

# THE CARROLL RECORD.

VOL. 15.

Chesapeake & Potomac United Telephones.

TANEYTOWN, MARYLAND, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1908.

NO. 25

## NEWS NOTES HERE AND THERE

### Condensed Items of Interest from County, State and Our Exchanges.

The Valley Register has promoted itself to the "No hog weight" class, by excluding hog news when the weight is less than 500 lbs. Its course is justifiable as to the no comment. The RECORD did the same thing years ago.

Representative Pearce has introduced in Congress a bill appropriating \$4,000,000 for the construction of a boulevard from the District of Columbia to the Gettysburg Battlefield, Pa., via the battlefield at Antietam, Md., in memory of Abraham Lincoln.

Henry Swadner, a well-known resident of Libertytown, was found dead on Saturday afternoon, lying across the sill of a door of his stable. While at work at the stable he is supposed to have been seized with an attack of heart trouble. He was 37 years of age and is survived by two sisters, Mrs. William Etzler and Mrs. Maurice F. Starr, of Libertytown.

George D. Koontz, aged about 75 years, died Sunday night at his home at Unionville, Frederick county, of general debility. He is survived by a widow, who is a sister of Messrs. William H. and Bradley T. Nicodemus, Frederick; two sons (Harry E. and Arthur Koontz); and two daughters (Mrs. Charles Albaugh, of Unionville, and Mrs. Vernon Lohman, of Franklinville).

Orders involving the movement of about 20,000 soldiers of the regular army during the next twelve months were issued by General Bull, chief of staff, on Tuesday. These orders include the homecoming of about 5,000 troops in Cuba as well as the homecoming of about 8,000 troops in the Philippines and the dispatch of an equal number from the United States to take their places.

An addition to the Gettysburg National Park is provided for in a bill introduced in the house, on Monday, by Mr. Latham, of Pennsylvania. The bill calls for the purchase of 170 acres of land on the battlefield of Gettysburg by the Secretary of War and provides \$21,000 for the purpose. The land was occupied by Heath's and Pender's divisions and cavalry and infantry of Hill's corps of the army of Northern Virginia.

The former engineer of the French Company which attempted to dig a Panama canal, predicts that the present plan of the American engineers will be a colossal failure, largely due to the blue clay stratum at the Gatun dam which is devoid of supporting power. He says that the only way to make the project a success is to abandon all dams and locks and make an open strait across the isthmus. He also predicts that the canal will cost twice the amount estimated.

Nearly 35,000 deaths and 2,000,000 injured is the accident record among workmen in the United States during the last year, according to a bulletin on accidents issued by the Bureau of Labor. Of those employed in factories and workshops it is said that probably the most exposed class are the workers in iron and steel. Fatal accidents among electricians and electrical linemen and coal miners are declared to be excessive, while railway train wrecks, in the proportion of 7.46 deaths per 1000 employees. The bulletin declares that much that could be done for the protection of the workmen is neglected, though many and far-reaching improvements have been introduced in factory practice during the last decade.

At Monroe Street Methodist Episcopal church, Balto., Sunday night, Prof. W. J. Heaps, principal of Milton Academy, spoke on the antisocial issue and made statements which he said would be an answer and challenge to Rev. Alfred P. Kurtz, who has allied himself to the liquor interests and has formed a church composed of men engaged in the liquor traffic. In closing, he said that the church should take up the issue and that churchmen were to forget their party affiliations and stand for the abolition of the liquor traffic. Where associations such as Mr. Kurtz's and one formed in Chicago with ex-Governor Peck at the head were organized the men of the church should form associations in opposition. He said he hoped that Maryland would take her stand with Georgia and other states which have adopted prohibition.

### Death of Mr. James W. White.

Mr. James W. White, one of the most widely known citizens of this county, died suddenly at his home, near Bruceville, on Tuesday afternoon, from heart trouble. He had a fainting attack on Sunday, the 6th, but recovered from it, and apparently was not seriously ill until a few minutes before his death.

Mr. White was well known in political circles, having been prominent in politics as a democrat, and was twice elected as his party, once as Sheriff and once as Judge of the Orphan's Court. He leaves a widow and two children, Mr. John F. White, at home, and Mrs. James A. Eckenrode, of Steelton, Pa.; also one sister, Mrs. Anna Buffington, of Baltimore.

Funeral services were held at the Lutheran church, Taneytown, on Thursday afternoon. Mr. White was 74 years 2 months of age.

Have you contributed your mite toward fighting Tuberculosis by purchasing Red Cross Christmas Stamps? Five or ten cents, spent in this way, would show your interest and sympathy, and help the fight in Maryland.

## Our Complimentary List to be Revised in January.

Early in the year, the RECORD will revise its complimentary list, including exchanges, and cut off the names of those who do not appear to care enough for our paper to send us even occasional items of news in payment, as well as a number of exchanges, which, while excellent papers, are still of so little real use to us as not to be worth the cost of exchanging. No doubt the RECORD stands in exactly the same relation to other papers, and we will expect to be treated exactly as we treat others.

There is no real good reason why any publisher should give away his paper without in some way receiving a return for it, unless he places such a small value on it, which, if coming from another, would arouse his ire. Besides, white paper, work and postage, for a lot of unreciprocal complimentary, amounts to a considerable item of expense in the course of a year.

As to weekly exchanges, there was a time, years ago, when they were worth very much more to an editor than at present. Now, in many offices, they accumulate by hundreds, unopened and unread, representing absolute waste of good paper and work.

We intend to revise our list, therefore, not in a spirit of criticism or fault-finding, but as a matter of business and economy, and at the same time in further obedience to the new postal laws which contemplate giving the low publisher's rate only to legitimate subscribers, or to those who indirectly pay the subscription price. This does not mean the cutting off of all complimentary, by any means, but only such as have been clearly indicated, and we have thought it best to make this public explanation before doing so.

### W. M. R. R. May get into Frederick.

Frederick, Md., Dec. 15.—The Washington, Frederick and Gettysburg Railroad between Frederick and Thurmont, was inspected yesterday afternoon by a party of Western Maryland Railroad officials, including Chief Engineer Pratt, General Inspector Gallagher and General Passenger Agent Howell. The inspection was with a view to effecting an arrangement between the two railroads for the exchange of freight, and especially the running of traffic trains through to Frederick. The old Monocacy Valley Railroad, from Thurmont to Catoctin Furnace, which was purchased and made part of the Washington, Frederick and Gettysburg Railroad, was especially the object of inspection, improvements to that part of the roadbed having been made since a previous inspection.

Chief Engineer Pratt walked over the road from Thurmont to Catoctin Furnace and carefully examined the roadbed and bridges, which he found to be in good condition. After a ride over the entire road in a special train, in company with President D. Columbus Kemp, Director W. H. Ramsburg and Auditor A. C. McBride, of the Washington, Frederick and Gettysburg Railroad, and L. R. Waeche, of Thurmont, the party returned to Baltimore.

It is expected that a traffic agreement will follow their report on the road, and that an arrangement will be made whereby the Western Maryland Railroad will run freight through to Frederick.

**Your Dollar**  
will come back to you if you spend it at home. It is gone forever if you send it to the mail order house. A glance through our advertising columns will give an idea where to buy to advantage.

### MARRIED.

LAMBERT—FLICKINGER.—On Dec. 6, 1908, in Unionville, by Elder W. P. Englar, Mr. Truman E. Lambert, of New Windsor, and Miss Sarah Flickinger.

### DIED.

Obituaries, poetry and resolutions, charged for at the rate of five cents per line. The regular death notices published free.

SHILDT.—On Dec. 11, 1908, near York Road, Mr. James Alonzo Shildt, aged 43 years, 5 months, 7 days.

STELL.—On Dec. 14, 1908, in Union Bridge, Mr. Charles F. Stell, aged about 55 years.

STEM.—On Dec. 12, 1908, near Union Bridge, Mr. J. D. Stem, aged 48 years, 10 months, 24 days.

WHITE.—On Dec. 15, 1908, near Bruceville, Mr. James W. White, aged 74 years, 2 months.

### Resolutions of Respect.

At a regular meeting of Taneytown Grange No. 184, the following resolutions were adopted on the death of Mr. James A. Shildt.

WHEREAS, The great Ruler of the Universe who doeth all things for the better, has seen in His wise ruling to take from us a Brother, who was a devoted husband, a typical citizen, and a respected neighbor, who devoted a lifetime to the uplifting of agriculture, which was God's first occupation for man.

Resolved, That we tender our heartfelt sympathy to the wife of our deceased brother, in her bereavement; we recommend, that she always place her trust in the Father of all homes, the Ruler of the Universe, by whose hands all things are well done.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be spread on our minutes, a copy be published in the CARROLL RECORD, and a copy be sent to the bereaved family.

W. E. O. GARNER, W. E. O. HINER, MILTON OHLER, Committee.

### Church Notices.

Special Christmas services at Emanuel (Baptist) Reformed church, Sunday, at 2:30 p. m.; Special Music by the Choir; Y. P. S. at 7:30 p. m.; Services at St. Paul's Reformed church, at 10:30 a. m.

MARTIN SCHWEITZER, Pastor.

## ANOTHER HOT MESSAGE.

### The President Again Takes Unnecessary Notice of Newspaper Campaign Charges.

Washington, December 15.—So far as the recollection of persons in Washington extends, Mr. Joseph Pulitzer, the editor of the New York World, is the only man who has ever been marked by the distinction of a special presidential message to the Capitol today a message dealing almost exclusively with Mr. Pulitzer's recent newspaper charges of corruption in connection with the Panama Canal purchase, particularly involving Mr. Charles P. Taft and Mr. Douglas Robinson, the one the brother of the President-elect and the other the brother-in-law of President Roosevelt. It has been asserted that the editor of the World has felt slighted because heretofore the White House has apparently ignored his many attacks on the administration.

If that is true Mr. Pulitzer must now feel satisfied, for rarely has the President used such words as he did today in characterizing Mr. Joseph Pulitzer. "It is idle to say that the known character of Mr. Pulitzer and his newspaper are such that the statements in that paper will be believed by nobody," said Mr. Roosevelt. Again he says: "In point of encouragement of iniquity, in point of infamy, of wrong-doing, there is nothing to choose between a public servant who betrays his trust, a public servant who is guilty of blackmail or theft, or financial dishonesty of any kind, and a man guilty as Mr. Joseph Pulitzer has been guilty in this instance."

The close attention with which the House followed the reading of the message was not imitated by the Senate. Vice President Fairbanks had glanced over the message and saw Mr. Roosevelt's references to his kinsman, Mr. Delavan Smith, the editor of the Indianapolis News. As soon as the clerk of the Senate began reading the message Mr. Fairbanks left the room, first calling Senator Dixon to the chair. The Vice President somewhat ostentatiously remained away during that portion of the message, and then re-entered the room and resumed the chair during the latter part of the reading. Those Senators who remained to hear the message spent their time in laughing at Mr. Roosevelt's abuse of Mr. Pulitzer. At times their roars of laughter drowned the voice of the reading clerk.

It is only proper to say that members of the Congress regard the message as unnecessary, because no one here has really placed any faith in the charges of the New York World, or any other charges of corruption in connection with the purchase of the canal. It must be remembered that all these charges and insinuations of corruption involving Mr. Charles Taft and Mr. Douglas Robinson were in the hands of the Democratic National Committee all last summer and last fall. Some of the most astute agents that could be procured by the Democratic managers were instructed to sift these charges to learn if any material could be found trustworthy enough to be used as campaign material, and the agents reported that they could not find any testimony even strong enough to warrant a campaign scandal. No one in Washington is ever believed that either Mr. Charles Taft or Mr. Douglas Robinson was in any way connected with the sale of the canal, and in view of the fact that neither of these gentlemen has ever denied his reputation assailed to the degree to warrant address in court, some surprise is felt that Mr. Roosevelt held it necessary to send to Congress a message of 10,000 words and more, together with a pile of documents disproving what no one has ever believed and that the Department of Justice should be called upon to clear the reputation of gentlemen whose reputation has never been smirched.

While the President has overwhelmingly and conclusively disproved all charges of scandal in reference to the Panama Canal, it is generally held that he went very much further into the case than the situation demanded. In fact, the President seems to have left personal considerations lead him into another heretofore situation, as he has done heretofore, and brought matters before Congress never even slightly entitled to the honor. Evidently, he is now unloading some of the campaign thunder which he would have used, had he gone on the stump, and nobody cares, now, to fight over a battle that is ended.

### The Red Cross Stamp Fund.

According to the Baltimore News, about \$3,000, has already been received by the state organization for the prevention and treatment of tuberculosis, on account of the sale of stamps, many thousands of them still being in the hands of agents, unreported. The News says: "There are many reasons why the Red Cross stamp movement should interest you, but the chief one is that it is your business and your interest, not the other fellow's to stop the scourge of tuberculosis before it strikes your own home. No, you are not immune. You may have been born with a good constitution, and your lungs may be as of heavenly perfection. But—Don't you come in contact with thousands of people daily? Don't you breathe the air that carries germs that cause one death in seven? That's why your interest in the Red Cross stamp movement is one of defense."

### Last of the Cook Books.

We have left 15 copies of Choice Maryland Cookery, the famous Maryland cook book which has had such a big sale. We understand the ladies who had the work published (4000 copies) have no more of them. The cost of the book is 20¢ by mail, or 15¢ at our office. First come, first served.

## Mailing Christmas Presents.

If you want to be sure that your Christmas presents carry safely, by mail, it is important that they be properly wrapped. When possible, use boxes; but, be sure that they are solidly filled and not easily crushed. Light boxes, containing much vacant space, are always unsatisfactory. Fill all vacant spaces with crumpled tissue paper. Even when boxes are used, wrap them in strong manila paper, and seal securely with strong cord.

Paper wrapped packages should be reduced to the smallest possible bulk. You may not want to crowd a piece of delicate fancy work, but it is much better that you do it instead of waiting for it to be done in mail sacks. Remember that mail sacks are crowded with packages, heavy and light, large and small, and that they are often handled roughly. Do not seal, or sew, either packages or boxes, nor enclose written messages. If you do, your present will be "held for postage" at letter rates. All packages of merchandise, or printed matter, must be so wrapped as to permit easy inspection.

You are permitted, without extra charge, to write in a book, "From Miss Bessie Brown to Mr. John Thomson," but no further personal message, without paying better rates. The postage rate on merchandise is one cent per ounce; on books, or all printed matter, one cent for each two ounces; on magazines and newspapers one cent for each four ounces.

You are permitted to add your name and address on the outside wrapper of a package; but no matter whether a package, or letter, is sealed or unsealed, if it contains a personal letter in writing, it is subject to letter postage rates, two cents for each ounce.

Be sure to address packages very plainly. Do not enclose a letter, or merchandise, in a newspaper without paying the proper rate. Whenever matter of a high rate of postage is enclosed with matter of a low rate, the whole is due to pay the high rate.

Do not try to "beat" the postmaster. He has the right, if he sees proper, to open packages in order to determine their character, and the proper rate of postage. When he finds an evident attempt to defraud, he is required to report the facts to the P. O. Department, when an official inspector takes the case in charge, and arrest and prosecution is likely to follow. Better pay enough postage, and not get into trouble.

Remember, again, that flimsy, delicate packages, should be strongly and solidly packed and wrapped; if not, they will almost surely be injured in the mails.

### Union Bridge Farmers' Club.

(For the RECORD.)  
The Union Bridge Farmers' Club met at the home of M. T. Haines and wife, December 12, 1908. Members present, M. T. Haines and family, D. Wolfe and wife, R. Snyder and wife, P. Wood and wife, Wm. Flickinger and wife, W. J. Ebbert, wife, and son, Willie; Misses Anna and Bessie Wolfe, J. Smith, H. Fuss, wife, and son, Thomas. Visitors, F. J. Englar and wife, W. Hough and daughter, Anna; E. Hough and wife, Misses Irene and Gertrude Martin.

After the usual good dinner, the men took a walk to the barn, where our host showed us a new Peersless corn grinder which is run by a 6-horse sweep power, and grinds 20 bushels per hour. From there to the horse stable, where we were shown some very nice colts; then to the hog pen where we could hear the pig squeal in reality and saw some nice ones. In the corn crib nearby, was some fine corn. This corn was planted on the 18th of June, and yielded about 13 bushels per acre.

Returning to the house, President Wolfe called the meeting to order. Minutes of last meeting were read and approved. Next in order was the election of officers, resulting in the election of D. Wolfe, as President, and H. Fuss, Secretary, but if it had not been for the "taffy," likely the election would have been different.

There being no other business, Committee C was called on to report. Miss Bessie Wolfe read "Uncle Daniel's Adventure." Uncle Daniel went rabbit hunting, with the thermometer 20° below zero. His dogs started a rabbit and after some time stopped at a hollow tree. Uncle Daniel found there had been a hole cut in the tree and put his head in it, so he could see the rabbit, but seeing no rabbit tried to remove his head but to his surprise the splinters began to catch his ears and when he began to give up in despair he thought he would try praying, and after a short prayer of his kind he succeeded in removing his head.

Miss Anna Wolfe read "Mrs. Ruggles," from Christmas Carols. Mrs. Ruggles was not in the habit of keeping her children prepared to go away from home, and when she received an invitation to a Christmas dinner, she was considerably put out, but after some scolding with kitchen crystal and some training in how they should behave, started her children to the dinner with much pride.

Then adjourned to meet at W. J. Ebbert's, Jan. 16, 1909. Committee D, W. J. Ebbert and wife, H. Fuss and wife, to report at next meeting.

### Donation Acknowledged.

The members of the church, God, at Uniontown, and their friends, came to the parsonage, on Tuesday evening, Dec. 15th., and after spending a few hours very pleasantly, presented to their pastor and family a very fine donation, consisting of cash, flour, meat and groceries, amounting to thirty-seven dollars in all. Allow us to express our thanks in this public way to all who took part in the donation.

L. F. MURRAY and family.

The RECORD will be issued on Thursday, next week, and be delivered by the Carriers on Christmas Day. Advertisers and correspondents please take notice.

## WILL FIGHT AMENDMENT.

### Baltimore and Frederick hold Meetings for Fair Election Law for Maryland.

A public meeting was held in Frederick, early in the week, and an organization was formed, with Hon. Milton G. Urner, as president, to fight the proposed disfranchising amendment which will come before the people for ratification at the next election. A great deal of interest was manifested, and the purposes of the proposed law were uncovered. The campaign, as opened in Frederick, will be carried throughout the state.

A like meeting was held in Baltimore, on Thursday night, which was addressed by Attorney-General Bonaparte, Collector Stone, Mr. Thomas Parran, Ex-Congressman Schirm, and others. The chief address was made by Mr. Stone, who, after telling of the inequities of the proposed law, said:

"It is estimated, so I have seen in the public press, that there were approximately 45,000 votes cast at the last election, but which were not counted. Whether these figures be strictly accurate or not, they are sufficiently accurate to appeal to every fair-minded man of our state, and show that no election held under such laws can possibly be construed as honest, fair or just, nor can any such elections be by any person whatever construed as representing the rule of the people. Not only do we want to defeat the proposed disfranchising amendment, but we want to elect a legislature of honest, conscientious, fair-minded men, who will give to this state an election law which will give to the people honest ballots, honest elections, honest counts, honest returns, and the rule by and of the majority. To do this the Republican party and its organizations, state, city and county, must bear their full share of responsibility; must carry their part of the burden and be ready to give to the people a satisfactory account of their stewardship in that they have nominated for the legislature next fall men both for the State Senate and for the House of Delegates who stand out in their respective communities boldly, fearlessly and unflinchingly under any test which may be applied as to their honesty, character and fitness."

Mr. Bonaparte said: "A restriction on the suffrage which makes it an hereditary privilege regardless of the personal fitness of the voter is no less un-democratic than it is un-Republican. It would have been as odious to the author of the Declaration of Independence as to the liberator of the slave, and we may hope that the true disciples of Jefferson will be found side by side with the disciples of Lincoln in repudiating a measure condemned by the doctrines of both. But it is to my mind more important to consider the practical than the theoretical vices of the proposed amendment. It is intended to make, and it would, in fact, make Maryland a one-party state. It would destroy the independent vote as a factor in our politics, and make certain for an indefinite time in the future, that control of the Democratic organization meant undisputed rule in the state and city governments."

### Our S. S. and C. E. Columns.

We have received so few responses to our request for information as to the wishes of our readers relative to the publication of our Sunday School and C. E. columns, that we do not know what to do in the matter. Those who have replied are equally divided. The question is—Shall we continue to publish the columns in the issue of the week of their use, or would a week earlier be more desirable? There are good arguments on both sides, the chief one in favor of the change being that it would give subscribers at a distance use of the columns which they do not now have.

### The Popular Vote.

According to the New York Times, the following is the popular vote cast for the Presidential candidates, this year:

|                     |            |
|---------------------|------------|
| Republican          | 7,659,688  |
| Democratic          | 5,450,690  |
| Socialist           | 401,506    |
| Prohibition         | 228,014    |
| Independence League | 82,330     |
| Peoples             | 29,362     |
| Socialist Labor     | 11,903     |
| Total               | 14,863,493 |

### Pennies not Wanted in the Church Collection Basket.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Dec. 14.—Pennies will not be accepted hereafter in the collection baskets at St. Mary's Catholic church, which has the largest congregation of any in this city.

Some time ago the pastor, Rev. R. A. McAndrew, requested that nothing less than a nickel be placed in the baskets. This request was not heeded, and yesterday he made the announcement at all masses that after this pennies will not be accepted.

"Anyone who is so poor as to give the church no more than a penny at the Sunday collection," he said, "needs the cent more than the church does."

He added that if his words are not heeded he would be compelled, disagreeable as it might be, to return the collectors and possibly to accompany all pennies placed in the basket.

He said that a week ago not fewer than 1000 persons gave pennies.

### Church Dedication at Lineboro.

The new Lutheran church will be dedicated at Lineboro, this county, on Sunday, Rev. Dr. Singmaster, of Gettysburg Theological Seminary, will preach. There will be two services; in the morning at 10 o'clock, and in the afternoon at 2 o'clock. The new church will be in the Manchester charge, with Rev. H. H. Flick, as pastor. A general invitation is extended to the public to attend the dedicatory exercises.

## Rumored Sale of W. F. & G. Electric Railroad.

The sale of the Washington, Frederick and Gettysburg Railroad to Jordan, represented by Dr. L. Llewellyn Jordan, of Washington, is possible, as a syndicate representing the majority stock and first mortgage bond holders, is reported to have given Dr. Jordan an option on the stock, which would constitute a controlling interest in the road.

By the terms of the sale the purchasers will take over \$69,000 worth of stock and \$175,000 of first mortgage bonds controlled directly by the syndicate. There is a total of \$87,000 of stock outstanding, \$18,000 of which is held outside of the syndicate. By the terms of the agreement all stockholders are to be treated alike.

One of the directors said Saturday night that when the offer was made the syndicate decided to sell on condition that those outside of the syndicate would fare equally. This was agreed to and all that remains to be done is the settlement. Should anything prevent, he said, the syndicate is satisfied to retain possession of the road, as it is valuable.

It is thought at Frederick that Senator Stephen E. Elkins and John R. McLean, who are owners of the Great Falls and Old Dominion Line, running from Washington to Great Falls, Montgomery county, are backing the project. Dr. Jordan has obtained practically a right of way from Frederick to Great Falls, and it is surmised in business circles that the proposed trolley line between Frederick and Washington will now be built without delay. The link from Frederick to Thurmont, 16 miles, being completed, only 17 miles yet remain to be built to Gettysburg, the terminal. The par value of the stock was formerly \$50 a share.

### Our Sale Register.

Our Sale Register will be commenced in two weeks, or with the issue of January 2. According to custom, all sales for which the printing is done at this office, will be inserted in the register, free of charge, not exceeding three lines of space. When the printing (posters, or advertising in full) is not done at this office, our charge will be 50¢ for four insertions, and 10¢ for each additional insertion, not to exceed \$1.00 for the whole time.

For longer notices, charges will be made according to size, and length of time. If you have not yet authorized us to register your sale, please do so promptly.

### Home from the East.

Littlestown, Dec. 13.—Miss Annie Forrest, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton Forrest, of Littlestown, was welcomed home from far-off Japan. The lady has served ten years as a missionary at Nogoya, Japan, sent there by the Methodist church. During that period she has been home twice. The first trip home was made five years ago, and the second three years ago when she accompanied a sick missionary lady to this country.

Miss Forrest landed in San Francisco on Thanksgiving day, and after remaining at headquarters, in that city for several days, came East, stopping to visit relatives in the western part of this State, and also a short stay with a missionary lady at Altoona who left this week for Nogoya, Japan, to take the place made vacant by Miss Forrest. Miss Forrest will not return to Japan.

### Friday and Saturday will be Legal Holidays.

Governor Crothers has named Saturday, Dec. 26, a legal holiday, therefore, Banks will be closed both on Christmas Day, and the Saturday following. The public in general should bear this in mind, and avoid disappointments.

### Orphans' Court Proceedings.

MONDAY, Dec. 14th., 1908.—Margaret E. Haid, executrix of the estate of Nathan deceased, received order to sell stocks, also order to transfer stocks.

John S. Wentz, George P. Wentz and Cornelia V. Wentz, executors of Phaniel Wentz, deceased, returned inventories of personal property and debts, also received orders to sell personal property and real estate.

George O. Brillhart, administrator of Harry T. Petry, deceased, returned inventory of money.

John H. Diffendal, executor of Tobias H. Eckenrode, deceased, filed report of sale of real estate on which Court granted an order nisi.

TUESDAY, Dec. 15th., 1908.—Letters testamentary granted unto R. Virginia McCormick and George L. Stocksdale, on the estate of Dorothy Sauble, who received order to notify creditors, and who settled their first and final account.

R. Virginia McCormick, executrix of Simon J. Grammar, deceased, settled her first and final account.

Susanna Formwalt and Edward L. Formwalt, administrators of George H. Formwalt, deceased, returned report of sale of personal property.

### Against Lincoln Road.

Washington, Dec. 16.—The establishment of a federal bureau of fine arts under the department of the interior, was recommended by the committee on the Allied Fine Arts of the American Institute of Architects which met here in the 42nd annual convention.

The most important recommendation of the Board of Directors was in regard to the proposed national memorial to Abraham Lincoln.

The board approved of the scheme of the park commission for placing the memorial on what is known as the Mall in this city and strongly disapproved of the scheme of building a highway from this city to Gettysburg as a memorial to Lincoln.

We would be glad to have articles, for our next issue, bearing on some phase of the Christmas season, not later than Monday afternoon.

**THE CARROLL RECORD**  
(NON-PARTISAN.)  
Published every Saturday, at Taneytown,  
Md., by The Carroll Record Printing  
and Publishing Company.  
P. B. ENGLAR, Editor and Manager.

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you mean to pay for it. The label on paper  
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All subscriptions will be discontinued on  
their expiration, when requested to do so;  
and no credit subscription will be continued  
longer than one year after the time to which  
it has been paid. This provision is to be con-  
sidered merely as an extension of credit, or a  
favor, to subscribers, and is not a fixed rule  
for all cases.

ADVERTISING rates will be given on ap-  
plication, after the character of the business  
has been definitely stated, together with in-  
formation as to space, position, and length of  
contract. The publisher reserves the right  
of declining all offers for space.

All advertisements for 2nd, 3rd, 4th and 7th  
pages must be in our office by Tuesday morn-  
ing, each week; otherwise, insertion cannot  
be guaranteed until the following week.

Entered at Taneytown Postoffice as Second  
Class Matter.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 19th., 1908.

LAST WEEK, one of our exchanges, ex-  
actly the same size as the RECORD, con-  
tained 184 inches of reading matter, and  
743 inches of advertising; or one-fifth  
reading and four-fifths advertising. This  
is "getting Christmas on," in earnest,  
for the publisher, but we wonder how  
the readers like it, and if readers don't  
like a paper, what is the use to adver-  
tise in it?

NOW THERE is a demand for the re-  
moval of the tariff on butter. What for?  
Who wants to eat foreign butter, any-  
way? The nearby, fresh product, is bad  
enough, at times, and consumers are not  
hankering after shipments of it from  
other countries, while we are sure the  
farmers don't want "free trade" in that  
direction. Give us better butter, but not  
butter buttered and battered about be-  
cause bitter butters-in on the tariff are  
bustling for it.

HOW TIMES are changing! Learned  
Professors are now telling us "not to  
play with the baby"—that it is "bad for  
its nerves." Consequently, when the baby  
laughs, on being tickled, it does  
not do so because it likes the tickling,  
but because its papa, or mamma, is such  
a big fool as not to know any better. If  
it wasn't for our Professors, this crazy  
old world of ours would "frazzle" out in  
a very short time. Please let the baby  
rest in peace, hereafter.

ONE OF OUR exchanges, the Lancaster  
*Examiner*, gives over a column of valu-  
able space in a wail over the fact that  
"red top boots" have disappeared, and  
consequently the life of a little boy is  
hardly worth living. Not so. "Where  
ignorance is bliss 'tis folly to be wise,"  
hence, never having been the proud pos-  
sessor of "red tops" he has nothing to  
worry about on that score; indeed, the  
average boy would elevate his nose at  
an angle of forty-five, should he now be  
asked to be satisfied with the equipment  
of the "red boot" period.

**Religion and Public Office.**

We think it both unfortunate and un-  
wise that President Roosevelt should  
have gone out of his way to make pub-  
lic a letter, touching on the question of  
denominationalism in connection with  
personal fitness for holding public office.  
His letter was only a little less objec-  
tionable because it was made public  
after, and not before, the election, but  
that it was published at all, or that he  
felt inspired to write such a letter at all,  
is one of the things that those of less  
but-in-ativeness than the President,  
fail to understand.

It is perhaps equally unfortunate and  
unwise that several great Protestant  
denominations—or their claimed repre-  
sentatives—felt called upon to answer  
the letter, but we presume the latter was  
the natural consequence of the former,  
and now the Roman Catholic church—  
through its claimed representatives—  
has as naturally had its say, and we  
trust that this will end the whole busi-  
ness.

Such questions can very safely be left  
to the people, as individuals, to deter-  
mine for themselves. While a large per-  
centage of religious denominations are  
talking unity and consolidation, and  
while the preponderating sentiment of  
the whole country is for religious free-  
dom and tolerance, it comes as a very  
discordant note for ill-feeling to be  
officially stirred up, without the slightest  
justification or need, between religious  
bodies, even when they differ so radi-  
cally in creeds, but peaceably.

Men have a perfect right to differ as  
to their methods of worshipping God,  
and all have a right to aspire to holding  
public office. There is no law in this  
land against either, nor ever will be.  
The effort that was made by a few  
bigoted and overzealous denominational  
partisans to discredit Mr. Taft's religion,  
was so weak and contemptible that it  
made hardly a ripple on the surface,  
which makes it all the more clear that  
the President's post election dictum,  
with reference to the Catholic church,  
was both foolish and unjustifiable, and  
an incident that it would be well for all  
to promptly forget.

**The Calendar Business.**

Without meaning it, some who appreci-  
ate and receive calendars, are apt to  
spoil a good thing, through imposing on  
the liberality of business men by making  
"collections" of calendars, simply be-  
cause they can get them, free. The specu-  
lative of a person carrying an armful of  
them, will do the trick. Calendars cost  
considerable money, and many business  
men wonder whether "it pays," espe-  
cially as many of them go into homes  
where there are already, perhaps a half-  
dozen or more.

We do not pretend to say what should  
be done in the matter, but it ought to be  
apparent to everybody that they should  
be satisfied with enough of the handy  
almanacs, and not aim to fill the house  
with them. We do not think it would  
pay business men to discontinue buying  
them, but we do think it would pay best  
—even though it would cost more—to  
mail, or deliver them, to those whom  
they want to have them, instead of keep-  
ing them on a pile for everybody to  
come and help themselves.

Calendars are not intended to be given  
out, like picture cards, or circulars, to  
everybody. Considering their cost, and  
the advertising to be derived from them,  
their distribution should be made a plain  
business proposition, or investment, and,  
as said before, the people themselves  
should not be greedy, but economical  
and appreciative.

**Thank You.**

Last week we received a very kind  
letter from one of our subscribers in  
New Windsor district, part of which fol-  
lows:

"I have often felt it my duty to write  
and tell you what I think of your paper.  
I don't see how a county paper could  
be better, and I especially want to  
thank you for publishing the Sunday  
School lesson and the Christian Endeavor  
columns. I hope you may live long  
to publish the RECORD, and make it still  
better as the years go by."

Such little commendations help to  
make it "worth while" to keep on trying  
to do one's best. The world, as a rule,  
appears heartless and unsympathetic,  
especially in business matters, and too lit-  
tle account is taken of things meritorious  
which might just as easily, and perhaps  
more profitably, be otherwise. High  
ideals are often expensive luxuries, and  
nowhere more so than in the newspaper  
business, if we are to judge by the vol-  
untary compliments of readers. Let us  
hope that most readers are inwardly ap-  
preciative, though not outwardly demon-  
strative.

**For Denominational Union.**

The activity among religious bodies,  
which has been going on for several  
years, looking towards the union of not  
widely separated denominations, as well  
as toward business-like working plans  
for harmony in Home and Foreign  
Mission operations, is likely to result,  
eventually, in numerous changes for the  
better, in every respect. The wide dis-  
cussion of "union," is in itself likely to  
bring about a vastly better feeling, even  
should there not result a single case of  
consolidation; but there is likely to be  
real union, especially between different  
branches holding the same name, in  
the near future.

Why there should be a dozen kinds of  
Presbyterians, and as many kinds of  
Lutherans, and seventeen kinds of  
Methodists, is very difficult for the lay  
mind to comprehend, and even the  
clericals are puzzled, at times, to ex-  
plain just the why or wherefore. We  
suspect that a good many of the divi-  
sions originated through mere petty  
differences of opinion, and the fact that  
one side would not "give up" to the  
other, but had to fight it out and set up  
a rival establishment.

There appears to have resulted, so far,  
an agreement to seek to prevent the  
organization of a dozen churches in a  
village where one or two will suffice, and  
to prevent the overlapping of efforts in  
the foreign field. It may not sound well  
to say it, but it is no doubt largely true,  
that denominational consolidation is re-  
tarded, rather than encouraged, by  
church dignitaries and theologians, and  
that if the laymen could be heard and  
followed, the movement toward union  
and consolidation would be greatly  
accelerated.

**What Judge Taft Said.**

President-elect Taft's New York ad-  
dress, in which he commended the south  
for so legislating as to prevent the danger  
of majority rule by the ignorant, appears  
to have given much comfort to those  
who champion the passage of the dis-  
franchising amendment in Maryland,  
next year. Evidently, those who take  
this view read the speech superficially,  
for Mr. Taft said nothing in favor of  
legislative discrimination against race  
or color, but against ignorance without  
qualification.

Attorney John C. Rose, of Baltimore,  
in commenting on the address, gives the  
true situation, as follows:  
"The real point of Judge Taft's refer-  
ences to the suffrage problem is his in-  
sistence that no man shall be deprived  
of his vote because of his color or race.  
He declares with distinctness that every  
community which feels that its illiterate  
voters are a danger to it may provide  
against that danger, but in so doing it  
must impose the same requirements upon  
whites and blacks and, neither in the  
text of the law nor in its administration,  
discriminate for or against either whites  
or blacks.

"In other words, if Maryland thinks  
that it is better that no man who cannot

read and write shall vote, there is no  
reason why anyone outside of Maryland  
should have any objection to Maryland's  
altering its Constitution to accomplish  
that end. The constitutional amendment  
now pending before the people of Mary-  
land is intended to make all white men  
believe at least that they will be able to  
vote after its adoption no matter how  
illiterate they may be, and it is intended  
to disfranchise all negroes except those  
who have \$250 worth of property.

"The so-called literary test incorpo-  
rated in the amendment is one which if  
enforced against white men, as it will be  
enforced against black men, would dis-  
franchise at least 19 out of every 20  
white voters. It is a test which, if  
honestly applied as between whites and  
blacks, would be senseless because it has  
no real tendency to discriminate be-  
tween those who are fit to vote and those  
who are not.

"Judge Taft's speech was a plea for a  
wiser handling of the whole question.  
He told his hearers that we had millions  
of negroes here and here they must re-  
main; that for their sakes and ours they  
must yield equal obedience to the law,  
and in order that they or any set of men  
shall cheerfully yield equal obedience to  
the law they must receive equal protec-  
tion from the law. Disfranchise men  
because they are illiterate, disfranchise  
them because they are lawless. If you  
think that men who are thriftless and  
who own no property should be disfran-  
chised, as I do not, disfranchise them,  
but do not disfranchise a man because  
he is in whole or in part a negro.

**Ex-Gov. Warfield's Efforts Bear Fruit at Last.**

Former Governor Warfield must have  
rubbed his eyes with amazement when  
he read Governor Crothers' ringing de-  
claration for economy at Annapolis and  
Senator Harper's recommendations of  
how to secure it. Mr. Warfield pointed  
out many of the extravagances of which  
Senator Harper now complains. He  
proved the State was spending too much  
for clerk hire, for engraving work and  
for cleaning the Capitol. He gave a de-  
tailed summary of where the money  
went and how savings could be effected,  
but the Legislature took unusual pains  
to show its contempt for the views of the  
outgoing chief executive, and it his suc-  
cessor put into effect any of the reforms  
that were recommended and urgently  
called for we failed to notice it.

Who has forgotten the famous contro-  
versy when President Seth of the State  
Senate—incensed at the suggestion that  
the Legislature was spending too much  
money—held the former Governor up to  
ridicule? And who has forgotten the  
letter that so far as common knowledge  
goes, has not yet been opened or treated  
to the courtesy of a reply? Unless mem-  
ory fails us, all the credit Mr. Warfield  
got for his effort in behalf of economy  
was a fierce attack, winding up with a  
comparison to a red-briided stallion at a  
county fair.

However, it is well to know that his  
suggestions fell on fruitful soil, albeit a  
trifle late in blossoming. Let us hope  
that the present effort will meet with a  
kindlier reception at Annapolis.—*Balt. News.*

**Completed Election Figures.**

The completed returns of the late Presi-  
dential election, now just at hand for all  
the States, must afford an interesting  
study to some of the prophets in the  
heat of the campaign, and prove more  
or less instructive to those who are try-  
ing to get a look into the political future.

The vote for Bryan this year was 82,  
390 less than he received when he first  
ran, twelve years ago, and this is in  
spite of the fact that Oklahoma, which  
gave him 122,406, has been added to the  
list of States. He has, however, 92,683  
more votes than he received in his sec-  
ond campaign, in 1900, but that is less  
than the vote of Oklahoma, which was  
not included eight years ago. Taking  
the States which voted at all three elec-  
tions—which excludes Oklahoma—  
Bryan's vote is now 204,796 less than  
twelve years ago and 29,723 less than it  
was eight years ago.

No very deep examination of the fig-  
ures is needed to show that Bryan has  
not only made no progress since his first  
nomination, but that he has really lost  
ground. The total vote of the country  
of all parties has increased from 13,952,-  
179, in 1896, to 14,869,813, this year, but  
instead of getting any part of the increase  
Bryan has suffered losses. The popular  
plurality against him in 1896 was 574,224,  
in 1900 it was 861,517, and at the recent  
election it was 1,208,398. Yet when the  
Democratic party tried another candi-  
date four years ago it was still worse  
beaten.

**The Mail Carrier.**

The troubles of the mail carrier are  
 manifold. It is a decided fallacy to  
think that he has all the time he wants.  
His examination is composed of such  
questions that very few men of average  
intelligence could answer them. This,  
then, proves him above the average  
man in intelligence. If he is late he will  
hear about it. He dares not explain that  
Mrs. V. asked him to wait "while I get  
a stamp," or "while I address this let-  
ter," or "while I get that newspaper  
for you." All this delays him and when  
he reaches the end of his route he is from  
twenty to thirty minutes late, which de-  
ducts that much from his rest hour.

Rain or shine, cold or melting hot, wet  
or dry, sick or well, sad or gay, early or  
late, week day or holiday, the mail car-  
rier must deliver the goods. He is wick-  
ed and so there is no rest for him. Thus  
thinketh some people. The fact is that  
the mail carrier is one of the most faith-  
ful servants the public has. Of all of  
Uncle Sam's employes the mail carrier

is the most honest, since the number of  
carriers confined within the walls of the  
penitentiaries is smaller than that of any  
other class of public servants. The op-  
portunities for dishonesty among the  
mail carriers are great, and when one  
will but remember the long hours of toil  
and hardship and the comparatively  
small wages which he is paid, the won-  
der is that so few go astray, and it speaks  
volumes for the high moral standard  
among these useful toilers.

Christmas is coming. The mail will  
be getting heavier and heavier with each  
succeeding day, his hours of toil longer,  
his burdens heavier and so it may be  
well to remind our readers of the fact  
that the mail carrier is a faithful servant  
of the people and to lighten his burden  
by not imposing upon him the extra  
steps or unnecessary conversation should  
be the duty of every friend of the mail  
carrier. He is a faithful, honest and  
hard worker. Do not delay him. Do  
not make his burden heavier. He is  
your friend, be his.—*Harve de Grace Republican.*

**Good Cough Medicine For Children.**

The season for coughs and colds is  
now at hand and too much care cannot  
be used to protect the children. A child  
is much more likely to contract diphtheria  
or scarlet fever when he has a cold. The  
quicker you cure his cold the less the  
risk. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is  
the sole reliance of many mothers, and  
few of those who have tried it are willing  
to use any other. Mrs. F. F. Starcher,  
of Ripley, W. Va., says: "I have never  
used anything other than Chamberlain's  
Cough Remedy for my children and it  
has always given good satisfaction." This  
remedy contains no opium or other  
narcotic and may be given as confidently  
to a child as to an adult. For sale by  
R. S. McKinney, Druggist, Taneytown,  
Md.

**Should Not Visit Panama.**

Mr. Taft, in a dispatch published in  
THE SUN recently, announced his de-  
termination to go to Panama next month,  
to inspect the work on the interoceanic  
canal. His decision to visit the canal  
region, he explains, is due to his convic-  
tion that "things go on better when the  
'old man' is around. It gives the men  
holding responsible positions the feeling  
that they are in touch with affairs; that  
the men in Washington are in touch with  
what is being done." Then Mr. Taft  
added: "There is no reason why I  
should not go. The President made one  
trip to that region. I have been there  
five times."

Mr. Taft may find, upon reconsidera-  
tion, that there is a reason—a very seri-  
ous and weighty one, in the opinion of  
many thoughtful men—why he should  
not take unnecessary risks now or during  
his term of service as President. The  
element of peril cannot be eliminated  
from ocean travel. The climate of the  
Isthmus is not healthful. There is danger  
in conditions which produce deadly fe-  
vers. Mr. Roosevelt, it is true, made  
the trip to Panama. But surely that is  
not a binding precedent. Mr. Roosevelt  
has done other things which were pecu-  
liarly Rooseveltian—things which his suc-  
cessor in office will be under no obliga-  
tion to do and which he ought not to do.  
When Mr. Taft made his previous visits  
to Panama he was a member of the Cab-  
inet. His status now is essentially differ-  
ent from that of a Secretary of State or  
a Secretary of War. He will, Providence  
permitting, become President of the  
United States in a little more than two  
and a half months, as the result of the  
election on November 3 last. It is Mr.  
Taft's duty to the country to take the  
very best care of himself, to be prudent  
in all his undertakings, so that the will  
of the people as expressed at the polls  
last month may not be thwarted by any  
untoward circumstance which is reason-  
ably avoidable.

In the view of many of Mr. Taft's fel-  
low-citizens there is no actual necessity  
for him to go to Panama. The Govern-  
ment at Washington is at all times in  
close touch by cable with the men who  
are directing the work on the canal.  
Mr. Taft is not an engineer. If he should  
visit Panama he would be compelled to  
rely upon the opinions of experts in  
forming an intelligent judgment concern-  
ing the progress of work on the canal  
project, the efficiency of the men in  
charge of the undertaking. Therefore,  
so far as practical results are concerned,  
we are unable to perceive that Mr. Taft's  
presence on the Isthmus would be fruit-  
ful. It is suggested that recent criticism  
of the work on the canal "may have  
confirmed Mr. Taft's tentative decision  
to look the work over." With all re-  
spect for Mr. Taft's ability, and recog-  
nizing fully his sincere desire to pro-  
mote the welfare of the nation, it may  
be suggested that the best judges of the  
success or failure of a difficult engineer-  
ing project are men who have technical  
and practical knowledge of engineering.  
If the men now at the head of the national  
Government or the man who is soon to  
be the Chief Executive are disturbed  
by published criticisms of the work on  
the Panama Canal, an inquiry by com-  
petent engineers may be in order. But  
there is no substantial reason why Mr.  
Taft should accompany the engineers on  
their voyage to the Isthmus. The coun-  
try will be satisfied with any conclusions  
which he may form based upon the re-  
ports of experts thoroughly equipped  
for an investigation and having the con-  
fidence of Mr. Taft.—*Balt. Sun.*

**Marked for Death.**

"Three years ago I was marked for  
death. A grave-yard cough was tearing  
my lungs to pieces. Doctors failed to  
help me, and hope had fled, when my  
husband got Dr. King's New Discovery,"  
says Mrs. A. C. Williams, of Bac, Ky.  
"The first dose helped me and improve-  
ment kept on until I had gained 58  
pounds in weight and my health was  
fully restored." This medicine holds  
the world's healing record for coughs  
and colds and lung and throat diseases.  
It prevents pneumonia. Sold under guar-  
antee at R. S. McKinney's drug store,  
50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

**HESSON'S DEPARTMENT STORE.**  
**CHRISTMAS, 1908**  
**ONLY FIVE MORE SHOPPING DAYS UNTIL**  
**CHRISTMAS.**



**Our Store is Crowded With Holiday Shoppers**

There are only five more buying days left before Christmas, so  
that there is need of haste on the part of all who have not supplied  
themselves with all that they wish in the Gift Goods line.

Everything Imaginable to Make Christmas Merry for Old and Young Can Be  
Found at Our Store.

A few of the many things suitable for Christmas Gifts:

- Ladies' and Misses' Coats, at Reduced Prices.
- Men's and Boys' Suits and Overcoats, at Reduced Prices.
- Pair of Cord Pants.
- Trunks.
- Ladies' Furs and Muffs.
- Children's Fur Sets.
- Felt and Gum Boots.
- Men's and Boys' Hats.
- Set of Knives and Forks.
- Silver Knives and Forks, 1847
- Silver Teaspoons.
- Silver Tablespoons.
- Silver Tea Set.
- Iron Toys.
- Dolls.
- Albums.
- Bibles.
- Testaments.
- Fancy China.
- Vases.
- All Kinds of Glassware.
- Umbrellas.
- Suit Cases.
- A Pair of Shoes.
- Neck Ties.
- Suspenders.
- Silk Mufflers.
- Silk Handkerchiefs.
- Linen Handkerchiefs.
- Kid Gloves.
- Leather Gloves.
- Wool Gloves.
- Pictures.
- Mirrors.
- Sleds for Boys and Girls.
- Balls.
- Large Parlor Lamps.
- Nickel Lamps.
- Chamber Sets.
- 100-Piece Set of Dishes.
- Ladies' Underwear.
- Men's Underwear.
- Bed Blankets.
- Bed Comforts.
- Horse Blankets.

**WE WISH YOU ALL A MERRY CHRISTMAS!**

**HESSON'S DEPARTMENT STORE.**

**RATIFICATION NOTICE.**

In the Orphans' Court of Carroll County,  
December Term, 1908.

Estate of Thomas D. Thomson, deceased.  
On application, it is ordered, this 8th day  
of December, 1908, that the sale of Leasehold  
Estate of Thomas D. Thomson, late of Car-  
roll County, deceased, made by John H. Ditten-  
dal, Administrator of said deceased, and this  
day reported to this Court by the said Admin-  
istrator, be ratified and confirmed, unless  
cause be shown to the contrary on or before  
the 2nd Monday, 11th day of January next;  
provided a copy of this Order be inserted for  
three successive weeks in some newspaper  
printed and published in Carroll County, be-  
fore the 1st Monday, 4th day of January, next.  
The report states the amount of sale to be  
\$22.00.

JOHN E. ECKENRODE,  
WILLIAM L. RICHARDS,  
ROBERT N. KOONTZ,  
Justices.

True Copy:  
Test: JOHN J. STEWART,  
12-12-11 Register of Wills.

**Notice to Creditors.**

This is to give notice that the subscriber has  
obtained from the Orphans' Court of Carroll  
County, in Md., letters testamentary upon the  
estate of

GEORGE A. MEHRING,

late of Carroll County, deceased. All persons  
having claims against the deceased, are here-  
by warned to exhibit the same, with the vouch-  
ers properly authenticated, to the subscriber  
on or before the 12th day of June, 1909;  
they may otherwise by law be excluded from  
all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hands this 12th day of  
December, 1908.

12-12-11 VILLIANN B. MEHRING,  
Executrix.

**Our Special Notice Column.**

Is a clearing house for all sorts of sur-  
plus property, as well as for "Wants,"  
articles "Lost" and "Found," and im-  
portant notices in general. Even to  
those who do not patronize it, it is worth  
the cost of a year's subscription for the  
information it carries.

**STOVES! STOVES!**

I have the Largest and Best  
Stock of Stoves ever offered in  
town. Call to see them!

**Penn Esther  
and Red Cross**

The very best makes on the  
market. All sizes, at reason-  
able prices.

**OIL STOVES A SPECIALTY!**

**Plumbing and Steam Heating!**

The time of the year is here  
to prepare for your winter heat-  
ing. Call on, or drop card to  
undersigned before placing  
your order. Am prepared to  
serve you at the Lowest Possi-  
ble price. I also handle

Pumps, Wind Wheels,  
and the Plumbing business in  
general.

**H. S. KOONS,**  
TANEYTOWN, MD.

7-4-11

**FARM SALES**

should be advertised in THE CARROLL  
RECORD, because it has more readers in  
the northern half of the county than any  
other paper. The paper that is the most  
read, is the best for advertising results.

## The Hoof and Mouth Disease.

Inasmuch as the dread disease known as "foot-and-mouth disease" has been discovered as coming from the East Buffalo stock yards, and feeding cattle were taken therefrom into Western Pennsylvania and also in several counties in Western New York. I think a brief article will be read with interest.

Neither foot-and-mouth disease nor any other highly infectious disease, it is safe to say, will ever in this country cause the losses that England and continental Europe sustained in years gone by, as the true nature of such diseases is now well known, and the farmers of America are now and always will be too much on the alert for any disease to get much of a start before they will seek veterinary aid and State aid and keep it localized until it can be stamped out. Yet, with all this in view, as it is now known that this disease is in this country, and there are likely to be future outbreaks of it, it becomes all livestock owners to know what it is, its original and its symptoms.

Scientific investigation has not as yet determined under what conditions the germ or virus may develop. In fact, it is not as yet known whether it is a microbe or a poison or virus which dwells in certain soils. In the winter of 1903-4 there was an outbreak of it in Massachusetts and Vermont. In one case it was thought to have been brought to a section in Massachusetts by foreign hides. I personally went to investigate in Vermont and could find no evidence of the infection coming from any source at all. In 1883 I personally knew of an outbreak in the State of New York on a farm where no strange cattle had been brought in several months. It was duly stamped out. Thus I have no hesitation in saying there is liability of an outbreak anywhere and at any time, and the thing for farmers to do is to be on the alert and to waste no time in seeking veterinary aid. While it has been known for over two centuries in Holland and other countries of Europe, it was as late as 1839 before Great Britain suffered severely from the scourge, for scourge it is when a farm once becomes infected with it. All of the cloven hoofed animals are more susceptible to the contagion than the horse or animal having several toes. This is no doubt due to the germ or virus being conveyed by moist soil or filth containing it up between the sections of the bifurcated foot to the skin just above the foot, which is the point of inoculation when it is moist or perhaps a little sore or tender. A pustule is soon formed which produces a violent itching. The animal licks it to get relief and then the mouth becomes affected and blisters and pustules soon appear. The whole system becomes more or less solid. The animal is unable to eat any solid food, and unless it is furnished nourishment in a liquid form will likely starve before the disease will run its course as an eruptive fever, which lasts from 10 to 15 days. If the animal survives, it is practically immune from the disease ever afterwards. In extremely bad cases where nothing is done to alleviate, the hoofs sometimes drop off.

The milk of all cows suffering from this disease is wholly unfit to use for either human or animal food; also the flesh is unfit for human food; yet the danger of conveying the disease to the human by the use of either the milk or flesh is extremely doubtful. There are on record a few cases where it was thought to have been thus conveyed; but the chief source of human infection is direct inoculation of the poison or germ entering the system through abrasions of the skin or sores on the hands. It is not a very fatal disease in animals, the loss being largely from dairy herds becoming worthless, the loss of hoofs of other animals, and—worse than all—the soil where the animals run becoming inoculated to the extent of making it a source of continual danger. Therefore, all cattle, sheep or swine owners, on the first appearance of disease of the nature described, should do their utmost to stamp it out. Our Federal Government has been very alert and generous with the livestock owners of this country, and has thus far deemed it better and safer for the country's good to buy all diseased animals and pay for them; also to disinfect, or aid the livestock owners in disinfecting their premises, and it becomes all livestock owners to aid the State and national Governments all they can in their work of preventing this disease from ever getting a foothold in this country, even if for a short time a rigid quarantine has to be enforced. The germ or virus—whichever it may be—can be conveyed in men's boots, by dogs, cats and fowls. Therefore, don't hesitate to keep the animals shut up whenever there is an outbreak, and usually a week's time will stamp it out when properly managed.

## The Valuable Alligator.

The man of science has been studying the alligator and has discovered that every part is of some value. A half grown specimen is worth far more in money than the largest steer that was ever separated into articles of commerce, even in a Chicago abattoir. Take the teeth, for instance. They are of such fine ivory that they can be made into watch charms and other jewelry, for they have a much brighter luster and are as rich in tint as the best tusks that ever came out of an African elephant's head. The teeth alone, says the Technical World Magazine, are worth from \$2 to \$4 a pound, according to size. Every square inch of the hide makes a covering which is far more durable and has a more attractive finish than most leathers.

**The Despised Allanthus.**  
Among the very common trees, yet almost totally unknown, is the much despised, ill smelling allanthus. A million dollars could not buy a board in any lumber yard, says Arboriculture. The dealer or manufacturer of lumber never saw it on sale and would not recognize it if seen. Yet it is a magnificent wood, resembling white ash and capable of receiving a high polish.

**Fire and Water Proof Cement.**  
Mix ten parts of finely sifted unoxidized iron filings and five parts of perfectly dry, pulverized clay with vinegar spirit by thorough kneading until the whole is a uniform plastic mass. If the cement thus made is used at once it will harden rapidly and withstand fire and water.—Werkstatt.

# Farm and Garden

## GOOD HORSES.

### The Preservation of Our Best Native American Types.

By GEORGE M. ROMMEL.

Pedantic persons may express some astonishment at the idea of looking to a breed of saddle horses for carriage horses, but the records of horses with pedigrees and sufficient proof of the claim that the American saddle horse register contains some of our best carriage blood and that breeders who are using that blood judiciously are acting wisely.

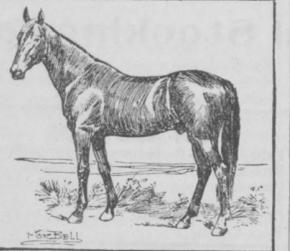
There are certain lines of breeding found in the saddle horse register which can be relied upon to produce carriage horses. In Kentucky the



CARBON, CARRIAGE STALLION AT HEAD OF GOVERNMENT STATION AT COLORADO EXPERIMENT STATION.

breeding of horses for individual excellence of conformation, quality and action is carried to a greater degree than in any other state, and, contrary to popular opinion, the most of the men outside of the thoroughbred establishments who make their living from horse breeding in Kentucky—in the blue grass counties at least—are breeding not for speed, but for type. This has been going on for years, and for this reason the good, handsome horses of Kentucky have usually been appreciated, their history traced and their descendants accounted for. If the same careful attention had been shown fifty years ago by Morgan breeders in New England and had there been displayed the same enthusiasm for and loyalty to a valuable local type of horses there would now be no necessity for government aid to save the Morgan from destruction. If horsemen in the limestone sections of the corn belt had paid less attention to the speed records of the stallions in their localities and more to their individuality the carriage horse work of the department of agriculture would be out of place.

Specific work in horse breeding by the United States government was first made possible by the inclusion in the appropriation act for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1905, of an item of \$25,000 for experiments in animal breeding and feeding in co-operation with state agricultural experiment stations. The reasons for taking up the breeding of carriage horses have been fully set forth in various publications. In articles for the press and in public addresses, but a recapitulation here may not be out of order. Briefly stated, they were: That carriage horses are, as a rule, the most valuable class on the market, that as a result of the strong demand the supply was gradually diminishing and that, notwithstanding all the importations of the carriage type from abroad, the preferred horse was the American horse. Most important of all, however, was the feeling that steps should be taken to correct the practice of castrating valuable stallions and selling valuable mares for other than when properly managed.



BELMONT, OFTEN FOUND IN PEDIGREES OF AMERICAN CARRIAGE HORSES.

breeding purposes. The department also felt that, although probably nothing could wean the American horseman from his attachment to the standard bred horse, the most useful characteristics of this horse should be preserved if it would continue to be of high value to the farmers of the country.

### The Farmer of the Future.

The future farmer will subjugate his land and defy drought as well as floods. He will become a scientific forester, and every farm will produce wood and lumber as well as wheat and apples. Women will work outdoors as heartily as men—in fact, they will be the horticulturists and the truck gardeners. There will be closer relation between the producer and the consumer, ignoring a herd of middlemen who frequently waste more than is destroyed by ignorant help and insect foes combined. Under the alliance with the school the farm will be valued not only for its gross weight of products, but for its poems and its education.

## LAND POISONING.

### Something Needed to Destroy Toxic Secretion of Roots.

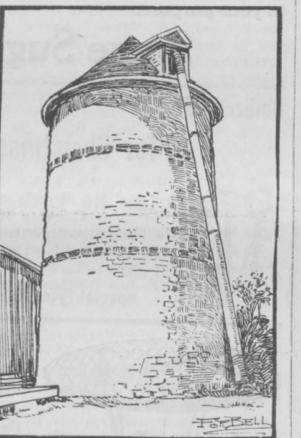
No one knows so well as the practical farmer how rapidly a naturally fertile soil may be exhausted by cultivation. In this country the tobacco lands of Virginia afford an example of this rapid decline in fertility. The abandoned New England farms, too, help to illustrate the effects produced by the constant cultivation of the same fields. Land that once yielded crops as if by magic now requires an artificial preparation before it will reward the farmer for his strenuous labor in the field.

Sir Oliver Lodge, the eminent English scientist, is reported to have expressed his belief in the theory of the poisoning of the cultivated lands of the world. The advocates of this theory believe that the systematic rotation of crops is needless. They believe that it is impossible to exhaust the ground by a crop, as the food supplies in the soil are too great to admit of such a result. Other causes, therefore, must underlie the failure of a crop in what was once fertile soil, and, according to the believers in the theory, this failure is due to root poisoning. According to the poisoning theory, a crop does not do so well when it immediately succeeds another of the same sort because it excretes an active poison which is destructive of its own germs. Artificial manures are recommended not so much as a food for the plant as a remedy against these root poisons.

Very thorough investigations have, however, recently been carried out at Rothamsted, perhaps the most efficient scientific farm in the world, which tend to show that adherents of the poisoning theory have not yet succeeded in fully proving their case. If this theory be true manures in the true sense will no longer be necessary, but something to destroy the poisons excreted by the plants will serve a more useful purpose. As the root poison is admitted to exist in small quantities only, the treatment of land by any new process looking to this end should be much cheaper than under the present system of fertilization.

### A Serviceable Cement Silo.

The accompanying illustration shows a picture of a cement silo 18 by 40 feet, eight feet in the ground, which brings the bottom on a level with the



A CEMENT BLOCK SILO.

cow barn floor. This is probably the best and handsomest silo in Missouri. Re-enforcement was put in, in the form of barb wire in the blocks joint between each course. Blocks were 8 by 8 by 24 inches and made on face down machine, which made it possible to use 1 to 1 mixture for the face one-half inch thick. Belt courses are made by mixing red mineral paint in this facing mixture.

A silo thirty feet high and twelve feet in diameter will hold eighty tons of silage and will feed twenty-one head of cattle 180 days, and it will take about eight acres of average corn to fill it. If the diameter increases to sixteen feet it will hold 120 tons to feed thirty-two cattle and hold twelve acres of corn. A silo thirty feet high and twenty feet in diameter will hold 185 tons, feed fifty head of cattle and require eighteen acres of average corn to fill it. A silo thirty-six feet high and twenty feet in diameter will hold 235 tons, feed sixty-four head of cattle 180 days and will require about twenty-four acres of average corn.

It is better not to build more than twenty feet in diameter, and it is better not to build less than thirty feet in height. You need the height to get the pressure to condense the silage into as small a space as possible. Twenty feet in diameter is handier to fill and handier to empty than a larger silo.

### Saving Corn.

The annual slump in hogs has come earlier than usual this year because corn matured early and the hogs are being finished up with as little of it as possible. The light average weight of the hogs marketed indicates this, and so does their quality, which is inferior. Everywhere there seems to be a disposition to save corn. This is all right as far as it relates to the economical use of it, but there may be false economy in corn as in everything else. The man who rushes his pigs to market to save corn is in all probability practicing false economy. He is likely to find that he could have marketed both pigs and corn in one car later on to better advantage. This early slump may induce those who have not marked their hogs to keep them back, make them good and in the end do better with them than if they shipped now. Unless something checks this false economy of corn that grain is going to come to market in too liberal quantities for the good of prices.

## THE GRANGE

Conducted by  
J. W. DARROW, Chatham, N. Y.,  
Press Correspondent New York State  
Grange

## THE NATIONAL GRANGE

### Some Comments on the Recent Meeting.

#### Suggestions as to Shorter Sessions and the Official Paper, Future Meetings and Proportional Representation by an Observer of the Proceedings.

[Special Correspondence.]

Looking back in review over the proceedings of the national grange, what features stand out most prominently? The answers to this question would probably vary greatly with the persons answering them; therefore those that the writer might select might not be those that impressed others with their significance. However, here are some:

#### Shorter Sessions.

I am of the opinion that one full week would afford sufficient time to transact the business which is now thinly spread over ten days or parts thereof. Compared as to volume if not as to importance, as much real business is transacted in three days by the New York or the Michigan state granges as the national grange transacts in eight or ten days. The sessions were supposed to begin at 10 o'clock and close at 12:30 for the noon recess, and the afternoon session began at 2:30 and closed at 5 o'clock. Evening sessions—well, there were two or three of them. The conferring of the seventh degree occupied one of these and the deliberative assembly of the Priests of Demeter another. State masters' reports could be condensed materially and without loss. The introduction of resolutions for reference to committees should be limited to the first two or three days, which would enable committees to report earlier, and all resolutions should be read when presented, but not discussed. The important reports on tariff, taxation and good of the Order should come early in the session and the less important ones later.

#### Proportional Representation.

The project to increase the number of delegates to the national grange by basing that representation on membership got a very black eye. Until some one has an absolutely workable plan to suggest the change will not be made, and we doubt if it will be when the practical plan comes along. The idea that the founders of the Order build wisely in limiting the representation to two from each state—the worthy master and his wife—is an idea pretty thoroughly fixed in the minds of the leaders, and it will require a small revolution to overcome it. The constitution might be amended, however, so as to provide for a succession in representation in case the master and his wife are unable to be present.

#### Future Meetings.

According to a resolution adopted, it is to be the policy of the national grange to meet hereafter in the weak grange states. The resolution is not a very serious one, but the idea of meeting occasionally or for most of the time in those states where the grange needs building up is all right. Next year the meeting will be held in the middle western states somewhere, the place to be selected by the executive committee. The suggestion made by a delegate that after the annual session closes the state masters should go out in groups of two or four and do missionary work for organization is an idea worthy of adoption. Turn loose twenty-five enthusiastic state masters with a speaking campaign of two or three days in places previously selected for missionary work and successful of these public meetings with follow-up organizers.

#### The Official Paper.

The official paper proposition is one that needs revision. It may not be generally known that the executive committee selects one paper in the city where the national grange meets in which to publish the proceedings. About 2,500 copies of this official paper are purchased and mailed to a list of names furnished by each state master. These papers cost from \$2 to \$3 a hundred, according to the arrangements made. Thus the national grange expends from \$500 to \$750 a session for the papers sent to each state with the official report. It doesn't pay unless everything can be printed that the public should know, and only an ironclad contract will hold a paper to print all that the grange would like to have its constituents know. This would mean at least a page a day, and a newspaper could well afford to give up a page for the price it gets. This year enough copy was furnished by the official reporter to fill several columns each day, but the paper never carried over two. Unless a newspaper can be secured that will print what is furnished by an experienced reporter then the plan would better be changed. But, entirely apart from all this, why should 100 Patrons out of 80,000 in New York state be selected rather than some other 100 to receive the official report? Here is an injustice.

I respectfully suggest that the interests of the national grange and members of the Order everywhere would be better subserved and at much less expense if daily bulletin reports of the proceedings were mailed to 400 or 500 dallies and weeklies in grange states, most of which I am sure would publish them. AN OBSERVER.

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Crown and Bridge Work, Plate Work, Filling Teeth, and Teeth extracted without pain. I will be in TANAYTOWN, 1st. Wednesday of each month. Engagements can be made with me by mail, and at my office in New Windsor, at all other times except the 3rd. Saturday, and Thursday and Friday, immediately preceding that day. Nitrous Oxide Gas administered.  
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SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

Latest Items of Local News Furnished by Our Regular Staff of Writers.

All communications for this department must be signed by the author; not for publication, but as an evidence that the items contributed are legitimate and correct.

To Correspondents.

As Christmas day, this year, falls on our day of publication (Friday) we will go to press one day earlier, next week.

Union Bridge.

Mr. J. D. Stem died at his home near this place, last Saturday, in his 49th year.

Mr. Charles F. Stell, the well-known proprietor of the Union Bridge hotel, died on Monday morning, aged about 55 years.

The entertainment given by the High School, of this place, was well attended, the hall being about full.

Rev. Isaac Toezel is clerking in the store of J. W. Little, during the Christmas rush.

A Merry Christmas to the Editor and readers of the RECORD.

Uniontown.

Elder Wm. P. Englar was in Baltimore, last week, where he was given a medical examination, by Dr. Winslow, at the Md. University Hospital.

Mr. Scott Fuss, of Baltimore, made a flying visit to relatives in town, on Sunday last.

Clarence Davis spent several days in Baltimore, this week.

Miss Belle Hill, Miss Mary E. Baughman, Jervis Hill, Alfred Zollicoffer, Hixon T. Bowersox and Harry T. Baughman, are home from their respective schools for the Christmas vacation.

Our Sunday Schools will all observe the Christmas festival; the Bethel holding its service on Wednesday evening the 23rd.; the Lutheran, on Christmas eve, the 24th., and the Methodist Protestant, Tuesday evening, the 29th.

Mrs. Mary E. Cover will spend the holidays with her children in Easton, Md.

Mrs. Missouri Rountson, who has been living in Baltimore for some time, has returned to Uniontown and will board at Dr. J. F. Englar's, until Spring.

The first part of the week, Mr. Samuel Harbaugh spent at Edgemont, attending the funeral of his brother.

Mrs. Scott Roop, of Westminster, was in town on Tuesday, calling on friends.

Miss Ella V. Smith was called to Baltimore, this week, to attend the funeral of her sister, Mrs. Sarah Day.

Mrs. Day was formerly a resident of Uniontown. She is also a sister of Mrs. Thos. H. Rountson.

On Tuesday evening, the members and friends of the Church of God, visited their Pastor, Rev. L. F. Murray, with a liberal donation. A purse of money was also presented to him.

Detour.

Rev. T. J. Kolb was in Hagerstown, a few days this week, visiting his daughter, Mrs. E. A. Koons.

Mrs. R. Dorsey, of near Motters, Md., was a visitor of Mrs. G. S. J. Fox, one day this week.

Dr. Downey, (eye specialist), of Hagerstown, called on his many friends in town, Tuesday.

Mrs. F. J. Shorb is spending the latter part of this week with her mother, Mrs. H. Weant, of Baltimore.

Mrs. Fannie Wagner and son, of near Medford, are spending a few days at James Warren's.

Mrs. Geo. Clem and daughter, Belva, of near Graceham, spent Wednesday with Mrs. Wm. Welty, and Mrs. Wm. Miller.

Mrs. E. J. Fogle returned home Wednesday, after spending a few days with her son, in Baltimore.

Mr. W. C. Miller is home, suffering from a mashed foot.

Mr. Lemmel Myerly and lady friend, of Baltimore, spent Sunday last with Mr. M's parents.

Mrs. Sarah Frock, of near this place, is very poorly, at this writing.

Mrs. Geo. Long and sister, Mrs. Keefer, of near New Midway, were visitors of Mrs. H. H. Boyer, on Saturday last.

Miss Vallie Fite, of near Motters, Md., is spending this week, with her aunt, Mrs. Maggie Fogle and uncle, Mr. Martin Fogle.

Mr. and Mrs. Jno. Brewer, returned home last Friday, from a visit of two weeks, to Mr. Brewer's home, near Keyser, W. Va.

Mrs. Ross Miller and Mrs. Anna Augenbaugh, of York, Pa., were visiting at Mrs. Edward Essick's, this week.

Pleasant Valley.

Mr. Wm. H. Yingling, who had a horse suffering from fistula for some time, had the animal killed to end its suffering.

Mr. Henry T. Wantz, who has been suffering with a severe attack of kidney trouble, is able to be up again.

Sunday School, this Sunday, at 9 a. m.; Divine Service at 10, by Rev. Jas. B. Stonieser. Prayer-meeting in the evening.

Middleburg.

Mrs. Walter Johnson who has been very ill the past week, does not improve very fast and is still very ill.

The little son of John Bowman, Jr., is quite ill.

Charles Slagle, is able to be up and around again.

Hayden Lynn, of Baltimore, spent from Saturday until Sunday evening with his mother, Mrs. Emily Lynn.

Miss Edna Crouse, of Union Bridge, spent last Saturday with her sister, Mrs. Daniel Boone.

Theodore Wade, of Buena Vista, is visiting his cousin, Mrs. Sally Myers.

The oyster supper held by the Ladies' Aid Society, proved very successful, about \$50.00 being cleared.

Should the weather prove inclement next Wednesday evening, the Christmas service will be held on Saturday evening, Dec. 26th.

Rocky Ridge.

Miss Rosa Miller, of Baltimore, is visiting friends at this place.

Mrs. Joseph Shriver, who has been critically ill, is slowly improving.

Master Howard Wantz, is on the sick list.

Master William Wantz, met with a very bad accident, on Friday last, by cutting his hand severely.

Mr. and Mrs. James Wantz, of this place, have announced the marriage of their daughter, Minnie B., to Mr. John F. Wantz, of Hagerstown, Md., which will take place on next Tuesday, Dec. 22. A reception will be given at her home, on Christmas day.

Clear Ridge.

Miss Rosa Goodwin, of near Taneytown, paid a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Goodwin.

Miss Edna Stoner spent a few days on the Ridge, the past week.

Mr. John Ernst, who met with a painful accident, ten weeks ago, while descending Linwood hill with a load of wheat, is still suffering with his arm, which was broken, and has now gone to Baltimore for treatment.

We are sorry to learn that Mrs. Evan Haines has been on the sick list.

Mrs. Rachel Caylor is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Otto, in New Windsor.

Miss Cora Beard, of Westminster, spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Beard.

Raymond Hood and Miss Edith Beard, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. G. Ecker and family, in Westminster.

We are glad to learn that Miss Emma Ecker is able to ride out again.

The Missionary Sewing Circle will meet at Mrs. Jane Pfoutz's, this Saturday afternoon, 19th. This will close the ninth year's work for the Circle. May we enter into the new year with extra zeal.

York Road.

Mrs. Harvey Koons and children, of Hagerstown, visited Mr. and Mrs. C. Koons, last week.

Mr. Eli Hann, of Philadelphia, visited his brother, Lewis Hann, and attended the funeral of James A. Schildt, on Monday.

Mrs. John Newman and son, Willie, were in Frederick, on Tuesday.

Mr. James A. Schildt died at his home, near this place, Saturday, after a long illness. Funeral service at the Lutheran church, Taneytown, Monday. Revs. Wheeler and Schweitzer conducted the services. Interment in the Reformed cemetery.

Mr. James W. White died at his home, near Bruceville, on Tuesday, aged 75 years. His death was caused by paralysis. He leaves one son, John F., and one daughter, Mrs. James Eckenrode, of Steelton, Pa.

Southern Carroll.

What excuse has Peter Tumbledown for not having his corn and fodder in this fall? It may be "spring" fever.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry B. Pickett, of Shoreham, L. I., are spending several months in this section.

Jonas Ebbert, who has been spending several weeks with his nephew, near Union Bridge, returned to his home at C. F. Beck's, this week.

C. F. Beck lost the most valuable horse in his stables, on Monday. It died from acute indigestion.

Christmas services will be held at Calvary Lutheran Church, Woodbine, on Wednesday evening, Dec. 23rd.; at Messiah Lutheran, on the 24th., and at Brandenburg M. P., on the 25th., all beginning at 7.15 o'clock.

The remains of Mrs. Day, widow of the late Milton R. Day, were interred in Morgan Chapel cemetery on Wednesday, 16th. Funeral services were conducted by Rev. A. F. Campbell, of Baltimore. Mrs. Day was 84 years old and is survived by three children: Mrs. Basil Dorsey, of Berrett; Mrs. Joseph Barnes, of Baltimore, and Franklin Day, of Norfolk, Va.

F. T. Buckingham, postmaster at Woodbine, is quite ill at this time. Members of Camp No. 30, P. O. S. of A., are assisting in nursing him.

Berrett.

Chas. F. Beck, lost a very valuable horse, this week, with colic.

Edward Shipley and Perry J. Hyatt, of Oella, Md., visited relatives in this vicinity, last Saturday and Sunday.

The members of Brandenburg M. P. church, will hold their Christmas entertainment, in the church, Christmas night.

The members of Messiah Lutheran church, will hold their Christmas entertainment on Thursday night, Dec. 24th.

Morley Farver, purchased the estate of the late Elias Barnes, near the Liberty road, at public sale, on Dec. 8th., for \$22,000 per acre.

There is quite a lot of sickness in this vicinity, among small children.

Tyrone.

Mr. Jacob Fleagle was taken to his home, last Saturday, and is getting along as well as can be expected.

The P. O. S. of A. oyster supper was quite a success, the receipts amounted to \$72.87, and the net gain \$25.93. The members wish to thank the ladies who so kindly helped them during the supper.

Howard Hymiller went to New Windsor, Tuesday, to work for Dr. Brown.

Miss Genette Babylon, of Frizellburg, spent Saturday and Sunday with her sister, Mrs. Paul Formwalt.

Winfield.

Revival services, which have been held at Ebenezer church, closed on last Thursday night. The meeting was well attended and there were several conversions.

Miss Carman Devilbiss, of Canada, was in the village, calling on some of her relatives.

Mrs. Augustus Zile, of Medford, has been spending some time with her daughter, Mrs. Foutz.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Stem, entertained a number of their friends, on last Sunday.

The Taylorsville Sunday School will hold their Christmas entertainment, on Wednesday evening before Christmas.

The I. O. O. F., will hold their annual oyster supper the first Saturday night in January, in the Lodge hall, at Daniel.

Santa's Ships Loaded Down.

New York, Dec. 16.—Records were broken in outward Christmas mails to Europe to-day. Not only did the quantity of ordinary mail dispatched exceed by 50 per cent, the amount sent abroad in the corresponding mail day of last year, but the number of registered letters and packages was almost double the greatest number dispatched last year, and the number of packages sent by parcels post, though the size of each averages double what it was a year ago, was half again as much as it was last year.

Two vessels sailed with mails—the Lusitania, of the Cunard Line, and the Oceanic, of the White Star Line. These are the last vessels on which mail from the United States can reach England and France in time to be delivered before Christmas Day.

The Lusitania carried 4,903 sacks, as against 4,143, the record of last year. The Oceanic carried 1,271 pouches, making a total of 6,174 dispatched. The Lusitania took out 83,132 registered letters and packages and the Oceanic 148. The record number carried out on any one day last year was 49,252, by the Lusitania on December 14, and the number dispatched to-day exceeds the record of 80,574, which was dispatched on the Celtic on December 12, 1906.

During the last few days the postal station on West street, which handles all the outbound foreign mail, has taken in 100 substitutes, although 35 men were added to the force at the station in October. The station handled 900,000 letters on Tuesday.

Poor Air and Poor Living.

When Jim Bridger, the one time famous scout of the plains, grew old he thought he would like to retire from the somewhat arduous life of a plainsman and settle down to the ease of "the east," which to him meant Missouri. So he used his best endeavor to find a competent man to fill his place and went back to Missouri.

A year or two passed, and one day Captain Russell, the commandant of the post which Bridger had left, was surprised to see the old scout leave in sight. When he came in the captain asked:

"Well, Bridger, what brings you back here?"

"Captain," said Bridger, "I want to go back to scouting again."

"Indeed? Why, I thought you had settled down in the east for the rest of your life?"

"Well, cap'n, I'll tell you how it is. I went back to old Missouri, and if you'll believe it they've got a railroad station within ten mile 'o' the old place—yes, sir, a railroad station! And what's more, they've got a ranch now in every four mile. I tell you what, cap'n, the air ain't pure down there no more!"

"Is that possible? But I thought you'd like the good things to eat they have down there. You like good things to eat, I remember."

"Good things to eat! Why, cap'n, I didn't have a br'iled beaver tail the whole time I was there!"

The First Cookbook.

To the Romans belong the honor of having produced the first European cookery book, and, though the authorship is uncertain, it is generally attributed to Caelius Apicius, who lived under Trajan, 114 A. D. Here are two recipes from this ancient collection:

"First, for a sauce to be eaten with boiled fowl, put the following ingredients into a mortar: Aniseed, dried mint and lacer root. Cover them with vinegar, add dates and pour in liquamen (a distilled liquor made from large fish which were salted and allowed to turn putrid in the sun), oil and a small quantity of mustard seeds. Reduce all to a proper thickness with sweet wine warmed, and then pour this same over your chicken, which should previously be boiled in aniseed water."

The second recipe shows the same queer mixture of ingredients: "Take a wheelbarrow of rose leaves and pound in a mortar; add to it brains of two pigs and two thrushes boiled and mixed with the chopped yoke of egg, oil, vinegar, pepper and wine. Mix and pour these together and stew them steadily and slowly till the perfume is developed."—Chambers' Journal.

Which Foot Walks Faster?

You may think this a very silly question to ask, but it isn't. It is a simple, demonstrable fact, which you can prove to your own satisfaction in a very few minutes. If you will take a pavement that is clear, so that there will be no interference, and walk briskly in the center, you will find that before you have gone fifty yards you have veered very much to one side. You must not make any effort, of course, to keep in the center, but if you will think of something and endeavor to walk naturally you cannot keep a direct line. The explanation of this lies in the propensity of one foot to walk faster than the other, or one leg takes a longer stride than the other, causing one to walk to one side. You can try an experiment in this way by placing two sticks about eight feet apart, then stand off about sixty feet, blindfold yourself and endeavor to walk between them. You will find it almost impossible.

YOUNT'S | YOUNT'S | YOUNT'S NO NEED HUNTING FOR SANTA CLAUS

For in our store you will find the little one's patron Saint his pack running over with the toys so dear to childish hearts ready to grant all their requests as well as their elders. Everybody is Welcome. Pay this Store a visit.



The toys you want are here at prices you will be glad to pay. Come and Bring the Children. You'll find it easy to make a selection here at any price you wish to pay. The Christmas gift you want may be gone later on. Get it Now!

The Fullness of Yuletide Cheer.

Never is the world so genuinely happy at Yuletide. The joy of giving, the pleasure of receiving, the widespread good cheer of the Christmas season—these all make the time the red letter period of the year.

With the wealth of holiday wares we offer to choose from the time honored custom is made doubly pleasant to the giver and recipient alike. Most people find it hard to select just the right thing for presentation purposes.

There's no need to worry about what to give for Christmas. Our big HOLIDAY STOCK has been displayed in such a helpful way that you can see at a glance, just what gifts are suited to your purpose.

Some Suggestions for Young and Old.

Advertisement for various goods including Umbrella Special, Rochester Nickel Ware, Embossed Alphabet Blocks, Decorated Lamp Special, Drum Special, Imported Plush Horses, and Boys Tool Chests.

Advertisement for Kid Baby Doll, Real Stockings and Shoes.

Table listing products for men, women, boys, girls, infant's, and the home.

We call your attention to the New Iridescent Ware displayed in show window. 10c for your choice. We also have this ware in Berry Sets, Water Sets and 4-Piece Table Sets, at \$1.00 Per Set.

Advertisement for Two Very Good Specials in Candy, CLEAR TOYS, 10c lb., CORN CRACKER CANDY, 10c lb., Souvenir Plates of Taneytown, Md., 10 Cents Each, C. Edgar Yount & Co., TANEYTOWN, MD.

# Humor

## GREEN'S PROTEST.

He Made Good Use of the Cigars His Wife Gave Him.

"George," said Mrs. Green as she hurried into the library where he was trimming the Christmas tree, "I have just made a most startling discovery."

"Suppose some other aunt or cousin hasn't been remembered with a four dollar present," he growled.

"I wish it were no worse," sighed his wife. "Here we have just been congratulating ourselves over securing such a perfect hired girl, and now I find I must discharge her."

"Great Scott!" exclaimed Green.

"What for?"

"She smokes."

"She—she what?"

"She smokes—smokes big black cigars—and seems to enjoy them too. I just caught her at it."

"Well, let her smoke," smiled Green, with a sigh of relief. "We won't stand for cigarettes or a corncob pipe, but she's a mighty good cook and ought to have some privileges. Maybe I can borrow a weed from her sometimes when mine run out."

"Never, George, never will I have a girl around here who smokes! Just think of the children."

"Yes, and just think of me hustling around the intelligence offices looking for another girl. Besides, there's that Christmas dinner party tomorrow. You haven't been foolish enough to discharge her, have you?"

"Not yet, but she must go after the dinner. It's perfectly shocking."

"You leave it to me," said Green after a little thought. "Of course we don't want a girl waiting on the table with a cigar in her mouth or one meeting our guests at the front door and blowing smoke in their faces, but I've got a little scheme that will cure her of the habit. I'll guarantee you'll never see her smoking after a day or two."

It was two or three weeks later when Mrs. Green remarked to her husband:

"George, I don't believe the girl has smoked since the day that I told you about it."

"She's stopped it, of course," chuckled Green. "Told you I'd fix it, didn't I?"

"How did you manage it? I'd like to know, George."

"Oh, I just handed her that box of cigars you gave me for Christmas," he replied, with another chuckle.—A. B. Lewis in Bohemian Magazine.

**A Confession.**

"It is said that you have made a profound study of ethnological subjects."

"I have," answered the professor.

"Then you can satisfactorily explain the strange garments and headresses of the savages."

"I cannot any more than I can satisfactorily explain directorate gowns or 'Merry Widow' hats."—New York Life.

**Handicapped.**

"My dear, you mustn't yawn like that. The hostess might see you."

"I can't help it. I'm sleepy."

"But you shouldn't show it. Just see that gentleman over there. He looks dreadfully tired, but he doesn't yawn."

"Eh? Why, that's old Pusswig." He can't yawn. He's got insomnia."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

**Discovery.**

"What's the matter with you?"

"I looked for a gas leak with a lighted candle," replied the man with the bandaged head.

"And you found it?"

"I did not," replied the patient, evincing some asperity. "It found me."—Philadelphia Ledger.

**An Absentminded Beggar.**

The Professor—My dear madam, this is really a very dainty rug. I congratulate you upon it.—Illustrated Bits.

**Not the Line, but "Central."**

Minnie—You've got your nerve to say "busy" to so many folks instead of trying to get the number they want for you.

Grayce—It ain't no lie, though. Most of the time I am busy when I say that.—Kansas City Times.

**A Close Distinction.**

"You ain't going to kill me, is you, boss?" asked the negro of the man holding the bloodhounds.

"Now," replied the leader of the posse, putting the noose around his neck. "We're only straining you."—Nale Record.

**A Natural Mistake.**

"Yes," said the musical young woman, "we spent the whole evening trying to play a new sort of polka."

"You don't say!" replied Jack Potts.

"What was the limit?"—Philadelphia Press.

## CHOICE MISCELLANY

**A Marvelous Magician.**

There has been discovered a juggler named Joseffy, who outdoes all the other conjurers, says his discoverer, a Mr. Abbott. He performs what other magicians have only dreamed of accomplishing. With his card tricks the spectators may bring their own packs and choose the cards freely. No threads are used, nor is there any visible connection with the goblet that contains the pack, and yet any card will rise at Joseffy's command at any time.

The enigmatic cube is first a one inch cube which Joseffy produces from the air, and it is then seen to grow while in his hands to a two inch, a four inch and a nine inch cube. This he now sets in full view upon his table, where it is seen to grow slowly to a size of three feet six inches. The wizard now lifts this cube, from beneath which starts a beautiful young lady, who steps to run up the stage. The master snaps his fingers, when she instantly stops and disappears in a sheet of flame in full view of the spectators, and in her place is seen a gigantic bouquet of real roses, which are plucked and distributed to the audience.—London Family Herald.

**Tired Telephone Wires.**

"Don't use that booth. That phone's tired," called out the brisk attendant. "A lady has been talking over that wire for the last ten minutes. Take the one next to it; that one has had a rest. You'll get a much better connection if you do."

The man took the girl's advice and got unusually satisfactory service. When he was through and was paying the bill he asked what she meant by saying that the other telephone was "tired."

"Why, telephones get tired just the same as people or animals," said the girl. "If you had used that other wire as soon as that lady dropped it you wouldn't have had satisfactory service at all. After a few minutes' rest it will be all right. I know that phones get tired, but I'm no scientist and can't tell why. Why don't I start a society for the prevention of cruelty to telephones? Now, say, if I should start one I'd get a lot of telephone operators who'd belong. But with a good many of them it's not the phone that gets tired so much as the one who runs the switchboard."—Exchange.

**Consumption and the Telephone.**

The panic recently created on the subject of the assumed danger lurking in the transmitter of the telephone is not precisely new. It is but the development of a fear which has caused misgiving for some years. On the supposition that various germs of disease probably collect in the receiver and transmitter of the instrument, at any rate in public telephone stations, some medical alarmists have thrown out suggestions that antiseptics, both in a dry state and in solution, should be applied for the safety of the telephone user. The recent dictum goes one step further, inasmuch as it is now an established fact that tubercle bacilli, the casual micro-organisms of consumption, have been found alive and in robust condition in the instrument. It is quite natural in view of such a find that a feeling of alarm might seize hold of the more nervous.—British Medical Journal.

**Illuminated Projectiles.**

The French navy has recently begun experiments with the luminous shells employed for a year past in America. These shells have a hollow in the rear end containing fireworks powder, which is inflamed as the shell quits the gun and leaves a luminous trail in the air, enabling the gunner at night to follow the course of his projectile and determine whether or not it reaches its object. Without some device of this kind it is very difficult in firing over the sea in the darkness to ascertain whether the range is too long or too short. In the daytime a jet of water where the shell falls tells the story.—Youth's Companion.

**The Periscope.**

Commandant Soulie de Cenac of the French Legion of Honor has designed a pince-nez, or eyeglass, called a periscope, which enables the wearer to see at the same time on all sides and even behind. This is ingeniously effected by means of reflections. At the same time the glasses are so constructed as to correct myopia and other errors of vision. A use for the instrument that the inventor did not think of has been revealed to him by deaf persons employing it. They say that it increases their safety by enabling them to perceive the approach of dangers of which their ears give them no warning.

**Work For Goats.**

Farmers in the vicinity of Lawrenceburg, Ind., have found that a herd of goats will clear the underbrush from a farm in a few months and do a good job at moderate cost. For the last five years a herd of forty goats has been eating and working there, and in that time the animals have changed owners ten times. As soon as their owner discovers that there is nothing left on his farm for the goats to feed on but good grass they are lent or sold to another farmer for a similar purpose.

**Blind Bookmakers.**

The blind make books for the blind, as is illustrated in the Ziegler Magazine, now printed in New York. One of the proofreaders is a blind man who is working his way through Columbia college. One girl who is deaf, dumb and blind takes the greatest delight in her work, and her mother says that until she began to work for the Ziegler she never knew her to smile.

## FREDERICK AND VOLTAIRE.

Stormy Relations of the Miserly King and the Lavish Misanthrope.

The world knows plenty about the elements of strength in the characters of great men, but less about their weaknesses. Here is a story that shows the other side of the natures of Frederick the Great and Voltaire:

Frederick the Great had a leaning toward literature. He wrote poems, plays and booklets that, in his opinion, possessed rare merit. So it seemed fitting to him that great literary men should fraternize, and he sent an invitation to Voltaire to be his guest. Accompanying the invitation was a sum of money to defray the great Frenchman's traveling expenses to the Prussian capital.

Let it be explained at this point that Frederick was extremely penurious and that Voltaire was not only envious, but had many of the characteristics of what we would now call a grafter. It should also be understood that Frederick despised grafting, and Voltaire abhorred miserliness.

Voltaire accepted the invitation—and then had an afterthought. Why not take a favorite niece with him? So he wrote to the king that if he would send an extra thousand louis he would bring the girl.

"Sir," replied the king, "I did not ask the young lady to do me the honor of visiting me, and I shall send nothing to pay her expenses."

"The old miser!" said Voltaire to a friend. "He has tubs of money in his treasury, yet will not grant me this wish."

However, Voltaire went to Berlin, but each found that he hated the other too much to make their friendship permanent.

The king once gave Voltaire a package of poems to revise.

"See," said Voltaire to a German nobleman, "what a quantity of dirty linen Frederick has sent me to wash!"

The king thought his guest was too free with the chocolate and sugar and gave orders that he be put on a restricted daily allowance.

Voltaire retaliated by gathering all the wax candles he could find in the halls and storing them in his trunk.

Soon the royal palace became too hot for him, and he began to pack up. Then Frederick missed his package of poems. At once he scented a plot. Voltaire intended to take the verses back home with him and palm them off as his own. Lord Macaulay has said that the poems were so bad that he was convinced Voltaire would not for half of Frederick's kingdom have consented to father them. But the king thought differently, being the author of the poems.

So the Prussian monarch had Voltaire thrown into jail at Frankfurt and kept him locked up for twelve days. Sixteen hundred dollars that was found in his pocket was taken away from him. The king in the days of their friendship had given Voltaire a life pension of \$3,200 a year, and the money that was confiscated was a semiannual installment.

Thus ended their friendship.—Scrap Book.

**Spanish Nicknames.**

One of the peculiar ways in which Spanish differs from English is in the names the language gives to all people with a certain infirmity or peculiarity. A blind man is referred to as el ciego, a man with but one eye is a tuerto, a pug nosed man is chato, one who is cross eyed is a bisojo, a coxo is a lame man, and a humpbacked man is a jorobado; if baldheaded, a calvo, and if his hair is very short he is a pelon. The feminine titles for the same classes are the same, with the exception that they end in "a" where the masculine terminate with "o." These short names are used most commonly. In fact, they are applied as nicknames in many cases, and especially among the lower classes persons are addressed or referred to only by these names.

**A Wedding Present.**

A widower in Scotland proposed to and was accepted by a widow whose husband had died but a month or two previously.

To celebrate the occasion he asked the widow's daughter what she would like for a present. She wanted nothing, she said, but being pressed to name something she replied:

"Well, if you want to spend siller you might put up a heidstone to my father."—London Telegraph.

**The Ruling Passion.**

"John! John!" called the excited little wife.

"W-what is it, Lucy?" muttered the big baseball player as he drowsily turned over in bed.

"Why, there is a man downstairs."

"W-what's he doing?"

"He's in the dining room after the plate."

"Trying to reach the plate? Put him out, Kelly; put him out at third!"—Kansas City Independent.

**Reproved.**

"I suppose," said the sad eyed youth at the musical, "you know the difference between bel canto and coloratura?"

"Young man," answered Mr. Cumrox severely, "I never bet on race horses."—Washington Star.

**Practical.**

"Darling, I mean to prove my love for you not by words, but by deeds."

"Oh, George, did you bring the deeds with you?"—Baltimore American.

Never hear more than one kind of trouble at a time. Some people bear three kinds—all they have had, all they have now and all they expect to have.

## What to Give the Men and Boys.

Nothing better than one of our splendid Suits or Overcoats, and to help you make such a nice gift, we are going to give you splendid low prices until Christmas. Here are Gifts the Men always Appreciate.

Upegraft's elegant Fur Collars and Gloves.

They always like a pretty new tie. We have more than 1000 beautiful Ties to select from, 25 and 50c.

An elegant line of the latest silk Reefers Mufflers.

Our handkerchiefs the best, 5c to 50c. A special 10c Handkerchief made to sell at 15c.

See our new leather Collar Boxes, Kid Gloves and Suspenders.

Be sure to see us before buying your Christmas gifts.

A Handy Match Safe to Customer.

**SHARRER & GORSUCH,**

WESTMINSTER, MD.

## A Mutual Agreement

The Mutual Fire Insurance Company in Baltimore County, Md., has adopted the Mutual Agreement Plan.

No More Premium Notes.

MR. LEVI D. REID has been appointed and accepted the Agency for Taneytown and vicinity. All collections made payable to him.

New Risks solicited.

Very Respectfully,  
JNO. J. REESE, Sec'y.

## FARMERS,

Butchers, Mechanics and others will please remember that we pay HIGHEST CASH PRICES for

## Beef Hides

Prompt Returns  
QUOTATIONS  
Promptly Furnished

## George K. Birely & Sons,

Tanners and Curriers,  
FREDERICK, - - - - Md.

Have a good lot of SOLE AND HARNESS LEATHER in stock. 11-14-3m

## KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS

WITH Dr. King's

## New Discovery

FOR COUGHS

AND ALL THROAT AND LUNG TROUBLES.

GUARANTEED SATISFACTORY OR MONEY REFUNDED.

## RATIFICATION NOTICE.

In the Orphans' Court of Carroll County: December Term, 1908

Estate of Tobias H. Eckenrode, deceased. On application, it is ordered, this 14th day of December 1908, that the sale of Real Estate of Tobias H. Eckenrode, late of Carroll County, deceased, made by John H. Diffendal, Executor of the last Will and Testament of said deceased, and this day reported to this Court

deceased, and this day reported to this Court by the said Executor, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause be shown to the contrary on or before the 3rd Monday, 18th day of January next; provided a copy of this Order be inserted for three successive weeks in some newspaper printed and published in Carroll county, before the 2nd Monday, 11th day of January, next.

The report states the amount of sale to be \$240.00.

JOHN H. ECKENRODE, WILLIAM L. RICHARDS, ROBERT N. KOONTZ, Judges.

True Copy: JOHN J. STEWART, Register of Wills.

## Virginia Horses!

A carload of Virginia Horses will be unloaded at our Stables, in Taneytown, on Saturday, December 12, 1908. Come to see them.

W. H. POOLE, Taneytown, Md.

## Carload of Horses!

I will receive a car load of Ohio and Kentucky Horses, on Saturday, Dec. 19, 1908. Call and see them.

H. W. PARR, HANOVER, PA.

## Wanted At Once

500 Horses & Mules to ship to Southern Market.

I will pay the Highest Cash Market Price. Will also buy Fresh Cows and Fat Stock of all kinds. Parties having any of the above for sale, will please drop me a postal and I will be glad to call and try to buy your stock at any time.

HOWARD J. SPALDING, LITTLSTOWN, PA

## USE OUR Special Notice Column

FOR SHORT ADS.



## GET MORE CREAM AND BETTER CREAM

BY USING The EMPIRE Line of Quality Cream Separators

Five different Types and Styles, Capacity and Prices.

A. H. Reid's BUTTER WORKERS

Four different sizes and prices. Just the thing for working hard butter and mixing salt.



CHURNS OF ALL STYLES, CAPACITIES AND PRICES.

Also Dairy Thermometers, and anything pertaining to the Dairy on the farm. Consult D. W. GARNER.



Genuine Snow Vehicles OF FASHION

can be seen at D. W. GARNER'S, in all styles and prices.

## FAIRBANKS-MORSE GASOLINE ENGINES

FROM 2 H. P. TO 250 H. P.



We know that the New Holland Mill is the best feed grinder made, both for making corn and cob meal and grinding shelled grains, separate or mixed. All kinds of mills for sale.

Plush Robes, Horse Blankets and Stable Blankets at Wholesale Prices, no matter what weight, size, or price. Just the thing for Christmas gifts.

D. W. GARNER, TANEYTOWN, MD.

## To the Public in General:

We invite all to partake of the feast of bargains now going on at this store.

In every line there is a reduction fully up to the biggest drop since July, 1908. Therefore, we are amply prepared to meet the wants of every customer in an honest, honorable, and discreet manner.

## Underwear. Underwear.

Look over our Underwear Line for Men, Women, Boys, Misses, Children and Infants. The best we ever threw out upon a counter.

## Our Clothing Department.

Our Clothing will keep you all warm. They are made to order and will carry their shape satisfactorily.

Blankets and Comforts in abundance. The Philadelphia Corduroys knock all others out.

## Our Rubber Line.

Is gaining confidence for durability and long wear. Our prices are the lowest. Shoes, better and cheaper today than ever.

Always the Latest in Hats and Caps. Notion Line right up to the minute.

All else in accordance, and satisfaction guaranteed. Our efforts and abilities are yours.

## MEHRING & BASEHOAR.

## SHIP US YOUR PORK!

We have the best outlet for Pork in Baltimore, and can handle any quantity received. Highest Market Prices and Prompt Returns guaranteed to shippers.

Make Us A Trial Shipment. We handle Country Market Produce of all kinds. Quotations promptly furnished.

## J. Frank Weant & Son,

(SUCCESSORS TO J. FRANK WEANT.) General Commission Merchants, 1006 Hillen St., BALTIMORE, MD.

## Wanted At Once

500 Horses & Mules to ship to Southern Market.

I will pay the Highest Cash Market Price. Will also buy Fresh Cows and Fat Stock of all kinds. Parties having any of the above for sale, will please drop me a postal and I will be glad to call and try to buy your stock at any time.

HOWARD J. SPALDING, LITTLSTOWN, PA

USE OUR Special Notice Column FOR SHORT ADS.

## Deafness Cannot be Cured — BUT — MEARS EAR PHONE

Will enable the hard-of-hearing to carry on conversation, and attend with pleasure, lectures and church services. Any person who is not absolutely deaf can be benefited by the MEARS EAR PHONE.

These instruments comprise a number of devices to aid the hard-of-hearing—the AUROPHONE, and AURASAGE, and the VIBRO-SIMPLEX. The Aurophone is made in many degrees of strength and suited to all stages of defective hearing. The Aurage and Vibro-simplex are used as a massage and in many cases restore the natural hearing, and are an almost certain cure for head noises.

These instruments are used, endorsed and recommended by—  
WM. JAMES HEAPS, Agent.  
310 W. Hoffman St., BALTIMORE, MD.  
Write for Booklets.

OUR HOME DEPARTMENT.

Original and Selected Articles of Interest to the Home.

We invite contributions to this department from all readers who have something to say on topics which relate especially to home improvement, social conditions, or moral issues.

Why Not Try?

One of our lady readers wrote us some time ago that she often felt a desire to write for the Home Department, but somehow never went so far as to put her desire into execution, and at the same time wondered whether she could write something that would be worth while?

We think that perhaps there are more of the same kind; those who feel like "writing something," but are not sure how it will look in print, or how it will sound when read, and never go so far as to make the effort.

We would be very glad, indeed, to be the means of helping persons to learn to write for publication, which might, in some instances, lead to writing for actual financial profit.

Let us have brief and pointed articles, or essays, on almost any topic, and we will gladly publish them, keeping the name of the writer secret, when desired.

ED. RECORD.

Problems in Mathematics.

It has been suggested that this page might be made interesting by publishing test questions in arithmetic, especially during the winter when schools are in operation and readers have time to exercise their mathematical knowledge.

Questions of a "test" character are usually helpful. They not only brighten one up in the use of figures, but, what is more helpful, they put into practice our reasoning qualifications.

PERFECTION CRULLERS—Cream together three-quarters of a pound of sugar and half a pound of butter, add six eggs, beaten light, cinnamon and nutmeg to taste and flour enough to make a pretty stiff dough.

An Original Story.

A story for children by one of our lady readers, will appear on this page, next week. As it has been written by one who has had no previous experience, it will be voted as an excellent "first attempt," and, as it is especially for the young folks, parents would do well either to read it to their children, or ask them to read it for themselves.

A 1909 Problem.

How can the figures 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 be so arranged as to add up 1909? This problem recently appeared in the Ladies' Home Companion, and is said to be a fair one.

Real Christmas Charity.

We are all too busy to attend to our neighbors real wants, says Jacob A Riis in the December CIRCLE Magazine, busy laying up treasure for ourselves, for our own families.

What can he—the man who has more than he needs—do? Well, since he has lost the way, too, let him send his gifts to those who would dispense them for him and do it well.

When his guest is gone, he will feel like making a resolution—a very excellent thing to do on that, of all nights. Let it be, then, to begin being a brother at home.

Temperance Progress in U. S.

In the first six months of this year more than six thousand saloons in the United States were abolished, which means that they were closed up at the rate of thirty-three a day.

One of the most remarkable things about this change was that it was accomplished in the teeth of the fiercest opposition on the part of the liquor trade.

In 1904 the National Liquor League of the United States was also organized at Cincinnati to nip the newly growing prohibition sentiment in the bud.

It has also seen many newspapers and magazines—in spite of the best efforts of the "trade"—exclude liquor advertisements from their columns; it has seen them nearly all come to regard the prohibition movement—

Three Kinds of Crullers.

GERMAN DOUGHNUTS—Over two cups of flour pour two-cupfuls of scalded milk, adding it carefully that the flour may not lump, stir in a half-teaspoonful of salt and set the mixture aside to cool.

PERFECTION CRULLERS—Cream together three-quarters of a pound of sugar and half a pound of butter, add six eggs, beaten light, cinnamon and nutmeg to taste and flour enough to make a pretty stiff dough.

ORANGE CRULLERS—Cream half a cupful of butter with a cupful of sugar, add the yolks of two eggs, beaten smooth and thick, a cupful of milk, half a teaspoonful each of cinnamon and nutmeg, a dash of salt, three cupfuls of flour, three teaspoonfuls of baking-powder, the stiffly-beaten whites of the eggs and the grated rind of an orange.

"The Letter and the Spirit."

Quite a lot of well deserved attention has been given from the pulpit, recently, to the subject of following the letter or the spirit of the law, as applied to young men just entering life.

"This merely following the letter of the law," he said, "leads so often to hypocrisy. We may have gone to church all our lives, and yet may have not done as much good as some other men who make no pretense of their religion but are doing good things.

"You young business men who are either just entering upon a business career or are still studying, preparatory to a business life, what is to be the standard of your life when you enter

Ayer's Hair Vigor

Ingredients: Sulphur, Glycerin, Quinin, Sodium Chlorid, Capsicum, Sage, Alcohol, Water, Perfume.

Anything injurious here? Ask your doctor. Anything of merit here? Ask your doctor. Will it stop falling hair? Ask your doctor. Will it destroy dandruff? Ask your doctor.

Does not Color the Hair

J. C. AYER COMPANY, Lowell, Mass.

into business? Are you going to do just as little as you can for the salary your employer gives you, or are you going to come to the office on the last second and leave the minute 6 o'clock comes?

"That reminds me of a man who was working on my father's place and who was always asking for an increase. He wanted \$1.75 instead of \$1.50 a day. The superintendent said to me one day: 'I guess Jim had better try to earn \$1.50 first.' Now, do you know there is a lot in that? If you young men are going to enter into business life and give just as little as you can for what you get, you need not expect a successful career.

Beware of Frequent Colds.

A succession of colds or a protracted cold is almost certain to end in chronic catarrh, from which few persons ever wholly recover. Give every cold the attention it deserves and you may avoid this disagreeable disease.

Christmas Candies.

Fig-Almond Paste.—Pick over and chop fine a pound of choice figs, cover with boiling water and simmer until very soft; then drain off the water and boil it down to a cupful.

Chocolate Delights.—Melt the fondant as before. Dip into it with the fork, candied cherries, bits of citron, bits of ginger, blanched filberts and almonds, repeating the dipping after the first coat hardens until each is a white ball.

Medicine that is Medicine.

"I have suffered a good deal with malaria and stomach complaints, but I have now found a remedy that keeps me well, and that remedy is Electric Bitters; a medicine that is medicine for stomach and liver troubles, and for run down conditions," says W. C. Kiestler, of Halliday, Ark.

Farming in Alaska.

There is enough of rich placer and latent quartz mining in Alaska to employ 500,000 miners for the next quarter of a century. There is enough coal, copper, and other minerals to employ another 500,000. But a purely mining population does not build country homes, macadamize highways, and beautiful cities.

It has three magnificent valleys, much of which is covered with lumber-bearing forests of spruce, birch, poplar, and cottonwood. All of its great interior has a splendid summer of continuous daylight. Nearly all kinds of temperature-zone vegetables flourish there.

down through all the valleys to the southern coast, where the climate is tempered by the Japan current, many of the field and garden crops of the Northern States will grow with profit.

The United States Government has distributed large quantities of farm and garden seed to settlers in these valleys with excellent results. At Copper Centre is a Government agricultural station, where wheat, oats, and barley, and nearly all the garden vegetables, grow to wonderful perfection.

A Useful Present.

A girl who has more inventiveness than money has hit upon a Christmas present for her married friends that may prove suggestive to other distracted givers.

She bought a yard of red felt two yards wide and cut it into a series of circles, just straight edges, but to make the gift more artistic looking the outer rim may be finely pinked.

Tied in piles of a dozen each with gay holly ribbon and packed in a fancy box with the larger circles below and the smaller on top, these felts make useful and artistic gifts.

Suit For a Boy of Seven Years.

A neat looking suit for a boy of seven years combines the plain blouse and the sailor effect. The trousers are in knickerbocker style, and the blouse, coming up to the neck, is loose and displays down the center front a wide double box plait, decorated over the chest with a military emblem.

Scotland's Thistle.

This is the story of how the thistle came to be the badge of Scotland: When the Danes invaded the country a night surprise was attempted. In order to more completely hide their advance the Danish soldiers walked barefoot.

French Working Women.

The highest paid working women in France are said to be the cutters of precious stones. They receive about a dollar a day. The lowest wage is 60 cents a day and is paid to dressmakers. There are 14,000,000 women in France, and the majority earn their own living.

Clara Morris and Husbands.

It is folly to call the husband the head of the house. He is not, says Clara Morris, the famous actress, in the Housekeeper. It is but a courtesy title at best, since in truth he is but an incident in the home life, while the wife and mother is its whole existence.

Walking is an ideal exercise. Hold the head erect, with chin slightly lifted, which will throw the muscles of the back and of the shoulders into proper line. Expand the chest with deep breaths, and do not swing the arms, but let them hang with muscles relaxed.

No application is better for lusterless hair than salt. Rub well into the roots of the hair at night, then tie up in a large handkerchief or wear a nightcap. Brush out the salt in the morning. Several applications will show a marked improvement in the appearance of the hair.

Cocoa Frosting.—Add to a cup of powdered sugar three tablespoonfuls of sweet cream and mix well. Add a tablespoonful of cocoa and half a teaspoonful of vanilla extract, then spread. This frosting will not crack when cut.

Miss Sarah P. Morrison has just entered the University of Indiana at the age of seventy-five. She was a member of the class of 1869 and returns to take a postgraduate course in Greek and other studies.

To Christmas Shoppers.

The Largest and Latest Novelties in Christmas Goods.

We invite you to call and inspect our line which we have bought with the greatest care, having your wants in mind, and also with the object in view of giving you the most value for the least money.

Silverware! Silverware!

We carry a full line of Rogers Bros. 1847 and Wm. E. Rogers, consisting of Tea Sets, Butter Dishes, Jewelry Boxes, Knives and Forks, Spoons, Sugar Shells, Ice Cream Spoons, Gravy Ladles, Soup Ladles, Pie Spoons, Berry Spoons, Cold Meat Forks, etc.

Dishes! Dishes!

Our line of Dishes is complete in China and Jap ware, consisting of Berry Sets, Chocolate Sets, Salads, Desert Dishes, Cracker Jars, Cup and Saucers, Bureau Sets, Hair Receivers, Bon-Bon Dishes and Vases.

Lamps! Lamps!

We have the largest line of Lamps, consisting of Parlor, Hall, Dining Room and Hand Lamps.

Fine Presents for Ladies and Gents

consisting of Clocks, Albums, Toilet Cases, Manicure Sets, Collar and Cuff Boxes, Shaving Sets, Smoking Sets, Necktie Boxes, Comb and Brush Sets, Mirrors, etc.

TOYS AND DOLLS.

Our Doll Department is large, consisting of Jointed Dolls, Dressed Dolls, Kid Dolls and Rag Dolls. Prices range from 10c to \$2.50. Our Toy Department is much larger than it ever was before. It consists of Air Rifles, Miniature Trains, with track; Hook and Ladder Wagons, Fire Engines, Gasoline Engines, Cars, Hobby Horses, Baby Carriages, Wheelbarrows, Tool Chests, Trunks, Child's Bureau, Horus, Tops, Balls, Child's Wash Sets, Mechanical Toys, Hit-the-Coon, Drums, Pianos, Chimes, etc.

GAMES AND BOOKS.

We have Games from Old Maids to Crokinole Boards, Blocks in Burnt Wood and Picture; Christmas Tree Ornaments in all styles.

A Word About Our Candy.

We have Candy from 5c to \$1.00 per pound. We invite schools to come and look at our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Those purchasing presents can have them laid back until Christmas. P. S.—With every purchase of \$1.00 from our Christmas line we will give a Calendar Plaque, much larger and nicer than last year.

J. T. KOONTZ.

NOTICE!

Here is the place to save money at all times. What is the use of going to the large towns or City to do your shopping, when you can find as large an assortment at home? Same Quality for less money, at

Snider's Large Department Store.

Full and Complete Lines, at all times, of Hats and Caps, Oilcloth, Linoleum, Carpet, Matting, Hardware, Paint, Dry Goods, Notions, Bed Blankets, Comforts, Robes, Horse Blankets, Drugs of all kinds, Poultry and Cattle Powders, Tobacco and Cigars, Groceries, Cakes, Tin and Enameled Ware.

Clothing and Overcoats.

For Men and Boys. As large an assortment as you can find anywhere—all the latest styles. On Dec. 12 we start our Special Low Price Clearing Sale on each and every Suit and Overcoat, which means money in your pocket. A call will convince you that we do just what we say.

Queensware and Glassware.

This Department is overloaded with Staples and Christmas Goods.

Candy, Toys, Etc.

An extra large line of Toys and Dolls of all kinds for Christmas. The largest assortment of Candy and Oranges we ever carried.

Fence! Fence!

We have received another carload of Pittsburgh Perfect Fence—field, hog and poultry—any kind you want.

M. R. SNIDER, - Harney, Md.

FOR LIQUOR AND DRUG ADDICTIONS. THE Keeley Cure ESTABLISHED 1880. ALL CORRESPONDENCE CONFIDENTIAL. ADDRESS THE KEELEY INSTITUTE 211 N. CAPITOL ST. WASHINGTON, D.C.

WANTED!

Men to represent us either locally or traveling, in the sale of a full line of easy selling specialties. Apply quick and secure territory.

ALLEN NURSERY CO., ROCHESTER, N. Y.

Boots and Shoes.

An extra Large assortment of all kinds, qualities and prices, that cannot be excelled.

Felt and Rubber Boots, Etc.

For the Best Gum and Felt Boots or Lumberman's Socks, buy no other than the "Ball Band," always guaranteed.

Men's, Ladies' Boys' and Misses' Rubbers and Arctics—the Strait Line is the best kind made; once you try them you'll never buy any other.

For 30 Days

We are going to make a Special Price, at which it will pay you to buy; then you will be ready for Spring. A call will convince you that SNIDER'S is the place to get what you want at a Way-down Price.

Underwear and Gloves.

All kinds for Men, Boys and Children.

A Large Assortment of Post Cards.

M. R. SNIDER, - Harney, Md.

VOUGH PIANO

The favorite Piano. Perfect in tone, durability and finish.

The prices we ask are especially low for a first-class instrument. You can buy from us and be sure that you are getting just what we recommend.

We have a large assortment of all kinds of instruments to select from. Call on, or write to us, before buying.

BIRELY'S Palace of Music.

Cor. Market and Church Sts. FREDERICK, MD.

# THE SUNDAY SCHOOL.

Lesson XII.—Fourth Quarter, For Dec. 20, 1908.

## THE INTERNATIONAL SERIES.

Text of the Lesson, Luke ii, 8-20. Memory Verses, 8-10—Golden Text, Luke ii, 11—Commentary Prepared by Rev. D. M. Stearns.

(Copyright, 1908, by American Press Association.) From the time when Adam and Eve listened to the devil rather than to God and by one man sin entered into the world and death by sin (Rom. v. 12) the god of this world, the devil, has been blinding people's eyes to the truth and to the love of God, always setting before them some way which he insists is better than God's way; hence all the sin of which we read in all the Bible story and in the whole history of the race. The alternate lesson for today tells how even Solomon, so beloved and blessed of God, was turned away from Him by the women of other nations, and by them and their idols his heart was turned away from the Lord God of Israel (1 Kings xi. 4-13; Neh. xiii, 26).

In all the history of the world there has never been but one who always resisted the devil and listened only to God, and of Him we learn as to the beginning of His humanity in our lesson today. He was with the Father before the world was. By Him and for Him were all things created. He appeared in human form to Abraham, to Joshua, to Gideon, to Manoah and his wife and to others. He was typified in every sacrifice appointed by God from the shedding of blood in Eden by His own hand to provide redemption clothing for Adam and Eve all the way down to Golgotha. He was set apart before the foundation of the world, but was manifested in the fullness of time, made of a woman, made under the law, to redeem them that were under the law (1 Pet. i, 20; Gal. iv, 4, 5).

Moses and all the prophets wrote of Him as the only Redeemer, the Messiah of Israel, the one to rule the world in peace and righteousness (Luke xxiv, 27, 44). From the days of Malachi, who said, "The Lord whom ye seek shall suddenly come to His temple" and "Behold I will send you Elijah the prophet before the coming of the great and dreadful day of the Lord" (Mal. iv, 5), there had been no further message from heaven for over 300 years. But one day while a certain priest was officiating before God in the temple an angel appeared to him and said that through him and his wife the herald of the Messiah should come, who would go before Him in the spirit and power of Elijah.

Six months later the same angel, Gabriel, was sent from heaven to a humble home in Nazareth to a virgin called Mary with the most wonderful message ever given to a woman in the whole history of this world (Luke i, 30-35). In simple, childlike faith Mary listened to the wonderful message and said, "Behold the handmaid of the Lord; be it unto me according to thy word." It had been foretold that the Messiah should be born of a virgin and thus the word of God be literally fulfilled that He should be the "seed of woman" also that He should be born in Bethlehem of Judea (Isa. vii, 14; Gen. iii, 15; Mic. v, 2). In our lesson we see God, who watches over His word to perform it (Jer. i, 12, R. V.), bringing all things to pass just as He had said. A decree from the world ruler, who knew not God, caused Mary to be in Bethlehem at this particular time, and while there she brought forth her firstborn son in a lowly place among cattle and used a manger as His cradle (verses 7, 12, 16), for there was no room for them in the inn. He came from the glory of heaven, His Father's home, the holy angels and the great company of the redeemed, and there was no welcome for Him on earth except from His mother and Joseph, and those few shepherds, and Simeon and Anna, and those wise men from the east, and a few others. But all heaven was interested. An angel came with his glory of heavenly light and told these shepherds of the great event; then a multitude of angels praised God in these words: "Glory to God in the highest, and on earth peace, good will toward men" (verse 14). Then the angels returned to heaven, and the shepherds went and found it just as the angels had said.

To this day how little interest is taken on the earth in heavenly things, the god of this world leading his followers to cry, "Let us alone," but God has always held a few like the shepherds and the others, whose hearts are with Him by His grace. Notwithstanding all hindrances, the child who was born of Mary shall yet reign over the house of Jacob and over all the earth in righteousness, and His church shall reign with Him. Note the angels' "fear not" (i, 13, 30; ii, 10) to the Lord's people and study the words of Gen. xx, 1, to Rev. i, 17, and if a child of God appropriate them, for God does not give a spirit of fear (II Tim. i, 7). The good tidings of great joy are for all people, but what a large proportion of the human race have passed away and are passing away without hearing the good news. "Is it nothing to you?"

In all His life He glorified God, and by His finished work He gives peace to all who receive Him. The shepherds did not question the angel's message, but said, "Let us go and see this thing which is come to pass, which the Lord hath made known to us." Having heard and believed and seen, they made it known abroad. Mary kept and pondered in her heart all these things.

## CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

Prayer Meeting Topic For the Week Beginning Dec. 20, 1908.

By REV. S. H. DOYLE. Topic.—Why was the King born?—John xviii, 33-37. A Christmas meeting.

The Christmas season has returned, and naturally devout minds turn to Bethlehem, and in our churches and other places of religious worship and study the subjects selected have to do with some phase of Christ's birth. The subject suggested for our study is an interesting and important one. Why was the King born? When we turn our thoughts to the birth of Christ we usually think of His humbleness, and yet, while He was born amid lowly surroundings, He was nevertheless a King. He was King of heaven and King of the earth and came into the world as the King of the Jews. The wise men of the east when they arrived at Jerusalem asked, "Where is He that was born King of the Jews?" When Pilate pressed the question upon Him He did not deny His kingship, but acknowledged it when He declared, "My kingdom is not of this world." Having a kingdom, He must have been a King. He further proceeds to answer the question before us: "To this end was I born, and for this cause came I into the world that I should bear witness of the truth. Every one that is of the truth heareth My voice."

Christ, the King, was born to bear witness of the truth. The transition of Christ from kingship to witness bearing is a striking one. It seems to indicate that His kingship lay in His witness bearing. His kingdom was not temporal, but spiritual. The purpose of His coming was not to teach men the true way of conducting governments, but the eternal truths of God concerning spiritual things—yes, to reveal truth in Himself—for He said on another occasion, "I am the way, the truth and the life." Being at the head of those who were to receive the truth taught by Him, He was a King in this spiritual realm, and the very purpose of His kingship was to make known by precept and example the great truths of God to man. For this purpose He left His throne in heaven and came to earth, being born as a man that He might the better perform His great mission. Well may the world therefore rejoice upon the anniversary of His birth.

But merely to witness to the truth was not the cause of the King's coming. Through witnessing to the truth He was to call to Him all who were of the truth, all who desired spiritual truth, that He might set them free from error and from bondage to sin. "The truth shall make them free." Have we accepted the kingship of Christ? Is He to us the truth, and have we found spiritual liberty and freedom in Him and His teachings? If not, "seek and ye shall find."

BIBLE READINGS. Gen. iii, 15; Isa. ix, 6, 7; xi, 1-9; Matt. ii, 1-12; Luke ii, 1-14; xi, 1-9; xv, 1-10; John iii, 16; xvii, 17; II Tim. iii, 15-17.

An Endeavor Musical Director. The musical features of the recent New York state Christian Endeavor convention were directed by the Rev. F. H. Jacobs, the noted gospel song leader. Mr. Jacobs' baton has waved over more



REV. F. H. JACOBS.

state conventions than that of any other musical director, and Mr. Jacobs' leading is always inspiring and enthusiastic. His acceptance of the invitation of the New York programme committee came over 3,000 miles of sea from the British isles, where he was laboring in a special campaign.

Mr. Jacobs has had long, active experience in various lines of Christian Endeavor work. Endeavor Gems. The pledge gives edge to Endeavoring. A president who seldom goes to the meetings should try to be a resident. Promptness in taking part is worth more than precision, fluency and oratoriness. Remember that there is one Endeavorer present at every meeting who is never discouraged or apathetic—Jesus Christ.

To accept an office without accepting the responsibility that goes with it is a good deal like marrying a wife and not supporting her.—Christian Endeavor or World.

Where Missionaries Are Made. Ninety young people who were trained in Christian Endeavor societies in the Edinburgh union are now missionaries of the cross in various parts of the world.

# THE OTHER GIRL.

By Martha Cobb Sanford.

Copyrighted, 1908, by Associated Literary Press.

Grantham and Cunningham were seated before an open fire at the club enjoying a confidential after dinner smoke.

"So you're the same eligible old bachelor, are you, Grant?" jollied Cunningham. "I prophesied this summer would land you sure. Didn't you meet her, after all?"

"Meet whom?" drawled Grantham good naturedly.

"Oh, this incomparable, irresistible ideal of a woman you're always talking about. Aren't you beginning to fear she may not exist, after all?"

"On the contrary," Grantham answered between puffs, "I'm more than ever sure she does. I've seen her back."

Cunningham burst into a hearty laugh.

"Did she turn it on you, old man?" he teased.

"Not in the way you mean, Cunningham," replied Grantham reminiscently. "Then, after blowing a few leisurely smoke rings, he waxed communicative.

"You see," he continued, "I've never met her face to face, so she couldn't really turn her back to me. And, what's more, I'm never going to give her the chance."

"You mean that you do not intend to meet her?" gasped his friend in astonishment.

"Cunning, you've no imagination," reproved Grantham. "Of course I intend to meet her some time, but I mean to be perfectly sure of myself and of her before I do. I'm going to propose the first time I speak to her."

"Most extraordinary," commented Cunningham. "Where does she live?"

"Don't know," puffed Grantham. "This was too much for Cunningham. He suspended smoking for a few sec-



GRANTHAM STARED AT HIS FRIEND A MOMENT, SCARCELY COMPREHENDING.

onds to observe the placid countenance of Grantham, decided that any speech was inadequate and lit a fresh cigar.

"You see," resumed Grantham, smiling in an exasperatingly satisfied manner, "I just happened to trail after her a bit in a canoe one fine day this summer. The way her queenly little head was set on her shoulders and the way her soft hair blew about in the wind and the way she handled a paddle—"

"Here, hold on!" interrupted Cunningham, brutally unsympathetic. "Do you mean to say that you can rave like that over a girl whose face you have never seen?"

Grantham nodded.

"Bet she's as homely as a mud fence," grunted Cunningham.

"That doesn't make any difference," announced Grantham. "I love her, and I shall marry her just the same."

"And meanwhile you don't even know where she lives," Cunningham reminded him.

"Oh, I have a notion I may meet her any day. My guide said the guide in her canoe was taking around some Boston people. So you see the case isn't hopeless, Cuning." Grantham concluded affably.

By the time the two men had met again Grantham had seen her.

"Her face?" demanded Cunningham abruptly.

"No, just her back," sighed Grantham ecstatically.

"Well, how in thunder did you recognize her—that's what I'd like to know?"

"Grantham, I'd know her anywhere. Whether she wore a little white sweater, a tailor made gown or an evening frock, I'd know her. She can't disguise the pose of that queenly head. She can't!"

"Probably she can't," interrupted Cunningham indifferently. "But I must say the affair's a little too high pitched for my common comprehension. My sister thinks it's awfully exciting, though, I've been telling her about it."

"Says she'd just be in the seventh heaven of happiness if anything so romantic—I think that's the word she used—ever happened to her. Tried to

convince me that it was noble and courageous of you to declare you'd marry a girl you knew you could love, matter what she looked like. I told it was idiotic foolishness."

At this Grantham chuckled and settled himself still more comfortably in the big easy chair. "She would be perfectly stunning," he mused, sotto voce, "in an evening frock."

Cunningham sighed. "Let's go to the theater," he urged. "You ought to keep in the public eye, you know, if you're going to bring this will-o'-the-wisp chase to a finish."

The play was fairly amusing, but Grantham found time to study the backs of the different women.

Suddenly toward the end of the second act he grasped Cunningham's arm tightly.

"She's here," he whispered. "Look in the second lower box at the left."

Cunningham looked. In fact, he had scarcely looked anywhere else since the play began.

"Isn't she beautiful?" Grantham breathed.

Cunningham nodded sullenly. "Come on out," he almost commanded as the curtain fell on an unheeded climax. In a corner of the lobby, apart from the crowd, the two men halted. Cunningham cleared his throat.

"Grantham," he began impressively, "I have to shatter your dream. But you can't have her. I've chosen her myself."

"Has she chosen you?" he asked quietly.

"Why, no; I can't say that she has," Cunningham admitted reluctantly. "But I'm hoping she will. I'm playing a very discreet game. I'm not boring her to death the way all the others are."

"You'll introduce me?" Grantham asked quietly.

Cunningham hesitated, but only for the fraction of a minute. "Certainly," he answered courteously.

The two men entered the box just as the curtain was going up for the third act. The introductions were necessarily hurried.

"Miss Curtiss," Cunningham said briefly and formally, "Mr. Grantham." Then, turning, with a familiar nod, to the other young woman in the box, he added: "Nell, this is Mr. Grantham. You've heard me speak of him. Grant, my sister."

After the first scene conversation began again.

"He's a great admirer of yours, Miss Curtiss," Cunningham said, indicating Grantham, "or, rather, I should say, another great admirer of yours."

"Nonsense," laughed Miss Curtiss. "It's your sister he admires. He hasn't taken his eyes off her since he came into the box."

Cunningham's astonishment was exceeded only by his relief. He felt like clapping Grantham on the shoulder and wishing him good luck. But Grantham was getting on very well without any such encouragement.

"Of course," he was telling Nell, with an unembarrassed frankness that she found most embarrassing, "I'm glad you are so wonderfully beautiful, but I should have loved you just the same if your eyes had not been so blue and if your chin hadn't had a dimple in it."

"Oh, please, Mr. Grantham!" protested Nell blushing. "You mustn't."

"But I thought you'd understand," pleaded Grantham wistfully. "Your brother said—"

"Yes, yes; I know," admitted Nell quickly, "but you see I didn't know it was my romance then. I thought it was some other girl's."

"But didn't you say you'd be in the seventh heaven of delight if anything so romantic ever happened to you?" Grantham cross questioned her gently.

"I had banked all my hopes on that. I told myself that was the way the other girl would feel."

"Yes," Nell answered dreamily. Then, after a moment's pause, "But it's all so very sudden."

"Not for me," pleaded Grantham. "I've loved you ever since I first saw you, and you've really loved me ever since your brother told you about me, so—"

"Indeed I haven't," contradicted Nell warmly. "I've only envied the other girl."

At this Grantham laughed softly.

"But since there isn't any other girl you aren't really going to turn your back on me for good, dear, are you?"

At this Nell turned a face of such radiant happiness upon him that Grantham knew he need have no fear. Still her answer wasn't just what he expected.

"If only I were that other girl and as homely as a mud fence," she told him mischievously, "I'd know exactly what to answer."

### A Contest of Experts.

Ian Maclaren used to tell a story of two Scots worthies, douce elders of the kirk, who found themselves alone in the compartment of a railway carriage traveling in Perthshire, and, thrown upon each other for company, they fastened on a knotty point in theology to beguile the time. The subject of controversy was whether a man is saved by faith or works. The discussion became heated, and the train drew up at the destination of one of the debaters not a moment too soon. Loath to give up the argument, they continued to wrangle until the train began to move out of the station, and the discharged passenger had to run along the platform to eke out the precious moments left for a last word. The subject seemed to hang fire for a perilous moment—the train was accelerating its speed—when back from the figure leaning far out of the carriage window came the cry, "Hebrews—ten—thirty-eight!" ("The just shall live by faith.") Quick as lightning the other flung after the receding anti-nomian, "James—first—twenty-four!" ("By works a man is justified and not by faith only.")—Harper's Weekly.

## YOU ARE GOING TO BUY Stockers and Feeding Cattle THIS SEASON

You want to buy where you can get the best cattle for the least money. Write or wire at once to

**JOHN J. LAWLER**  
163 EXCHANGE BUILDING  
UNION STOCK YARDS, CHICAGO

Sound, safe, conservative, strict honesty and a square deal guaranteed.

ESTABLISHED OVER 25 YEARS  
REFERENCES: Live Stock Exchange National Bank, Chicago  
Any Mercantile Agency  
Thousands of our satisfied customers

We handle more stockers and feeders than any firm in the world. A big selection at all times. Sales, 40 to 50 loads daily.

Come to Chicago and we will sell direct to you, or order at once by mail or telegram and we will ship just what you want direct to you at lowest market prices. Write at once for our plan of filling orders. We can save you money. Write us for quotations of prices before you buy.

## When You Want the Latest

## Shoes, Hats, and Gent's Furnishings

At the Lowest Possible Prices, call on

**WM. C. DEVILBISS,**

22 W. Main St. WESTMINSTER, MD.

AGENT FOR

"Walk-Over" Shoes for Men, \$3.50 and \$4.00.  
"Dorothy Dodd" Shoes for Women, \$3.00 and \$4.00.

## DOLLY MADISON

SHOES are the Best and we are not afraid to make the statement— We could even prove it—

If you will wear a pair you will know we are right—

\$3.00 \$3.50 \$4.00

SOLD BY REPRESENTATIVE DEALERS

Sold by—C. EDGAR YOUNT & CO.,—Taneytown.



Use these Old Established and Standard Remedies.

## Foutz's Superior Poultry Food

Makes Hens Lay; keeps Chickens healthy. They like it. It is a concentrated Food as well, a tonic medicine and egg stimulant. Price 25c per package.

- Foutz's Horse & Cattle Powder, 25c pkgs.
- Foutz's Perfect Lice Powder, 25c pkgs.
- Foutz's Certain Worm Powder, 50c pkgs.
- Foutz's Certain Kolk Cure, 50c bottle.
- Foutz's Liniment, 25c bottle.
- Foutz's Healing Powder, for Gollar Galls, etc. 25c pkgs.

For sale everywhere by dealers—

At Taneytown, Md.

ROBERT S. MCKINNEY.

## Christmas Culinary Efforts

To be successful, require the Very Best and Purest Spices, Flavoring Extracts, Baking Powder, Soda, Cream of Tartar, Etc., Etc.

We Have Them. Let Us Supply Your Wants.

Our Assortment of Holiday Gifts consist of both useful and ornamental articles. Good Quality Hair Brushes, Fine Perfumes, Toilet Articles, Handsome Stationery, Kodaks, Etc.

OUR MOTTO: Good Goods. Reasonable Prices.

Rb't S. McKinney, DRUGGIST, Taneytown, Md.

## The Home

INSURANCE CO. of New York,

Is not a speculation, or an uncertainty, but the real thing. When you hold such a policy you have positive assurance that you have the very best to be had, backed by a financial standing and long business reputation for fairness, not exceeded by any Company in the World.

## Fire and Storm

policies issued on all classes of desirable property, at rates which experience has tested to be as low as can be offered with safety.

P. B. ENGLAR, Agent, TANEYTOWN, MD.

## TANEYTOWN LOCAL COLUMN.

### Brief Items of Local News of Special Interest to Our Home Readers.

There will be the regular services in the Reformed church, on Sunday.

Master David Wolf is ill with pneumonia, but is better than he was the first of the week.

Mrs. Samuel A. Brown was partially paralyzed, last Sunday evening, and her present condition is serious.

Mrs. Upton Birnie and Mr. S. Galt Birnie, of Philadelphia, are here on a visit to extend over the Holidays.

Mr. P. S. Hiltner is on a visit to his old home in Northumberland county, Va., and will be absent several weeks.

The new two-cent stamps are out. They are less bright in color, and may, or may not, be considered handsomer than the old.

Mr. Jacob Fleagle, who was recently paralyzed, has been removed to his home, in this place, and is reported to be somewhat improved.

Send that absent relative, or friend, of yours the RECORD, one year, for a Christmas gift. Do it now, so that the subscription will start with our Christmas issue.

Christmas Day is not a Rural Letter Carrier holiday, and mail will be delivered as usual that day. The Postoffice will be closed from 10.30 a. m. till 3 p. m. and after 6 p. m.

"Every little helps." A few cents spent for Red Cross Christmas stamps will help to fight Tuberculosis. You can get them at the RECORD office, or at McKinney's drug store. Will you?

The Christmas entertainment by the Sunday School of the Presbyterian church, Taneytown, will be given in that church on Tuesday, Dec. 22, at 7.30 p. m. All are invited to attend.

We will be glad to give notice of the Christmas programs in the various churches, in next issue, if those interested will hand them in. As the RECORD will be issued on Thursday, next week, the announcements will be in time.

Mr. Venalda K. Fair, in accompanying his brother's body home for burial, traveled within a few miles of 2000, as he was in Oklahoma when the news of the death reached him. Mr. Milton L. Fair was accompanied by his wife and daughter, from Lake City, Iowa. All will stay here for a few weeks, before returning west.

Mr. James Alonzo Shildt, of York Road, who had been ill for a long time with lung disease, died last Friday night, in his 44th year. He leaves a widow, daughter of Mr. James L. Shriver, and two brothers, Wm. C. Shildt, of Hagers-town, and Isaiah T., of Harney. Funeral services were held at the Lutheran church, on Monday, interment being in the Reformed cemetery, the officiating ministers being Rev. Wm. E. Wheeler and Rev. Martin W. Schweitzer. Services at the grave were conducted by the P. O. S. of A., Taneytown Grange, and the I. O. O. F., of which organizations Mr. Shildt was a member.

The following clipping, from a Neosho, Mo., newspaper, was sent us by a friend of the late Mr. John H. Fair.

"John H. Fair, of Fair Bros., who resided one mile and a half south of town, passed away from this earth very sudden on the 7th day of December, 1908, while on a visit to his brother in Lake City, Ia. Mr. Fair for a number of years was traveling salesman for the National Harvester Co., of Chicago, Ill. The company appreciated his services so well that they presented him with several shares in the company's stock, during his life, which brought him in a handsome revenue. He quit the road and came with his brother, V. K. Fair, to Neosho, in the year of 1903, and purchased 80 acres of land from Mr. Knotts of Neosho, south of town. They built them a very nice home for the purpose of engaging in the strawberry business. Deceased was a very intelligent and accomplished gentleman, in the prime of life, loved and respected by all who knew him."

### Christmas Program, Lutheran Church.

The choir and Sunday School of Trinity Lutheran church will render an elaborate program, in the Opera House, on Christmas eve, consisting of two parts. The first will be by the choir, six numbers in all, and the second will be the Cantata "Santa's Wonderful Gift" by the Sunday School, with the following cast of characters:

Santa Claus, Mr. W. Rein Motter.  
Family—Father, Mother, Children, etc., Mr. Carroll Hess and Miss Josephine Reindollar.  
Ragged Child, Miss Thekla Miller.  
Angel of Peace,  
Chief and Queen of Atlantis,  
Chief, Mr. Jesse Poole.  
Queen, Miss Clara Reindollar.  
Natives of Atlantis,  
Sorcerer, Mr. H. Clay Englar.  
Mother Goose, Miss Mary Reindollar.  
Old King Cole, Roy Phillips.  
Jack Sprit and Wife,  
Wm. Gilds and Miss Helen Fox.  
Bo-Peep,  
Jack and Jill,  
Boy Blue,  
Jack Horner,  
Laverne and Vesta Zepf,  
David Reindollar,  
Ralph Yount.

There will be seventeen musical numbers, consisting of solos, choruses and duets, the whole, with the spoken parts, forming a delightful entertainment.

The story opens with a family group, including, besides the children of the household, a number of cousins.

Most of them have a discontented spirit, being dissatisfied with their last year's Christmas gifts, and taking no interest in the approaching Christmas.

The father and mother, to create a better feeling, have enlisted their interest in a Mission School.

Melisse, the junior of the family, has lost a story book telling of the capture

of the Queen of the Atlantis by the Deep Sea People. The Queen in her captivity found the Jewel of Contentment.

The father expresses the wish that something would bring contentment to his household. In the second scene Santa appears in the country of Atlantis. He had been led to go there by the story in the book of little Melisse. He rescued the Queen who gives him the Jewel of Contentment.

The third scene shows the discontented children and parents returned from the Mission School on Christmas night, all happy.

They fall asleep, and Mother Goose and her family, and Santa visit the home. The latter is delighted at the change in the home that contentment, Santa's Wonderful Gift, has brought. The story closes with all the characters uniting in a spirited song of good feeling.

Admission, adults, 20c; children, 10c. Doors open at 7 o'clock.

### This Is Worth Reading.

Leo F. Zelinski, of 68 Gibson St., Buffalo, N. Y., says: "I cured the most annoying cold sore I ever had, with Bucklen's Arnica Salve. I applied this salve once a day for two days, when every trace of the sore was gone." Heals all sores. Sold under guarantee at R. S. McKinney's drug store. 25c.

### How Hogs Are Skinned.

In Yates County, N. Y., farmers have found out that it is more profitable to skin the hogs than to scrape them. The change in method was brought about by an enterprising butcher who found a market for hog skin. He began to skin hogs for farmers taking skins for pay. As they are worth from 50 cents to \$1 apiece, it is a paying business, and from the standpoint of the owner of the hog it is a good thing, too. He is not required to make any extensive preparation at butchering time, as before. No platform to build, no water to heat; no extra help to employ.

Now the butcher drives into the yard, kills, skins and cleans the hogs, and brings them up ready for market. The loss in weight is slight, from five to fifteen pounds, according to the size of the hog, and the butcher will pay half a cent a pound more for pork skinned to cut up on the block, and for home use it is much better.

This practice of skinning hogs is rapidly spreading over that State, and it is believed by progressive farmers that in a few years it will entirely take the place of the old method of scraping.

### A Dangerous Operation

is the removal of the appendix by a surgeon. No one who takes Dr. King's New Life Pills is ever subjected to this frightful ordeal. They work so quietly you don't feel them. They cure constipation, headache, biliousness and malaria. 25c at R. S. McKinney's drug store.

### American Crops of 1908.

Washington, Dec. 13.—The annual report of the Secretary of Agriculture, made public to-day, reviews his 12 years of service as head of the department.

The farm value of all farm products of 1908, the report shows, reaches the most extraordinary total in the nation's history—\$7,778,000,000. The gain over 1907 is \$290,000,000. Greatest of all crops is Indian corn, whose production this year is 2,643,000,000 bushels, worth \$1,615,000,000. This crop is worth this year nearly as much as the great crops of cotton, hay and wheat combined.

The cotton crop is one of the highest three ever produced, but the farm price of cotton this year is below the price of last year by more than 1 cent a pound. For the first time, the value of the cotton crop, including seed, has exceeded the value of the hay crop, which has heretofore held second place.

The greatest hay crop in history has been gathered this year, 68,000,000 tons, or 12 per cent above the average of the preceding five years. Its price is \$2 a ton less than it was a year ago, but still the wheat is 1 1/2 per cent, above the five-year average in production, and 23 per cent, above in total value. The 660,000,000 bushels of this crop are estimated to be worth \$620,000,000 to the farmers, or \$66,000,000 more than the most valuable wheat crop heretofore produced.

Although the oat crop suffered from drouth the value is \$321,000,000 for 789,000,000 bushels, or 10 per cent, above the five-year average value and 9 per cent, below the average product. The barley crop, 167,000,000 bushels, is 13 per cent, above the five-year average, and its value \$86,000,000, is 23 per cent, above. Both have been exceeded only once. Rye remains in the notch that it has occupied in production in recent years, but its value, \$22,000,000, is 17 per cent, above the average.

The largest crop of rice ever raised, 23,000,000 bushels, is this year's, with a value of about \$18,000,000, the crop being 29 per cent, above the five-year average and its value 23 per cent, above.

All cereals aggregate 4,329,000,000 bushels, a total that has been exceeded three times, but the value reaches \$2,694,000,000, or more than \$300,000,000 above that of 1907, and exceeds still more the totals of former years. Compared with the preceding five years, the number of bushels is higher by 0.2 % and the value is higher by 32 per cent.

Unfavorable weather made the potato crop only 275,000,000 bushels, or 5 per cent, below the five-year average, although the value, \$190,000,000 is 18 per cent, above and was never equaled by any former crop.

Tobacco production is still low in comparison with recent years, but the price is probably a little above that of 1907, when there was a decided increase above former years. The value of this crop is about the same as for 1907 and is higher than at any time before that year.

Although the farmer gets hardly 20 cents a pound for his butter, between 3 and 4 cents a quart for his milk, and about 1 1/2 cents for each egg, yet the value of the farm products of the dairy cow is getting close to \$800,000,000, and the value of the eggs and poultry produced on the farm is worth as much as the cotton crop, seed included, or the hay crop or the wheat crop.

The aggregate value of animals sold and slaughtered and of animal products at the farm amounts to about three-eighths of the value of all farm products, estimated upon the census basis, and is getting nearer and nearer to \$3,000,000,000.

### Floral Antiseptic Tooth Powder.

Efficient and exceedingly agreeable. Prevents decay and sweetens the breath. Price 10 cents a bottle. Manufactured only by John McKellip, Taneytown, Md. 7-4-tf

### Governor Crothers Gives Advice.

Governor Crothers, on Wednesday, gave forceful expression to his views upon political matters and party policy. He discussed a number of vital topics and outlined the course he thinks the Democratic party should pursue and toward which he proposes to bend his energies. He hit out straight from the shoulder and indicated plainly that he does not intend to stay satisfied with giving his advice, but will do what he can to have his advice adopted.

What he said amounted practically to a declaration of his personal political platform and is the first time he has had anything to say along political lines since his inauguration. What the Governor wants is for the next Legislature to be the best and most useful in the whole history of the State. Those who have watched his course closely since the adjournment of the last session, realize that he is furthering this desire in a determined, systematic and comprehensive way, in which he has calculated nicely the power of public sentiment to force through the reforms he is advocating.

"This is not the time," he said, "to talk politics, and I am not bothering my head about it. I have plenty to do here, and there are a number of commissions from which I expect important results before the winter is over. What I am interested in is placing on the statute books the laws that State needs to put it upon a business foundation, and in line with the most progressive Commonwealths of the country. And I want these things done by the Democratic party."

"I went in with the last Legislature, and I was not in good physical condition. Perhaps, I did not do my share. The next Legislature comes in the middle of my term. It is the one that will have the real opportunity to accomplish something, and if I have my health, I will do my share then." He offers the following opinions:

"Reform never hurts the Democratic party. It always helps it. Let us get away from this idea that there is danger in giving the people what they want."

"The coming Legislature will have before it more really vital and important legislation than any that has preceded it, and I want the best men possible from counties and city sent there."

"Make the party appeal to the man who is not in politics, who wants no office and has no political ambition. Make that man feel that the Democratic party stands for reform and is not afraid of progress."

"I want to see the Democratic party stand for some wholesome, clean things that will increase public confidence in it and continue it in control for many years."

"So long as the race issue exists Maryland will be a one-party State, and the Democrats will control, but the party ought to have a better reason than this for its supremacy and ascendancy."

"The doctrine is merely to give the people what they want and what they have a right to expect; to play the game straight and avoid even the appearance of trickery or unfairness."—Sun.

### It Is a Wonder.

Chamberlain's Liniment is one of the most remarkable preparations yet produced for the relief of rheumatic pains, and for lame back, sprains and bruises. The quick relief from pain which it affords in case of rheumatism is alone worth many times its cost. Price, 25 cents; large size 50 cents. For sale by R. S. McKinney, Druggist, Taneytown, Md.

## NOTICE

A meeting of the Taneytown Mutual Fire Insurance Co., will be held at the office, Jan. 5, 1909, for the purpose of electing eight directors, to serve the following year.

JAS. B. GALT,  
Secretary.

12-19-3t.

## LADY WANTED

Honest industrious woman wanted to introduce our large line of fancy and staple dress goods, waists, trimmings, etc., among friends, neighbors and townpeople. We also manufacture a full line of perfumes and toilet articles, no soaps. Should be able to earn \$20, or more weekly. Dealing direct from the mills our prices are low and patterns exclusive. No money required. Write us for full particulars.

Standard Dress Goods Co.,  
Dept. 9, BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

## Christmas Candies.

Our line of Candy is superior to any we have ever had, and is

### Strictly Fresh

from Factory to our place.  
Prices from 7c lb. to 60c lb.

Package Goods,  
from 30c lb. to \$1.50 lb.

## We Invite-- School Teachers

to inspect our line of Candies before buying.

Chocolate Drops, 12 to 20c lb.;  
Florida Russet or Bright Oranges,  
rom 15c to 50c per dozen.  
Fancy and Staple Groceries at  
rock bottom prices.

H. S. HILL.  
12-12-3t

## Special Notices.

Small advertisements will be inserted under this heading at ONE CENT a word, each insertion, except advertisements of Real Estate for sale—Farms, Houses and Lots, etc.—which will cost TWO CENTS a word, each insertion. No charge less than 10c. Cash; in advance, except by special agreement.

EGGS wanted; good Squabs, 16c to 18c a pair; Chickens, 8c around; Calves, 6c, 50c for delivering. Ducks, Geese, Guinea and Turkeys wanted, not received later than Tuesday morning. Headquarters for all kinds of game and furs. A few duck and goose feathers for sale. For further information call at SCHWARTZ'S Produce.

HIGHEST CASH Prices paid for Eggs, Calves and Poultry. 50c for delivering Calves Tuesday evening or Wednesday morning.—G. W. MOTTER, 6-10-5

PUBLIC SALE.—March 19, by B. P. Ogle, on the road from Creagerstown to Lewistown, near Black's mill, lot of fine Horses, Cattle and Farming Implements. T. J. Kolb, Auct.

SPECIAL NOTICE to Sunday and Public School teachers. A fine lot of Christmas and New Year Cards and Booklets, from 1¢ to 15¢. Also the finest and largest selection of Christmas and New Year Post Cards. Post Cards of all kinds.—J. Wm. HULL, 12-19-2t



Dr. J. H. Walter, the optician will be at the Hotel Bankard, Taneytown, Wednesday, Dec. 23, 1908, for the purpose of examining eyes and fitting glasses. All diseases of the eye treated. No charge for examination. Now is the time to select a useful Christmas present for all that have eye trouble.

MOVING PICTURES, program for next Tuesday night, in Opera House. Cowboys and Indians, Jesse James Boys; five long reels, balance all comic. Admission 10¢ and 15¢. Don't miss it. Doors open at 7.15.

FOR RENT.—Dwelling and blacksmith shop, or Dwelling alone. Apply to JOHN J. HESS, Harney, Md. 12-19-2t

DOLLAR SAVED, is a dollar made. Get your Lumber saved at 40¢ per 100 ft, at—F. P. PALMER'S, Pine Hill Mills, Md. 12-19-2t

PUBLIC SALE, Dec. 22, at 12 o'clock 1 Mare, 2 Cows, 1 Heifer, Buggy, Harness, Farming Implements and Household Goods.—JOHN C. BOONE, near Mt. Union. 12-19-2t

DON'T LET this Christmas go by without getting one of these nice Plush Robes, Woolen Horse Blankets, \$4.90 and Portland Sleighs; then you will be ready when the first sleighing comes.—D. W. GARNER, 12-12-2t

GENUINE IMPORTED Hand-painted Art China, a beautiful selection of Novelties and Dishes, on hand. See HULL'S Jewelry Ad. on this page.—J. Wm. HULL, 12-12-3t

FANCY PLUSH Robes, Stable Blankets and Horse Blankets of all kinds and sizes, prices and weights.—At D. W. GARNER'S, Blanket Store, Taneytown, Md. 12-12-2t

BEFORE INSURING, let me give you the cost of paid up insurance, without assessments. Buy insurance straight out, instead of gambling on chances.—P. B. ENGLAR, Agt. Home Ins. Co., N. Y. 12-5-4t

FOR SALE—One good young cow.—EDW. F. CAYLOR, Fairview. 12-5-3t

FOR RENT.—House and ground with all other privileges. No displeasure with tenant, and they can't have with me.—MRS. MOSES SEABROOK, Middleburg. 11-21-6t

NOTICE TO POULTRYMEN—Oyster Shells are practically pure carbonate of lime, the most essential element in the formation of eggs. Just received a car load. Price, 55¢ per 100 lb sack.—CHAS. E. H. SHRINER, 11-14-tf

## PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

The undersigned, Administrator of William W. Crapster, deceased, will sell at public sale, on SATURDAY, DECEMBER 26th., 1908, at 2 o'clock, p. m., all that lot or parcel of ground situate on York Street in Taneytown, Md. The improvements thereon consist of a 10-room Brick DWELLING HOUSE, Barn, and other necessary outbuildings.

Possession given April 1, 1909.

TERMS OF SALE—One-third cash on day of sale; one-third upon the ratification of sale by the Orphans' Court, the other one-third at the end of six months from day of sale; or all cash, at the option of the purchasers, deferred payments to bear interest from day of sale. Upon the payment of the whole of the purchase money, a good and sufficient deed will be given, free from all claims.

WILLIAM B. CRAPSTER,  
J. N. O. Smith, Auct. Admr.  
F. N. Parke, Solicitor. 12-5-4t

## Taneytown Grain and Hay Market

Corrected weekly, on day of publication. Prices paid by The Reindollar Co.

|                        |             |
|------------------------|-------------|
| Wheat, dry milling new | 96@96       |
| Corn, new and dry      | 60@60       |
| Rye                    | 70@70       |
| Oats                   | 45@45       |
| Timothy Hay, prime old | 8.00@8.00   |
| Mixed Hay              | 6.00@7.00   |
| Bundle Rye Straw, new  | 11.00@12.00 |

## Baltimore Markets.

|                  |             |
|------------------|-------------|
| Wheat            | 1.01@1.02   |
| Corn             | 62@64       |
| Oats             | 53@55       |
| Rye              | 75@80       |
| Hay, Timothy     | 14.00@15.00 |
| Hay, Mixed       | 12.00@13.00 |
| Hay, Clover      | 12.00@13.00 |
| Straw, Rye bales | 16.00@17.00 |
| Potatoes         | 75@80       |

## "Taneytown's Leading Fashion Store" ALL CLOTHING REDUCED.

# Koons Bros. DEPARTMENT STORE.

TANEYTOWN, MD.

## Holiday Buying

Is now at its height at our establishment. Going with a swing and a force which is the natural result of our extensive preparations for it, and the grand values we are offering. Nowhere can gifts be purchased to better advantage than here—whether they be

## Ladies' Coats and Furs. Men's Suits and Overcoats. Gloves, Neckwear and Handkerchiefs.

Or any of the other varied lines that find such a fitting and profuse representation throughout the store. They are all of the very latest designs at money saving prices.

### Stationery.

The best for you to buy in the stationery line for Christmas presents will be found here. *Elegant Box Paper* and Envelopes in all tints, either ruled or unruled.

### Suspenders.

Men's fine Elastic dress Suspenders a good strong, dressy Suspenders, nicely packed for Christmas presents. The large stock we show enables you to get the color to suit.

### Suit Cases and Club Bags.

We have a large line of them, all of excellent quality, in canvass, split leather and sole leather. Prices start at \$1.20.

### Horse Blankets, Lap Robes.

We are driving right to the front with the greatest attractions of the season. The goods we offer will insure you getting the best if you want the best.

### Umbrellas for Christmas.

The handles are of the finest finished ivory, buck horn, cape horn and natural wood, some are trimmed with sterling silver. As low as \$1.19.

### Beautiful Handkerchiefs.

Want to give a sensible Christmas gift? Then give Handkerchiefs. Want to give the prettiest and finest Handkerchiefs for the money you intend spending? Come! Can't tell you in print of the fineness of the linen, and the beauty of the handkerchief, but will tell you these are cheap; some in fancy boxes.

### Men's Neckwear.

Men's Imperials, Tecks, Four-in-hands and Batwings, 25 and 50c.

## Confidence of the People.

The almost phenomenal expansion that has made the career of this big store so notable has sprung from the absolute confidence of the people. That was secured at the start and has always been firmly maintained, by the reliability of our goods, the liberality of our methods, and by our unmatched low prices. The shopper comes here knowing full well what to expect; immediate attention, the latest and best Merchandise, the leading ideas and styles.

## Millinery! Millinery!

All Millinery now on hand will be sold at cost.

## DO YOU KNOW The Most Attractive Christmas Gift is Jewelry?

Before buying Christmas Gifts be sure to visit this old established Store which is now brimfull of just the kind of Presents you would like to give. It's a Stock to enlist the interest of every taste and satisfy the demand of any pocket-book.

|                             |                              |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Jewelry, Watches, Clocks,   | Pin Cushions, Jardinieres,   |
| Silverware, Tea Sets,       | Fern Dishes, Shaving Sets,   |
| Coffee Sets, Pens, Pencils, | Clock Ornaments,             |
| Combs, Mirrors, Brushes,    | Vases, Candle Sticks,        |
| Cut Glass, Match Safes,     | Handkerchief Boxes,          |
| Candelabras, Toilet-ware,   | Jewel Boxes, Crumb Trays,    |
| Society Emblems,            | Cracker Jars, Globe Boxes,   |
| Eye Glasses, Spectacles,    | Smoking Sets, Bon-bon Boxes, |
| Ink Stands, Paper Weights,  | Salt & Peppers.              |

Any of the above goods that I may be out of can be ordered by Catalogue and received in 5 days; and if not as represented in Catalogue, don't receive it.

Buy Your Jewelry and Clocks at HULL'S and receive Goods Worth the Price. They will make a present you need not be ashamed of. Don't buy cheap, shoddy stuff and then be ashamed of your gift.

### ALL GOODS GUARANTEED AS REPRESENTED

Soliciting your patronage and thanking you for past favors, I remain,  
Respectfully Yours,

J. WM. HULL, Jeweler,  
TANEYTOWN, MD.

## Ship Your HOGS to Us!

For Best Prices. A large Jobbing Trade makes it possible for us to get from 1-4c to 1-2c per lb. above market price.

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF HOGS, EGGS, POULTRY, and all kinds of Country Produce. Write for Tags and Quotations.  
J. W. BUFFINGTON & CO., 1000 Hillen St., Balto., Md.