if you have the right kind of a Refrigerator.

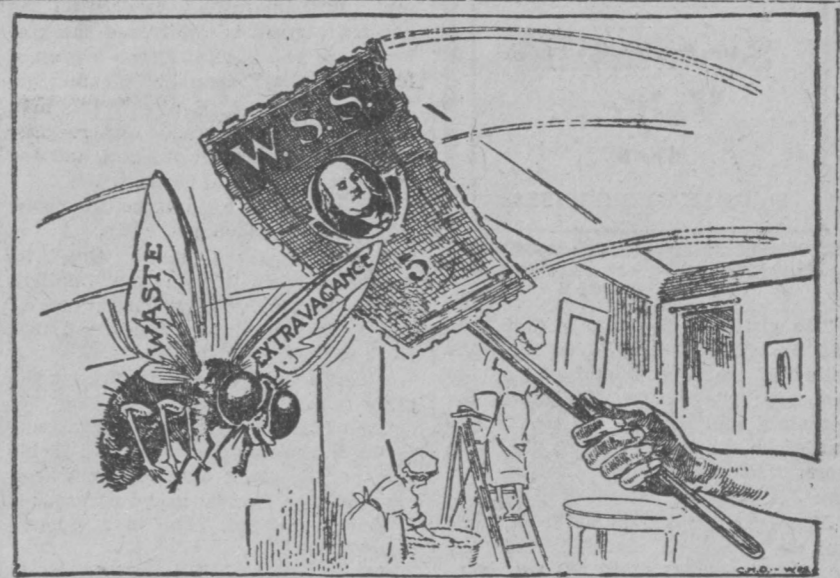
Up to a few years ago, we did not know that it was the fault of the Refrigerator we had, when the ice melted rapidly; when food became moist and spoiled, and when people were sometimes made ill because the foods were tainted.

Now we know better. You will be thoroughly convinced, we assure you, if you will take the trouble to come to our Store, that we have a Refrigerator here (The Famous AUTOMATIC) that saves a great deal of ice, because of its Eight Protecting Walls; that has a constant, automatic circulation of pure, cold, dry air, so that foods cannot spoil.

You will see why food odors will not mix in this Refrigerator—your milk will never taste of onions, etc. You will see and hear many things about how the good Refrigerator of today should be and is built. And, you are always welcome here, as you know.

DON'T DELAY—GIVE US YOUR ORDER FOR AN AUTOMATIC, TODAY!

C. O. FUSS & SON,



Swat the Fly.

GIVE GRENADE BANKS TO SCHOOL CHILDREN

Millions to be Distributed by Treasury Department to Encourage Happy Habit of Thrift.

Hand grenades made by the United States government to bomb the Huns to destruction are now to be used to boom thrift. Millions of the little machines of destruction, with the explosives carefully removed, are to be given to the school children of the United States to encourage the saving habit. The grenades are being converted into miniature savings banks. They will hold pennies and nickels and dimes which can be converted into Thrift Stamps. The Thrift Stamps in turn can be converted into War Savings Stamps.

Distribution of the grenades in the several Federal Reserve Districts will be left in the hands of the district Savings Directors. In this district the War Loan Organization, with headquarters in Richmond, Va., has so ar-

HOW SAVINGS HABIT HELPS EVERYBODY

Money Invested This Year in Thrift Stamps Returns in Five Years Vastly Increased.

On New Year's day 1923, there will begin a remarkable series of dividend payments to American people. Hundreds of millions of dollars of War Savings Stamps sold during 1918 will then be redeemable. On each New Year's day thereafter for a number of years there will undoubtedly be huge returns to the American people of the money borrowed with interest.

These great dividend days bring American bankers new opportunities and also responsibilities. How can new thrift habits be linked to thrift institutions? How can this money, the product of thrift, be mobilized for further work?

Already the bankers are working with the Treasury Department to continue thrift habits. For people who save money there is a wide range of thrift institutions that will take charge of funds, put them to work safely, and return good earnings. As the government plans to borrow by general education of thrift in every kind, so the banks and thrift institutions can aid the government by encouraging general thrift and building bigger business themselves.

One of the first steps to be taken by bankers is that of spreading information about banks, life insurance, building and loan associations, federal farm loans, and all other thrift institutions. The best way to meet Uncle Sam's borrowing needs is to promote thrift on the broadest possible lines.

Every dollar deposited in a savings bank becomes available for national finance. Every life insurance policy sold is equivalent to an indirect loan to the government. Every obligation assumed by thrifty people such as a building mortgage is a stimulus to production and saving, and therefore, as much a national service as the direct purchase of government securities. In placing these matters clearly before everybody in his community the banker will live up to his opportunities and his responsibilities in the new thrift movement. When the billion dollar New Year Days arrive he will be ready.



HAND GRENADE SAVINGS BANK

ranged that a grenade bank will be awarded to each child, who, during the vacation period, earns enough money to buy a War Savings Stamp.

Some bank in every community will lend each child a grenade and at the close of the vacation period the child will return it, with the money it contains, to the bank. There the money will be counted. If the child has saved enough to buy a War Savings Stamp the grenade-bank will be his, but in all events the cash must be invested in Thrift Stamps if not enough has been saved to pay for a War Savings Stamp. The grenade-banks are of considerable value and will be splendid souvenirs of the great war, and the War Loan Organization of the Fifth Federal Reserve District is anxious to place them in the hands of as many children as possible.

Thrift is not miserliness, it is getting a hundred cents worth out of every dollar.

Are you sending out ships, or just hoping that somebody else's will get stranded on your shore? Buy W. S. S. and watch your own come in.

Don't forget the squirrel—save some of your nuts for the winter that always follows the summer.—Buy W. S. S.

Thrift is the wise use of money—improvidence is its abuse. Buy W. S. S.

BRITISH THRIFT.

The British War Savings Committee has become a permanent institution in England and the following declaration has been issued explaining the English attitude toward thrift:

"Quite as important, both as a source of revenue and as a social movement, is the restraint of luxury, and growth of economy and simplicity of life among the well-to-do. Otherwise goods and services will be wasted. War savings applies to all classes and appeals to all incomes."

TELLS HOW SHE BUYS WAR SAVINGS STAMPS

Woman Tells How by Intelligent Savings Plan She is Able to Accumulate Money Which Was Formerly Wasted.

"Save while the money is warm" is the motto of a woman who has established a reputation both for herself and her family by the number of War Savings Stamps she bought without apparently stinting in the least. Here is her system.

"The only way to save is to save. When I have actually saved a quarter I put it into a Thrift Stamp without delay. If I save that quarter on one thing and then spend it carelessly for something else, I have not saved any real money.

"For example the other day I went down town expecting to pay \$10 for a pair of special shoes. To my surprise, I found there was a sale that day, and got the very pair of shoes I wanted for \$7.75. I had saved \$2.25. But how to keep it saved. I knew that if I simply regarded it mentally as saving, before the end of the month it would be spent miscellaneously. I went right down stairs in the store and bought nine Thrift Stamps and stuck those quarters in the Thrift card where they could not get away before the end of the month.

"I do the same thing when I have saved a single quarter or half dollar, and I am seriously thinking of getting a little penny bank to hold saved pennies or dimes until they grow to Thrift Stamp size. What is more, I am getting a whole lot of fun out of this most fascinating game, the game of 'Getting Ahead.'

Get that happy feeling—it's waiting for you with your first W. S. S.

The man who puts his money into W. S. S. is never "broke."

Watch your out-go today and your future income will take care of itself.

Buy W. S. S. and you will neither waste nor want.

CLARENCE E. DERN, TANEYTOWN, MD.
Vulcanizing and Service Station
For Auto Tires, Tubes and Accessories

TIRES TORN DOWN AND BUILT UP ON THE UNIT PLAN in Quarter, Half, and Full Sections.

Broken Heads, Rim Cuts, and other injuries repaired, any size or make; also Cord Tires and Motorcycle Tires repaired.

Tires Crowned and Retreaded, Non-Skid, Rib, or Smooth Treads. Localized Steam Heat Tubes repaired. Valve Patches, Valve Stems applied. Splices made.

TIRES AND TUBES RECEIVED BY PARCEL POST, EXPRESS OR FREIGHT, FOR REPAIR WORK.

Tire Savers, all kinds of Repair Materials, Raw and Cured Rubbers. Goodyear Diamond Cord and Fabric Tires, all sizes. Goodrich Silver-town Cord and Fabric Tires, all sizes. Goodyear and Goodrich Heavy Tourist and Regular Tubes. I also will take in old Tires and Tubes, bad or good, as part pay on new ones. Bring your old Tires in and have them inspected. I am in the Rubber Business and am here for business. I have been in the Rubber Business for nearly 3 years. I am a graduate of The Goodyear Tire and Rubber Co., Repair School, of Akron, Ohio. When you come to town come to see me. I am located in the CENTRAL HOTEL BUILDING, ON THE EAST SIDE.

VULCANIZING A SPECIALTY
ALL WORK GUARANTEED
CLARENCE E. DERN, TANEYTOWN, MD. 2-28-ew

Husband and Wife Use Tonall for Indigestion

"I saw the advertisement in the papers about Tonall, and as my wife and I both suffered from indigestion, we began using it," says Harvey Umstead, of Fleetwood, Pa.

"We have both received great benefit, and do cheerfully recommend Tonall to all persons afflicted with indigestion or stomach trouble.

"This medicine does all that is claimed for it. No other is equal to it. Everyone speaks highly of it. It is worth all and more than it costs a bottle, in the way of restored health."

This testimonial was given March 1, 1919.

Tonall is sold at McKinney's Drug Store, Taneytown.

NOTICE OF PETITION FOR STATE AID ROAD FROM MIDDLEBURG TO DETOUR.

To Whom it may Concern:—The Board of County Commissioners give public notice to all persons concerned, that they will take up for hearings on June 17, 1919, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the matter of the petition for a State Aid Road from Middleburg to Detour, in Carroll County, Md., and all persons interested will at that time be given an opportunity to be heard, if there are any objections to granting said petition.

This notice is given under the Acts of Assembly of Maryland of 1918, Chapter 645, Section 67.

By Order of the Board of County Commissioners of Carroll County, Md.
6-2t MARTIN D. HESS, Clerk.

Read the Advertisements

IN THE

CARROLL RECORD



DR. GREENWOOD

SPECIAL ATTENTION TO THE TREATMENT OF

Liver, Stomach, Skin, Lungs, Heart, Throat, Kidneys, Bowels, Bladder, Rectum, Rheumatism, Gout, Piles, Blood and Nervous Diseases of Men, Women and Children.

Dr. Greenwood can also be consulted at 835 West Fayette St., Baltimore, Md., however if you wish to see me at Baltimore, you had better write first to make an appointment.

IN BAD SHAPE FROM INFLUENZA. I had the influenza last September, which had left me with my health all broken down since. I have taken treatment with Dr. Greenwood, and am now feeling very well.

B. B. BAILEY, Denton, Md. I had Rectal trouble for 25 years. I went to Dr. Greenwood and got all right. E. L. JAMES, Easton, Md.

R. F. D. No. 6. BLADDER TROUBLE. Am 69 years of age and had a very bad case of enlarged prostate gland and bladder trouble. Through treating with Dr. Greenwood, I have been entirely relieved of all my conditions. J. W. GRIFFITH, Cambridge, Md.

RHEUMATISM. My wife had been laid up in bed since early this year, with Rheumatism. After treating with Dr. Greenwood she is now feeling good. J. D. NUSBAUM, R. F. D. No. 10, Westminster, Md.

DR. GREENWOOD

CARROLL HOTEL Formerly Macey Hotel Opposite Western Maryland R. R. Station. WESTMINSTER, MARYLAND.

NEXT VISIT MONDAY, JUNE 16
Hours: 10:30 A. M. to 8 P. M.

IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL
SUNDAY SCHOOL
LESSON

(By REV. P. B. FITZWATER, D. D.,
Teacher of English Bible in the Moody
Bible Institute of Chicago.)
(Copyright, 1919, by Western Newspaper Union.)

LESSON FOR JUNE 15

PRAYER.

LESSON TEXTS—Matt. 6:5-15; Luke 18: 9-14.

GOLDEN TEXT—Be careful for nothing; but in everything by prayer and supplication with thanksgiving let your requests be made known unto God.—Phil. 4:6.

ADDITIONAL MATERIAL—Gen. 18:23-33; Ex. 32:31, 32; Matt. 26:39-46; Luke 11: 1-13; John 17:1-26; I Thess. 5:17; James 5: 16-18.

PRIMARY TOPIC—Talking With the Heavenly Father.

JUNIOR TOPIC—Jesus Teaches How to Pray.

INTERMEDIATE TOPIC—Prayer a Privilege and a Duty.

SENIOR AND ADULT TOPIC—The Christian Conception of Prayer.

I. The Proper Motive in Prayer (Matt. 6:5-8).

The righteousness which counts with God is doing right deeds with the right motive. Righteous as the act of praying is it may be an abomination unto God:

1. If it be to be seen and heard of men (v. 5). Much of the public praying is false—when there is more thought of what the people think than of what God thinks. In praying the individual is dealing with God, therefore if he be engaged in it to attract men's attention it is blasphemous. It is not wrong to pray on the street corner and in the synagogues; that which is condemned is doing it to be seen of men.

2. If there be the use of vain repetitions (v. 7). This does not mean that we should ask but once, for we have examples of Christ and of Paul praying three times for the same thing (Matt. 26: 39-46; II Cor. 12:7-8), but meaningless repetitions as done by the heathen. The reason assigned is that "your Father knoweth what things ye have need of before ye ask him" (v. 8). God is pleased with true prayer (v. 6). We should have a real desire for fellowship with God. Since prayer is a transaction of the soul with God, we should go to our inner chamber, where only God can hear, and there commune with him.

II. The Model Prayer (Matt. 6:9-15).

1. Right relationship. "Our Father." Only those who have become children of God by faith in Jesus Christ (Gal. 3:26) can pray aright.

2. Right attitude. "Hallowed be thy name. Thy kingdom come." When we realize that we have been delivered from the power of darkness and translated into the kingdom of his dear Son (Col. 1:13) by being made the children of God we cannot help pouring out our souls to him in gratitude and praise, longing for the coming of his kingdom.

3. Right spirit (1) That of trust which looks to him for daily bread. (2) That of love which results in the forgiveness of others. God will not listen to the prayer of the one who has an unforgiving spirit. (3) That of holiness which moves us to pray not to be led in temptation, and longs to be delivered from the evil one.

4. The ascription of praise. "Thine is the kingdom, the power, and the glory forever."

III. Persistency in Prayer (Luke 18: 1-8).

The teaching of this parable is that men ought always to pray and not to faint (v. 1). The context shows that praying should be the business of the church while the Lord is absent. Having referred to the coming of the Lord at the close of the preceding chapter he uses this parable to enforce the obligation of the church under the figure of a widow crying day and night unto God. Though the unjust judge had neither fear of God nor regard for man he avenged her of her enemies. Much more, then, will the tender loving Father, God, avenge his own elect (v. 7). God is pleased with those who persistently pray, or, as popularly expressed, "pray through."

IV. The Proper Attitude in Prayer (Luke 18:9-14).

This is brought out in striking contrast by two men praying. The Pharisee's sense of self practically excluded the consciousness of God. The poor publican had a most keen sense of God, and therefore sought his mercy. The Pharisee presented personal credentials, while the publican cast himself upon God's mercy. The publican was justified, while the Pharisee was rejected. Let us come into the presence of God with humility, for God is holy.

Easy to Commit Sin.

It is a great deal easier to commit a second sin than it was to commit the first, and a great deal harder to repent of a second, than it was to repent of the first.—Benjamin Whichcote.

For One Another.

The will of God respecting us is that we shall live by each other's happiness, and life. . . . Men help each other by their joy, not by their sorrow. They are not intended to slay themselves for each other, but to strengthen themselves for each other.—Ruskin.

To Have Knowledge.

If we would indeed have knowledge thrive and flourish, we must water the tender plants of it with holiness.—John Smith.

—THE—
CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR
TOPIC

—From—
The Christian Workers Magazine,
Chicago, Ill.

June 15

What We Owe and How to Pay It.
2 Corinthians 8:1-15

The example, the motive and the principles of giving are all found in this Scripture lesson.

Paul was raising a fund in the Gentile churches of Macedonia for the poor folk in the church in Jerusalem. He wrote to the Christians in Corinth concerning the example afforded by the gifts of believers in Macedonia. Notwithstanding their affliction and deep poverty the Macedonian Christians had such a measure of joy that they gave liberally.

The joy of salvation lifted them and heartened them to such an extent that they gave gladly and without urging or teasing. In the words of verse 5, they gave beyond their power or means, and also willingly. What an example to Christians for all time is found here!

If the gifts of money and time now being contributed to the "Centenary Fund" and the "New Era Movement" and other church enterprises were given in this Spirit a great revival would result, and many thousands would be saved for God. For these Christians of Macedonia not only gave in an exemplary way of the things they had, but "first gave their own selves to the Lord" in dedication to His service.

The motive for giving is seen especially in verse 9, "For ye know the grace of our Lord Jesus Christ that though he was rich yet for your sakes he became poor that ye through His poverty might be rich." He impoverished himself; He did not merely pity us in our need. Pity does not enrich others, but giving to the point of sacrifice as He did.

The principles of giving are presented in verses 12-15. There is first of all the willing mind to give according to what one has, not making excuses and saying, "If I had as much as Mr. Richman, then I would give largely." No, no, let there be a willingness to give "according to that a man hath." This leads to another principle which is that of equality. All are to share in the blessedness and responsibility of giving, so that none shall be unduly burdened.

The quotation in verse 15 concerning the gathering of the manna in the wilderness illustrates the divine plan of equality in this matter of giving.

TAKE THREE DAYS TO WED

Armenian Couple Must Be Patient in the Matter of Tying the Marriage Knot.

In Armenia everybody has a good time at a wedding except the bridegroom. First of all, the friends assemble, and an entertainment, with dancing, takes place. The bridegroom is expected to arrive when the entertainment is at its height and it is considered good form for him to appear with his face covered with powder to simulate pallor induced by the solemnity of the occasion. Friends of the bridegroom then shave him publicly and fall upon him and strip him of all his clothes, after which he is supplied with a new set of garments and completely dressed again. While they are performing the offices of valet to the groom the young men present are supposed to hold lighted candles in their right hands.

The day after this opening marriage feast the bride rides to church, and the bridegroom walks. The priest who receives them in the porch reads a short sermon on their duties in the matrimonial state, and then the wedding party proceeds to the altar, where the foreheads of the high contracting parties are bound together with gold chains. The wedding festivities continue for at least three days after this, and the couple are not regarded as married until the ceremonies have been concluded. The social celebration of the wedding is carried through as conscientiously as the religious part.

What's in a Name?

Most readers are familiar with the story of the German bank in a United States city which, finding its name unpopular, changed it to the "Sherman bank." Here is another example on the same lines: A popular New York city German restaurant was called the Kloster Gloecke (Cloister Bell), and its front was decorated with a large bell as a sign. The name has been changed to the "Liberty Bell," and the bell of the old monastery now does duty as a replica of the one which rang out independence to the colonies.

SAFE, GENTLE REMEDY BRINGS SURE RELIEF

For 200 years GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil has enabled suffering humanity to withstand attacks of kidney, liver, bladder and stomach troubles, and all diseases connected with the urinary organs and to build up and restore to health organs weakened by disease. These most important organs must be watched, because they filter and purify the blood; unless they do their work you are doomed.

Weariness, sleeplessness, nervousness, despondency, backache, stomach trouble, pains in the loins and lower abdomen, gravel, difficulty when urinating, rheumatism, sciatica and lumbago all warn you of trouble with your kidneys. GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules are the remedy you need. Take three or four every day. The healing oil soaks into the cells and lining of the kidneys and drives out the poisons. New life and health will surely follow. When your normal vigor has been restored continue treatment for a while to keep yourself in condition and prevent a return of the disease. Don't wait until you are incapable of fighting. Start taking GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules today. Your druggist will cheerfully refund your money if you are not satisfied with results. But be sure to get the original imported GOLD MEDAL and accept no substitutes. In three sizes. Sealed packages. At all drug stores.

LIGHT ON UNKNOWN LANDS

Explorer Added Greatly to World's Knowledge of Customs of Peculiar Peoples and Tribes.

Returning in April, 1917, from one of his trips, Capt. Theodore de Booy, the archeologist and explorer of previously unknown regions of Santo Domingo and Venezuela, who died in New York, brought with him a "swallow or regurgitating stick" from the Virgin Islands.

The "swallow stick" was believed to have been used in worship by a West Indian priest more than 400 years ago. It was about five inches long, and carved from the rib of a sea cow, in the image of one of the West Indian tribal gods. It was said that there were only three other such sticks in existence.

Previously unknown regions in the mountains between Venezuela and Colombia were explored by Captain De Booy. No white man had ever before entered the high and cloud-capped mountains of that country, which are inhabited entirely by Indian tribes. It took many days of difficult mountain climbing to reach the heights where the tribes live in a land of perpetual mist and cold, although within ten degrees of the equator. Captain De Booy reported that for the most part he had found the natives friendly. At the start he was chosen to lead a campaign against a neighboring tribe to obtain women and other booty. All the material results of the expedition save the women were offered him, but he declined.

Captain De Booy conducted archeological investigations in the Bahamas, Cuba, Jamaica, Haiti, Santo Domingo, Turks and Caicos Islands, Margarita, Trinidad, Martinique, Venezuela and the Virgin Islands of the United States.

Many Things Have Been Brought to Pass That Would Shock Old-time Observers.

Quite a number of things have happened during or in consequence of the war which never happened before. No British king had ever passed under Napoleon's Arc de Triomphe until King George's recent visit to Paris. No British army had before helped to defend France against an invader. British and Prussian troops had never previously tried conclusions. Never before the war had armies from India, America, Canada, Australia, New Zealand or South Africa landed in Europe. Until Mr. Wilson, no "reigning" president of the United States had crossed the Atlantic during his term of office, though ex-presidents have done so.

Jerusalem, Damascus and Bagdad had never before been captured by modern European armies, nor had British soldiers ever previously marched through Mesopotamia. The British flag is the first standard of a Christian nation to float over Constantinople as that of a conqueror since the taking of the city by the Turks over four centuries ago. No king of Prussia had ever lost his throne or been driven into exile before; and no war had ever brought misfortune on so many rulers or led to so many new states being set up.

NO. 5145 EQUITY.

In the Circuit Court for Carroll County:

ELIZABETH GETTY, Plaintiff,
vs.
MILTON G. GETTY, Defendant.

The object of this suit is to procure a divorce a vinculo matrimonii for the plaintiff, Elizabeth Getty, from Milton G. Getty, defendant.

The bill states that on the 19th day of July, A. D. 1908, they were married by Rev. John J. John, a Minister of the Gospel of the Church of the Brethren, in Carroll County, Maryland, and that they lived together in Carroll County, Maryland, until the 7th of June, 1912, when the defendant abandoned and deserted the plaintiff, and has since said 7th day of June, 1912, ceased to live with her, has resided separate and apart from the plaintiff. That the conduct of the plaintiff towards her said husband, was always kind, affectionate and above reproach, and that her husband, on the said 7th day of June, 1912, without just cause or reason abandoned and deserted the plaintiff and that he declared his intention to live with the plaintiff no longer, and has lived separate and apart from her since the said 7th day of June, 1912, and that such abandonment by the defendant of the plaintiff has continued uninterruptedly for more than three years, and is deliberate and final and the separation of the parties beyond any reasonable expectation of reconciliation.

That they have had no children born to them as a result of said marriage.

That the plaintiff is and has been a resident of Carroll County, Maryland, for the past twelve years.

That the defendant is a resident of the State of Utah, and a non-resident of the State of Maryland.

It is thereupon, this 28th day of May, A. D. 1919, ordered by the Circuit Court for Carroll County, sitting as a Court of Equity, that the plaintiff, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper, published in said Carroll County, once a week for four successive weeks before the 30th day of June, 1919, give notice to the said absent defendant of the object and substance of this bill, warning him to appear in this Court in person or by solicitor, on or before the 17th day of July, next, to show cause, if any he has, why a decree ought not to be passed as prayed.

EDWARD O. CASH, Clerk.
True Copy—Test:
EDWARD O. CASH, Clerk. 5-30-19



THE SMOOTHEST SMOKING TOBACCO

TIME—given the right chance— puts character in a man's face, horse-sense under his hat, and mel-low fren'liness into his tobacco.

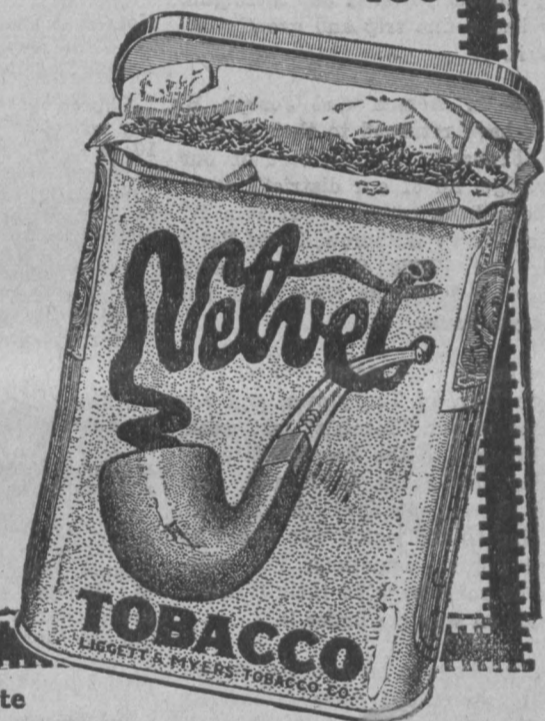
Velvet Joe

Time is a big factor in giving Velvet Tobacco its mildness and "character."

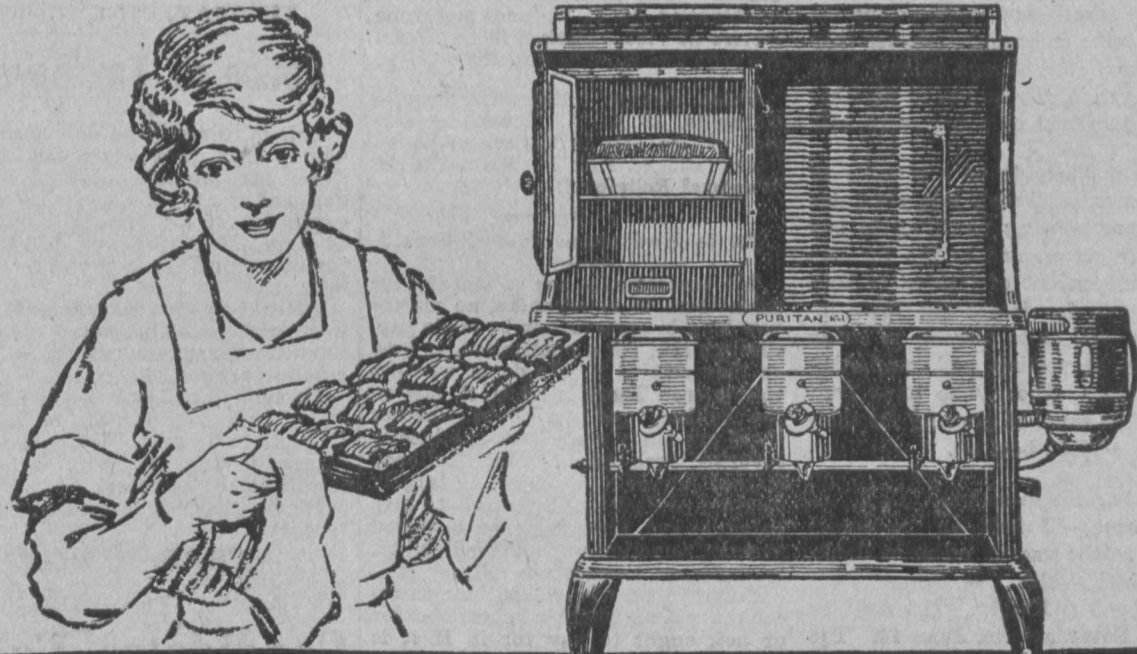
Velvet ages for two whole years in wooden hogsheads. During this long period the choice Burley leaves take on a kindly quality of coolness, a rich fragrance, a "taste" that appeals to pipe smokers—old and young.

Don't hurry, but just walk into the next store and lay down a dime and a nickel and say "VELVET"—the tobacco that isn't harsh but is friendly.

Laggett & Myers Tobacco Co.



Roll a VELVET Cigarette



BREAKFAST ON TIME

One of the things you'll enjoy about a Puritan Cookstove is its dependability—breakfast is always on time with a Puritan in the house.

Whether you want a quick hot oven or a slow simmering heat, it's always ready without bothering about coal, wood and ashes—and your kitchen has a summer coolness that it never knew before.

The Puritan burner gives a hot steady flame that comes in direct contact with the utensil—instantly regulated for low, medium or high heat. The flame stays where set, smokeless and odorless. The brass burners last for years.

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PURITAN OIL COOK STOVES



