

# THE CARROLL RECORD.

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TANEYTOWN, MARYLAND, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1910.

No. 19

## NEWS NOTES HERE AND THERE

### Condensed Items of Interest from County, State and Our Exchanges.

Instead of "going up salt river," the President is going down to the canal, immediately after the election.

The P. R. R., secured complete control of the N. C. R., on Wednesday, through effecting a lease on the road for 999 years.

Mr. Bryan offered his services to the Nebraska Democratic state committee, but as he declined to support the candidate for Governor, his services have not been accepted. Instead, he has arranged a speaking tour on his own hook.

Hog prices have dropped approximately 70 cents in the past eight days, according to quotations on the local market today. Dealers say that further declines will come before the end of the week, and that the end is not in sight. The biggest corn crop in history is assigned as the cause.

Col. Roosevelt delivered two addresses in Baltimore, on Wednesday, without any politics in either. The first was to students of Goucher College, in the First M. E. Church, and the second before the general Missionary Society of the M. E. Church. He was given a warm welcome and hundreds were turned away unable to gain admission.

In the opinion of Patrick Cuddey, a Milwaukee meat packer just returned from Europe, there will be a drop of 10 per cent. in the price of beef and 25 per cent. in the price of pork within the next year. He bases his opinion on the abundant corn crop. For several years farmers have found it more profitable to sell their grain than to hold it for fodder.

The President is determined to push his plan for placing second and third class postmasters under the Civil Service. He will make the recommendation to Congress in his forthcoming message and hopes for favorable action. In addition to taking these classes of postmasters entirely out of politics, the President believes the move will prove economical.

Counterfeit \$10 notes on the First National Bank of Portland, Ore., are being passed freely in New York city. Secret Service agents are convinced that the notes are being floated by the same gang which is passing counterfeits on the National Bank of Los Angeles, Cal., and the First National Bank of Williamsport, Pa. The Williamsport notes are being passed on the Pacific coast and the Western notes are being passed in the East.

A smart carriage manufacturer is advertising "\$25.00 Reward" for the return of a new surrey that was never stolen. The description of the vehicle is very elaborate, and the request to "please post" very prominent, the latter being the chief aim of the ad., in order that it may be read. We don't blame the dealer; still, it don't look quite right to fool so many honest people who would like to help him to secure his stolen (?) vehicle.

Chief Judge Thomas on Monday afternoon made these changes in the November jury list: Carroll G. Raver, of Woolery's, in place of John P. Klee; John T. Cuthbert, of Freedom, in place of Greenberry Wilson; James B. Buxton, of Westminster, in place of Nathaniel H. Baumgartner; David M. Buffington, of Middleburg, in place of Frederick Littlefield, and William H. Hood, of Mount Airy, in place of William Stackhouse.

Baltimore has been having a big time, this week, over an aviation contest, the flights commencing on Wednesday, when four machines did various remarkable stunts. Eugene Ely, in a Curtiss biplane, went 6 miles in six minutes and six seconds. Charles F. Willard, in a Curtiss, reached an altitude of 4500 feet. J. A. Drexel, in a Bleriot machine, reached 4800 feet. Eugene Ely went 3 miles in less than three minutes. Some of the fancy performances were both novel and thrilling.

The voters of South Dakota at the election of November 8 will have submitted to them the longest ballot to be voted in any state in the Union. The ballot will measure more than seven feet, and will contain proposed laws which are to be submitted to the voters under the referendum amendment to the state constitution. It will be 14 inches in width and filled from top to bottom with closely printed nonpareil type, one of the proposed laws alone filling more than two feet of the ballot. Special ballot-boxes have been manufactured for the larger voting precincts.

Governor Crothers, who is taking a most prominent part in the campaign in the counties, has not yet spoken in Baltimore and has not been invited to do so. The same is true of United States Senator Isidor Rayner. If this campaign closes without Mr. Rayner making at least one speech in Baltimore it will be the first time that such a thing has happened for many years. Attorney-General Isaac Lobe Straus has not spoken in Baltimore, though he has offered his service to the party managers on several occasions. Democrats who are vitally interested in the success of the nominees this year say they cannot understand why these speakers should not be on the hustings in the city, especially as the fight in East Baltimore and the city wards of the Fifth district is regarded as close.

## The Arrangement of the Ballot.

There will be but one group of names on the ballot, this year, which makes voting easy, as but one X mark is required. There is one little trick, due to the arrangement of the names, which may cost the Republican candidate some votes.

Under the law, a blank space is provided in which one may vote for somebody not nominated. There is not the slightest use for this space, except to confuse voters, and this space, instead of following the names, comes above them, which makes it possible for those who are not careful, to place their mark for Mr. Baker in the square above, which of course would result in the vote being thrown out. This is the arrangement.

For Representative in the Sixty Second Congress of the United States, etc.

### VOTE FOR ONE.

WILLIAM B. BAKER, REP.	
HARRY E. GILBERT, PRO.	
CHARLES W. SMILEY, SOC.	
J. F. C. TALBOTT, DEM.	

Had the blank been placed at the bottom of the ballot, where it naturally belongs, then Mr. Talbott would have stood the chance of losing votes on account of marking in the last square.

## Next Tuesday—Election Day.

What are you going to do about it? Stay at home, and work, or just be too unconcerned to go and vote? Will you let somebody else kill your vote twice—let somebody else have all the say about the government of your country? How do things generally suit you, anyway? Don't you have a preference as to whether you have a Democratic, or a Republican, Congressman? You know, don't you, that a record of those not voting is kept by the party watchers?

Take our advice and go to the polls, sure, and vote your real sentiments when you go. Don't let it be said that your district, or precinct, was way short of the registered vote. Talk to your neighbors, and urge them to go—take one or so along, if necessary. No matter what the result will be, you will feel more respect for yourself if you do your part, as you are expected. The man who is careless about voting, for any reason, is not looked upon as standing among the best citizens, for he is a fellow convicted of not using his greatest right as one.

## Spring Sale Printing.

We will be glad to do all the needed Spring sale printing in our territory, or adjoining it. We do not follow the practice of some printers in writing to everybody they hear of who work away from home, and try to get work away from brother printers, which naturally belongs to them. This may be "business," but in our opinion it is mighty "small" business, and we do not engage in it. There is territory which seems to lay open to all, and in this we may personally solicit work, but not in the local neighborhood of other printers. This applies to sale posters and cards.

With sale advertising, it is different. The RECORD covers a wide and valuable field which can be reached through no other medium. Even when posters and cards are printed at other offices, the RECORD offers its space and solicits outside business from all. Our Sale Register will be commenced on January 1st, and in ample time for all Spring sales, and later we will publish the terms for its use.

We now have on our list over a dozen sales, which will be registered without notice, when the time comes, but we suggest that all who desire registry, or expect the RECORD office to do their work, to inform us of the fact at an early date.

## Narrow Escape from Death.

(For the Record.)

On Tuesday night, as Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Shorb were coming home from Emmitsburg, some one drove around them and their horse started off in a dead run and went faster and faster for one and a half miles, and when Mr. Shorb made the turn at Hon. David Guise's, didn't check his horse quick enough, the buggy upset, wheels straight up, throwing both out. Mr. Shorb's ribs were badly fractured and head badly cut.

Mrs. Shorb's left side was very badly bruised, also head and limbs. She has been since confined to her bed and at this writing is not much improved. Mr. Shorb is not able to lie down, but sits propped up in a chair. The buggy was wrecked considerably, but the horse received only a few scars. Twenty-two friends and neighbors were to see them on Sunday.

Mr. Lawrence Wooden, formerly of Hampstead, who has been spending several years in California, returned to his old home, this week.

A fire broke out in the rear of the building on Hanover street, Littlestown, owned and occupied by A. F. Wildasin, as a dwelling and grocery store, about 11 a. m., Sunday, October 30, which resulted in a loss of about \$1,000. The fire was confined to the floor and shelving, though the smoke caused considerable damage to the store. An alarm was sounded which brought members of the Alpha Fire Company with their apparatus to the scene, and they promptly extinguished the flames by the use of chemicals. The loss is covered by insurance.

## POLITICAL FORECASTS.

### An Unprejudiced Survey of the Situation Throughout the Country.

The N. Y. Herald gives the following forecast for the next Congress: Democrats 194, Republicans 157, Doubtful 40. It includes Democratic gains in the following states, Iowa 3, Kansas 2, Kentucky 2, Massachusetts 2, Michigan, Ohio and Minnesota 1, Missouri 3, New York 8. The Maryland delegation is classed as at present, Democrats 3, Republicans 3.

The situation in Pennsylvania is peculiar. There is strong opposition to the Republican candidate for Governor, Congressman Tener; largely an opposition which has been growing for years to the party machine as once managed by Senator Quay, and now by Senator Penrose. With one strong opposing candidate, Tener would likely be beaten, but as the opposition is divided between Berry (Keystone) and Grim, Democrat, Tener will likely win by a good majority, though the probability is that the Republicans may lose several Congressmen.

A letter from Congressman Goulden, of New York, says: "It looks good for the Democrats in New York, New Jersey, Connecticut and Ohio."

Republican prospects for carrying New Jersey seem better than a month ago. There is no doubt of their carrying the legislature, and it now looks as though Dr. Woodrow Wilson, Democrat, for Governor, may be defeated. This is the conservative Republican view.

No states are more uncertain, this year, than Ohio and Indiana. No forecast, from either side, carries any real assurance. Harmon (Democrat) seems reasonably sure of re-election, in Ohio, on local issues, but a desperate battle is being fought and the returns alone will decide the result.

In Tennessee, Hooper, the Republican candidate for Governor, appears sure to defeat Taylor, Democrat, but it is thought the legislature will remain Democratic, and that the congressional delegation will stand as at present.

The Republican Congressional Committee is not making extravagant claims and has not yet published a forecast. It confidently states that there will be no "landslide," and that the majority in the House will be but slight, either way.

In Maryland, the Republicans will likely win, for sure, in the Fifth and Sixth districts; they confidently claim the Third, and a fighting chance in the Second. The Democrats do not concede anything, but admit that their chances in the Fifth are slim, and that they will win this year in the Third and Sixth, making the delegation stand five Democrats to one Republican, instead of 3 to 3, as at present.

The Baltimore News-Cumbersland correspondent thinks Allegany County will elect Lewis, in the sixth district, by reducing Frederick's majority for Warner.

The most optimistic claim made by the Republicans was contained in a letter from Chairman McKinley, of the National Congressional Campaign Committee, to President Taft, in which he says: "It gives me great pleasure to inform you that every sign points to Republican control of the House of Representatives. This information is based on what I believe to be reliable reports from practically every one of the so-called doubtful districts."

In the West and North-west, the "insurgent" movement has developed into party harmony, and the Republicans confidently expect to maintain this present representation in Congress. In Nebraska, the vote will be complicated with the liquor question, but this is not expected to apply to congressional contests.

In Virginia and West Virginia the Democrats have strong hopes of gaining several districts now Republican.

Jack Johnson, the negro prize fighter, is one of the Democratic campaign speakers in New York city. He appeared several times, this week, under the auspices of the "United Colored Democracy," and assailed Roosevelt as an enemy of the colored race.

In Charles county the Democratic supervisors have decided to place the name of Mr. Ray (Democrat) at the head of every ballot, but to transcribe the names of the other candidates several times during the printing, so that a voter will not know where to find the name of the Republican candidate until he receives his ballot. As this is solely a national election, the election officials are likely to get into serious trouble for using trickery, especially in view of Judge Morris's recent decision on the question of disfranchisement.

## Koons—Shipley.

Mr. John A. Koons, of Chambersburg, Pa., formerly of Taneytown, and Miss Grace M. Shipley, of Frederick, were married in Baltimore, on Monday, 31st. After the ceremony they left for Washington and a trip south. They will live in Chambersburg, Pa., where the groom is engaged in the cigar manufacturing business.

## First Blizzard of the Season.

A regular blizzard swept over Maryland and Eastern Pennsylvania, this Thursday night, following a day disagreeable with chilly air and considerable wind. In Baltimore, street traffic was greatly interfered with, while the railroad train service was also late and disarranged, due to drifts of snow and icy tracks. Telegraph and telephone wires were also blown down.

In some places, where the snow remained unmelted, it fell to a depth of 7 to 10 inches. In the central part of the state the snow melted as it fell, having the effect of a greatly needed rain. The sudden change was due to Western and Northern storms sweeping toward the Atlantic Ocean, and was an unwelcome visitor to those who still have their corn unharvested.

Next Tuesday is election day. The polls open at 8 a. m., and close at 6 p. m.

## The Disfranchising Law Void.

In an elaborate opinion handed down last Friday by Judge Thomas J. Morris, of the United States Circuit Court, the demurrer filed by counsel for the registers of election at Annapolis, who refused to enroll colored men because of the Grandfather law passed by the Maryland Legislature, is overruled and the plaintiffs, who sue for damages, are justified in asking for redress. The court also holds that the federal tribunal has jurisdiction, inasmuch as the act violates the Fifteenth Amendment, which Congress by statute, is authorized to enforce.

The effect of this decision is far reaching and if sustained by the higher tribunal to which it will be taken, will void all of the other Grandfather laws lately enacted, and which apply to Crisfield, Princess Anne, La Plata and other municipal corporations in Maryland. It also renders invalid the Diggs amendment which is to be submitted to the voters at the general election next year.

Mr. Gans, who, with Mr. Bonaparte, represented the plaintiffs in the case, said that the decision settled once and for all the question of negro disfranchisement in Maryland. Said he: "There may be an appeal from the damages awarded, but the constitutional question is settled for this state."

Continuing, Mr. Gans said: "This decision is of national importance and of especial significance for the Southern States, where attempts to disfranchise the negro have been made ever since Arthur P. Gorman was a candidate for his second re-election to the United States Senate. The case involved the right of the colored men to vote in the city election at Annapolis. The act of 1908 provided for a new registration in that city, and attempted to discriminate indirectly against the colored man, pretty much the same as the Poe and other amendments brought before the people of Maryland. The decision of Judge Morris is the first directly deciding the question. Similar questions have been brought before the United States Supreme Court, but the court in every instance declared that the questions were improperly raised, and for that reason there has never been a decision by that tribunal. This decision practically kills all attempts to disfranchise the colored voters in this indirect way and the Fifteenth Amendment precludes any direct way of disfranchising them."

## W. C. T. U. Contest.

The W. C. T. U., of Mt. Zion (Haugh's) church will hold their annual "Contest," on Sunday evening, Nov. 13th., at 7.30 o'clock.

An interesting program consisting of music, recitation, pantomimes, and an address by one of the delegates to the World's Convention, is being prepared. All are cordially invited.

## The Purchase of Turnpikes.

Some progress toward state acquisition of turnpikes was made on Thursday when the Road Commission by a vote of 4 to 2 authorized the chairman to offer \$100,000 for the Frederick turnpike running from Baltimore to Boonsboro, Washington county. Those voting for the motion were Governor Crothers, Chairman Tucker, Commissioner Hutton and Dr. Remsen. The opposing votes were cast by Prof. William B. Clark and Commissioner Shoemaker, who have been fighting the turnpike proposition from the first.

Next the Commission discussed the Emmitsburg pike, the Boonsboro pike from Boonsboro to Hagerstown and the construction of the New Market and Monrovia road in Frederick county. A motion to buy the two pikes at \$1000 a mile and construct the Monrovia road was lost by a vote of 3 to 3, Dr. Remsen voting with Messrs. Clark and Shoemaker.

## Orphans' Court Proceedings.

MONDAY, October 31st., 1910.—Letters of guardianship granted unto the Westminster Deposit & Trust Company, as guardian of Grace Marie Hall, an infant. William G. Wetzel, administrator of Levi Wetzel, deceased, received order to deposit distributive share of Mamie Elgin in Union Bridge Banking & Trust Company.

Nellie C. Haines and George M. Clarke, executors of Charles J. Haines, deceased, returned additional inventory of money, report of sale of personal property and settled their first account.

TUESDAY, November 1st., 1910.—David P. Smelser, guardian of Jesse Kester Myers and Samuel C. Myers, wards, settled a first account as to Samuel C. Myers and a first and final account as to Jesse Kester Myers.

## Laughed for Twelve Hours.

Lawrenceburg, Ind., November 3.—Trading a mule for a "shaved tail" horse appealed to the humor of H. Schropp of this city, and he began laughing. He laughed 10 minutes, an hour, with the tears rolling down his cheeks, and still he didn't stop. His friends, becoming alarmed, summoned a physician, but the physician couldn't stop the hearty "ha ha." When six hours had passed and Schropp was still convulsed with laughter another physician was called and still the horse trader's merriment raged.

Schropp was proclaimed the champion laughter, but that did not stop him and an electric battery was brought into play. Just as the merry laugh had rounded out 12 hours the trader was given a heavy electric shock, the "ha ha" ceased and Schropp fell over exhausted. It was thought for a time that the man would die, but today he shows no ill effects from the long laugh.

The Evening Press, the new paper recently started in Frederick, will shortly suspend publication and its mailing list will be transferred to the Evening Post, soon to be started. The machinery will go to Cumberland, where Hon. Geo. L. Wellington will start a new paper.

## BIG INCREASE IN TAX BASIS.

### Taneytown District's Tax Basis Increased 50 Per-cent. by Reassessment.

The work of reassessment in Taneytown district, which has recently been totaled, shows an increase in the taxable basis of \$862,119.68. The old basis was \$1,715,013, while the new is \$2,577,232.68, of which sum, \$1,649,657 represents real estate, and \$927,575.68 personal property. This does not include mortgages, stock, which exemption is claimed, nor does it include the personal property of corporations, which is separately valued through the annual statements made to the State Tax Commissioner. The total is made up of property assessed in the hands of 880 persons.

This represents an increase of slightly more than 50%. Should this rate of increase hold throughout the county, it is a simple matter to figure on the increased receipts for state and county taxes. The county basis for the year ending June 30, 1910, was \$17,479,491, which at 60% on the \$100 produced a revenue of \$104,876.94. Assuming that the increase in the property basis throughout the county will be 50%, as in Taneytown district, or \$26,219,236, then the receipts for county purposes alone would be \$157,315.41, or an increase of \$52,438.47. This figuring, of course, does not include taxes received from mortgages, stocks of corporations, etc., amounting to over \$20,000, or any of the other receipts of the county.

Taking the state tax end of the question, the results are as follows: On the present basis (\$17,479,491) at 16% on each \$100, the state tax now amounts to \$27,967.18. Taking the new basis (50% higher) and the new tax rate for 1911 (22%) the revenue for state purposes will be \$57,682.31, or an increase in the county of \$29,715.13; and for the year 1912, the tax rate for which has been fixed at 23 1/2%, the amount for that year will be \$61,615.20, an increase for the year of \$33,648.02, or a total net increase in state taxes from Carroll county, for two years, of the big sum of \$63,363.15.

From this figuring, therefore, should the county rate (60%) remain as at present, and should the increase in basis throughout the county be 50 per cent., the taxpayers of this county would be called on to pay, in 1911, for state and county purposes taxes amounting in the aggregate to \$214,907.72, or an increase over the present amount of \$82,153.60; and for the year 1912 an aggregate of \$218,930.61, or an increase for the year of \$86,086.49. These figures are startling, because the state tax rates for 1911 and 1912 are already fixed by law, and because the county rate rests with the option of the county commissioners.

Assuming that the sum now received for county purposes at the 60% rate (\$104,876.94) on the old basis, is sufficient for all legitimate purposes, and assuming that the 50 per cent. increase in the basis will continue throughout the county—and we know of no good reason why it should not, if the Taneytown assessors did their work properly—then the county rate could be reduced to 40% on the \$100 and produce the same revenue exactly—\$104,876.94—which would leave the taxpayers only the increased state tax to pay, which is unavoidable at least for 1911, and also for 1912 unless the new legislature repeals the present law.

Taneytown district will be affected as follows, by the new basis, assuming that the state and county rates remain as at present:

1911, Increased county taxes, \$5172.71  
Increased state taxes, 1896.66  
Total, \$7069.37

1912, Increased county taxes, \$5172.71  
Increased state taxes, 2025.97  
Total, \$7198.68

In the entire county, the result will be as follows:

1911, Increased county taxes, \$52,438.47  
Increased state taxes, 29,715.13  
Total, \$82,153.60

1912, Increased county taxes, \$52,438.47  
Increased state taxes, 33,648.02  
Total, \$86,086.49

We give these facts and figures, at length, for the reason that they show possible results, and in order that the taxpayers may have some idea of what to expect for the future. In all probability, the county tax rate will be greatly reduced; in which event the amount of taxes paid will not be greatly higher than at present. The most important question for property owners in Taneytown district, is, whether the basis in other districts will show the 50 per cent. increase? If not, then they will have a right to know why, and have it made clear to them that they are not paying more than their just share of the burden of taxation.

The incumbent Board of Baltimore Police Commissioners, on Thursday, won the first point in their contest with Gov. Crothers, who is seeking their suspension and their displacement by a temporary board. Judge Harlan, of the Supreme Bench, handed down an opinion denying the mandamus sought by the Governor to compel the present Commissioners to surrender their offices, duties and records to the temporary commissioners. The next step will be an appeal to the Court of Appeals. This course had been decided upon, irrespective of the decision of the lower court. If the Governor had won, and if the Commissioners had lost, there would still have been an appeal.

Mayor Mahool, of Baltimore, is strongly urging a recount of the population of Baltimore, on the grounds that there were about 1000 dwellings in the city temporarily closed during the county, which would have added about 5000 to the population and placed Baltimore ahead of Cleveland.

## New Mail Rate on Magazines.

Washington, Oct. 31.—President Taft and Postmaster-General Hitchcock reached an agreement today on the recommendations the President will make to Congress regarding a change in the second-class postage rates as affecting magazines and other periodicals.

Mr. Taft will recommend that magazines be required to pay the present rate of 1 cent a pound on all reading matter and a much higher rate, to be determined later, on the advertising pages. Under the proposed arrangement each magazine must send a copy of its current issue to the Postoffice Department each week or month, as the case may be. There the publication will be inspected, the reading separately weighed and the amount of postage computed by the number of magazines sent out.

Newspapers will not be affected. The average haul of the newspapers is only 300 miles, while the average haul of the magazines is 1,100 miles.

Mr. Hitchcock told the President today that the plan of separating the reading and advertising matter in the magazines is entirely feasible and he believed it to be the proper solution of the problem. To the hauling of magazines in the mail the Presidents and the Postmaster-General attributing a large part of the deficit shown each year. The adoption of a new rate for the magazines, Mr. Hitchcock believes, will entirely wipe out the deficit.

President Taft is looking forward to a one-cent rate for letter postage and hopes to recommend it before he leaves the White House.

The President is determined to push his plan for placing second and third class postmasters under the civil service. He will make the recommendation to Congress in his forthcoming message.

## "The Public is Responsible."

During the consideration of the annual report of the Friends' Press Association at the Friends' Yearly Meeting, in Baltimore, it was suggested that the public is responsible for the character of the daily papers, as editors will publish what people demand. Also, that when any article appears in a paper which is objectionable, it is a duty to express disapproval in a letter to the editor, but it is equally a duty to express approval in the same way when occasion offers.

The same thought of individual responsibility was expressed in a reply received from one editor to the letter sent out by the association. This editor wrote:

"If you want good newspapers that mean an uplift to the community—newspapers of brain and refinement—you can get them by demanding them and by enforcing your demands. It is the same with your newspapers as with your government or with your schools. The standard of your newspapers reflects your indifference or your vigilance, as the case may be."

## The Express Drivers' Strike.

There is now on hand in New York city, a big strike of express wagon drivers, which may extend to union teamsters of all kinds, involving fully 100,000 men. Among other hardships connected with the strike is the fact that there are now over 100 car loads of perishable produce held up at the freight yards awaiting delivery, the holding of which has already produced a partial food famine, as well as great loss to shippers. The demand of the drivers is for a scale of wages running from \$65.00 to \$80.00 per month, together with an 11 hour day, and several minor claims. The object of the strike is to so paralyze business that the companies will be compelled to accede to their demands. Agitation is now in process of forming in all the large cities. In New York the union has made a formal protest to Mayor Gaynor against the use of city policemen on express wagons, as protection to non-union men willing to work at the old scale.

The latest report on the situation is that there is likely to be arbitration of the question of wages; in the meantime, the companies are running nearly half of their wagons with non-union men.

President Taft will get the election news "on the fly," as he will be traveling east from Cincinnati, on the afternoon and night of election day. This will be the first time such a situation has happened in the history of any President.

## DIED.

Obituaries, poetry and resolutions, charged for at the rate of five cents per line. The regular death notices published free.

ANGELL.—On Saturday, Oct. 22, 1910, in Tipton, Iowa, Mrs. Ephraim Angell, formerly of Taneytown district.

HAWN.—On Oct. 31, 1910, near Copperville, Mrs. Mary A. Hawn, wife of Samuel Hawn, aged 90 years, 6 months, 21 days. Funeral services were held on Wednesday morning, interment in the Lutheran cemetery.

HAHN.—On Nov. 1, 1910, Carrie Onida, little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Newton Hahn, of Taneytown district, aged 7 months and 3 days. Funeral services were held on Friday morning, in the Lutheran church.

## Church Notices.

The Holy Communion will be administered at Emanuel (Baptist) reformed church, Sunday at 10.30 a. m. Preparatory services and reception of members Saturday previous at 2.30 p. m. MARTIN SCHWETZER, Pastor.

The Brethren will begin a series of meetings at Edgewood meeting house, Nov. 6th. Christian Workers' Union, 7 o'clock. Preaching at 7.45, continued each evening during the week, conducted by Bro. C. W. Whitmore.

Communion services will be held in the Keyville church, on Sunday afternoon, at 2 o'clock. D. J. WOLF, Pastor.

By appointment of the Presbytery, Rev. Dr. James Fraser, of New Windsor, will preach in the Taneytown and Pine Creek Presbyterian churches, on Sunday; and Rev. Dr. Russell Downie, of Taneytown, will fill Dr. Fraser's appointments.



## THE CARROLL RECORD (NON-PARTISAN.)

Published every Saturday, at Taneytown, Md., by The Carroll Record Printing and Publishing Company.

P. B. ENGLAR, Editor and Manager.

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All subscriptions will be discontinued on their expiration, when requested to do so; and no credit subscription will be continued longer than one year after the time to which it has been paid. This provision is to be considered merely as an extension of credit, or a favor, to subscribers, and is not a fixed rule for all cases.

ADVERTISING rates will be given on application, after the character of the business has been definitely stated, together with information as to space, position, and length of contract. The publisher reserves the privilege of declining all offers for space.

All advertisements for 2nd, 3rd, 6th and 7th pages must be in our office by Tuesday morning, each week; otherwise, insertion cannot be guaranteed until the following week.

Entered at Taneytown Postoffice as Second Class Matter.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 4th., 1910.

All articles on this page are either original, or properly credited. This has always been a fixed rule of this office, and we suggest the adoption of it by our exchanges.

### CANDIDATES FOR CONGRESS.

Republican.  
WILLIAM B. BAKER.  
Prohibition.  
HARRY E. GILBERT.  
Socialist.  
CHARLES W. SMILEY.  
Democratic.  
J. FRED C. TALBOTT.

FOOTBALL, as a population decrier, has been badly eclipsed by automobiles and flying-machines, to such an extent that it appears to be losing its standing as an attraction.

THE ELECTION will be personally interesting to Messrs. Roosevelt, Wilson, Harman, and Gaynor, and in a scarcely less degree, though from a different standpoint, to a good many "insurgents" and "stand-patters."

WE WERE WRONG again about the assessors being at work in Middleburg district. They say it should have been Uniontown. On such an uncertain subject we will hereafter keep quiet, hoping that they are at work, somewhere.

DISFRANCHISING attempts, through indirect means seem to be dead, if the decision of Judge Morris stands, and hereafter juggling with trick ballots will likely be engaged in more generally than ever, especially in the "black" counties.

"UNPREJUDICED observers" and "conservative estimators" will be out of a job, after next Tuesday, while the fellows who know "how it happened" will have their innings. This is a great country for giving employment to all classes.

WANTED. A first-class sensation in high life, to occupy valuable space and wear big head lines in the daily press after the election is over. Nothing less than a murder, with feminine trimmings, will do; also, the murderer must have the cash.

CONSIDERABLE curiosity attaches to the vote, this year, in Hampstead and Manchester districts, in view of the big "slump" which manifested itself there last year. It remains to be seen whether the hatchet has been buried, or whether it is still sharp and at work, as our friend Mr. Bright, of the Hampstead Enterprise, appears to think it is.

### Two Parties Sufficient.

There is little real danger, in this country, in the result of our elections, when all the people vote, after an intelligent review of the merits of issues and candidates. A few demagogues and selfish leaders may obscure the truth, for a time, and during this time cause great loss to business and injury to the cause of good government; but, with general participation in the use of the ballot, the good sense and patriotism of the people can always be depended on to triumph finally, and this is the chief use of two strong opposing parties.

We think it would be a national misfortune, should there come a time when three, or perhaps, more, strong parties would muddle the situation. There can be only two kinds of desirable legislation—the best attainable by popular suffrage, and the next best—and two parties are ample to represent the two. Should politics split up into numerous creeds, divided by non-essentials, there would be a condition of chaos in public affairs entirely subversive of the unity of popular sentiment and majority rule—of genuine Nationalism.

That there is a tendency in this direction, at present, should be neither overlooked nor denied. It is the vital truth in the political situation, which stands for real danger. As long as we have a great body of electors honestly seeking for the "lesser evil" in government, yet lined up in two great political armies, there can be no widespread, nor long-standing, disaster, for no matter which wins there will be manifest a united popular national verdict rendered, pre-

serving all the essentials of political organization, backed by a party name which is responsible to the people.

We recognize the right of any body of voters, temporarily representing a new creedal alignment, to become "insurgent," but it ought to be an insurgency entirely within the party ranks, and not to the extent of avowed party disruption. The Democratic party has held closely to this radical, vital, truth. It has had internal strife, it has fought united and divided battles, it has had an assortment of slogans and issues, but notwithstanding frequent defeat and discouragement it has patriotically held together, bowing to majority sentiment within party, and has never seceded to the extent of ruining the usefulness and fighting strength of the party itself.

Whether the Republican party will show this same commendable vitality, remains to be seen. At present, it shows a decided disposition toward imperialism, or dictatorship—toward following a few leaders, rather than the majority of leaders—and this course, if persisted in, stands for a new party and the early disruption of both. The question will be decided within the next few years, if not earlier. When the majority of voters divide themselves under too many leaders, they defeat themselves. A few can do this without any great harm, as in the case of the national Prohibition party, and the Socialist party; but the same loss of participation in determining results, if carried much further, will result in the entire destruction of the "united we stand, divided we fall," truth, as representing majority rule nationally.

### The Political Horizon.

The result of the election, at this time, appears very much mixed. There is hardly a plain square fight between the two old parties, anywhere. In nearly every state, one or more of the following questions enter into the result—Tariff, Labor, High cost of living, Insurgency, Prohibition, Local Option, Corrupt rule, Factional fights, Conservation of natural resources, Railroad legislation, Trusts, Distrust of leadership, unpopular nominations, and questions because of their complexity hard to define in a few words; and added to all this, is an unexplainable lack of interest, in many sections, on the part of the people.

The mixed condition of affairs appears to be confined largely to the Republican party, but not wholly so by any means. The reason it is more apparent in the Republican party, is because it is in power in the Nation, and in most states. Political unrest is, in fact, pretty equally distributed without regard to party, but as the Republicans have the most to lose, they are naturally expected to lose most, and probably will.

The announced figures of both parties, very naturally, help but little to a clear prognosis of how Congress will stand, but Democratic claims appear to be urged with the greatest confidence; still, both headquarters are claiming a sure majority, the Republicans conceding a loss, but not less than a working majority.

The greatest interest centers in New York, New Jersey, Ohio and Indiana, because the result in these states may determine who the Presidential candidates will be two years hence. The New York contest, especially, has been made intensely interesting because of the participation of ex-President Roosevelt, without whose aid the Republicans would meet with sure defeat; indeed, the betting is in favor of Dix, Democrat, for Governor, and he seems likely to win in spite of the Roosevelt campaign.

The candidacy of Dr. Woodruff Wilson, Democrat, for Governor of New Jersey, which at first threw consternation into the Republican ranks, is now regarded more complacently, and he may be defeated.

In Ohio, Governor Harmon, Democrat, who is up for re-election, may win, though conditions are so mixed there that nobody knows with any certainty how things stand. Nebraska has a fight on hand, in which the liquor question is paramount, the Republicans standing for "dry" and the Democrats for "wet" sentiment. In Tennessee, the Republican candidate for Governor appears to have the best show, while in Indiana the fight is for the control of the legislature and the election of a Senator to succeed Beveridge, who is making a hard fight in his own behalf.

In the middle west, and west of the Mississippi, doubt is chiefly caused by the "insurgent" movement in the Republican party, and how the split will affect the election, and the same is largely true of the northwest. The Democrats are largely in the position of hoping to profit by the family quarrel.

There is also the feeling, on the part of many leading Republicans, that it will be best for the party to lose Congress, this year. That such a result is needed, at this time, to bring harmony back to the party, in order that it may win the Presidency in 1912, and for this reason many are pursuing a "stand off" policy as to the coming election.

There is also the strong sentiment that the high cost of living, and Republican disaffection over the tariff in the West, means nothing less than a Democratic landslide all over the country. That Congress will be largely Democratic, and that most states will go the same way for state officers. Even Pennsylvania, where a three cornered fight is in

progress, may elect Berry, the "Key-stone" candidate, according to the "clean sweep" program, but this is very unlikely.

Marland is also in the same category. Nobody knows anything positive about how it will go, but both parties extend strong claims and hopes, and hold but little comfortable confidence.

### Causes for Increased Cost of Living.

Several weeks ago, we published an editorial, giving as our opinion for the increase in the cost of food stuffs, the fact that the demand exceeds the supply—that consumers in the cities and large manufacturing towns have greatly increased in population, while the country districts, where food is produced, have not increased—that the great body of consumers has increased greatly out of proportion with the increase in the body of producers, and that the tariff has had nothing whatever to do with the matter. In addition to the above general statement, it may be worth while to carry the same argument further, and give additional facts along the same line.

Pure food laws of various kinds, and the official inspection of meats, milk, eggs and other food products, have unquestionably had a great deal to do with raising the cost of food to the consumer, for the very practical reason that vast quantities of food which have heretofore been sold and eaten, are now condemned and destroyed, which has had the inevitable effect of lowering the supply and increasing the cost of the remainder.

A few weeks ago, in New York city, several millions of cold storage eggs were condemned as unfit for food, and dumped in the bay. This sort of procedure is happening all over the country where food inspectors work. The seizure and emptying of milk is a very common occurrence nearly everywhere, while health officials are continually condemning dairies and butcher shops for being unsanitary, the tendency of which is to reduce production and increase cost.

Last week, in Philadelphia, over 2400 pounds of butter were confiscated by a pure food inspector, in two cold storage warehouses, both lots having been shipped east from Iowa as "fresh butter," whereas the stuff was stale and rancid. However, it would have been "renovated" and sold on the market. Most states have rigid laws against the handling of oleomargarine, and butter substitutes; and while actions and laws such as these are right, from the standpoint of healthful food, they undoubtedly make the pure food higher in price.

In the matter of prepared foods, and various items used in baking and cooking, the same system of inspection and condemnation has had the same effect, while laws regarding the shipping of eatables, and their exposure while on sale, have helped along in the same direction. The new law in Maryland, for instance, prohibiting the shipping of oysters in wooden vessels, and the direct use of ice in with the oysters, has unquestionably added to the shipping expense, which must be added to the cost of the oysters. The same increased cost influence is felt in the more careful sorting of fruit and potatoes, shipped from the country, as the plan keeps out of the markets much inferior stock that was once sold.

Take into consideration all these, and many more cases which might be mentioned, and add to them increased freight and other handling charges, and it is not difficult to place where it properly belongs a considerable percentage of the increased cost of living, without dragging in the tariff question. The fight against food adulterants alone, has had a wonderful influence toward higher prices, for the reason that the bogus article is always much cheaper than the genuine, and has helped, heretofore, to make up bulk in articles of consumption.

In the case of oleomargarine, legislation against it has been solely in the interest of farmers, as there is no charge of impurity or unhealthfulness connected with it. It is "pure food," even if not pure butter, and there is no danger in its use; therefore, in order to benefit the farmer, the blacklisting of oleo has had a great deal to do with advancing the price of butter.

There is still another cause for high prices of food—especially pork, bacon and lard—which is worth mentioning, and that is the wide extent of municipal legislation against keeping hogs in incorporated towns. Undoubtedly, the average hog pen in a town is a district nuisance and a menace to health; but, the wholesale banishment of these odoriferous pens has greatly diminished the raising of hogs, and created an increased home demand for pork exclusive of the city demand. These are all facts so commonly in evidence and so easily understood, that the political effort to blame the tariff for high prices should react on those who use and hope to profit by the argument. The trouble is, the people do not always use honesty and good common sense in discussing such matters.

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets do not sicken or gripe, and may be taken with perfect safety by the most delicate woman or the youngest child. The old, and feeble will also find them a most suitable remedy for aiding and strengthening their weakened digestion and for regulating the bowels. For sale by all dealers.

### The Oleomargarine Tax.

Just now, the high price of butter is being considered in connection with legislation on oleomargarine, the claim being made that the latter is solely in the interest of farmers, and high butter prices. The National Dairy Union offers the following defense of the tax on oleo:

"Why did the Congress of the United States enact the present oleomargarine law which provides for an internal revenue tax of ten cents per pound on artificially colored oleomargarine? Was it to permit the butter producers of the country to exact a high price for butter as has been claimed? To make such a claim is a pretty serious indictment of our federal law making body. Of course, butter is higher in price than it was ten years ago, but so are other necessities of life. The percentage of oleomargarine now being put upon the market bears a higher ratio to the amount of butter consumed than it did ten years ago. This, coupled with the fact that less than three per cent. of the oleomargarine sold is taxed at ten cents per pound, proves that the oleomargarine law has absolutely nothing to do with the price of butter.

"Congress enacted this law to prevent fraud in the sale of oleomargarine. The law never intended to prevent the honest sale of oleomargarine or to enhance the interests of the butter producers of the country, but rather to protect the one against fraud in the purchase of butter or oleomargarine and the other against fraudulent competition.

"Congress intended to compel the sale of oleomargarine in its natural color (which is white or nearly so) instead of in the natural color of butter (which is yellow.) Congress at the same time reduced the former tax of two cents per pound on oleomargarine to one-fourth of a cent per pound when the product is not artificially colored to look like butter.

"Congress used its taxing power to prevent fraud in the sale of oleomargarine because it had no other effective means of accomplishing that result. When oleomargarine is put upon the market in its natural color, thus making it impossible to commit fraud, the tax is one and three-fourths cents less per pound than under any previous oleomargarine law.

"The butter producers of the country are benefitted by oleomargarine legislation only in so far as the integrity of the dairy industry is sustained—a benefit which is shared by every other citizen. It is a most important branch of agriculture and it is quite as essential to prevent the destruction of an agricultural industry by fraud as it is to prevent the destruction of our banking industry or any of the other industries in which every good citizen is interested."

### Not Sorry for Blunder.

"If my friends hadn't blundered in thinking I was a doomed victim of consumption, I might not be alive now," writes D. T. Sanders, of Harrodsburg, Ky., "but for years they saw every attempt to cure a lung-racking cough fail. At last I tried Dr. King's New Discovery. The effect was wonderful. It soon stopped the cough and I am now in better health than I have had for years. This wonderful life-saver is an unrivaled remedy for coughs, colds, lagrippe, asthma, croup, hemorrhages, whooping cough or weak lungs. 50c, \$1.00. Trial bottle free. Guaranteed by R. S. McKinney, druggist, Taneytown, Md."

### Disfranchisement Knocked Out.

The decision of Judge Morris of the United States Circuit Court declaring invalid the Annapolis election law is exactly what was expected. We seriously doubt if more than a corporal's guard of persons in Maryland anticipated any other result of this effort to disfranchise the negro.

It was attempted in Annapolis to prevent the negro from voting by enacting a law which permitted everyone to vote who could do so or whose ancestor could do so in 1868—the grandfather's clause—and provided a property qualification for all others, namely, negroes. Judge Morris takes the Constitution of the United States, which says that no man shall be debarred from the right to vote upon account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude, and says that it is the law and that it means what it says. Now, there is not a man, woman or child who has arrived at the age of discretion in the State of Maryland who does not know that there is an effort being made to disfranchise the negro here because he is a negro. Judge Morris says the law says it can't be done.

No matter how much of an evil one may think negro suffrage, it has always seemed to The News that it was a foolish thing to try to get rid of it by flying directly in the face of the Constitution of the United States, the Federal courts, which are here to declare what it is, and the Federal Administration, which is here to enforce it. It is still possible to disfranchise ignorance, or vice, or poverty in Maryland. We can have an educational qualification or a property qualification whenever the people of the state declare for it. All that Judge Morris' decision means is that when we disfranchise ignorance we must not look at the color of skin; when we disfranchise vice, it must not be only vice in the black man, and, if we disfranchise poverty, the application must be to all poverty alike. This is the law, Judge Morris declares, as Congress meant it to be.

The decision is precisely what those who have fought against this method of trying to get rid of the negro voter anticipated if the case ever got into court. It is to be hoped, however, that an appeal will be taken to the Supreme Court of the United States, so that the highest authority in the land may pass upon this vexed question, settle it past all dispute and get it out of the way of other things more important to Maryland's progress and welfare.—Balt. News.

## HESSON'S DEPARTMENT STORE.

### 1910 Fall and Winter 1911

— Opening at —

## TANEYTOWN'S MOST PROGRESSIVE STORE

### This Store Stands for Quality---That's Our First Consideration.

There are a great many who, in looking for low prices, lose sight of quality, but we guard your interest here; quality is the one thing this Store stands for, and that is why it is a good safe shopping place.

### A New Department ADDED TO Our Mammoth Store

We have just installed a large assortment of Ladies' and Misses' Ready-made Suits, at prices that will suit your pocket-book.

### Dry Goods Department

See our beautiful line of Dress Goods, Silks and Waistings. Properly priced.

### Men's and Boys' Hats

This department has again been replenished with all the latest and nobbiest styles on the market.

### SHOES.

We are now showing a large assortment of Shoes, for Men, Woman and children, of all the latest styles.

### Sweater Coats.

We are showing the greatest assortment of Ladies', Misses', Men's and Boys' Sweaters that has ever been put on the Taneytown market. See them before buying elsewhere.

### Don't Forget---

We are headquarters on all kinds of Winter Underwear for Men, Women, and Children.

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EDW. E. REINDOLLAR, President.  
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Capital and Surplus, \$60,000.00.  
Four Per Cent. Paid on Time Deposits.

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Consult us about every large transaction you make. We will give you expert advice.  
Carry your entire checking account with us.  
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Instruct every member of your family to have a Savings Bank account with us.  
Keep your Valuable papers in our safe deposit Vaults.  
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You have not used our Bank for all it is worth until you do all these things.

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Is becoming almost as general as Fire Insurance. Why? Because losses are numerous, and unpreventable. Care, and personal efforts often prevent fires, but no human agency can prevent storms.

### VERY LOW COST

secures a Policy, at present; but the Companies are likely to advance rates, as they are too low to be profitable. We do not guarantee present rates to last throughout the summer; therefore, it will be wise to insure now.

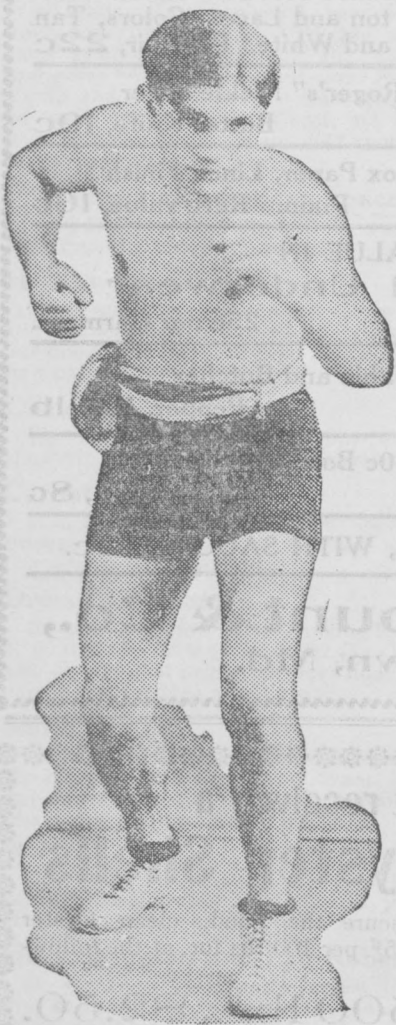
All Buildings must have good roofs and be in good repair, and insurance must be taken to AT LEAST HALF OF THEIR VALUE.

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## IN THE WORLD OF SPORT

Ad Wolgast, Pugilism's China Doll Ornament.



No limelight champion has ever been so unpopular with the fight fans as Ad Wolgast, the present holder of the title. Since he defeated Bat Nelson last February he has evaded all the cracks of his division and has taken on third raters instead. But the so-called easy marks have not proved the soft plucking that Adolph thought. In the two last contests he has engaged in Wolgast has broken his left arm twice in different places. This will surely make him timid and injure his hitting powers and perhaps force him to quit the ring. Critics have now dubbed him the prize ring's china doll.

### Trades Help Ball Tossers.

A change of scenery often works wonders with a ball player. A star who is practically no use to a certain club may with another team regain his old time form.

For instance, Jim Delahanty was more or less of a failure at Washington simply because the fans wouldn't give him credit for the good things he did, yet criticised strongly every failure to deliver. Detroit secured Delahanty when the team was badly in need of a good second sacker. The fans welcomed him with open arms and gave him all kinds of encouragement. The result was that Delahanty began to play his real game, and his work had a big bearing on Detroit's success in landing the bunting in 1909.

Earl Moore was of no use to Cleveland or New York in the American league, yet after a year in the minors he came back to life and is now regarded as one of the best twirlers with the Philadelphia Nationals.

Pitcher Suggs was of little use to the Tigers; in fact, he appealed so little to Jennings that he was turned back to the Southern league. Cincinnati picked up Suggs, and he has made good with a vengeance for the Reds, he being the winning pitcher of Clark Griffith's club.

### Schaefer to Go.

Washington baseball scribes say that "Germany" Herman Schaefer will be sold by the Nationals and that Minneapolis will be the most likely purchaser. McAleer has been in communication with the Minneapolis club owners, and if the Cantillon clan will take Schaefer's Washington contract and fulfill its requirements it will not be strange to see the former Brewer-Tiger and more recently National player cavorting around the Minneapolis infield next year. If he goes he will probably fill in at shortstop, the position being made vacant by the drafting of Altizer by Cincinnati.

### Value of Chicago's Franchise.

Asked what he would sell the Chicago Cubs for, President Charles Murphy, who controls the institution, declared the Cubs were not for sale, but were the club on the market nothing less than \$1,000,000 would be considered. This is just ten times the price that Murphy and Charles P. Taft of Cincinnati paid for the franchise in 1905.

### American League Umpires.

One of the reasons why there is so little kicking against the umpires in the American league is that the club owners believe in sustaining President Johnson in his policy for clean ball. It is reported to be a fact that not a single American league club owner has filed a protest against the work of any of Johnson's umpires this year.

### McAleer to Lead Washington.

Manager Jimmy McAleer has signed a three year contract with the Washington club at \$10,000 per annum. If Joe Cantillon was worth that sum McAleer is surely entitled on his 1910 performance to as much or more.

## A CHINESE TITBIT.

Eggs That Have Been Preserved For a Century or More.

When Li Hung Chang made his tour of the world his commissariat carried with it a supply of Chinese preserved eggs for the venerable ambassador's special use. Some of these eggs were exhibited in New York while he was staying here, and a few experts had the temerity to sample them. "They were not so bad after all," was the verdict of one American connoisseur, "although by their looks you would think they would come under the ban of the pure food law."

The eggs were incased in clay and when unpacked looked like pieces of pumice stone. They are preserved in this way by the Chinese for a century or more, and Li Hung Chang admitted that the hen which laid the eggs for his morning meal might have been decapitated anywhere from a quarter to half a century before he was born. The process of keeping is very primitive, but as effective as it is simple. The eggs are first boiled hard, and then while they are hot they are wrapped in soft clay and packed away.

In this condition the Chinese claim they will keep forever and not lose their flavor or wholesomeness. Indeed, they consider that age improves the flavor. Li Hung Chang's commissariat brought the eggs for his personal use in bags packed in rice husks, but as the clay was hard there was not much danger of breaking them. When opened the "white" was found to be almost black and the yolks green. The flavor, however, was preserved. The Chinese chop these preserved boiled eggs and decorate most of their viands with them. They also enter largely into all their sauces.

Duck eggs are also preserved by the Chinese in a somewhat similar fashion. There is a considerable trade in duck eggs of the Peking and Muscovy breeds, and many Chinese in this country import them from China in the preserved condition. The duck eggs are boiled and preserved in a paste of charcoal instead of clay.—Harper's Weekly.

## SEARCHLIGHTS.

A Special Pattern Must Be Used on the Suez Canal.

Every war vessel carries from one to twenty searchlights, and every vessel of any description whatever passing through the Suez canal has to carry one of a special pattern.

A searchlight consists essentially of an arc lamp of special form, a parabolic mirror and a case to hold the lot, the case being mounted so as to be capable of movement in two directions—viz, vertically and horizontally. The hood, as this case is called, is made of sheet steel about 3.32 inch thick. The turntable, trunnions, etc., are cast in gun metal. The arms which support the hood are of cast steel. The lamp box is formed as part of the hood. The mirror is carried on springs in the back cover, and at the front of the hood is a "front glass" mounted in a gun metal ring, and the dispersion lens when carried is hinged on in front of this. Training is carried out by means of a worm and worm wheel or by a rack and pinion. Slewing is effected by means of a pinion which gears into a crown wheel on the underside of the turntable, or else it is done directly by hand.

The Suez canal regulations require that the projector shall be capable of giving the light required under two different conditions—in the first case a broad, flat beam of light illuminating both banks and the canal uninterruptedly, this being used when no other ship is approaching; in the other case they require a beam having the same angle of divergence and consequently the same width as the first, but divided into two portions, with a dark interval between, thus giving light at both sides, but not directly in front, and so not interfering with the navigation of the approaching vessel.—J. M. Heslop in Cassier's Magazine.

### A Fortune in Snuffboxes.

Count Nesselrode, the Russian statesman of the last century, was a famous collector of snuffboxes. He collected them as a diplomatist, receiving one or two for each treaty he signed, and when he had got \$100,000 worth of them turned them into cash and became a capitalist. His capital he invested so judiciously that his descendants are multimillionaires. The moral of Count Nesselrode's experience is that a snuffbox is not to be sneezed at.

### Teaching the Teacher.

A village parish clerk who employed a grammarian to teach his daughter heard him with much surprise define the use of the articles "a," "an" and "the."

"You cannot place 'a,' the singular article, before plural nouns. No one can say, 'A houses, a horses, a'— 'Hold there!' said the parish clerk. 'I must contradict you in that. Don't I at church every Sunday say 'Amen'?"—London Mail.

### To the Stranger Within Your Gates.

In New England—What do you know?

In New York—How much you got? In the South—Who are you? In the West—What can you do?—Life.

### Candid.

"What do you mean by 'being candid,' pa?" "Speaking unto others as you would not like them to speak to you."—Puck.

## Look at the Advantage of Getting Free Goods With Every Purchase at this Store.

In this way of dealing you can always expect something special from your merchant. He always has something to give you free of your money. A number of good things going out every day that does not cost the consumer one cent.

## OUR CALENDAR PROPOSITION IS NOW READY

That Large Beautiful Calendar free with your purchase. The Calendar alone is worth 10% of the amount of purchase required to get it.

We have every line filled up and ready for Holiday Inspection.

## Notice the Fur Sets

They are great values. We cannot enumerate the different lines—but we are General in all Lines, and strictly fair to the purchaser.

Our specialties are good, and going out with every customer.

We thank you in advance for your valued trade.

**D. M. MEHRING,**  
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## THE Taneytown Savings Bank

DOES A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

Has been in continuous existence for twenty-three years; and has declared forty-six Semi annual Dividends.

## 4 Per-cent. Paid on Time Deposits.

Extends such Accommodations as are consistent with Safe and Conservative Banking. We Invite Your Account.

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## FREE!

With every 50c Package of Federal Stock Food we give you a 50c Buggy Whip. With every 25-lb Pail, you get a Paid-up Accident Insurance Policy for \$1000.00.

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Poultry. Eggs. Butter.  
Calves. Pigeons. Wool.  
SHIP TO  
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COMMISSION MERCHANT,  
BALTIMORE, MD.  
We Make a Specialty of Wool.  
Write for Tags and Quotations.

## STANDARD OF PERFECTION CHALLENGE FLOUR

The Best Winter Wheat Flour made in America.

It has commanded the attention of thousands of housekeepers and bakers who proclaim it to be a Flour of Perfection.

Why experiment? The best is cheapest and you are entitled to the best obtainable in Flour, for it is the cheapest of all foods.

Ask for CHALLENGE FLOUR, bake it and realize what real good bread is like.

MANUFACTURED BY—  
**The Mountain City Mills,**  
FOR SALE BY **Frederick, Md.**  
**Taneytown Grain & Supply Co.**

### Canned Pears.

Pare, halve and core the pears and slice in thin slices if liked. Weigh or measure, place in preserving kettle and cover with sugar in the proportion of one pound of sugar to four pounds of pears, or, if you measure them, one measure of sugar to four measures of pears. Let stand overnight and in the morning cook them in their own juice (without adding any water) until tender enough to easily pierce with a straw. Lift out fruit, place in heated glass jar and fill to overflowing with the boiling sirup and seal.

### To Clean Gray Voile.

If carefully done gray voile should wash perfectly. Make a suds of pure white soap and warm water. Lay in the dress and allow it to soak for ten or fifteen minutes. Then move it up

and down in the water, and rub 'any very soiled places. Add more hot water if you think it necessary before beginning to wash the dress. Wring and rinse in clear warm water, hanging up to dry. While still damp press on the wrong side.

### Cider Pudding.

One cup of cider, one cup of butter, one cupful of molasses, two teaspoonfuls of saleratus, citron and fruit to taste, two and one-half cupfuls of flour. Steam three hours. Sauce—Three-quarters of a cupful of butter, beaten to a cream, with two cupfuls of powdered sugar. Stir in one tablespoonful of cornstarch, wet in one-half of a cupful of cold water. Cook until thick, then add one-half of a cupful of cider.

## HUMOROUS QUIPS

### Col No. 4-11-44.

A fool there was, and he made his prayer (Even as you and I)  
To a rag and several hanks of hair (Goodness knows what she wouldn't wear),  
But the fool he called her his lady fair (Even as you and I).

Oh, the jeers we waste, and the tears we waste  
And the evil things we've said  
Are lost on the woman who does not know (And, like as not, will never know)  
What to wear upon her head.

The fool was frequently horrified (Even as you and I).  
A hank of hair with a head inside (She called a van when she had it dyed)  
Was all that he had for his bonnie bride (Even as you and I).

But it isn't the hanks or the woman's pranks  
Would win him his decree  
If he had the hardihood to sue. The point is that she never knew (As a matter of fact, they never do)  
Whose hair it used to be.  
—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

### Overheard.

"And while I was down there in the slums I saw a woman feeding candy to a baby that looked as if it were painted."

"The cutest little boy was climbing a tree with overalls on."

"I told John we ought to have oysters for company on the half shell."

"He gave her the coffee while she was waiting at the counter in a tin can."

"A big fat man rode by on a skittish horse with a red nose that was scared of the trolley cars."

"I just love to see the soldiers with their guns in khaki suits, don't you?"

"I don't know his name, but he was the lawyer who sat next to the lady in black with long side whiskers and a white necktie."

"He is the man that sells lace with such big red hands and a lip."—Life.

### Not For Him.

"No," said the theatrical manager who had gone to look at a fine place on the seashore. "I wouldn't take it at any price. It's beautiful, I admit, all you represented it to be, but I never could be happy here."

"Why not?" asked the real estate agent. "You'll never have a chance to get another such bargain. Look at the splendid beach! Breathe in the pure air. Everything is perfect."

"From your standpoint, yes. But that lighthouse just across the bay would interfere with my enjoyment. I never could look at it without sadly remembering other light houses."—Chicago Record-Herald.

### The Rude Barber.

A farmer from Minnesota entered a barber shop at Butte for the purpose of getting his hair cut. The rural one's locks had an odd, ragged look, and, after regarding them scornfully for a moment, the barber demanded brusquely:

"Say, who cut your hair the last time?"

"My wife," said the farmer, with an uneasy smile.

"She did, eh?" said the barber.

"What did she do it with—a knife and fork?"—Lippincott's.

### The Patient Listener.

"They ought to put somebody in charge of this road who knows how to run it," exclaimed the indignant commuter.

"That's what I think," replied the conductor, with a sigh. "I have been listening to advice on how to run this road for years, but the company doesn't take any notice of my superior information."—Washington Star.

### Language.

"I don't believe any two words in the English language are synonymous."

"Oh, I don't know. What's the matter with 'raise' and 'lift'?"

"There's a big difference. I 'raise' chickens and have a neighbor who has been known to 'lift' them."—Philadelphia Ledger.

### Human Inconsistency.

"Two men were in court today, each making a directly opposite charge against his wife."

"What were they?"

"One wanted a divorce because his wife was so cold to him and the other because his wife made it too hot for him."—Baltimore American.

### Usual Tenants.

Landlord (of Palace hotel, Yaphank)—There ain't a vacant store to be had in this here hull town, b' gosh!

Stranger—Great Scott! And are they all doing business?

Landlord (puzzled)—All what?

Stranger—All the moving picture shows, of course.—Puck.

### Proof.

"Man is a selfish brute," said the suffragette.

"Why so?" demanded one of her hearers.

"Well," replied the orator, "doesn't he always grab the cream on top of the milk bottle for himself?"—Detroit Free Press.

### About All.

"Can a man do any good at college at fifty?"

"Well, he's too old for football, of course. He might possibly get on the mandolin club."—Pittsburg Post.

### Perhaps.

"All the world loves a lover."

"So I've heard."

"But why?"

"Because everybody enjoys a joke."—Cleveland Leader.

### The Salon.

The French academy was originally a junction of the drawing rooms of the Marquise de Rambouillet and her daughter, Julie d'Angennes, Duchesse de Montausier. The salon as a meeting place for conversation and the production of beaux esprits and writers hardly existed before these ladies opened that of the Hotel de Rambouillet. Prior to this social event women of tiptop quality and rich bourgeois received their company in their bedrooms. There was nothing answering to the English parlor or the Italian hall of conversation. The bed, as in the sleeping room of Louis XIV., was surrounded by a balustrade, outside of which gentlemen who had dropped in to visit remained standing. It would have been shockingly unmannerly of them to step over the barrier. The lady of the house, dressed in her best dishabille, sat on the edge of the bed. Ladies calling went within the balustrade and sat on folding stools, or hassocks, according to rank and age. Mme. de Lafayette painted from life in describing in "La Princesse de Cleves" a conversation on love, in which the dauphiness took the lead, reclining on her bed.—London Truth.

### Guilty Anyway.

The most striking instance of a vanished man coming again to light to take part in legal proceedings is that which occurred in a case where Daniel O'Connell was defending a man indicted for murder. The case for the prosecution seemed as clear as possible, and O'Connell contented himself with fewer questions than were to have been expected of so eminent a cross examiner. When the case for the crown had closed he announced that he had but one witness to call, but that witness was important to the case. He was the murdered man, very much alive. There was no doubting the man's identity—everybody knew it. The judge therefore turned to the jury and directed them to acquit the prisoner. To his amazement, however, they returned a verdict of guilty. Asked for an explanation, the foreman observed that they had no doubt that the prisoner was innocent of the murder. "But," he added, "we find him guilty of sneaking my old gray mare three weeks ago."

### Who He Was.

The "cub" reporter is the greenest reporter on the staff of a newspaper. When anything particularly stupid happens on the paper he is the one first to be accused, and he is usually rightly accused. The only salvation for him is to improve, which he does in nine cases out of a dozen. The Boston Journal told recently of an amusing "break" of a wholly innocent nature which a certain cub made.

The reporter had been sent to a suburb to report a sermon. He arrived late, near the close of the service and took a seat near the door. When the last hymn was over he asked his neighbor, an elderly gentleman:

"What was the text of the sermon?"

"Who art thou?" answered the parishioner.

"Boston reporter," replied the other. The man smiled. Subsequently he told the preacher, who next Sunday told the congregation—at the cub's expense.

### Jewelry Store Romances.

A wedding ring whose scratched and dulled surface bespoke years of hard service at washtub and dishpan lay on the jeweler's work table.

"Why has it been laid up for repairs?" a visitor asked. "Has marriage proved a failure?"

"On the contrary, it has turned out a great success, and the ring has been brought back to bear witness," said the jeweler. "See this new inscription, 'Ten years of fidelity and love.' That sounds pretty good, doesn't it? No failure there. Five or ten years from now, if they are both alive, somebody will probably add another postscript, and so on at regular intervals to the end of the chapter. Jewelers meet more of these little romances than the unsentimental person would dream of."—New York Sun.

### No Right to Live.

Beggar—Won't you give me some money, professor? My money is all gone, and I can't live.

Professor—How old are you?

Beggar—Forty years, sir.

Professor—Forty years! Don't you know that according to the latest mortality tables the average age of the male population of Europe reaches only thirty-four years and five months? Statistically you have no right to live any longer anyway!—Meggendorfer Blatter.

### Two Faults.

"You hunt too much," said Louis XV. to the archbishop of Narbonne.

"How can you prohibit your curates from hunting if you pass your life in setting them such an example?"

"Sire," said Dillon, "for my curates the chase is a fault; for myself it is the fault of my ancestors."

### Politeness.

Politeness is a sort of guard which covers the rough edges of our character and prevents them from wounding others. We should never throw it off even in our conflicts with coarse people.

### Capacity Diminishing.

Mrs. Guzzler—Aren't you ashamed to come home in this condition? Mr. Guzzler—Mortified to death, my dear. I find my capacity isn't what it used to be.—Philadelphia Record.

Mirth is too often but melancholy in disguise.—Leigh Hunt.



FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1910.

## SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

Latest Items of Local News Furnished by Our Regular Staff of Writers.

All communications for this department must be signed by the author; not for publication, but as an evidence that the items contributed are legitimate and correct. Items based on mere rumor, or such as are likely to give offense, are not wanted.

The RECORD office is connected with the C. & P. and United Telephone, from 7 a. m. to 5 p. m. Use telephone, at our expense, for important items on Friday morning. We prefer regular letters to be mailed on Thursday evening, but in no case later than Thursday evening.

## Uniontown.

Mrs. Rebecca Myers is visiting in Washington, D. C., and London Co., Va.

Mrs. Catherine Cookson, who has been caring for Mrs. Missouri Rounton in her illness, left for her home in Westminster, on Monday.

Mrs. Lydia Brubaker is now confined to her bed, being in rather a helpless condition.

Miss Mollie Williams, who has been ill quite a while, continues in rather a very weak state.

Rodger, son of George Stultz, is having an attack of typhoid fever.

Thanksgiving service this year will be held at the Bethel, 10 a. m. Sermon by Rev. G. J. Hill.

The Missionary Society of the Lutheran church, will hold their regular Thanksgiving meeting at the parsonage, Saturday, Nov. 5, at 2 p. m.

Those interested in the donation for the Deaconess Home, will please send their offering in as soon as possible, so as goods can be shipped before freezing weather.

Howard Devilbiss and family, of Wakefield, spent Sunday with his uncle, Wm. Bane.

Miss Nellie Weaver is visiting her father for a time.

Mrs. Jennie Powers and Miss Leah Scott, of Baltimore, were at Jesse Bilymer's, over Sunday.

Miss Minna Sittig, and Mrs. L. Frank Eckard and daughter, Hilda, are visiting in the city.

Miss Myrtle Morris, of Baltimore, was at Harry Weaver's for a few days.

The ladies of the Methodist church, expect to serve dinner and supper on election day, and supper on Wednesday evening, in Ezra Caylor's store room.

Mrs. Elizabeth Davis spent a week with Frank Smith and family, near Lish.

The Missionary Committee of Baun's Christian Endeavor Society, will hold special Thank-offering services at the church, Sunday, Nov. 13, at 7.30 p. m.

Rev. G. J. Hill will have regular service Sunday morning, but not in the evening on account of revival efforts at the Bethel.

## Detour.

F. J. Shorb, who met with an accident several weeks ago, is slowly improving.

The boys celebrated hallowe'en, this week.

Mrs. Guy E. Warren spent last week visiting relatives, in Baltimore.

Miss Elizabeth Saylor, of Waynesboro, has been spending several weeks visiting Miss Mary Weybright and Mrs. C. H. Diller.

Mrs. G. S. J. Fox visited her sister, Mrs. Dorsey, at Motters, last week.

Rev. T. J. Kolb was in Hagerstown and Mapleville, last week, on business.

Mrs. W. C. Miller, and children are visiting Mrs. M. L. Fogle, in Baltimore, this week.

Edward Essick purchased a new Lehr piano, from J. M. Birely, of Frederick.

Mr. Schildts, of Thurmont, Mr. and Mrs. John Lawrence, of near town, visited at Wm. Shild's, on Sunday last.

Mrs. Elizabeth Moser spent Monday, with her daughter, Mrs. Robert Troxell, near Stony Branch.

Rev. Samuel Utz, of New Market, filled the pulpit at Church of Brethren, on Sunday last.

Mrs. Samuel Weybright visited her sister, Mrs. Margaret Murray, at New Windsor, Saturday last.

E. O. Weant, accompanied by three gentlemen, of Westminster, were in town, Wednesday.

Lewis Birely, of Ladiesburg, spent Sunday last, at P. D. Koons's.

J. W. Coolidge, of Baltimore, spent Sunday last, at Harry B. Fogle's.

## Copperville.

Mrs. Mary Ann Hawn, wife of Samuel Hawn, died on Monday morning of this week, after a lingering illness of a complication of diseases, she was driven to the use of crutches by a fall which dislocated her hip, and from which she never recovered and has been sitting in her chair for several months, but never was heard to complain of being tired.

She is survived by her husband, who was paralyzed over a year ago, and is also sitting in his chair, under the entire care of his grandson, Thomas Hess, who was raised by his grand-parents, Mrs. Hawn was the mother of one child, Mrs. Richard Hess, who preceded her to the promised land. She was a sister of William and David Fogle and Miss Annie Fogle, who has also been a victim of affliction for a number of years. It is my desire to make special mention of the attention of the grand-son toward the needs and requirements of his aged, grand-parents, and can sympathize with him in the loss of a grand mother.

The funeral took place on Wednesday morning at the home, conducted by her pastor, Rev. Wm. E. Wheeler. Burial in the Lutheran cemetery.

## Clear Ridge.

Mrs. Rachel Caylor past her seventy-eighth birthday, Oct. 24, and was remembered by her relatives and friends with eighty-seven post cards. She extends her thanks to you for them.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward H. Beard spent last Sunday, in New Windsor.

Miss Martha Ploutz spent two weeks in Washington visiting her sister, Mrs. Robert Garber, and is now visiting her sister, Mrs. John Drach, near Sam's Creek.

Master John P. W. Beard spent last Saturday and Sunday in Westminster.

Mrs. Rachel Caylor is visiting in New Windsor.

## Union Bridge.

Mrs. Eliza Gilbert, whose sickness was spoken of last week, appears to be losing strength. Age is against her, she being nearly 81 years old.

Hamilton Lindsay, formerly register of wills for Frederick county, spent the past two weeks visiting in Baltimore. He returned to his home in Union Bridge, on Saturday.

Hallowe'en this year was less demonstrative in town than usual. Some corn was wasted on the pavements, and one lady had sufficient corn fodder placed on her front porch to feed her neighbors horse several days. A few door-steps were removed. It was probably fine sport for the performers, but the best of joke is on them—they dare not tell who did the deed.

S. Raymond Senseney has had a foundation dug for another building on the property lately purchased by him of Miss Fanny Repp. Its dimensions are 50x25 ft. and will front on Broadway.

On Monday morning, Miss Eliza Rakestraw received a telegram that her father, James Rakestraw, who lives with his sisters, at Alliance, Ohio, was seriously ill and requesting her to come immediately. She left on the 1 p. m. train. A postal received from her Wednesday said that he appeared to be better and hopes were entertained that he might recover.

The weather bureau informed Union Bridge that it might expect a clear day on Thursday. The sun has not been seen and the clouds have been trying to weep all day.

A family moved to the country from Mr. Puttenger's house, on Farquhar street, on Monday, and another family from the country promptly occupied it on Wednesday.

## New Windsor.

Mrs. Harry Haines entertained, the W. H. & F. Missionary society of the Presbyterian church, at her home, on Wednesday.

Arkansas Fink, wife and daughter, of Trevanion, spent Sunday evening last at M. D. Reid's.

A few persons from here, went to Halethorpe to attend the Aviation.

Mrs. Dr. Fraser entertained, the students of the College at a Hallowe'en party, on Monday evening last.

William Wilson and family, of Westminster, who were visiting his mother for a few days, returned home, on Sunday.

Mrs. Rebecca Strimmel died, at the home of her son, William, on Tuesday. Funeral services on Thursday morning.

The town authorities are putting down a few more concrete crossings, which are certainly needed.

William Lovell has accepted the clerkship to the Board of Reviews, at Westminster.

## Harney.

A. J. Lambert has opened up a new cigar factory in this place, and expects to be able to run a goodly number of hands in the near future. We hope that he may be successful, because we have a number of cigar makers here, who are anxious for work. Mr. Lambert is a hustler and means to put the push behind his business.

One morning last week, a lead pencil was found at S. C. Shoemaker's wood pile. Mrs. Shoemaker says if the party who was stealing wood and lost the pencil will call for it, he can get it.

Prof. Sampson visited our school this week, and complimented our teachers on their nice clean room.

Charles Eyer is having a well drilled at his farm; some say that Charley will not know how to perform if he gets plenty of water, because he has been hauling for so long.

S. S. Shoemaker has purchased Geo. M. Ott's property which joins his place. We are told that he intends to take the buildings away and farm the land.

Emanuel Yealy, of Baltimore, is visiting friends, in this place and community.

The carpenters have commenced to finish up the inside of Snider's new store room.

## Linwood.

Rev. Marcus Witter, of the Brethern church, is holding a series of meetings. The attendance has been good and each night the sermon is the "best."

Mrs. Jesse Smith is in Baltimore attending the Friends' yearly meeting.

Mrs. Charles Boteler, of Clarksburg, W. Va., and Mrs. Isaac Perry, Dwight, Ill., are guests at Linwood Shade.

Mrs. James Etzler has returned from a visit to Baltimore.

Harry Butler is home from the hospital and is improving fast.

Ezra Garner and daughter, entertained Mrs. Forney, of Harrisburg, Pa., and Mrs. Wm. Messier and daughter, on Wednesday, also Rev. Murray, of Uniontown.

Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Shriner, of Boston, guests of Mrs. E. L. Shriner, went to Baltimore, on last Friday, accompanied by Ray Englar, Mrs. S. B. Rinehart and Lotta Englar.

Verly Koontz is spending a few days with home folks.

Mrs. E. L. Shriner and Mrs. Clara E. Englar, are attending Rev. Dove's meetings, in New Windsor.

## Frizellburg.

Hallowe'en did not pass by unnoticed. It was moderately observed by both the little and the big boys. They were full of petty tricks but none were harmful. In several instances guns were fired and missiles were thrown to frighten off the intruders.

Keep in mind the temperance lecture to be given in the Chapel, this Sunday night, by Harry O. Harner, of Taneytown.

The papers tell us that the election will be held next Tuesday, otherwise we would not know it. Judging from the lack of interest this Fall, there will be very little shooting.

Rev. S. B. Stevens, of the Woodsboro charge, will preach in the Church of God here, Sunday afternoon, at 2.30 o'clock. He is an able speaker and a full house is expected. Mr. Sherman Murray, of Washington, D. C., will be present with his coronet and assist in the music. All are cordially invited. Sunday school at 1.30 p. m.

A few of our citizens attended the aero meet in Baltimore, this week.

"Economy is Wealth." Clean your old clothes with Lum Tam Clothes Cleaner. Leaves no smell. 15c a bottle.—Get at McKELLIP'S.

10-23-3mo

## Middleburg.

David Mackley attended the sale of goods of his sister-in-law, Mrs. Margaret Mackley, of Westminster, last Thursday.

Miss Lucy Mackley, who spent several weeks with her parents, in Frederick, returned home Saturday evening.

Miss Bessie Myers spent several days in Baltimore, last week.

Mr. Jacob Mackley, of Frederick, and Miss Blanche Williams, were quietly married in that city, last Wednesday evening. They left immediately for Washington and Baltimore, and on Saturday they stopped off here to visit Mr. Mackley's brother and sister. We wish the happy couple a long and happy life.

The many friends of Miss Carrie Dukehart will be surprised to learn of her marriage to Mr. Orlis Hyde, of New Windsor, last Sunday at 12 noon, in Baltimore. They left immediately for a trip to Harrisburg, Pittsburg; Dayton, Ohio, and Norfolk, Va.

On their return they will reside near New Windsor. Mr. and Mrs. Charles Appier, of Baltimore, and Mrs. Arthur Benchoff, and Miss F. Benchoff, of Highfield, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Delphy, last Sunday.

Miss Clara M. Mackley spent several days last week with her brother, Charles, of Westminster.

Miss Carrie Clifton, of Baltimore, spent last Monday with her mother.

Evangelistic services will begin in the M. E. Church, this Sabbath evening, Nov. 6th.

## Bridgeport.

The home of Wm. T. Smith was the scene of a happy gathering, on Tuesday evening, November 1st., when a number of his friends and neighbors met and completely took him and the family by surprise. So complete was the surprise that when the party arrived Mr. Smith was quietly visiting one of his neighbors.

After the surprise had somewhat subsided, all joined in having a good time in games, etc. At a reasonable hour all partook of refreshments abundantly served, after which all departed fully thankful for the generous and welcome sport manifested. The following partook of the festivities: Wm. T. Smith and wife, Ernest Smith and wife, Clarence Hawk and wife, W. Wine-miller and wife, R. H. Alexander and wife, Harvey Ohler and wife, Wm. Hawk and wife, Russel Eckert and wife, Ernest Shriver and wife, Mrs. Scott Smith, Mr. Pohle, Mr. E. F. Smith; Misses Edith and Mabel Pohle, Ruth and Naomi Harbaugh, Coral Diller, Luella Smith, Marian Smith, Edith Weishaar, Jennie Weishaar, Mary Hawk, Pauline Baker, Julia and Rose Smith, Zona and Lillian Smith, Margie Shriver; Messrs. Preston Smith, Walter Hilter-brick, John Troxell, Charles Fuss, Walter Smith, James Baker, Frank Alexander, Wm. Ohler, Raymond and Merle Ohler, Norval and Merle Eckert, Norman Shriver and Maurice Baker.

On Monday morning, while Mr. David Staley was hauling fodder at Edward McLaughlin's, he had the misfortune of falling off the wagon and dislocated his shoulder.

Mrs. T. L. Shoemaker and children, of Lemoyne, Pa., are visiting her father, E. F. Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. T. Smith visited their daughter, Mrs. Clarence Hawk, on Sunday.

Mrs. Mary E. Correll, who has been sick for some time, is somewhat improved.

For pains in the side or chest dampen a piece of flannel with Chamberlain's Liniment and bind it on over the seat of pain. There is nothing better. For sale by all dealers.

## Blue Ridge College.

The Hallowe'en anniversary was celebrated at B. R. C. in the true Scottish style. Every body becoming enthusiastic and very much interested in the outcome of the various stunts that the Master of Ceremonies pulled off at the expense of the students and teachers, when they were called upon to entertain the crowd.

As usual refreshments in great abundance were served at the close of the ceremonies.

Prof. Rowland visited at the home of Miss Lillie Baumgardner, on Saturday and Sunday. He also attended the funeral of his aunt, at Clay Lick, Pa., on Monday.

The Cement Co., has given the B. R. C. Athletic Association the privilege of using their skating rink for playing indoor basketball.

Miss Stein, of our Musical Department, and Miss Eugenia Earpe, of Annapolis, gave a recital last Friday evening at Walkersville for the benefit of the Ladies Guild, of the Reformed church.

Two of our former students, Mr. W. S. Whitmore, representing the Hagerstown Lounge Co., and Mr. J. S. Foltz, head book keeper for the Miller Furniture Co., were recent visitors at the college.

Quite a number of house cats are wanted at college laboratory for dissecting purposes; if you have any to spare bring them in.

Last Tuesday night Mrs. Hannabal A. Williams gave a delightful recital of "Romeo and Juliet." Her presentation gave evidence of rare intellectual gifts. She rendered scene after scene of this greatest of Shakespeare's love tragedies in a most pleasing manner, which held her audience spellbound for over two hours. Her interpretation of the balcony scene was simply marvelous. She portrayed Romeo as the ideal lover and Juliet as the dainty, charming maiden, whose graces and beauty embody all that is true and womanly.

Mrs. Williams' husband will read the great historical drama King Henry IV, on Tuesday evening, Nov. 8, at eight p. m.

## Woodsboro.

Mr. Clarence Eckert and family, of near Liberty, spent Sunday with Charles Miller and family.

Miss Edith Cramer spent sometime with friends, at Walkersville.

Miss Anna Jackson, of Frederick, visited her sister, Mrs. D. P. Zimmerman, over Sunday.

Mr. Hunter Arnold, of Washington, D. C., spent Sunday with friends, here. Mr. and Mrs. Maynard Dredner and Mr. and Mrs. Harry Kling, of Walkersville, visited J. D. Kling and family.

Mrs. W. B. Stambaugh spent a short time in Taneytown, last week.

Mrs. Sue Cramer, of Walkersville, visited her sister, Mrs. Calvin Smith.

Mrs. Victoria Cramer visited friends in Frederick, Thursday.

## Kump.

Mrs. John Hilterbrick and Mrs. Emanuel Koons spent Sunday last visiting friends in Littlestown.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Graham spent last Saturday and Sunday, in Union Bridge.

Miss Myrtle Koons who has been staying with her aunt, Mollie Williams, spent this week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John A. Koons, of Mt. Union.

Misses Lottie and Emma Currens, of Westminster, visited their sisters, Mary, Ellen and Mrs. Harry Bloom a few days this week.

Mrs. Jess Currens and child, of Lancaster, is on a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Bair.

John Bair and wife, spent Saturday and Sunday with the former's brother, Samuel Bair, of near Hanover.

Clarence Koons and wife, of Middleburg, spent last Sunday with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Emanuel Koons.

John Hilterbrick, who has been sick for a couple weeks, is not able to work yet.

## A Hallowe'en and Birthday Social.

(For the Record.)

It was the night after All-Saints day, when it is thought witches, devils and other mischief creatures are at large, making night hideous for the more timid and perchance those who can not see the humor and philosophy in that grand anniversary of those aerial people, whose deeds are happily tempered by the loving faeries that troop thro the air on their midnight errands of love-making and do curious stunts by prying into prophecy of what futurity will bring. All the superstition born of the Greeks of old, carried down thro the centuries and blended under the sod of forgotten ages suddenly crops out and Hallowe'en still lives as it did in the chivalric days of "Booby" Burns. We feel that no matter how intensely fascinating Hallowe'en must have been to those tender-hearted, love-making young Scotchlanders of the middle ages, it could not have been any more interesting than it was made for a jolly company of B. R. C. students last Monday night.

Early in the evening two large farm wagons containing plenty of straw and blankets drew up in front of the college. Soon they were filled to overflowing with teachers and students. Above the babel of voices, a shrill whistle suddenly conveyed the starting signal. From that minute until we returned some four hours later there was a continuous round of fun making—songs and yells.

With the happy crowd and entirely ignorant of where we had been invited to go, was Miss Thelma Littlefield, who was most completely and pleasantly surprised when we came to a halt at the palatial residence of her grandmother, Mrs. R. W. Walden.

Our generous hostess bade us take possession of the specially prepared mansion which in itself was a treat. The Hallowe'en decorations occupied every spare nook and corner from the old Reincarnated Pantagruel himself, the king of witches, who greeted us upon entering, to the billikin that had hidden himself away in the birthday cake.

The ceremonies peculiar to Hallowe'en were entered into with spirit. Indeed there was not an idle moment and hours sped by that seemed but minutes. In the pumpkin eye contest Earl Buckley won first prize; P. E. King, second and E. F. Long, third. The prizes were given by Mrs. Walden. The first prize was a book, second cake dish, third lemon candy box. In the birthday cake guessing contest Geo. Hicks won one prize and Miss Ruth Wine the other. The fates willed it that these two winners will be the first to be married.

Refreshments consisting of every delicacy that the season brings were served in the large dining hall which was lighted by fourteen small candles placed in a circle on the birthday cake. After being cut and the hidden treasures found the cake was served to the guests. It seemed to be a happy coincidence for it was not only a Hallowe'en surprise, but a birthday social as well.

Miss Thelma thoroughly enjoyed the first party given in her honor. Congratulations and best wishes for may more such happy events came pouring out from the hearts of the departing guests.

Those present were, Mrs. R. W. Walden, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Littlefield, Mr. Chas. O. Clemson, of the Westminster Bar, was master of ceremonies; Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Walden, Mrs. Robert Walden, Mrs. Jones, Miss Lizzie Birely, William Reiser, Thelma Littlefield, Misses Grace Rinehart, Florence Stein, Marguerite Harlachner, Jessie Fleming, Kathryn Smith, Marguerite Garner, Thelma Littlefield, Helen Markel, Pearl Starr, Mildred Bohn, Elizabeth Danner, Marguerite Anders, Lenore Repp, Marie Baker, Blanch and Edith Bonsack, Carmen Nicodemus and Dorothy Zumbun; Messrs. Merrill Blosser, Martin Anthony, Harper Brechbill, Rockward Nusbaum, Earl King, Prof. Baker, Prof. Blair, LeRoy Hoover, Earl Buckley, Herman Beck, Harry Shaffer, Charles Overcash, Dorsey Etzler, Robert Smith, Wm. Anders, Geo. Hicks, Marshall Roop and Paul Myers.

## Saves an Iowa Man's Life.

The very grave seemed to yawn before Robert Madsen, of West Burlington, Iowa, when, after seven weeks in the hospital, four of the best physicians gave him up. Then was shown the marvelous curative power of Electric Bitters. For, after eight months of frightful suffering from liver trouble and yellow jaundice, getting no help from other remedies or doctors, five bottles of this matchless medicine completely cured him. Its positively guaranteed for Stomach, Liver or Kidney troubles and never disappoints. Only 50c. at R. S. McKinney's drug store, Taneytown, Md.

## A Healthful Town.

"If this town is as healthful as you say it is, why do there happen to be so many doctors' signs in evidence?"

"They are nearly all the signs of eye doctors. The people are so healthy here that they stay up nights enjoying the climate and injure their eyes."—Chicago Record-Herald.

## Evidence of Faith.

Mrs. Brooke—Have you any faith in life insurance? Mrs. Lynne—Yes, indeed; I've realized \$100,000 from two husbands, and they weren't very good ones either.—Judge's Library.

## YOUNTS YOUNT'S

## NOVEMBER SPECIALS

Well worth your while to Investigate. Values positively the best we've yet been able to offer.

10c Bottle "Baby Elite" Shoe Polish, 7c

Infant's Soft Sole Shoes. But-ton and Lace. Colors, Tan and White. Per Pair, 22c

"Roger's" Nickel Silver Sugar Shell, 16c

"Roger's" Nickle Silver Butter Knife, 19c

Aluminium Salt and Pepper Shaker. Per Pair, 9c

Box Paper, Linen Finish Plain. Rare value, 16c

SPECIAL VALUE IN Ladies Ribbed Underwear Bought direct from the Mills. 25c per Garment.

"Electric" Stove Paste, 4c

Table and Butcher Pepper, 16c lb

10c Can "Yours Truly" Pork and Beans. Per Can, 8c

10c Bottle of Household Ammonia, 8c

8-INCH FLOWER CROCKS, WITH SAUCER, 12c.

C. Edgar Yount &amp; Co., Taneytown, Md.

## We have just received a Carload of Oyster Shells

This is your opportunity to secure the good, clean Oyster Shells that you have always paid 65¢ per 100 lbs for, at the following low prices:

100 lbs., 55c; 500 lbs., \$2.50.

Prices on Half-Ton and Ton Lots, quoted on application.

To buy to the best advantage, you must buy at headquarters. We are Headquarters for everything in Poultry Feeds. This is the time to lay in your Winter supply. Be sure that intelligent attention given to your Poultry now, will bring best results later on—when results count most.

## Ever Try Hen-e-ta for Moulting Poultry?

It is the "greatest ever." A trial will convince you. We can supply it in any quantity from one pound to five tons.

**GLOVES** Our extensive line of Gloves is too well and favorably known, to need much comment. To say that this season's stock is merely normal, is but scant praise. It must be seen to be appreciated. Let us "show you."

## REINDOLLAR BROS &amp; CO.

## TANEYTOWN'S "EVERYTHING GOOD TO EAT" STORE OTTO BROS.

Even though it has been dry, we have CABBAGE, cheaper than the Plants—90c. a Barrel, or 1c a pound.

BANANAS, 12c dozen, and all the Fruits and Vegetables of the season.

SWEET POTATOES—\$1.75 and \$1.90 a Barrel.

## A Full Line of Groceries, with Many Bargains.

3 Crown Raisins, 7c lb; 4 lbs, 25c  
Egg-O-See Corn Flakes, 8c Package.  
Smoking and Chewing Tobacco, 4c package; 7 packs for 25c.  
25c Cake of Chocolate, 17c.

JARDINIERES—just the kind to add beauty to a home—that sold from 50c to \$1.00; now only 30c to 60c.

Don't fail to see our Lamp Globes—the kind you can't break.

Fresh Fish every Tuesday and Friday.

Thanking you in advance.

Yours truly,

OTTO BROS.

## PUBLIC SALE

The undersigned intending to remove from Harney will sell at public sale, on his premises, on

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 9th, 1910,

at 12 o'clock, sharp, the following personal property:

TWO GOOD HORSES,

one 9 years old, the other one 5 years; they are both good drivers, either double or single, and are fearless of automobiles and trolley cars. One good spring wagon, with top, in good condition, capacity 1500 lbs; 3 falling-top buggies, buggy pole, set double harness, set Yankee harness, 2 sets single harness, 2 new fly-nets, 2 sets of check lines, set single lines, collars, bridles, hames and traces; corn sheller, feed cutter, 100 ft of 2-in rope, four pulleys and ice hook, used for filling ice house; 6 chicken coops, used for shipping chickens; 2 stable blankets, 2 good horse blankets, single trees



## Snider's Bargain Store HARNEY, MD.

Just returned from the city with more bargains and special reduced prices for you. Our aim is to give the very best quality at extremely low prices. No tickets, no trading stamps, but away down prices of best quality at all times.

### Clothing and Overcoats

of all kinds. Just received a new and up-to-date line for Men, Youth and Boys' at prices in reach of all. Each and every Suit and Overcoat for Men, Youth and Boys', from last season, must be closed out regardless of cost, as we positively will not move any old goods to our new building.

**Pittsburg and American Fence** in field and poultry, still more on hand at our special reduced prices.

### Hats and Caps.

A full and complete line just received. Did you see our line of 25c hats for Men, our line of 25c Caps for Men and Boys, now only 10c?

### Oilcloth and Linoleum.

We have now the largest line ever shown in our town, at the right prices.

### Carpet and Matting.

If in need come our way for special prices. All remnants in Matting and Carpets, at less than cost.

### Dress Pantaloon.

100 pairs of pants, prices ranging from \$2.00 to \$3.50, now \$1.50 to \$2.75. We also give special prices on our line of cord pants for Men and Boys'.

### Shoes. Shoes.

For Men and Boys', Ladies and Misses, the place to get the kind you want, as our line is second to none; full and complete, new and up-to-date goods.

### NOTICE.

Don't miss our center table. Over 100 pieces at all times, of all kinds, at just about half prices, as they must go.

### Horse Blankets and Lap Robes.

Do you know we have the largest line ever shown in Harney, also the lowest prices and best quality?

### Sweaters. Sweaters.

The greatest sale on Sweaters we have ever experienced, another large shipment just received.

### Comforts and Bed Blankets.

A large assortment to select from at special low prices.

### Queensware and Glassware.

A large and better assortment than we offered two weeks ago on our 5 and 10c counters.

### Dry Goods.

We have just received a fine line of Gingham, prices ranging from 5c to 12c per yard. Also Outing and Canton Flannel at prices ranging from 4 to 10c. Special prices on dress flannel, tricost and all kind of wool dress goods, at special low prices, a fine assortment to select from. A beautiful line of Scarf, Shawls and Sweaters, at the right prices.

### Tinware and Enamel Ware.

The largest and best values ever offered for 10c. See our 10c counter for special bargains.

### Groceries. Groceries.

A full line of fancy and staple groceries always on hand, also a fine assortment of cakes of all kind. See our table of special cut prices on groceries.

### NOTICE.

Each department in our bargain store has some great bargains for you in odds and ends, as we are cleaning house every day, and positively will not move old goods.

Your Friend,  
**M. R. SNIDER.**  
HARNEY, MD.

## AN IRISHMAN'S WIT.

Why Malaney Disobeyed the Order of the Boss.

Several years ago, while managing the gas and electric property at Madison, Wis., I came in daily contact with an Irishman by the name of Malaney who was then superintendent. He had a keen appreciation of humor and wit and was never so happy as when he could make you wonder whether he was extremely foolish or extremely witty. His bulls were often and perhaps always premeditated. I liked to joke with him, although I generally got the worst of it.

He had a persistent habit of working on Sunday, and it seemed to me that he always picked out a job of trenching in front of some church or equally conspicuous place. While in spirit he was one of the most loyal and obedient employees I ever had, in reality he did not know how to mind.

Whenever I spoke to him about his Sunday work he would always say, "When the ox falls into the pit he shall be taken out."

The whole difference was between his opinion and mine as to what really constituted an ox in a pit. Finally I had to give him orders that he was never to work on Sunday without my consent.

For several weeks there was no cause for complaint.

I was absent from the city for two or three weeks and returned unexpectedly on a Sunday. While out for a drive I saw a ditch open in a side street and guessed in a moment that Malaney was at work there with some of his men. I drove down to the ditch and found him on his knees trying to blow up a fire in a lead kettle. He would not have seen me at all if I had not spoken to him; but, coming up immediately behind him, I said, "Mr. Malaney, have I not told you repeatedly that you must not work on Sunday?"

He almost collided with my last words by his ready response, which was, "Te did, ye did; but I forgot to ask you whether you were a Jew or a gentile."—Henry L. Doherty in Sunday Magazine.

## STOPPING A TRAIN

Many Things Combine to Make It an Uncertain Operation.

### THE NUMBER OF CARS COUNT

Likewise the Momentum and the Braking Power and the Temperature of the Rails—Freight Trains More Uncertain Than Passenger Trains.

"In what distance can a train be brought to a stop? Well, that depends," said the grizzled engineer, with a hand like a ham and an eye that could see red, white and green a mile away down a silvery track. "That depends, son, and the more I think of it the more I realize how it depends on circumstances."

"In the first place, it depends on the number of cars you have on your train. The fewer cars you have the quicker you can stop, eh? Well, that's where you're dead wrong." The engineer rested his gnarled fist across his knee as if it were a fifteen pound monkey wrench. "Yes, sir," he repeated, "if you've got that idea you're wrong, just like folks are likely to be on railroad matters which they don't know anything about. Now, the fact is that a certain type of engine can be stopped quicker if it has a half dozen freight cars hooked on to it. That's so because there are brakes on each of the cars, and they all grind into the wheels when you sling on the emergency. Why wouldn't it stop quicker if you had a dozen cars on instead of six? Well, sonny, for the simple reason that the weight of the train, or, rather, the momentum, overcomes the braking strength of your air, and so you're carried along. If you had less than six cars it would be just the other way—you wouldn't have enough braking power to overcome what weight you have got. Yes, sir, with every freight train and with every passenger train there is a certain number of cars necessary to make the train most effective when it comes to stopping quickly. This is a very practical question too. An engineer will say to himself, 'Well, I've got more cars on today; I'll have to put on brakes sooner in order to stop just right at the station.'"

"I once heard an engineer say that an engine with a baggage car and two passenger coaches traveling at the rate of thirty-five miles an hour would require about 600 feet to stop and traveling at twenty-five miles an hour would require 400 feet to halt. Now, he was just guessing, or else he had a particular train and particular conditions in mind, and most likely particular times in mind. The fact is you can't tell within what distance a train can be stopped."

"Why, take the same type of engine and the same type of coaches and run them over the same track and apply the brakes in precisely the same manner and the two trains will not stop in the same distance of track. Indeed, take the same train over the very same track at different times, run her at exactly the same speed and apply the brakes in the very same manner and you can't stop in the same distance. Engineers would like to stop at each station at precisely the same spot that they did the day before. Do they ever do it? No, son, they don't, because it can't be done."

"The stopping of a train depends on conditions, just as I said before. Engineers who have traveled over a particular road for years can't do it. Sometimes the conditions vary to such an extent that the train is run past the station. Everybody has seen that done. And then the engineer says things under his breath and backs up his train to let the passengers on and to take on baggage. Sonny, engineers never know within yards where their trains will stop."

"Freight trains are more uncertain than passenger trains. This is so because it doesn't matter as much. An application of ten pounds of air may produce no braking at all, due to the wear of the system, and on the other hand, fifteen pounds might put on more brake than the engineer wanted. He may throw on a small quantity of air, and without expecting it the emergency brakes get into action as a result. When the brakes are already on the engineer may release them a little and by so doing release them entirely, so that the train leaps forward. So, you see, you can't always tell what the brakes are going to do."

"You wouldn't suppose that the temperature of the rails would make any difference about brakes, would you? It's a fact. A rule of thumb is that a train will brake twice as quickly in the winter as in the summer. The wheels stick to the rails more when they are cold. The scientific folk tell you that the cohesion is greater. And, another thing, the oil on the rail when it is warm is more slippery. All the steel rods, pipes, etc., on a warm day are expanded, and so they have to move through greater distances to become effective. When they are contracted by the cold the brakes grip the wheels that much quicker and tighter with the same amount of air that you applied on a warm day."

"You see, sonny, every road in the country keeps tabs on the temperature three or four times a day all along its lines. Temperature is quite an important thing in railroading. All this goes to show that there is quite a lot of science in running trains. And I never saw a man yet who had been in the service so long that he couldn't learn a heap of things. The fellows who think about their business are always learning."—New York Tribune.

## One of the Strikingly Handsome Women's and Misses'

### All-Wool

### Tailored

### Suits

### FOR FALL

### SHOWN IN OUR NEW FALL CATALOGUE AT

### We Prepay Transportation Charges.

### No. 201—WOMEN'S AND MISSES' SUIT, of all wool diagonal worsted serge, single-breasted style, fastens with four buttons; the notched coat collar is lined with black satin and trimmed with braid and buttons; the overlapping side effect pockets are trimmed with satin and buttons; satin lined, skirt is an eleven gored plaited style; all plaits stitched to below hip line; colors black, navy and smoke; \$12.75 sizes 16 to 20 and 34 to 44. Price.

### NOTE.—We carry the largest stock of extra size suits in the South.

### FURS

### SPECIAL PRICES

### \$5.00 French Coney Sets, \$1.95

### \$10 Sable Coney Sets at \$4.98

### \$12.00 French Coney Sets, \$6.98

### \$30.00 Russian Lynx Sets, \$13.98

### Large fancy shawl, trimmed with heads and tails; new barrel muff. Skinner's satin lining; Muff alone is worth price of set.

### Black or brown, pillow muff and throw tie. Large pillow muff and shawl collar, satin lined.

### Large shawl, animal effect; rug or pillow muff.

### Large fancy shawl, trimmed with heads and tails; new barrel muff. Skinner's satin lining; Muff alone is worth price of set.

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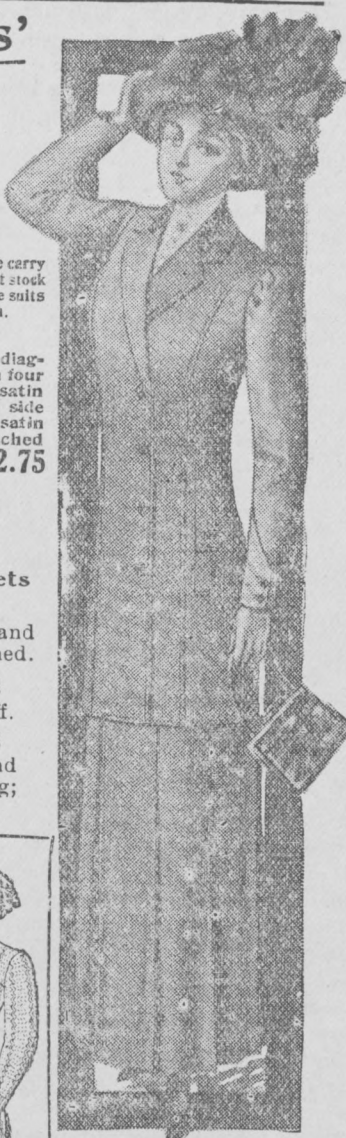
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**\$12.75**



### SPECIAL BARGAIN OFFER

### This Woman's or Misses' Durable

### Coat Sweater, 98c

### Very popular for Fall or Winter wear; is extremely dressy and will wear like iron. Made in the single breasted or double breasted style; two large pockets; either red or gray. Any size, 36 to 44.

### Very popular for Fall or Winter wear; is extremely dressy and will wear like iron. Made in the single bre



## OUR HOME DEPARTMENT.

## Original and Selected Articles of Interest to the Home.

We invite contributions to this department from all readers who have something to say on topics which relate especially to home improvement, social conditions, or moral issues. While we disclaim all endorsement of sentiments which may be expressed by contributors, and desire to be as liberal as possible, we at the same time request that contributors avoid personalities, and stick to proper expressions of opinion.

All articles for this department must be in our office not later than Monday morning, of each week, to be guaranteed insertion the same week, and all articles must be signed with the name of the author, even when a nom de plume is given.

## Middle Names.

Middle names, hard as it is to credit in this generation, were once illegal. The old English law was very definite as to the naming of children, and according to Coke's, "a man cannot have two names of baptism." "It is requisite," this law goes on, "that the purchaser be named by the name of his baptism and his surname, and that special heed be taken to the name of baptism."

Royal personages have always been allowed to have more than one given name, but as late as 1600, it is said, there were only four persons in all England who had two given names. In 1620 the Mayflower sailed for America, and there was not a man or woman upon it who had a middle name.

Even a century and a half ago double names were very uncommon. The English used to dodge the law at times by ingeniously compounding names. Thus on old parish registers in England there are occasionally seen such combinations as Fannasabilla, which is Fanny and Sybil joined together, and Annamariar, made up of Anna and Maria. Maris is one of the earliest middle names of record for boys. It was given in honor of the Virgin Mary. Beginning along in the eighteenth century, parents evaded the "one-name law."

But even as late as 100 years ago custom was against the middle name. If the names of the signers of the Declaration of Independence be looked over it will be found that only three of them had middle names. The first five Presidents of the United States had only one name each—George Washington, John Adams, Thomas Jefferson, James Madison and James Monroe. Before Grant, eighteenth of the line, there were only three double-named executives—John Quincy Adams, William Henry Harrison and James Knox Polk.

When middle names got going and became the fashion, the law having dropped into disuse, parents went to work combining names for their offspring enthusiastically. One custom was done away with in England in consequence of this, the plan of naming the eldest son for the estate, particularly when he succeeded to that estate through his mother. This old idea is still followed to some extent in this country by the mother's maiden name being given to the eldest son. It identifies the boy when he grows to manhood, and so has a positive value. During the time of the Civil War and just after hundreds of parents named sons after Lincoln and Grant.

Such instances have, however, been uncommon the last 50 years. The middle name has become well-nigh universal. Sometimes the case arises of a man prominent in public life or literature leaving off his first name altogether and becoming known by his middle name, Grover Cleveland, whose baptismal name was Stephen Grover Cleveland, had been the most conspicuous example of this.

## Widening the Thanksgiving Circle.

"Home is the natural objective point for every one at the Thanksgiving season," says Margaret E. Sangster in *Woman's Home Companion* for November. "This is why the stranger far from kinfolk and familiar friends is especially lonely amid general merrymaking. Widen the circle so that it may include at your dinner-table your boy's chum who can not cross the continent to be with his own people on the happy day. Let your daughter invite from college two or three of her girl friends to share Thanksgiving with her."

"Not long ago a man told me that when first he left home to become a clerk in a department-store in Philadelphia nothing so touched him as the thoughtful kindness of his employer's wife who never forgot to invite him to her home on holidays, assuring him that he was as welcome at her Thanksgiving dinner as if he had been a boy of her own."

"There are ways of widening the circle without necessarily going into the highways and by-ways and bringing in the halt and the blind. If there is among your friends a washer-woman who works hard to feed and clothe her children, a seamstress whose earnings barely cover her needs, if there are orphan children in whom you take an interest, see to it that you share Thanksgiving with them in an unobtrusive way of sending good cheer. I say, intentionally, among your friends. It is a barren life in which sympathy is confined to a single set of people, and unless we have friends among all classes and conditions we are to be pitied for our narrowness."

## An Opinion on Roosevelt.

Ray Standard Baker—probably the closest political observer now writing in this country—contributes a remarkably interesting article to the November *American Magazine* on the Insurgent Movement and its leaders. Speaking of Roosevelt as one of these, Mr. Baker says:

"Roosevelt himself has changed since he came back from Africa. In past years I have heard him speak many times, on many subjects, but I found myself with new impressions after I heard his address at the State Fair in St. Paul. In the first place it was a most remarkable audience, upward of 50,000 people sitting in the vast grand stand and bleachers, or standing spread out over acres of space in the wide areas of the field in front. The vast, sonorous, deep-voiced shout of that audience as Roosevelt stood out upon the platform I shall not soon forget. I stood just below the speaker's stand where I could look up into Roosevelt's face."

He is browner and healthier, more vigorous-looking, than I ever saw him before. He gave one a sense of enormous reserve vitality, expressed in the knotty strength of his hands, his muscular jaw, the stout vigor of his chest and shoulders,—reserve vitality which overflows in the evident joy which every feature of such an occasion so plainly gives him. A more splendid physical being, radiating more of the sheer joy of living and fighting, I have never known. He seemed to me somehow to have ripened and hardened, and great as has always been his confidence in himself, he seemed to have acquired an added power, an added solidity, an added assurance of position. In part, no doubt, it was due to the contagion of enthusiasm radiated by such an eye-filling audience with its deep-voiced approval—but I have never in my life received quite such an impression of individual human power as Roosevelt presented as he played upon the emotions of that vast concourse of people. It was not oratory; it seemed literally a projected personality.

All the old moralities were there, but hardened into ripper epigrams, and shot out, yes, exploded, like bullets. One could see them strike—upon the upturned, eager faces of those crowded thousands. It was a sight to stir the soul of men; it was a sight also which made the thoughtful observer scarcely less fearful than admiring. Few men in history—very, very few—have never attained, during their lifetime, such a power over multitudes of their fellow men as Roosevelt to-day possesses; and none in all history, perhaps, has had such power without the place or name of power. None has had such a following of enlightened people.

It causes one to inquire, not without anxiety, if Roosevelt himself is great enough, unselfish enough, to use that power not for his own ends, but for the people—for the best interests of a people who are not struggling not merely for good government, but for that thoughtful self control which is and must be the basis of any true democracy. It is the prime test of a democracy, not that it gets itself well governed, but that within itself it generates a spirit of self control and of co-operative purpose which makes it a living thing. A government which is dependent on any one man, no matter how glorious that man may be, is no democracy. One could not help thinking, at St. Paul, that it must be a very great man, indeed, who could hear the plaudits of such an audience, crying "Roosevelt! Roosevelt! Roosevelt!" and still keep a clear vision, a humorous humility, an unselfish soul."

"I am pleased to recommend Chamberlain's Cough Remedy as the best thing I know of and safest remedy for coughs, colds and bronchial trouble," writes Mrs. L. B. Arnold of Denver, Colo. "We have used it repeatedly, and it has never failed to give relief." For sale by all dealers.

## Pretty Curtains.

Making curtains is a fascinating pastime for the girl who has a taste for interior decoration, and certainly there is nothing which so freshens up a room or so greatly adds to its attractive appearance as new draperies. Wide is the range of materials from which to select, and fortunately most of them are of a moderate price, notably bobbinet, which forms the foundation of lace curtains, and is one of the simplest forms of cotton netting. If the walls of the room are done in some dark shade of green, brown or red, all white draperies are prettiest and may consist of two straight widths of bobbinet finished with a narrow flat gimp, with a two-inch hand hem or with a self-ruffle.

But in case the windows are very deeply set, or its walls are of stone, so filmy a material as bobbinet will not answer, as from a distance the house will appear to lack casement draperies. In that event any all-white curtains should be of strongly woven richly lustered half silk shantung, of satin faced cotton poplin or of shimmering "near" silk messaline, any of which materials look best finished with wide hems headed with a gimp or with a narrow insertion of plain Irish mesh.

## Simple, Harmless, Effective.

Pure Charcoal Tablets for Dyspepsia, Acid Stomach, Heartburn and Constipation. 10¢ and 25¢.—Get at McKELLIP'S.

## The Pumpkin.

Oh, golden pumpkin, big and round,  
Thanksgiving's here once more!  
In flaky crust you will be found,  
As you have been before,  
And when I go to Grandma's I  
Shall feast, of course, on pumpkin-pie.

But it is not for pie alone  
That you are used, I know,  
For as a chariot you shone  
A long, long time ago;  
Poor Cinderella would have stayed  
At home without the coach you made.

And there was "Peter, Peter," too,  
Who had a restless wife,  
He put her right inside of you,  
And then had no more strife;  
She must have liked it, strange to tell,  
"For there he kept her very well."

And, golden pumpkin big and bright,  
I quite forgot to say  
How you, as Jack-o-lantern, light  
The children on their way  
On Hallowe'en—what would we do  
Without such useful things as you?  
—GRACE MCKINSTRY in *Woman's Home Companion* for November.

## Fads of Fashion.

The new veillings are indeed fascinating. They are exceedingly fine; in fact, it would not be at all difficult to draw an entire bolt of some of the flimsy material through one's finger ring.

Little girls' hats are quite plain. In gloves, black ones are the favorites.

Jabots of the Madeira eyelet work are unusually attractive. Frills for the fancy blouse made of this handwork give an air to one's costume quite to be desired.

The high black boots with the lattice-work design, extending from the low vamp to the top, and heavily beaded in jet, are among the most effective dress shoes.

Suit coats are generally short; separate coats are long. Shaggy goods are the order of the day for outdoor wraps.

Mother of pearl, cut in odd shapes, is most effective when wrought into the handwork of a gown. It takes the place of the colored jewels so much seen last season.

With rules for mourning becoming less strict each year, it is not surprising that this year practically all the prevailing shapes and fancies of colored dresses are repeated in mourning fabrics. There is a craze unusual for veiled effects.

All coat and dress sleeves continue to be small.

Fully length gowns for the boudoir are nearly all made in the classic princess form, with wide effect at the waist, but with few, if any, gathers at the top.

Overblouses, whether of chiffon, net or tulle, continue in favor. A single overblouse may be worn with several different slips, quite transforming each.

Much gold and silver lace appears on stockings. Shopping bags are a bit smaller than last season.

## Will Promote Beauty.

Women desiring beauty get wonderful help from Bucklen's Arnica Salve. It banishes pimples, skin eruptions, sores and boils. It makes the skin soft and velvety. It glorifies the face. Cures sore eyes, cold sores, cracked lips, chapped hands. Best for burns, scalds, fever sores, cuts, bruises and piles. 25c. at R. S. McKinney's drug store, Taneytown, Md.

## The Serving of Meals.

Smaller dinner tables are required than formerly, because vegetable dishes are never placed thereon. When one lives with any degree of formality, the roast also is handled by the maid, not being put, as formerly, before the head of the household.

Even when there is little or no pretense of service in the dining-room, vegetables are not supposed to be always in evidence, for the arrangement of a side table where it can be reached easily, without leaving the dinner table, acts as a service board and the symmetry of the principal table is thus preserved.

The esthetic has entered so into the serving of food that housekeepers are expected to give it as great attention as they do orders to the butcher. A few flowers, a dash of fruit or even an empty dish, if it is pretty, must occupy the center, serving as a hub around which other decorative pieces, useful as well, placed. Odd or fancy silver forks and spoons are laid on the cover, although they are not required for actual service during the meal. Four tiny vases of flowers, one at each corner; four candlesticks, or even two, take room and are decorative, as they could not be were they side by side with large dishes of food.

A serving table, to be practical and at the same time attractive, should be covered with a small linen cloth, and if one has flowers, or a plant that may be spared for it, the blossoms should be used there.

The vegetable dishes when brought from the kitchen are put systematically on their own table, and when they are required are handed over and returned at once to their own places and may be in a line at the back of the table ready for use when the other dishes are taken off.

There is never any reason, because a woman does her own cooking, that the

serving of food shall not be attractive. It takes little if any longer to decorate a dish with a few leaves of parsley or to drop a flower into each finger bowl. If the housekeeper is so fortunate as to have a garden.

Pretty dishes cost no more than plain ones, and it is not a waste of time, but refining to make a dinner or lunch table decorative.

## How Many Turkeys Doomed?

What would you say if you should see a file of turkeys stretching from San Francisco to New York and from New York back to Chicago? "Some turkeys," probably. Well, one of these professional estimators has figured it out that the Thanksgiving turkeys to be consumed this year would make a line about that long if placed single file in marching order.

But it is easier to estimate than to acquire. Six million turkeys is the estimate made by the statistician who has imagined this 4,000 mile streak of strutting gobblers and humbler hens in line.

Accepting this reasoning as a minimum and supposing that the average bird weighs nine pounds, it appears that the people of the United States will consume 54,000,000 pounds of turkeys this Thanksgiving. Packed in refrigerator cars, as they are ordinarily transported, 1,000 birds to the car, this number of turkeys would make about 6,000 carloads and would require for their transportation a train forty miles in length. These many tons of noble fowls would more than test the carrying capacity of all of Uncle Sam's warships.

## Shall Women Vote?

If they did, millions would vote Dr. King's New Life Pills the true remedy for women. For banishing dull, fagged feelings, backache or headache, constipation, dispelling colds, imparting appetite and toning up the system, they are unequalled. Easy, safe, sure. 25c. at R. S. McKinney's drug store, Taneytown, Md.

## A System in Housework.

Even in housework the brain may save the body a great deal of labor. A woman who plans her work beforehand always accomplishes a great deal more than her less methodical sister, and with less fatigue to herself, before she rises in the morning her day's duties are thoroughly arranged, and the order in which the different details are to be carried out is quite decided upon.

It makes all work easier to have it planned beforehand; and many a weary woman might secure many bright hours to herself every week if she would but inaugurate the system. It is like packing a trunk. How easy it is for one skilled in the business to put in a third more than one who throws things together just as they come! It is a pleasure to look back on a well-planned day and see what has been done. People whose days are full of idleness and ease do not have the monopoly of happiness by any means.

Those who have nothing to do except make themselves comfortable are generally peevish and discontented. Work has manifold advantages; and the woman who has led a busy life can not be content to rest in idleness.

## Some Thanksgiving History.

The manner in which Thanksgiving day was first instituted as a national festival has especial interest. During the war for Independence eight public and general thanksgivings were ordered by the Continental congress, but after the general thanksgiving for peace in 1784 the proclamations were discontinued until 1789, when the first national thanksgiving was proclaimed by President Washington, the time designated being the last Thursday in November.

The special purpose, as recommended to congress, was to give thanks for the adoption of the constitution. In 1795 the suppression of the whisky insurrection was recognized by a presidential call for a national day of thanksgiving. The practice of officially recommending the observance of a thanksgiving festival was gradually adopted by the states until it now has place among the great holidays of the nation.

## The Best Christmas Gift for a Little Money.

Sent as a year's subscription to *The Youth's Companion*, \$1.72 will buy the fifty-two weekly issues of the *Youth's Companion* for 1911.

It will buy the two hundred and fifty fascinating stories in the new volume. It will buy the fifty exclusive contributions to the new volume by famous men and women.

It will entitle the new subscriber for 1911 who sends in his subscription now to all the issues of *The Companion* for the remaining weeks of 1910 free.

It will entitle the new subscriber for 1911 to the *Companion's Art Calendar*, lithographed in thirteen colors and gold.

If the subscription is a Christmas gift, it will entitle the donor to an extra copy of the 1911 Calendar.

The illustrated Announcement of the larger and better *Companion* for 1911 will be sent to any address free.

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Ingredients: Sulphur, Glycerin, Quinin, Sodium Chlorid, Capsicum, Sage, Alcohol, Water, Perfume.

Ask your doctor if there is anything injurious here.  
Ask him also if there is not genuine merit here.

## Does not Color the Hair

J. C. AYER COMPANY, LOWELL, MASS.

## Woman's World

Wife and Daughter of Indian  
Prince, Maharajah of Baroda.

TWO OF INDIA'S LOVELIEST WOMEN.

The maharajah of Baroda and his wife and daughter have recently been in America. This great Maharatta chief holds sway over 2,000,000 subjects, and it is to him that India owes most of her progressive ideas and economic advancement.

The gaekwar is said to possess the finest collection of pearls in the world, to say nothing of the "Star of the South," that marvelous diamond once the delight of Napoleon.

Her highness the maharane of Baroda is a very progressive woman and ably assists her distinguished husband in looking out for the welfare of his subjects.

When asked whether she believed in suffrage for women a dignified shake of the head and a quizzical smile was the answer to the question. She glanced toward her daughter, the Princess Indira, the most beautiful princess in India, who is the first girl of her rank to pass the entrance examination to the University of Baroda, where she will enter this fall as a student.

"I enjoy my studies so much," enthusiastically cooed the princess. "I shall graduate from the university and be as bookish as my brothers, one of whom is in Harvard and the youngest, a darling of fourteen, in an English preparatory school."

The wife and daughter of the gaekwar dress in native costume. When walking they seem to glide, and there is no necessity of asking the maharane if she believes that girls should wear stays. Dark flashing eyes and perfect teeth are the only jewels with which the young Princess Indira is adorned, but her mother is a blaze of marvelous gems.

The royal oriental party are on their way round the world, having left India last spring for the journey.

## Suggestions for the Housewife.

One tablespoonful of extract will flavor one quart of mixture to be frozen.

To keep a washboiler from rusting after using it on washday, wipe dry, then take a piece of cloth and saturate with kerosene and wipe the boiler inside and out.

A plain cloth dipped in hot water and then in a saucer of bran will clean white paint and not injure it. The bran acts like soap on the paint.

If a loaf of bread has become stale hold it under water for a second, then place in a brisk oven for a quarter of an hour. It will taste like new bread.

When you are ironing any dark material do not put a linen cloth underneath; as the lint will come off on the stuff and you will have great difficulty in brushing it off again.

China ware that has been burned or darkened through use may be brightened in this way: Take a teaspoonful of soda, moisten with water and scour till the spots are removed.

To mend an umbrella take a small piece of black sticking plaster and soak it in water until quite soft. Place this carefully under the hole inside and let dry. This will be found to be better than darning, as it closes the hole neatly without stitches.

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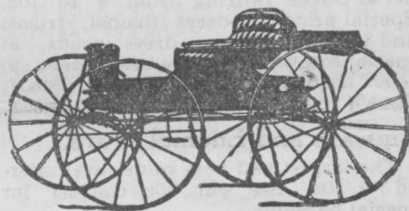
one secures an instrument that has passed through all experimental stages; the result of many years of study and experience. The production of creators and masters of the art who have made Piano building a labor of love rather than a labor for gain. No fancy prices for reputation or name; just a fair price for a first-class artistic Piano.

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at McKELLIP'S. 10-23-6m



## SUNDAY SCHOOL.

Lesson VII.—Fourth Quarter, For  
Nov. 13, 1910.

### THE INTERNATIONAL SERIES.

Text of the Lesson, Matt. xxiv, 32-51.  
Memory Verse, 44—Golden Text,  
Matt. xxvi, 41—Commentary Pre-  
pared by Rev. D. M. Stearns.

The greater part of this great dis-  
course is recorded by both Mark and  
Luke as well as by Matthew. As they  
left the temple one day His disciples  
called His attention to the great build-  
ings with the costly stones and gifts,  
and they were evidently greatly sur-  
prised by His remark that all would  
be thrown down and not one stone left  
upon another. Four of them came to  
Him privately as He sat upon the  
Mount of Olives and asked Him a  
question which was really threefold,  
though they probably thought it one.  
The destruction of the temple. His  
coming again and the end of the age  
were two, if not three, distinct events.  
In His discourse He covered the reply  
to all. The whole age until He shall  
come again will be characterized by  
wars, famines, pestilences and earth-  
quakes, with increasing wickedness  
until it shall be as it was in the days  
of Noah.

In Luke xxi, 24, He very plainly  
referred to the approaching destruction  
of Jerusalem and covered this present  
age by the words, "Jerusalem shall be  
trodden down of the gentiles until the  
times of the gentiles be fulfilled." With  
this verse we should associate  
Rom. xi, 25, 26. Many of the circum-  
stances connected with the destruction  
of Jerusalem were foreshadowings of  
those at the end of the age, and the  
warnings are therefore similar.

Verses 27-31 of our lesson chapter  
speak plainly of His coming in power  
and glory immediately after the great  
tribulation at the end of this age. The  
destruction of Jerusalem was in no  
sense His coming, for it is written in  
Psalm cii, 16, that when He shall ap-  
pear in His glory He will build up  
Zion, not destroy it. He is coming  
again to restore all things of which  
the prophets have spoken (Acts iii,  
21).

The events in the east today are  
most startling if considered in the  
light of verses 32-35 of our lesson  
and compel us to believe that the king-  
dom of God is again at hand after the  
long interval of its postponement dur-  
ing this age. The zeal and aim of  
Zionism, the new regime in Turkey,  
her favor to the Jews, a large part of  
the land given to Abraham (Mesopo-  
tania) being now offered to them, and  
the unrest among the nations gener-  
ally, all point to the approaching end  
of the age and the coming of the king-  
dom. How marvelously has the gen-  
eration or race or nation of Israel been  
preserved for the fulfillment of all  
things (verse 34), and soon now shall  
they be recognized as a nation, per-  
haps under the suzerainty of Turkey,  
with Jerusalem as their capital. That  
will, however, mean for them the be-  
ginning of their great trouble (Jer.  
xxx, 7) ere Jerusalem shall become the  
throne of the Lord at His coming in  
glory to set up His kingdom. That  
Israel is God's fig tree as well as His  
vine, see Joel i, 7, and note the events  
of Joel iii in their order. The utter  
ungodliness of the days of Noah can  
not be fully manifest until after the  
church is taken, but the manifesta-  
tions already on every hand in church  
and state are most unmistakable. The  
war craze of nations, the unrighteous-  
ness of government in cities and states,  
the infidelity in the seminaries and in  
the pulpits, the disregard of God and  
His word everywhere, should compel  
us to cry, "Come, Lord Jesus." At  
the coming of Christ to the air for His  
saints the true church shall be taken,  
all others left, but at the coming to  
the earth with His saints at the end  
of the age the tares shall first be gathered  
in bundles for the burning.  
"Ready" is the great word for us all,  
as we saw in a recent lesson. No un-  
saved person, whether moral or im-  
moral, sober or drunken, drunken ac-  
cording to Isa. xxviii, 7, or xxix, 9, is  
ready except for the burning, the weep-  
ing and gnashing of teeth (verse 51;  
xxv, 41). The readiness necessary has  
been provided in Jesus Christ by His  
great atonement, His pure life, His  
death in our stead, suffering for our  
sins, His resurrection from the dead,  
and any who will not plead guilty and  
accept Him and His righteousness must  
perish and be separated from Him.

If we are redeemed and thus ready  
to meet Him we must never cease to  
watch and pray, lest the world, the  
flesh or the devil cause our light to  
fall or even to flicker, and we thus  
dishonor Him. "Faithful and wise" is  
the only motto that will enable us to  
be approved of Him (45). We must  
beware of saying or even of thinking,  
"My Lord delayeth His coming" (48),  
lest we be found careless and con-  
formed in some measure to this pres-  
ent evil age. The oil of the next chap-  
ter must fill our lamps, and the light  
must so shine that men may see our  
good works and glorify our Father  
which is in heaven (Matt. v, 16). The  
only proper attitude of a child of God  
is "waiting for His Son from heaven,"  
"looking for that blessed hope" (I  
Thess. i, 10; Titus ii, 13), and while  
thus expectantly waiting, aiming in  
all things to serve the living and true  
God. Ever ready to do whatever our  
Lord the King shall appoint (II Sam.  
xv, 15). "Ready to every good work"  
(Tit. iii, 1). "Ready always to give  
an answer to every man that asketh  
you a reason of the hope that is in  
you with meekness and fear."

## CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

Prayer Meeting Topic For the Week  
Beginning Nov. 13, 1910.

Topic.—The war against the saloon. En-  
list!—Hab. ii, 1-20. Edited by Rev. Sher-  
man H. Doyle, D. D.

The war against the saloon! Thus  
it is declared that the fight against the  
saloon is not one battle or one cam-  
paign, but a war. Nor is it a sham  
war, but a real one, and all who enlist  
should in sincerity do so not for sev-  
enty-five days or for three years, but  
until the end of the war.

Our great drawback in this tremen-  
dous struggle against the saloon and  
its evils is that too many enlist for  
a skirmish or for one battle or cam-  
paign instead of to the end. The ef-  
forts made are spasmodic. The volun-  
teers drop out, and if a victory or  
partial victory be won the enemy is  
soon entrenched in its former strong-  
holds. Enlist, but enlist for life, or  
you will never be a real force in the  
settlement of the mighty issues of this  
war.

And what are the issues of this war?  
Why should we do battle against the  
saloon and all forms of the liquor traf-  
fic? In many of our states it is a  
legalized business under certain re-  
strictions. Why, then, should we at-  
tack what the government protects as  
a legalized traffic? Really no answer  
is needed to this question. It is too  
familiar to all. The awful destruction  
and devastation of the saloon, known  
to all men, are sufficient reasons for  
taking up arms (figuratively) against  
the sea of troubles caused by this com-  
mon enemy of mankind and ending  
them by ending it, the saloon. Statis-  
tics are useless and unnecessary. Every  
village, town and city daily sees re-  
sults for the overthrowing of this gi-  
gantic evil. It ruins men, starts youth  
on the downward path, bribes and con-  
trols various departments of govern-  
ment and thus controls the situation  
in many places.

But who's to blame? The liquor in-  
terests? No. The saloon keepers? No.  
The government? Yes. But who are  
responsible for lawmakers and those  
who should execute the laws? The  
people in this country. And therefore  
in its final analysis all liquor agencies  
exist by permission of the people. If  
not, then our boasted principle of self  
government is as false as the saloon is  
real.

But if the people of the United  
States are the real rulers the line of  
campaign is easily laid out. The peo-  
ple must be aroused. All classes  
should be interested in this war. Men  
in the liquor business should be against  
it. How can they barter bodies, minds  
and souls for money? Saloon keepers  
should be against the saloon. If in  
any saloon in our land could be placed  
this sign, "God says, 'Woe unto him  
that giveth his neighbor drink, that  
putteth the bottle to him and maketh  
him drunken,'" the war would be  
over. Saloon keepers and bartenders  
could not long stand the strain of gaz-  
ing at such an awful divine denuncia-  
tion, and for want of them saloons  
would be closed. The victims of the  
saloon should want them to go and in  
all probability would rejoice if they  
were closed by law. Then thousands  
upon thousands of mothers with  
drunken sons, wives with drunken hus-  
bands, children destitute and starving  
—all should and do want them to go.  
Then come the ones specially needed  
to be enlisted—those who are not di-  
rectly harmed by the existence of the  
saloons. These form the balance of  
power. They should join the move-  
ment, for indirectly they are person-  
ally endangered from the saloon. It  
threatens all, no matter how many  
may think that they are not in danger  
of harm from the saloon. It exacts an  
enormous tax from property holders  
instead of keeping the government. It  
leads to loss of property in various  
ways. Drink furnished by the saloon  
dethrones the reason of its victims  
and thereby jeopardizes the lives of  
men, the safety of women and the  
value of property. But many say,  
"Not me or my wife or daughters or  
my property." Why not you or yours?  
Does dethroned reason make any dis-  
crimination in destroying property. In  
demanding money or life from indi-  
viduals or in seeking to harm woman-  
hood? Never! Arouse, therefore, those  
that sleep and enlist against the  
greatest enemy to the individual, the  
home, society and the state.

BIBLE READINGS.  
Ex. xx, 13; Lev. x, 8, 9; Num. vi,  
1-14; Deut. xxvii, 15-20; Prov. xx, 1;  
xxiii, 29-32; Matt. xviii, 7; Rom. xiv,  
7-23; I Cor. iii, 16, 17; vi, 10; Gal. v,  
19-26.

A Hawaiian Greeting.  
Here is one of the most interesting  
Christian Endeavor greetings ever re-  
ceived by Dr. Francis E. Clark. It  
was presented to him when he was in  
Hawaii last January:

To the Hon. Rev. Francis E. Clark, D. D.,  
President in Chief of the Christian En-  
deavor Association of the World:  
Greeting: We, the members of the Chris-  
tian Endeavor society of Honolulu, dis-  
trict of Lahaina, island and county of  
Maui, territory of Hawaii, hereby extend  
and greet you with a most hearty wel-  
come and bestow unto you our friendly  
blessings for this pilgrimage voyage,  
whereby we now meet and greet each  
other, and that you may discover for  
yourself how the manifold works of Chris-  
tian promotion have been done here, pro-  
moting and uplifting the glory of Christ's  
kingdom among Christian Endeavorers.  
We, therefore, pray and would everlast-  
ingly pray unto His Holy Trinity to pro-  
long your days unto this world, so that  
you may be able to acquire the great  
works that have been required of you to  
shoulder.  
Humbly subscribe ourselves by and  
through our committee,  
GEORGE KAUI,  
DAVID KAPAKU,  
JOHN K. PALL,  
Attested: Mrs. M. Limahal, Secretary, C.  
E. of Honolulu, Lahaina, County of  
Maui.

## MALLORY'S READINESS.

Story of a Man Who Always Got  
What He Wanted.

By BERTHA TREVELYAN.

If it usually happened that Mallory  
got what he wanted in the world it  
was by no means due to chance. When  
he wanted anything he began by look-  
ing the field over carefully, noting all  
the salient points—the advantages and  
the disadvantages. Then with his feet  
up and a cigar between his lips he  
would consider all available methods  
of securing the thing desired.

Having finally arrived at a decision  
as to the best course of action to pur-  
sue, he pursued it with an energy and  
a single mindedness that were open to  
no discouragement, admitting no de-  
feat. And the result was that, as life  
goes, Mallory was accounted lucky.

He was a handsome, vigorous man of  
fifty when, business affairs making it  
necessary for him to spend a number  
of months in New York, a letter of in-  
roduction secured him the very de-  
lightful privilege of rooms with the  
Fosters, whose story of waning fortu-  
nes he had heard from the friend  
who sent him to them. The ominous  
length of his upper lip was hidden un-  
der a short gray mustache, or Miss  
Foster would have known from the  
first that it was useless to oppose him  
once his mind was set upon anything.

The romance of his youth was a  
beautiful memory, a thing as faint and  
elusive as the scent of lavender. But  
he had been loyal to it for twenty  
years, having been left at thirty a wid-  
ower with two children. As he sat in  
the great dim drawing room where  
everything was eloquent of other days  
he noticed several things—touches un-  
usual in stiff city drawing rooms, but  
which made for homeliness. He sighed  
with a sudden wistfulness altogether  
out of keeping with his height, breadth  
and floridness.

In the midst of his reverie Miss Fos-  
ter appeared, her delicate slightness  
heightened by the massive doorway in  
which she stood framed for a moment.  
As he rose to greet her he wondered  
idly what could have given her that  
harsh look, this little woman with  
the oval face and the piled up hair.  
Her smile, he thought, was oddly shy  
and girlish, and in a few minutes they  
were talking with the ease of old ac-  
quaintance.

With a businesslike air that sat  
amusingly on her she showed him the  
rooms that she and her mother rented  
to eke out their small and uncertain  
income, and the next day found him  
installed in them.

Often during the following months  
he would spend an hour with the  
mother and daughter, noting with hid-  
den amusement the latter's unnatural  
little air of elderliness. She would for-  
get and laugh and chat gayly at times;  
then in a moment she seemed to re-  
member that she was no longer young,  
and she became in a trice the prosaic,  
careworn woman again, drawing her  
mantle of years ungraciously about  
her. It was as if she had determined  
not to be surprised by old age and so  
had rushed out to meet it.

Her references to herself were  
slighting always, as if to one to whom  
nothing but the dregs of life was left,  
whom romance could not possibly  
touch, whose role was one of duty un-  
touched by grace.

At first Mallory took her at her own  
estimate, concluding that she was  
about his own age. Then one night  
she appeared in a gown of filmy violet,  
with her brown hair rising in a swirl  
above her face, and he looked at her  
with puzzled but admiring wonder.  
She turned her head, and the surprise  
of her profile fairly made him start.  
It was singularly delicate and youth-  
ful, with a small, high bred nose and  
full lip-d mouth.

His speculative glance now told him  
that she could not be more than forty,  
if she were that. But by the way in  
which she was always putting for-  
ward the young girls of her acquaint-  
ance it was evident that she thought  
herself too old a woman to be of inter-  
est to any man.

"She belongs to the old regime," Mal-  
lory soliloquized, "and has probably  
considered herself an old lady ever  
since she emerged from her teens. She  
hasn't been able to assimilate this  
bachelor woman idea." And he smiled  
to himself.

"By the way, Miss Marion," he said  
nonchalantly, "I have tickets for the  
opera tomorrow night. Be good and  
come too."

There was a flash of surprise in her  
face that for one brief, fleeting mo-  
ment said frankly that he must have  
taken leave of his senses. Then cour-  
tesy prevailed, and after hesitating for  
an appreciable moment, in which it  
was apparent that she was casting  
about in her mind for some plausible  
excuse, she accepted.

When the time arrived she was dis-  
turbed by an uncomfortable conscious-  
ness. She had the air of a person who  
felt that she was going to be a sub-  
ject of quickly exchanged glances and  
half laughing comment. All this Mal-  
lory divined, and he put forth every  
effort to make her forget herself to  
such good purpose that by the end of  
the evening she was laughing and  
chatting as unconcernedly as if Mrs.  
Grundy did not exist.

With this excellent beginning things  
went smoothly for awhile. Walks,

drives and theaters followed, and ap-  
parently Miss Foster's fear of appear-  
ing "kittenish" slumbered. To Mal-  
lory each hour spent in her society  
made him long for more. She was de-  
liciously contradictory.

Then of a sudden all the old prim re-  
straint returned to her manner. Three  
consecutive invitations were refused  
with excuses so flimsy that even the  
most obtuse person must have seen  
through them.

As before, he divined the meaning of  
it all—same idle word that had aroused  
all her dormant sensitiveness, and she  
was writhing under it. She doubtless  
imagined that people were saying that  
that old maid, Marion Foster, was try-  
ing to catch Mr. Mallory, and her man-  
ner was her fierce, wordless refutation  
of it. The lines of care were deepening  
in her face day by day, and his heart  
ached for help.

"I want to speak to you, Miss Fos-  
ter," he said in a determined way as  
she was about to pass him in the hall  
one day with her usual brief greeting.  
"Certainly," she replied, somewhat  
uncomfortably, and they sat down in  
the quiet drawing room together.

"Something is bothering you," he be-  
gan, fixing his glance searchingly upon  
her. "Come now, be frank. If there is  
any way in which I can be of service  
to you tell me."

"It's nothing," she protested hastily,  
"or, at least, nothing much." Then  
with an attempt at lightness she added,  
"Women who have neither fathers  
nor brothers to look out for them often  
have to worry, you know."

Another sort of woman might have  
added "husbands," but to Miss Foster,  
whose consciousness upon the subjects  
of love and matrimony was as shrink-  
ing as that of a young girl, such a re-  
mark would have been impossible.  
Even in that moment Mallory chuckled  
to himself, yet would have liked to  
take her in his arms and put himself  
between her and the world forever.

"Marry me," he said softly. "Give  
me the right to take care of you. I  
shall count it a great happiness."

Her face went scarlet.

"Such a subject seems scarcely the  
proper one for jest," she retorted with  
dignity. "If you will excuse me, I  
have duties to attend to," and she rose  
to leave him.

"One moment."  
His voice rang a trifle sharp and  
clear with command. The Mallory who  
achieved what he wanted in life was  
working. Miss Foster seemed to feel  
this, and she sat down again as obedi-  
ently as a child, though he could see  
that her hands were quivering nerv-  
ously.

"You have misunderstood me," he  
said in a calm, decided voice which  
somehow thrilled her with the certaint-  
ty that he would bend her to his will.  
"I have no intention of indulging in  
the sentimental talk of a man of twen-  
ty-five," he went on, taking one of her  
slim hands in his and looking at her  
a bit quizzically. "Love, of course, is  
a matter of years. A man and woman  
of fifty would only be ridiculous if  
they essayed to speak that language."

"But I'm only thirty-nine!" she ex-  
claimed, surprised into protest.

Mallory could have roared with laugh-  
ter at the innocent "only." As he had  
supposed, then it was not that she re-  
ally thought herself outside the pale; it  
was only as one sensitively afraid  
that she ought to think so. He could  
not entirely banish the teasing smile  
from his eyes, and she felt vaguely  
that she had walked into the trap he  
had set for her.

"But of course it's absurd for you to  
say such things to a woman of my  
age—and for me to listen," she contin-  
ued courageously, though Mallory no-  
ticed that she no longer made as if to  
leave him.

"My dear Miss Foster," he said per-  
suasively, "we won't talk of that phase  
of the matter at all. I should not be  
saying this to you if I had not a very  
deep regard for you, and you, I fancy,  
would not be listening."

There was a little incoherent mur-  
mur which he took for assent. Then  
he continued with an anxious air:

"But there is an ethical side to the  
matter that persons of our age should  
consider. You would be doing a beau-  
tiful act if you would take my children  
and me in hand, and I could make  
things so much easier for you and your  
mother."

"That will bring her," he exclaimed to  
himself.

"But I thought your children were  
grown?"

"They're over twenty," he admitted  
boldly. "But that is the very age at  
which young people most need the  
controlling influence of home."

He could see that she was awaken-  
ing, and he wisely refrained from fur-  
ther persuasion, murmuring only, "We  
need you, dear."

On the steps of her new home as the  
carriage dashed up the drive she no-  
ticed that a small group awaited them.  
A moment later she was clasped in a  
bear hug by a bright faced girl, who  
said "My dear little new mother" so  
warmly that she loved her on the spot,  
as well as the manly youth who laugh-  
ingly took her next, pleading, "Me  
too."

"And this is my husband, Ralph,"  
the girl explained as another young  
man stepped forward. "And this is  
Janet, Harry's wife."

Then a nurse moved forward into  
the circle, holding a bulky armful.  
"And this, mother," continued the  
girl proudly, "is your little grand-  
daughter."

So these were the "children" who  
needed her.

The second Mrs. Mallory swept the  
group with an eye that sought her per-  
fidious husband. He had disappeared.  
Then she buried her convulsed face in  
the soft, sweet smelling bundle con-  
taining her new grandchild to smother  
her laughter.

## Butter Fat is 30c Per Pound

And the Price is Rising.

Butter brings the best price when made  
from cream produced by an

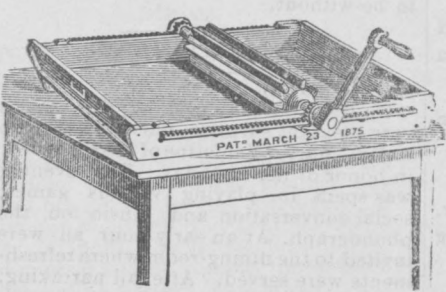
**EMPIRE Cream Separator.**

All prices and sizes. Old machines taken as part  
payment on new ones.

**BOSS DILUTERS or WATER MIXERS**

**Also BOSS CREAM SEPARATORS**

in which the Milk and Water are kept separate.  
These are by long odds the best.



**Reid Butter Workers and Churns**

are the best. See D. W. Garner for prices and further information.



**The New Holland Chopping Mills**

are the best for use by a Gasoline Engine. Run easy  
and chop fast. Why give the miller one-fifth of your  
Corn Chop to do your work? Buy a New Holland from  
D. W. Garner, and pay for it the first 3 months' work.  
These Mills chop from 15 to 16 bu. and can be bought  
**From \$17.50 to \$35.00**

We also sell the **Victor No. 14 New Triple Geared Sweep Mill.**  
Easy, quick, and simple. Price from \$27.50 up. Capacity on ear, 15  
to 25 bu. per hour.

We will sell you a Mill and a Fairbanks & Morse Engine, 2 H. P.,  
complete, for only \$100.00. Cheap, isn't it? Only one at this price.

**D. W. GARNER, Taneytown, Md.**

## You Can Work Near a Window



in winter when you have a Perfection  
radiator which can be moved to  
any part of a room, or to any room  
in a house. When you have a

**PERFECTION  
SMOKELESS  
OIL HEATER**

Absolutely smokeless and odorless

you do not have to work close to the  
stove, which is usually far from the  
window. You can work where you  
wish, and be warm. You can work on  
dull winter days in the full light near  
the window, without being chilled to  
the bone.

The Perfection Oil Heater quickly  
gives heat, and with one filling of the  
font burns steadily for nine hours, without smoke or smell. An  
indicator always shows the amount of oil in the font. The filler-  
cap, put in like a cork in a bottle, is attached by a chain. This  
heater has a cool handle and a damper top.

The Perfection Oil Heater has an **automatic-locking  
flame spreader**, which prevents the wick from being turned  
high enough to smoke, and is easy to remove and drop back, so  
the wick can be quickly cleaned. The burner body or gallery  
cannot become wedged and can be unscrewed in an instant for  
re-wicking. The Perfection Oil Heater is finished in Japan or  
nickel, is strong, durable, well-made, built for service, and yet  
light and ornamental.

Dealers Everywhere. If not at yours, write for descriptive circular  
to the nearest agency of the  
**Standard Oil Company**  
(Incorporated)

## COME HERE FOR YOUR SHOES, HATS AND MEN'S FURNISHINGS

We have by far the largest stock and greatest variety of

**Men's Women's and Children's Shoes**

in Carroll County, at the right prices. We have all the correct  
styles in HATS, NECKWEAR, SHIRTS, COLLARS AND  
HOISERY. We want your trade.

**WM. C. DEVILBISS,**

22 W. Main St.

WESTMINSTER, MD.

## Just Six Minutes to Wash a Tubful!



This is the grandest Washer the world  
has ever known. So easy to run that  
it's almost fun to work it. Makes  
clothes spotlessly clean in double-quick  
time. Six minutes finishes a tubful.

**Any Woman Can Have a 1900  
Gravity Washer on 30 Days'  
Free Trial.**

Don't send money. If you are re-  
sponsible, you can try it first. Let us  
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forms. Thousands being used. Every  
user delighted. They write us bushels  
of letters telling how it saves work and  
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for fascinating Free Book today.

Repairs for all kinds of Washers and Wringers.

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C. & P. Telephone. MIDDLEBURG, MD.



## TANEYTOWN LOCAL COLUMN.

### Brief Items of Local News of Special Interest to Our Home Readers.

Last Saturday, the first "snow squall" of the season.

Miss Amelia Sherman, is visiting relatives and friends, in York, Pa.

The open season for hunting rabbits and partridges, commences on Nov. 10. Hunters should read our list of advertisers against trespassing. It has grown considerably this week.

Rev. J. S. P. Young and wife, moved into the United Brethren parsonage, on Wednesday.

Miss Effie Slonaker, is spending ten days with friends in Hanover, York, Biglerville and Carlisle.

Mrs. Thomas Angell and daughter, Bernice, and grand-son, are visiting friends in Gettysburg and Dillsburg.

Mrs. Amos Basehoar, of near Littlestown, visited her daughters, Mrs. D. W. Garner and Mrs. David Mehring, this week.

Miss Mary Brining returned home Tuesday evening, from a two months' visit in Washington, D. C., and Boonsboro, Md.

Rev. Chas. Hastings and wife, of Union Bridge, and Rev. C. W. Christman, visited Mr. and Mrs. Levi D. Frock, on Tuesday evening.

Hallowe'en parties were held, on Monday night, at Rev. Wm. E. Wheeler's and P. B. Englar's, while the boys played their usual pranks on the street.

Dr. C. T. Sappington, of Frederick, will locate here for the practice of medicine and surgery, about the 15th. of this month. He is a nephew of Mrs. Jos. E. Roelkey.

Have you bought a season ticket for the Entertainment Course? The time is getting short, and the best seats are being taken. The first program will be on the 25th. Those who have tickets to sell should get busy and complete their canvass of the town.

Rev. C. W. Christman left, on Wednesday, for his new charge, at Chewsville, carrying with him the well wishes of many friends for abundant success in his new field of labor.

The ladies of the W. H. & F. Mission society of the Lutheran church, will hold their Thank-offering service on Saturday evening, Nov. 5th. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

The Fred. Div. N. C. R., has placed safety lamp signals at all switches on its line, so arranged that an open switch automatically displays a red light, a white light standing for an open track.

When you come in to vote, make our office useful if you want to look over sample ballots. We will also be glad to see you if you want to pay a subscription, or, leave a new one, and it will be a good time to register your sale for next Spring.

Information is desired by Mr. Chas. W. Angell, of Berwyn, Ill., of the whereabouts of Mr. Albert Angell, his brother, who formerly lived in Baltimore. On account of the death of the mother, it will expedite the settling up of her estate if the desired information is furnished.

Mr. Paul Rinehart, of near Kump, who had been unable to work for a few days, was very much surprised, when going to his corn field, one morning, to see that some one had been at work there during the night. Later he learned that eleven of his good neighbors had done the work; the amount of corn husked was about 140 bushels.

That "brand new genial Editor" as the Frederick Examiner facetiously calls him—Mr. Sterling Galt, of Emmitsburg—and who, the same authority says, "slings ugly mud," paid our office a visit, on Tuesday. From our acquaintanceship with the gentleman, we are convinced that the Examiner man is courting trouble, and has used adjectives very carelessly.

Rev. Wm. E. Wheeler gave his congregation a distinct surprise, last Sunday, by reading his resignation at the close of the morning service, to take effect on the last Sunday in this month. He has accepted work under the Home Mission Board, for the Augsburg congregation, of Chicago, and will take charge early in December. Mr. Wheeler has been in Taneytown, nearly six years, and his large congregation will be sorry to part with him. He leaves the work and standing of his church in a prosperous condition in all its branches.

A well attended Republican meeting was held in the Opera House, last Saturday night. Addresses were delivered by Hon. Wm. B. Baker, candidate for Congress. Hon. Charles R. Schirm, of Baltimore, and Mr. Wm. Y. Perot, representing the National Congressional Committee. The speakers discussed the tariff, and its relation to prices, showing that while the tariff was responsible for maintaining fair prices for farm produce, it was not responsible for the abnormally high cost of living. The speakers expressed great confidence in Mr. Baker's election for the fourth time.

Mrs. Laura Reindollar's mother, Mrs. Williams, and sister, Miss Sue Williams, of York, are visiting Mrs. Reindollar.

Mr. H. S. Hill has sold his bakery business, so it is recently reported, to his father, Mr. Judson Hill, and Mr. Mehrl Baumgardner.

Mr. Lindauer, of Baltimore, who has been visiting at Rev. W. E. Wheeler's, returned home, on Wednesday, accompanied by his sister, Mrs. Wheeler.

Let us have a full vote in Taneytown district, next Tuesday. Don't be a stay-at-home. Vote your sentiments. If you don't have any, get them between now and Tuesday, for they are a bad thing to be without.

### Surprise Party.

(For the Record.)  
On last Thursday evening, Oct. 27, a very pleasant surprise party was given to Mrs. Martin Valentine of near Haney, in honor of her birthday. The evening was spent in playing various games, social conversation and music on the phonograph. At an early hour all were invited to the dining-room where refreshments were served. After a partaking, they bade the host and hostess good-night, tendering their sincere thanks for the evening enjoyment and wishing Mrs. Valentine many more happy birth days. Those present were Martin Valentine and wife, Augustus Morelock and wife, Dallas Shriver and wife, Mrs. John Waybright, Mr. A. M. Waybright; Misses Margaret, Grace, Bruce and Anna Waybright, Effie Horner, Mary Fleck, Lulu King, Delta Shriver, Rheta Morelock, Mary Valentine; Messrs. George Morelock, Erlington Shriver, Russell and Clarence Derr, John Fleck, Samuel Valentine, John Small, Norman and Eddie Morelock and Robert Shriver.

### Pauline Has Arrived.

Washington, Nov. 3.—Pauline Wayne III, aristocrat and blue-ribboner of the great American cow herd and future milk-giver for the family of President Taft, arrived in Washington today and was escorted to the greensward back of the White House with due ceremony by three hostlers from the Taft stables. She comes to take the place of "Mooley," the White House Jersey, who died of bovine gout last summer, brought on by an interperate appetite for Federal oats. Pauline is the gift to the President of venerable Senator Isaac Stephenson, of Wisconsin, who took pity upon the Chief Executive when news of the death of Mooley was promulgated in the official gazette. Senator Stephenson was rather proud of Pauline. He considers her the champion milk-giver in the universe. She tips the scales at 1,500 pounds and is a 4-year-old that can boast the richest line of cow blood. The way in which she faced a battery of cameras this afternoon without batting an eye or missing a bite gave evidence that Pauline is not going to be bothered by publicity. Pauline is a Holstein, mostly white, but with pretty markings of coal-black spots.

"I do not believe there is any other medicine so good for whooping cough as Chamberlain's Cough Remedy," writes Mrs. Francis Turpin, Junction City, Ore. This remedy is also unsurpassed for colds and croup. For sale by all dealers.

### Injured Dignity.

The two extra specialists had pounded him and sounded him and felt his pulse and tapped his frame till he could only lie in a cold perspiration of fear.  
"Undoubtedly it's a case of appendicitis," said specialist No. 1 gravely.  
"Undoubtedly," assented specialist No. 2.  
"But would he be able to stand an operation?" pondered No. 1.  
"Ah, would he?" echoed No. 2.  
They dug him in the ribs again, and he squealed.  
"Ah," remarked No. 1, "I think we ought to let him get a bit stronger before we cut into him."  
"Confound your palaver!" gasped the patient, starting up. "What do you take me for, a cheese?"—Answers.

Floral Antiseptic Tooth Powder for cleansing and beautifying the teeth. Make the teeth white and purifies the breath. 10c bottle.—Get at McKELLIP'S. 10-23-6m

### WILD GEESSE.

They're shy as the otter; they're sly as the fox;  
They're worse to approach than the craftiest hind.  
You may freeze on the foreshore or crouch on the rocks,  
You may soak in the sea fog or wait in the wind,  
Though their magical music will give you no peace,  
Yet your bag shall go empty, for aren't they wild geese?  
Honk-honk, honk-honk—the distant voices clank it—  
The wet retriever trembles at your knees,  
For he hears the lone notes falling  
Where the long gray tides are crawling.  
Through the shouting west wind's buffets or the dripping fog's chill blanket  
As the wild geese come shoreward from the sea!  
You may stalk them at sundown, at dawn—  
ing's first flame—  
They've ears for the wariest, softest of treads—  
And, at stroke time or snow time, the end is the same—  
A picket gives warning, and up go their heads.  
Yes, your boots, wet as sponges in spite of their grease,  
You may wear to brown paper in chasing wild geese.

Yet still, honk-honk, a northern charm shall fold you,  
Though shot shall shake the raindrops from his sides.  
Though you catch the drifting clamor through the sleet squall's sting and hammer,  
Still the flight shall work its magic and the breathless stalk shall hold you  
When the gray geese come calling off the tides.

Next Tuesday is election day. The polls open at 8 a. m., and close at 6 p. m.

## PUBLIC SALE

The undersigned will offer at public sale, on the premises of the late Mordecai Fritz, near Tyone, Md., on  
MONDAY, NOVEMBER 14th., 1910,  
at 12 o'clock, m., the following personal property, to-wit:

**TWO GOOD HORSES,**  
one a bay and the other a roan; 3 good milch cows, 2 will be fresh by day of sale; two-horse wagon, spring wagon, runabout buggy, stick wagon, one 2-horse mower, Synchronic plow, horse rake, steel roller, good as new; dirt cart, spread, sleigh, dung sled, 2 spring-tooth harrows, sled, 10-ft ladder, 2 corn plows, single shovel plows, pair of hay carriages, dung boards, wagon jack, 2 sets of wagon harness, 2 collars, 2 bridles, spring wagon harness, 3 sets buggy harness, flynets, 2 halters, axe, mattocks, digging iron, 2 hovels, saws, log, cow, and breast chains; quarrying tools, wheelbarrow, corn sheller, cutting box, forks, bushel basket, half bushel measure, spike harrow, 2 iron kettles and stand, grindstone, horse blankets, 2 milk cans, 2 cook stoves, coal stove, kitchen sink, cupboard, 2 tables, beds and bedding, 2 wooden chests, 2 bureaus, carpets and matting, 2 clocks, 4 rocking chairs, lounge, sewing machine, kitchen chairs, crocks, buckets, pans, tubs, cooking utensils, lot of butchering tools, buffet, and many other articles.

TERMS: Sums under \$5.00, cash. On sums of \$5.00 and upward a credit of 6 months will be given on notes with approved security, with interest.

ANNIE M. FRITZ,  
Administratrix of Mordecai Fritz, deceased.

Also at the same time and place will be offered my small farm, containing  
**ELEVEN ACRES OF LAND,**

improved by a good Two-story Frame Dwelling, good Barn, and all necessary outbuildings. Located one fourth mile from Tyone, on Pleasant Valley road. Possession given immediately on compliance with terms.

TERMS: One-third cash on day of sale, and the balance in two equal payments, one 6 months and one 12 months from day of sale, the credit payments to be secured to the satisfaction of the undersigned, or, all cash at the option of the purchaser.

MARGARET FRITZ,  
J. N. O. Smith, Auct. 11-4-2t

## PUBLIC SALE

### A GOOD SMALL FARM

The undersigned will offer at public sale on the premises, 1 mile from Marker's Mill and Green Valley school house, on  
SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 19th, 1910,  
at 1 o'clock, p. m., his

**FARM OF FIFTY-ONE ACRES,**

45 acres of which are in good cultivation and 6 acres in timber. Good spring. Weatherboarded House of 5 rooms and basement, Bank Barn, etc.

TERMS: One-third cash, balance on easy terms.

THOMAS M. KEEFER,  
J. N. O. Smith, Auct. 11-4-2t

## PUBLIC SALE

The undersigned will sell at public sale at the Lutheran Parsonage, Taneytown, on  
TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1910,  
at 12 o'clock, noon, sharp, the following property:

**OAK BEDROOM SUIT,**

consisting of bed, spring and mattress, bureau, washstand, rocker, 3 chairs and lamp stand; 1 solid oak bedstead, spring and mattress; 1 white enameled single bed, spring and mattress; 2 oak washstands, 1 chiffonier, oak; 3 toilet sets, 4 stands and fancy tables, 2 feather beds, feather bolster and pillows, extension table, dining-room buffet, fancy chairs and rockers, 3 cane-seat chairs, hall rack, velvet spring couch, 6 dining-room chairs, kitchen table and 4 chairs, 2 porch rockers, 2 cots and mattresses, a 3-burner blue flame oil stove, refrigerator, blinds, fly screens for doors and windows, lamps, matting, carpet, rugs, pictures, dishes, kitchen utensils, iron wash kettle, garden tools, washing machine, tubs and wringer; step ladder, wheelbarrow, iron swing.

**FALLING-TOP BUGGY,**

sleigh, harness, blankets and robes.

TERMS CASH.

WM. E. WHEELER,  
J. N. O. Smith, Auct. 11-4-3t

## PUBLIC SALE

The undersigned as Executor of Wm. J. Fink, deceased, will sell at public sale on the premises, in Taneytown, on  
SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1910,  
at 2 o'clock, the following described Real Estate:

**A BLOCK OF HOUSES,**

on Frederick St., suitable for renting to three families, together with a half acre lot and all improvements thereon, a good stable, hog house, etc. There is a well of water at the door, good cistern, and the property is also connected with the town water supply. Also a large two-story Machine Shop and Blacksmith Shop located at end of above described lot, known as the Fink shops, in good repair and now having a good run of trade. The four buildings are located on the corner of a public alley.

The above properties will be offered separately, and as a whole, and possession will be given April 1, 1911.

TERMS: One-third cash on day of sale, or on the ratification thereof, and the residue in two equal payments, the first payable in 6 months and the other in 12 months from the day of sale, the credit payments to be secured by the bonds or single bills of the purchaser, bearing interest from day of sale, or all cash at the option of purchaser.

J. SYLVESTER FINK,  
J. N. O. Smith, Auct. Executor. 10-28-2t

Also at the same time and place, will be offered at public sale, a lot of personal property. See Bills. 10-21-4t

## BOARD OF CONTROL AND REVIEW.

Notice is hereby given that the County Commissioners of Carroll County, acting as Board of Control and Review, will sit at such Board of Control and Review at the Court House in Westminster, Maryland, on Monday, the 7th day of November next, and will continue in session daily thereafter from 9 o'clock, a. m., until 3 o'clock, p. m., up to and including Friday, November 11th, for the purpose of taking up the new assessment of Taneytown District, being Election District No. 1.

By Order of the Board,  
GEORGE W. BROWN,  
President.

### The Cost of Living.

Tom, Tom, the piper's son,  
Stole a pig, and away he ran.  
The pig was old and Tom was arrested.  
The judge said it was a shame to punish him while the (alleged) beef trust was at large, so he discharged him with a reprimand, and  
Tom went roaring down the street.  
—Chicago Tribune.

## Special Notices.

General Advertisements will be inserted under this heading at *one cent* a word, each issue. Real Estate for sale, *Two Cents* each word. The name and address of advertiser must be paid for at same rate; two initials, or a date, counted as one word. Cash in advance, unless other terms are mutually agreed upon. Postage Stamps received as cash.

**EGGS WANTED!** Shellbarks wanted! Young Guineas, 14 to 24 lbs.; Young Chickens, 2 pounds, 11c. clear of feed; Old chickens, 10c. 500 old Roosters wanted. Squabs, 35 to 30c; Young Ducks, 3 lbs. and over; **Good Calves** 74c, 50c for delivering. Poultry not received later than Thursday morning.  
—SCHWARTZ'S Produce.

**HIGHEST CASH Prices** paid for Eggs, Calves and Poultry. 50c for delivering Calves Tuesday evening or Wednesday morning.—G. W. MOTTER. 6-10-9

**DENTISTRY.**—DR. A. W. SWEENEY, of Baltimore, will be at the Hotel Bankard, Taneytown, from Nov. 14 to 19, for the practice of his profession. 11-4-2t

**FOR SALE.**—My sorrel driving mare. Eight years old, sound and gentle; not afraid of automobiles. Apply to Rev. Wm. E. WHEELER. 11-4-2t

**WANTED.**—AT ONCE 15 first-class Cigar Makers, mold and shaper work.—TANEYTOWN CIGAR MFG. CO., Taneytown, Md.

**DON'T WAIT!** Come at once if you want one of those Overcoats and Suits, Horse Blanket or Lap Robes, at our way down prices, as the prices certainly make them go.—M. R. SNIDER, Haney, Md.

**LOST.**—Yellow Fox Hound Gyp, with dark speckles over back.—SCOTT M. SMITH.

**FINE SHEEP** for sale, (7) by WALTER S. SMITH, 2 miles from Taneytown.

**IF YOU WANT** fine Sweet Potatoes, Cabbage, Oranges and Bananas, call at Snider's Bargain Store. Special prices by the barrel.—M. R. SNIDER, Haney, Md.

**8 FINE SHOTES** for sale, 3 months old.—D. W. GARNER.

**BOOTS AND SHOES.** Leather Boots for Men and Boys, at almost half price. A new lot of near half price Shoes, on our center table, of all kinds.—M. R. SNIDER, Haney, Md.

**FOR SALE.**—Fine Double Heater, "Penn Oak," in first-class condition, will be sold at William J. Fink's sale, Nov. 12, or at private terms, large size. MRS. M. J. GARDNER. 11-4-2t

**PEARS** for sale, at 40c bushel, by GEORGE HILTEBRICK, near Taneytown.

**FINE ASSORTMENT** of New Fountain Syringes and Hot Water Bottles, at McKELLIP'S. 11-4-4t

**NOTICE.**—Anyone wishing to boil apple butter or make cider will please be here on Wednesday or Thursday, Nov. 9th and 10th, as I will close for the season after those dates.—F. P. PALMER, R. D. 3, Taneytown Md.

**FODDER FOR SALE.**—J. E. DAVIDSON.

**TRY S. C. OTT'S** new Krout, made by The Heinze Pickle Co., only 10¢ qt. 10-28-2t

**PUBLIC SALE** of a Dwelling House and Blacksmith Shop in Uniontown, on Saturday, November 12th., 1910, at 2 o'clock p. m. 1 1/4 acres of land, stable and other buildings. Old stand and fine patronage.—Wm. H. McCOLLUM. 10-28-3t

**PUBLIC SALE,** Nov. 16, at 12 o'clock near Haney. Live Stock and Farming Implements. See Bills.—EUGENE ALTHOFF. 10-28-3t

**NOW IS THE TIME** to buy your Sweet Potatoes and Cabbage for the Winter. Prices very cheap, at S. C. OTT's store. 10-28-2t

**PROPERTY** in Uniontown. 10 room Dwelling, 2 1/2 acres of land and all improvements.—M. A. ZOLLIKKOFFER. 10-28-2t

**JUST RECEIVED** from New York City, and Baltimore, the latest styles in Fall and Winter Millinery. Examine our quality and prices of Hats, before purchasing elsewhere.—Mrs. M. J. Gardner. 10-28-4t

**LOOK OVER** S. C. OTT'S line of Gloves for Men and Boys, and see how cheap they are. 10-28-2t

**FOR SALE.**—3 Fine Mare Colts, coming 2 years old.—ELI DUTTERER, near Middleburg. 9-30-1t

## NOTICE To Corporation Taxpayers

I will be at the Commissioners' office in the Firemen's Building, on Oct. 29th, and Nov. 5th and 12th, from 1 to 4 o'clock, to receive taxes for the levy of 1910. After Nov. 15th interest will be charged. All parties in arrears are requested to make immediate settlement.

BURGESS S. MILLER,  
Collector.

10-21-3t

**NO. 4542 EQUITY.**

In the Circuit Court for Carroll County, sitting in Equity.

Edgar M. Staub, et al., Plaintiffs,  
vs.  
Sarah E. Staub, et al., Defendants.

Ordered this 4th day of November, A. D. 1910, that the account of the Auditor filed in this cause, be finally ratified and confirmed unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before November 21st, inst., provided a copy of this order be inserted in two successive weeks before the last named day in some newspaper published in Carroll County.

OSCAR D. GILBERT, Clerk.

True Copy, Test: 10-5-3t

## Ohio & Kentucky Horses

Will receive an express load Ohio and Kentucky Horses, on Saturday, Nov. 5, 1910. Call and see them.

H. W. PARR,

HANOVER, PA.

"Taneytown's Leading Fashion Store." Butterick Patterns, 10c and 15c

# Koons Bros.

## DEPARTMENT STORE.

TANEYTOWN, MD.

## Ladies' Tailor-Made Suits and Coats

These Suits and Coats show greater variety, greater value and more practical style than has ever been displayed in Taneytown.

742 \$12.50 746 \$18.50 743 \$22.50 810 \$7.90

## Millinery

The Most Stylish and Distinctive Trimmed Hats

Misses' and Children's Hats, Baby Caps, &c.  
Hats Retrimmed and Made Like New.

**Ladies' Long Coats.** Black, brown, striped and mixed goods, in all new style. \$3.89 to \$18.00.

**MISSES COATS.** New Presto Coats, colors light mixed goods, green, and blue, with all the new style trimmings. \$1.98 to \$10.00.

Here's the Best Values in Town.

**Women's Stylish Shoes.** High Shoes of patent colt, lace and button, Cuban heels and extension soles, \$2.25.

Patent colt, button, cloth top, \$3.00 Gun metal, lace and button, \$2.50 Also a very dressy Shoe, for \$1.60

**Shoes for Little Boys and Girls.** Suitable for school or dress. 90c to \$2.00.

**Black Taffeta** Silk Petticoats Well made in every detail— \$3.25 to \$5.00 Other very pretty patterns 90c to \$1.75

**Ladies' Coat** Sweaters Red, White and Grey, single & double breasted 48c to \$3.50

**Bed Blankets** All sizes, in white, grey, red and white, blue and white, black and white, and other combinations. 39c to \$6.00

**Bed Comforts,** 98c to \$3.00

**Men's Sweaters.** Grey, Blue, Black, Grey and Red, &c. 48c to \$3.00

**Boys' and Girls' Sweaters** Red, white, grey, red and white. 50c to \$1.25

**Men's 50c Fleece** Lined Underwear, 39c

**Horse Blankets** Lap Robes Biggest line in town.

**Men's and Boys' Suits, Overcoats and Raincoats.**

**Carpets, Linoleum, Oilcloth. WONDERFUL VALUES**

Just Think! Ingrain Carpets in beautiful flower designs; full yard wide, 29c.

Linoleum. 2 yards wide, good quality, pretty design. Per square yard, 40c.

**Why do we sell so many MEN'S HATS.** Ask the men that wear them.

**Eye Examination**

Our system of eye examination measures up to the latest scientific requirements. It is simple, thorough and effective. It gets results.

Our system means glasses especially designed and made for your individual case, adapted for your face, your occupation, your personal peculiarities. Our Optometrist

**DR. O. W. HINES**

Will be at

**Bankard's Hotel, NOVEMBER 8th., 1910.**

**CONSULTATION FREE.**

**Capital Optical Co.,**

614 Ninth Street, N. W. WASHINGTON, D. C.

**80 HEAD OF Large Missouri Mules**

The undersigned will receive at his sale and exchange stables in Littlestown on the above date, 80 head of Missouri Mules, consisting of Yearlings, Two Year and Three Year Olds. As good as money will buy. Three parts of the lot are Mare Mules, with the bone and the finish. Some large Percheron and Belgian Colts, Three Year Old. Come and take a look before going elsewhere and be convinced that this is extra fine stock.

H. A. SPALDING,  
Littlestown, Pa.

10-28-3t

**Saturday, October 29, 1910.**

Corrected weekly, on day of publication.