

BRIEF NEWS NOTES OF GENERAL INTEREST.

Gleaned from the County and State and our Exchanges.

More than a score were killed and 150 injured in a tornado that swept over portion of Indiana and Ohio, on Sunday afternoon. The damage is estimated at fully a million dollars.

The British, early in the week, captured Bagdad from the Turks, one of the most important advances made in the far eastern battlefield by the British. The event is held to be of great importance in the general situation.

Rev. William Fleck, of Fairfield, has begun to move his household goods to Littlestown prior to taking up his residence there. Mr. Fleck who has been called to St. Paul's Lutheran church, recently, will assume his new charge, March 25th.

The Republicans lost a member of the House, by death, on Saturday, when Congressman C. A. Sulloway, of New Hampshire succumbed to pneumonia. A special election can not be ordered in time to fill the vacancy before the special session is convened.

While Rev. Dr. R. A. Carroll was preaching against sin in his pulpit in York, Sunday night, thieves were carrying away from his home potatoes, butter, eggs, fruit, flour and other articles, including his daughter's dress. Entrance to the parsonage was gained through a window.

Calvin Lippy, aged 23 years, of Eachman's Valley, was killed Tuesday morning when a large boiler fell upon him. Mr. Lippy was assisting a number of men to move the boiler from the engine room on the farm of John D. Shaeffer. He was a son of Jonas Lippy of near Manchester. His widow survives.

The damage done by the heavy snow, last week, represents a total loss to the owners of property, as there is no kind of insurance that covers such losses. Most of the damage was done to buildings not in very good repair, or of weak construction, which is a warning to property owners to build substantially, and to repair weak roofs and frames.

Governor Brumbaugh, of Pennsylvania, has issued a proclamation fixing May 24 as "good roads" day, on which all citizens of the state are urged to donate their services, gratuitously, to work on the public roads of the state. In 1916, over 50,000 men, 5889 teams, and 1121 drags, joined in the work of "good roads" day, while thousands of women prepared lunches.

Notwithstanding all the furor against Senator Stone, he has been re-elected Chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee, for two years, which can not be very palatable to the President. Evidently, there is a strong undercurrent of opposition to the President, individually, even though he is officially upheld by all except a very few, of which, Senator Stone is a leader.

Frank Bemiller, 45 years old, committed suicide Tuesday morning at his home at Silver Run by shooting himself in the head with a shotgun. He told his wife that he was going upstairs to dress to go to a sale. A few minutes later his wife heard the report of the gun. Running upstairs she found her husband with part of his head shot away. He was a son of the late Peter Bemiller and besides his widow leaves four children.

B. Max Mehl, of Fort Worth, Texas, came all the way to Philadelphia for the purpose of obtaining 1500 one-cent and half-cent pieces, for which he paid 10,000. They represent every type minted in this country since the Revolution, and were collected by Dr. Lewis J. Adler, Jr., of 1610 Arch street. Mr. Mehl is a professional numismatist. The last half penny was minted in 1853. The 1500 pennies weighed exactly 75 pounds.

The stretch of State road between Thurmont and Mt. St. Mary's College which has been in a torn up condition for several months past, is now open. The improvement will be completed altogether by about June. For some time it has been necessary for autoists to take another road along sections of the stretch in order to get through to Emmitsburg. Now that the road is open it is expected that much more travelling will be done.

Ex-Congressman David J. Lewis, of Md., who was defeated by Dr. France for the Senate, has been nominated by the President to be a member of the Tariff Commission, for a term of eight years at a salary of \$7,500 a year. Politically, the nomination of Mr. Lewis is the answer to the President to those Democrats in Maryland who knifed Lewis in the Senatorial race in November. Many of them thought they had killed off the Sixth district man.

The fire losses in Baltimore during 1916 were estimated at only \$425,000, the lowest for many years, according to the annual report of the Board of Fire Commissioners, which was made public Wednesday. During the year there were 2,044 alarms of fire and of these 52 were false; 1,560 were for fires in brick, stone and iron buildings, 14 in iron clad buildings, 120 in wooden buildings and 298 were not in buildings. Of the 1,992 fires in the city during the year, 1,905 were confined to the building or place of origin of the fire; 20 extended to adjoining buildings and only seven extended beyond adjoining buildings.

On Various Topics.

For the Record.
Interest in Sunday School and church work here in Manchester District is not decreasing, if we may judge by what can be seen in one of the churches in Manchester. An Adult Men's Bible Class recently organized has nearly 60 members, and an average attendance of 50. And the merry, if not all attend church services both morning and evening. The minister greets a large congregation at all the services except during very disagreeable weather. The Adult Men's Bible Class now has more than 600,000 members all over the United States, wearing the red and white button emblematic of Purity and Truth.

We read in one of the leading magazines that 97,000 Indians now regularly attend church services. After the many years of savage state and barbarism, the Indian race can now boast in proportion to their population, a larger per cent. of church attendance than the civilized American reared in luxury and pleasure. Let us think of these things.

Does Prohibition prohibit? In an advertisement we see the following, "Wanted, men for steady work. Twenty-five men for stone quarry work, wages 25c per hour. None but steady men need apply." For many years, responsible positions have been barred from even the moderate drinker, and now even the hard labor jobs are demanding that men must be sober, and thereby will be capable of doing more and better work.

Recently, I had a conversation with a gentleman in Hanover, Pa., who is well informed on topics of interest in the town. Speaking of raising sufficient funds to erect a \$65,000 Y. M. C. A. building, he said, "We did not know how many millions we have in our midst until this wonderful enterprise was accomplished in ten days. There are at least a score of men who gave large sums and yet not be the poorer for doing it."

There is some rumor of the consolidated school system being tested in Carroll county, as soon as it is convenient. Several years ago we had the privilege of seeing how it was tested and how successful it proved to be in a county of another state. For example, an eight-room school house was built in a town at a cost of nearly \$10,000. Teachers were employed with salaries from \$100. to \$125. per month. In a radius of two or three miles there were four country school houses going to decay. No auto-trucks carried the boys and girls to the consolidated school house. The majority walked, and the faithful horse was also employed. Manchester, Md. J. A. Z.

Business Men's League Organized.

A Business Men's and Tax-payers' League has been instituted at Uniontown, Md., with 21 charter members, for the purpose of discussing and planning for the betterment of conditions in the town and surrounding community, including Precinct No. 1, District No. 2. The following officers were elected for one year: President, Dr. Luther Kemp; Secretary, H. B. Fogle; Treasurer, W. G. Segarfoose.

The League was organized March 3rd, 1917, and the present enrollment numbers 45 representative citizens of town and community. We solicit the membership of all persons of this precinct who are interested in good roads, good schools, etc. Next meeting will be held on Monday, March 19th, at 8 p. m., in the public school house, Uniontown, Md. HARRY B. FOGLE, Press Cor.

Adams County Expenses.

The high cost of living is reflected in the report of the expenditures of Adams county, Pa., which has just been filed in the Court of Common Pleas. It shows that the cost of running the county machinery for 1916 was \$14,504.65 in excess of the previous year. The total amount of money dispersed through county orders during the last year is represented as \$105,798.06, while the figure for the year previous was \$91,293.41.

The Sharrah murder trial of last January added considerable expense to the county. \$1429.97 paid in connection with the session for board, attorneys' fees and other incidental expenses. A donation of \$200 for the borough fire engine fund is shown.

A total of \$14,900 was paid in conducting the county home; temporary loans paid off by the county are listed at \$33,500. Mothers' pensions cost \$466, and the inmates at the state insane asylum from the county were supported at a cost of \$1592.25. Damages by farmers claimed for sheep killed by dogs, amounted to \$97.69.

The county contributes fifty dollars toward the funeral expenses of each civil war veteran who dies. It is shown in the account that forty-one men who fought in the Union army during the rebellion were buried, bringing the aggregate contribution for funerals to \$2050. For tombstones for soldiers the county spent \$120. Salaries of county officials for the year are given as \$9489.26.

April 1 Changes in Address.

Our subscribers who will remove to new location, on or about April 1, are requested to send their new address, at any time, and we will enter up the change and make it when desired. We especially request that persons writing us, who are now served by Rural Carriers, give their old, as well as the new address, as our lists are arranged by Postoffices and Routes, and not alphabetically.

School Board Asks Bids for Coal.

The Board of Education of Carroll county asks for bids for coal for 1917-1918 for all the schools in the county, which bids will be received for these districts from the various dealers of the different parts of the county or other places from which coal has heretofore been received. Bids to be filed before April 4, 1917.

Proposals will be furnished upon application to M. S. H. Unger, Superintendent, Court House, Westminster, Md.

RAILROAD STRIKE PROMISED FOR SATURDAY.

Compromise Efforts Fail. President May Take a Hand.

The railroad brotherhoods have been in conference, this week, with the railroad managers, and have failed to agree. The claim of the brotherhoods is for an eight-hour day, to begin at once, while the railroads say they will abide by the decision of the Supreme Court in the case now before it, growing out of the case appealed to it last Fall.

It seems almost incredible that the brotherhoods will strike at this particular time, when the government is facing war with Germany. Their doing so is generally regarded as unpatriotic, and without justification—an exhibition of force rather than of fairness—based on the great need of the country for internal peace.

It may be, if the strike is actually enforced, that the general government will promptly take charge of the situation, and fight the "hold-up" with armed force.

The Supreme Court is perhaps not blameless. It is ridiculous that cases that go to it must be so tied up with red-tape and delay, and the whole country is getting tired of such ponderous dignity, for which there is no real justification. At the same time, this does not excuse the brotherhoods for handicapping the government, just now, and public sentiment will not support them.

The strike is scheduled to begin at 6 o'clock Saturday evening, on the N. Y. Central and B. & O. lines, and extend on Sunday and Monday to other lines including the whole country in about five days.

The railroads claim that all of the men will not strike, and that they have assurances of enough faithful ones to render a partial, if not complete, service.

A railroad strike would also make food conditions very much worse, and operate seriously against the poor of the country, especially in the cities where food stocks are low. Viewed from this standpoint, the position of the brotherhoods is intolerable. It is believed, by many, that there will be no strike, but that the whole threat is a big "bluff."

100,000 Trees at Cost.

Baltimore, March 10.—According to the Board of Forestry, the State of Maryland had better plan for an early Spring. Not that the Board is particularly interested in this fact in itself, or is attempting to forecast the weather. But—and this is important—the chief tree planting season of the year is due to arrive with it, and in this the Forestry people have a very direct concern.

The general tree planting public, and nowadays nearly every one with a little plot of ground or a strip of land along the roadside comes within this class, has been accustomed to devoting a month or two in the Spring to work of this character. Autumn is actually about as good, but the public has a feeling that the time when nature does its work along this line is good enough for them, and plans accordingly. Ordinarily, from late in the month of March to nearly the first of May is the tree planting season, and in this period, short as it is, there are many miles of highway which get a bordering of trees, and numerous plots of ground which blossom out in little forests. Between the day when the frost leaves the ground for good, and the early rains begin to fall—that is the time, and present indications are that this time is very near.

For several weeks the Board of Forestry has been answering applicants with grants of trees, giving information on how and what, and when, to plant, and sending out several hundred of the application blanks which list the trees now growing in the Forest Nursery. As these lists state, the trees are sold to landowners of Maryland at cost. The rates on all of them are very low, so low that in the best two years of the Nursery since the beginning of the present year, the price was about six-tenths of a cent apiece. Fifty thousand have gone so far this season.

Orphans' Court Proceedings.

MONDAY, March 12th, 1917.—J. Thomas Zile, acting executor of Leonard Zile, deceased, returned an inventory of personal property and money.
Peter P. Sauble, administrator of Alvin Sauble, deceased, returned an inventory of debts and money and settled his first and final account.
Jesse P. Weybright, executor of Samuel Weybright, deceased, reported sale of personal property and settled his first account.

Isaac T. Green and Lewis Green, Jr., executors of Lewis Green, Sr., deceased, settled their first account.
Charles W., Martha M. and Hilda G. Arnold, administrators of Jennie Arnold, deceased, reported sale of personal property.

Letters of administration on the estate of Samuel Frank, deceased, were granted unto J. Frank Weant, who received warrant to appraise and an order to notify creditors.
Tuesday, March 13th, 1917.—Letters of administration on the estate of James S. Baer, deceased, were granted unto Blanche K. Baer, who received warrant to appraise and an order to notify creditors.

Letters of administration on the estate of James Wesley Gilbert, deceased, were granted unto J. Newton Gilbert, who received an order to notify creditors.
Charlotte L. Billingslea, executrix of James Howell Billingslea, deceased, returned an inventory of personal property, debts due and money.
The sale of real estate of Jacob T. Zahn, deceased, by David L. Zahn, executor, was finally ratified and confirmed.

Marriage Licenses.

James E. Dickensheets and Nora B. Davis, both of Westminster.

Military Training at Gettysburg.

The 314 Gettysburg students who have volunteered for military training are divided into two battalions of three companies each. The higher officers are chosen from among the men who have previously had military training, at military schools, at Summer training camps, or in the militia. Other officers are selected from among the most promising of the "recruits."

The course in military training is a new one at Gettysburg. It was enthusiastically taken up by the students last January, with the arrival at Gettysburg of Major Frank L. Graham, detailed by the War Department for duty there as Professor of military science and tactics. The men taking the training do so voluntarily. They put themselves under no obligations, except that they will complete the two year course which is offered.

Gettysburg College is among the very first institutions in the country to secure a unit of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps, under the provisions of the recently enacted Army Bill. The working out here of the Government's plans is being watched with much interest. The students are now eagerly awaiting the arrival of their uniforms, which are being supplied complete at the government's expense. Two drills and one lecture each week are being given the volunteers.

Will Sink All Ships, Says Gerard.

Washington, March 15.—James W. Gerard, former Ambassador to Germany, amplified in Washington today prepared to amplify his reports to the State Department concerning conditions in Germany when he left, and his treatment by German authorities. He expects to leave for New York late today to attend a reception arranged for him there tomorrow, and probably will return in a few days.

Mr. Gerard reported to Secretary of State Lansing after his arrival yesterday that all indications when he left Germany were that the submarine campaign was to be pushed with determination, that little doubt then existed among German officials of its ultimate success, and that chances of war with the United States apparently had been duly considered.

When Mr. Gerard left Berlin the submarine campaign was only in its second week, and the Germans were still predicting the destruction of 1,000,000 tons of shipping a month, the amount estimated by Tanton experts to be essential for an effective starvation blockade of England.

Food conditions in Germany when Mr. Gerard's party left were reported as serious, but not necessarily critical.

The report made by Mr. Gerard to the State Department is understood to have dealt particularly with the treatment accorded himself and other Americans following the break in diplomatic relations, the efforts of the German Government to get him to reaffirm the old treaty of 1828 with extensive changes, the general attitude of the German Government and public toward submarine warfare, peace and relations with the United States and conditions in Germany.

Transfers of Real Estate.

Edward O. Weant, trustee, to Leonard C. Barrick, conveys 2 tracts of land, for \$4500.
Milton A. Sullivan and wife to Mollie M. Bell, convey 4800 feet of land, for \$600.

Emma J. Burgoon to Edward H. Brown and wife, conveys 20 square perches, for \$375.
Jesse P. Weybright, executor, to Sam'l R. Weybright, conveys 52 acres, for \$1900.

Samuel R. Weybright and wife to Jesse P. Weybright, convey 52 acres for \$1900.
John F. Shaffer and wife to John P. and Henry Klee, convey 70 acres land, for \$5.

Ella M. Shipley to Francis N. Bowers and wife, conveys 2 acres, for \$1400.
Albert C. Hawn and wife to Jacob L. Trenton and wife, convey 33 acres land, for \$10.

Charles Heason and wife to Joseph Delphy, convey 18,688 square feet, for \$175.
Joseph Delphy, et. al., to John Franklin Smith, convey 4 parcels of land, for \$500.

John M. DeLashmutt to Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Co., conveys 11,224 square feet.

American Steamer Torpedoed.

The American steamer, Algonquin, bound for London, laden with food stuffs, was torpedoed without warning on Monday morning. All of the crew of twenty-seven, were saved. The submarine refused to assist the survivors in the life boats.

The Algonquin sailed from New York February 20, after some trouble in assembling her crew. She was recently transferred from British to American registry. She was commanded by Captain A. Nordberg, a naturalized American citizen, and was loaded with about two thousand tons of cargo.

The State Department officials regard the sinking of the Algonquin as "extremely serious," but hold that it does not mean war at present. This American ship, unarmed, was sunk unwarmed by a German submarine. The crew were saved by their own exertions; the commander of the submarine made no attempt to help them. But it does not require a loss of life to make an act of war, and here is such an act, the latest of many. It may suit the purposes of the Government to pretend that we are still at peace with Germany, to cling to a state of "armed neutrality." There are conceivably good reasons why an open declaration of war should be avoided as long as possible. Nevertheless, the American people should not for a moment deceive themselves into thinking that it can be avoided indefinitely. Germany is backing up her threats with deeds. All her excuses have been thrown into the discard. Munition ships, belligerent liners with women and children on board, neutral cargo ships, from neutral to neutral ports, hospital ships Belgian relief ships, none escapes the assassins of the sea.

PLACING GUNS ON MERCHANT VESSELS.

Actual War with Germany Likely to Begin at Any Time.

President Wilson, last Friday, issued a call for a special session of Congress, to be convened April 16, to receive such communications as may be made by the Executive. It is regarded as inevitable that by that time a state of war will exist with Germany, and that Congress will be asked to make the declaration. The outlook is for the session to be a long one, perhaps continuing to the end of the war, as there is a strong disposition manifested by many not to hand the reins over entirely to the President.

The arming of merchant ships by the government, with orders to fire on submarines at sight, practically means war; but means war in fact, unless (1) all our vessels happen to escape the vigilance of the German submarine patrol, or (2) unless Germany concludes not to attack American vessels. Within a week, the probability is that something will have happened, as armed merchantmen are now on their way to Europe, though all news of exact departures has been forbidden circulation by the press.

In a contest between an armed merchant vessel and a submarine, the chances are about equal, or perhaps favorable to the vessel if its guns are skillfully handled by good marksmen. But, whether a submarine suffers first, or a merchantman, the result will be the same—a declaration of war, and just what may follow that, nobody exactly knows.

The position of this government with reference to submarines is perfectly simple and clear. It is, that the German blockade is illegal, and in defiance of neutral rights on the sea; that the German government thereby refuses the right of visit and search, and all rules heretofore regulating sea warfare, and the safety of the lives of those on board vessels; therefore, peaceable American merchantmen have a right to arm themselves for self-protection.

If open war is declared, it is quite probable that German submarines will suddenly appear along our coast, and prey on our coastwise shipping, as well as on ocean liners, and our ports of entry will also need careful watching. It will then be seen how efficient our own Navy is, and what new courses will need to be adopted.

President Wilson was at first reluctant to believe Germany intended to carry out her announced purpose of sinking neutral vessels without warning. Evidence possessed by the State Department, based on reports and affidavits received from our embassies at London and Rome, and on American consular reports, convinced the President and his advisers that Germany meant what she asserted with respect to sinking without warning any vessel encountered within the barred area. Vessels have been so sunk, and the accumulation of instances of this sort led to the decision to provide armed guarantees for the protection of American vessels.

The "armed guards" will be naval gunners, under command of navy officers. They will man guns large and powerful enough to cope with an approaching submarine at some distance. They will be placed on board "all" American merchant vessels sailing through the barred areas. No distinction is to be made between those vessels carrying munitions or other contraband and those that do not.

Internal Trouble in Europe.

Every country in Europe is in the midst of great internal trouble, and nearly all of it is due to popular revolt against the war, its hardships, its inhumanities and sacrifices. To some extent, anti-government forces are pressing old claims and in general the Socialists are becoming openly active, and are greatly assisted by the needs of the people for food.

In England, the Irish Nationalists are pressing their claims for "home rule" with great vigor, and armed revolution is among the serious early possibilities. In France, the present ministry is making a fight for its life. The French are intensely loyal, but thousands are on the verge of starvation.

In Germany, the food problem appears to be the worst, but there are dangers everywhere, of popular upheaval, kept down only by the closest military surveillance. Serious rebellion in the army forces is reported at a number of places. It is also said that surrenders are made, without necessity, when the chance is given.

In Russia, a political wrangle is going on, there are food riots, and everybody realizes that almost anything may happen in a day.

In Austro-Hungary, conditions are the same. Overthrow of the government is in the air, and conditions are of the tenesest sort.

In Italy, the Socialists are gaining strength, and submarine warfare has greatly decreased the food supplies, and shipments of coal. The people are inclined to be patient, but are demanding peace.

Contracts for what is believed to be the largest single order for fighting craft ever given by any nation, were placed on Thursday by the Navy Department. Private builders undertook to turn out four great battle cruisers, and six scout cruisers, costing nearly \$112,000,000, for hulls and machinery alone, and pledged themselves to keep 71 per cent. of their working forces on navy construction.

The Bureau of Railway Economics, in a bulletin issued on Thursday directly bearing on the threatened railroad strike, shows the average pay of the trainmen in 1916 to be \$1,344 per man. The engineers averaged \$1,865; firemen, \$1,136; conductors, \$1,615, and other trainmen \$1,089. The highest paid class of trainmen were the engineers in the South, who average \$2,297, against \$1,989 in the East and \$2,234 in the West.

Czar of Russia Dethroned.

The expected has happened; the dethronement of the Czar of Russia, and the same event may be looked for in the other monarchies of Europe. The Russian Duma, the equivalent of our Congress, is now in supreme control of Russia, and Grand Duke Michael, his brother, has been named regent.

The event was accompanied by considerable disorder, and for a time serious revolution was feared, but it is now thought that the situation is well in hand, and will be supported both by the people and the army. The Duma had been dismissed by the Czar, but it refused to obey.

The people and government are still strong for the allies, and are Anti-German, which will apparently mean the continuation of the war. The Czarina, the wife of the Czar, is a former German Princess, and is charged with great influence in the conduct of war matters.

"The people and the army are all for war and against Germany," has been the word which came from Russia from all channels repeatedly. That the court has been enshrouded in a pro-German atmosphere and that the Emperor was a weak man under the thumb of his wife and also under the domination of several members of the bureaucracy, some of whom were influenced only by the tradition of the old bureaucracy and others of whom were influenced by and in the pay of German diplomats, also had been reported.

The men now in control of the destinies of the great empire of Western Europe are Russians who are anti-German and pro-Russian to the core, so the Russian developments are regarded as wholly to the benefit of the Entente Powers in the war.

How to Set a Hen.

Washington, D. C., March 12.—As the time approaches for the hen to become broody or sit, if care is taken to look into the nest, it will be seen that there are a very few soft, downy feathers being left there by the hen; also the hen stays longer on the nest when laying at this time, and on being approached will quite likely remain on the nest, making a clucking noise, ruffling her feathers, and pecking at the intruder. When it is noted that a hen sits on the nest from two to three nights in succession, and that most of the feathers are gone from her breast, which should feel hot to the hand, she is ready to be transferred to a nest which has been prepared for her beforehand, according to the poultry specialists of the U. S. Department of Agriculture. The normal temperature of a hen is from 106° to 107° F., which varies slightly during incubation.

Dust the hen thoroughly with insect powder, and in applying the powder hold the hen by the feet, the head down, working the powder well into the feathers, giving special attention to regions around the vent and under the wings. The powder should also be sprinkled in the nest.

The nest should be in some quiet, out-of-the-way place, where the sitting hen will not be disturbed. Move her from the regular laying nest at night and handle her carefully in doing so. Put a china egg or two in the nest where she is to sit, and place a board over the opening so that she can not get off. Toward the evening of the second day quietly go in where she is sitting, leave some feed and water, remove the board from the front or top of the nest, and let the hen come out when she is ready. Should she return to the nest after feeding, remove the china egg or eggs and put under those that are to be incubated. If the nests are slightly darkened the hens are less likely to become restless. At hatching time they should be confined and not be disturbed until the hatch is completed, unless they become restless, when it may be best to remove the chicks that are hatched first.

In cool weather it is best not to put more than 10 eggs under a hen, while later in the Spring one can put 12 to 15, according to the size of the hen.

China Now Against Germany.

Washington, March 14.—American Minister Reinsch at Peking today reported to the State Department that China had severed diplomatic relations with Germany and that the German Minister had been handed his passports.

China has taken possession of all German merchant ships in Shanghai, about six in number, placed their crews on shore under guard, and put armed guards on the vessels. Seizure of the German ships may be taken by Germany as an act of war, as in the case of Portugal.

China's severance of relations has been expected here for weeks. The action of the United States in breaking relations was received with acclaim by Chinese officials and press, particularly young China. Feeling against Germany is running high, not only because scores of Chinese on the way to Europe have lost their lives through German submarine operations, but from memory of the Kaiser's order to his Boxer punitive force to make the word German dreaded in China for a century, and the seizure by Germany of the whole province of Shantung for the murder of two missionaries.

China's action may be followed by seizure of German property in China, which is very extensive. In addition to all the concessions held by Germany in Chinese cities which, it is presumed, will be seized as quasi-public property, there are large private German holdings in China. Latest figures show that there are about 3,000 German civilians scattered throughout the republic, but it is not known whether they will be interned.

China's action is expected to have a far reaching effect on Far Eastern history, as it aligns her with Japan and the other Entente powers. German trade, which before the war had become the most dangerous competitor to British and Japanese business in China, amounted to about 20 per cent. of Japan's trade and offered a tempting prize for the latter.

According to authentic information, Germans of Baltimore, as well as in all other large cities, have been under scrutiny of special agents of the federal government.

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P. B. ENGLAR, Editor and Manager

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ADVERTISING rates will be given on application. After the character of the business formation as to space, position, and length of contract. The publisher reserves the privilege of declining all offers for space.

All advertisements for real estate, 6th and 7th pages must be in our office by Tuesday morning each week; otherwise, insertion cannot be guaranteed until the following week.

Entered at Taneytown Postoffice as Second Class Matter.

FRIDAY, MARCH 16th., 1917.

All articles on this page are either original, or properly credited. This has always been a fixed rule with this office, and we suggest the adoption of it by our exchanges.

Keep Out of the Annexation Wrangle.

From now until after the close of the next session of the legislature, or for one full year, the papers of Baltimore and Baltimore county will be full of the proposition dear to Baltimore's heart, that of annexing considerable territory to the city, as well as its accompanying population and taxation revenue. The whole state, in a minor degree, is interested in the proposition, chiefly because of the increased representation such a movement would give to the city in the legislative matters of the state, but this is not serious, as greater representation for Baltimore would mean less for Baltimore county, and that is a loss that the state as a whole would neither deeply feel, nor regret.

The Record believes that this issue should be localized as much as possible. There would be no sense in taking it up in the counties, and making a great overshadowing issue of it. It is not of such momentous importance as that; in fact, it should be a purely economic question, relating to the small section of the state affected, and has no right to be made a football for games of politics, nor a vehicle for trading and dickering over other entirely foreign legislation. We therefore advise our country contemporaries to keep hands off, and not help to magnify a local matter into a state-wide issue unnecessarily.

As a rule, our sympathies are with city extension propositions, for we prefer the average city government to the average suburban government under county officials. In this particular scrap, Baltimore and Anne Arundel counties have nothing to recommend a continuance of their detestable government of the suburban sections, so far as sabbath observance and control of the liquor business are concerned. In all truth, it must be said that Baltimore has nothing to boast of, in the same line, but of the two we prefer the city's record.

But, Baltimore's appeal to the counties is handicapped. It is "wet," and decidedly prefers to stay "wet" and to sell all the booze it can in "dry" counties. Baltimore's motto on the liquor question is "Revenue for Baltimore," and that motto will not help it to get county votes for expansion. Baltimore county is just as wet, so, on the score of choice between the two on the liquor question, there is practically no difference, the little there is being favorable to Baltimore for her better observance of present laws. But, there is a probability that Baltimore will be given the opportunity to "spread herself" if she agrees to go dry, and if not, then it seems equally probable that the counties will not help to realize her ambition.

The School Board's Resolution.

The Hampstead Enterprise, last week, scores the School Board for apparently breaking faith with the Hampstead school patrons, in that it now states that the Board will not build any new school buildings during 1917, alleging lack of funds because the County Commissioners can not levy more than 40% on the taxable basis for schools.

The Enterprise claims that the Hampstead school proposition was included in the increased levy for 1916—which is also according to our own understanding—and that if the Board does not erect the building it is guilty of bad faith toward the people of Hampstead. It also further alleges it has information that the money for Hampstead has been used for other purposes, which would be very reprehensible if actually true.

Just what plans the School Board may have, we do not know, but as the last levy was 38% for schools, a 40% levy this year should give an increased revenue of approximately \$4500, on the old basis; and as the basis will be considerably increased this year, because of the reassessment, 40% on the increase in basis should amount to another large addition to the school revenue.

Perhaps, after all, the resolution of the Board to erect no new buildings this year, does not include the Hampstead proposition, which may be considered as a portion of the work already underway for this year?

Opposition to One-Man Rule.

There is a great deal that can be pretty truthfully said in defense of the Senate's action, in not at once meeting with the demand of the President for the power of a Czar, practically, with relation to war emergencies. For a country so Democratic as ours, we have in recent years been drifting pretty fast toward one-man power; but Roosevelt, with his "big stick" policy, so called, was comparatively mild beside President Wilson, who has made more use of individual power, and broken more long-standing precedents, than any man who ever filled the Presidential chair.

If we are to continue to vest our governmental acts with Congress, rather than the President, actions restricting the power of the latter are in order, and this thought may have been in the minds of some of the Senators who apparently opposed the President, even to the verge of being proclaimed unpatriotic, and traitorous. Certainly, the situation was a very unusual one—one apparently calling for quick action—but, barring this, no thought would have arisen in the public mind that the Senators were exceeding their proper authority under the rules.

We are of the opinion, that, while Congress acts too slowly, and with too much "red tape," to meet dangerous emergencies swiftly, and while some smaller power is needed whereby to handle the daily changes in world affairs, it does not seem to us that this smaller power should be the President, nor even the President and Cabinet, but a larger council, having a fairly representative status. Presidential exercise of individual authority in even serious matters like the present, will not be popular in this country, even though just now there is a very strong sentiment for "backing him up" in everything he does.

Before a man can have the full confidence of the masses back of him, he must have demonstrated his right to such wonderful confidence, and the safety of granting it. The error of the Senators, therefore, in our humble opinion, was not in their expressing themselves against the demand of the President, but in obstructing the power and voice of the large majority who were willing to grant the President's demand. Having "one's say," and by filibustering to nullify the say of others, are quite different propositions.

We therefore approve the new rule of the Senate, which while permitting very liberal opportunity for expressing and developing opinions, also gives to that body the privilege of coming to a vote showing the preponderance of opinion, without having it "held up" by the mere physical ability of a few men to talk after time for legitimate talk has passed. Men, in Congress or out, have a right to express themselves; but, we must have action and legislation by the majority, in order to have our public business decently and intelligently disposed of.

In all probability, our Democracy is on trial as it never has been before. It may be that events will yet show that it will be absolutely essential for us to practice Monarchy, in taking quick and decisive actions affecting the whole people. Prompt self-defense is often essential to our safety. When a burglar is breaking into our house, we may be compelled to protect our property, in person, rather than wait for the officers of law. And so, it is easy to understand why it may, at times, be necessary for a President of the United States to act suddenly and swiftly; and yet, we would hold him down to extreme paucity in exercising it, and certainly not in the slightest encourage it.

Prices Likely to Drop.

Prices of eatables, as well as many other prices, are likely to dwindle to the supply and demand mark, with the coming of Spring. In many lines of trade prices have not been on this basis, but have been taken advantage of, not only for speculative purposes, but with the fear that stocks were running out. As a matter of fact, there has not been a serious shortage in any of the products of this country, save that which has been brought about by large exports—a shortage that we brought on ourselves.

With the planting time coming near, there will also be a feeling of plenty coming into market, and this will have a tendency to cause speculation to go slow with present stocks, especially as the people are beginning to get wise to where blame rests for many of the prices the country experienced during the winter months. Fear, rather than famine, has had much to do with creating big values.

Exports are likely to be less, due to the submarine situation, and this will unload produce in home markets. There will also be larger crops grown, this year, by more consumers, and not so much complete dependence on markets and large growers. Everybody who can, will try harder to help themselves, on the principle that forewarned is forearmed, and on this account the experience of the past year will have long-standing value. Bread and meat will still continue to be in the hands of the big producers, but the substitutes will not, and especially if this country should be extensively involved in war, prices on the two main foods are sure to remain high.

It is a sure thing that if hundreds of thousands of our men are to continue in the manufacture of war munitions, and other hundreds of thousands be called to

take up arms, farm help will grow less and less, and crop production be reduced. It is folly to think that land can be made to produce big crops without cultivators and harvesters. There is no use in calling on farmers to grow greater crops, yet so industrialize the country as to take the needed help away from the farm. The question of supply and demand in farm labor, is equally as vital as the question of supply and demand for farm products.

Speculating in Food.

Every now and then we hear of some man—likely in Chicago—controlling a million bushels of potatoes, or ten million dozens of eggs, or some equally enormous quantity of some other food, and at once we grow righteously indignant, and say such practices should not be allowed—that there should be no speculative corners in food, to force up prices on consumers—that all cold-storage schemes for bringing about profit corners, are odious and oppressive.

This is about the same style of argument that we use against monopolies, or trusts; they are criminal because they restrain trade, fix prices, through combination, etc. When anything gets big enough to get in our way, or hurt our feelings, or our pocket book, we get very indignant and are willing to have it wiped off the face of the earth. There may not be very much principle involved, and the objected-to thing may be legitimate enough—but, it hurts us, and that is enough.

Little fellows, doing worse things, are taken little account of, except by those directly concerned—they hurt too few people to raise any public interest. And that is the thing that counts—the number of people hurt, and not how they are hurt. A man may hold for speculation a hundred, or even a thousand, bushels of something (all he has) and be considered within his rights; but, if he buy us a million bushels, and takes a speculative chance on a big scale, he is a thief because he has so much financial ability to do the same thing the little fellow does. In principle, there is no real difference between the two, for both are willing to squeeze somebody else to make him give up a bigger price.

The farmer who holds his own crop, the warehouseman who holds his capacity limit, the elevator company that holds the larger limit, and the fellow able to hold the million quantity, are all playing exactly the same game—holding, dealing, speculating, for greater profit—hoping and waiting for higher market prices—and none of them care anything about the chap called the "ultimate consumer." Of course, the one who is able to hold out the longest, and compel prices to come his way, gets all the rest "down on him," but after all, it is only envy showing itself.

The Best Road to Build.

Bombarded on all sides with advice as to the type of road he should build, it is little wonder that the tax-payer's mind is confused on this important subject. He hopes to invest his money to the highest advantage but is confronted with so many different theories that he can place little reliance upon any of them. For example, promoters of concrete roads tell him that this type is 100 per cent. efficient, will last indefinitely and that it will require practically no outlay for repairs. Then the promoter of the bituminous road appears and declares that this is all bunk—that concrete roads crack, heave and disintegrate—and that the only thing to do is to build a good stone road bound with asphalt. The concrete man will come back with the assertion that bituminous roads mean excessive cost for maintenance.

If the tax-payer will disregard all these statements and examine sundry types of roads already built he will profit by it. He will discover that the various statements made by promoters of competing roads are partly true and partly false, and his final conclusion will be that the only safe bet is to make it a fifty-fifty proposition, which merely means that he will so combine the two materials as to get the best service from each.

In other words, it is true that concrete in many situations is an enduring material, but it is also true that it has a tendency to crack, buckle and disintegrate when carried to a road wearing surface. Therefore, the way to control it is to use it as a road base protecting it from traffic wear and destructive changes in temperature and moisture by giving it an enduring and water-shedding wearing surface of asphalt macadam. It will then stay in place and give long years of satisfactory service just as it is doing on millions of square yards of city streets.

And in the case of asphalt or bituminous roads if the stone foundations are too weak to stand modern heavy traffic, there will result, as claimed by the concrete road promoter, high maintenance cost. In brief, asphalt macadam should have the weight-carrying or sustaining concrete base, while the concrete in turn needs the protection afforded by the elastic asphalt wearing surface.

Our great cities long ago discovered the economic value of combining these two excellent road materials with the result that splendid boulevards have been laid at less cost than many farming communities are paying for roads carrying a very small percentage of the boulevard traffic. —Good Roads Press Information.

Care of the Sitting Hen.

Washington, D. C., March 12.—The sitting hen, which is used most generally for incubation purposes on the farm should receive a certain amount of care and attention during the process of hatching eggs. To a great extent the care given a sitting hen plays an important part on the number and condition of the chicks when hatched. With this end in view, the poultry specialists of the U. S. Department of Agriculture make the following suggestions:

If several hens are sitting in the same room, see that they are kept on the nests, allowing them to come off only once a day to receive feed and water, the feed to consist of corn, wheat, or both. If there are any that do not desire to come off themselves, they should be taken off. Hens usually return to their nests before there is any danger of the eggs chilling, but if they do not go back in half an hour in ordinary weather, they should be put on the nest. Where a large number of sitters are kept in one room, it is advisable to let them off in groups of from 4 to 6 at a time. The eggs and nests should be examined and cleaned, removing all broken eggs and washing those that are soiled; in the latter case the soiled nesting material should be removed and clean straw added. Nests containing broken eggs that the hen is allowed to sit on, soon become infested with mites and lice, which cause the hens to become uneasy and leave the nest, often causing the loss of valuable sittings of eggs.

In mite-infested nests, the hen, if fastened in, will often be found standing over rather than sitting on the eggs. Many eggs that are laid in the late winter and early spring are infertile. For this reason it is advisable to set several hens at the same time. After the eggs have been under the hens from 5 to 7 days, the time depending somewhat on the color and thickness of the shells—white-shelled eggs being easier to test than those having brown shells—they should be tested, the infertile eggs and dead germs removed, and the fertile eggs put back under the hen. In this way it is often possible to put all the eggs that several hens originally started to sit on under fewer hens and reset the others. For example, 30 eggs are set under 3 hens at the same time, 10 under each. At the end of 7 days we find on testing the eggs from all the hens that 10 are infertile, which leaves us 20 eggs to reset, which we do by putting them under 2 hens, and have the remaining hen sit over again after she has sat only 7 days. In this way considerable time can be saved in one's hatching operations.

TESTING EGGS FOR FERTILITY.

An egg, whether impregnated or not, has a small grayish spot on the surface of the yolk known as the "germinal spot." As soon as a fertile egg is placed under a hen, or in an incubator, development begins. All eggs should be tested at least twice during the period of incubation, preferably on the seventh and fourteenth days, and the infertile eggs and dead germs removed. White eggs can be tested on the fourth or fifth day, while the development in eggs having brown shells often can not be seen by the use of an ordinary egg tester until the seventh day. Dead germs soon decay and give off a bad odor if allowed to remain under the hen. Infertile eggs make good feed for young chickens, and are often used in the home for culinary purposes. Most incubator companies furnish testing chimneys with their machines which will fit ordinary lamps. Electric or gas lamps may be used in a box with a hole slightly smaller than an egg cut in the side of the box and at the same level as the light. They may also be tested by sunlight, or daylight, using a shutter or curtain with a small hole in it for the light to shine through.

A good homemade egg tester, or candler, can be made with a large shoe box, or any box that is large enough to go over a lamp, by removing the end and cutting a hole a little larger than the size of a quarter in the bottom of the box, so that when it is set over a kerosene lamp the hole in the bottom will be opposite the blaze. A hole the size of a silver dollar should be cut in the top of the box to allow the heat to escape.

The eggs are tested with the large end up, so that the size of the air cell may be seen as well as the condition of the embryo. The testing should take place in a dark room. The infertile egg when held before the small hole with the lamp lighted inside the box will look perfectly clear, the same as a fresh one, while a fertile egg will show a small dark spot, known as the embryo, with a mass of little blood veins extending in all directions, if the embryo is living; if dead, and the egg has been incubated for at least 48 hours, the blood settles away from the embryo toward the edges of the yolk, forming in some cases an irregular circle of blood, known as a blood ring. Eggs vary in this respect, some showing only a streak of blood. All infertile eggs should be removed at the first test. The eggs containing strong, living embryos are dark and well filled up on the fourteenth day, and show a clear, sharp, distinct line of demarcation between the air cell and the growing embryo, while dead germs show only partial development, and lack this clear, distinct outline.—U. S. Dept. Agriculture.

Sprains and Strains Relieved

Sloan's Liniment quickly takes the pain out of strains, sprains, bruises and all muscle soreness. A clean, clear liquid easily applied, it quickly penetrates without rubbing. Sloan's Liniment does not stain the skin or clog the pores like mussy plasters or ointments. For chronic rheumatic aches and pains, neuralgia, gout and lumbago have this well-known remedy handy. For the pains of grippe and following strenuous work, it gives quick relief. At all druggists, 25c. Advertisement.

HESSON'S DEPARTMENT STORE

We Are Prepared? Are You?

Are YOU prepared for the demands of the HOUSE CLEANING and MOVING SEASON, with all its necessities? WE are well prepared with a Full Stock of all such Goods.

Carpets
Our line of these is made up of a fine lot of Brussels, Ingrain, Rag and Cottage Carpets, in attractive designs. We can save you money on these. Come and look them over.

Brussels Rugs
We have just received a new lot of Brussels Rugs size 9x12 ft. in very beautiful designs at the lowest price possible.

Window Shades
We always carry a full line of Window Shades and are prepared to furnish your house with any size at a reasonable price.

Spring Clothes For Men
TAYLOR'S New Style Book has arrived, and they show a large variety of Up-to-date Samples, at a Big Value.

We also have a very attractive line of Ready-made Clothing for Spring, which it will pay you to look over. If you are on the market for an Easter Suit, see us now. Don't put it off.

Store Closes at 6 p. m., Monday, Wednesday and Friday

THE BIRNIE TRUST CO., TANEYTOWN, MD.

Said a stranger, "I would like to have something to eat, but I am not very hungry. All I want is a little corn pone."
"Come right in," she said, "Ef cawn pone is all what yu wants yu cum to th' right place. We ain't got nothing else but."

As for Preparedness and Efficiency, we have "Nothing else but"

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Here may be seen a beautiful exhibition of worthwhile Monuments, Headstones and Markers, at moderate prices. No other store is better equipped to design, build and erect Cemetery Memorials. Hence, this message of welcome to all to visit this display, and become acquainted with a store that has achieved success through service. For years, I have made it my business to know all about Memorial Work—to offer every advantage to my customers—to assemble the best in Memorials for the cemetery—to have the Memorial you want, at the price you want to pay.

You get in Mathias' Store, greater variety, better designs, finer workmanship, lower prices, superior service, and an unqualified perpetual guarantee.
All Stores delivered anywhere by Auto Truck
200 Monuments and Headstones to select from
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When it comes to neat and effective printing of any kind we will guarantee to give you satisfaction

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is one in which the merchant himself has implicit faith—else he will not advertise it. You are safe in patronizing the merchants whose ads appear in this paper because their goods are up to date and not shop worn. : : :

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE
Latest Items of Local News Furnished
by Our Regular Staff of Writers.

All communications for this department must be signed by the author; not for publication, but as an evidence that the items contributed are legitimate and correct. Items based on mere rumor, or such as are likely to give offense, are not wanted.

UNION BRIDGE.

A program of sacred song was rendered in the M. E. church, Sunday night, in place of the regular preaching services. The singing and music was of a high order and consisted of congregational singing, solos, duets, quartettes and choruses. The church was crowded and the service much enjoyed by all.

Quimby O'Connor spent Sunday and Monday in Baltimore, visiting and sight-seeing. Joe Englar, who boards at H. H. Bond's home, is in bed with quinsy.

Doris, little daughter of Dr. T. H. Legg, is a belated victim of measles. Mrs. Warren E. Dudderer, of Oak Orchard, is spending some time with her cousins, Misses Florentine and Jane Ecker.

Brazilia A. Jones, of Aspers, Adams county, Pa., a former resident of town, has been visiting his sister, Mrs. Henry R. Fuss, and other relatives and friends this week.

Mrs. Jaggers, daughter Dorothy, and son Jewell, left for Philadelphia, on Wednesday morning, to visit her sisters, until the return of Rev. Jaggers from the M. E. Conference, which meets in Baltimore the latter part of March.

James Sinnott and wife, and son Thomas, and Mrs. Kate O'Connor, and son Delphy, attended the funeral of William Delphy, at Middleburg, on Wednesday. Mrs. John W. Smith and grand-daughter, Miss Linda Fox, are visiting Mrs. Kate O'Connor. They also attended Mr. Delphy's funeral.

John David, youngest son of Andrew Kerns and wife, died on Saturday, of pneumonia, at the tender age of eight months. Mrs. Raymond Strawsburg, of Hagerstown, spent Saturday and Sunday in town.

Her daughter, Miss Eva Davis, spent last week in town, visiting her friend, Miss Rhoda Harry, and returned home with her mother, Sunday evening. Mrs. Theodore Fowle and grand-daughter, Miss Eakle, spent Sunday at the home of the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Eakle, of Hagerstown.

Misses Cleo Pittinger and Esther Loftus spent from Friday evening until Sunday evening in Baltimore.

Miss Lamora Franklin, of Baltimore, spent Sunday with her mother, Mrs. Mary Franklin.

Mrs. George Barry, and Mr. and Mrs. Diely visited, on Sunday, at John Bowman's, at Middleburg.

Mrs. Carl Abbott, of Baltimore, visited on Sunday at the home of G. W. Abbott and wife. Dr. W. H. Demmitt, of Baltimore, spent Friday in town, on business.

Mrs. Reuben Saylor has made no improvement since last week, and is critically ill. March, "many weathers," is surely true of the present month.

Ross F. Sappington, formerly with J. Wesley Little, now with J. G. McCauley & Co., merchants of Harrisonburg, Rockingham county, Va., spent from Saturday until Monday visiting friends in town.

Miss Mary Menchey, who has resided with her uncle, Frank T. Shriver, the past 9 years, left on Tuesday for the home of her parents, George and Amanda Menchey, Hanover, Pa., for a prolonged stay.

Mrs. Mollie Snurr and little son, Marshall, of Waynesboro, are spending the week at Mrs. Ellen Sponsler's. Mrs. Thomas Z. Fogle, of Hagerstown, spent Wednesday at W. W. Fogle's.

Mrs. William Coleman and daughter, Lizzie, spent Wednesday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Harvey Harry. Miss Ada Little had a recurrence of her old ailment, bleeding of the gums, first of the week, and has been in bed most of the time since.

Mrs. G. C. Eichelberger is still slowly improving. NEW MIDWAY.

Clarence Albright and family, of Frederick, spent Sunday with Andrew Albright and wife. Misses Mary and Lula Renner, spent Sunday with Mrs. John Renner.

Mrs. James Renner, spent a few days last week with her parents, Joseph Hummer and wife, of Walkersville. Quite a number attended the pound party held at the home of Horace Radcliffe, on Thursday evening. At a late hour refreshments were served.

Mr. Holtz, wife and daughter, of Littlestown, are spending some time with David Clark. John Eyer and wife, spent Saturday in Taneytown.

Miss Rhea Smith, spent Saturday in Frederick. Samuel Fogle and Harvey Haugh, have moved to their new homes. Quite a number of people in this vicinity are busy attending sales.

Mrs. Jackson Eyer, who has been on the sick list, is slowly improving. Mrs. Genevieve Beall, who was confined to the house for a few days, is able to be out. There will be a pound party held at the home of Milton Dutow, on March 20th., 1917. Also one held at Edward Lambert's, March 22nd.

TYRONE.

Howard Rodkey, wife and daughter, Alice, Ira Rodkey and wife, Mrs. Wm. Flohr, spent Friday with Jacob Rodkey. William Formwalt is on the sick list. Norman Graham, son of Charles Graham who was very ill is improving.

Howard Rodkey, wife and daughters, Ruthanna and Alice, spent Sunday with Mrs. R.'s parents, Henry Kenzer, of Hanover, Pa.

Misses Sadie Flickinger, Naomi and Grace Rodkey, spent Sunday with Wm. Flickinger.

Miss Bessie Yungling returned home after spending several weeks with friends in Baltimore.

BLUE RIDGE COLLEGE.

A minstrel show will be given in the College Gym, on Friday evening, at 8 o'clock, for the benefit of the Athletic Association. Come out.

On Saturday evening, March 24, Miss Ethelyn Bargett, a Cartoonist and Reader, will appear in the College Gym, as a number of the Lyceum Course. She has been in Blue Ridge before and is highly talented. This will be the last regular number of the Course. An extra number will be given sometime in April, announcement of which will be made later.

The Hiawathian Literary Society will render a public program on Saturday evening. A splendid program is arranged and we will assure you splendid entertainment.

The Student Volunteer Band journeyed to Westminster, on Sunday evening, and gave a missionary program in the Brethren church at that place.

Elder W. E. Rupp, of near Westminster, preached a missionary sermon in the college chapel, on Sunday morning.

Ralph Bonsack entertained the college seniors at his home, on Tuesday evening of last week.

Prof. Bowman was on a business trip to Hagerstown and returned Tuesday morning.

Last week was Trustee week. Trustees Bonsack, Englar and Snader conducted our Chapel exercises for us. Their talks were of a good and practical sort.

Merle Coover, who was on Border duty since last July, has resumed his school work. We are surely glad to have him with us. The work at the Gym is now fully organized and everybody interested.

Mrs. Richards, of Winchester, Va., and Miss Margery Finkbein, of Annapolis, Md., visited the Misses Shryock and Finkbein over the week-end.

Clear Your Skin in Spring

Spring house cleaning means cleaning inside and outside. Dull pimply skin is an aftermath of winter inactivity. Flush your intestines with a mild laxative and clean out the accumulated wastes, easy to take, they do not gripe. Dr. King's New Life Pills will clear your complexion and brighten your eye. Try Dr. King's New Life Pills tonight and throw off the sluggish winter shell. At druggists, 25c. Advertisement.

LITTLESTOWN.

The Mite Society of St. Paul's Lutheran church met at the home of Mrs. George Yount, on Tuesday evening.

H. C. Feterhoff, of the State Department, of Harrisburg, delivered an excellent lecture at the school house, Tuesday evening, at 7.30. His subject was "Vocational Education."

An entertainment was given in the High School building, on Thursday evening, under the auspices of the Friendship Circle of St. Paul's Lutheran Sunday school. The Bell Telephone Co. gave three reels of pictures, showing the workings of the telephone system, and an address was given by B. H. Overpeck, district manager of the Bell Telephone Co., of York.

Miss Ethel Basehoar, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Basehoar, has been re-elected to her position in the High School, Moundsville, W. Va.

Ephraim Gettier, of Philadelphia, is visiting his parents, Dr. and Mrs. C. P. Gettier.

Mrs. Johnson, wife of Rev. E. S. Johnson, former pastor of the Lutheran church, of this place, is seriously ill at her home in Allen, Pa.

Mrs. L. B. Hensley is able to be out again after being confined to the house for two weeks. CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY A FAVORITE FOR COLDS.

J. L. Easley, Macon, Ill., in speaking of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy says, "During the past fifteen years it has been my sister's favorite medicine for colds on the lungs. I myself have taken it a number of times when suffering with a cold and it always relieved me promptly." Advertisement.

PINEY CREEK.

J. C. Sauerwein has returned home after spending several days in Frederick county.

Mrs. Harry Cutsail and children, spent Sunday with Chas. Rinehart and wife.

Miss Catherine Sauerwein spent Sunday with J. A. Kump and wife.

Wm. Lemmon and wife spent Sunday at Hanover, Pa., with Mrs. Lemmon's parents, Alfred Bowers and wife.

DETOUR.

John Hahn's sale, on Saturday, was very well attended and things brought excellent prices. Mr. Hahn is undecided as to his future home.

Nora Forney, of Baltimore, spent Sunday night with Charles Horner and wife. Caleb Wolfe spent Tuesday in Baltimore, on business.

Mrs. Dorsey Diller, who spent last week with M. C. Flohr and wife, of Washington, returned home, Saturday evening.

Charles W. Diller has purchased a pair of large mules. Mrs. G. S. J. Fox has been on the sick list.

Mrs. Carroll Cover and daughters, Luellen and Madge, of Keymar, spent at few days this week with Mrs. Cover's parents, here.

MAYBERRY.

Harry Flickinger and wife are moving to the farm which they bought of Samuel Flickinger, near Taneytown.

Those on the sick list are Mrs. Ezra Spigler, Ellen Boring and Arthur Dayhoff.

Miss Zelma King is confined to her bed with a severe attack of rheumatism.

Preaching, this Saturday evening, at 7.30; Sunday morning at 10.00 o'clock.

MIDDLEBURG.

Chas. Myers, who spent a few days with his mother, has returned to Baltimore.

Mrs. Daniel Repp has returned from the hospital and is getting along fine.

Mrs. Carrie Hyde and son, Paul, spent Tuesday and Wednesday, in Frederick. The sale of Chas. Bowman, of last Saturday was largely attended. He had a fine sale, the amount being \$2058.

The death of William Delphey was quite a shock to the community, on Monday. He had been complaining, but his condition did not seem serious until on Friday night, when he was taken to Union Bridge to a doctor, who considered him too ill to return to his home, so remained with the doctor all night, and on Saturday morning was taken to the Md. University Hospital where he was operated on, Sunday, and it was found the appendix had ruptured and peritonitis had set in, although he had a chance, but his heart was too weak to stand the shock and died on Monday morning. Will was a very jovial young man and will be greatly missed by his comrades and home folks.

A Bilious Attack.

When you have a bilious attack your liver fails to perform its functions. You become constipated. The food you eat ferments in your stomach instead of digesting. This inflames the stomach and causes nausea, vomiting and a terrible headache. Take Chamberlain's Tablets. They will tone up your liver, clean out your stomach and you will soon be as well as ever. They only cost a quarter. Advertisement.

KEYMAR.

Week-end visitors at Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Haugh's, were Mr. and Mrs. Charles Morningstar and daughter; Mr. and Mrs. Cleve Bohn and children, all of Hagerstown; Mr. and Mrs. Reuben Bohn, Mrs. Roy Strine and son, of Westminster; Mr. Harry Bohn, of Baltimore, and Mr. Weant.

Mr. Davidson, of Chicago, Ill., visited O. D. Birely and family.

Lynn Smith and wife, of Woodsboro, spent Sunday with Mrs. J. C. Newman.

Bradley Newman, of Woodsboro, spent Sunday with his cousin, Ralph Newman. Carrie Bowman, of Middleburg, spent Sunday with Mary Newman.

The friends of William Delphey, of Middleburg, were shocked to hear of his sudden death which occurred at the Md. University Hospital, Monday morning.

Miss Lula Stover, spent Sunday at her home in New Midway.

Lelia Frock spent Tuesday with Alice Garber.

Mrs. Harry Reese and children, of Linwood, spent Saturday and Sunday with Mrs. W. H. Otto and children.

KEYSVILLE.

Miss Anna Ritter has returned home after spending a few days with her friends, in Emmitsburg.

Mrs. Edward Hahn, was operated on for appendicitis at the Frederick hospital. Harry Clabaugh and daughters, Ethel and Helen, of York, visited Joseph Clabaugh, on Sunday.

Movings have started, Ray Hahn moved from William Stonesifer's house to Charlie Diller's house, near town.

Mrs. C. R. Kooztz and Mrs. A. N. Forney who have been ill, are somewhat improved at this writing. STOP LEFT OVER COUGHS.

Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey will stop that hacking cough that lingers from January. The soothing pine balsams loosen the phlegm, heal the irritated membrane, the glycerine relieves the tender tissues, you breathe easier and coughing ceases. Don't neglect a lingering cough; it is dangerous. Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey is antiseptic and pleasant to take, benefits young and old, gets it at your druggist's today. Formula on the bottle. 25c. Advertisement.

A DRUNKARD'S SERMON.

(Re-published, by request.) Probably no more eloquent or dramatic sermon on the sin of drunkardness was ever delivered than that to which a small gathering of drinking men recently listened in a New Orleans bar-room.

The Picanoy of that city tells the story. The drinkers—a group of well-dressed young men with plenty of money—were standing in a row, when a poor, miserable specimen of a tramp pushed open the swinging doors and, with bleared eyes, looked at them appealingly. They ordered a drink for him, paid for it, and then boisterously demanded that he make a speech. After swallowing the liquor, the tramp gazed at them for an instant, and then, with a dignity and eloquence that showed how far he had fallen in the social scale, he began to speak.

"Gentlemen," he said, "I look tonight at you and at myself, and it seems to me I look upon the picture of my lost manhood. This bloated face was once a young and handsome of yours. This shambling figure once walked as proudly as yours, a man in the world of men. I, too, once had a home and friends and position. I had a wife as beautiful as an artist's dream, and I dropped the priceless pearl of her honor and respect in the wine cup, and Cleopatra-like, saw it dissolved, and quaffed it down in the brimming draught. I had children as sweet and lovely as the flowers of spring. I saw them fade and die under the blighting curse of a drunkard father. I had a home where love lit the flame upon the altar and ministered before it, and I put out the holy fire and darkness and desolation reigned in its stead. I had aspirations and ambitions that soared as high as the morning star, and I broke and strangled them, that I might be tortured with their cries no more. Today I am a husband without a wife, a father without a child, a tramp with no home to call his own, a man in whom every good impulse is dead—all, all swallowed up in the malediction of drink."

The tramp ceased speaking. The glass fell from his nerveless fingers and shivered into a thousand fragments on the floor. The swinging doors pushed open and shut to again, and when the little group about the bar looked up the tramp was gone. He had gone out into the dark December night, to wander no doubt till dawn, but he, outcast though he was, had made an impression. They felt that he had received a lesson which they would remember while they lived and when they left the bar-room the words of the poor wanderer still sounded in their ears like a note of warning.

WANTED!

Horses, Mules, Fat Bulls, Steers, Heifers and Cows, Fresh and Springers

Drop me a Postal, or Telephone me, and I will call and see Stock, and will pay highest market price.

HOWARD J. SPALDING, LITTLESTOWN, PA.

DIED.

Obituaries, poetry and resolutions, charged for at the rate of five cents per line. The regular death notices published free.

WM. EDWARD DELPHEY.

On March 12, 1917, at Md. University Hospital, Baltimore, William Edward Delphey, son of George N. and Mrs. Nettie Delphey, of Middleburg, aged 19 years, 7 months, 28 days. Death was due to peritonitis following appendicitis. Funeral services were held at the M. E. church, Middleburg, by Rev. F. Y. Jaggers, on Wednesday morning. He is survived by nine brothers and sisters.

IN REMEMBRANCE

Of my father, Otha A. Shank, who departed this life, twelve years ago, March 15.

Day by day I saw him fade And slowly pine away, Yet in my heart I'd pray That he might longer stay.

I often sit and wonder At what you would say, If you only knew the changes That happened since that day.

By his daughter, MRS. GEO. W. NEWCOMER.

IN SAD BUT LOVING REMEMBRANCE

Of our dear parents, William H. and Elizabeth Clutz, who departed this life two years ago.

Farewell, farewell our parents dear, We have spent two sad and lonely years; When you came that our dear hearts, The day that you and we did part.

What happy days we once enjoyed, How sweet their memory still; But they leave an aching void, This world can never fill.

Oh, how sudden was the summons, Oh, the grief no tongue can tell, When you came that our dear hearts, Had passed from earth to Heaven to dwell.

Dear Saviour, what a weight of sorrow, Give us grace from on high to bear; Only those who have lost kind, true parents, Can our life-long sorrow share.

THE FAMILY.

Despondency Due to Constipation.

Women often becomes nervous and despondent. When this is due to constipation it is easily corrected by taking an occasional dose of Chamberlain's Tablets. These tablets are easy to take and pleasant in effect. Advertisement.

Confiding in the Telephone.

A new use for the trouble department of a telephone office has been discovered. The Southwestern Telephone News reports it in these words: "The family had not had their telephone very long, and everybody took a deep and abiding interest in it. On the outside of the directory they had noticed the words, 'Trouble, call No. 4217.'"

It had been a hard morning, and everything had gone wrong. Finally the lady of the house, in desperation, turned to her trusty telephone and called 4217. "This is the trouble department," answered the operator, sweetly.

"Is this where you report your troubles?" asked the lady.

"Yes, ma'am."

"Well, I only want to report that our cat got drowned in the cistern this morning; the baby is cutting a new tooth; the cook left without warning; we are out of sugar and starch; the stovepipe fell down; the milkman left only a pint instead of a quart today; the bread won't rise; my oldest child is coming down with the measles; the plumbing in the cellar leaks; we have only enough coal to last through tomorrow; the paint gave out when I got only half over the dining room floor; the mainspring of the clock is broken; my three sisters-in-law are coming to visit tomorrow; the man has not called for the garbage for two weeks; our dog has the mange; the looking-glass fell off the wall a while ago and broke to pieces; and I think that my husband is taking considerable notice of a widow lady that lives next door. That's all today, but if anything happens later I'll call you up and tell you about it."

A Real Booster.

A copyrighted folder came to our office this week, entitled "The Booster," from which we exercise the liberty of clipping the following paragraphs describing a "real booster":

"You are a paid-up subscriber to your town newspapers, not only for the news it contains but because in a general way it is the general medium for the expression of community ideas, and the editor a booster after your own heart.

If you are in business you are a liberal advertiser, not merely for the sake of the business it brings you, but because you realize that newspaper men are constantly doing a lot of things for the town for which they wouldn't let you compensate them in any other way."

PRINTERS' INK

HAS been responsible for thousands of business successes throughout the country. Everybody in town may know you but they don't know what you have to sell.

Advertising Will Help You

WANTED!

Horses, Mules, Fat Bulls, Steers, Heifers and Cows, Fresh and Springers

Drop me a Postal, or Telephone me, and I will call and see Stock, and will pay highest market price.

HOWARD J. SPALDING, LITTLESTOWN, PA.



IT'S TIME
They know, for that
delicious feed of
Conkey's Buttermilk
STARTING FOOD

the only baby chick food with buttermilk in it.
Just right for the first three weeks. Helps keep off chick diseases, gets chicks started right. It makes strong sturdy chicks that grow into big birds, good breeders, big egg producers—real money makers.
Bags \$1.00 to \$5.75—Packages 10 to 50c—BUY A BAG
Come in and get a big free sample package—enough to feed five chicks for one week.

STANDARD COLONY BROODER
PRICE, \$16.00
The greatest, most practical coal-burning Brooder ever made. Burns 24 hours on one coal. Self-feeding, self-regulating, everlasting. Broods 100 to 1000 chicks at a guaranteed cost of less than 6 cents a day. Used by over 10,000 big and little breeders.
Sold on 30 Days' Free Trial
If it doesn't come up to every claim we make, you get your money back without argument.

REINDOLLAR BROS & CO.

SPRING OPENING
The predominance of the Chinese note in the New Spring Millinery has suggested the holding of
AN ELABORATE
CHINESE MILLINERY OPENING
Friday and Saturday, March 16 and 17
Your Attendance is Most Cordially Urged

THE HAT SHOP

14 Main St, West Westminster, Md.

Friday Evening, March 16th will be Courtesy Night.

Our Shop will be open from 7 to 9.30. You and your friends are cordially invited to visit us.

FURNITURE-FURNITURE-FURNITURE

Stop! Take your time! Look! After you have looked--Read!
The Wise Man says: "Don't delay; buy today."

We are in a position to save you money on your Furniture. But, we must have your order very soon, if we are to be privileged to do so. New prices are continually coming in. There have been further advances on Kitchen Cabinets of \$2.00; Mattresses, 75c; Iron Beds, 50c; Bedroom Suits, \$1.50 to \$2.50.

In keeping with our policy of always treating our customers right, we are going to hold down prices as long as possible. We are going to do it to the sacrifice of profit to ourselves.

Here's Your Opportunity---Grasp it at once!

Kitchen Cabinets, while they last, at old prices.
Our Dandy 50-lb. Special, 2-piece Felt Mattress, still only \$7.50.
For two weeks, all the Iron Beds in stock, at old prices.
Our All-Oak Bedroom Suits, nice patterns, still \$29.50 up.
Regular \$2.50 Genuine Spanish Leather Diners; Special, only \$2.00 each.
Regular \$1.00 Child's Rocker, nice designs; Special, 65c.
Regular 98c Child's High Chair, Golden Oak, Special, 50c.

Do you want honest, well-made, good, serviceable Furniture? Do you want to buy it at reasonable prices—less than some ask for cheap, thrown-together Furniture? If you do, give us a call. We have saved others money on their Furniture, why not let us save you some.

Be Wise! It costs no more. Don't delay! Place your order with us today.

C. O. FUSS & SON, M. C. FUSS
Phone 16R TANEYTOWN, MD. Phone 16R

Read the Advertisements
— IN THE —
CARROLL RECORD.

Floral Antiseptic Tooth Powder for cleaning and beautifying the teeth. Makes the teeth white and purifies the breath. 10c bottle.—Get at McKellip's Advertisement.

McCleery's Jewelry Store

48 NORTH MARKET ST., NEXT TO "THE NEWS,"
FREDERICK, MARYLAND.

**RELIABLE GOODS COURTEOUS SERVICE
RIGHT PRICES**

**WE GUARANTEE ALL OF OUR WATCH, CLOCK AND JEWELRY
REPAIRING AND SOLICIT YOUR PATRONAGE**

PHONE 705

PIANOS! PIANOS! PIANOS!


February and March Second-Hand List—Must Be Sold.

Whitman Upright—\$119.	Knabe—Good condition, \$49.
Compton—Price—Like New.	Lehr—Slightly used, Bargain.
York—Almost new—Bargain.	Vough—Excellent—Like new.
Radle—Fine condition.	Rosenkrantz—\$75.
Schenke—Player—Bargain.	Kimball—Good as new.

Lowest Factory Prices on all new Pianos. We sell the Famous Lehr, Radle, Werner, Vough, and others sold for years at Birely's Palace of Music. Organs, \$10 up. Victrola Talking Machines.

We take all kinds of old musical instruments in exchange.
Very Low Prices—Easy Terms—We Save You Money.

CRAMER'S Palace of Music, Frederick, Md.
PHONE 455-R
FACTORY REPRESENTATIVES.
Visit Our 5, 10 and 25c Department. 11-24,tf



Every factor of a good investment is met in the Ford car for business utility—low first cost, small upkeep, minimum depreciation. With these merits is all the motor car performance you can buy at any price. In city or country Ford service is close at hand—the service that keeps more than 1,750,000 Ford cars in daily use. Touring Car, \$360; Runabout, \$345; Coupelet, \$505; Town Car, \$595; Sedan, \$645—all f. o. b. Detroit. Remember, Ford owners drive their cars all the year around.

C. L. HUMER, Agent,
Taneytown, Md.

"At the Old Stand."
H. A. ALLISON

All work entrusted to me will be under my personal supervision. Being sole owner of this business now, enables me to name lower prices and to give better terms.

Heating, Plumbing and Well Drilling

up to a depth of 800 feet. Contracts made and estimates cheerfully given on all classes of work.

**Hand & Power Pumps, Gasoline Engines
Windmills, Roofing, Spouting,
Stoves and Ranges.**

Pipeless Furnaces a Specialty

Prompt, satisfactory service guaranteed. Get my prices and save money.

H. A. ALLISON, Taneytown, Md.

CONCRETE BLOCKS

FOR HOUSES AND SILOS
CEMENT WALKS
BUILDING FOUNDATIONS

CONCRETE WORK OF ALL KINDS
SEE ME FOR ESTIMATES

ARCHIE EYLER,
Middleburg, Md.

Ready For Business

In the D. W. Garner building, on Baltimore St., Taneytown. Contracts taken for

**Heating, Plumbing, Gas Fitting
and Well Drilling**

and all classes of repair work and supplies connected with this line of business. Can supply you with

Hand and Power Pumps, Gasoline Engines, Wind Mills, Roofing, Spouting, Stoves, Ranges, Etc.

Give me a call for anything you may need in my line, and I will guarantee you the best of service.

J. B. ELLIOT,
TANEYTOWN, MD.
1-19-17

PUBLIC SALE

The undersigned, intending to move to Philadelphia, will sell at public sale, at the Jacob Buffington premises, on Fairview Ave., Taneytown, on

SATURDAY, MARCH 31st., 1917,
at 12 o'clock, m., sharp, the following personal property:

OAK BEDROOM SUITE,
iron bed, 1 springs, 2 mattresses, child's cradle, No. 8 cook stove, 2 coal oil stoves, 1 a 3-burner, the other a 2-burner; kitchen cabinet, sink, 8-ft. extension table, Portland water power washing machine, lot kitchen and dining room chairs, 5 rockers, morris chair, baby carriage, dining room stand, couch, large mirror, book case, double heater room stove, large rug 11x12, nearly new; lot carpet, linoleum and matting, high chair, graphophone and about 60 records, 2 shot guns, 12 and 28 gauge; lot glass jars, lamps, lantern, garden rake, shovel, hoes, lot coal, hard and soft mixed, and many other articles.

TERMS CASH.
RAYMOND DAVIDSON,
J. N. O. Smith, Auct.
W. L. Koutz, Clerk. 3-9-17

SALE REGISTER

All sales for which this office does the printing and advertising, will be inserted under this heading (3 lines) free of charge, until sale. All others will be charged 50c for four insertions and 10c for each additional insertion, or \$1.00 for the entire term. For larger notices charges will be made according to length and number of insertions.

— MARCH —

17-1 o'clock, H. C. Boyer, Taneytown, Household Furniture. T. A. Martin, Auct.

17-12 o'clock, Reuben Wildhide, on Keysville road, Stock and Farming Implements, J. N. O. Smith, Auct.

18-12 o'clock, Harry B. Sentz and Carroll B. Shoemaker, near Harney, Stock, Implements, Household Goods. Wm. T. Smith, Auct.

18-10 o'clock, Keener Bankard, on Formwalt farm, Unlinton, Stock and Farming Implements, J. N. O. Smith, Auct.

19-10 o'clock, Hezekiah Studer, near Taneytown, Live Stock, Implements and some Household Goods. Wm. T. Smith, Auct.

20-10 o'clock, John H. Kiser, near Detour, Stock and Farming Implements, J. N. O. Smith, Auct.

20-12 o'clock, George W. Galt, Bruceville, Household Furniture, etc. Geo. H. Eyer, Auct.

21-10 o'clock, Newton Orndorff, Mt. Pleasant township, Pa. Large sale of Stock and Implements. Thompson & Crouse, Auct.

21-12 o'clock, Mrs. Wm. Crebs, near Emmitsburg road, Horse, Household Goods, etc. T. A. Martin, Auct.

21-12 o'clock, Chas. E. Keefe, nr Basehoar's Mill, Stock and Farming Implements, J. N. O. Smith, Auct.

22-11 o'clock, Cleason F. Erb, near New Windsor, Live Stock and Implements, E. A. Lawrence, Auct.

22-10 o'clock, Edward L. Formwalt, between Marker's Mill and Pa. line, Live Stock and Implements, Lumber and Posts, J. N. O. Smith, Auct.

22-12 o'clock, J. Frank King, near Bethel Church, Stock and Farming Implements, John Basehoar, Auct.

22-12 o'clock, Mrs. Geo. M. Fogle, near Taneytown, Stock and Farming Implements, Wm. T. Smith, Auct.

22-10 o'clock, Howard M. Hyle, 2 miles north Westminster, on Littlestown pike, Stock and Farming Implements.

23-11 o'clock, Daniel V. Weaver, Two Taverns Stock Farm, Mt. Joy Twp. Stock and Implements. G. R. Thompson, Auct.

23-11 o'clock, Cyrus F. Leppo, between Mayberry and Pleasant Valley, Live Stock and Implements. Wm. Warner, Auct.

23-12 o'clock, Mrs. David Oiler, near Taneytown, Stock and Farming Implements and Household Goods. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.

24-1 o'clock, Guy W. Haines, near Baust Church, Live Stock and Implements, Mervin Cashman, Auct.

24-1 o'clock, Earl Phillips, Taneytown, Household Goods. T. A. Martin, Auct.

24-12 o'clock, John Deberry, near Detour, Stock and Farming Implements, J. N. O. Smith, Auct.

26-10 o'clock, Levi Barnes, on the Bontsch farm, near Westminster, Stock and Implements. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.

26-12 o'clock, Thomas Fleagle, near Taneytown, Household Goods. T. A. Martin, Auct.

27-12 o'clock, Michael Humbert, on Emmitsburg road, near Taneytown, Personal Property. Wm. T. Smith, Auct.

27-10 o'clock, Chas. E. Eckard, on Samuel Roof farm, near Westminster, Stock and Farming Implements. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.

28-10 o'clock, J. M. Buffington, adjoining Union Bridge, Live Stock and Implements, J. N. O. Smith, Auct.

29-1 o'clock, Charles H. Crebs, Taneytown, Threshing Machinery, Horse, Buggy, etc. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.

30-12 o'clock, Edward Gettler, near Taneytown, Stock and Farming Implements and Household Goods. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.

31-12 o'clock, Raymond Davidson, in Taneytown, Household Goods, J. N. O. Smith, Auct.

31-1 o'clock, Benton Myerly, near Frisellburg, Horse, Cows and Household Goods.

— APRIL —

2-1 o'clock, Halbert Poole, in Taneytown, Horses, Mules, Vehicles, Automobile, Furniture, Harness, etc. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.

7-12 o'clock, Franklin Bowersox, Taneytown, Big Annual Sale of Buggies, Harness, Implements, etc. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.

NOTICE

Oyler & Spangler Fertilizer Works, Inc
at Gettysburg, Pa.

Are the people who will give you prompt services for all calls for

Dead Stock of Any Kind

Remember, we pay for all Dead Stock, and just as much as anybody; also telephone charges if there be any, so why not call the above firm, or M. R. Snider, Harney, Md.

I certainly do wish to thank the many friends that have called me since a member of the above firm, and I will see that your stock is removed at once.

STOP! LOOK! Beef Hides going up. Present prices: Bull, 16c; Steer, Cow and Heifer, 18c. Don't forget, Harney is the place to get the Highest Cash Prices at all times for your Hides. When you are ready to sell, call on

M. R. SNIDER,
12-22-tf Harney, Md.

Notice to Creditors.
This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphan's Court of Carroll County in Md., letters of administration upon the estate of

SAMUEL WEANT,
late of Carroll County, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers properly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 15th day of October, 1917; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hand this 16th day of March, 1917.

J. FRANK WRANT,
Administrator. 1-26-17

PRIVATE SALE OF A Desirable Home

The undersigned, as executrix of Geo. S. Valentine, deceased, by virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court of Carroll County, Maryland, will sell at private sale, the following described property:

12 ACRES OF LAND,
improved by a 2-story FRAME DWELLING, with back building attached, containing 7 rooms, good small barn, wash house, good pen, 2 chicken houses and all necessary outbuildings in good condition. There is a good well of water at the house and a cistern.

This property is located in Frederick County, Md., 2 1/2 miles west of Harney, on the public road from the Emmitsburg and Harney road, to the Plank road from Taneytown to Emmitsburg, and adjoins the lands of R. S. Hill, Walter Shoemaker and others. Possession will be given on the 1st day of April, 1918. Anyone wishing to view the property can do so by calling on Mr. Chas. Eyer, residing thereon. For further information address the undersigned.

SARAH C. VALENTINE,
Harney, Md., Executrix of
Geo. S. Valentine, deceased.

3-16-17

PUBLIC SALE

The undersigned, having bought the store of H. E. Fleagle, Mayberry, will sell at public sale, on his premises, near Baust church, on the road leading from State Road to Uniontown, Md., on

SATURDAY, MARCH 24th., 1917,
at 1 o'clock, p. m., the following property:

TWO HEAD HORSES,
a black horse, 6 yrs. old, a good driver and worker; bay horse 12 yrs. old, work anywhere hitched, good driver, and tearless of all road objects. 2 milk cows, 1 will be fresh by day of sale, an extra good cow, 1 a Fall cow; brood sow, will farrow in March; Osborne binder, Single corn plow, arrow plow, 17-tooth harrow, single and double trees, falling-top buggy, dung sled, slab drag, set front gears, set yankee harness, lines, straps, collars, lot doors, 1 a good panel door, window sash, churn, DeLaval cream separator, good as new, and many other articles.

TERMS—Sums of \$5.00 and under, cash. On sums above \$5.00 a credit of 6 months will be given on notes with approved security, with interest. No goods to be removed until settled for.

GUY W. HAINES,
Mervin Cashman, Auct.
Howard Maus, Clerk. 3-16-17

PUBLIC SALE

The undersigned, intending to remove from Taneytown, will sell at public sale, on his premises on York St., Taneytown, on

MONDAY, APRIL 2nd., 1917,
at 1 o'clock, p. m., sharp, the following property, to-wit:

LOT HORSES & MULES,
runabouts and buggies, 1-horse wagon and bed; 1916 Ford roadster, in fine condition; reason for selling, want a larger car; lot single and double harness, good as new; several riding saddles and bridles; lot stable and horse blankets, lot of farming implements, HOUSEHOLD GOODS, consisting of washing machine, good buffet, extension table, cook stove, refrigerator, lot chairs, and many other articles.

TERMS made known on day of sale.

HALBERT POOLE,
N. B.—From 25 to 30 head horses and mules on hand at private sale until day of sale.

PUBLIC SALE

The undersigned, intending to remove from Taneytown, will sell at Public Sale on his premises, Frederick St., Taneytown, on

SATURDAY, MARCH 24, 1917,
at 1 o'clock, p. m., the following described property—

1 LARGE DOUBLE HEATER,
with radiator attached to pipe; 1 No. 8 Red Cook Stove, with tank attached, good baker; 9 rocking chairs, other chairs, Wash Tubs, glass jars, crocks, 1 shop stove, some Blacksmith Tools, good Chiselbarrow, forks, rakes, shovels, hoes, Corn sheller, some Rhode Island Red Chickens by the pound, and many other articles not mentioned.

Terms made known on day of sale.

EARL PHILLIPS;
T. A. MARTIN, Auct.

Also, following the above, I will sell—
3 BEDSTEDS, 1 SAFE,
9 solid bottom chairs, baby carriage, lot of carpet, washstand, and other articles.

3-9-17 SHERMAN GILDS.



70 HEAD OF HORSES & MULES

At My Stables at Littlestown

From 3 to 10-year-old Mules and Horses, weighing from 800 to 1400 apiece, for sale or exchange. Will pay highest cash market price for fat Horses and Mules suitable for the Southern market. Come and see this stock before purchasing elsewhere.

HARRY A. SPALDING,
Littlestown, Pa.
3-9-17

Taneytown HOTEL PROPERTY FOR SALE

The Hotel Property known as the "Elliot House" in Taneytown, suitable for any business, situated on the Square, 21-Room House and Good Stable. Water and Gas Light through the house. Bath Rooms. Will sell cheap to quick buyer.

CHAS. A. ELLIOT,
York Co. Shrewsbury, Md.
1-26-17



Ingersoll JUNIOR A Dress-up Watch

THE small, thin Junior at \$2.50 is a watch a man need not feel backward in taking from his dress suit pocket.

Not only is it small and neat, but it has a solid nickel case which can't turn brassy. Comes also in the popular gun metal finish.

REINDOLLAR BROS & CO.
TANEYTOWN, MD.

ECONOMY - - of SILAGE

SPACE, TIME and WORK

And of money, too. Here's a standard silo with many exclusive advantages. It saves your engine as it has double splines with joints sealed. It's so constructed that the preservation of your silage is insured. It saves space because the extension roof adds 3 ft and lets you pack tight to the top. You save time and work, as just a twist of the wrist loosens the door, no matter how badly pinched. You can lighten the hoops while standing on "handle ladder." All these points and many more with the



GLOBE SILO

There is no extra charge for the dormer window in the roof. Door is extra strong—thick side with cross bar. Extension roof. Many other convincing points explained in our free booklet.

J. L. ZACHARIAS, Agent.
C&P Phone 28-3E Emmitsburg, Md. 3-9-17



Half-Sole Your Worn Tires

Don't throw them away—the sidewalls are still firm, the beads are strong, and the fabric is in good condition.

International Rubber Half-Sole Tires

are absolutely guaranteed to give you at least 3,500 miles of puncture-proof service—and most users average 5,000 to 10,000 miles. Built with new tires, guaranteed just the same, wear even better and cost one-half less. Come in and see them—test the rubber and examine the construction—then decide for yourself.

International Rubber Sales Co.
OLIVER C. ERB,
Westm'r No. 1, MAYBERRY, MD.

CLOSING-OUT SALE

Having disposed of my Store and Property to GUY W. HAINES, must vacate same by April 1st., therefore must positively sell my large stock of General Merchandise by that time.

Special Low Prices on Shoes, Carpets and Linoleum

2-yd Wide Floor Oilcloth, at 49c per running yard; and many other articles too numerous to mention.

H. E. FLEAGLE,
MAYBERRY, MD.

Election of Directors!

An election will be held at the office of THE REINDOLLAR CO., Monday, March 19, 1917, between the hours of 1 and 2 p. m., for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors—or the ensuing year.

GEO. A. ARNOLD, Treas.

Patronize Our Advertisers

They are all boosters and deserve your business.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE TANEYTOWN SAVINGS BANK

at Taneytown, in the State of Maryland,
at the close of business March 5, 1917.

RESOURCES:

Loans and Discounts.....	\$110,889.50
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured.....	112.79
Stocks, Bonds, Securities, etc.....	249,017.45
Banking House, Furniture & Fixtures.....	4,079.89
Mortgages and Judgments of record.....	90,186.33
Due from National, State and Private Banks and Bankers and Trust Companies, other than reserve.....	2,488.28
Checks and other Cash Items.....	1,388.80
Due from approved Reserve Agents.....	64,884.10
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank, viz: U. S. Currency and National Bank Notes.....	7,212.00
Gold Coin.....	908.50
Silver Coin.....	588.25
Nickels and Cents.....	97.80
Total.....	\$512,572.60

LIABILITIES:

Capital Stock paid in.....	\$ 25,000.00
Surplus Fund.....	25,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses, interest and Taxes paid.....	16,247.76
Due to National, State and Private Banks and Bankers and Trust Companies, other than reserve.....	68.01
Dividends Unpaid.....	16.80
Deposits (demand) Subject to check.....	\$66,878.61
Certificates of Deposit.....	526.71
Certified checks.....	14.00
67,419.32	
Deposits (time) Savings and Special.....	963.05
Certificates of Deposit.....	377,857.66
378,820.71	
Total.....	\$512,572.60

State of Maryland, County of Carroll ss:
I, Walter A. Bower, Treasurer of the above named Institution, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

WALTER A. BOWER, Treasurer.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 13th day of March, 1917.

GEO. A. ARNOLD, Notary Public

CORRECT ATTEST:
D. J. HESSON,
JOSHUA KOUTZ,
E. F. SMITH, } Directors

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF The Birnie Trust Co.

at Taneytown in the State of Maryland at the close of business, March 5, 1917.

RESOURCES:

Loans and Discounts.....	\$132,397.57
Overdrafts secured and unsecured.....	1,214.78
Stocks, Bonds, Securities, etc.....	559,446.38
Banking-house, Furniture & Fixtures.....	10,560.00
Other Real Estate Owned.....	5,950.00
Mortgages and Judgments of record Due from National, State and Private Banks and Bankers and Trust Companies, other than reserve.....	1,880.01
Checks and other Cash Items.....	43.25
Due from approved Reserve Agents.....	85,549.45
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank, viz: U. S. Currency and National Bank Notes.....	8,309.00
Gold Coin.....	68.00
Silver Coin.....	1,200.75
Nickels and Cents.....	212.31
10,411.06	
Total.....	\$876,472.78

LIABILITIES:

Capital Stock paid in.....	\$ 40,000.00
Surplus Fund.....	20,000.00
Undivided Profits, less expenses, interest and Taxes paid.....	35,536.85
Due to National, State and Private Banks and Bankers and Trust Companies, other than reserve.....	4,049.41
Deposits (demand) Subject to check.....	\$83,947.24
Certificates of Deposit.....	10.00
88,957.24	
Deposits (time) Savings and Special.....	26,440.31
Certificates of Deposit.....	648,833.48
Trust Deposits.....	12,605.49
687,879.28	
Total.....	\$876,472.78

State of Maryland, County of Carroll ss:
I, Geo. H. Birnie, Cashier of the above named Trust Company, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

GEO. H. BIRNIE, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 14th day of March, 1917.

GEO. A. ARNOLD, Notary Public.

Correct Attest:
EDWARD E. REINDOLLAR,
G. WALTER WILT,
MILTON A. KOONS, } Directors

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE Carroll County Savings Bank

at Uniontown, in the State of Maryland,
at the close of business, March 5, 1917.

RESOURCES:

Loans and Discounts.....	\$ 29,850.10
Overdrafts, secured.....	126.07
Stocks, Bonds, Securities, etc.....	267,549.54
Banking House, Furniture & Fixtures.....	5,000.00
Mortgages and Judgments of record Due from National, State and Private Banks and Bankers and Trust Companies, other than reserve.....	2,845.14
Checks and other cash items.....	973.44
Due from approved Reserve Agents.....	13,055.04
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank, viz: U. S. Currency and National Bank Notes.....	\$245.00
Gold Coin.....	50.50
Silver Coin.....	203.10
Nickels and Cents.....	91.97
2,797.57	
Total.....	\$346,563.90

LIABILITIES:

Capital Stock paid in.....	\$ 20,000.00
Surplus Fund.....	20,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses, interest and Taxes paid.....	8,745.11
Dividends unpaid.....	167.56
Deposits (demand) Subject to check.....	\$26,303.01
Certificates of Deposit.....	50.00
26,353.01	
Deposits (time) Savings and Special.....	\$ 7,782.73
Certificates of Deposit.....	292,355.50
271,208.23	
Total.....	\$346,563.90

State of Maryland, County of Carroll ss:
I, Jesse P. Garner, Treasurer of the above named Institution do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JESSE P. GARNER, Treasurer.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 14th day of March, 1917.

MILTON A. ZOLLICKOFFER,
Notary Public.

CORRECT ATTEST:
JOHN E. FORMWALT,
ROY H. SINGER,
G. FIEDLER GILBERT, } Directors

Don't Miss This Come In Today and get a Free Sample of this wonderful baby chick food.

**Conkey's Buttermilk
STARTING FOOD**
is all you need
feed your chicks for
the first three weeks.

REINDOLLAR BROS. & CO.

Subscribe for the RECORD

An Important Mission

It Involved the Very Existence of the American Union

By F. A. MITCHEL

Half a century ago when the struggle for the American Union was going on European nations showed themselves very much concerned in the affairs of the western hemisphere. Many English for several reasons favored the Confederate cause.

As for France, her part in American affairs was of far greater importance than that of any of the others. But here begins my story, which I will permit one to tell who mingled in the events which concerned her. My grandfather, then a young man of twenty-three, was attached to the American legation at Paris. I fell heir to his papers. On one package sealed with the seal of the United States and dated April 12, 1866, was written:

"Not to be opened for fifty years." Ten years before the date for the opening of this package my grandfather's papers came into my possession. It is needless to say that I awaited the coming of April 12, 1916, with impatience. When it came round at exactly 12 o'clock midday I tore off the cover to the package. This is what it contained:

I propose to put in writing what is doubtless the most important diplomatic event in the history of the United States. A member of the embassy of the United States at Paris, I have been concerned in this event, and I desire that my descendants shall have an opportunity to know of this fact. There is no designating the life of a diplomatic secret, but I presume in half a century all the parties concerned in the matter will have passed away and there will be no necessity for its further keeping.

One morning when I was engaged on my chief's correspondence he sent for me to come to his private room, and when I entered he gave orders to the attendant to admit no one till further orders; then, locking the door, he motioned to a seat beside him at his desk and said to me:

"I am about to intrust you with a very important mission, but before committing it to you I must explain the situation.

"As you know, the emperor has embarked on his Mexican scheme. If the federal government of the United States is re-established over the seceded states the French will be obliged to leave the western hemisphere. If the emperor can bring about the establishment of the Confederacy he will not only face a divided North America, but will secure the friendship of the southern people.

"A knowledge of the fact that he has made a proposition to England to intervene in America, with a view to establishing the independence of the Confederacy, and that England has consented to join him has recently come to me. How I have obtained this information it is not necessary that you should know. You need only be informed of the fact that France and England are about to issue a joint acknowledgment of the independence of the Confederate States of America, and the next step will be to break the blockade.

"There is at present but one power that may be interested in defeating this project of France and England. Sweden, Norway, Prussia, the German states and fragmentary Italy are not interested in the western world, and if they were they are too small to have any effect there. Prussia is a growing power, but has made no move toward colonization or aggression in any form.

"It is but a few years since Russia suffered a defeat by these two powers, and she is still smarting under the fall of Sebastopol and the failure of the Crimean war. I have learned, too, that the czar looks with jealousy upon England's constantly increasing power on the sea. He dreams, as all his predecessors have been dreaming for centuries, of securing an outlet to the world's waters through the Dardanelles and making his people a maritime nation.

The minister paused and seemed lost in thought. Presently he resumed:

"I wish you to be the bearer of information to the czar of Russia of this move on the part of France and England. While it is not necessary that you should know how it came to me, it is essential that you have proof of what you are to assert. Here," taking up an envelope containing papers, "are documents that substantiate what you are to say to the czar."

He handed them to me, and while I perused them he waited, endeavoring to engage in other work, but I saw that he was engrossed with the affair in question and could not divert his mind to anything else. When I had finished he continued:

"These papers are for no other eyes than yours and the czar's. You are not to send them to him; you are to deliver them in person or not at all. When he has finished reading them you are to say to him that they have been entrusted to you for his inspection, but not his possession. He will not keep them after you have assured him of this."

Having thus posted me as to what I had to do, the minister dismissed me, and the same afternoon I started for Russia. On reaching St. Petersburg I avoided the American embassy, de-

string that no one of the corps should know of my presence in the capital. Etiquette required that what I had to say to the czar should go through the American minister at the Russian court, but it had been stipulated between my chief and his informers that the documents furnished him should be revealed to no one except the czar of Russia and the messenger who presented them to him.

I had no difficulty in reaching the czar, for my chief had given me a letter stating that I was a member of the American legation to France and bearer of secret information for his imperial majesty the czar. The words "secret information" were an "open sesame." I was accorded an interview with the emperor the day after my arrival at St. Petersburg, but was informed that if the matter I had in hand was of personal importance to his majesty I would be received at once. I thought it best to await a formal meeting and spent the interval in preparing myself to state my case to the best advantage. It would not avail me to prepare a set speech, for I did not know in what mood or how disposed toward what I desired I should find his majesty. I could only prepare myself in a general way and make my statement in accordance with what I should meet.

At the appointed hour I appeared at the palace and was conducted to the czar's cabinet. He received me without formality and invited me to be seated near him. I informed him of the nature of my mission, the reasons for its secrecy and then before proceeding further handed him the envelope containing the papers I had brought to prove my case. As he read one after the other I saw his brows contract and the corners of his mouth drawn down. He read every document, some of them twice or thrice over, and when he had finished sat thinking.

Presently he summoned an attendant, to whom he gave an order that he desired the presence of the French ambassador. As soon as the attendant had withdrawn the czar said to me:

"Since you are a diplomat you understand the necessity at times of non-committals. I am obliged to the American minister to France for transmitting this information to me." Here he handed me the documents. "On this account I owe him a reply. But it will be neither a written nor an oral one, nor to you for him, nor to him directly."

I supposed he would tell me what kind of a reply it would be, but he did not. I arose to go, but he stopped me. Then he called an attendant and said something to him that I did not understand. The attendant motioned me to follow him, and I was shown into an adjoining room. There I waited for further orders for nearly an hour. At the end of this time I heard a door of the emperor's cabinet open and the announcement in a loud voice, "The ambassador from France."

The door between the room where I was and the cabinet had been left open—doubtless by the czar's order—and I heard every word that passed in the cabinet. The emperor spoke in French. He told the ambassador that he had learned that Napoleon was about to intervene in American affairs and added:

"Tell your master that if he interferes in the struggle now going on in the United States I will strike him."

Whether the emperor turned away from the man he addressed or otherwise indicated that he wished no answer I do not know. I heard none, but a few moments later a door was closed, and I assumed that the ambassador had departed. In a few minutes an attendant appeared and led me back into the cabinet. The czar was standing alone.

"Give my thanks to your chief for the information he has sent me," he said, and with this I retired.

I was a happy man on my return journey to Paris, having accomplished without any effort that which I knew would delight my chief, the president of the United States, and the American Unionists.

I prefer to write my own account of what was attained by my grandfather's mission.

One winter morning during the war between the states the citizens of New York awoke to find the harbor dotted with Russian war vessels. For a time no one knew what it meant. Then gradually it dawned on the people that its presence denoted the friendliness of the czar of Russia for those who were struggling to perpetuate the Union. Then arose a cry of welcome. The officers of the fleet were invited ashore and entertained royally. Never before nor since has New York passed a winter of such unique gaiety.

The proposed intervention did not take place. England withdrew her consent to join with France in the venture, and France was obliged to take its own chestnuts out of the fire.

The collapse of Napoleon's Mexican scheme is well known to every school boy who has studied American history. When the war ended the United States had a million of men under arms with nothing to do. Mr. Seward, secretary of state, notified Napoleon that the French occupation was obnoxious to the United States, and the president sent General Sheridan to the Mexican border with a competent army to enforce the demands. The French emperor withdrew his support of the man he had placed on the Mexican throne and the Mexicans captured and executed Maximilian.

Thus ended the first scheme to perpetuate the reign of Napoleon III., and a few years later a second scheme—the Franco-Prussian war—ended the career of the man who would have helped to divide the United States had not the czar of Russia stepped in.

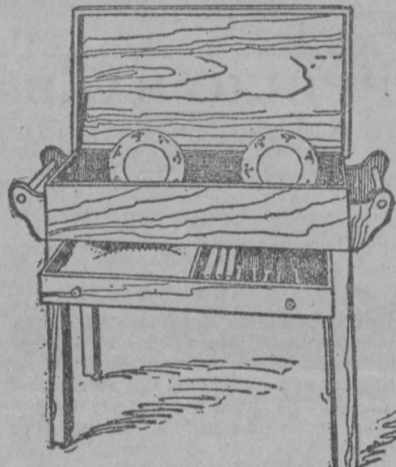
TO LIGHTEN WORK APPLE GRADING AND PACKING LAW

LABOR-SAVING DEVICE THAT WILL BE APPRECIATED.

Roller-Tray Wagon Combines Many Conveniences—May Be Made From Variety of Articles That Have Been Thought Useless.

A number of labor-saving devices which will lessen the housewife's work may be constructed quickly and easily. The following contrivance actually being made and used by women county agents in the field and by the women who are working as their demonstrators in connection with the extension work, south, states relations service, can be made on the farm during spare time:

A step-saving device made by the members of the demonstration club mentioned is a roller-tray wagon. This convenience comprises a china closet, serving table and roller tray all in one. This device was built by using a box five inches deep for the top and placing it on four wooden posts for legs. Dimensions: Top of table 31½ inches long by 16½ inches wide and 29 inches high, and a serving compartment 5 inches deep. The top of the table is put on hinges and straps or small chains fastened to it to keep the top from falling back too far when opened. The bottom of the serving compartment is five inches below this top. Around the sides of this compartment are little screw hooks on which cups may be hung. In the compartment, which may be lined with white oilcloth, is space for serving dishes for six. Below the serving compartment is a drawer which is divided in the center by a one-half inch strip. One side is used for the linen and one side for the silver. The side used for the silver is lined with blue outing flannel because this serves the same purpose and is cheaper than felt. A spool was cut into halves to make the knobs for the drawer and a pair of these knobs was placed on each side so that the drawer



Combined China Closet, Serving Table and Roller Tray.

could be used from either side. The legs were square pieces of wood 1½ inches square with rollers. Old rubber-tired wheels from toy wagons or discarded baby coaches may be used. This is an improvement because the tray rolls noiselessly. In some cases the legs from old tables can be used in place of having these made. At each end two brackets were placed so that the table could be pushed or pulled. When the soiled dishes were taken to the kitchen and washed, they were placed in this serving compartment with one handling only, the lid placed down and the roller tray rolled into the dining room, with the dishes and silver ready for setting the table at the next meal. It is not necessary to put them away because they are out of the dust when the top is down. The estimated cost of this convenience is:

Dry goods box\$0.25
1 yard blue outing flannel36
1 remnant white oilcloth15
2 hinges10
4 rollers32
1 can of mahogany stain36
Total\$1.06

With a small dolly and a vase of flowers this roller tray answers the purpose of a serving table and makes a very attractive piece of furniture.

Delectable Salad.

Soak one envelope (one tablespoonful, or half a package) of gelatin in half a cupful of cold water two minutes. Whip half a pint of heavy cream stiff. Heat one cupful of water to boiling and dissolve the gelatin in it. When cool, add a Philadelphia cream cheese that has been mashed with half a chopped green pepper and eight or nine olives, chopped fine. Fold in the whipped cream, seasoned with half a teaspoonful of salt and a few grains of cayenne. A one-pound baking powder tin makes a good mold from which circular slices may be cut when the mixture has hardened on ice. Serve on lettuce with mayonnaise, garnished with pecan meats in halves or ground up and sprinkled over the slice. Individual molds about the size of a cordial glass make a very pretty salad.

Fish Filets.

Fish should always be fried like doughnuts, in deep fat. Bacon drippings are perhaps as good a material as any. Butter should not be used for frying fish. It should be cooked until well browned, and then removed and allowed to drain, but not to grow cool, before serving. If the filets prepared as above are cut into individual portions before being cooked, the housewife has no crumpled mass of fish as the result of her labors, but firm, well-cooked squares of delicious food.

IS INTENDED TO IMPROVE THE METHODS OF GRADING AND PACKING.

THE MARKING OF PACKAGES

Applies To All Apples Grown In the State and Offered For Sale in Closed Packages.

College Park, March 8.—At the last session of the Legislature, an Apple Grading and Packing Law was passed for the purpose of improving the methods used in packing the product. In a bulletin issued by the Extension Service, S. B. Shaw, Specialist in Horticultural Extension, has to say: "During recent years there has been a decided increase in the planting of apples in Maryland. Adaptable soil and climatic conditions, nearness to markets, the success attending the efforts of our more progressive growers, and a general realization on the part of the people that the Blue Ridge section offers unusual opportunities for the production of this fruit, have, to a great extent, brought about this development. When these additional plantings come into full bearing the State's production of apples will be practically doubled. From present indications, it is reasonable to expect similar developments in adjoining States. It would seem necessary, therefore, in anticipation of such an increased production, to urge more intensive culture in the growing of better fruit and provide adequate means for distribution and marketing.

"Notwithstanding all that has been written and said regarding the importance and advisability of properly grading and packing apples, there are comparatively few of our growers who have attained notable success in establishing on the markets a reputation for their grades and packs. Owing to the nearness to markets, they have not been compelled to combine into selling organizations, as in more remote sections of the country, for the purpose of establishing such a reputation. Each individual has been selling his fruit in a hit or miss fashion regardless of the practices of other growers in his section. There has been no uniform standard and for the most part little attention has been paid to this end of the business. The time is not far distant, however, when keener competition, resulting from increased production, will force our growers to adopt some standard in the grading and packing of their apples in order that buyers may recognize at a glance the grade of fruit offered for sale and be assured that it will be as labeled.

"With the end in view of establishing uniform grades and packs for Maryland, the last Legislature passed an Apple Grading and Packing Law. The aim of the law is to bring about an improvement in the methods of grading and packing; to insure uniformity in the grades and in the marking of the packages, and to facilitate the marketing of the fruit.

This law applies to all apples grown in the State of Maryland and packed in close packages for sale. Closed packages include all boxes, barrels, hampers, baskets or other packages covered with burlap, canvas, slat or other covering, the contents of which cannot be seen easily or inspected when such packages are closed.

"No person shall pack, sell or offer for sale any apples packed in any package in which the face gives a false representation of the contents of such package. The face should represent the average of the fruit in the package, as to size, color and quality. To allow for the inevitable errors in packing fruit, the law specifies that it shall be considered a false representation when more than fifteen per cent. of the fruit in the enclosed package is substantially smaller in size than, or inferior in grade to, that shown on the face of such package.

For further information regarding this law or for copies of the bulletin, write to the Extension Service, College Park, Maryland.

Cutting the Seed.

If seed potatoes cannot be secured weighing two or two and a half ounces select larger ones and cut into pieces as near as possible to this weight. Halve or quarter the potatoes, cutting from the eye end toward the stem end. Try to have at least one of the eye end buds on each piece. Powdered sulphur may be sprinkled over the potatoes immediately after they are cut so that the cut surface will be covered with the sulphur. This will tend to prevent the decay of the seed piece before the plant has become established in the soil. Do not cut potatoes until ready to plant.

Director Agricultural Extension Service, Maryland State College, College Park, Maryland.

Dear Sir:—

Please send me information regarding the Federal Farm Loan Act and tell me how farmers may proceed to take advantage of it by organizing a National Farm Loan Association.

Signed
Address

Uncle Sam's Soldiers

get used to sleeping without a pillow; but they'd rather have a bolster than the hard ground or the side of a rock. A savings account bolsters the head of the faithful business soldier. A little greenback or so—once a week—gradually becomes a big, soft wad to pillow your old gray head.

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THE TANEYTOWN SAVINGS BANK
TANEYTOWN, MD.
Begin with US today!

Come Here For Your Shoes, Hats and Men's Furnishings

WE HAVE, by far, the Largest Stock and Greatest Variety of MEN'S, WOMEN'S AND CHILDREN'S SHOES, in Carroll County,

AT THE RIGHT PRICES

We have all the Correct Styles in Hats, Neckwear, Shirts, Collars, and Hosiery.

WE WANT YOUR TRADE.

WM. C. DEVILBISS,
22 W. Main St. WESTMINSTER, MD.

Pay Up Now.

If you have \$5 or more or less for which you have no pressing need go and pay a debt with it. That is the best use you can make of money, unless you are naked or starving. Now is the time to obey the Bible injunction, "Owe no man anything." That is in the Bible, but from the way some debtors spend money they don't seem to know it or care for it. If they have a dollar extra it goes for a pleasure or a convenience. The duty to pay some one they owe never occurs to them. Nor does it occur to them that every unsettled debt is a drag on a community. Everybody has to pay interest on it.

People have to pay more for their sugar and coffee because other people owe the grocer and won't pay. It is one of the items in the high cost of living. And then there is a whole some public policy in scattering the money around. It will help find work for some poor man and help some other debtor pay his debt. So pay up now.—Ohio State Journal.

What Kept Her Young.

I know a little lady, slim, bent, but unlined by the years, who sits absorbedly through all of the fashion openings of the great shops and watches breathlessly as the models in their marvelous gowns file past her chair. She particularly loves the tulle and be-spangled evening frocks that the young girls wear, and she tells us glowingly of the "wonderful color, my dear, and the way it was made!" She couldn't possibly wear the gowns that she admires so. "She couldn't afford them if they were suitable, but she loves them just the same.

"It's time," I once heard a neighbor woman say rather sniffingly, "that she got over such vanity. She's old enough to stop thinking about clothes."

The neighbor didn't stop to reason out that it was the love of clothes that kept a spark of youth in the heart of the little old lady—a divine spark of youth that kept her from being colorless and tired and wan.—Christian Herald.

Old Time Theater Rowdies.

Rowdism in London theaters was a common occurrence in the old days, as is shown by the following from the London Post of Oct. 27, 1798:

"Two men in the pit at Drury Lane theater last night were so turbulent and riotous during the last act of 'Henry V.' that the performance was interrupted upward of a quarter of an hour. The audience at last asserted their power and turned them disgracefully out of the theater. This should always be done to crush the race of disgusting puppies that are a constant nuisance at the playhouse every night."

Wanted to See It.

Hotel Attendant—Get your head out of that elevator shaft. What's the matter with you? Uncle Eben—Just a minute, son. There's a fellow just made an ascension in that darn thing, and I'm going to watch him make the parachute drop.—Puck.

His Delightful Bull.

An Irish editor in speaking of Ireland and her woes said: "Her cup of misery has been for ages overflowing and is not yet full."

Idleness is the sepulcher of a living man.—Holland.

Classified Advertisements.

Dentistry.

J. S. MYERS. J. E. MYERS
Westminster, Md. New Windsor, Md.

Drs. Myers,

SURGEON DENTISTS.

Are prepared to do All Kinds of Dental Work, including ALUMINUM PLATES.

DR. J. W. HELM,

SURGEON DENTIST,

New Windsor Maryland.

Will be in Taneytown 1st Wednesday of each month.

I have other engagements for the 3rd Saturday and Thursday and Friday, immediately preceding. The rest of the month at my office in New Windsor.

Nitrous Oxide Gas administered.

Graduate of Maryland University, Baltimore, Md.

C. & P. Telephone. 5-1-10

Both Phones. Opposite R. R.

S. D. MEHRING,

Littlestown, Pa.

Buggies, Surreys, Jenny Linds, Cutters and Spring Wagons

Manufactured in every part from top to bottom.

To my Patrons and the Public Generally:— It is no longer a question of economy whether to buy a home-made vehicle or not? but the question is, Where will I be able to get such work? I have a large stock of finished all home work, or will build to order. Repairing promptly done. Correspondence invited, or, visit my shops.

SIMPLE, HARMLESS, EFFECTIVE
Pure Charcoal Tablets, for Dyspepsia, Acid Stomach, Heartburn and Constipation. 10c and 25c—at McKellip's Advertisement

PRINTING

Good Printing Is the Dress of Business. That Is the Kind We Do.

Let Us Show You

SUNDAY SCHOOL.

Lesson XII.—First Quarter, For March 25, 1917.

THE INTERNATIONAL SERIES.

Text of the Lesson, John xiv, 1-14—A Quarterly Review—Golden Text, John xiv, 6—Commentary Prepared by Rev. D. M. Stearns.

LESSON I.—Jesus the life and light of men, John i, 1-14. Golden Text, John i, 4, "In Him was life, and the life was the light of men." The opening words of the lesson are away beyond us, high as heaven—what can we do? (Job xi, 8.) But in verse 14 He comes near to us, becomes one of us and reveals unto us the Father, and, seeing and knowing Him, we see and know the Father (chapter xiv, 9).

LESSON II.—John the Baptist and Jesus, John i, 19-34. Golden Text, John i, 29, "Behold the Lamb of God, that taketh away the sin of the world." John was to Jesus at His first coming what the real Elijah will be at His second coming in glory, for the great and dreadful day of the Lord is still future, and Mal. iv, 5, stands, according to Matt. xvii, 11.

LESSON III.—First disciples of the Lord Jesus, John i, 35-51. Golden Text, John i, 43, "Jesus saith unto Him, Follow Me." John's second testimony turned men away from him to Jesus, and that was his aim, as it should be ours. Andrew and the unnamed other one, having spent the day with Jesus, quickly brought their brothers to the Messiah, whom they had found, and Philip brought Nathanael, who confessed Christ as Son of God and King of Israel.

LESSON IV.—Reverence of Jesus for His Father's house, John ii, 13-22. Golden Text, Matt. xxi, 13, "My house shall be called a house of prayer." By no means omit the marriage and the water changed to wine and the marriage of the Lamb which will precede the kingdom. Then shall follow Israel's great cleansing, according to Ez. xxxvi, 25.

LESSON V.—Jesus the Saviour of the world, John iii, 1-12. Golden Text, John iii, 16, "God so loved the world that He gave His only begotten Son." Even the most religious and moral man cannot see or enter the kingdom unless he is born again by receiving the Son of God, who loved him and gave Himself for him. But there is life for a look for all bitten ones, and they shall share the bridegroom's joy in the morning (verse 29).

LESSON VI.—Jesus and the woman of Samaria, John iv, 1-29. Golden Text, I Tim. i, 15, "Christ Jesus came into the world to save sinners." A religious moral man must be born again, and a poor, immoral outcast may be born again, for He came to seek and to save the lost. The latter became a better witness than the former and brought many souls to Him. In such service He delighted and invites us to join Him, that we may rejoice together.

LESSON VII.—Jesus heals a nobleman's son, John iv, 43-54. Golden Text, Matt. viii, 13, "As thou hast believed so be it done unto thee." At Cana He had shadowed forth the glory of His own marriage, and now from Cana He sent life to a whole household. After the marriage what blessing there will be to multitudes! May the childlike faith of the nobleman be ours, for he believed the word that Jesus had spoken and went his way.

LESSON VIII.—Jesus at the pool of Bethesda, John v, 1-15. Golden Text, John ix, 4, "It was Jesus who had made him whole." A truly helpless pool for really helpless people, but there is a fountain which is better than all pools, and He gives life to all who hear His word and believe on Him—that is, receive Him. There is no book like the Scriptures, and by Scripture we learn of Him, but unless we come to Him of whom they tell we cannot obtain life (I John v, 12).

LESSON IX.—Jesus feeds the five thousand, John vi, 1-21. Golden Text, Matt. vi, 11, "Give us this day our daily bread." Feasts of the Lord had become mere feasts of the Jews, and the multitude were perishing. Today the public worship of God is largely mere formalities, stones for bread, and our Lord is still saying, "Give ye them to eat." He is ready to take what we have that is real bread and increase it as needed.

LESSON X.—Jesus the bread of life, John vi, 22-40. Golden Text, John vi, 35, "Jesus said unto them, I am the bread of life." Living Bread from heaven, and yet people despise it, even as Israel loathed the manna in the wilderness and in their hearts turned back to the food of Egypt. See these men disputing and arguing instead of eating. And so it is still, just as in the invitation to the marriage feast they all made light of it, each preferring his own way. One of the most manifest delusions of the devil is the way in which men despise the love and grace of God.

LESSON XI.—Jesus saves from sin, John viii, 12, 28-37, 50-59. Golden Text, John viii, 36, "If therefore the Son shall make you free, ye shall be free indeed." He had no stones for penitent sinners, and no one else has any right to throw any, for He is the only one without sin. He came not to condemn, but to save. He is saying to all thirsty ones, "Come unto Me and drink." He says just as plainly that all who will not come shall die in their sins and, preferring the devil to God, shall have to take the devil's portion.

ALL MADE WITHOUT EGGS

Nine Recipes That Do Not Call for the More or Less Expensive "Hen Fruit."

Rice Pudding—One small teacupful of rice, three-quarter cupful sugar, one quart milk, a little grated nutmeg; soak one hour, turning frequently; bake two hours without stirring.

Tapioca Pudding—Three large table-spoonfuls of tapioca (granulated), three-quarters cupful sugar, one quart milk, a little nutmeg; soak one hour, stirring; bake two hours without stirring.

Indian Pudding—One and one-half cupfuls meal, one cupful molasses, one table-spoonful beef suet chopped fine; boiling water to fill two-quart pudding dish, stirring all the time; bake slowly four hours.

Here is a good pudding sauce to use now when eggs are high:

Plain Sauce—Melt one table-spoonful butter, add two table-spoonfuls flour, one and one-half cupfuls hot water; cook until smooth, then add one and one-half cupfuls brown sugar, two table-spoonfuls lemon juice and nutmeg.

Date Cookies—One large cupful dates, stone and cut in pieces, one cupful sugar, two-thirds cupful butter, a little salt, cinnamon and nutmeg; stir all together in two table-spoonfuls baking powder, one-half cupful milk or water, flour stiff enough to handle.

Cream Toast—Two table-spoonfuls butter, two table-spoonfuls flour heated and blended, add two cupfuls cold milk, stirring until smooth; add one table-spoonful of sugar, if wished sweet.

Griddle Cakes—One and one-half pints flour, one-half teacupful baking powder, water to make thin batter.

Cornmeal Mush—Stir the meal into boiling water, a handful at a time. It must be stirred well and kept boiling all the time. Do not leave it for a minute. When you feel it thickening that is plenty. Stir for a couple of minutes, or until it is quite thick; set on back of stove and cook one-half hour or less; turn into pan, cover with another to prevent hard crust forming; in morning slice and fry in hot fat for breakfast and serve with molasses.

English Muffins—One quart flour, one-half teacupful sugar, teacupful salt, two large teacupfuls baking powder, one and one-quarter pints milk; fry on griddle.

STAND FOR FIRELESS COOKER

Convenient and Useful Article That May Be Provided at an Expense That Is Insignificant.

Get a good, strong packing box, 26 inches high, 32 inches long and 18 inches wide, have the carpenter saw a door 24 inches long and 20 inches wide on front of box, using three strong hinges on outside of box five inches from the floor. Fasten at top with a small closet catch, put inside one shelf six inches wide and full length of box on small cleats half the depth of your box. Now paint box with two or three coats of good paint, same color as your cooker; line the box (door also) with blue and white table oilcloth; cover shelf with oilcloth. This makes a sanitary, dust-proof, easily-cleaned cupboard to keep the fireless cooking utensils in and a strong stand for the cooker; saves bending over, keeps cooker cleaner. The five-inch space at bottom of door prevents dust getting in when sweeping.

Boiling the Silver.

It is a good idea occasionally to fill a large saucepan with water, lather a little soap into it, set it on the stove with the spoons and forks laid carefully in it with layers of grass or shavings or sawdust. Let it boil slowly. This removes all grease, and the silver takes a better polish. Silver dishes require boiling occasionally for the same reason.

Tea and coffee may discolor the cups and jugs. A little dry salt rubbed on removes these stains. Water bottles may be cleaned with white paper torn into small pieces and shaken about in the bottle.

Keep old cloths to wipe your knives and forks; then if they are cut it does not matter.

Fish Salad Recipe.

Take any white boiled fish or several kinds of fish and free it from skin and bone and flake it not too finely. Arrange it in the dish and cover with thick mayonnaise sauce. Make a border of dice of beetroot and then of sliced hard-boiled egg. Arrange a latticework of shreds of filleted anchovy over the mayonnaise and put a caper in each incision. Serve toast and French roll and butter with the salad.

Royal Chicken.

Cut the white meat of chicken in small pieces, put in a saucepan, and add half as much green peppers cooked in butter and salt to taste, then add sufficient sweet cream to make of the consistency of creamed potatoes. Beat in the yolks of three eggs, cook for five minutes, and serve in individual dishes.—Farm and Home.

Smothered Sausage.

Prick the sausage and lay in a baking pan. Press some boiled potatoes through a sieve, add a little butter, salt, pepper and milk, and spread over the sausages. Cover with an egg beaten well, dust thickly with fine bread crumbs and bake in a moderate oven half an hour.

To Stuff a Pincushion.

Common rye-mel makes the best stuffing for a pincushion. It keeps pins from rusting and does not blunt their points.

DEBUTANTE DANCE FROCK



Simple dance frock of brocaded taffeta and tulle over fresh color metal cloth with girde of silver ribbon. The frock is extreme in its simplicity but nevertheless it maintains that look of "good-dressiness" that is not usually found in more extravagantly trimmed and expensive gowns.

FINE WORK IN HEMSTITCHING

Most Attractive Decorations Are Well Within the Province of the Home Needlewoman.

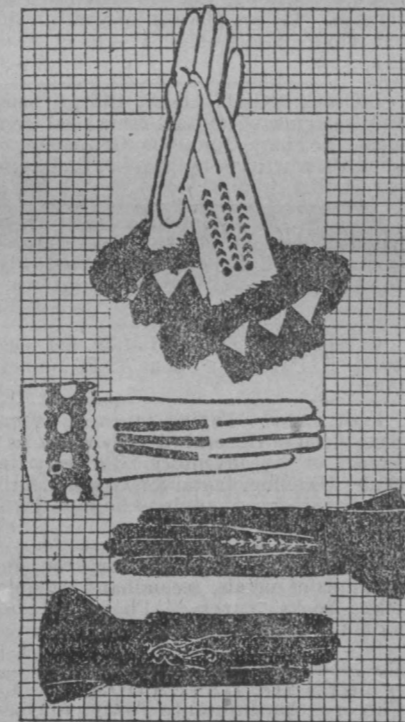
Hemstitching is one of the most attractive of decorations within the province of the home needlewoman. It is comparatively easy to do if one goes about it in the right way. The only difficulty lies in the drawing of the threads. When hemstitching on linen the thread may be easily drawn if a yard stick is laid along a straight line, being careful to insure the proper margin on the outer edge of the piece. If a piece of hard white soap is rubbed along the line, the threads may be drawn with ease.

Hand hemstitching is, of course, far more attractive than that done by machine, and it takes a much longer time to do. The woman to whom time is precious prefers to do machine hemstitching, and this can be done very nicely at home. To do it draw the threads as usual. Instead of basting the threads just where the threads are drawn, baste so that the stitch will come a little above the middle of the open work. The fineness or coarseness of hemstitching is regulated by a short or long stitch on the machine.

GLOVES ORNATE IN DESIGN

All Kinds of Fancy Stitches Allowed, Even Demanded, on Those That Are Now Being Worn.

If we are not to have many gloves, at least those we do have are to be very ornate, and the very latest ones are stitched in all sorts of fancy designs on the back. Burgundy kid are heavily crocheted on the backs with



rose silk. Pearl gray gantlet gloves are turned back to disclose a band of elaborate coin spot perforation, and heavy lemon leather reversed wrist gloves are fur bound and decorated on the backs with hand crocheted embroidery.

Wearing Slip-On Sweaters.

Slip-on sweaters may be had now in all materials. They have the pointed necks with little soft knitted ties under the flat Dutch collars and narrow apron string belts to confine the fullness at the waistline. They are especially pretty in white Shetland, having colored angora collars, cuffs and ties.

White Serge in Combination.

The sports dresses are already dominating the lines for spring. Especially smart are the white serge dresses in plaited styles—either in deep machine plaits or knife plaits in three-tier form. White serge in combination with sheer cotton fabric is another favorite with the early buyers.

THROUGH THE NEEDLE'S EYE

Rich Man Admitted It Was Hard to Keep Money From Petrifying the Feelings.

Sitting at his big desk in the office of the Thornton Manufacturing company, Mr. William Thornton was dictating letters when the name of Rev. Dr. Colton, the minister of the church he attended, was brought in. Mr. Thornton dismissed the stenographer and told the boy to show the clergyman in.

When Doctor Colton came in, Mr. Thornton greeted him cordially, but he secretly wondered what had brought the good doctor there so early in the morning.

"I'm sorry to disturb you at this hour of the day, Mr. Thornton," he said, "but I have just come from the home of a woman whose husband has died, and there's nothing left to bury him with. I'm trying to raise enough to cover the expenses of the funeral. Can you give me \$15 toward it?"

William Thornton knit his brows. "Wasn't it less than two weeks ago that I gave you \$25 to help pay a hospital bill for someone?" he asked.

"Yes, it was," said Doctor Colton. "Well, when is this thing going to end, doctor?" he inquired. "One time it is \$25 for hospital fees, another time it's \$10 for coal, another it's \$20 for rent, and now it's \$15 for funeral expenses. When are you going to stop coming, doctor?"

Doctor Colton looked him squarely in the eye and answered, "I will stop coming whenever you wish it, William. Do you want me to stop coming when you are amply able to help in such cases?"

Mr. Thornton thought a minute, and then replied warmly, "No, doctor, I don't want you to stop coming. I'd grow as selfish as the devil if you did. Here's the money, and God bless you in the use of it. It's hard to keep money from petrifying your feelings, isn't it? Come again when you need more."—Youth's Companion.

NOT HIS KIND OF A CANNON

Admiral Knew All About One Species, But the Other Was Beyond His Comprehension.

The late Admiral Dewey was very fond of music and when receptions were held at the Dewey home musical entertainment was always provided. Among the admiral's favorite singers was Mrs. Susanne Oldberg of this city and she related an amusing story that reveals the distinguished hero of Manila bay in the light of a wit.

One of the admiral's favorite selections was a duet, called in musical parlance a canon, where one voice is answered in imitation by another throughout the piece. He seemed particularly pleased always when this canon was sung and would unflinchingly say to Mrs. Oldberg: "Tell me why is this music called a canon? What a queer name for a piece of music!"

"Wouldn't it be bringing coals to Newcastle for me to try to tell you anything about a canon, admiral?" Mrs. Oldberg would whimsically inquire. To this he would jokingly answer: "No, indeed, I'm afraid that here is a type of canon I know nothing about. My canon is spelled with two n's, you know, and though it sometimes sings and often repeats, it certainly isn't fit for drawing-room use."—Washington Star.

Hen Made Good.

The telegraph messenger at Ashland, Ky., Gerald Tharp, says the Western Union News, is familiar with the principle embodied in Elbert Hubbard's story, "A Message to Garcia," although this will probably be his first intimation that such a story was ever written.

A local confectioner called for a messenger to go out to a farmhouse for two dozen eggs. Gerald was detailed for the errand, which ordinarily would consume thirty minutes. At the end of three hours he returned with the eggs, and was promptly called on the carpet by the manager to explain his long absence from the office. In a round Irish brogue Gerald explained that the farmer had only twenty-three eggs, and he had waited two and one-half hours for a Plymouth Rock hen to lay the other egg.

Limit Reached in Collars.

Augustus was going to a party, and when Augustus appears at a function of this sort he is a wonderful sight to behold. And Augustus was engaged in a collar hunt—a very serious occupation indeed. He had already visited three establishments, but none kept the article for which he hungered. Every depth and shape the shop boasted had been laid before him till the maximum of four inches deep had been reached.

"What! Do you mean to say that you haven't anything taller in the shop?" he asked irritably. "Sorry, sir," said the assistant, softly, "but our next size is cuffs!"

Ladies, Take Notice!

Imagine the smug self-sufficiency of the feminine mind which considers itself capable of selecting a man's necktie, the most exacting bit of silk in the world! Fancy the futility of such a mind passing judgment on it! Criticize, and with reason, the cut of our clothes and hair; advance theories upon gloves and footwear; but be silent if you cannot commend the neckwear of a man. There you have the artistic culmination of the male. Censure it, and you insult at the same time his judgment, pride and sense of beauty.—Atlantic.

SMART COAT DRESS

DESIGNED FOR MISS IN HER EARLY TEENS.

Really a Copy of Garment That Has Long Been Worn by Older People—Has Distinct Touch of Russian.

If the coat dress for street wear has been found a very practical garment for the older woman, why shouldn't it be just as desirable a style for the young girl, made, of course, on youthful lines? This is just what the artist thought when she designed this unusually striking coat-dress for the girl in her early teens.

It is Russian in character, with just enough of a difference in cut of yoke and belt to serve as a relief from the straight belted model. Any of the soft fabrics now so much in vogue, velour, duvetyn, bolivia cloth, broadcloth, corduroy or velvet, would make this coat a very charming affair. The fullness at the waistline is laid in tiny plaits instead of being shirred into the belt. Pockets are cut in the belt.

The idea of using dangling tassels instead of buttons through the large bound buttonholes is a very clever and becoming notion. Snaps will be needed to keep the coat-dress fastened.



Has Pretty Effect.

The full collar and cuffs are permanently attached. The collar may be cut longer to protect the throat in front.

VEILED THE BRIDE'S TABLE

Idea That Gave Really Novel Effect Was Feature of a Wedding Recently Held.

Quite a novel idea was carried out at a recent bridal supper in veiling the bride's table, relates American Cookery. The table occupied the center of the room and was surrounded by small tables for the guests, four at each. Directly over the bridal table was an inverted white satin umbrella of large size having a drooping fringe of artificial orange blossoms. From the edge of the umbrella there dropped a white chiffon veil edged with a white, wide, satin border which concealed the table, falling nearly to the hem of the tablecloth.

As the bridal party of 12 approached and surrounded the table the deft pulling of a satin cord caused the veil to rise slowly and form itself into a big puffy pompon affair above the umbrella; the effect was very unusual and very pretty. The lifted veil showed an unusually elaborate table. The centerpiece was a huge white satin slipper filled with orange blossoms standing in the center of an immense wedding ring of yellow roses. The wedding cake was in heart-shaped white-satin boxes. White and yellow chrysanthemums were liberally used in the dining room decorations.

TREND TO CHINESE EFFECTS

Handbag Now Follows Fashion Which Made Its Appearance Early in the Present Season.

The tendency of Chinese effects which appeared early in the season, in the special form of evening wraps and opera coats, is now noticeable in accessories of daytime wear. For example, two interesting Chinese handbags have been observed recently.

One was in the shape of an immense bean, made of painted silk—a pure Chinese conceit. The other, an ingenious conventionalized representation of things Chinese, was a long tubular bag with four or five flaring ruffles giving the well-known pagoda effect. The bag was embroidered with colored silk and small beads.

Bits of Chinese embroidery are seen as trimming on hats, coats and even muffs. Green jade bracelets are attached to many muffs, as a means of securing them to the wrist, and carved ivory figures in handles, hat-pins and other small accessories.



In every home Sloan's Liniment has earned its place in the medicine chest as a relief from pains and aches.

Quickly penetrates without rubbing and soothes the soreness.

Cleaner and more effective than mussy plasters or ointments, it does not stain the skin.

For rheumatism, neuralgia, gout, lumbago, sprains and strains use Sloan's Liniment. At all druggists, 25c. 50c. \$1.00.

Sloan's Liniment

KILLS PAIN

Farmers Take Notice!

We PAY for Your

Dead Animals

and remove them promptly by Automobile Truck.

We Pay All Phone Charges

A. F. REIS, Sanitary Reduction Works, HANOVER, PA.

Phone 95 Night or Sundays 88J

Advertising a Sale!

YOU don't leave your rig in the middle of the road and go to a fence post to read a sale bill do you? Then don't expect the other fellow to do it.

Put an ad in this paper, then, regardless of the weather, the fellow you want to reach reads your announcements while seated at his fireside.

If he is a prospective buyer you'll have him at your sale. One extra buyer often pays the entire expense of the ad, and it's a poor ad that won't pull that buyer.

An ad in this paper reaches the people you are after. Bills may be a necessity, but the ad is the thing that does the business.

Don't think of having a special sale without using advertising space in this paper.

One Extra Buyer

at a sale often pays the entire expense of the ad.

Get That Buyer

Notice!

We Pay For and Remove Your Dead Animals PROMPTLY

Call "LEIDY," "Always on the Job"

Phone No. 259

Westminster, Md.

TANEYTOWN LOCAL COLUMN

Brief Items of Local News of Special Interest to Our Home Readers.

Miss Alice Harman, visited Miss Rhoda Hahn, at Ladiesburg, on Sunday.

Samuel J. Flickinger and family moved into their new home, on Monday, along the state road.

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Miller and three children, of Hanover, Pa., spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Reid.

Miss Josephine Evans, of Western Maryland College, visited her aunt, Mrs. Lavina Fringer, last Saturday.

James Schildt, who has been housed up for about two months, is improving slowly, and was out on Monday.

Miss Florence Garner, of Frederick, was a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Garner, over Sunday.

John McKellip was up town, on Monday, the first time for about four weeks. Glad to see him on his rounds again.

Mrs. Margaret Stott and Miss Anna Galt returned home, Tuesday evening, from their extended visit to Washington.

Mrs. Samuel Anthouse and daughter, Martha, of Littlestown, Pa., visited her mother, Mrs. J. A. Anders and family, on Tuesday.

The railroad station was given a coat of inconspicuous gray paint, this week; a very wise treatment, from the artistic point of view.

There is an old saying about catching fish with a "silver hook," which now applies very practically without being an attempt at humor.

Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Koons entertained on Sunday, Mr. and Mrs. Edward O. Weant, and daughter, Miss Mabel, and Miss Catherine Sponseller, of Westminster.

Mrs. D. W. Garner and Mrs. C. M. Benner and son, Robert, spent a few days this week with their brother, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Basehoar, in Littlestown, Pa.

Raymond L. Hesson, of Taneytown, a member of the Senior class of Gettysburg College, has been appointed a sergeant of cadets taking military training at the school.

An "Eli Bentley" clock was sold, last Saturday at the sale of Mrs. Ellen Crouse's personal effects, to Walter Crapster, for \$26.00, which was regarded a low price for this make of "old timers."

A store and lunch room will be operated along the line, for the patronage of the hands who will lay the state road to Bridgeport. Taneytown merchants will therefore likely lose some anticipated business.

A wireless telegraph station has been erected by Merle S. Ohler, near town, and has it in good working order. He made practically the whole outfit himself, which demonstrates considerable mechanical genius.

Those who spent Sunday with J. A. Thomson and wife, were Wm. H. Terry, wife and daughter, Miss Helen, Howard Bowser and Miss Esta Utz, of York, Pa., Charles H. Thomson, wife and son, and Robert Thomson, wife and daughter.

We will be glad to have our local patrons come in and select their 1918 calendars. We have already taken a number of orders, and there is nothing to be gained by waiting. In fact, it will be safest to buy at present prices.

No services have been held in the United Brethren church, for the past six weeks, owing to the fact that the heating plant has been disabled, due to the bursting of the boiler, during the cold weather early in February. The damage, however, has now been repaired, and regular services will be resumed this Sunday, March 18th.

The tramp season opened again, this week; another imposition on a suffering public in this time of high-cost of living. All "bums" should be arrested whenever they beg for something to eat, and sent out of the state, or to some place where they will be required to work for their board. No work, no eat, should be the law, and be enforced.

A representative of the Washington-Gettysburg R. R. Co., was in Littlestown, last week, and presented an ordinance to the Board of Commissioners, granting the Company a right of way through the borough. Action on the ordinance was deferred until the next meeting of the Board. This is pretty good evidence of the plans of the Company for reaching Gettysburg.

There is another fraudulent scheme being worked, by which the victim, for only 10¢, and sending a few names of friends, is supposed to receive in return a silk petticoat worth \$4.75. This time the firm is located in Minneapolis. All such frauds are soon stopped by the P. O. Department, but not before thousands of 10¢ pieces reach the advertising firm. Don't "bite" on any offer like this, at any time.

Two of the largest public sales held in this section of the county, this season, were those of Lewis Myers, on Wednesday, and Harry J. Ohler, on Thursday, both selling full farm equipment of stock and machinery. Mr. Myers' sale totaled \$5286.00 a specially fine lot of cattle bringing good prices. Mr. Ohler's sale amounted to \$4754, his hogs selling for \$1071., cattle for \$1360., and his team of 6 horses \$1021.

Misses Mary Shamm and Manila Shoemaker, Joseph Elder and Bernard Shamm visited friends and relatives at Philadelphia, on Sunday.

Dr. C. Birnie is seriously ill, following an attack sustained last night, and is now in an unconscious condition. His exact trouble is difficult to positively diagnose, but is likely a recurrence of the attack he sustained about a year ago.

Union Services Begin Sunday.

On Sunday evening at 7.30 o'clock, the first of the union evangelistic services will be held in Trinity Lutheran church. The church workers of the community are looking forward hopefully to a series of pleasant and profitable meetings.

The opening sermon will be preached by Rev. Seth Russell Downie, pastor of the Presbyterian church. A list of topics have been arranged, but the sermons will be preached during the meetings without previous announcement of the subjects.

Services will be held in the same place each night except Monday nights, and will close with the service on Palm Sunday evening, April 1. The service of song will be a feature each night, the music being taken from "Jey to the World." Bring your book with you if you have one.

A Birthday Surprise.

(For the Record.)

On last Monday evening, March 12th., the friends of Mrs. Wm. H. Marker gave her a complete surprise, the occasion being her 40th birthday. The evening was very pleasantly spent in conversation, music and games, until about 11 o'clock, when all were invited to partake of refreshments, after which all wished Mrs. Marker many more birthdays, and departed.

Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. Wm. H. Marker, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. I. Babylon, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Hull, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Keeler, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Bankard, Mr. and Mrs. Luther Zimmerman, Mr. and Mrs. James Unger, Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Brown, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. E. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Brown, Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Halter, Mrs. John H. Marker, Mrs. Howard Dorn; Misses Virgie Keeler, Viola Marker, Savilla and May Unger, Naomi Babylon, Cora and Rhoda Halter, Margaret Bankard, Evelyn Marker and Evelyn Zimmerman; Messrs. Paul Bankard, Roy Lemmon, Charles Unger, Nelson Brown, Milton and Wilmer Hull, Paul Halter and Jacob Marker.

The Pneumonia Season.

The cold, damp weather of March seems to be the most favorable for the pneumonia germ. Now is the time to be careful. Pneumonia often results from a cold. The quicker a cold is gotten rid of the less the danger. As soon as the first indication of a cold appears take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. As to the value of this preparation, ask anyone who has used it.

Advertisement.

CHURCH NOTICES.

Woodbine charge, Messiah church—Sunday School, 9.45 a. m.; preaching service, 10.45 a. m.

Calvary church, Woodbine—Sunday School, 2.00 p. m.; preaching service, 3.00 p. m. G. W. BAUGHMAN, Pastor.

Union Bridge Charge, St. Paul's, Union Bridge.—9.30 a. m., Sunday School. Bausat—Saturday, 2 p. m., Mission Bausat and Catechetical Class. Sunday, 10.30 a. m., Divine Worship. Subject, "Martin Luther." 7.30 p. m., Opening of the Thank-offering Boxes by the Woman's Missionary Society. Speaker, Mrs. D. B. Schneider of North Japan College, Sendai, Japan. PAUL D. YODER, Pastor.

In Trinity Lutheran church next Sunday morning the pastor will preach on "The Mission and Commission of the Seventy." The evening service will be a union evangelistic service, in which the four churches of town will join. Rev. Seth Russell Downie will preach. A large union choir will sing.

Union Bridge, Lutheran Charge, Union Bridge—Sunday School, 9.30 a. m.; Preaching, 10.30 a. m. Theme: "Gethsemane." Evening 7.30 p. m. Theme: "A Pathetic Inspiration." W. O. IBACH, Pastor.

Church of God, Uniontown—Sunday School, at 9 a. m.; Preaching, at 10.15 a. m., and 7 p. m.; Preaching, at Frizzellburg, at 2 p. m. L. F. MURRAY, Pastor.

Reformed Church—Sunday school, at 9.15 a. m.; Foreign Mission service, at 10.15. No evening service. Heidelberg Church, Saturday afternoon, at 1.30; Catechetical Class, at 2.15.

U. B. Church—Harney: Bible School, 9 a. m.; preaching, 10 a. m. Taneytown: Sunday School, at 1.30 p. m.; regular preaching service at 2.30 p. m. All members are urged to be present. Union evangelistic services at Lutheran church, 7.30 p. m. W. J. MARKS, Pastor.

Bad Cough? Feverish? Grippy?

You need Dr. King's New Discovery to stop that cold, the soothing balsam ingredients heal the irritated membranes, soothe the sore throat, the antiseptic qualities kill the germ and your cold is quickly relieved. Dr. King's New Discovery has for 48 years been the standard remedy for coughs and colds in thousands of homes. Get a bottle today and have it handy in your medicine chest for coughs, colds, croup, grippe, and all bronchial affections. At your druggist, 50c. Advertisement

Ford Dealers Can't Stock Cars.

"Detroit, Feb. 16.—Owing to freight conditions, the Ford Motor Co., is not permitting its dealers to stock up with cars. Shipments are made only after the car has actually been sold. In this way the cars have moved exactly in accordance with sales and not in accordance with the individual estimates of the dealers on the number of cars that will be sold in a certain territory."

Love.

At twenty love is a rosy dream, at thirty it is a thrilling reality, at forty it is a calm contentment, and at fifty it is a reaffirmation.

NOTICE!

STOP! LOOK! LISTEN!



We still have plenty of horses and getting more all the time. Look out for the big sale on

TUESDAY, APRIL 10th.

We will have them as good as grow, and work any place a horse will work. If not as represented bring them back and get your money back.

C. W. KING, Westminster, Md. BRADLEY McHENRY, Mgr

GREAT BARGAINS

NOW IN HARNEY, MD.

AT

E. K. LEATHERMAN & SON

NOTICE. \$4000 worth of new clean and up-to-date Clothing must be sold at once, as we positively are going to get out of the Clothing Business. So here is the greatest Bargains ever offered in Harney, Md., all those new

Suits and Overcoats,

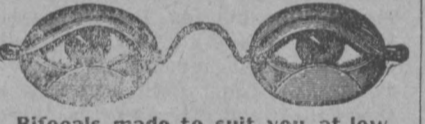
must go at less than cost. Come and see the great bargains. Lord, 16c; Side Meat, 16 1/2c in trade.

E. K. LEATHERMAN & SON, HARNEY, MD.

THE TORIC LENS



To see Better, Use Toric Lenses. Do you need glasses? If so, come to us and we will fit you as reasonable as elsewhere. We use only the best materials obtainable, and guarantee all of our work to be satisfactory.



Bifocals made to suit you, at low prices.

If you want cheap Reading and Sewing Glasses, we have them at 50c a Pair—the same as other Opticians are advertising as specials at \$1.00.

It will pay you to see us!

CHAS. E. KNIGHT, Jeweler and Optician, TANEYTOWN, - - - MD.

PUBLIC SALE

The undersigned, intending to remove to Manheim, will offer at public sale, at his residence on Baltimore St., Taneytown, on

SATURDAY, MARCH 17th., 1917, at 1 o'clock, p. m., the following described property:

BEDSTEAD, DRESSER, washstand, bed springs, 12-ft. extension table, lot of chairs, lot crocks, glass jars, egg stove and pipe; galvanized iron for moving picture booth, and many other articles not mentioned.

TERMS CASH. H. C. BOYER, T. A. Martin, Aucr. 3-9-2t

FOR RENT.—Half of my house on Cemetery St.—D. M. MEHRING. 3-9-2t

RABBITS FOR SALE.—Angoras, Belgian Hares, and Flemish Giants.—LEWIN HITCHCOCK, Taneytown.

IMPORTANT.—See us at once about a Ford car so as to assure prompt delivery.—C. L. HUMER, Agent, Taneytown.

AUTOMOBILES and Buggies painted at our east-end Garage, by C. H. THROXSON. 3-16-tf.

A SQUARE KNABE PIANO can be bought at purchaser's own price. For information, apply at RECORD office. 3-16-tf

BROODER for sale, at a bargain, by Miss M. L. REINDOLLAR, Taneytown.

ONE HARLEY DAVIDSON Motorcycle and side car, in No. 1 condition, with all new tires.—Apply to F. E. SHAMM.

16 PIGS for sale by Wm. F. BRICKER, Taneytown.

Encouragement.

The bashful youth had been presented to the vivacious debutante, and for ten minutes he sat speechless, growing redder and redder and more embarrassed. At length the girl said sweetly, "And now let us talk of something else."

SPECIAL NOTICES.

General Advertisements will be inserted under this heading at one cent a word, each issue. Real Estate for sale, Two Cents each word. The name and address of advertiser must be paid for at same rate; two initials, or a date, counted as one word. Cash in advance, unless other terms are mutually agreed upon. Postage Stamps received as cash.

CAPONS WANTED at Highest Prices. Headquarters for all kinds of Furs. All kinds of Poultry wanted. Squabs a specialty. 50¢ for delivering Calves.—SCHWARTZ'S PRODUCE. 6-10-12

HIGHEST CASH Prices paid for Eggs, Calves and Poultry. 50¢ for delivering Calves Tuesday evening or Wednesday morning.—G. W. MOTTER. 3-9-2t

FUR SEASON will close March 15th. Poultry of all kinds wanted; also Guineas, Squabs, Eggs and Calves. Highest prices paid, 50¢ for delivering Calves.—Farmers' Produce Co., H. C. BRENDEL, Prop.

FOR SALE.—Bay Mare coming 7 years, and colt coming 2 years, by HARRY CURSAIL, on David Mehning farm. 3-9-2t

SEED POTATOES for sale—Early Eureka and Million Dollar, fine variety. Taken first premiums at Taneytown, Md., State Grangers' Fair, 1916.—CHAS. G. BAUMGARDNER, Taneytown. 3-9-2t

HIGHEST CASH price paid for Calves delivered Saturday morning; 50c paid for delivery.—FRANCIS E. SHAMM. 3-9-2t

MARE COLT, 2 years old, for sale, by Wm. M. ANDERS, near Taneytown. 16-2t

ENTERTAINMENT of Harney public school, in the Harney Lodge Hall, for benefit of school equipment, Saturday evening, March 24, at 7.30. Admission 10c. 3-16-2t

DOUBLE CORN SHELTER for sale, good as new; also lot home-made Brooms.—P. H. SHRIVER. 3-16-2t

FOR SALE, 15 Fancy Pigeons; Runts and Maltese, cheap to quick buyer.—JACOB A. HESS, R. D. 3, Box 34.

PRIVATE SALE.—As the real estate of Ellen C. Crouse was not sold at public sale, it will be offered at private sale, for a short time.—SAM'L S. CROUSE. 3-16-2t

GOOD BUGGY, rubber-tire, home-made; also set Buggy Harness, good as new. For sale by JAS. F. HUMBERT, near Taneytown.

BUY YOUR Spring Hat now, the latest shape and colors in Ladies' and Children's at 25¢ to \$2.50, at DALEY'S.

FOR SALE.—House and Lot, two acres, in Stumptown.—By C. A. LAMBERT. 3-16-3t

DO YOU BELIEVE in Preparedness—You had better prepare yourself against the shortage of Ford cars by seeing us at once.—C. L. HUMER, Agent, Taneytown.

FOR RENT—House and Lot, near Crouse's Mill, to farm hand; or will rent both house and 75 acres of good land.—E. M. DUTTERER.

10 SHOATS, about 70 lbs., and 1 pr. hay carriages 18 ft. long, for sale.—Geo. F. KOONTZ, near Harney.

ARE YOU GOING to Farming? or in to business of any kind, this Spring? If so, see me about Fire Insurance.—P. B. ENGLAR, Agt. 3-9-3t

FOR SALE.—A few bushels of clean home-raised Clover Seed; Rubber-tire Runabout, narrow tread, good as new.—J. W. WITTEBOW. 3-9-2t

FOR RENT—House and Lot, near Mayberry, by THOMAS KEEFER. 9-3t

BARRED PLY. ROCKS Eggs for hatching, 50c setting. Also Chicks hatched on request, 10c each.—Mrs. B. O. SLOAKER. 9-2t

HORSE FOR SALE, 4 years old, good worker and driver.—THOMAS ECKER, near Walnut Grove School. 3-9-2t

INSURANCE.—If you will remove to town, this Spring, you will need Fire Insurance. Let me place it for you in the old reliable HOME OF N. Y.—P. B. ENGLAR, Agt. 3-9-3t

DEEDS, MORTGAGES, Bill of Sales and Agreements, and all other legal writings. No charge for acknowledgment of same when written by me.—J. E. DAVIDSON, J. P. 3-9-4t

FOR SALE.—Hatching eggs; hen-hatched day-old chicks and mated stock, from R. I. Reds and Barred Ply. Rocks.—HERBERT WINTER, Taneytown. 2-23-10t

CUSTOM HATCHING at 2¢ per egg, by F. P. PALMER. Phone 48-F6, Taneytown. 2-23-tf

FOR SALE.—Paying business. Complete stock of General Grocery Store, as a whole, or by inventory. Property includes Dwelling, rental \$20.00 per month. No triflers need apply.—Address PILOT OFFICE, Union Bridge. 1-19-tf

WILL BUY Rags, Rubber, Iron, and all kinds of metals, secondhand Automobiles, books, papers. Phone 6M., or write CHARLES SOMMERS, Taneytown. 3-16

WHEN YOU HAVE A HOME (N. Y.) Fire or Storm Insurance Policy, you have the best there is to be had. It is not only the strongest in this country, financially, but its record for fairness is unexcelled anywhere.—P. B. ENGLAR, Agt., Taneytown. 12-1-tf

EGGS FOR HATCHING.—Rhode Island Reds and Silver Laced Wyandottes. Fine Pens of both breeds, extra good layers. \$1.00 for 15 if packed, or 75c at the house.—JOHN J. REID, Taneytown.

Taneytown Grain and Hay Market.

Corrected weekly, on day of publication. Prices paid by The Reindollar Co.

Wheat	1.88@1.88
Corn, new, 70 lbs. to bus	1.10@1.10
Rye	1.10@1.10
Oats	50@50
Timothy Hay	10.00@10.00
Mixed Hay	8.00@9.00
Bundle Rye Straw	9.00@9.00

Baltimore Markets.

Wheat	1.96@1.96
Corn	1.17@1.17
Oats	58@73
Rye	1.30@1.40
Hay, Timothy	17.50@18.50
Hay, Mixed	16.00@16.50
Hay, Clover	14.00@15.00

Taneytown's Leading Fashion Store.

Koons Bros.

DEPARTMENT STORE

TANEYTOWN, MD.

Store Closes Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 p. m.

Standard Sewing Machines

Easter is Coming Fast!

Our New Spring Goods Continue to Arrive

MEN'S SUITS

New Fabrics and Models
The materials are Cassimeres, Chevots and Worsted, in mixtures, checks and stripes.
We want you to note particularly how well these Suits are Tailored and how excellently they fit.

\$10.00 to \$15.00.
Made-to-Measure Suits \$14.90 to \$35.00
Look over our samples. FIT GUARANTEED.

MEN'S SHIRTS

A special lot, made of high grade materials, from Madras to best Silk. \$1.00 to \$4.50

BOYS' CLOTHING

AT BIG VALUES

MEN'S SPRING HATS

THE VERY NEWEST STYLES

CHILDREN'S SHOES

From the smallest child to the grown-up.
Special Line of White Duck Shoes

Beauty is the keynote of Shoe Style for Spring. High-class Shoes, consisting of colonial, plain pump, strap pumps, oxfords and spat pumps, Economically Priced, considering the cost conditions. By far the Largest Line of Footwear we have ever shown

STAR BRAND and DOLLY MADISON SHOES

It will pay you to look over our line of Men's and Boys' Clothing—even if there is no immediate need. You'll not get an opportunity like this in a hurry again. Clothes are getting higher all the time.

Household Goods
Moving-time is here and you will find many thing needing. We carry a full line of
Carpets and Mattings
Brussels, Wool and Fibre Rugs
Linoleum, Oilcloth
Blinds and Lace Curtains
Ticking, Sheeting, etc., etc.

Ladies' Waists for Easter
In White Linen and Striped Silk.
49c to \$3.00

SPRING MILLINERY
will arrive Saturday, March 24th

Ladies' Silk Hosiery
35c to \$1.00

Farm Machinery of all Kinds

Mogul Side Shaft Engines
Deering and McCormick Binders, Mowers and Rakes
Keystone Swath and Winrow Loaders & Rakes
Steel Dorn King Wide Spreaders, from 8 to 10 seat
Steel Skein Weber Wagons
Superior and Empire Jr. Grain Drills
Cream Separators that produce more Butterfat than De Laval
8-16 Mogul or 10-20 Titan Oil Tractors
Automatic Lift Corn Planters
Deering and McCormick Standard Twine

Repairs Receive Prompt Attention

JOHN T. LEMMON, Harney, Md.
3-16-tf Bell 49F12 PHONES 28C United

Spring Millinery Opening

THE WEEKS OF
March 16th and 17th
— and —
March 23rd and 24th

PRICES REASONABLE
Public Cordially Invited.

THE MISSES WARNER,

NEW WINDSOR, MD.