

The Best Sale
PRINTING
is the Kind We Sell

THE CARROLL RECORD

Be Sure to Read
OUR SALE
Advertisements

VOL. 23.

Chesapeake & Potomac
Telephone, 3-R.

TANEYTOWN, MARYLAND. FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1917.

Please watch the Date
on your Paper.

NO. 33

BRIEF NEWS NOTES OF GENERAL INTEREST.

Gleaned from the County and State and our Exchanges.

18,000 barrels of potatoes were destroyed by fire in six warehouses in Maine, on Monday. The loss is estimated at \$150,000.

With a rebellion fomenting in Cuba, the Mexicans making raids into the United States, and the almost certainty of war with Germany, "Uncle Sam" is kept quite busy these days.

Rev. W. K. Fleck, of Fairfield, Pa., has been elected as pastor of the Littlestown Pa., Lutheran charge, and it is understood that he will accept.

Numerous dwelling fires throughout the state, during the past week, are chargeable to extra firing, due to the extreme cold, and to defective chimneys. Some of the fires resulted from the explosion of stoves containing water-backs that had frozen.

Fifteen thousand baskets of sweet potatoes were destroyed in Laurel, Del., Wednesday morning, when the potato warehouse of Ex-Representative Eli Hastings burned. The large building was valued at \$3000.

Congressman C. Wm. Beales, of the York-Adams district, Pa., occupies the peculiar position of being a member of Congress, and also a member-elect of the Pennsylvania State Senate. He has not, however, been sworn in as State Senator, as he feels that under present conditions he should first serve out his term in Congress.

The Webb resolution proposing a National prohibition amendment was reported to the House, on Thursday, with a majority report in its favor. Democratic leader, Kitchin, predicts that it will pass the House at this session, by the necessary two-thirds vote, but that it will hardly reach action in the Senate before adjournment, March 4.

At a dinner of wealthy men held at a Baltimore hotel, Monday night, Albert Marlbury offered a fancy vest that he wore to be auctioned off for the benefit of Johns Hopkins Hospital. The bidding was spirited, and it was finally decided that each man give the amount of his bid. The total so realized was \$500 and the vest, which was sent with the amount to the hospital.

R. W. Bolling, brother-in-law of President Wilson, has withdrawn from the brokerage firm of F. A. Connally & Co., which the peace note leak investigation established as having furnished a forecast of the note to clients a day in advance of its publication. Bolling denied any knowledge whatever of the affair, and J. Fred. Essary, a newspaper correspondent, testified that it was he who wrote the forecast.

P. A. Hauer, a graduate of the Maryland State College and head of the agricultural department of the Boys' High School, Frederick, has been appointed farm demonstration agent for Frederick county. He enters upon his duties at once. Hauer announces an elaborate program of organizing boys' clubs throughout the county. About 3 years ago Frederick county had a demonstration agent, but the office was abolished after a year's trial.

The revival of the whipping post, the registry of purchasers of revolvers, a complete renovation of the Courthouse, which is branded insanitary, the utilization of convict labor and the elimination of street-corner loafing were among the recommendations made by the Frederick county grand jury in returning its report after an investigation of nine days. The jury examined 52 cases and found 32 indictments.

The re-election of Woodrow Wilson and Thomas R. Marshall as President and Vice-President of the United States was officially proclaimed, on Wednesday, for the term beginning March 4 next when the House and the Senate, sitting in joint session of Congress, as directed by the Constitution, officially canvassed the electoral votes cast by the 48 States and declared the result of the Presidential election held in November to be—what everybody knew—that Wilson and Marshall received 277 and Hughes and Fairbanks 254 electoral votes.

George W. Crabbe to Succeed Dr. Hare.

George W. Crabbe, of Charleston, W. Va., was elected superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League last Friday, to succeed Rev. Dr. Thomas M. Hare, who has been in charge for two years. Mr. Crabbe was the successor of Dr. Hare in West Virginia as head of the League there.

Mr. Crabbe is a lawyer by profession, and a native of Ohio. He has been in the League work for the last 16 years, and has served as superintendent of the Ohio League, as well as of the West Virginia League. He is well known in Baltimore, having taken an active part in the recent campaign there.

Mr. Crabbe, if he takes charge, will be in at once the campaign to induce members of the Legislature to vote the whole State dry at the next session. An easy-going and jolly fellow, somewhat like Dr. Hare, Mr. Crabbe is expected to exert much influence in the counties. In the recent campaign he was able to arouse much enthusiasm in Baltimore county at small meetings and at big meetings at Hagerstown.

Large Farm House Burned.

The large three-story brick dwelling on the farm of Wm. J. Reifsnider, in Middleburg district, was destroyed by fire last Saturday afternoon between two and three o'clock. The fire likely originated from a chimney, perhaps through a crack hidden between a floor and ceiling, and may have been smoldering for some time. The tenant on the farm is LeRoy Reifsnider who was in Union Bridge at the time the fire broke out; and on receiving word of the fire, he and his father procured an automobile and rushed rapidly to the scene.

Mrs. LeRoy Reifsnider and little child were the only persons in the house when the fire was discovered. Mrs. Reifsnider was in the basement when she first saw the smoke, and left her child in the dining-room and ran to the barn to notify a boy working there, and on their return to the house the fire had made such rapid progress that it was only with the greatest difficulty that the child could be gotten out, as it was necessary to break open a locked door to reach it, as entrance could not then be made through the basement. The fire had evidently made considerable headway before it was discovered.

Nothing was saved from the building but several cans of lard, a few chairs and a bicycle. There was no insurance on LeRoy Reifsnider's furniture. The owner, William J., who lives in Union Bridge, has a policy on the building and on some furniture belonging to him, in the Dug Hill Company, but it will not likely cover half of the loss.

The building was one of the largest and best farm houses in this county. It was built about 1863 by the late Joseph Davis, and much of the interior woodwork was of walnut and cherry. The property was kept in good repair, and for years many summer boarders from Baltimore were entertained there. Mr. Reifsnider will rebuild. Fortunately the wind was away from the barn and outbuildings, otherwise, the loss would have been much greater. A portion of the walls are thought to be sound enough to use for rebuilding purposes.

Farm School in Taneytown.

Taneytown had a sample, this week, of the movable farm school, and those who attended its sessions expressed themselves as very much in favor of the project.

Through the effort of our county agents, Grover Kinzy, the service of Professor C. E. Temple and W. E. Kemp was secured from the Maryland Agricultural College, and for three days, with two sessions each day, these men and the county agent brought to the farmers in attendance the latest results of state and federal experimentation in several lines of agriculture.

Prof. Temple is an expert in plant diseases, and demonstrated very clearly the cause of much of the crop failure, treating of various kinds of fruit, potatoes, cabbage, tomatoes, etc. He showed how, at a very small cost, many of the commonest troubles may be remedied, with immense profit to the farmer.

Prof. Kemp is an expert in soils and crops, and devoted his time chiefly to fertilization, discussing general soil conditions, lime, manure, commercial fertilizer, crop rotation, etc. It is perfectly plain that if the farmers will follow the practical instruction, it will yield a large return in cash.

These men brought to the farmers in plain language some of the training that can generally be secured only in the agricultural college, and at a high cost. It was very evident from the work of the county agent himself that he is a scientifically trained farmer, and that he means to be helpful wherever his services are desired.

It is the intention to give the benefit of these schools to other parts of the county, where they may be desired.

Sell Unproductive Articles.

Every thing you own, and have stored away, that is of no use to you, should be sold. There are likely persons who need just such things and will pay a fair price for them, and you can use the money to keep down the high cost of things you must have. Take an inventory from cellar to attic, and of your barns and sheds, and make a list of unproductive articles that are in good serviceable condition, and plan to turn them into cash.

A "Special Notice" in the RECORD will sell most of such articles for you; or, why not arrange to sell some of them at a neighboring public sale? It does not pay to accumulate unproductive property of any kind. Everybody should make "rummage sales" occasionally, instead of storing displaced articles away. The RECORD, if properly used, will bring you customers for such articles.

Proceedings of Circuit Court.

Jos. D. Brooks, appellant vs. Frank T. Schaeffer, appellee, suit on open account. Tried before jury. Verdict for appellant. Went for appellant; Reifsnider & Brown for appellee.

Horatio T. Wantz and Delphay Wantz, appellant, vs. Lewis Thierit, appellee. Suit to recover lost sale list. Tried before jury. Verdict for appellant. Steele for appellant; Went for appellee.

State of Md. vs. Joseph Hill. Charge, shooting crap. Plea of guilty confessed by traverser. Judgment and sentence of Court to pay fine of \$5.00. Paid costs, and discharged.

Transfers of Real Estate.

J. Albert Stansbury and wife to Elmer E. Smith, convey 23 square rods, for \$10.

Wade H. D. Warfield and wife to E. F. Shriver Co., convey lot of land, for \$500.

Earl W. Murray et al, to Samuel W. Cooper, convey 4 1/2 acres, for \$10.

Samuel A. Brown to Samuel G. A. Brown, convey 7407 square feet, for \$1.

Samuel A. Brown to Effie A. Spangler, et al, convey 93 acres, for \$1.

Emily Herr to Mary E. Dittman, et al, convey 4 acres, for \$800.

Mt. Airy Savings Bank to Commercial State Bank, convey lot of land, for \$10,400.

INTEREST ON TAXES IN FREDERICK COUNTY

In Six Months Received \$2335. Interest on County Balances.

The following article from Tuesday's issue of the Frederick News, should appeal to Carroll county tax-payers, and perhaps suggest a like revenue for this county. Unless Carroll has received interest on its deposits through the item, "Receipts from other sources," it does not seem to have had any such revenue; except in the statement of last year, for the first time, there is the item, "Interest received on account subject to check since Dec. 7, 1915 \$146.23."

If Frederick county can receive an income in six months, of \$2,335 from interest on daily balances on county taxes alone, surely Carroll county should also receive a very considerable sum. At any rate, the matter is one deserving attention in these days of increasing expenses and taxes. The article in the News says: "The new county tax law has brought into the coffers of County Treasurer Roger G. Harley nearly \$5,000 in interest, since it went into effect last July. Before the next annual levy is made, it is expected that thousands of dollars more will roll into the treasury through the operation of this law. Because of the revenue producing feature of the new measure, such a law for Frederick city, which has experienced much trouble in collecting back taxes and which receives no interest from its daily bank balance.

Under the new county tax law the Treasurer is required to place his deposit with the bank offering the highest rate of interest on daily balances. Until January 31, 1917, Frederick county has secured in interest from this source a total of \$2,335.23. The county also gets interest on the State tax authorities which is held until the State tax money call upon the Treasurer.

At present the county treasurer's bank balance is about \$135,000 which is yielding a neat sum every month in interest. It is expected that this balance will continue at a high figure for some time, as there are no special demands at this time. The balance in bank at the close of business January 31, was \$135,433.13.

During the past month the interest on daily balances amounted to \$432.33. February will produce about as good a return. The best month for interest for the county was the December when the bank paid \$594.95.

Under the new law taxpayers are charged with interest on their taxes after September 1. Hereafter they were allowed until January 1 before interest accrued. This has brought additional revenue to the county. The total amount of interest paid by taxpayers on county taxes until January 31, is \$2,235.33. The State has received on its taxes interest amounting to \$688.34, that is, to January 31. With the interest on daily balances and the interest from individual taxpayers, the county is \$4,570.50 to the good as a result of the new law."

Public School Teacher Arrested for Assault and Battery.

On Saturday last, at Sykesville, the case of the State of Maryland against Miss Margaret A. Carter, was tried before Justice of the Peace Anderson and Justice Muskgrove sitting with him by the consent of both sides. The State was represented by State's Attorney Seabrook, and the defendant by Charles O. Clemons.

The question involved was the very much discussed, and very much misunderstood one, as to whether a public school teacher has a right to administer to a child, who is a pupil under her charge, any punishment in the nature of corporal punishment for disobedience. Both the State and the Defendant's Attorneys agreed that the law governing the case was that unless there is some statute prohibiting corporal punishment in the schools, the general principles, which have been decided in a great many of the States, apply that a teacher standing in loco parentis has the right to inflict corporal punishment and to chastise a child for disobedience for the sake, not only of the punishment of the child, but for the discipline of the school. Certainly it is unquestionably the law in the State of Maryland, that the teacher has the right to chastise the child in a proper way.

The Carter case grew out of the arrest of Miss Carter on a warrant sworn out by Wm. H. Bennett, a citizen of Sykesville, whose son, Vernon, had been disobedient at school and had been whipped by Miss Carter, the principal. The facts showed that Miss Carter was clearly within her rights in chastising the Bennett boy and that the punishment that she administered to him was reasonable and proper under the circumstances. It developed that the switch had hit the boy's cheek and ear, which was shown to be entirely unintentional on the part of the teacher.

A great many witnesses were summoned on both sides, teachers and students, and the case was very thoroughly tried. The finding of the Justice of the Peace was a verdict of not guilty. Superintendent Unger of the County Schools, was present at the trial and had notes made of the case.

It is to be hoped that the misunderstanding that is current in some parts of the county concerning the rights of public school teachers in the matter of proper chastisement of pupils under their care, may be the better understood as a result of this trial. It developed that in this particular instance, as a result of which Miss Carter was arrested, that there had been no effort on the part of the parents of the offending pupil to speak to the teacher, or to understand her side of the case, and that the warrant was sworn out entirely on the information given by the pupil, which information was shown to have been very much exaggerated.

Marriage Licenses.

Edgar T. Logue and Harriet J. Myers, both of Pleasant Valley.

George E. Ruby, of Upperco, and Gertrude M. Still, of Parkton, Md.

Farmers' Institutes and Schools.

The delayed Farmers' Institutes will be held the week of Feb. 26. Dr. Hill and his staff will be at Mt. Airy, Monday, Feb. 26, at Westminster, Tuesday, Feb. 27, at Westminister, Wednesday, Feb. 28, at Middleburg on Wednesday also, at New Windsor, Thursday, March 1, and Sykesville, Friday, March 2.

Institutes in other counties have been unusually good this year and the attendance better than ever before. The very high price of farm products have stimulated farmers to all endeavors and they are looking into all corners for means for greater production. No doubt the farmers and business men of Carroll county are no exception to the rule and will turn out in large numbers to hear the speakers at the institutes. Just whom the speakers will be and what subjects they will discuss has not been definitely arranged but will be published next week.

The movable school, at Taneytown, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday of this week, was not as well attended as expected, but the twenty or thirty who did attend constantly, expressed themselves as very well satisfied with the instruction given by Prof. Temple and Kemp, of the State College and the only criticism that did not last long enough. Taneytown is to be regretted that the efforts to organize a Boys' Agriculture Club, at Taneytown, were in vain, for such a prosperous farming section should have something to turn the attention of its young men to the opportunities of the farm at the present time. In point of numbers the Boys' Club at Westminster is ahead, so far, the membership being sixty.

GROVER KINZY, Co. Agent.

Washington & Gettysburg Railway.

The long hoped for railway from Washington to Gettysburg, by way of Westminster, seems now to be an assured fact, provided the people of the section through which it is projected want such a road, sufficiently to give its promoters their full moral support and sympathy.

A meeting of the citizens of Westminster, called by the Merchants' and Manufacturers' Association, was held in Firemen's Hall, on Tuesday evening and many representative citizens were present. Messrs. W. S. Taylor, W. H. Levellyn, and A. Johnson, the latter the chief engineer, looking after the physical end of the proposed road, representing the promoters, were present and explained the present movement for its construction. Terminal facilities have already been secured in the District of Columbia and at Gettysburg; the money for the building of the road is ready; and it only remains for the people of the counties and towns through which the survey passes to give the project their earnest co-operation to make the road a certainty.

T. W. Mather, Jr., president of the Merchants' and Manufacturers' Association, was chairman of the meeting on Tuesday night, and was instructed to appoint two committees, one to cooperate with the promoters of the road, and another with the Mayor and Common Council of Westminster an ordinance granting the right of way through the city, and from the County Commissioners the right to cross county roads, and the other a press committee to keep the people of the county advised as to the progress of the movement and enlist their support and sympathy.

It is hoped that every property owner and citizen of the county will actively support the movement, and that no obstructions or hindrances will be interposed to delay a project which has been dreamed of, and hoped for, for so many years, and which will be of so great advantage in the future development of the county and its wonderful resources.

Such a project has been so frequently talked of that our people are inclined to be skeptical whenever a road from Washington to Gettysburg is spoken of, but it can be safely said that only one thing can prevent its materialization now, and that one thing will be the lack of sympathy, cooperation and moral support of our people. With that support and co-operation, and the securing of rights of way, the road is assured, and just so soon as our people make it possible for them to do so, the promoters of the road will begin work at as many points as are feasible along the projected line, and push the road to rapid completion.

W. L. SEABROOK,
H. PEYTON GORSUCH,
Press Committee.

P. O. Clerk at Woodsboro Arrested.

Caught with money alleged to have been taken from the United States mails, Norman Phillips, 22 years old, second assistant postmaster at Woodsboro, was arrested last Friday by Postoffice Inspector Everett Partridge and after staying in the Frederick jail over night was taken to Hagerstown for a preliminary hearing before United States Commissioner Alexander Hagner.

It is said that for some time money has been missing from the mail at the Woodsboro office, and a complaint was made to the department. Three detectives were assigned to the work, one of them being Inspector Partridge. On the train to Woodsboro it is said that one of the officials placed a letter in a mail sack just before it reached Woodsboro and then followed it to the office.

Later, it is said, the letter vanished. Phillips was confined and it is said that the letter and money were found on him.

At the hearing, on Wednesday, Phillips was convicted and sentenced to two years in the Atlanta penitentiary. Strong pleas were made for leniency, because of the youth of the accused and who comes from a good family, but Judge Rose thought differently.

THE WAR SITUATION IS STILL UNCHANGED

The Position of the United States to be Adhered to.

The next week or ten days will be a critical time for the strained relations between the United States and Germany, as there are numerous vessels now at sea, the destruction of any one of which will call for a declaration of war. In this time it will also be demonstrated, in all probability, whether armed cruisers as convoys to merchant ships are a complete protection to them, as a fleet of about thirty suel. ships left off the Virginia coast, last Sunday, under the command of three fast British cruisers. The plan is for two of the cruisers to be continuously making circles around the merchantmen, and the third and slower one to lead the fleet, which carries food and war munitions gathered from various Atlantic ports.

There is evidently no intention on the part of Germany to make exceptions of American vessels, and equally no intention on the part of the United States to recede from the position taken, that the seas must be free to all American ships. War is coming unless submarine warfare is modified. The latest German announcement is as follows:

"From now on, in all prohibited zones the warning which has been issued is in full force and shipping can no longer expect individual warning. Vessels which enter the prohibited areas do so with a full knowledge of the dangers threatening them and their crews. It is expressly stated that all news spread from enemy sources about any torpedoing of neutral ships without previous warning, before the dates mentioned for the various prohibited areas is incorrect.

"The periods of grace mentioned were also in force for enemy passenger vessels, because it was possible that they were carrying neutral passengers who were perhaps ignorant of the new blockade regulations."

Count Von Bernstorff, former German Ambassador to this country, sailed for home, on Wednesday, aboard the liner Frederick VIII. With him were nearly 200 German diplomats and officials. American minister, Gerard, with his force, is expected to sail for the United States from Spain, next week.

Notwithstanding the increase in submarine warfare, hundreds of ships are arriving and departing daily from English and French ports, as well as many from the United States.

The American Schooner, L. M. Law, was destroyed, Feb. 13, in the Mediterranean sea, enroute from Penobscot Bay, Maine, to Palermo, Sicily, loaded with lumber. An Austrian submarine may have made the attack.

U. S. Assembles Guns at Ports.

Washington, Feb. 14.—The Navy Department is assembling guns and ammunition at strategic ports along the Atlantic coast as a preparedness step toward making the United States ready for any naval activities in the event of hostilities with Germany and possibly her allies. The concentration at New York and other ports is declared not only to supply merchant ships flying the American flag, but also to equip auxiliary naval vessels when necessary. Neither the State nor the Navy Department would indicate whether the Government would furnish guns to American ocean-going trading ships. It was said that the ultimate decision would lie with President Wilson.

It is understood that the Navy Department has taken no action regarding requests from American ship-owners for guns, but everywhere there was the impression today that the moment was approaching when the Government must take a stand.

International law experts here asserted today that there could not possibly be any question of rights as to the furnishing of arms and gunners to American merchant ships. The key to the defense of the American merchant marine, it was asserted, is in the hands of the Government. What is causing President Wilson and his advisers to pause is a question of policy, not of right.

The State Department let it be known today that there would be no change in its announced position, set forth in a memorandum dated February 6 concerning advising American liners either to send out their ships or to hold them in port; but the memorandum failed to put this Government definitely on record regarding its own share in the arming of American merchantmen.

There are increasing signs that ship-owners and other business men who are as immediately affected by the long-distance blockade are becoming irritated. The enforced idleness of American ships is costing American exporters, and indirectly all American producers, enormous amounts of money. If this idleness is permitted to continue, experts on economy declared today, the American markets would be disastrously affected.

Military Course at Gettysburg.

Gettysburg College gets still further recognition from the War Department as the result of the enthusiastic support given by the students of the institution to the military course. Sergeant Norman Allen, a non-commissioned officer in the Regular Army, has been detailed for duty at Gettysburg to assist Major F. L. Graham. Mr. Allen has been a color sergeant and has been located at one of the army posts in New York state, and reported for duty this week. He will have charge of the equipment, will assist in the drilling, and generally will be available to help in whatever way he is needed.

Another company is being formed in addition to the three at college. The new command is made up of thirty-two Gettysburg Academy students and fourteen from the Seminary. They are taking the same drills as the college men. About \$300 has been pledged by the students of College for relief work in the prison camps of Europe.

Early Hatching Brings Winter Eggs.

Early hatching is the secret of winter egg production, say specialists in the U. S. Department of Agriculture. The pullets that is hatched early matures early and is ready to lay eggs in the fall when the supply is scarcest and prices highest. Chickens that are expected to be revenue producers for their owners, later in the year should be out of their shells by April 30, at the latest. If they are properly cared for thereafter they will begin to lay eggs at the very time that eggs are most wanted.

To a great extent the poultrymen of the country have overlooked this simple fact. For one thing, birds hatched later in the spring or summer are not inclined to become broody until late in the following season, and thus an unprofitable circle is formed. Each year or two the output of late to produce in the fall and winter, and they sit too late for their offspring to do any better. The poultryman who wishes to get really good returns from his flock must break this circle.

The growing use of incubators has made this comparatively easy. There is no reason why incubators should not be filled in March and early April, and the hatching over before May 1. If no incubator is available it may be possible to secure broody hens in the neighborhood. That they will repay the trouble and expense necessary to the government, is indicated by results at the government poultry farm in Maryland. There it is unusual to get a daily average of one egg for every five hens throughout the fall and winter, and in some pens the average has been as high as one egg for three birds. If anything like this percentage could be obtained on farms, the ordinary poultry farmer would derive real benefit from the high prices which eggs invariably bring for a period of several months.

The Great Needs of Belgium.

Who is Herbert Clark Hoover? Nearly every one knows that it is he who has been the salvation of 10,000,000 people of the Belgian nation, but perhaps not every one has made up his or her mind that he has proved himself to be one of the outstanding figures of the war. He has come to America to appeal to Americans in their peace and prosperity to be more generous to a little nation caught unawares in the grip of a great war and dependent upon the charity of the world. "But we have done so much already," you will say. "Oh, no," replies Mr. Hoover, "other nations have done much more, and now that the war is making more and more drains on the countries at war, to save the Belgium Americans must wake up to the pressing necessity of more giving."

Mr. Hoover is a famous mining engineer, from California, who found himself in London when the war broke out. With Mrs. Hoover he undertook the tremendous task of keeping Belgium from starving, and so far has succeeded. He said at a meeting in Philadelphia, last week: "Of the \$250,000,000 spent in saving Belgium, less than \$9,000,000 has been received from the United States. Nine cents per capita are the figures of our charity to Belgium after two and a half years of war. Proportionately the islands of New Zealand have given thirty times as much. Out of profits of \$30,000,000 on the sale of supplies for the relief of the Belgians we have thought it sufficient to hand back nine. In face of these figures it is difficult to carry the conviction that the support of the Commission for Relief in Belgium is in reality an American enterprise."

Since the above statements were made, Mr. Hoover has withdrawn from the Belgian Relief work in the portion of the order from German authorities that Americans must withdraw from commissions distributing aid, except a few designated by German authority.

Sale Prices Likely High.

The outlook is for high prices at public sales, this Spring, a fact good for the seller, but not so good for the new man starting in the farming business. Early sales indicate the prices. At a sale held in Adams county, last Saturday, a horse brought \$200. The highest price for a cow was \$105. A pair of mules brought \$320. Shoats brought from \$10 up. One sow with pigs brought \$60. Chickens sold for 18c a pound. The total sales amounted to over \$4200.

Orphans' Court Proceedings.

TUESDAY, Feb. 13th., 1917.—The sale of real estate of Samuel Weybright, deceased, was finally ratified and confirmed. The sale of real estate of William E. T. Smith, deceased, was finally ratified and confirmed.

Margaret M. Stauffer, administratrix of Claude S. Stauffer, returned an inventory of personal property and money and received an order to sell personal property.

The last will and testament of Julia A. M. Roop, deceased, was admitted to probate and letters testamentary were granted unto William A. and John H. Roop, who received a warrant to appraise and an order to notify creditors.

Letters of administration on the estate of James W. Buckingham, deceased, were granted unto James A. and Obadiah Buckingham, who received a warrant to appraise and an order to notify creditors.

Letters of administration on the estate of William E. Reaver, deceased, were granted unto Annie E. Reaver and Rufus W. Reaver, who received a warrant to appraise and an order to notify creditors.

The last will and testament of James H. Billingslea, deceased, was admitted to probate and letters testamentary were granted unto Charlotte L. Billingslea, who received a warrant to appraise and an order to notify creditors.

WEDNESDAY, Feb. 14th., 1917.—Barbara J. Bechtel, administratrix of William F. Bechtel, deceased, settled her first and final account.

Mandilla C. Brillhart, executrix of Michael S. Brillhart, deceased, settled her first account.

Rose R. Hook and William H. Shaeffer, administrators of Harry K. Shaeffer, deceased, settled their first and final account.

THE CARROLL RECORD
(NON-PARTISAN.)

Published every Friday, at Taneytown, Md., by The Carroll Record Printing and Publishing Company.

P. B. ENGLAB, Editor and Manager

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
DR. C. BIRNIE, Pres. G. A. ARNOLD, Sec.
GEO. H. BIRNIE, V. Pres. JOHN S. BOWER, Sec.
F. H. SEISS, Sec. & Treas. P. B. ENGLAB, Sec.
E. E. REINDOLLAR.

TERMS: One Dollar per annum in advance. Six months, 50c. Trial subscriptions, Three months, 25c. Please do not receive this paper after your subscription has expired, unless you mean to pay for it. The label on paper contains date to which the subscription has been paid.

All subscriptions will be discontinued on their expiration, when requested to do so; and no credit subscription will be continued longer than one year after the time to which it has been paid. This provision is to be construed merely as an extension of credit, or a favor, to subscribers, and is not a fixed rule for all cases.

ADVERTISING RATES will be given on application, after the character of the business has been definitely stated, together with information as to space, position, and length of contract. The publisher reserves the privilege of declining all offers for space.

All advertisements for 2nd, 3rd, 6th and 7th pages must be in our office by Tuesday morning each week; otherwise, insertion cannot be guaranteed until the following week.

Entered at Taneytown Postoffice as Second Class Matter.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 16th., 1917.

All articles on this page are either original, or properly credited. This has always been a fixed rule with this office, and we suggest the adoption of it by our exchanges.

STRANGE EVENTS come out of politics. Evidently, a large number of Republicans in California voted for Wilson because "he kept us out of war," but last week one of the five votes in the Senate against the President's war policy came from Senator Works of that state.

THAT NONE of the other neutral countries followed President Wilson's course, and especially not his solicitation to do so, must cause the opinion now, that the latter was not only unwise, but a gratuitous slam at Germany that will not soon be forgotten by the latter.

THERE IS NO RELIEF in sight for the price of paper. The Congressional investigation perhaps may have had a tendency to halt prices, but not to lower them; in fact, should the industries of this country engage more largely in the manufacture of munitions of war, even present prices may be longed for, a year hence.

Advertising As An Investment.

A few years ago the RECORD was urging farmers to advertise their sales in full, in the paper. This was at the time when the "sale bill" held almost undisputed sway as the customary means of advertising sales, big and little. But, times have changed—or rather, the people have grown wiser—and now, nearly every public sale is newspaper advertised, with very little solicitation.

The people are beginning to see that advertising is not an expense, but an investment. It is not a question of paying the printer more, but of investing more in publicity for the sake of getting better profit on sales. And whether it be a farmer with his stock and implements, or the storekeeper with his merchandise, or the banker with his service to sell, the principle is all the same.

Every man who subscribes for a newspaper, because he wants it to read, points out the value of advertising—offers himself as a reader of advertising, to the man with something to sell. The truth is so simple and positive, that it hardly needs the telling. And the other end is equally true—that it is the man who advertises, who is making the greatest success in business. The mail order concerns are telling him this, right along—and he hears the news through them.

The advertiser is doing another thing; in fact, he always has done it; he is making the cheap newspaper possible, and in this way is a public benefactor, aside from helping his own business. Without advertising, there would be but few newspapers, and their price would be three or four times their present price.

Many of us remember when daily newspapers were \$9.00 and \$10.00 a year. Look over one of them now, and the story is soon told—almost no advertising. Go back to that condition, and the newspapers will also be forced to go back to old subscription rates. But, there will be no such "go back." It would not pay business to do it, and it is "what pays" that counts, these days. So that is the answer to, "Why do people advertise?"

The farmer was a little slow in considering himself a business man; but he is, in fact, very much a business man, and he knows it now. Business principles and customs apply to everybody, no matter what their work, the only difference being in name, and those who yet fail to realize this, are tremendously handicapped by their own dull comprehension.

Germany's War on Merchantmen.

The German plan of starving the allies by sinking merchant vessels, will be a slow process; even though the present rate of destruction may be increased, it would still require years of time, even to destroy the English vessels alone, and more are being built right along, notwithstanding the war; in fact, it is part of the war plan, and makes Germany's course seem not only desperate, but wanton destruction of life and property, that in the end must leave her the bitterest of enemies who can never forget—even after peace is declared.

Even at the destruction of a million

tons a month measured in vessels—a point not yet even approached by half—England has about 20,000,000 tons of her own, while there is about 48,000,000 tons in the world; and, as said before, more new tons being added every day. During the year Germany sunk about 2,000,000 tons, and even if the amount was doubled, five years would be required to destroy the English vessels alone, without counting new ones; in fact, it is claimed that the increase of new tonnage in 1916 was about equal to the tonnage destroyed.

So, a great deal will depend on the land operations this year, as well as on the crops of the year, to determine how the starvation process will work out, both for Germany and her enemies, and both are vitally interested in both results. Of the total tonnage figures given, the United States comes next to England with a little more than 6,000,000 tons, all as yet intact.

Considered all in all, it seems almost a foregone conclusion that Germany's plan of sea warfare will, for all time, bring upon her such an unenviable reputation for the violation of the freedom of the seas, that the entire world will hold her accountable, in trade relations of all kinds, as well as for the destruction of thousands of non-combatant lives. Even in the most desperate war of the world, the question may seriously be asked—Will it pay?

Has the United States an Out-of-date Navy?

The same question may be asked of England. If the question must be answered in the affirmative, then, why continue investing millions in dread-naughts, and battle-ships? England, with admittedly the greatest navy in the world, has not gone in after the weaker German navy, nor has it done any damage whatever to Germany's coast. Why? Because of mines and submarines. The English navy, therefore, has simply prevented open sea intercourse with Germany, and her landing of troops in England and France, as invaders.

It looks very much as though, in the present war, the ocean-going submarine is as much in terror as was the monitor in our civil war, and that when this war is over, all of the navies of the world will be junk. Evidently, the American navy has not alarmed Germany, in the least, because she has confidence in its ineffectiveness against submarines.

It is said, further, that the latest German under-sea craft has invisible periscopes, and for this reason cannot be easily attacked by war ships; whereas, for the same reason, the former can approach unseen, within a few hundred yards, and discharge a torpedo with deadly effect. An "invisible" periscope, no doubt, is one painted to match as nearly as possible, the color of the water, or perhaps made of peculiarly colored metal.

Just what use our big modern battle-ships will be, if war comes, is difficult to figure out at present. At any rate, England has not shown us that hers are of any use against submarines, and appears to be taking precious little risk with them, after two years of opportunities.

The Direct Primary and the Electorate.

A long and arduous struggle has been going on to establish permanently the direct primary system, the object of which is to place in the hands of the people the privilege of selecting those who are later to stand for election. That there was a great agitation for it on behalf of the people is well known, yet the indifference to its privileges and its use has been conspicuous. Before a true test could demonstrate its wisdom or unwisdom it was utterly disregarded. With a few exceptions the vote at the primary has been shamefully small. The fight for the repeal of the primary law has already begun, and the strongest argument, or at least the argument most effectively advanced, is that it is not being used.

The demand for the primary system and the failure to use it when once it had been obtained are another illustration of the common belief that the mere enacting of a law will of itself bring the desired relief. It is a weakness in the people to covet more power than they have the energy or public spirit to use. A great and growing people are entitled to every advance in government that foresight and wisdom can devise, but it is indispensable that they keep pace with all those things and meet in full measure the responsibility that their advance in government imposes.

In fact our most important elections are often decided by the stay-at-home vote. The course of the government, its policies, our entire administration of public affairs, turn in effect upon the indifference of the citizen. The evils that flow from his neglect of those primary duties may be said to be the beginning of all those evils that seem ever to accompany free government. If the people were as vigilant about choosing their public servants as they are about choosing their corporate officers or their trusted employees, it would be virtually impossible for extravagance or "graft" or the many evils of "bossism" to exist under our form of government.

We have given much attention of late to what is called a movement for popular government. We have considered the advisability of incorporating into our system of government the initiative, the referendum and the recall. We have at times become violent in expressing a de-

sire for what we choose to call more effective instrumentalities of government; apparently we have coveted greater obligations and more manifold and complex duties. Putting aside for a time the question of the benefits to be derived from adopting and using such instrumentalities of government, the question remains, Would we use them if we had them? Would they not lie like tools by our side, rusting and cumbersome?—Senator Borah in *The Youth's Companion*.

Notable Patriotic Sentiments.

The whole United States is thinking just one thought today. It is therefore fitting to recall what a few notable persons said in the past when similar situations arose.

Said the author of the Declaration of Independence: "The God who gave us life gave us liberty at the same time."

There was no mollycoddle fiber in old Josiah Quincy either. "We are determined that whosoever, whensoever and howsoever he shall be called to make our exit, we will die free men."

As for banishing partisanship in a crisis like this, John Dickinson gave us an immortal motto worth copying: "Then join in hand, brave Americans all, By uniting we stand, by dividing we fall."

This looks like a reply to William J. Bryan, although voiced by Franklin one hundred and sixty-two years ago: "They that can give up essential liberty to obtain a little temporary safety deserve neither liberty nor safety."

In his "Hail Columbia," Joseph Hopkinson seemed to have anticipated America's reply to the Kaiser:

"Let independence be our boast, Ever mindful what it cost."

Emerson, too, had a notion that freedom was an asset no one should surrender:

"For what avail the plow or sail, Or land or life, if freedom fall?"

His inaugural address as President contained this fine sentiment of Rutherford B. Hayes and is worthy of imitation by all Americans: "He serves his party best who serves his country best."

President Wilson evidently means to adopt Grant's historic phrase: "I propose to fight it out on this line if it takes all summer."

To another country which imagined it could rule the United States from an Old World capital, C. C. Pinckney said:

"Millions for defense, but not one cent for tribute."

While there was something of the jingo in Stephen Decatur's toast, still Americans generally will rise to it: "Our country! In her intercourse with foreign nations may she always be in the right; and our country, right or wrong."

Robert Treat Paine had good red blood in him too:

"And ne'er shall the sons of Columbia be slaves While the earth bears a plant or the sea rolls its waves."

I suppose this remark of Gen. John A. Dix should apply as well to our flag on the sea: "If any one attempts to haul down the American flag, shoot him on the spot."

For some millions of Americans to the President, the message of General Sherman to General Corse, will fit: "Hold the fort! I am coming."

Of course, we don't want a war and never did, but this old British couplet fits our situation:

"We don't want to fight, but by jingo if we do, We've got the ships, we've got the men, we've got the money, too."

Thundered Patrick Henry: "I am not a Virginian, but an American."

"There are no Alleghenies in my politics!" once exclaimed Daniel Webster.

Henry Clay put the same thought in another form: "I know no South, no North, no West, no East."

These and similar patriotic sentiments of the fathers flashed through my mind yesterday as I talked with William Potter, ex-Minister to Italy.

"While there was a chance to be neutral I said nothing," declared he, "but there is now but one position for all Americans, and that is behind the President of the United States."

Philadelphia knows and admires its William Potter. His high mental caliber and business prominence lend weight to his words.

"If we must fight to the last man, we will fight to the last man," was Mr. Potter's declaration, "but we cannot get off the seas to please Germany. The President's position is unassailable."

Germany has ordered the United States to paint broad stripes upon all our ships. I am pleased to report that while Uncle Sam can hardly do that, he will accommodate by carrying conspicuously thirteen alternate red and white stripes somewhere above deck, where all may see them.

In token whereof, American soil will still be fit ground to hold the dust of John Paul Jones, Dale, Bainbridge, Perry, Lawrence, Farragut, Porter and Dewey.

But one Francis Scott Key put it quite satisfactorily in this wise: "Then conquer we must, when our cause is just, And this be our motto: 'In God is our trust; And the Star Spangled Banner in triumph shall wave O'er the land of the free and the home of the brave.'"

—GIRARD, in *Phila. Ledger*.

Severe Cold Quickly Cured

"On December first I had a very severe cold or attack of the grip as it may be, and was nearly down sick in bed," writes O. J. Metcalf, Weatherby, Mo. "I bought two bottles of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and it was only a few days until I was completely restored to health. I firmly believe that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is one of the very best medicines and will know what to do when I have another cold." Obtainable everywhere.

Blockades.

There are blockades and blockades. Blockades which are considered proper and legal in international law and there are blockades which are beyond the sanction of international law. The government of the United States has never undertaken to say whether or not Germany may blockade Allied territory or whether or not the Allies may blockade Germany. It has been strictly hands off. All that this country has ever undertaken is to protect the lives and property of its citizens on the high seas from unlawful destruction. Germany and the Allies may blockade each other till the cows come home and this country will not interfere.

If as a matter of fact the Allies are able to maintain an effective blockade of Germany by the use of lawful means only and without unwarranted and ruthless destruction of American lives and property, that is Germany's business, not ours. If Germany cannot conduct an effective blockade of Allied coasts without the unlawful invasion of the rights and sovereignty of neutrals, without ruthlessly destroying lives and property of American citizens on the high seas without even warning, that is Germany's misfortune, not ours.

We are not responsible for the relative strength and efficiency of the means of enforcing blockades by the opposing countries. The European war is not of our making. We have had no hand in it, and want no hand in it. This country has never undertaken to dictate what ports or coasts of either the central powers or the Allies should be the subject of blockade. All this country has ever done and all it expects to do is to defend itself—the lives and the property of its citizens. And that we intend to do—the German Emperor to the contrary notwithstanding.—*Ellicott City Times*.

Painful Coughs Relieved

Dr. King's New Discovery is a soothing, healing remedy for coughs and colds that has stood the test of nearly 50 years. For that cough that strains the throat and saps the vitality try Dr. King's New Discovery. The soothing pine balsams and mild laxative ingredients soon drive the cold from the system. Have a bottle on hand for winter colds, croup, grippe and bronchial affections. At your Druggist, 50c. Advertisement.

Don't be Anxious to Get to a Big City.

In the February *American Magazine* Sid Says:

"An old friend called to ask my advice the other day. He came to New York from a little Indiana town. He has a wife and four children—and a poor job. As I talked with him I kept picturing him where he belongs—back in the old home town. If he had stayed there he might have worked into a 1,000 or \$1,200 job, which would have been sufficient to satisfy all his needs and most of his wants. He could have had a garden, a yard, a savings bank account and a membership in the local lodge. Evenings he could have sat on his porch and held converse with his neighbors. On the Fourth of July he could have been 'some punkin' at the neighborhood picnic. He might have become a village councilman, and when the fall campaign arrived, he could have been on the committee to welcome the Congressman when that great presence came to town in search of votes. In other words, he might have had a real place in the community."

"Now what does he get in exchange for the \$1,000 or \$1,200 that he earns in New York? Well, I suppose he gets a measly little flat with dark bed-rooms, a fine assortment of cheap lunches, two chances daily to hang by his eyelids in the subway, a great fund of loneliness and a woe-begone feeling of uselessness."

"That is the trouble with these whaling big cities like New York and Chicago. They are all right for men of known ability—men of force and ambition who have learned how to direct their talents. But they are hard on untried men—men who have not yet found themselves. This is not said for the purpose of scaring venturesome and unattached young fellows of ability who want to try their muscles on the big town. There is no danger of scaring them. They cannot be scared. The morning trains are bringing them in by the hundreds—this very day—and all the printing presses in the world could not drive them back. But it is said for the purpose of causing every smart young man with responsibilities to consider carefully before coming whether he has his faith and conviction that he really has something to give to the big town."

"Don't come just for the ride. Don't come except from positive choice. Don't come just because others are coming. The best rule of all is this—if you have no definite, compelling reason within yourself to come, don't come until you are invited. Do your job well at home. If the big town wants you she will call you. A hundred telegrams went out from New York today to various and remote parts of the United States carrying offers of good jobs to smart chaps who have done so well that New York has heard of them. Only last week I met a young man from Massachusetts who had just been offered an \$8,000 a year place in New York. He said he hadn't the least idea how the thing started—except that he had done work that had been brought to the attention of several New York bankers, one of whom had looked him up then flashed him the offer of a job."

"So leave your name and address with the local operator and go back to your knitting. New York is not tongue-tied. If she needs you she'll wire. Of course, if you think you are a howling genius you will probably take the first train for Broadway—and maybe it will be just as well for you to do so. A genius is just as unhappy one place as another. But, genius or no genius, there won't be any brass band to meet you at Grand Central station."

HESSON'S DEPARTMENT STORE

FEBRUARY SALE

In making a closer examination of our Stock, we have found goods on which we can save you lots of money, and we have therefore decided to continue our Special Sale a little longer.

LADIES' COATS

We are determined to close out every Coat in this department, regardless of cost. What we have are at your disposal, at the prices given below. Don't miss this opportunity to buy a good, stylish, serviceable Coat, way down in price.

\$15.50 Coats, now \$10.75

10.00 " " 6.65

8.00 or 8.50 " " 5.65

7.00 " " 4.65

6.00 " " 4.25

5.00 " " 3.35

Misses' and Children's COATS

The same big reduction applies to these, as to above, for we are going to dispose of them.

\$7.50 Coats, now \$5.00

6.00 " " 4.00

5.00 " " 3.35

4.00 " " 2.65

3.00 " " 2.00

2.00 " " 1.65

Apron Gingham

An abundant supply of these on sale, at prices that are a big saving. The patterns are in good checks and a good quality. Our prices, 7c, 9c and 10c for this lot.

Sweater Coats

We have only a limited number of sizes in these, but if your size is here we can save you money on them, if you buy now.

Store Closes at 6 p. m., Monday, Wednesday and Friday

THE BIRNIE TRUST CO., TANEYTOWN, MD.

Said a stranger, "I would like to have something to eat, but I am not very hungry. All I want is a little corn pone."

"Come right in," she said, "Ef cawn pone is all what you wants you cum to th' right place. We ain't got nothing else but."

As for Preparedness and Efficiency, we have "Nothing else but"

THE BIRNIE TRUST COMPANY.

More For Your Money Now

The fall exhibits of Monuments, Headstones and Markers at Mathias', presents all style effects, keeping faith with the demand for correct design, dependable material and finished workmanship.

Every Mathias memorial reflects the integrity of the maker. Particular attention is given to lettering and all the details of finishing.

Now is the time to secure the benefit of the lowest prices of the year. I am always glad to demonstrate the many superiorities of my work and my service. I invite you to test both.

200 Monuments and Headstones to select from

All Stones delivered anywhere by Auto Truck

JOSEPH L. MATHIAS, Westminister, Md.

Phone 127 - East Main St. Opposite Court St.

Let Us Print Your Sale Bills

When it comes to neat and effective printing of any kind we will guarantee to give you satisfaction

— and —

It Will Pay You to become a regular advertiser in

— This Paper —

The Advertised Article

is one in which the merchant himself has implicit faith—else he will not advertise it. You are safe in patronizing the merchants whose ads appear in this paper because their goods are up to date and not shop worn. : : :

THE CARROLL RECORD

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 16th., 1917.

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

Latest Items of Local News Furnished by Our Regular Staff of Writers.

All communications for this department must be signed by the author; not for publication, but as an evidence that the items contributed are legitimate and correct.

UNIONTOWN.

Mrs. Mary J. Shaw has gone to the home of her daughter, Mrs. Evan T. Smith, in Bark Hill, for the winter.

Miss Loretta Weaver has taken the school in Bachman's Valley, formerly taught by Miss Ruth Fleagle, who has taken another position.

Miss Annie M. Mahon was a week-end guest of Mrs. Clementine Mering.

Hayden Michaels, of Waynesboro, visited his mother, Mrs. Fannie Michaels, over Sunday.

Misses Annie Baust and Nettie Myers, who have been sick the past month, are able to be down stairs.

Mrs. Lewis Waltz and daughter, Jessie, are both on the sick list; also Mrs. Chas. Waltz.

The Children's Mission Band of the Lutheran church will hold a social at John Heck's, Wednesday evening, 21st. Friends cordially invited.

Russell Fleagle, of Baltimore, was home over Sunday.

Mrs. Jacob Price and grand-daughter, Mrs. Bernard Pinning, are visiting relatives in Waynesboro.

Charles F. Reindollar is confined to bed all the time and is in a very weak condition. Mrs. Frank Reindollar assists in caring for him.

On Monday, George Carbaugh, of near Fairview, was hauling corn to Charles Hibbard's place, and on his return, while walking by the horses, he stumbled and fell; both wheels of the wagon passed over his body; his brother was with him, and he was carried to the home of Kurtz Warner, and was taken to U. P. Hospital in Baltimore, the same evening, and is in a serious condition.

Tuesday morning, Samuel Harman was found dead in bed by his wife, who went to get him up for breakfast. Dr. Legg, of Union Bridge, was summoned, who thought death might have been caused by apoplexy. His health has been rather poor the last year. He is survived by his wife, two sons and one daughter at home.

Funeral was held in the Church of God, Uniontown, Thursday afternoon. Burial in the Hill cemetery. Rev. Murray had charge of the funeral.

The remains of Dr. Charles W. Routsom was brought from Baltimore, Wednesday, and buried in the M. P. cemetery, Rev. Saltzberger officiating at the grave. Dr. Routsom, who has been one of the leading druggists in Baltimore, for years, was a native of this place, being the oldest son of the late George and Annie Routsom. He had six brothers, three survive: Gover, of Waynesboro; J. Kenley, of Baltimore, and Melvin W., at the old homestead in Uniontown. Dr. Routsom never married. His health had been falling several years and he was compelled to give up business.

Mrs. Thomas Gill, of St. Dennis, is staying with her sister, Mrs. Elizabeth Gilbert and daughter.

An entertainment, of two humorous plays, will be given by the P. O. S. of A. in the public school building, on Friday evening, March 2nd.

KEYMAR.

The Bruceville school will have a "Spelling Bee" at the school-house, Tuesday, Feb. 20th., at 7.30 p. m. All are invited to come and spell.

Mrs. George Galt died of paralysis, Tuesday night. Mr. Galt has the sympathy of a host of friends.

The buildings at Keymar that were destroyed by fire several weeks ago, are being rapidly rebuilt.

Clifford Flohr has moved into one of Samuel Weant's houses, and Eli Fogle has moved into the house vacated by Mr. Flohr.

Mrs. J. N. Forrest and son, Elvin, spent Tuesday in Frederick.

Mrs. George Otto and children, of Middleburg, spent several days last week, with her parents, Eli Fogle and wife.

Mrs. Samuel Weant, who has been ill, for several weeks, is now reported to be on the mend.

Elvin Forrest, while cranking a machine last Saturday, sprained his right wrist.

Harvey Jacobs, of Montana, has been spending some time with friends and relatives around Keymar.

Upton Dayhoff and wife, spent Wednesday, with her mother, near Detour.

Alfred Hape, spent Tuesday and Wednesday in Keymar.

Reuben Bohn and wife, are spending some time with their daughter, Mrs. S. E. Haugh.

Master Ralph Newman and Miss Carrie Sappington, are on the sick list.

Mrs. Samuel Frock, has been sick for one week, but is now able to be around.

NEW WINDSOR.

Oden Shader and wife who have been visiting his sister, Mrs. Milton Zollicoffer, returned to his brother's home the first of the week.

Mrs. V. Getty and Mrs. Charles Hibberd left for a visit to Miami, Florida.

Miss Mildred Marsh who has been home for the past month, returned to her work on Monday.

Mrs. Josie Russell, who has been in Baltimore for a few days, returned home on Wednesday.

The Misses Warner entertained the Aid Society of Winter's church, at their home on Saturday last.

Master Harvey Haines is sick at this writing, threatened with pneumonia.

Rev. Benham, of Baltimore, will give his lecture on "Russia" The Land of the Czar, in the Presbyterian church, on Friday evening, Feb. 23, for the benefit of the Missionary Society.

Alvia Gilbert and family moved to Mt. Airy on Wednesday where he expects to run a moving picture parlor.

The basket ball team of B. R. C. won the game from the team of the Polytechnic School, of Baltimore city, on Friday evening last. On Saturday the team of B. R. C. lost to Rock Hill.

E. I. Stouffer and wife attended the wedding reception of their nephew, Wilbur Hammacker, at Liberty, on Saturday evening last.

LITTLESTOWN.

Miss Mary Walters, daughter of Ambrose Walters and wife, of Center Mills, and Lloyd C. Palmer, son of Henry Palmer and wife, of near town, were united in marriage at the Reformed parsonage, Saturday morning, by Rev. H. S. Shelly. The couple left for Baltimore where they remained a few days.

The Rev. William K. Fleck, pastor of the Lutheran church, at Fairfield, for the past six and one-half years, was on Sunday unanimously elected pastor of St. Paul's Lutheran church, at Littlestown.

The Sunday School class, taught by Mrs. Samuel Smith, will hold an orange social at the home of Mrs. Smith, on Thursday afternoon.

The members and friends of St. John's Lutheran church, will give a play, entitled "All a Mistake" in St. Aloysius Hall, Friday evening of this week, at 8 o'clock.

Harry B. Miller and daughter, Alice, of Taneytown, spent Sunday with the former's mother, Mrs. Eliza Miller.

Charles Blocher and wife, and their guests, Luther Slagle and Mrs. Joseph Jenkins, of Philadelphia, spent Sunday with friends and relatives in Hanover.

Miss Marguerite Schwartz, of near town, spent the week-end with friends in Gettysburg.

Roy Miller, of Philadelphia, spent a few days with his sister, Mrs. Elmer Buckley.

Stanley Stonesifer, wife and son, Fred, spent the week-end with Mrs. Stonesifer's father, W. P. Stover.

BLUE RIDGE COLLEGE.

Don't forget the lecture by Chancellor George W. Bradford, on Saturday evening, at eight o'clock.

The school has purchased a Baby Grand Piano. It was placed in the gymnasium, on Saturday. It surely is a highly appreciated addition to the school equipment. We contemplate several concerts during the Spring, announcement of which will be made later.

Our boys won by three points from Baltimore Polytechnical, on Friday evening. The score was tie at end of the second half, which necessitated an extra five minutes play, during which time our boys caged five points and the "Poly" boys two points. Waynesboro High School will have the attraction on Friday night here. Come out and cheer for Blue Ridge.

Two men, representing the General Educational Board of the Church of the Brethren, were at Blue Ridge on Monday and Tuesday of this week. J. H. B. Williams, Egin, Ill., and D. M. Garver, Philadelphia, represented the Board. They brought us much encouragement and splendid thoughts were given in the Chapel addresses.

Skating is fine! Blue Ridge boys and girls have taken advantage of the Winter sports.

Ruth Landis spent the week-end visiting a former Blue Ridge student, and also a chum at Elizabethtown College, Pa., namely Miss L. Gertrude Kable at Woodsboro, Md. She reports a pleasant visit.

Dr. Stewart, of Crisfield, Md., visited his daughter, Myrtle, a few days this week.

Messrs. Berder, Davis, and Miller, from Springs, Pa., stopped over night on Monday to visit friends at Blue Ridge. They were on a business trip to Washington.

Rev. Fred Anthony visited friends at Blue Ridge, one day last week.

Mrs. Bowman and Paul, Jr., returned home, Monday evening, after spending a week at the former's home in Virginia.

Ray Vought, of Elk Lick, Pa., a former Blue Ridge student, visited his friend, Guy Hartman, several days last week.

Miss Frances Mount spent the week-end at her home in Damascus, Md.

INACTIVITY CAUSES CONSTIPATION

Lack of exercise in the winter is a frequent cause of constipation. You feel heavy, dull and listless, your complexion is sallow and pimply, and energy at once ebb. Clean up this condition at once with Dr. King's New Life Pills, a mild laxative that relieves the congested intestines without griping. A dose before retiring will assure you full and easy movement in the morning. 25c at your Druggist.

BARK HILL.

Sunday School next Sunday at 9.30 a. m.; C. E. meeting at 6.30 p. m.; preaching at 7.30.

Jacob Price, of Uniontown, was a visitor at the home of his daughter, Mrs. George Boston, on Saturday.

Miss Hilda Rowe, was the guest of Mrs. Frank Rowe, of Union Bridge, Saturday and Sunday.

T. R. Rowe, of Westminster, was a visitor in town on Sunday.

Evan Shue, of Linwood, was a visitor at Levi Rowe's on Sunday.

Mrs. Mary Shaw, of Uniontown, moved to Bark Hill last week to the home of her daughter, Mrs. Evan T. Smith.

Frank Rowe and wife, of Union Bridge, were guests of Mrs. Ellen Rowe on Sunday.

John and Raymond Yingling took a trip to Baltimore on Monday.

Miss Grace Sullivan, of Uniontown, was a visitor at Mrs. Ellen Rowe's on Tuesday.

Miss Hilda Rowe left on Tuesday to visit friends in Baltimore.

The weather here has been extremely cold for the last several weeks—at times below zero.

KEYSVILLE.

Miss Anna Newcomer is spending some time in Frederick.

Misses Virgie and Vallie Kiser entertained a few of their friends at finch, on last Wednesday evening. The invited guests were Misses Anna Ritter, Ruth, Nellie and Agnes Kiser, Carrie and Virgie Fox, Lillie Baumgardner, Edna Dotterer, Dora Devibiss, Bessie Rigler and Goldie Shank; Messrs. Wilbur Stonesifer, Charlie Devibiss, Roy Baumgardner and Restie Fox.

Misses Anna Ritter and Mary J. Ohler, of Emmitsburg, are spending the week in Westminster.

Curtis Roop, of Hagerstown, spent Sunday with his parents, Dr. George Roop and wife.

Gordon Stonesifer's neighbors hauled the slate for his new barn on Friday.

Miss Goldie Shank spent the week-end in Frederick.

Something Good

Those who hate nasty medicine should try Chamberlain's Tablets for constipation. They are pleasant to take and their effect is so agreeable and so natural that you will not realize that it has been produced by a medicine. Obtainable everywhere.

UNION BRIDGE.

The M. E. Sunday School held a social in their room in the M. E. church, on Friday night of last week. Games, music and social conversation were indulged in, after which the scholars were treated to ice cream and cake. A very enjoyable evening was spent and the school showed their appreciation of their aged superintendent, Jacob Gray, by presenting him with a silver napkin ring with his name engraved upon it.

The Brethren Sunday school, of town, very agreeably surprised two aged citizens, William and Joseph Farquhar, last Sunday, by sending their superintendent, F. T. Shriver, and Mr. Main to their home with a basket of very appetizing eatables and a sum of money, for which these recipients wish to return their thanks. May prosperity and happiness attend each individual member through life.

Monday was the coldest day in Union Bridge that has been experienced so far this winter.

Wm. O. Hoffman, wife and family are ill, and their daughter, Miss Beulah, who resides in Baltimore, is at home caring for them.

Marcellus Repp, who has been living in town the past year, expects to return to his farm, the coming Spring, and resume farming. His son, John, who has been housed with a case of diphtheria, is going about the house and when the quarantine is raised will be again on the street.

A coal oil heater in a bed chamber in the home of Harry Wolfe, on Monday night, had been turned too high, became overheated and smoked. When an attempt was made to enter the room it was some time before a window could be reached and opened because of the dense smoke and heat. Everything that could be injured by heat and smoke was ruined, including two silk dresses, the bed, clothing, furniture and pictures. The room was occupied by Misses Lotfers and Murray, teachers in the public school, who board with the family.

Mrs. Howard Cramer is very ill at her home on the western limits of town.

Miss Beulah Snader, of Westminster, spent a few days with Mrs. Harry Wolfe.

Mrs. Walter Darden, of Philadelphia, is spending some time with her sister, Mrs. Jagers.

Miss Gwendolyn, youngest daughter of George P. Buckley and wife, and Frank C. Davis, were married in Baltimore, on Saturday. After March 1st they will be at home to their friends, in Jacksonville, Florida.

John P. Sinnott is spending the week at the home of his aunt, Mrs. Sallie Berry, in Baltimore, where his grandfather, Joseph Delphy resides.

J. A. Bennett and wife, H. W. Bennett and sisters, Misses Bertha and Nellie, Mrs. Margaret Cooper, Hayward and Emmitt McCauley, of Baltimore, were Sunday visitors at Dr. Pittinger's.

FOR A BILIOUS ATTACK

When you have a severe headache, accompanied by a coated tongue, loathing of food, constipation, torpid liver, vomiting of partly digested food and then bile, you may know that you have a severe bilious attack. While you may be quite sick there is much consolation in knowing that relief may be had by taking three of Chamberlain's Tablets. They are prompt and effectual. Obtainable everywhere.

LINWOOD.

Joseph Englar returned from the hospital, on Tuesday, and on Wednesday evening left for Miami, Florida.

Harry Reese and family have had the quarantine lifted. Herbert Englar's have another week to serve. So far they have had only the one case.

Miss Hoffman, of Smithsburg, and a student of Blue Ridge College, was a guest of Miss Helece Brandenburg, over Sunday.

Miss Adelaide Messler, will leave, Saturday morning, for two weeks visit with friends in Hagerstown.

Walter Brandenburg might have had a very serious accident, last Saturday, when the barrack door blew against him, striking the back of his head and making a three inch wound, necessitating several stitches.

There are several cases of chicken pox, in the neighborhood.

Mrs. Henry Stitt is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Samuel Dayhoff.

Rev. Riddle and wife, spent the week's end in Hagerstown.

The Sisters Society met at Mrs. Will Messler's, last Thursday afternoon.

Mrs. Samuel Brandenburg and Miss Edna Angel are on the sick list.

MIDDLEBURG.

Harry Lynn has a position in Steward's department store, in Baltimore, where he went on Monday. Wilford Crouse has also a position in Baltimore, which he left to fill, on Thursday.

Mrs. Viola Eyer and Cora Burgess spent Sunday in Baltimore.

Mrs. Bessie Fisher and little daughter, Eveline, of Baltimore, spent Sunday with her mother, Mrs. Sallie Myers.

Bruce Six and Mrs. Stella Wheeler, of Baltimore, spent Sunday with their mother, Mrs. Mollie Six.

Cleve Repp and wife, and Mary and Robert Repp spent Sunday in Baltimore, where they visited their mother, Mrs. Daniel Repp, at the Md. University Hospital, where she was operated on for gall stones, and is reported as doing very well.

George Stansbury and wife spent Wednesday in Baltimore.

Charles Apple and wife, of Baltimore, spent Sunday with J. P. Delphy and wife.

John Bowman spent Monday in Baltimore.

Revival services begin on Sunday night. On account of the bad weather, the Aid Society will meet at Miss Virgie Humbert's, on Friday night, instead of Thursday; or the first night.

Virgie Humbert has returned home after a week's visit to Walkersville.

UNION MILLS.

A delegation of fifty or more citizens of this community and Silver Run, visited the County School Commissioners at their office in Westminster, on Wednesday, in the interest of a new consolidated school to be erected near the center of this district. As yet, the results have not been made known, but we hope for a favorable report.

Miss Viola Marker is visiting her aunt, Mrs. G. L. Wetzel.

Mrs. Emma J. Burgoon has returned to her home after spending a week with relatives in Westminster.

Raymond Markle has been unable to perform his duties in the school room, for the past week, due to a severe attack of tonsillitis.

DIED.

Obituaries, poetry and resolutions, charged for at the rate of two cents per line. The regular death notices published free.

LUTHER CORNELIUS STOVER.

Luther Cornelius, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Stover, died at the home of his grand-parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Blessing, near Johnsville, Feb. 6. Burial at Beaver Dam cemetery.

DAVID B. LEMON.

David B., infant son of Mr. and Mrs. J. Thomas Lemon, of Harney, died Thursday, Feb. 8, aged 1 month. Funeral services on the 9th., by Rev. W. J. Marks, interment in the U. B. cemetery, Harney.

SARAH ALICE GALT.

Mrs. Sarah Alice, wife of Mr. George W. Galt, died at their home in Bruceville, on Tuesday evening, from a stroke of paralysis, aged 71 years, 7 months, 27 days. Funeral services were held this Friday morning at (Mt. Zion) Haugh's church.

SAMUEL T. HARMAN.

Samuel T. Harman, a well known farmer of Uniontown district, was found dead in bed, on Tuesday morning. He had been ill during the past year with arterio sclerosis and some mental trouble, and with the hope of improvement he spent several months at Springfield Hospital, but about a month ago returned home.

He leaves a wife and three children: Mervin, Bernie B. and Miss Mary, all at home; and the following brothers and sisters: Mrs. G. Wesley Miller, Mrs. William G. Myers, Mrs. Theodore Keener, Edward, and William L. Harman, all of Taneytown district. He was a member of the P. O. S. of A., of Taneytown. His age was 67 years, 5 months, 25 days.

Funeral services and interment Thursday afternoon, at the Church of God, Uniontown, by Rev. L. F. Murray. The burial ceremony of the P. O. S. of A. was also used.

MRS. ALVERTA MYERS.

The remains of Mrs. Alverta Myers, widow of the late Jeremiah Myers, were brought from her home in Baltimore, to the M. E. church, Union Mills, Wednesday, where funeral services were conducted by Rev. Stone, the pastor, assisted by a minister from Baltimore. Mrs. Myers spent most of her three score and ten years near Union Mills, where she leaves a host of friends to mourn her loss.

She is survived by the following children: Peter Myers, Andrew Myers, Murray Myers, Mrs. Jane Wisner and Mrs. Bessie Warehime, of Baltimore; James Myers, of Westminster; Mrs. C. C. Wisner, Ephraim Myers and Herbert Myers, also fifty grand-children and eight great-grand-children, besides five sisters.

Mrs. Wm. W. Witherow entered into Eternal rest Feb. 17, 1916.

One year,—one year, one little year, And so much gone, And yet the even flow of life Moves calmly on.

The grave grows green, the flowers bloom fair, Above that head; No sorrowing tint of leaf or spray Says she is dead.

Where hast thou been this year, beloved? What hast thou seen,— What visions fair, what glorious life, Where thou hast been?

The veil! the veil! so thin, so strong! Twixt us and thee The mystic veil! when shall it fall, That we may see?

Lord of the living and the dead, Our saviour dear! We lay in silence at thy feet This sad, sad,—year.

When I think of home and of the vacant chair, How it makes my heart ache, To think mother is not there, But we would not call her back, For she is safe on the other shore, Where we soon shall meet to part no more.

MRS. J. E. BERCAW.

MARRIED.

SMITH—BOWERSOX.

On Feb. 4, 1917, in Baltimore, Mr. Roger R. Smith, son of Mr. and Mrs. Dennis A. Smith, of Wakefield Valley, and Miss Emma Bowersox, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Franklin Bowersox, of Taneytown.

DETOUR.

Mrs. Mary Weybright and daughter, Mary, entertained on Sunday, Cameron Eighenbrode and wife, of Rocky Ridge, and Mrs. David Snader, of Medford.

Mrs. Ursula Wood and son, of Rocky Ridge, visited John Wood and family during the week.

Guy Warren is expected home from the hospital the latter part of this week. We shall be very glad to see him again.

Mrs. Hannah Weant had as guests on Sunday, Mrs. Charles Eiler, of Baltimore, and M. A. Koons and wife, of Taneytown.

Folks around town have been enjoying ice-skating during the week.

Jacob Myers intends to load a carload of stock here, Saturday; this is something new for Detour, as we have no stock yards here.

Those on the sick list during the week were Caleb Wolfe's family and Mary Renner.

Newton Eiler, of the U. S. Coast Guard Artillery, has been visiting friends in this section.

HARNEY.

The infant son of John T. Lemon died on last Thursday morning, of pneumonia. It was buried in the U. B. cemetery, on Friday morning.

George Lemon, who has been seriously ill with pneumonia for the past week, is now said to be getting better.

John Yealy, who has been ill with pneumonia, is improving.

Lincoln Witherow, who has been confined to his bed the greater part of the winter, is said to be very much improved.

Myrtle Leatherman, of near Gettysburg, while visiting her grand-parents, in this place, was taken with pneumonia. She is now very much better.

Mrs. Medora Bealing, son Jerl, and daughter Miriam, of Hanover, are visiting friends at this place.

A very pleasant Valentine social was held by the public school, on Wednesday afternoon. Nearly all of the scholars and a number of patrons were present.

The epidemic of measles that is going through the country, is about over. Very few who did not have them escaped this time.

The streams are covered with the heaviest coat of ice that has been on them for some time. The ice measures from 10 to 15 inches.

THE HARDWARE QUESTION SOLVED

Going to Build

No matter what you intend to build—whether it's a house, barn or merely a shelf in the pantry—you have to have tools. And the better the tools, the better the job. Poor tools are expensive at any price. They last only a short time and never do first-class work.

To be sure of getting tools worth buying, get them from us and you will be proud of your purchase. In addition to the tools, you most likely will need other things in the hardware line.

We have locks, doorknobs, hinges, brackets, nails and everything you will want.



HARDWARE THAT STANDS HARD WEAR AT PRICES THAT STAND COMPARISON

REINDOLLAR BROS & CO.

A Cabinet Sale! A Cabinet Sale!

We didn't get a tip from Washington; we just used good common sense and bought when the buying was good THE RESULT:

Regular \$27.50 Boone Cabinet, only \$22.75

- Metal Flour Bin
- Sliding Drawer
- Kneading Board
- Sliding Shelf
- Lid Rack
- Special Drain Through
- Round-cornered Top
- Strong Casters
- Art Glass in Doors
- White Enameled China Cupboard
- Glass Automatic Sugar Jar
- Glass Tea, Coffee & Spice Jar
- Linen Drawer
- Cutlery Drawer
- Metal Bread & Cake Drawer

Full Oak construction finished in Beautiful Golden Oak finish. Equipped with sliding snow white Albairon Top—the best and easiest sliding table top made. The most complete and modern Cabinet on the market—built to last a life-time—built to give service.

We have a limited number of these Cabinets in stock. When they are sold prices will jump considerably. Do you want to make a good sound investment? One you will never regret? One you'll pat yourself on the back for making? Here's your chance!

Regular \$27.50 Boone Cabinet, only \$22.75

This sale is for a limited time only. Don't delay! Place your order today!

A SHERIFF'S STORY

The Only Life He Took That Troubled Him.

By WILLARD BLAKEMAN

Jake Rodman was a sheriff in the then territory of Dakota. He had landed more desperadoes alive and dead than any other sheriff, but it must be admitted that by far the larger number were dead when captured, for very few of them could be taken alive. Besides, Rodman didn't take any chances, for an officer of the law was no more immune from these people than any one else. I once asked him if he had any shrinking at killing one of them or any qualms afterward. He replied that if he had been built that way they would have landed him instead of his landing them.

"But there was one killin'," he said, "that has troubled me ever since. I wake up nights some time and get to thinkin' about it and always feel the same sinkin' about the heart. It was this way:

"Before I was made sheriff I was workin' on a ranch owned by a gentleman as had come out from the east. He had been a banker or some'n like that, but had given up the business to bring his daughter, a little gal about nineteen, who was threatened with consumption, out here, hopin' the air would do her good. Havin' plenty of money, the natural thing fer him to do was to buy a ranch and stock it. But he didn't care nothin' about that, except to give him some'n to do. He was bound up in his daughter Susie, just as everybody else was. Talk about heart winners, Susie could slaughter more people that way than any one I ever seen. There wasn't any one on the ranch or off'n it that wouldn't swallow a dose o' lead fer her.

"I never could tell just what it was about her that had this effect, but I allowed the principal part of it was that her heart went out to everybody. When they was hankerin' to do sumpin' fer her she was worryin' because they was puttin' themselves out'n their way on her account. Besides, delicate people allus attract strong ones. Susie was so frail she looked as if the fust good wind that blew would carry her away. But besides all this thur was some'n winnin' about her that no one could reckon on.

"I got ahead of every one else with her this way: I owned a blooded mare that was as easy managed as a kitten and could gal along like the wind. Nothin' Susie liked better'n to ride on horseback, but she wouldn't ride any other horse than my Kate. I used to go with her lots o' times, fer her father wouldn't let her go alone and didn't like to have her go under the care o' any one else. I was only about ten years older than Susie and unmarried; but, laws, I'd as soon calculate on makin' love to some gal as come down from heaven! But this didn't matter now, fer there was a young gent as hed left college to go to ranchin' that Susie had met and tumbled to. In our rides together she got confidential with me and tole me all about it; tole me when the feller himself didn't know nothin' at all about it. In fac' I was the only pusson as knewed it except the little gal herself.

"This young man's, Dick Walcott's, ranch was a matter o' fifty miles from ourn, which was known as the Courtney ranch from Susie's father, who owned it. But Walcott used to come over quite frequent, makin' excuses all the time, to see Susie. Gosh, how the young feller was wrapt up in her! He would any time have crawled on the ground before her. She tole me she didn't let on she cared any more fer him than any one else, because she wasn't strong and healthy and wasn't willin' to pull any man down by marryin' him. Jist think o' this angel confidin' this to a rough feller like me when nobody else knowed it!

"There was one o' the herdners in Mr. Courtney's employ that was a bad egg. He tuk some sort o' malice agin young Walcott. I didn't know the reason at first. I jist reckoned that Walcott had treated him like the galoot he was. This herder, Jim Stiggs, was not only a powerful man, but was one o' the quickest and straightest shots I ever seen. I allus allowed that if I had a dispute with him I wouldn't do much sleepin', but would keep my right eye on him continually till the fracas was settled. I was sorry he'd turned agin Walcott, fer Walcott was no match fer him whatever—more of a feller to handle books than revolvers. Mind you, I wasn't thinkin' of Walcott. I was fearful fer Susie, knowin' mighty well that if anything happened to him it would knock her into smithereens.

"Well, one day the secret of Stiggs' dislike came out with a vengeance. Susie came to me all of a-dutter and a-wringin' of her hands and said: "Jim Stiggs has left here to go to the Walcott ranch to kill Dick. Stiggs has made love to me!"

"What! That galoot made love to you?"

"Yes; and of course I wouldn't listen to it. He has inferred how I feel toward Dick, and he went away sayin' he would kill Dick this very night. Can't you do something to stop him?"

"How long has he been gone?"

"Nearly two hours."

"Why didn't you tell me before?"

"I didn't think of tellin' you."

"Without another word I ran to the barn and got out Kate, saddled her, mounted and was about to ride away when Susie came up pantin'. She put her arms about Kate's neck and said, 'Kate, dear, take him in time to save him—for my sake—and I'll love you forever.'

"Not wishin' to lose time, I broke away from her. I seen blood on her lips, and I knowed the excitement or the runnin' to the barn or both had brought on a hemorrhage.

"Don't kill Kate," I heard Susie say, and that was the last, for then I was out o' hearin'.

"I leaned down on the mare's neck and patted her and said, 'Yer doin' this fer Susie, and I know you'll do yer best.'

"I reckon she understood, for she jist got down to a steady gait that she could keep all day and reel off the miles while she was a-doin' it. I knowed Walcott's life depended on my gittin' there as soon as Stiggs, fer I didn't reckon Stiggs would give his enemy any advantage. His way was to ride up behind a man, make a show o' givin' him a chance by callin' out to him and shoot him before he could turn.

"Stiggs had got a good start o' me, and he never rode a poor horse. But he didn't know any one was after him. Nevertheless it would be nip and tuck with me to overhaul him. Kate kept her steady gait till we got within about five miles o' the Walcott ranch, when across the grazin' ground I saw Stiggs ridin' along at a good pace. Then I said to my mare:

"Now or never, Kate. Remember what Susie said to you."

"She knowed what I was a-sayin', and she got over the ground like a greyhound. We was within a mile o' the ranch when, strikin' a soft bit o' ground, the mare stumbled and fell, shootin' me over her head. I tried to pull her up, but it was no use. Her left foreleg was broke.

"I used my own legs the rest o' the way. I neared the ranch in time to see Stiggs lettin' down the bars to go in. As bad luck would have it, there was Walcott standin' with his back to Jim, watchin' a man who was puttin' a horse through his paces. I seen Stiggs remount and ride up toward the man in the yard, drawin' his revolver at the same time.

"Before startin', thinkin' there might be occasion for a long range shot, I'd hooked a Winchester to my saddle and brought it from where Kate fell. Stiggs must 'a' been 1,200 to 1,500 yards away, but I knew Walcott's life depended on my bringin' his enemy down at that distance. I took a good aim, fired, and Stiggs tumbled off'n his horse."

"The narrator paused to light a pipe. "I suppose," I said, "this is the killin' you referred to that has always troubled you. You excused the man because he acted from love."

"Me troubled about killin' Jim Stiggs! Not much. It's another killin' that bothers me. As soon as I seen Stiggs drop I went back to Kate. She had saved the man Susie loved, and Susie had tole me not to kill her. But there was Kate lyin' on her side with a broken leg. There's but one thing to do with a horse in that condition—shoot him. Kate when she saw me comin' whinnied, and when I reached her there was a mighty sad look in her eyes. She was an intelligent animal and knowed that it was all up with her.

"I tuk my revolver from its case. Kate glanced at it and at me. If ever a horse said in plain language 'Don't kill Kate,' that horse said it. Or was it because I was seein' the little gal standin' there with the drop of blood on her lip—the death mark—and heard her say it ag'in?"

"I scarcely think I'm the kind o' man to be chicken hearted. Least-ways I wouldn't mind cuttin' a deer's throat after shootin' it when it looks appealin'-like outer its soft eyes, but I showed the white feather at shootin' Kate. And I never could tell whether it was most because I loved Kate or whether I was conscience struck at havin' to go back on the little gal that tole me not to kill her. I walked away fer a few rods, then turned and come back. When I did that I could 'a' blowed her head off. I put the muzzle o' my revolver to her brain, pulled the trigger and fired. All the while she was lookin' at me as much as to say 'Much obliged.'

"I walked four miles to a house, buried a spade, went back and buried Kate. Then I walked all the way back to the Courtney ranch. I wasn't in a hurry to git there neither. Least-ways I wouldn't 'a' been if it wasn't to tell Susie that the man she loved had been saved. Seemed as if I'd only done half what she wanted me to do. I had stopped Stiggs from doin' any damage, but I had killed Kate.

"Waal, when I got to the ranch I seen sumpin had happened. Everybody was lookin' solum. They tole me Susie had been havin' hemorrhages. They tole me, too, that she was waitin' fer me to come back and I was to go right up to her as soon as I come. When I went into the room where she was she was gaspin'. I knowed it was all over with her. She asked with her eyes if I'd got there in time. I said right off, 'It's all right.' She looked happy fer a minute, then managed to say:

"Kate?"

"Then I tole the all-firedest lie I ever tole in my life:

"She's all right too."

"Susie died soon after that.

"The killin' o' Kate is the only one o' my killin's that wears on me. But I don't know exactly what the reason is, whether it's because o' Kate or because o' Susie."

BUSINESS MEN CAN HELP THE FARMER

Should Become Active in Work of Organizing Farmers' Clubs.

TO GET FARMERS TOGETHER

Co-Operation Between Commercial Men and Farmers Is Mutually Advantageous.

College Park, Dec. 14.—The fact that a closer relation between the farmers of a community is a good thing is appreciated by nearly everybody. Mr. G. H. Alford, State Agent, College Park, Md., tells in the following article how the commercial business man may serve the farmer:

Just as human efficiency is the basis of national strength so the earning power of our farmers is the basis of their prosperity, and that means the prosperity of every person and every business. The task of augmenting that earning power, making possible the building up of the farmer's efficiency, is the supreme one before Maryland today.

The difference between the average yield of wheat and corn per acre and the largest yield in the State is about five-fold. The average cost of growing an acre of wheat or corn is double its most economical cost. We have, therefore, between the average and the best in farming in the State, an attainable one thousand per cent. This difference of one thousand per cent. against the average farmer is due wholly to conditions which he can easily control with the necessary knowledge.

The County Agent, the Department of Agriculture in Washington, the State Experiment Station, the Agricultural College and the Agricultural High Schools are giving the farmers of this State much valuable information. We are supporting these institutions through our taxes, directly or indirectly. They are doing a noble work, but we should all assist them in accomplishing their purpose by becoming more interested in the business of the farmer.

In almost every city and town in the State, the business men, bankers, merchants, editors, lawyers, and even clergymen belong to Commercial Clubs. The duty of these clubs is to encourage more business in their cities and towns. They are willing to give a bonus to manufacturing plants to come to the city. This policy is all right, and should be encouraged,—but the same Commercial Club usually overlooks the fact that the farmers in its trade territory are not obtaining the results they should. The producing power of the farmer can be greatly increased by the Commercial Club becoming active in the work of organizing Farmers' Clubs. These clubs could take the lead in employing an able, scientific and practical farmer to give advice relating to soil fertility, diversification of crops, live stock, the marketing of crops, and so on. They could co-operate with other forces and organizations in bringing the farmers together at Fairs, Farmers' Institutes, Farmers' Short Courses and Picnics.

The business men can assist the farmers to buy pure-bred males, buy better farm implements, build better barns, and to obtain better prices for their farm products.

Every city and town has an asset which, if properly developed, would pour many thousands of dollars annually into its industrial channels. It is easily conceivable that one million dollars could be added to the production of the country surrounding a town of five thousand people, if every farmer in the contributing territory were induced to adopt scientific methods of farming. Such an addition could not be made without touching every banker, every manufacturer, every storekeeper, every doctor, every lawyer, every newspaper owner, and in fact, every person in town. Increase the income of the farmers, and the means will be at hand to provide the betterments which this progressive civilization demands.

There are some places where this problem, among others, is being worked out. But on the whole, our people are more or less indifferent to the importance of the work. If the development of our agriculture means the greatest wealth creation within the State, and if educating the farmers is the key to the situation, why do not our people—manufacturers, bankers, professional men, business men and intelligent farmers—rise en masse and help the farmer to larger production and to larger life, and thereby contribute to the prosperity and uplift of the whole people?

PLANS, IMPROVEMENTS, REPAIRS, THAT SHOULD BE BORNE IN MIND AND PRACTICED BEFORE THE NEW YEAR.

Make an inventory of the farm property. Get ready to start the new year on a sound business basis. Get in wood supplies. Keep the split-log drag at work. Fix up walks and roads. Look after fences and remove stumps from the fields. Begin to make plans for the next year. Lay out crops, decide as to what tools, stock and fertilizers may be needed and prepare to get them. These suggestions are from "Elementary Vocational Agriculture,"—Maryland State College of Agriculture.

HOW

To Disinfect a Room After Contagious Diseases

DISINFECTION means destroying of germs that cause disease. Many of these germs live in the human body and are given off with the secretions and discharges of the mouth, nose, ear, skin and other organs.

If these germs are destroyed as they leave the body it will prevent to a large extent the spread of disease.

Disinfection can be accomplished by heat and by chemical solutions.

The best disinfectant is fire. Cloths used in wiping the nose, mouth and ear of the sick should be burned. The next best disinfection is boiling. Bedclothes and linen, dishes, towels and other articles must be boiled for at least half an hour after the water has come to a boiling point. This will destroy all dangerous germs.

Chemical solutions are also useful. The two best are corrosive sublimate and carbolic acid. Both are very poisonous, however, and must be used with care.

They should be made up as follows: Corrosive sublimate, one dram (teaspoonful); permanganate of potash, one dram; water, one gallon. Be sure to label "Poison."

Carbolic acid, seven ounces; water, one gallon. Label "Poison" also. A solution made by dissolving eight ounces of chloride of lime in one gallon of water is useful, but must be freshly prepared each time.

All body discharges may be placed in one of these solutions and allowed to remain for half an hour. All solid particles must be broken up.

The corrosive sublimate solution if diluted one-half with water may be used to wash the hands after handling a case of contagious disease.

Remember that not only the patient, but all articles coming in contact with him, are dangerous and should be disinfected.

It is sometimes advisable to hang a sheet moistened with corrosive sublimate over the door of the room in which the patient is isolated.

STARS BY DAYLIGHT.

Why We Cannot See Them, Despite Some Old Ideas.

It is curious how the popular mind persists in clinging to certain ideas which have no foundation whatever in fact. One of these is the belief that the stars are visible by daylight if viewed from the bottom of a deep well, a mine shaft or a tall chimney.

Way back in the time of Aristotle this idea began to gain currency. It was vouched for not only by the great Greek philosopher, but by many other eminent scientists since his time who never took the trouble to investigate the matter and prove for themselves that it was not so. Humboldt was one of the first scientific men to inquire into the correctness of this idea. It interested him particularly because he had spent a great deal of time in mines himself. His own experience furnished nothing whatever to confirm the idea, and after questioning miners in various parts of the world he declared himself unable to find the slightest evidence that the stars are ever visible by daylight from the bottom of wells or mine shafts.

The whole idea is just as mythical as that of the wonderful pot of gold that is buried at the foot of the rainbow. The invisibility of the stars in the daytime is due to the glare of the atmosphere illuminated by the sun's rays. There is absolutely no reason why being at the bottom of the well or down in a mine should diminish this glare enough to make the stars visible to the human eye.

There is a good deal of difference, as science has lately found out, in the visibility of stars and planets when viewed through a telescope by daylight. This varies according to the color of the heavenly bodies. The red or yellow stars are much more easily seen than the white ones. Unless the telescope is focused with the greatest accuracy often an extremely bright star will be absolutely lost against a daylight field.

As a general thing the planets are much less visible in daylight than stars. The reason for this is that the telescope diminishes the brightness of the planet's disk as well as of the sky and therefore does not heighten the contrast, as in the case of the star.

How to Make a Polish For Automobiles or Furniture.

For furniture or automobile bodies an excellent polish can be made by thinning down boiled linseed oil with turpentine. This should be applied sparingly to the clean surface with a cloth and should be rubbed briskly with a soft dry cloth or cotton waste. It is best not to use body polish on a car until the gloss has become dull. Another polish recommended by automobile experts is made from one gallon of turpentine and three and a half ounces of citronella oil, one pint of paraffin oil or light cylinder oil and one and a half ounces of oil of cedar. When the finish on a car has become very dull the appearance can be greatly improved by rubbing with a mixture of cylinder oil and kerosene.

How to Mend Your Own Umbrella So It Won't Leak.

It is very annoying to catch one's new black silk umbrella on a nail and tear a little hole in it, but when the catastrophe has actually happened it is a consolation to know the best way to remedy it. Take a small piece of black sticking plaster and soak it until quite soft. Place this carefully under the hole inside and let it dry. This is better than darning, as it closes the hole neatly without stitches.



The Need of Capital

Before the European war started this country borrowed heavily from Europe to secure means for commercial and industrial expansion.

Now the United States must supply capital not only for its own needs but for other nations also.

Savings are capital. Thrift is the cause of capital.

Insure your own future by aiding in the production of capital.

One Dollar Starts an Account!

4 per-cent Interest Paid.

TANEYTOWN SAVINGS BANK

TANEYTOWN MARYLAND

Come Here For Your Shoes, Hats and Men's Furnishings

WE HAVE, by far, the Largest Stock and Greatest Variety of MEN'S, WOMEN'S AND CHILDREN'S SHOES, in Carroll County,

AT THE RIGHT PRICES

We have all the Correct Styles in Hats, Neckwear, Shirts, Collars, and Hosiery.

WE WANT YOUR TRADE.

WM. C. DEVILBISS,

22 W. Main St. WESTMINSTER, MD.

Classified Advertisements.

Dentistry.

J. S. MYERS, Westminister, Md. J. E. MYERS, New Windsor, Md.

Drs. Myers, SURGEON DENTISTS, Are prepared to do All Kinds of Dental Work, including **ALUMINUM PLATES.**

DR. J. W. HELM, SURGEON DENTIST, New Windsor Maryland.

Will be in Taneytown 1st Wednesday of each month. I have other engagements for the 3rd Saturday and Thursday and Friday, immediately preceding. The rest of the month at my office in New Windsor. Nitrous Oxide Gas administered. Graduate of Maryland University, Baltimore, Md. 5-111

C. & P. Telephone.

YOUR PRINTING

Is A Valuable Asset of Your Business

We Help Our Customers to Success With Presentable, Profitable **PUBLICITY**

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphan's Court of Carroll County in Md., letters testamentary upon the estate of

LEWIS E. HANN,

late of Carroll County, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers properly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 23rd day of August, 1917; they may otherwise be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hand this 29th day of January, 1917.

CHARLES E. GARBER, Executor.

PRINTING

Good Printing Is the Dress of Business. That Is the Kind We Do.

Let Us Show You

Read the Advertisements IN THE CARROLL RECORD.

SUNDAY SCHOOL.

Lesson VIII.—First Quarter, For Feb. 25, 1917.

THE INTERNATIONAL SERIES.

Text of the Lesson, John v, 1-15—Memory Verses, 8, 9—Golden Text, John ix, 4—Commentary Prepared by Rev. D. M. Stearns.

While the lesson assigned to us today covers only fifteen verses, we must consider, as far as possible, the whole of this wonderful chapter concerning Him who is the fountain of living waters and the only Judge of all mankind. These feasts were all originally "feasts of the Lord" (Lev. xxiii, 2, 4, 44), but they had degenerated into mere religious formalities as feasts of the Jews. Jesus attended them because there He found opportunities to teach and to heal, and it was His custom to go everywhere preaching the gospel of the kingdom and healing all sickness and disease (Matt. iv, 23). The scene of the healing of our lesson was at a pool in Jerusalem called Bethesda, which was by the sheep market or, as in the margin and the Revised Version, the sheep gate. Bethesda means house of mercy, but mercy can only be found in Him of whom the sheep gate is so suggestive, the Lamb and the sheep of Isa. llii, 6, 7, on whom all our iniquities were laid, the Lamb of God, who taketh away sins. It is interesting to note that the building of the wall by Nehemiah began and ended at the sheep gate (Neh. iii, 1, 32).

This pool, with its troubled waters, was as useless for a really impotent person as were the feasts of the Jews to help any one, for he must needs be a lively impotent who would get in first. The poor, hopeless impotent of our lesson had his infirmity thirty-eight years, and we remember that the infirmities of Israel in the wilderness lasted just thirty-eight years (Deut. ii, 14), and only the Lord Himself could and did deliver Israel. Without help from any mortal man or without ever touching the pool this poor impotent was made whole, for surely the fountain is better than the pool, and there is none other who can do aught for us, really impotent, and such we all are, for the whole world is guilty before God, and there is not one thing that we can do, not one step that we can take toward the righteousness which God requires.

We can only plead our guilt and utter helplessness, and then comes from Him the word of life and health, and we become justified freely by His grace through the redemption that is in Christ Jesus (Rom. iii, 19-24). As it is stated in verse 24 of our lesson chapter, hearing His word and receiving Him we have everlasting life, have passed from death to life, and shall not come into judgment for our sins. The Judge Himself says so (verse 22), and that settles it. This is the life that is given to all the dead in sins who now receive Him, and the hour still continues, though it has already lasted nearly 1,900 years (verse 25). The other hour of verses 28, 29, will last 1,000 years and will begin with the resurrection of the righteous at the coming of Christ (I Thess. iv, 16-18; Luke xiv, 14) and will end with the resurrection of the rest of the dead (Rev. xx, 5, 6, 11-15). Note some of the testimonies of Him who alone can give life, before whom all sickness flees and to whom all judgment has been committed: The Son can do nothing of Himself; the Father loveth the Son and sheweth Him all things that Himself doeth; the Father hath committed all judgment unto the Son; he that honoreth not the Son honoreth not the Father which hath sent Him; I seek not mine own will, but the will of the Father which hath sent me; the Father Himself hath sent me; I am come in my Father's name; had ye believed Moses ye would have believed me, for he wrote of me (verses 19-23, 30, 37, 43, 46). Yet this is the man whom they sought to kill, accusing Him of breaking their Sabbath and of making Himself equal with God.

One would think that His words and His works would have convinced them (verse 36). But when people allow themselves to be blinded by the devil he does his work very thoroughly. When the truth is rejected God allows lies and strong delusion to grasp the heart (II Thess. ii, 9-12). One great hindrance to believing God is the temptation to seek honor from men rather than from God only (verse 44), the desire to be held in esteem by our fellows because of learning and scholarship, the unwillingness to be wholly for God and seek in all things only His approval. Jesus Christ came in His Father's name seeking in all things to glorify Him, and all His words and works were the Father's through Him. But there is one coming in His own name, and it may be soon, who will exalt himself and whom all the world will worship except those whose names are in the book of life (verse 43, with Dan. xi, 36; II Thess. ii, 3, 4).

Israel's trouble and that of the whole world can only be remedied by Him who healed the impotent man at Bethesda, and He will come in His power and glory to do it. But the other man, the man of sin, the devil's man, must get in his work first. Before this wicked one shall be fully manifested the church, the hindrance to the full manifestation of the devil's power, must be taken away (II Thess. ii, 7, 8).



For Stiff Neck

Apply Sloan's Liniment *without rubbing* to the sore leaders and the pain will soon be relieved.

For rheumatic aches, neuralgia, gout, lumbago, bruises, strains, sprains and muscle stiffness, have a bottle handy.

Quickly penetrates and soothes, cleaner than musky plasters or ointments, does not stain the skin.

At all druggists, 25c. 50c. and \$1.00.

Sloan's Liniment

KILLS PAIN

IN NOVELTY SATIN STRIPES



The boardwalk at any and all of the winter resorts is the gathering place for Dame Fashion's most ardent admirers and humble subjects. To carry oneself properly one must be becomingly garbed, and the costume must not verge toward any extreme. The above afternoon frock is ideal for Palm Beach wear. It is made of novelty satin stripe material. The collar of the waist and the cuffs are of the same material. The apron-like effect gives the tunic a most fetching little touch to the costume.

BLouses ARE LESS SIMPLE

Latest Styles Show More Decorative Effect—Severity for the Moment Has Been Laid Aside.

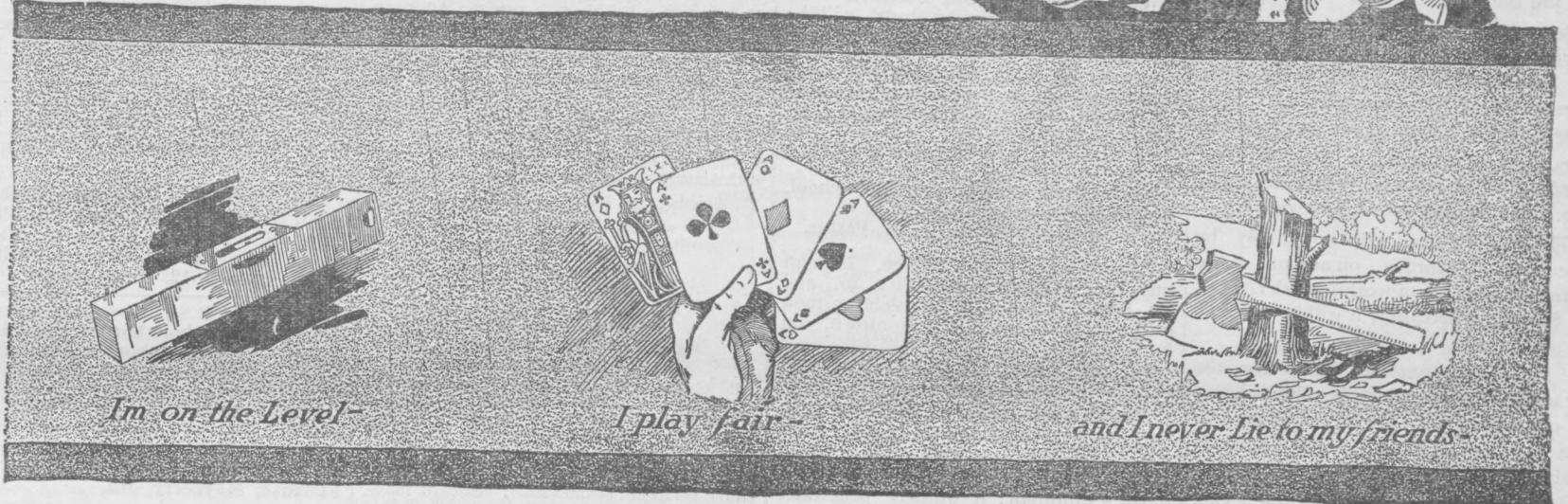
A point worth knowing is that the severely simple "shirtwaist" affair is being replaced by a more decorative variety. A feature of the newest blouses is the embroidery in silk, wool, or even beads, that helps to relieve their Puritanic severity. A further departure from precedent is the revival of the basque—sometimes a fancy affair that falls into deep points on the hips, at others merely a gathered frill that falls just below the waistline; while, as regards color, there are decided indications of a reaction in favor of yellow, putty, peach, and pale apricot shades instead of the pink which has until lately been accounted the "only wear."

The newest hats do not seem to be at all attractive, but as the fashion of a hat is more ephemeral than any other thing in dress it may safely be hoped that another week will give us more attractive models. Sometimes the milliners seem to have a brief spell of almost bad taste, and during those brief spells we get unlovely models. Only a few days ago an authority on dress said something about the very questionable taste of military models in clothes, and alluded to the military modes in hats which are to be seen here and there. She spoke of the imitation of the trench helmet, and there is now a toque very like the English service cap, which is worn on one side and caught up with a buckle on the other. The peak in front is carried round the crown as a brim. Neither as an adaptation nor as an imitation is it a success.

She Wanted to Know.

The baby was crying and Mattie stood beside him, very much to his indignation and looked at his eyes. While the baby struck out at her she tried to lift his eyelid. "What are you doing, dear?" asked her mother. "The baby does not like for you to touch him." "Mamma, I was trying to see where the tears come from. Where does he keep his tears when he isn't crying?"

A Southern Gentleman Is Popular Everywhere



I'm on the Level

I play fair

and I never lie to my friends

Just think this over a minute.—How many friends have *you*? Not the fellows who borrow from you—I mean the chaps who will *fight* for you! Fellows who believe in you—who stick by you through thick and thin. You can count them on one hand, can't you? But listen to this.—I have *several million* down South here.

And why? Because I've been on the level.

I've played fair. I've never lied to my friends, nor cheated them, nor double-crossed them, nor held out on them.

They know me by my right name—SOVEREIGN. A true gentleman of the South, born and bred of the real Southern stock. I mingle the blood of Virginia and Carolina—the best in the world—the choicest, sweetest, ripest, smoothest tobacco you ever smoked.

You Folks of the South KNOW Good blood!
You Folks of the South KNOW Good tobacco!

I have friends down South, and I keep them—because quality does tell. And it means a whole lot when I say:

I am guaranteed by *The American Tobacco Co.* —Buy me. If you don't like me return me to your dealer and get your money back. I have said it. A Southern gentleman is known the world over for keeping his word, and I have given you mine.

Sovereign Cigarettes

FOR THE GENTLEMAN OF THE SOUTH
"King of Them All"

A "Friendly Match."

I speak of a "friendly match," not at all forgetting that dictum of the old Scot to whom his opponent, breaking some trivial rule, said, "I suppose you won't claim that in a friendly match?"

"Friendly match!" was the reply. "There's no such thing as golf!"—London Telegraph.

Morbidly Suspicious.

"If you want to fight I'll hold your coat," said the bystander to the quarrelsome man.

"Great Scott! Can't a man even stand in the street without having a check boy try to work a tip out of him?"—Washington Star.

Couldn't Fool Her.

The Mother—Do you think he has matrimonial intentions, dear? The Maid—I certainly do, mother. He tried his very best to convince me last night that I appeared to better advantage in that twelve-dollar hat than in the fifty dollar one.—Puck.

Foxy Jack.

Edith—Oh, Jack told a dozen girls he loved them before he proposed to you, Ethel—Well, that's all right. When I spoke of it he told me they merely represented steps in his progression to his present ideal.—Exchange.

Cynical.

Blane—So you believe in signs, eh? Well, when a man is always making new friends what is that a sign or? Blane—It's most likely a sign that his old friends have found him out.

Farmers Take Notice!

We PAY for Your

Dead Animals

and remove them promptly by Automobile Truck.

We Pay All Phone Charges

A. F. REIS,

Sanitary Reduction Works, HANOVER, PA.

Phone 95 Night or Sundays 88J

Yes, We Do Job Work

You will find our prices satisfactory

Odd Titles of Newspapers. In Columbus, says the Dispatch, there is a man whose chief joy is in a collection of newspaper titles.

There are Headlights, Flashlights, Bees, Eagles, Owls, Mirrors and News-Letters, but when it comes to Derricks, Meddlers, Telescopes, Flags and Sun-beams the class is limited. In Hot Springs there is published the Arkansas Thomas Cat, and other titles just as unusual are the Sledge Hammer, the Irrepressible, the Silent Worker and Gall.

Frequently it is possible to tell from the title of a newspaper the state in which it is published. For instance, the Chief of the Lariat is in Texas, Big Hole Breezes in Montana and the Roundup in Wyoming.

Attractive Automobiles.

"So you are in the market for an automobile?"

"Yes," answered the man who likes to attract attention.

"Any particular make?"

"No; I merely want one that will make people turn round and stare at me when I pass."

"Oh, you don't need a special type for that. Get the ordinary car and exceed the speed limit."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Careful Hubby.

"Does your husband subscribe to the theory that kissing transmits germs?"

"No; he thinks that germs are mostly transmitted by money and is very careful not to hand me any."—Kansas City Journal.

Notice!

We Pay For and Remove Your

Dead Animals PROMPTLY

Call "LEIDY,"

"Always on the Job"

Phone No. 259

Westminster, Md.

Legal Blanks for Sale at This Office

TANEYTOWN LOCAL COLUMN

Brief Items of Local News of Special Interest to Our Home Readers.

Miss Clara Wilhide, who has been visiting in Pennsylvania, for about two months, has returned to her home here.

Zero weather, then a Spring-like day with dusty roads, then a day of snow, followed successively this week. Next in order is rain.

Prof. Wilbur L. Koontz is getting plans in shape for the new brick dwelling he will build, this Summer, on Baltimore street extended.

Gussie Crabbs has succeeded to the draying business, for years conducted by Thomas M. Clingan, and took charge of the job last week.

Some friends of Mrs. Ernest R. Cooley gave her a surprise "kitchen shower," on Monday evening, at the home of her parents, B. O. Slonaker and wife.

Miss Clara Shoemaker, daughter of Mrs. John M. Shoemaker, returned from Frederick Hospital, on Wednesday evening. She had her tonsils removed.

The public library will not likely be open, this Saturday, on account of the furnace being out of working order. But on Saturdays hereafter, it will be open, as usual.

"Please find enclosed \$2.00 for the CARROLL RECORD, which is quite welcome in our home, when the thermometer registers 30° to 35° below.—WM. CLINGAN, Paton, Ia.

The road contractors loaded the steam shovel, on Thursday, there being no further use for it on the Bridgeport state road extension, work on which has been in progress all winter, notwithstanding the cold weather.

We have given the advice often—and it is good advice, too. When hitching a horse, near the railroad, head him toward the railroad; and don't hitch a team of horses there at all, unless some one stays to watch it.

Mervin E. Wantz, who has been in the employ of Thomas Co., of Frederick, for some time past, has accepted a position as salesman with the International Harvester Co., and will assume the duties of his new position on Monday next.

On Monday, Feb. 19th, at 7 p. m., there will be a spelling match at Clear View school, near the Keysville road. A short program will precede the spelling. Refreshments will be served. The patrons and friends of the school are cordially invited.

The Washington-Gettysburg railroad project is alive again, according to an article on first page, and it will be well for those locally interested to give it proper consideration, as well as encouragement should it actually arrive at the point of meaning business.

S. M. North, State Supervisor of High Schools, spent the day in our school, on Thursday, making his annual inspection of the school, in order to see whether the requirements are filed. He seemed quite well pleased with the building, and especially the library, as well as with the school work.

The RECORD placed an order for a lot of mud tinted paper, last week, that will take its place following the lot we are now using, and we are wondering now whether we should not have doubled the size of the order—but anyway, we will be supplied until about July 1.

A copy of the Gull Lake, Canada, *Advance*, reached our desk, this week. There is an article in it depicting "What would happen to Canada," should Germany win. In that event, "What would happen to the U. S.," would be pretty interesting to us. Gull Lake is the home of J. F. Royer, son of Uriah Royer.

Another survey of Baltimore and Emmitsburg Sts. was made, this week, likely preliminary to extending a concrete road through the town, connecting the two state roads. We wonder whether this will be a good thing to do, considering the frequent need of making connections with the water and gas mains from the opposite side of the street?

Owing to the large number of complaints of damaged mail matter, due to pouches being thrown off the Fast Mail, while running full speed, at Middleburg, the P. O. Department has given instructions that hereafter most of the bulky mail for Taneytown shall be handled by train from Keymar. The daily papers, and letters, will therefore constitute, largely, the mail matter received at this office through Carrier Eyer.

A representative of the rating board of the Middle Department Underwriters' Association was here, recently, preparing a new insurance rate book for the town. These men notice everything that adds to fire hazards; for instance, old boxes, barrels, etc., piled up in back yards, often against buildings—kindling piles awaiting a spark. One would think that such invitations for fire would not be maintained in Taneytown, but they are.

The Best Recommended.

The strongest recommendation any article may receive is a favorable word from the user. It is the recommendations of those who have used it that makes Chamberlain's Cough Remedy so popular. Mrs. Amanda Gierhart, of Waynesfield, Ohio, writes, "Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has been used in my family off and on for twenty years and it has never failed to cure a cough or cold." Obtainable everywhere.

CHURCH NOTICES.

Presbyterian, Town—9 a. m., Bible School; 10 a. m., Worship. Theme: "A Great Leader—and National Duty." Everybody always welcome. 6.30 p. m., C. E. meeting.

Piney Creek—2 p. m., Worship. Sermon subject: "Religion and National Education." Welcome everybody.

Reformed church, Taneytown—Service at 10.15 a. m. and 7.30 p. m.; Sunday School at 9.15 a. m. Prayer service, Wednesday evening at 7.30. Heidelberg class, Saturday at 1.30 p. m.; Catechetical class at 2.15.

Keysville—Service at 2 p. m.; Sunday School at 1 p. m.

Woodbine charge, Lutheran—Messiah church: Sunday School, 9.45 a. m.; preaching service, 10.45 a. m.

Calvary church, Woodbine—Sunday School, 2.00 p. m.; Preaching service, 3.00 p. m. G. W. BAUGHMAN, Pastor.

In Trinity Lutheran church next Sunday morning the pastor will preach on "New Energy in an Old Business." In the evening the sermon topic will be "A Marvelous Self-forgetfulness."

Church of God, Uniontown—Sunday School at 9 a. m.; preaching at 10.15 a. m. and 7 p. m. Preaching at Frizellburg at 2 p. m.

L. F. MURRAY, Pastor.

United Brethren—Harney: Bible School, 9 a. m.; preaching 10 a. m.

W. J. MARKS, D. D., Pastor.

Uniontown Lutheran Charge. Regular preaching at Winters at 10.30 a. m., and Mt. Union at 2.30 p. m. Special sermon to the P. O. S. of A., Uniontown, on Feb. 25, at 7.30 p. m.

W. E. SALTZGIVER, Pastor.

Sloan's Liniment For Stiff Joints

Rheumatic pains and aches get into the joints and muscles, making every movement torture. Relieve your suffering with Sloan's Liniment; it quickly penetrates without rubbing, and soothes and warms your sore muscles. The congested blood is stimulated to action; a single application will dry up the pain. Sloan's Liniment is clean, convenient and quickly effective, it does not stain the skin or clog the pores. Get a bottle today at your Druggist, 25c.

An Embargo on Freight.

Freight congestion in eastern cities, is becoming serious, because exportation of merchandise has largely ended with the U-boat scare. American ship owners are disinclined to risk their vessels, and there are not enough foreign vessels to move the cargoes. The congestion has extended back west as far as Kansas City.

Most of the grain elevators and warehouses are filled, while the switches are jammed with loaded cars. Unless the situation improves, market prices will drop to the level of home consumption and demand—the same as though there was no foreign demand.

If the situation continues, many factories will be compelled to shut down, and as foreign governments will not pay for goods until delivered at seaboard, this will be a hardship and cause great financial troubles. Many railroads have been compelled to place an embargo on all but coal and perishable goods shipments, due to lack of terminal room.

The situation may hurry a declaration of war, as it is held that the U. S. Navy can assist very materially in keeping lanes of trade open on the seas. It is claimed that in the Chicago and western district, fully 30,000 cars are held up.

TYRONE.

Misses Bessie Yingling and Sadie Flickinger, spent Sunday with Wm. H. Flickinger, near Copperville.

Milton Halter, of Silver Run, spent Monday with Ira Rodkey and family.

Dr. D. M. Vishanoff, of Macedonia, will speak at both morning and evening service at Baust Reformed church, this Sunday, Feb. 18th.

EMMITSBURG.

C. J. Shuff, a merchant of this place, died on Monday morning, at his home, after several weeks illness, aged 55 years. He was married to Miss Sarah Gibbs, of this place. He was a brother of M. F. Shuff, furniture dealer and undertaker, with whom he had been in partnership for several years. His funeral took place from his late home, Wednesday afternoon, Rev. L. B. Hensley, officiating. Interment in Presbyterian cemetery.

Quite a successful "500" party was given at Hotel Single, Tuesday night, for the benefit of the public library.

C. M. Guthrie, of St. Joseph, Mo., is the guest of his aunt, Miss Sue Guthrie.

J. A. Helman, who had been seriously ill of pneumonia, is much improved.

Charles Sellers has returned from the Union Protestant Infirmary, where he underwent a very successful operation for appendicitis.

PLEASANT VALLEY.

Don't forget the Parcel Post social which will be held in the school house, Feb. 22, at 7.30 o'clock. Receipts for the benefit of the school. Everybody welcome.

On last Saturday evening, Feb. 10, Miss Harriet Myers, oldest daughter of Upton E. Myers and wife, and Mr. Edgar Logue were married at the Lutheran parsonage, Silver Run, by their pastor, Rev. J. Luther Hoffman. We wish the young couple a happy and prosperous life.

Miss Blanche Frock, of Yohnstown, Ohio, is visiting her cousin, Mrs. Horace Koontz.

Sunday School this Sunday at 1.30 p. m.; divine service at 2.30, by Rev. J. W. Reinecke. C. E. Society at 7.30 in the evening.

Miss Anna Senft, who has been very ill, is slowly improving and able to sit up in her bed.

Walter Wantz moved, on Thursday, from Mrs. Emanuel Zepp's house to Mr. Humbert's home, near Mayberry.

The body of Luther, only son of Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Myers, of Westminster, was brought here, on Friday morning, for interment. His age was about 5 months.

ECONOMY IS WEALTH.

Clean your soiled grease spot clothes with Lum Tum Clothes Cleaner. Price 15c per bottle, at McKellip's Drug Store Advertisement.

France is again buying horses in this country, an order having been placed this week, in St. Louis, for 25,000 head.

PUBLIC SALE OF Store Fixtures!

The undersigned, intending to retire from the mercantile business, will offer at public sale, in Taneytown, Md., on

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 26th., 1917, at 10 o'clock, a. m., the following store fixtures:

NO. 1, 8-ft. SHOW CASE, receding base, American glass, all around beveled glass on top, adjustable shelves, mirror doors on roller bearings, yd. measurement, solid oak case, practically new.

NO. 2, HAT CASE, 8-ft. long, 6½-ft. high, oak case, glass doors, on roller bearings. A splendid case, will hold from 100 to 125 hats free from dust.

NO. 3, RIBBON CASE, 6 leaf ribbon case, patented by the Erie Show Case Co., Dec. 31, 1895. Will hold \$250.00 worth of ribbons at wholesale prices. The only perfect ribbon case made.

NO. 4, BRASS FRAME COUNTER CASE, 3 shelves. Lower shelf round glass, width of counter.

NO. 5, COUNTER CASE, 6-ft. long, full width of counter, and will hold a volume of goods.

NO. 6, SHOE CASE, on floor, and supplied with casters. American glass all around and beveled plate on top, hand holds at side, can be rolled anywhere.

NO. 7, JEWELRY CASE on counter. This is a splendid roomy case, 4-ft. long.

NO. 8, TWIN CASES, used for tobacco and cigars, 3-ft. cases.

NO. 9, CHEESE CASE, with American glass; the proper size for a cheese cutter.

NO. 10, UMBRELLA CASE, will hold 6 dozen umbrellas.

NO. 11, CUTLERY CASE, 3 shelves, with sliding doors.

NO. 12, REVOLVING SPOOL COTTON CASE, will hold about 36 dozen spool cotton.

NO. 13, CABINET, for small notions, 18 drawers.

12-FOOT EXTENSION TABLE, solid cherry, 6 legs, suitable for hall or hotel; adjustable shelf and display table; 8 clothing tables, 8-ft. long; window shade rack, will hold 30 doz. shades; hat stand, 8 cornered; large mirror 4-ft. high, with beveled glass and chrome frame; drum cheese cutter, the only perfect way to handle cheese, will cut any amount at any price; paper holder, complete counter set, standard mark made by the Computing Scale Co., weighs 21 lbs.; spice scale, weigh 4 lbs.; gasoline pumping station, complete with ground tank, holds 15-gal.; new 10-ft. rubber tube and filtering tank and enclosure, only been in use 15 months; gasoline tank, coal oil tank, broom holder, secretary solid oak; faucets, cabinets, lamps, barrels, tools, chairs, shoe stool, blinds, counter stools, coffee mill, awning sign post, and everything necessary for a well conducted store.

TERMS—Sums of \$5.00 and under, cash. On sums above \$5.00 a credit of 60 days will be given on notes with approved security, with interest. No goods to be removed until settled for.

2-16-17 D. M. MEHRING & SON.

PUBLIC SALE

The undersigned, intending to quit farming, will sell at public sale, on his premises known as the David Stoner farm, 1 mile west of Trevanion, Md., on

THURSDAY, MARCH 8th., 1917, at 12 o'clock, m., sharp, the following personal property, to-wit:

2 HEAD HORSES,

1 bay mare, coming 9 years old, bred anywhere, hitched, fine driver and fearless of all road objects; 1 bay colt, coming 1 year old, promises to make a fine horse. 8 head of cattle, Durham and Holstein, 7

are milk cows, all will be fresh by day of sale; Holstein bull, will weigh 1000 lbs.; brood sow, will farrow in June; Shoats that will weigh 60 lbs.; 4 or 6-horse wagon and bed, 2-horse wagon, spring wagon, 2-seated carriage, set hay carriage, 16-ft. long; McCormick binder, good as new; Johnson mower, good running order; hay rake, threshing machine and power, Manchester winnowing mill, York grain drill, sowed 2 crops; walking corn plow, Keystone corn planter, 3 furrow plows, 17-tooth Osborne harrow, fifth chain, double and triple trees, jockey sticks, middle rings, cow, log and breast chains, 2 sets front gears, 2 sets breechings, 4-horse line wagon saddle, buttraces, forks, feed cutter, large lead box, and many other articles not mentioned.

TERMS—Sums of \$5.00 and under, cash. On sums above \$5.00 a credit of 90 days will be given on notes with approved security, with interest. No goods to be removed until settled for.

WILLIAM H. FORKAWALT.

M. D. Smith, Auct. 2-16-17

Samuel Wilson, Clerk.

CHARLES W. KING



LARGE AUCTION SALE OF HORSES & MULES

at my stables in the rear of the Montour Hotel, Westminster, Md., on

Tuesday, Feb. 20, 1917, at 12.30 o'clock, sharp.

25 head Fresh Country Horses, 25 Mules, right of the farms of Virginia and Maryland. Will sell from 15 to 25 head commissioned horses and mules for other parties.

All stock must be as represented or your money refunded. A credit of 6 months will be given.

SALE RAIN OR SHINE.

CHARLES W. KING, WESTMINSTER, MD. Edward Mercer, Auct. 2-9-17 Bradley McHenry, Mgr.

WANTED!

Horses, Mules, Fat Bulls, Steers, Heifers and Cows, Fresh and Springers

Drop me a Postal or Telephone me, and I will call and see Stock, and will pay highest market price.

HOWARD J. SPALDING, LITTLESTOWN, PA. 1-12-3mo

SPECIAL NOTICES.

General Advertisements will be inserted under this heading at one cent a word, each issue. Real Estate for sale, Two Cents each word. The name and address of advertiser must be paid for at same rate; two initials, or a date, counted as one word. Cash in advance, unless other terms are mutually agreed upon. Postage Stamps received as cash.

CAPONS WANTED at Highest Prices. Headquarters for all kinds of Furs. All kinds of Poultry wanted. Squabs a specialty. 50¢ for delivering Calves. —SCHWARTZ'S PRODUCE.

HIGHEST CASH Prices paid for Eggs, Calves and Poultry. 50¢ for delivering Calves Tuesday evening or Wednesday morning.—G. W. MOTTER. 6-10-12

LARGE OLD HENS wanted; also guineas, squabs, eggs and calves, at highest prices. 50¢ for delivering calves. Hides and Furs of all kinds.—FARMERS' PRODUCE—H. C. BRENDLE, Proprietor. Phone 3-J.

FOR SALE—"Ruby Wilkes," fast-trotting stallion, 9 years old, is a chestnut sorrel, weight 1200, perfectly gentle, any lady can drive him, also works excellent in low traces.—ALLEN BROWN, near Taneytown.

HORSE FOR SALE—Intending to remove to the city, I offer my Black Mare at private sale.—MYRL RIDINGER, near Keysville. 16-2t

FOR POWER Washing Machines, Small Engines, Belting, and Mill Pails, write or telephone L. K. BREWLY, Middleburg. Second-hand Machines, will sell cheap. Phone 9-12, Union Bridge. 16-2t

HORSE FOR SALE—5 years old, work in wagon, anywhere but lead; good plow leader. Weight about 1350.—FRANK NULL, on Lightner farm. 16-2t

CLOSING-OUT SALE—Having disposed of my Store Property, must close out my Stock of Goods by April 1. Sales and Bargains will begin Feb. 20.—H. E. FRANGLE, Mayberry, Md.

CLASS INITIATION, by Lodge No. 36, K. of P., will be held on Tuesday evening, Feb. 20. All members are urged to be present.

REWARD OF \$5.00 will be paid for return of pocket book, lost last Saturday, in Taneytown, containing about \$20.00.—W. H. POOLE, or at RECORD Office.

FOR RENT—2 Houses; 1 of 9 rooms, 1 of 4 rooms; to sell 200 Bundles Fodder.—S. WEANT, Keymar.

I HAVE BOUGHT 2 Bowling Alleys, and same will be installed in my basement by the Brunswick-Balke-Callender Co., in first-class condition by April 6th, 1917.—D. W. GARNER.

POTATOES—We will pay \$2.50 bu. for large round, or long potatoes, well culled, next week delivered.—J. F. WEANT & SON, 1004-6 Hillen St., Baltimore.

BUSINESS PLACES for sale; Business places for rent.—D. W. GARNER, Agt., Taneytown.

FOR SALE—3 Sows and Pigs.—Wm. F. BRICKER, near Taneytown.

BLACKSMITH SHOP for rent, in Frizellburg. Apply to CALVIN R. STARNER, at Frizellburg. Phone 816F22. 9-2t

COLT FOR SALE, 2 years old, by HARRY E. BOWERS, near Walnut Grove school house. 9-3t

FIRE WOOD AND SHOATS on hand and for sale at all times.—HAROLD MEHRING. 2-9-14

FOR SALE—My famous Gray Pacing Horse, at low price to quick buyer.—L. D. MAUS, Tyrone. 2-9-17

FOR SALE CHEAP to quick buyer; 1 good home-made Rubber-tire Buggy, set Double Harness, Driving Cart.—Mervin E. WANTZ, on Keysville road. 2-9-17

MOTOR WORLD gone mad. Gas at less than 10c a gallon. Guaranteed.—R. C. HILTEBRICK, Rep. Eastern Industrial Co., Schwenkville, Pa. 2-9-17

HOUSE FOR RENT. Apply to DORIE FEESER, near Taneytown.

FOR RENT—The old Fink Implement Warehouse, formerly occupied by L. R. Valentine.—D. W. GARNER, Agent, Taneytown, Md. 2-2-3t

EGGS FOR HATCHING—Rhode Island Reds and Silver Laced Wyandottes, Fine Pens of both breeds, extra good layers. The early hatched chicks are the ones that pay, later on, every way—engage your eggs now. \$1.00 for 15 if packed, or 75c at the house.—JOHN J. REID, Taneytown.

PORK—Weighing 125 to 150 each sold for 16c per lb. this week. Market firm.—J. F. WEANT & SON, Commission Merchants, 1004-6 Hillen St., Baltimore. 1-26-17

FOR SALE—Paying business. Complete stock of General Grocery Store, as a whole, or by inventory. Property includes Dwelling, rental \$20.00 per month. No triflers need apply.—Address PILOT OFFICE, Union Bridge. 1-19-17

WILL BUY Rags, Rubber, Iron, and all kinds of metals, secondhand Automobiles, books, papers. Phone 6M., or write CHARLES SOMMERS, Taneytown. 3-16

WHEN YOU HAVE A HOME (N. Y.) Fire or Storm Insurance Policy, you have the best there is to be had. It is not only the strongest in this country, financially, but its record for fairness is unexcelled anywhere.—P. B. ENGLAR, Agt., Taneytown. 12-1-17

I WILL DO Shoe and Harness repairing until further notice. Terms cash.—H. E. RECK. 2-2-3t

Notice to Creditors

This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Carroll County, in Md., letters of administration upon the estate of

WILLIAM E. REAVER, late of Carroll County, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers properly authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 16th day of September, 1917; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under our hands this 16th day of February, 1917.

ANNIE E. REAVER, RUFUS W. REAVER, Administrators

Floral Antiseptic looth Powder for cleaning and beautifying the teeth. Makes the teeth white and purifies the breath. 10c bottle.—Get at McKellip's Advertisement.

Taneytown's Leading Fashion Store.

Koons Bros.

DEPARTMENT STORE

TANEYTOWN, MD.

Standard Sewing Machines

Store Closes Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 p. m.

New Spring Styles Have Began to Arrive

This week we received our first shipment of

Men's Spring Hats,
\$1.00 to \$2.50

Men's Dress Shirts,
50c to \$2.50

Men's, Women's & Children's SHOES

Dress Shoes, Work Shoes and School Shoes.

Ladies' Waists

In Plain White and Striped Linen and Silk.
49c, 98c, \$1.19 and \$2.95

Laces and Embroideries

SOMETHING NEW EVERY WEEK

We have a few left-over

Ladies' and Misses' Coats

AT Wonderful Bargain Prices.

COMING!

A Fine Entertainment!

By an arrangement between the Y. P. M. S. of Trinity Lutheran Church, Taneytown, and the young people of St. John's Lutheran Church, near Littlestown, the latter will give a fine entertainment in the

TANEYTOWN OPERA HOUSE

Tuesday, February 20, at 7:30 p. m.

"ALL A MISTAKE"

A Farce Comedy in three acts, making a whole evening of delightful entertainment, will be given with the following

Cast of Characters:

CAPT. OBADIAH SKINNER, Retired Sea Captain, MERVIN A. MILLER
 LIEUT. GEORGE RICHMOND, His Nephew, LOYD STAVELEY
 RICHARD HAMILTON, A Country Gentleman, EDGAR YEALEY
 FERDINAND LIGHTHEAD, A Neighbor, PAUL KING
 NELLIE RICHMOND, George's Wife, LILLIAN YEALEY
 NELLIE HUNTINGTON, A Friend, MARY SNYDER
 CORNELIA (NELLIE) SKINNER, Obadiah's Sister, ENZIE CROUSE
 NELLIE MCINTYRE, A Servant, ETHEL NAU
 Trainer, MISS ROSE BARKER

Doors open at 7:15 o'clock. Play starts promptly at 7:45. Graphonola concert before play and between acts.

ADMISSION: Adults, 25c; Children, 15c.

CONCRETE BLOCKS

FOR HOUSES AND SILOS
 CEMENT WALKS
 BUILDING FOUNDATIONS
 CONCRETE WORK OF ALL KINDS
 SEE ME FOR ESTIMATES
ARCHIE EYLER,
 Middleburg, Md.

Taneytown HOTEL PROPERTY FOR SALE

The Hotel Property known as the "Elliot House" in Taneytown, suitable for any business, situated on the Square, 21-Room House and Good Stable. Water and Gas Light through the house. Bath Rooms. Will sell cheap to quick buyer.

CHAS. A. ELLIOT,
 York Co. Shrewsbury, Md. 1-26-17

Taneytown Grain and Hay Market.

Corrected weekly, on day of publication. Prices paid by The Reindollar Co.

Wheat	1.77@1.77	Wheat	1.86@1.86
Corn, new, 70 lbs. to bus.	1.00@1.00	Corn	1.14@1.14
Rye	1.00@1.00	Oats	84@85
Oats	50@50	Rye	1.20@1.20
Timothy Hay	10.00@10.00	Hay, Timothy	17.50@18.50
Mixed Hay	8.00@9.00	Hay, Mixed	16.00@16.50
Bundle Rye Straw	9.00@9.00	Hay, Clover	14.00@15.00

Baltimore Markets. Corrected Weekly