

Local and Personal.

This is meant to be a purely local news column to which the RECORD invites contributions. Events of local importance...

Charles W. Forrest left for Baltimore, on Tuesday, to enlist in the army, it is said.

Prof. Meier's school will close next Friday, and on Monday following, appropriate exercises will be held.

Miss Maggie Cross, of Westminster is visiting Mrs. C. A. Elliot and Mrs. A. F. Orndorff for the past ten days.

Mrs. Mary L. Fuller and son, of Hagerstown, returned home last Friday after a visit to the family of N. B. Hagan.

Mr. Louis J. Hemler joins his daughter Mamie in most earnestly thanking all who aided her in a contest for a gold watch, which she won.

On invitation of Camp No. 10, Tyrone, a considerable number of members of the P. O. S. of A., of this place will attend special services at Baust church, on Sunday morning next.

The youngest son of Augustus Morelock, on Thursday evening, succeeded in getting a button hook fast in his mouth, which necessitated the services of a physician to remove it.

Many farmers in this section think that the yield of wheat will average but little over half that of last year, basing their opinion on damages done by the fly and irregular growth in straw.

The evidence of better times is very noticeable in taking a drive over the country. New barns and other buildings are scattered here and there, while bright paint and new fencing appears in other places.

The following persons from this place, it is said, will attend the Nashville C. E. Convention; Rev. D. Frank Garland, George H. Birnie, Miss Anna Motter, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel H. Little and Mrs. F. H. Seiss.

By virtue of a dispensation from the Grand Lodge, Taneyton Lodge No. 36, Knights of Pythias will meet every two weeks, during the months of June, July and August, commencing with Friday evening, June 10th., at which time nominations will be made for officers for the ensuing term.

The Fire Company will meet on next Tuesday night, in the public school building, on which occasion a subject for discussion, of interest to the Company, will be introduced by Prof. H. Meier. The quarterly membership dues are also payable and it is hoped that there will be a general response.

"Choice Maryland Cookery" is almost "out of print," as but a very few copies of the 1000 yet remain for sale. Within two weeks time, it is safe to say, not a copy can be had, which attests the fact that the publication has been wonderfully popular. The RECORD has only about twenty copies yet for sale.

On Wednesday afternoon, a coincidence much commented on, was that the Reformed and Lutheran bells tolled at the same time, and that the funeral processions of Mr. Hess and Mrs. John W. Shrinier passed each other on the street, between the two churches, something which probably never occurred before.

Mr. Lizzie Shrinier, wife of Mr. John W. Shrinier, of near Kump, died on Monday after a prolonged illness, and was buried in the Reformed cemetery, this place, on Wednesday afternoon. Mrs. Shrinier was a great sufferer from cancer, and death was, no doubt, a happy release. She was a sister of James and Nelson Boyd, of this district.

It has been suggested to us that the reason why it is so hard to stir up interest in the cemetery question, is because many of our leading citizens have burial places selected elsewhere. This is true, to some extent, no doubt; yet, this very creditable provision for the future has not been made by a very large number, after all, and the real reason why no interest is taken, must be looked for elsewhere.

Elmer Apple, living near Harney, met with a painful accident one day last week. While hammering a lime shovel, a piece of steel flew in his right eye, imbedding itself in the eyeball, causing great pain. He did not procure surgical attention, however, for several days, until the trouble became very serious, when he secured the services of Dr. F. H. Seiss who removed the cause. The eye is not likely to be permanently injured.

Decorations day passed off very successfully here, according to program, though the attendance was not as large as usual, owing to the fact that farmers are putting in all the time they can at their work which has been so greatly delayed by wet weather. The addresses by Revs. Bateman and Garland were very favorably commented on, many pronouncing them among the best ever delivered here. The attendance of old soldiers was very small.

It has been brought to our notice that the peddling of fruit and vegetables about town, by boys, at unreasonable hours, is a nuisance. It has happened frequently that nervous persons, and those feeling unwell, have been called from a much needed afternoon nap by the violent ringing of the door bell, only to find a boy with something to sell. Surely, there should be a remedy against this sort of thoughtless and unnecessary hawking, which amounts to worse than a nuisance.

COUNTY AND STATE.

News Notes of General Interest from various Sources.

June corn will have a chance to show what it can do this year.

The new German Baptist church in Hagerstown, which will be dedicated on July 17th., will cost about \$7000.

The State Volunteer Firemen's Association will hold its annual meeting at Salisbury, beginning on June 8. A next entertainment and elaborate program has been arranged by the residents.

Hon. Thomas J. Keating, a prominent democrat, of Centreville, died on Wednesday aged sixty-nine years. He was state tax commissioner until a couple three months ago when he resigned on account of ill health.

Commencement exercises will be held at New Windsor college next week, beginning on Sunday with the baccalaureate sermon by Rev. Dr. Jas. Fraser. The oratorical contest will be on Tuesday night, and the commencement exercises and conferring of degrees on Thursday.

On Tuesday morning Manassas Eader, of New Market, Frederick county, aged seventy-five years, while attempting to cross the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad tracks at Monrovia with a wagon, was struck by an engine and killed. The engine struck the wagon in the centre completely demolishing it, but the horses escaped injury.

Much work has been done at Penmar this spring to beautify the grounds and buildings. The paths have all been reslated and a number of new ones made, and the buildings have been repainted. A new flag staff much higher than the old one, has been erected, and from it a large American flag will float during the summer. The season proper at the park will not open until the latter part of June.

W. A. Stone was, on Thursday, nominated as the republican candidate for governor of Pennsylvania. Stone was Senator Quay's candidate and the nomination was made on the first ballot. The name of John Wanamaker was presented, but a letter from him was read in which he declined to be a candidate. It is quite probable that Wanamaker, or some other anti-Quay candidate, will be nominated in opposition to Stone.

Active preparations are being made for the laying of the corner stone of the Francis Scott Key Monument, which will take place in Mt. Olivet Cemetery, Frederick, on Flag Day, June 14. The committee in charge of the arrangements are: Mrs. A. L. Eader, chairman, Mrs. George Ott, Mrs. A. M. Landauer, Maj. E. Y. Goldsborough, Mr. Jacob B. Tyson and Mr. George S. Rodock, have arranged to have the ceremony attended with an imposing local demonstration.

The contest for the republican nomination for Congress in the Sixth district, is growing very warm. Congressman McDonald and Mr. Ashley M. Gould, a member of the last House of Delegates, are the two most prominent candidates. Both are from Montgomery county, and there the contest is being made vote by vote. In the other counties of the district leaders are planning for control of the primaries and county conventions in the interest of their respective candidates.

William H. Morningstar, who for many years had been a prominent citizen of Union Bridge, died in Baltimore, last Sunday, and was buried in the Union Bridge cemetery on Tuesday. Mr. Morningstar had been engaged in building, undertaking, the manufacture of cigar boxes, served four years as postmaster under President Harrison, and also conducted a fancy goods business and a bakery. He had but recently taken up residence in Baltimore. His wife and one son, Ira, survive him.

A large number of dairymen from Baltimore, Carroll and other counties met at Raine's Hall, Baltimore, on Tuesday, and formed an association, to be known as the Dairymen's Protective Association of Maryland. They elected the following officers: President, John Loebner; vice president, Davis Baker; treasurer, Basil Gardner; secretary, Joseph W. James. The association appointed a committee for the purpose of employing counsel to have abolished certain sections added to the sanitary laws of the state by the last Legislature in regard to the registering of herds. It was stated that the general feeling of the meeting is that the law is unjust and arbitrary and would work hardship to dairymen, and would not be to the best interest of the public.

The preaching in the Taneyton U. B. church next Sunday will be in the afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. There will be Children's day services in the Harney church, beginning at 9 a. m. An interesting program is being prepared. All are cordially invited to attend these services. J. O. CLARKE, Pastor.

Children's day services at Uniontown, M. P. church, Sunday. Program by the school at 10:30 a. m. Special exercises in the evening at 8 o'clock. Miss Anna L. Forrest, a returned missionary from the Empire of Japan, will be present and make an address at both services. B. W. KINLEY, Pastor.

Uniontown Church of God, Sabbath school at 9 o'clock; preaching at 10:15, by Rev. Shreve, Dr. Shreve's father in the evening at 7:30. At Fossilburg, an all-day meeting, preaching in the morning at 10:30 by the pastor, on the subject, "Flowers." A literary service in the afternoon by the Sabbath school children; addresses by Bro. Jesse Garner and others; decoration of graves. A collection for mission work will be lifted at these services. All are invited.

Old papers, in bundles of 100, at the RECORD office—5c a bundle.

THE C. E. CONVENTION.

Adjourned Friday Evening after an Interesting Session.

The Pleasant Valley convention adjourned on Friday evening at 10 o'clock, three sessions having been held during the day, beginning with a sunrise prayer meeting, conducted by Francis L. Horing, brother of State Senator Hering. After devotional exercises, led by Jeremiah Ebaugh, the morning session opened at 9:30 o'clock, with a symposium, which was followed by an open discussion on "Character Building," in the following order: (1) "The Builder or Contractor," Miss Sallie E. Weaver; (2) "The Preparation Necessary," Miss J. Horner; (3) "The Structure," M. T. Yeiser; (4) "The Laborer's Remuneration," Rev. S. J. Derr. Rev. Llewellyn Fulmer, pastor of Lafayette Avenue Presbyterian church, Baltimore, delivered an address on "The Coming Kingdom."

The afternoon session opened at two o'clock with devotional exercises, led by Wm. Starner. Rev. P. H. Miller, pastor of Grace Lutheran Church, Westminster, delivered the missionary address, which was followed by presentation of the missionary banner by Rev. A. D. Bateman, pastor of Grace Reformed Church, Taneytown. The banner was awarded to the society of Mr. Bateman's church, which contributed the largest amount per member—\$1.09—to the missionary cause during the year. The society of the Presbyterian church, Taneytown, was second in the order of contributions—97 cents per member—and the society of St. Benjamin's Lutheran church, near Westminster, third—82 cents per member. The largest aggregate amount was contributed by the society of St. James' Lutheran church, Union Bridge, \$35.60.

Officers for the ensuing year were elected, as follows: President, George Mather, Westminster; vice president, Rev. R. L. Patterson, Union Bridge; secretary and treasurer, Miss Ida M. Dittenbaugh, Westminster; county superintendent of junior work, Miss M. Louise Shriver, of Westminster; county superintendent of temperance, Mrs. A. C. Wolfe, Union Bridge; missionary superintendent, Mrs. S. A. Diehl, Westminster. Junior exercises, "The Children's Crusade," were conducted by the county superintendent from three till four o'clock.

The evening session was opened with devotional exercises, led by John Burgoon. Committee reports were received, and the consecration sermon was delivered by Rev. Joseph A. Vance, pastor of Maryland Avenue Presbyterian church, Baltimore. The convention closed with a consecration service, led by Rev. S. A. Diehl, of Westminster.

Death of Charles M. Hess.

Mr. Charles M. Hess, one of the best, as well as best known, men of this district, died at his home on last Sunday evening, after a comparatively brief illness: though he had been in failing health for some time from a complication of diseases, yet was scarcely confined to his bed until the day of his death. Any comment on his life, at our hands, is superfluous; because, none knew him, even slightly, but to respect and honor him, while those closely associated with him knew him to be the sterling, earnest christian gentleman that he was, and no greater tribute can be paid any man.

Mr. Hess was a successful farmer, but was best known as a model home and church man. He was an earnest member of the Lutheran church of Taneytown, for about thirty years a member of the church council, and for almost twenty-five years acted as secretary of the body, filling the position with signal ability and devotion to the best interests of the congregation, giving liberally, always, of his time and means, for the Master's cause.

He leaves a widow and eight children, all of this district, except Charles W., who is a student at Gettysburg college, and Miss Effie, also at the same institution, fitting herself for teaching, both of whom will graduate this year. He was a brother of Abram N., and H. David Hess, of this district, Samuel F., and George W., of Freedom district, this county, Rev. John H. Hess, of Virginia, and Mrs. Clara Ogden, of Gettysburg. The funeral was largely attended by friends and relatives on Wednesday afternoon, the bearers being six of his late associates in the church council, Dr. George T. Motter, Wm. H. Cluts, Edward E. Reinhold, John S. Bower, Daniel W. Garner and P. B. Englar. The discourse on the occasion, by his pastor, was an eloquent tribute to the life and character of the deceased.

DIED.

Obituaries, poetry and resolutions, charged for at the rate of five cents per line. The regular death notices published free of charge.

MORNINGSTAR.—On May 29th, '98, in Baltimore, William H. Morningstar, aged 92 years. Internment in Union Bridge on the 31st.

SHRINIER.—On May 30th, '98, near Kump, Mrs. Elizabeth Shrinier aged 40 years.

Hess.—On May 29th, '98, near Taneytown, Mr. Charles M. Hess, aged 64 years, 7 months and 23 days.

We miss thee, dearest father, From thy familiar place, We do not hear thy foot steps Nor see thy loving face.

We miss thee at the table, Nor hear thy voice and prayer, And Oh! what sorrows pierce our hearts To see thy vacant chair.

Dearest father, thou hast left us, We our loss most deeply feel, But 'tis God who hath bereft us, At his foot-stool, we will kneel.

By his Wife and Children.

ANNUAL CONFERENCE.

Of the German Baptist Brethren at Naperville, Ill.

The RECORD has received from Samuel Weybright, of D. P. Creek, who is attending the Annual Conference at Naperville, Ill., a printed account of the services, a portion of which we reproduce. A note accompanying the same, says: "Our trip to Naperville, Ill., where the G. B. Conference is now in session, was one of pleasure. We observed all along the line the effects of heavy rains, corn fields being badly washed. Through Indiana we saw but little corn planted, owing to the wet spring. Heavy rains Friday night made it quite disagreeable for many who were lodging in tents.

This Tuesday morning, the weather is beautiful and many are enjoying a stroll through the fine park. We met quite a number of Marylanders, now living in Illinois, among them were Dr. Jacob Roop, John Cover, S. Royer, Weybright and Harry Lindsay, all of Taneyton, Md.

The opening service was on Wednesday evening, the 25th, the subject being "The Church" by G. L. Studebaker, who also conducted the service on Thursday evening, the subject being "Conditions of Salvation."

On Friday morning services were conducted by S. F. Sanger, of Virginia, and J. S. Flory. In the evening, under the shade of a forest pine surrounded by bay flowers and magnolia trees, royal banquets seldom enjoy a dinner more than did we.

We then went aboard our little yacht and proceeded homeward, having seen several large alligators but passed them by unnoted. We arrived at camp in time for supper; after supper we answered, "here," as our names were called—not one was absent. We were then ready to enjoy the music of the different Regiment bands which give a concert every evening after retreat roll call.

We have all kinds of amusements in camp and there is no reason why anyone should not be happy on a mission of this kind. As I was sitting in front of my tent, several weeks ago, some ladies chanced to stop and chat a while; one of them remarked, "You boys seem so happy, I should think you would be down-hearted and sad" I said to her, "Every patriotic young man should be proud that he could go to the front and fight for the dear old star and stripes, for it is the grandest emblem on earth." They expressed much sympathy for us and wished us victory and a safe and speedy return; then, bidding us adieu, passed down the long line of tents, and disappeared.

Everything is pretty quiet in camp, with the exception a few days ago a colored cavalry soldier shot at an officer, missing his mark, but hit a comrade soldier, killing him instantly. He was tried by court martial and shot at sunrise. Another spy has been captured in this place, and was shot this morning.

There is quite an army here at present, over 1000, as near as I can find out. Twenty-five transports are undergoing repairs at Port Tampa, nine miles down the bay, which will carry the boys to Cuba, or wherever the President sees fit. Well, I think I have written about all I know at present, that will interest my friends at Taneytown, so will close. Would be glad to hear from anyone around Taneytown.

H. L. BAUMGARDNER.

(Mr. Baumgardner is Co. Quartermaster Sergeant, being responsible for all quartermaster supplies, arms and ammunition, also in charge of the company mess, and is therefore kept pretty thoroughly engaged. We hope, however, that he will find time to continue his very interesting letters—Ed. RECORD.)

The New Dairy Law.

The RECORD is not in the habit of publishing, free of charge, that which should be paid for, but makes an exception of the new "Dairy and Live Stock" law, which will be found on second page of this issue. As this law is so radical, and has such a wide-spread effect, its provisions should be familiar to everybody in order that they may avoid violating any of them. A strict enforcement of all the points of the law puts an entirely new face on the milk business, and on account of the extra work and care required, many will no doubt drop out of it.

Many of the provisions are excellent—probably none are superfluous—and their observance will undoubtedly be in the interest of health and cleanliness, though even the cows are likely to resent the parlor style of stable and the daily brushing and combing of their bodies, as being too aesthetic for their beastly natures, and to wonder why those who do the milking, and make a business of selling milk, yet does not equally well apply to those who sell milk, in bulk, to creameries, for butter making, and to those who make and sell butter. We find the expression, "dairy purposes," used frequently, with penalties attached for certain violations; therefore, as butter making is undoubtedly a "dairy purpose," every person who keeps a cow and sells a pound of butter, seems to be equally liable, under the law, with the person who sells milk. Our subscribers should read this law and study it for themselves.

Court Proceedings.

State of Md. vs Alexis Rhenbottom; assault with intent to ravish and carnally know. Before jury; verdict guilty. J. M. Reifsnider for state, and Reifsnider for traverser.

State of Md. vs J. Thomas Dixon; assault with intent to kill. Tried before jury; verdict not guilty on 1st count and guilty on 2nd count, and sentenced to House of Correction for 8 months. J. M. Reifsnider for state and Steele for traverser.

State of Md. vs Walter Gamber; larceny. Tried before jury; verdict guilty and sentenced to Maryland Penitentiary for 3 years. J. M. Reifsnider for state, and Reifsnider for defendant.

State of Md. vs Addie Reaver; larceny. Plea of guilty confessed; ticket of leave granted and recognized. J. M. Reifsnider for state, and Reifsnider for traverser.

State of Md. vs Theodore Houck; bastardy. Demurrer to 2nd, 3rd, and 4th. Pleas sustained, and demurrer to 1st. Plea overruled. Verdict not guilty. J. M. Reifsnider for state and Fink and Hoff for traverser.

State of Md. vs Frank Johnson; assault and battery. Before the court, before jury; verdict guilty on 1st count and Correction for 3 months. J. M. Reifsnider for state and Reifsnider for traverser.

State of Md. vs Benjamin Dayhoff; assault and battery. Tried before jury; verdict guilty, and sentenced to pay a fine of \$50, and remain in jail until paid. J. M. Reifsnider for state, and Henning for traverser.

State of Md. vs Melchor Harris; larceny. Tried before jury; verdict not guilty. J. M. Reifsnider for state, and Henning and Walsh for traverser.

State of Md. vs Charles Harris; larceny. Tried before court; verdict not guilty. J. M. Reifsnider for state, and Henning and Walsh for traverser.

State of Md. vs Charles Harris; larceny. Original docket concluded to-day, Thursday.

OUR TAMPA LETTER.

The Rosy side of Soldiering—May it Continue.

Warm weather still continues around Tampa, and it is very dry, having had no rain worth mentioning since December last; therefore, you may imagine how deep the dust is, or sand, properly speaking, for the soil is sand as far down as I have gone, although the Orange groves look very promising considering the severe freeze here several years ago; the only fault I find, is that the fruit is not ripe, although other fruit is plentiful. I had quite an agreeable sail yesterday; three comrades and myself sailed about seven miles up the river to a sulphur spring, which would be quite a curiosity to folks who never saw anything of the kind. We drank as much of the water as we could, then filled our canteens full and went over land some distance, searching for magnolias and other wild flowers, and must say we met with much success.

Having discovered two large strawberry patches, while taking a topographical view of the location and surroundings—the rest can be imagined.

We then returned to our boat; having brought our dinner with us we partook of a hearty meal which consisted of Boston baked beans, and such other delicacies a cooked ration provides, although we did not have an extension table bedecked with fine linens and silver service, and even if the champagne was conspicuously absent, under the shade of a forest pine surrounded by bay flowers and magnolia trees, royal banquets seldom enjoy a dinner more than did we.

We then went aboard our little yacht and proceeded homeward, having seen several large alligators but passed them by unnoted. We arrived at camp in time for supper; after supper we answered, "here," as our names were called—not one was absent. We were then ready to enjoy the music of the different Regiment bands which give a concert every evening after retreat roll call.

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Gasoline Invalidates Insurance.

Although the RECORD has a number of times stated, that the use of gasoline, without a permit, invalidates a fire insurance policy, there still remains some who do not appear to be aware of the fact. When we speak of an "insurance policy," we mean the standard Stock Company, not Mutual policy, as the latter style of Company has no uniform regulations on the subject. There is incorporated in the body of every policy, the following provision: "This entire policy, unless otherwise provided by agreement indorsed hereon or added hereto, shall be void if there be kept, used, or allowed on the premises benzine, benzole, dynamite, ether, fireworks, gasoline, etc."

Permits for the sale and use of gasoline vary in cost according to the amount of policy and length of time. Policies of \$1000, or less, cost \$1.00 a year additional, which about establishes the basis of cost. Even with a permit, there is an agreement, with certain restrictions, which must be observed by the assured, relating principally to the filling of tanks and the storage of the supply, the non-observance of which will render a policy void, even with a permit.

Those who use gasoline, and have Mutual fire insurance, should be sure that their policy does not prohibit its use; and, also, that the application for the policy, which forms a part of the contract, does not contain a prohibitive clause. We trust that every family using this dangerous fluid, is using it intelligently, without invalidating their insurance, and would advise their prompt attention to this warning, as carelessness in the matter may prove very expensive.

Orphans' Court Proceedings.

TUESDAY, May 31st., 1898.—Letters testamentary on the estate of David Shreeve, deceased, granted to Jabez G. Shreeve and David M. Shreeve.

Last will and testament of Henry Spielman admitted to probate, and letters testamentary granted to Emilie Spielman.

Rachel Wentz, executrix of George Diehl, returned inventory of personal property, inventory of money and list of debts.

John J. Reeser and George Y. Eyerhart, administrators of Samuel P. Everhart, reported sale of leasehold property.

David N. Henning, executor of Edward D. Wells, returned inventory of personal property and received orders to sell real estate and personal property.

WEDNESDAY, June 1st., 1898.—Letters of administration on the estate of Elizabeth Ross Danner granted to Luther Kemp.

John W. Powell, administrator of Mary E. Powell, returned list of sales of personal property.

Strawberries were plentiful here this week, selling as low as five cents a quart by measure. The crop is said to be prolific.

PATRIOTIC NEW YORK.

"Veritas" tells of Memorial Day in the Metropolis.

The war excitement continues unabated. From early morning until midnight the streets in front of the different newspaper offices are thronged with people watching the announcements printed in large letters. The Journal particularly distinguishes itself by having an immense painting showing the Caribbean Sea, and the West India Islands, especially the Cuban coast.

The Empire state has had the honor of having two of its crack regimental commanders promoted to Brigadier Generals, viz. Col. Fred. Grant of the 14th. of Brooklyn, and Col. F. V. Greene of the 71st. of this city. By the way, Adams Co., Pa., has the honor of having one of its sons in the last named organization in the person of Sergeant Charles J. Goulden, of Co. K., a nephew of the late Wm. Goulden of your place.

Memorial day here was more than usually impressive and interesting. The services began in the schools with appropriate exercises on Friday, May 27th, in which the members of the G. A. R. took a leading part. Through the efficiency and zeal of State Supt. Charles K. Skinner, of the public schools, every holiday is celebrated with patriotic exercises lasting two hours, all over the state. Thus, on Friday last, nearly 2,000,000 school children participated in Memorial day ceremonies. Sunday preceding the day proper all the Posts attended church services.

On Monday at 10 a. m., the grand parade of eight thousand veterans, uniformed school boys, 1st. Regiment Irish Volunteers—a magnificent body thoroughly equipped and armed, 1200 strong—and mounted cadets, marched down Fifth Ave., from 42nd street to the Washington Arch, below 8th. Street. General J. P. S. Gobin, Commander-in-chief, G. A. R., General A. D. Shaw, N. Y. Dept. Commander, and Col. J. A. Goulden, President of the G. A. R. of this city, accompanied by their respective staffs, Mayor Van Wyck, President Peters, of Manhattan, and other distinguished gentlemen, reviewed the grand procession from a handsome stand in Madison Square.

In the evening five thousand people assembled in Carnegie Music Hall, 7th. Ave. and 67th. Street, where a magnificent program appropriate to the occasion was carried out. The oration, a masterly production, was delivered by General A. D. Shaw, and addresses were made by Hon. Randolph Guggenheimer, President of Councils, and Chairman Goulden. During the day the cemeteries were visited and the graves of veterans decorated.

Correspondence.

All communications for the RECORD must be signed by the writer's own name; not necessarily for publication, but as an evidence that the matter said and facts transmitted are legitimate and correct. Items of a miscellaneous character are not wanted.

We have mentioned it frequently, in one way or another, that we desire our correspondents to send us only legitimate and trustworthy items of news, and opinions on miscellaneous topics not calculated to give offense. We are not always in a position to judge as to what is true and inoffensive, and what is not, therefore, can't always avoid being placed in a false position. We are emphatically not in the business of publishing personal grievances—if we know it—therefore, correspondents will please consider that, while their letters are as much desired, we impose certain limitations which must be observed.—Ed.

Union Bridge.

The dedicatory service at the Fireman's Hall was one of the most notable events Union Bridge has ever witnessed. The band, I. O. R. M. and Fire company formed in a procession in front of the Hall, and paraded the town; then back to the Hall where the services were conducted by the Rev. Men. Mr. Keener Billinger was master of ceremonies. Addresses were made by Revs. Murray and Spessard, and Mr. Hamilton, of Hagerstown. The Fair will continue all week.

William H. Morningstar died Sunday at his home in Baltimore. The deceased had been a resident of Union Bridge until this Spring. The funeral was preached from the Reformed church and interment made in the Mountain View cemetery. He was a member of the Red Men and Mechanics, and had been a church member for 30 years. Mr. Morningstar was 56 years old, and was one of the most highly respected citizens of Union Bridge and his death caused universal mourning.

Miss Gertrude Rowe, of Baltimore, has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Lewis Messler.

Miss Mattie Myers is visiting her sister, Mrs. Chas. Gray.

Summer school closed on Tuesday. The children were made happy by a "treat," the gift of the teacher.

Rev. Macanlay, of Gettysburg, preached in the Lutheran church on Sunday night. He was very much liked by all, and we hope he will visit us again.

Copperville.

Mr. Abraham Shrinier, of near Bloom P. O., has been among us on a visit, and is looking up the records with regard to the supposed fortune that is awaiting him and others in Germany. Among other things which he was in search of, was a German Bible that had previously been in the Shrinier family; we are not able to say whether he succeeded in finding it or not. He is somewhat enthusiastic with regard to the matter, and appears to think that he will be able to establish his claim.

Mr. Shrinier also brought us the first definite information with regard to the law-suit in which his son Theodore was engaged in at the last term of our county court, and as is well known, went against him. He had hauled out all the manure, did all his plowing and planted 11 acres of corn and had some more ready to plant; he had also planted a lot of potatoes and had his farm work well on the way when the trouble came. As soon as he lost his case he was at once put off the farm, moving into a house nearby which happened to be unoccupied and is reasonably good, but he has no shelter of any kind for his stock. His neighbors have kindly taken his stock off of his hands to keep for him until he has a place for it himself. One of his neighbors has given him some ground to farm, and he will therefore have some corn and potatoes. The party that took possession of the farm was working Dory's potatoes the next day, and it is said that they have an idea of trying to dispose him of the wheat crop which is now growing on the farm.

Mr. J. H. Taylor is able to walk out of the house at this writing.

Mrs. Pearson Garner is able to be up and about the house.

TERMS. One Dollar per annum in advance. Six months, 50c. Trial subscriptions, Three months, 25c. Subscriptions will be continued, as a rule, after the time for which the paper has been paid, has expired. Subscribers who wish to discontinue, should notify us, or ask their Postmaster to do so. The latest on hand contains date to which the subscription has been paid. No paper will be discontinued until the arrears are paid. If you prefer to be inserted under the name of a subscriber, you must contract at the rate of \$2.50 each, per annum. Rates for Legal Notices, Special Advertisements and short term contracts, given on application.

ENTERED AT TANEYTOWN POSTOFFICE AS SECOND CLASS MATTER.

SATURDAY, JUNE 4th, 1898.

IN OUR ADVERTISING columns will be found an announcement of Ex-Senator John J. Ingalls' forthcoming book, entitled "America's War For Humanity." Canvassing agents will find in it a book of remarkable interest, and certainly of extraordinary salubility. The history of the war is told in picture and story, and in a way that always characterizes the brilliant pen of Senator Ingalls. In narrating the incidents of this war he gives a grand scope for his superb descriptive and analytical powers. The theme is worthy of the author, and the author is worthy of the theme. It is published by N. D. Thompson Publishing Co., of St. Louis, Mo. It will be a monumental work that will not only be everywhere read, but it will be a monument to his genius that will outlive in history his brilliant senatorial career. The subscription book trade and the canvassing agent are fortunate in the fact that an author of such rare ability has been enlisted in its interest.

The Country Editor.

It seems to be quite a prevalent impression among many that the editor of a country newspaper has a very easy job, and that "editing" amounts to little more than "the name of the thing," with much pretension and ill-desired glory worn as badges of official position. There are country newspapers and editors without number, varying in degrees of excellence, of course, and it is safe to say, some scarcely deserve to be mentioned as such, because, both product and producer are so near "patent" that they deserve to constitute a class of their own, entirely without the pale of the class herein referred to—the real home-print newspaper and its architect.

Even in this class of papers there are occasional misfits—just as there are preachers who would make better blacksmiths—therefore, we refer to the rule, and not the exception, when we state that the work of the profession is commonly underestimated and unappreciated, if not, at times, actually sneered at. This is because the position is misunderstood, and it is misunderstood because it is beyond even the experienced editor's power to explain his multifarious duties, even if he desired, which he does not, as he usually likes the work, in spite of much criticism and many disappointments.

Without cynicism, it is safe to advance as a truth, that both editorial and news departments of a paper are pretty freely criticised, no matter how honestly or ably they may be conducted, simply because the secret—as valuable as that of perpetual motion—of pleasing everybody, has not yet been discovered. If one uses the scissors and paste pot freely, he is "lazy," if he writes his own editorials, he is either accused of plagiarism, or of writing "slush," if he does not publish all the news of the community, off-color and otherwise, he is charged with being "partial," if he does, he is "meddlesome and mean," and so on, ad infinitum, as the profession so well understands.

The reader is apt to count the advertising columns, reprinted articles and correspondence, which constitutes the major portion of the average country weekly, as requiring no work or effort on the part of the editor, and settles in his own satisfaction that the few columns, recognized as the individual work of the editor, represent all the work he has done on the issue; consequently, editing a paper is a sinecure. Very few think, or fully appreciate, that "editing" means much more than personally writing over space.

What a revelation there would be, and how every editor would, just for once, enjoy giving his faculties a rest and let contributors "say their say" in their own language, fresh from the hands of the compositor, without bothering about "proofs," punctuation, grammar, fitness of expression or repetition; just to let the issue grow and ripen of its own volition, chucking in at the last minute anything to fill up the forms and get them on the press.

A paper needs editing all over, every issue; it needs careful, painstaking guidance in every department, if it is to deserve and compel success. No matter how many contributors there may be, which obviates the necessity of original articles to some extent, the editor's work is often thereby increased, rather than lessened, because these articles need revision, correcting, and sometimes, re-writing both before and after they go into the hands of the compositor. An advertisement needs to be well set, to add beauty to a page and give satisfaction to the patron; even the selection of miscellaneous reading matter is an art, and—but what's the use, it would require a good sized book in order to do the subject justice, and, even then, the critic would still be unconvinced.

Mr. John Bevins, editor of the Press, Anthon, Iowa, says: "I have used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in my family for fifteen years, having recommended it to hundreds of others, and have never known it to fail in a single instance. For sale by R. S. McKinney, Druggist, Taneytown, Md."

The New Dairy Law.

CHAPTER 306.

AN ACT to add certain new sections to article 58 of the code of public general laws, title "Live Stock," under the new sub-title "Dairies," to follow section 18 in proper numerical order.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That certain new sections be, and the same are hereby, added to Article 58 of the Code of Public General Laws, title "Live Stock," under the new sub-title "Dairies," to follow Section 18 of said article in proper numerical order, and to read as follows:

18. It shall be the duty of all dairymen or herdsmen or private individuals supplying milk to cities, towns or villages to register their herds or cattle with the Live Stock Sanitary Board, in violation of which the parties offending shall be fined not less than one dollar, nor more than twenty for each offense.

20. It shall be the duty of the Live Stock Sanitary Board to have inspected at least annually, without notice to the owner or those in charge of any dairy or the parties supplying milk as named in Section 19 of this article, the premises wherein cows are kept, and if such premises are found in an unsanitary condition, the said board may prohibit the sale and shipment of milk from such premises until such time as such premises shall conform to the following sanitary rules:

Rule 1. No building or shed shall be used for stabling cows for dairy purposes which is not well lighted and well ventilated, and which is not provided with sufficient feed-trough or box, and suitable floor, laid with proper grades and channels to immediately carry off all drainage, and if a public sewer abuts the premises upon which such buildings is situated they shall be connected therewith whenever the inspector considers such sewer connection necessary.

Rule 2. No water-closet, privy, cess-pool or urinal, shall be located within any building or shed used for stabling cows for dairy purpose, or for the storage of milk or cream; nor shall any fowl, hog, sheep or goat be kept in any room used for such purposes.

Rule 3. It shall be the duty of each person using any premises for keeping cows for dairy purposes to keep such premises thoroughly clean and in good repairs, and well painted or whitewashed at all times.

Rule 4. It shall be the duty of each person using any premises for keeping cows for dairy purposes to cause the building in which cows are kept to be thoroughly cleaned, and remove all dung from the premises, so as to prevent its accumulation in great quantities.

Rule 5. Any person using any premises for keeping cows for dairy purposes shall provide and use a sufficient number of receptacles, made of non-absorbent materials for the reception, storage and delivery of milk, and shall cause them at all times to be cleaned and purified, and shall cause all milk to be removed without delay from the rooms in which cows are kept.

Rule 6. Every person keeping cows for the production of milk for sale shall cause every such cow to be cleaned every day and to be properly fed and watered with abundance of pure, clean water.

Rule 7. Any enclosure in which cows are kept shall be graded and drained, so as to keep the surface reasonably dry; no garbage, fecal matter or similar matter shall be placed or allowed to remain in such enclosure unless sufficient straw or similar good absorbent material be used to keep the enclosure clean at all times, and no open drains shall be allowed to run through it. And any person who shall ship or sell milk contrary to the aforesaid order of said board shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined not less than one dollar nor more than twenty dollars for each day during which shipments shall be made after a notice of such order.

21. The Live Stock Sanitary Board shall, at the request of the owner or owners of dairy herds, furnish them with a certificate of health whenever the provisions of this article are complied with, and there is no visible sign of disease amongst such herds. Such certificates shall be revocable in the discretion of the board.

22. For the purposes of paying the expenses required in carrying out the provisions of this sub-title, the sum of three thousand dollars is hereby appropriated annually, or so much thereof as is necessary, out of the moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, and the Comptroller is authorized and directed to draw his warrant on the treasurer for such sums as the said board shall produce vouchers for not exceeding the amount appropriated, payable monthly.

Section 2. And be it enacted, That this Act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

Approved, April 9th, 1898.

The Duties of Citizenship.

Charles J. Bonaparte, in responding to the toast, "Our present crisis," at a banquet given by the juniors to the seniors of the Women's College Baltimore, one evening last week gave utterance to many fitting expressions relating to the duty of American citizens, in the present crisis, which deserve repetition, as they breathe the spirit of loyalty in a manner incontrovertible. He said in part, as follows:

"What are the duties of a good citizen when our country is at war? Let me say first that these duties in no wise depend on his opinion as to the merits of the controversy which has been ended in war, or as to the necessity or expediency of the conflict. A man who thinks the present war a criminal folly is under precisely the same obligation to enlist as is one who thinks it a noble crusade in the cause of enlightenment and humanity.

"In every community there must evidently be some authority which shall finally determine all questions of international relation, including the momentous question of peace or war. By our constitution this power is entrusted to Congress. It may be exercised wisely or foolishly, from fit to hundreds of others, and have never known it to fail in a single instance. For sale by R. S. McKinney, Druggist, Taneytown, Md."

The Royal is the highest grade baking powder known. Actual tests show it goes one-third further than any other brand.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

"He who has every American citizen, in giving it effect because the questions its rightfulness, than a sheriff or a jailor would have to release a prisoner whom he believed to be innocent, or a man unjustly convicted by a stupid or prejudiced or even by a bribed jury. For any nation to permit each one of its subjects to decide such questions for himself and act on his decision without the aid of a simply judicial, and no nation does this.

"When Stephen Decatur gave the sentiment, 'Our country, right or wrong,' he used words unfortunately little to be forgotten, but in the relations which he had to the nation, in the sense he unquestionably ascribed to them, express a most significant truth. It is not true that in international or any other human relations might is right and conscience might but fear, but it is true, and of vital moment to be owned as truth, that the grave responsibilities for what must follow an appeal to arms, rest wholly on the country's statesmen, and in no wise on her soldiers.

"A soldier's first duty is always and everywhere obedience. 'His not to reason why,' 'His not to reason why,' 'I have heard it argued that this may be true of soldiers by profession, true perhaps also of those who become temporarily soldiers by present choice, after this choice has been made, but it is not true of a man called on to decide for himself whether he will become a soldier at all. This argument is founded on a mistake of facts.

"The law every American citizen is a soldier, no less volens, just as every American citizen is a policeman. He can be compelled to serve in the militia when those in authority think it ought to shoulder a musket, just as he can be compelled to serve on a posse comitatus when there is a criminal to be caught or a riot to be quelled.

"The number of soldiers needed for active service at present is so small compared with the number legally liable to such duty that the government has seen fit to ask for volunteers out of the ten millions, or thereabouts, of men whom it might order under arms, just as some years ago it asked the entire navy to furnish in like manner those needed to rescue Greece. The question which each man has to determine is not properly whether he will assume the duties of a soldier, for in time of war these rest on him whether he will or not, and his whether he will undertake the active discharge of those duties, or at least, to do so. In deciding this question there is call for a cool head and a display of some common sense.

"A stout, hearty young fellow, with good wind and a good digestion and one to support, ought to find his way to the recruiting office. If he isn't wanted he should let the government say so. Explanations of his failure to volunteer, however ingenious and plausible, do not fill his place in the ranks, or alter the fact that he remains out of harm's way while his neighbors march off to face repeating rifles and yellow fever.

"The next generation of Americans will be more worthy of their freedom if their fathers are men who answered the country's call, and not men who found excuses for leaving this call unheeded.

A Clever Trick. It certainly looks like it, but there is really no trick about it. Any boy can try it who has Lame Back and Weak Kidneys, Malaria or nervous troubles. We mean he can cure himself right away by taking Electric Bitters. This medicine tones up the whole system, acts as a stimulant to Liver and Kidneys, is a blood purifier and nerve tonic. It cures Constipation, Headache, Easing Spells, Sleeplessness and Melancholy. It is perfectly reliable, a mild laxative, and restores the system to its natural vigor. Try Electric Bitters and be convinced that they are a miracle worker. Every bottle guaranteed. Only 50c a bottle at R. S. McKinney's Drug Store.

A Splendid Number.

"Torpedoes and Torpedo Boats" is the subject of the leading paper in the June number of Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly. B. B. Croft tells the history and progress of these little engines of destruction, and describes their manufacture, cost and manipulation. The article would be interesting at any time, and is particularly so just now. It is liberally illustrated with views of short and long torpedoes, the principal torpedo boats of this and other countries, and interiors of a torpedo factory. Another timely article is one on "The Naval Militia," by Charles Sydney Clark, which describes the work and duties of this excellent auxiliary arm of our navy. The illustrations include portraits and groups, and views of some of the vessels manned by the naval militia. "The Working of a Modern Mine," by James Harold Thompson, tells of the life of the miners at work, and is well illustrated. The article on Andrew Jackson this month is by Old Hickory's grandson, Colonel Andrew Jackson, and gives some recollections of the general's home life. A pretty piece of music is contributed by John Philip Sousa, the "March King," the words to which were written by Hunter MacCulloch. The Disciples of Christ are described by Rev. S. T. Willis, with many good pictures. Henry Clay Colver has an interesting account of the resources of Seattle, Wash., which is illustrated with views of the principal buildings and points of interest. A new pen is apparently devoted to the department known as "The Leslie Portfolio," for the matter is much more attractive than before. There are numerous other good things, including several short stories, the department for boys and girls, etc.

HOW TO MAKE MONEY!

If you are out of employment, and want a position, paying you from \$50 to \$100 monthly clear above expenses, by working regularly, or if you want to increase your present income from \$50 to \$100 monthly, by working at odd times, write the CARROLL RECORD, 725 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa., stating age, whether married or single, last or present employment, and you can secure a position with them by which you can make more money easier and faster than you ever made before in your life.

ORNDORFF'S Underselling Stores.

The absorbing considerations to buyers are; Full Value for their money. Large and Varied Assortment of goods from which to make selections.

These requirements we meet in the most minute details. Goods sold at the very lowest margin of profit. The largest and most complete aggregation of carefully selected goods that has ever been placed in our Double Stores. Every department overflowing with the very latest productions.

Lawns, Waist Silks, Percales and Wash Goods in the most pleasing styles and attractive prices. Straw Hats in every shape style and quality, from the cheapest to the best.

Leather has advanced in price, but our Shoe buyer was in the market early; consequently we give you the advantage of the old prices.

If you are looking for MATTINGS, we have them in price and quality that will make them sell rapidly.

On and after May 23rd., our Stores will close at 6 p. m., except Saturdays.

J. T. ORNDORFF'S SONS, WESTMINSTER, MD.

Our Needs.

\$100 Reward \$100. The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that the law every American citizen is a soldier, no less volens, just as every American citizen is a policeman. He can be compelled to serve in the militia when those in authority think it ought to shoulder a musket, just as he can be compelled to serve on a posse comitatus when there is a criminal to be caught or a riot to be quelled.

"The number of soldiers needed for active service at present is so small compared with the number legally liable to such duty that the government has seen fit to ask for volunteers out of the ten millions, or thereabouts, of men whom it might order under arms, just as some years ago it asked the entire navy to furnish in like manner those needed to rescue Greece. The question which each man has to determine is not properly whether he will assume the duties of a soldier, for in time of war these rest on him whether he will or not, and his whether he will undertake the active discharge of those duties, or at least, to do so. In deciding this question there is call for a cool head and a display of some common sense.

The Black Pill.

These pills are used with advantage in Dyspepsia, Sluggish Liver, after imprudent and full meals, rich indigestible food and the dissipation of high life. They are without taste, mild in operation, effective and are sold by every druggist under the name of Coated Pills are easily swallowed if placed under the tongue, behind the front teeth of the lower jaw, and drinking a full draught of cool water, or lemonade. Try it.

DIRECTIONS. For Indigestion—Two pills at bedtime, when indigestion threatens, and after full meals. For COSTIVENESS—Two pills after meals, and at bedtime, when the bowels have not been moved during the day. If the bowels have not been moved during the day the bedtime pills are not to be used. The dose may be gradually lessened as the costiveness is removed. The dose may be increased if the bowels do not respond as expected.

FOR PALPITATIONS—One or two pills after full meals, and at bedtime, when the bowels have not been moved during the day. For MELANCHOLY—One or two pills at bedtime when the bowels have not been moved during the day. One or two pills after full meals or when feeling low-spirited.

FOR HEADACHE—One or two pills after meals, when the stomach is active. One or two pills at bedtime if the bowels have not been moved during the day. As a Purgative the dose is from two to four to be repeated once in four hours, until the desired effect is produced. Cut these directions out and preserve them.

These Pills are manufactured by the Black Pill Co., Gettysburg, Pa., and are sold at 25c per box, 6 boxes \$1.50, 12 boxes \$2.00 and by the 1000 to Physicians. For sale by John McKelip, Druggist, Taneytown, Md.

THE TANEYTOWN SAVINGS BANK,

Does a General Banking Business. Loans money on Real or Personal Security. Discounts Notes. Collections and Remittances promptly made. Interest paid on Time Deposits. HENRY GALT, Treasurer. W. W. CRAPSTER, President. DIRECTORS. SAMUEL STONER, LEONARD ZILE, JOSHUA KURTZ, DANIEL NULL, JAMES C. GALT, JOHN J. CRAPSTER, T. H. BUCKENRODE, CALVIN T. FRINGER, W. W. CRAPSTER, HENRY GALT. July 24



The lightest draught and most positive Force Feed Grain and Fertilizer Drill on earth, is THE CROWN. For sale by JOHN S. WEYBRIGHT, Apr 23-6m D. P. CREEK, MD

AGENTS WANTED!

In Every County to Supply the Great Popular Demand for America's War for Humanity

Told in Picture and Story. Compiled and Written by Senator John J. Ingalls, of Kansas.

The most brilliantly written, most profusely and artistically illustrated, and most intensely popular book on the subject of the war with Spain. Nearly 200 Superb Illustrations from Photographs taken specially for this great work. Agents are making \$50 to \$100 a week clear above expenses, by working regularly, or if you want to increase your present income from \$50 to \$100 monthly, by working at odd times, write the CARROLL RECORD, 725 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa., stating age, whether married or single, last or present employment, and you can secure a position with them by which you can make more money easier and faster than you ever made before in your life.

N. D. THOMPSON PUB. CO., ST. LOUIS, MO., or NEW YORK CITY, June 3rd

YOUNT'S Satisfactory Shoes.

A lady said to us yesterday, "This is the only place where I can always get shoes which suit me in every way." That's the first point exactly. The shoe store that's worth the most to you, is the store where you can always be perfectly satisfied with whatever you get—satisfied with the quality, satisfied with the fit, with the store treatment, with the price, with everything. This month we are offering the following Specials:

Women's Shoes, \$1.25. Three sorts in Dongola Button or Lace, patent tip; also Tan or Choccolate in lace only. All sizes from 2 1/2 to 7. Special price, \$1.25; regular price, \$1.75.

Bargain in Narrow Last only. Women's plain toe Button and patent tip Lace Shoes; sizes 2 1/2 to 4. B and C lasts only. Worth \$3.00 a pair; special price, \$1.25.

Men's Shoes, \$1.25. A Cordovan Calif Lace Shoe, narrow Opera tip. Here's a chance to get, on a lot we've been selling at \$2.00.

3-piece Knife Set, 10c. Comprising Bread Knife, Cake Knife and Kitchen Knife, all fitted with polished wood handle. Special price 10c per set.

Fry Pan, 10c. Full size steel polished inside and steel handle. One of our best bargains, and not enough to last the entire month. Special price, 10c.

Hand Engraved Tumbler. Lead-lined glass; six different designs. Our regular price 50c a dozen; special price this month 50c each.

3-qt. Enamelled Coffee Pot, 25c. Also Tea Pot of same size. Regular price 50c; while they last, 25c each.

Cotton Towels. Size 16x30, fringed ends; special price, 2c each.

10-qt. Pieced Dish Pan, 10c. This item is wanted almost every day; plenty on hand now at 10c each.

Fire-Proof Ware. Brown glaze outside and white glaze inside; can be used on the stove for cooking, and is handsome enough to be transferred to the table. Special prices this month to introduce the ware.

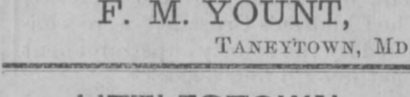
F. M. YOUNT, TANEYTOWN, MD.

LITTLESTOWN Carriage Works.

ROCK BOTTOM PRICES, and our line of SPICES, &c., are straight goods—no compound. We don't handle them. They are worthless. We want to tell you that we furnish all this Ad. contains at Pure Goods.

In short, our aim is to give you as much for One Dollar, as can be had anywhere in the country. We are constantly diving for bottom prices. All we ask is a chance to show our goods and name our prices, and you will be convinced of the truth.

S. D. MEHRING, MANUFACTURER OF FINE CARRIAGES and BUGGIES, Buggies, Phaetons, Traps, Carts, Cutters, Fine McCALL, JAGGER, Wagons, - AND A - General Line of Light Vehicles. Repairing promptly done. Low Prices, and all work guaranteed. LITTLESTOWN, PA. Opposite Depot. Aug 21-94



Our Liniment

will fix your Rheumatism just like DEWEY DID THE SPANISH.

TRY IT.

ROBERT S. MCKINNEY, DRUGGIST, TANEYTOWN, MD.

J. T. KOONTZ, Hotel Bakery, TANEYTOWN, MD.

Having placed in my store a FIRST-CLASS Soda Fountain.

I am now prepared to serve the trade with a most cooling and refreshing drink of Ice Cream Soda. A full line of choice Groceries and Confectioneries.

FLOUR! All the leading brands; Pillsbury's Best, Cyclone and Diamond Medal Spring wheat Flour; Reindollar's, Stonesifer's, Basehoar's, Wiest's, Myers' and Ivory White.

Corn Meal and Chicken Feed; California Rendered Honey.

ICE CREAM by the pint, quart or gallon.

PEACE IN THE FAMILY. "Hold up, Jim, I want to see you a little! If you don't care to tell me, I would like to know what always makes your wife in such a good humor every Monday morning?" "Why, John, I will tell you what brought such sweet peace into my home on Monday morning. L. K. BIRELY drove up to my house and asked my wife to try one of his Washers; but, like most women say before they try them, she said, 'I do not want any washers—my hands are good enough.' But finally, he and I together persuaded her to try one. Well, from that time on, she has been a different woman."

"I was on short notice, deliver on trial, any of the leading Washing Machines or Clothes Wringers of the day. I have also a lot of second-hand Wringers I will sell cheap. Satisfaction guaranteed. Send for Circulars. L. K. BIRELY, Agent. 3-5-3mo Middleburg, Md.

Our Corn Fertilizer is an excellent article for all Spring crops, and we handle this article in large quantities, at a price within the reach of all farmers.

The Crop Grower is an old stand-by that we have handled for years. It is high in ammonia, and we know of no low-priced Fertilizer on the market that compares favorably with it.

Baugh's Pure Dissolved Bone. The Best on the market. We desire all who intend using a Fertilizer this Spring, to come and see them, as we feel sure that we can interest you, in the quality and price of our goods.

Yours Respectfully, Reindollar & Co., TANEYTOWN, MD.

G. W. DEMMITT, DENTIST, TANEYTOWN, MD.

All persons in need of Dental work should give me a call, as I will save them money. Teeth extracted with little or no pain. The very best sets of teeth, only \$10.00, and guaranteed for Five Years. Temporary sets at low prices. Filling and all kinds of dental work at bottom prices, and all work guaranteed. I will visit persons within 12 miles without extra charge. Will be at Pleasant Valley, at Myers' store, on the second Thursday of each month. Give me a trial. Yours Respectfully, G. W. DEMMITT.

YOUNT'S "Sky High."

Crescent Bicycles.

are "envied by all."

A close examination of the '98 Crescent models explains why so many Crescents are sold.

New Wheels, \* \$25, \$35 and \$50.

Full Line of Bicycle Sundries.

R. & G. CORSETS, all sizes, 75 cents.

F. M. YOUNT, TANEYTOWN, MD.

SOLD GOLD SPECTACLES \$2.50.

WORTH \$5.00, and only offered at this price to close out a line of lenses that are not the standard size. Have only a few of them.

Also, some LADIES' Gold Set Rings at special cut prices.

H. E. SLAGENHAUP, Jeweler. TANEYTOWN, MD.

FERTILIZING PAYS! It has been demonstrated beyond any doubt that the use of Fertilizers pays on ALL crops. Our remnants of Phosphate were cleaned up by our fire of last fall, and we have just received a shipment of fresh Spring Fertilizers, consisting of High-grade S. C. Rock, 14 to 16 per cent.; German Kainit, Nova Scotia Plaster, Corn Phosphate, and Crop Grower.

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Where are you going, John,

when you go to town with your best girl? Why to N. B. HAGAN'S, to get some ICE CREAM.

Near the Square he can be found and he also sells Groceries, Confectioneries and Notions.

A full line of Canned Goods, such as Calf Oysters, Sardines, Salmon, Egg Tongals, Potated Ham, Apple Butter in quarts and half gallons Jars, Pressed Ham, Bologna Sausage; all the leading brands of Flour, Cracker Feed, Corn Meal and Honey, Fresh Bread and Cakes freshly baked, and the famous Butter, Water-Creosers, at 10c a pound. Mason's Best Water-Creosers. A beautiful glass given free with a 3 cent. Baking Powder. Full line of Syrups at bottom prices. Foundry's Cash and Baking Powder for sale. Quaker Oats in a box; Arbuckle's, Lever's, Lion and Bear Brand; also Java Blend and Loose Roasted Coffee.

NEW HARDWARE STORE!

At the New Hardware Store, recently opened by us at the old Elliot store stand in Taneytown, near the railroad, you will find a complete stock of Hardware of all Kinds, Bar Iron, Blacksmiths' and Builders' Supplies, Cutlery, Tools, Wire, Paints, Oils, Glass, Varnish, Woodenware, Ropes, Chains, Showers, Forks, and Everything usually found in a First-class Hardware Store.

I have opened this store to do business, and I assure the public that everything purchased from me will be at the Lowest Possible Price at which the goods can be sold either here or elsewhere.

Call and examine my stock when in need of anything in my line. Yours Respectfully, Milton H. Reindollar, Near Railroad, Taneytown, Md.

TANEYTOWN Carriage Works.

Carriages, Buggies, Daytons, Phaetons, Carts, Sleighs, etc.—a fine line of Light and Heavy Vehicles always on hand. FACTORY WORK—a big lot on hand, which will be sold cheap; also a big lot of second-hand work. REPAIRING A SPECIALTY, and all work guaranteed.

HOME CIRCLE.

Original articles solicited for this department on any subject relative to home comforts, whether of a domestic, social, literary or general character. Also articles pertaining to Agriculture, Stock-raising, the Dairy, and other household topics. Communications must be received not later than Monday evening to be guaranteed insertion the same week.

The Editor is not responsible for the opinions expressed by contributors, nor does the publication of them make him their endorser. The public is entitled to the free use of this medium, for the ventilation of personalities, or for the publication of articles of no general interest or benefit. All communications must be signed by the writer, or authorship acknowledged in a separate note.

"Remember the Maine."

(For the Home Circle.)

I was glad to see in the *Star* last week, that one of the religious bodies now in session—I forget of what church—had uttered a protest against the war which is so prevalent just now—"Remember the Maine." Let us put over against this sentiment the text, "Vengeance is mine, I will repay, saith the Lord," and consider whether it is the proper motive and spirit which should control and influence a civilized and especially a Christian nation, in fighting its battles. And how does it accord with that other motive which is said to be the real ground for this war—humanity and the relief of suffering and the oppression of the Cuban people? War at the best is horrible enough, but if it must needs be—and it seems it must—its horrors need not be intensified in a Christian country by the barbaric spirit that marks it amongst heathen savages.

Even the children have taken up their cry, "Remember the Maine," and we hear it from their lips as they pass along the streets. I have never heard the words of the song, "Avenge the good ship Maine," which was sung by the public school children, at the celebration of "Maine day," last week in Baltimore, but, from the title, it scarcely seems the sentiment which we, as a Christian nation should inculcate into the minds and hearts of the children of our country. Let us teach our children Christian patriotism, and let us be true patriots ourselves, loyal to our great and glorious country, upholding it in every effort to aid the weak and relieve the oppressed, but, as a people professedly following the meek and lowly Christ, "who when he suffered, threatened not," let us do all in our power to discourage a spirit of revenge in the prosecution of this war upon which we are entering.

### THE WOMEN OF SPAIN.

Statistics concerning their Social and Intellectual Condition.

A great deal has been written about Spanish men, but I think one may find a truer key to Spanish character by taking a glimpse of the misery of the Spanish women, says a writer in the *Chicago Times-Herald*. I doubt if the Spanish woman is any better off than the Turkish woman, and while American women are not clamoring for a conflict, the fact remains that the taking of Spain from the European geography might prove a great step in advance for the women of that land.

It appears from an official document which came my way the other day that but 2,656,613 Spanish women can read or write. This fraction is almost as big as the male army that knows its own language. It is a pitiful showing, but it is only the beginning of the table of female wretchedness. The municipalities list 51,946 professional beggars who wear peacock's tails. There are 828,551 women who earn their living by working in the farm fields. There are 310,500 women rated as day servants, who get but little more than board and shelter for their work, and in all the dying dynasty there are but 719,000 girls in the schools of any kind, public or private. There are twice as many female mendicants as male. The census show that 6,764,406 women have neither professions nor trades, and are altogether dependent upon charity, the possibility of getting married or hard labor at starvation wages.

The same lamentable condition of the Spanish women is shown by a glance at another side of her life. The kingdom has but seventy-four women classed as literary writers. There are but seventy-eight women physicians in the other country and all provinces. The women school teachers number only 14,490, as compared with 24,612 men, but this does not include the nuns, who are classed by themselves, and number 28,549.

Spanish women who are fortunate live in the most magnificent homes and seem never to bother their heads about the poorer sisters at their doors. The favorite resort for the grande señoras is San Sebastian, and the lives the careless Spanish women of fashion lead there during the summer is said to be scandalous all over Europe. There is scarcely a pretense at propriety or even ordinary conventionalities. As in France, a majority of the young girls of the best families are educated in the convents. Their greatest accomplishment is embroidery, and they sit and sit and sit at their knitting until some man from an ancient and bankrupt house, or a bull-raising plantation, comes along and marries them. Club life is unknown. Marriages are celebrated very early in life, and but few people who get weary of these early alliances ever go to the trouble and formality of getting a divorce. The unhappy couples simply divide up the household things and live the balance of their lives the best way they can.

Spanish women, so I have found, have very little outdoor amusement. The bicycle is just beginning to be admitted, but under protest. The young women love their queen next to pretty frocks and glittering fans and bright ribbons. They flock to the ornate shows in the bull rings and laugh and cheer at the horrible spectacles. They show no more pity than an American girl bestows upon the tashing hardish which the average tennis player or the golfer undergoes when he performs in a "boiling sun" to amuse her.

### A DANGEROUS POSITION.

The Captain of a ship must be a Brave and Heady Man.

Of all on board, the man who stands in the greatest peril is the captain. In the battleships and cruisers, his position is in a cylindrical box of steel placed just under the bridge well forward, which is called the conning tower. The armor of it is thick enough ordinarily to resist the penetration of heavy projectiles. It contains the speaking tubes and electrical wires, whereby he communicates with the guns, engines and helm, and sometimes apparatus whereby he is enabled to fire the guns himself after they are laid upon the enemy. His field of vision is limited to what he can see through a little horizontal slit on about the level of his eye. In point of frightful responsibility no situation in the world can compare with that which is occupied by the man who stands in that tower and directs the movements of his ship. After the conflict once begins, the din about him will be something infernal. Upon him the fire of the enemy will be concentrated, and upon the exterior of that steel drum in which he is shut up, there will be a continuous hail of iron and steel. Shells will burst everywhere around it, and to that babel will be added the roar of the force blast under the engines, the tremendous reports of the heavy guns, and the din of the quick-fire and machine guns in chorus. In such circumstances as this, aided by such knowledge as he can get by looking out through the little peep-hole in front of him as well as the smoke which will let him, the captain must control the tremendous forces under his command and his decisions are matters of seconds.

Nobody now believes that a captain who finds his vision through the slits of the tower cut off by smoke will stay thus shut up. It is extremely doubtful if it will be physically possible for him to remain there after the shells commence to hammer its sides and burst against it, and, in any event, the intense anxiety to see and know clearly what the enemy is doing will inevitably lead him to take his chance in the open. Conning tower or no conning tower, his duty is to place himself at whatever point he can manage his ship to the best advantage, and this he will certainly do. Lord Charles Beresford, with grim humor, has suggested that the captain's safest place is not in but behind his conning tower, "because then he has two thicknesses of steel between himself and the enemy, don't you see?" but while conning tower armor may resist penetration, it is by no means certain that the whole structure will not be swept away by the first heavy projectile which squarely hits it.

As for the admiral, there is nowadays no rigging for him to ascend, and he would be promptly blown out of it if there were. In fact, after a fleet engagement has begun, there is no place for him at all. He has no business in the conning tower, no business at the guns. He cannot be consistently go below, and he cannot stay on deck. It has been proposed to build a separate armored tower for him, or to take him off the flagship and put him on a small, swift vessel, so that he could choose his position and conveniently give his orders by signal. The difficulty with this would be that the enemy would concentrate his fire on that tower or ship with the certainty of sinking the latter, and rendering the former uninhabitable. The problem, therefore, is still unsolved.

Against the effect of a torpedo if it gets to the hull there is no safeguard. The heaviest battleship is just as vulnerable as the lightest gunboat. The best that can be hoped is that the destruction will be limited to a few compartments, so that those remaining intact will be sufficient to keep the ship afloat. But this only puts off the evil hour. As the vessel becomes water-logged her speed falls off and her maneuvering capacity is reduced, so that the enemy may then pick his position of advantage and shatter her with his guns or administer a coup de grace with another torpedo.

Altogether the prospects of one's coming out of a naval engagement unhurt are far from bright. Even the wounded stand a poorer chance than was the case in the old wooden ships. How the surgeons are to get at them with the vessel divided into a honey-comb of compartments, with no direct communication where they can be conveyed directly from the guns without traversing doors and passages intricate and many is difficult to understand. Those who happen to be stationed in the battleships directly over the torpedo or handling rooms may perhaps be lowered at once to surgeons there placed; but what is to become of the rest in more distant positions is not clear.

All of this goes to show the great advantage of the almost perfect discipline and drill now prevailing in the navy. Indeed, it never has been so completely recognized as it is at the present day that the best protection for a war ship's crew is their own fighting capacity. No armor is so efficient as celerity of action and good gunnery. That ship will win, and incidentally save the greater number of lives of its men, which first plants an effective projectile in a vital part of the enemy. The sea fight will not be gained by the ship which withstands the most pounding, but by the ship which pounds hardest and quickest, and so destroys or impairs her enemy's fighting capacity. It is that swift attack and superior marksmanship which above all else characterizes the crews of the warships of the United States, and it is in just this that the Spaniards are most deficient.

Millions Given Away.

It is certainly gratifying to the public to know of one concern in the land that is not afraid to be generous to the needy and suffering. The proprietors of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, have given away over ten million trial bottles of this great medicine, and have the satisfaction of knowing it has absolutely cured thousands of hopeless cases. Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, and all the troubles of the Throat, Chest and Lungs are surely cured. Call on R. S. McKinney, Druggist, and get a trial bottle free. Regular size 50c, and \$1. Every bottle guaranteed, or price refunded.

### Spinners Because Heroines.

"The consciousness of seeing her own charms reflected in a man's eyes is something which appeals to every woman," writes Edward W. Bok of "They who were never brides" in the *Sun Ladies' Home Journal*. "Nothing else ever makes her so proud and so happy in exactly the same way. But that consciousness is not always for expression; sometimes it is a thing for one's inner self, to be enjoyed at the time and to be lived over in the years to come.

"No woman do not willfully turn away from their own happiness. But they do sometimes darken their own lives to make brighter the lives of others who may be closer or dependent upon them. Some higher and fundamental duty sometimes calls, loftier motives sometimes quiet the deepest heart-longing, a God-given task sometimes points a woman in the opposite direction to her own instincts.

There is such a thing—not known to the young, albeit years bring the knowledge—as a woman turning away from great happiness to insure the great comfort and happiness of others, choosing their comfort as her life-work. Men do it now and then. But women oftener do it. Memories take the place of realities, and in those memories, sweet and tender, many women are living to-day. They have never been brides. But they might have been. At one time in their lives the necessity of choice came to them. Prayerfully and thoughtfully, and yet resolutely, they made the choice. To-day they are not wives simply because they are heroines. And who will say which is the greater?"

I was seriously afflicted with a cough for several years, and last fall had a more severe cough than ever before. I have used many remedies without receiving much relief, and being recommended to try a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, by a friend, who, knowing me to be a good widow, gave it to me, I tried it, and the first bottle relieved my very much and the second bottle has absolutely cured me. I have not had a good health for twenty years. I give this certificate without solicitation, simply in appreciation of the gratitude felt for the cure effected.—Respectfully, Mrs. Mary A. Beard, Claremore, Ark. For sale by R. S. McKinney, Druggist, Taneytown, Md.

### Worth Knowing about Fruits.

If man persists in using or trying to use that for which he has neither power for digestion nor assimilation, he must, without doubt, pay the penalty. To many persons strawberries are such a violent poison that a single dish will produce a rash in less than two hours. The cooking of the fruit seems to destroy this active, irritating principle, but again, here comes our fashion of adding sugar. Canned or preserved fruits, as well as jams and kindred articles, are to be condemned on account of the mass of sugar used. With the fruits it is more prone to fermentation, and even if the sugar is inverted we have a far greater amount than can be cared for by the liver, and here is the origin of the "torpid liver" we hear so much about. The liver is not torpid at all, it is simply overworked. The giver's capacity is exhausted.—Mrs. S. T. Rorer in the *Sun Ladies' Home Journal*.

### "Dolly's Mamma."

I am this dolly's mamma, and I'm very proud to say  
That she was borned at my house on a lovely Christmas day.  
She once had golden ringlets and such pretty eyes of blue,  
And this hole in her face is where one lovely eye fell through.  
She had the whoopsey-hoosies and she had the whooping cough,  
And I washed her in hot water and it made the paint come off.  
She's only got one leg and so she cannot walk around,  
And I must get her mended where the saw-dust's coming out.

### A Long Sweet Day of June.

John Philip Sousa, the "March King," has written the music for a very pretty song, "A Long Sweet Day of June," which appears in *Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly* for June. The words, written by Hunter MacCulloch, are as follows:

There's something most mysterious in air and earth and sky,  
At this season when the year is at its noon;  
A thronging touch is on the soul, that steals through ear and eye,  
And we will live the rest past over in the living month of June.

The glad green of the grass, and the fresh breath of the air,  
And the birds that come a-singing the old tune,  
The full life that nature nurtures with omnipotent care,  
Are the sweet familiar tokens of the mid-day month of June.

The whispering of memory delicious music makes  
As it wanders thro' the sunny days of June;  
Of the dear, the blessed, chosen June, whose welcome presence wakes  
In our hearts the recollection when they first were set at tune.

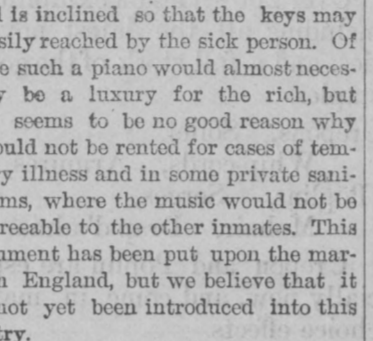
And when the end of life is reached, be it far or be it near,  
Looking back along the way with roses strewn,  
This life lived out in sight of thee, in the distance doubly dear,  
Will seem in very truth, my love, a long sweet day of June.

### HINTS ABOUT HEALTH.

A COMPLETE PIANO FOR THE USE OF INVALIDS.

Does Salt Produce Disease of the Kidneys? How to Produce Artificial Respiration. Simple Remedy For Dandruff—Gold Cure For Snake Bites.

The Scientific American describes a piano for invalids which will be a boon to many a sick musician. On each side of the bed are the uprights of a frame, the base being mounted on casters. This frame supports a small upright piano. Adjusting devices are provided which will enable the piano to be firmly secured in any desired position. The key-



board is inclined so that the keys may be easily reached by the sick person. Of course such a piano would almost necessarily be a luxury for the rich, but there seems to be no good reason why it should not be rented for cases of temporary illness and in some private sanitariums, where the music would not be disagreeable to the other inmates. This instrument has been put upon the market in England, but we believe that it has not yet been introduced into this country.

Dr. Giuseppe Levi has attempted to throw some light experimentally on the question whether the work of excreting large amounts of sodium chloride did not irritate the kidneys, so that salt as well as alcohol might be classed as an excitant and nephritic from experience. Experiments were well planned, and the conclusion that large amounts of common salt from one to four grams daily give rise to renal lesions, but he does not speak of them as constituting nephritis, although mild inflammatory appearances were not wanting. Both the epithelium and the connective tissue were affected, alone or together. The lesions were similar to those attributed by other authors to toxic substances.—*Medical Zeitung*.

In regard to artificial respiration Dr. E. D. McDaniel says: "Place the patient in a sitting posture inclined forward about 45 degrees. Move the head and shoulders upward and backward to the perpendicular position or a little beyond, taking care that the trunk is drawn up and the weight of the head and shoulders well up. Lean the patient forward and downward to an inclination of about 45 degrees, making cautious and reasonable compression of the chest. Repeat these movements deliberately, perseveringly and with reasonable frequency until no longer needed or until all hope of success is lost."

Professor Hilsike says: Dandruff is very readily removed from the scalp by putting a level teaspoonful of borax in the water, and when well dissolved, rub this into the scalp and roots of the hair. It soon makes a foamy lather, and very effectively removes every particle of grease from the hair and scalp, softens the scales of dandruff, leaving both the hair and scalp perfectly clean and free from itching, itching, and then with cold. Wipe the hair well with a soft towel. Let it dry for awhile, then dress it. It will be left almost like the softest silk. A teaspoonful of borax dissolved in two ounces of vinegar is an excellent wash for ringworm of the scalp if the diet consists of fruits and coarse bread for a few days.

It is now found that the Calmette cure for snake bite, unlike most remedies for it, can be thoroughly relied upon. Tried first in India, its use has now been extended to many countries. The antidote consists of a 1 per cent solution of chloride of gold, ten drops of which injected into a Guinea pig, produces an immunity which immediately destroys the toxic nature of a drop of the snake venom. Five to ten cubic centimeters of the solution will counteract the poison of a bite which would otherwise be fatal to a dog, a monkey or a man. The dose has no ill effects. It causes no pain, and by increasing the dose a person who has been bitten by the most venomous snake soon becomes immune. There is one point, however, which is absolutely essential—the solution should be prepared by skilled hands, sterilized and kept in a dark vial to preserve it from the influence of sunlight. Dr. Calmette has other remedies for snake bite, the efficacy of which has never been demonstrated, but that in which the chloride of gold is employed appears to lend itself better to popular usage than some others. Some four years ago Dr. Calmette stated that almost the only snake whose poison he had not been able to immunize was the rattlesnake. The reason of this was that he had never had a rattlesnake to experiment on, and he sent a message to this country the gist of which was that if any American would send him, one or two live rattlers the sender would have the satisfaction of having rendered a valuable service to science. Chicago Record.

Mr. P. Ketcham of Pike City, Cal., says: "During my brother's late sickness from sciatic rheumatism, Chamberlain's Pain Balm was the only remedy that gave him any relief." Many others have testified to the prompt relief from pain which this liniment affords. For sale by R. S. McKinney, Druggist, Taneytown, Md.

Even Steel Pens Grow Tired.

A well known stationer, speaking of pens, recently said that millions of pens, yearly, are thrown away simply because they were tired. When a pen begins to splutter and scratch, put it on one side for a rest. Then heat the nibs in the gas flame not more than 15 seconds and the pen will be as good as new. The stationer suggests that some day there will be a pen that will never get tired, and sell them at a discount, but just as good as new.

Never Hungry if Healthy.

A thoroughly healthy person is never hungry, says Dr. William Henry Porter. The healthy person does not slight his meals, it may be understood, but does ample justice to them. Yet not until he tastes the food before him, says Dr. Porter, does he realize the need of it.

Are you going to paint your house this season? If so beautify it by using Wetherill's Celebrated ATLAS PAINT.

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### WHY THE OCEAN BULGES.

Huge Pulsations of the Sea and What They Mean.

If familiarity does not always breed contempt, yet at least it generally breeds indifference. This is the case with most of us in regard to the rise and fall of the tide by the seashore, and so the problem as to whether the tide will serve conveniently to allow the children to dig in the sand or search for seaweed looms larger than that presented by the gigantic forces which now produce only these somewhat insignificant pulsations of the sea. Yet the tides should call forth in us a deeper interest—might also say an emotion—for they are the feeble residue of influences which have probably exercised a predominant control over the history of the earth and the moon since an indeterminate but remote epoch in the past and will continue that control into the distant future.

According to the law of universal gravitation, the moon attracts matter which stands near to her more strongly than that which is more remote. It follows that the attraction on the ocean at the side of the moon must be greater than that exercised on the solid earth itself. Hence there is a tendency for the sea to depart from its natural spherical shape and to bulge outward toward the moon. So far the matter is simple, but it is perplexing to reply that the water should apparently repel that the moon lying on the farther side of the earth.

This action, however, is not due to any ideal repulsion from the moon, but results from the fact that on the farther side the moon must attract the solid earth more strongly than it does the water. Or the nearer side the moon pulls the water away from the earth, and on the farther side she pulls the earth away from the water, thus producing an apparent repulsion of the water to an extent equal to the attraction on the other side. In this way there arises a tendency for the ocean to bulge equally toward and away from the moon and to assume an egglike shape.—*Atlantic*.

### FOG SIGNAL FOR TRAINS.

Invention of an Englishman For Which Great Claims Are Made.

A fog signaling apparatus which seems to have realized the ideal aimed at by inventors for many years is shortly to be put on the market by a company. It was conceived and first tried in a humble backyard at Chiswick, but has since been on trial on the railway lines at Wimbledon and Clapham. So satisfactory have the tests proved that the Southwestern railway is now going to work the apparatus with its own men and will, it is said, adopt altogether in the course of the coming year. The idea is so ingenious and labor saving that it will be adopted everywhere if all goes well.

"The patent fog signaling apparatus," said a man connected with the new invention, "is, as far as we can see, an ingenious and practically applicable of an idea in which former inventors have failed. It is automatic and electric and of comparatively simple construction. It consists of a large wheel placed at the side of the line near a station and containing round its circumference 32 barrels, each holding two cartridges. A second rail laid down near the apparatus is depressed by the passing train, and in its turn pulls back and then releases a hammer, which strikes a cap and explodes the two cartridges. By means of a rod attached to the machine is automatically reset when the train has passed and the hammer returns into position to fire the next barrel.

"It is connected by electricity with the signals, and the man in the box can set or disconnect it by touching a button. The disconnection is worked by a magnet, which draws down the hammer and prevents firing. Moreover, a lamp in the box shows the signalman exactly when the train fires the cartridges, and if the line is clear he presses a button which rings a gong close to the engine. The train can thus proceed without loss of time and often without slackening."—*London Mail*.

Evaporation of Bananas.

The American consul at Nicaragua reports that experiments are being made there to develop an industry of evaporating bananas and that a trial shipment has been made to this country. If successfully established, this industry will be of the utmost importance to many Central American states. The men engaged in the experiment, according to consular reports, have no practical knowledge of the business of drying the fruit, but if it was taken up by men experienced in the manufacture of machinery and appliances adapted to the evaporation of fruits a modification to suit this case could easily be devised and there would be an immense demand for such machines immediately. At present there are millions of bananas yearly thrown away or allowed to rot on the ground because they are too small or too ripe for shipment to the United States.

### SOME DEFINITIONS.

Navy—The basis of our floating debt.  
Wit—One who sees things through a distorted glass.  
Bluff—Something that is frequently substituted for brains.  
Bribery—The only berry that flourishes all the year round.  
Agnostic—A man who disbelieves because he thinks he knows.  
Amateur—The shield of a man who realizes his incompetency.  
Matrimony—The crematory in which love is often reduced to ashes.  
Hope—A telescope that makes success look large and failure small.  
Bargain—Something that a woman doesn't want, bought with money she can't afford.—*Chicago News*.

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Weakness manifests itself in the loss of ambition and nobility. The blood is watery, the tissues are wasting, the door is being opened for disease. A bottle of Brown's Iron Bitters taken in time will restore your strength, sooth your nerves, make your blood rich and red. Do you more good than an expensive special course of medicine. Brown's Iron Bitters is sold by all dealers.

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The Theater Hair.

It's a far cry from war to the theater, but war years were ever inconsequent, and even in the more vital excitement they find time to wage minor conflicts having very different objects from a fray at large. One of these took place in a theater the other afternoon. A woman was ushered to a seat in front of a whole row of other women. The woman, with her customary conscientiousness, removed her hat. "Oh, dear!" went up in a groan from the woman directly behind the newcomer. "Why, what's the matter?" chorused the other women. "I can't see," went on the complainant. "When the curtain goes up, I don't believe I shall be able to see a thing." "But she's taken her hat off," said the other women. "Yes," admitted the complainant, "she has, but" in tones intended unmistakably for the newcomer's ear—"she's got such a lot of hair and it's piled on top of her head, so high that it's just as bad as a hat." Murmurs of mingled pity and indignation here broke forth from the other women, the complainant finally declaring, "Women have no more right to wear their hair like that to the theater than they have to keep on their heads a pile of hair like that after the theater. It's against the regulations to turn round and take a look at the complainant. She particularly wanted to see what sort of hair the woman had and how she wore it, but in this she was frustrated. The complainant had on her hat.—*Philadelphia Times*.

Money For Charitable Purposes.

In earning money for charitable purposes women should be very careful that they do not deprive some one else of a necessity. It is not so necessary that we should endure bodily fatigue as it is that we should give unselfishly and wisely. I once wanted some money to help my poor family, so I immediately went to work and did my washing and ironing, saving \$1.50. I bought some provisions for the family, but while down town to get them I passed a glove counter and purchased a pair of gloves, which I really did not need, as I was well supplied. On returning home I told my father how self-sacrificing I had been to do the washing and ironing, when, to my surprise, he gravely reprimanded me. "It would have been better," he said, "to have let the woman who needed and expected the washing to do her work as usual and for you to have taken the gloves money and bought provisions for the needy family." Since then I have been careful to consider different sides of the question before attempting to raise money for charitable purposes, that I may not find myself "robbing Peter to pay Paul."—*Marion Wing in Housekeeper*.

A Piteous Woman.

Mrs. W. H. Wilcox of Los Angeles has two United States flags flying in front of her house at 825 Glendon avenue. The other day a tall, swarthy Spaniard came to the door, at a time when she was alone in the house, and demanded that the flags be handed down. Mrs. Wilcox frightened him away with a tiny nickel plated bicycle wrench, which she pointed suddenly at him like a revolver. He went away surlily and glovering. She watched him down the street until he was joined by another as dark and as big as himself. The two then returned. They attempted a flank movement. The Los Angeles Express says: "The second man meeked around the side of the house, while the first marched boldly up to the door. Almost before he reached it the plucky woman burst it suddenly open and with a wild yell poked her shining weapon right under his nose. Like the effect Twain's coyote, there was only a track in the landscape to indicate which direction the Spaniard's flying footsteps had taken. Since yesterday Mrs. Wilcox has re-enforced her monkey wrench with an auxiliary battery, consisting of a six shooter."

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THE PAPER OF THE PEOPLE, FOR THE PEOPLE AND WITH THE PEOPLE.

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THE SUN PUBLISHES ALL THE NEWS ALL THE TIME, but it does not allow its columns to be degraded by unclean, immoral or purely sensational matter.

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The Carroll Record Co., TANNEYTOWN, MD.

ATTACK ON SANTIAGO.

Reported battles on Sea and Land in Cuba.

ARMY OF INVASION SOON TO MOVE.

A growing Possibility that Spain will ask for Peace.

The news from the war this week has been about as unsatisfactory and conflicting as that of last week, which seems to show that the government has pretty effectually succeeded in keeping the movements of its fleets within its own direction and control of the various commanders. It is a question, indeed, whether the government at Washington is much better posted than the newspapers, and it is thought by many that Sampson and Schley, with their staffs, are the only ones fully posted.

It was generally circulated in the papers on Wednesday that Thursday an important engagement had been fought at Santiago de Cuba, but the reports from it are so conflicting that it is difficult to understand what side had the best of it. Spanish usual claims a victory, but that amounts to nothing in the light of her former like claims when she met disastrous defeat.

The probability is that the attack of Schley's vessels on Santiago was for the purpose of crippling the forts and locating a number of new batteries. There does not seem to have been any damage done to the fleet, but the forts suffered considerably.

An army of invasion of probably 50,000 is undoubtedly making active preparations to go somewhere, but where is not known, and it may be to Porto Rico, Havana or Santiago, nor is the time known when it will move. The following is the latest dispatch, given for what it may be worth.

Port au Prince, Hayti, June 2.—The powerful battleships of the United States fleet returned the attack upon Santiago de Cuba early this morning. The forts again suffered considerable damage. The people of Santiago, it is added, are momentarily in fear of an attack from the land side, where there are said to be three thousand insurgents.

Later.—It is reported from Santiago that the rebels have attacked the city in three columns, and that a bloody fight is going on.

There is a return of the belief held at the outset of the conflict with Spain that the war will be short. To-day there is a general feeling that within thirty days Spain will be suing for peace and that the city of Havana need never be stormed by American troops. The return of this hope is based on the reports of the financial difficulties of the Spanish government. Certainly, if the statements of the steady run on the bank of Spain are correct, then the end of the war is not far off.

Should Spain ask for peace and offer to surrender Cuba, the United States government would have practically no grounds for a demand for any indemnity to repay it for the enormous expenditures which have been made. As a matter of fact, we hold no title to the Spanish government. Until American troops invest Manila or Porto Rico no demand for money indemnity as the price for the return of these possessions can be made on Spain, and a sudden offer of peace and the surrender of Cuba at the present time would find this government in just such a predicament.

Of Interest to Farmers.

Judge Henderson, of Frederick, has filed an opinion in a case in the local court that is of considerable interest to farmers and millers. The facts in the case are as follows: During the fall and winter of 1896 a number of farmers of Frederick county delivered at the mill of James H. Gambrell, in Frederick city, large quantities of wheat, to be exchanged for flour, to be delivered to the depositors of wheat as demanded. In March, 1897, Mr. Gambrell made a deed of assignment for the benefit of creditors, much of the wheat deposited under the conditions being still in the mill. The assignees sold the mill and its contents, but before any distribution of the proceeds was made to the creditors, the depositors of wheat filed a petition in court asking that they be declared preferred creditors, and that the assignees be ordered to pay their claims at their full money value before any distribution be made to the other creditors.

Death of Joshua A. Rice.

(For the Record.) Mr. Joshua A. Rice, a consistent member of the German Baptist church, died away from his home on Sunday, May 29th, aged 34 years, 4 months and 12 days. He and his wife had gone on a visit to friends near Jefferson, Frederick Co., nine weeks ago, where he was taken seriously ill with abscess of the lungs, which resulted in his death. He lay 4 miles west of Lewistown, and was a deacon, and of virtuous of his office, a good exhorter. He was also a Sunday school superintendent.

His remains were interred in the new burying-ground of the Brethren at Mountain Dale. The funeral services were conducted by Elder John S. Weybright, from the text, Hebrews 13: 7-8, assisted by Elders D. R. Saylor, of D. P. Creek, Edward A. Bruner, of Frederick, and David Asherman of Jefferson. The church, which is a large house, did not hold all the people who came.

Mr. Rice, though so young in years, was looked up to as a leader in his community. Having been a member of the building committee which erected that house a few years ago, makes it a standing monument to his memory. He leaves a wife and six small children to mourn their loss. Just why God removes such men from us, we cannot say, but firmly believe that what God does is for our good.

J. S. W.

Bucklen's Arnica Salva.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. S. McKinney.

Uniontown.

Last Saturday, Mr. Clarence Billmyer, of Fountain Hill Farm, went to Gettysburg to assist his brother Scott, in guiding tourists over the battlefield. Mr. Billmyer's partner, Mr. Pitzer, who is well known in this vicinity, was kicked by a horse, having his jaw bone broken.

Mr. Clarence Davis is home from Philadelphia.

Elder L. F. Murray, of Carrollton, preached in the Church of God on Sunday night, to a large audience.

Elder S. B. Craft will preach a sermon on "Flowers," at Frizzellville, Sabbath morning, and in the afternoon the audience will be entertained by recitations, addresses and music, after which the graves in the adjoining cemetery will be decorated with flowers. The public are invited.

Mrs. Caroline Fogle, of Katestown, was the guest of Mr. E. G. Gilbert's, family several days this week.

The Women's Home and Foreign Missionary Society of St. Paul Lutheran church, of Uniontown, Carroll Co., will hold their lawn supper at the home of the Misses Mehring, Sunnyside, June 26th. All are cordially invited.

Our town was more than usually patriotic this year, in having two Decoration days. The I. O. R. M., decorated the graves of their deceased members on Saturday. On Monday the national decoration was largely attended. The Linwood band furnished music for both occasions. The procession, which consisted of the P. O. S. of A., of Pleasant Valley and Tyrone, the I. O. M. No. 57, the J. O. M., No. 1, both of our town, the band the Sunday Schools and a number of citizens. One pleasing feature was 20 small girls bearing flags, led by Miss Mattie Hiteshev, formed in the school yard and marched first to the M. P. cemetery, and then to the Church of God cemetery, and then to Mr. John E. Heck's lawn, where the exercises were held. An address was delivered by Rev. W. E. Bowers, of Baltimore, which was highly appreciated. Miss Nettie Myers recited an appropriate selection and the united choirs of the several churches sang national songs. The ministers of the town had part in the exercises. The occasion was a very enjoyable one, and will long be remembered by all. Much credit is due Mr. Harry Weaver, who was assisting in his efforts to make it a success. The houses were decorated with flags and bunting, presenting a lively appearance.

Mrs. Mary A. Garner, of Copperville is spending the week with Mr. E. G. Gilbert's family.

Miss Lulu Harbaugh went to Hanover last Saturday, to visit her sister, Mrs. Petry.

Miss Valley Garner, of Taneytown, was the guest of Mr. Jerry J. Garner's family several days this week.

Rev. Jesse Shreeve will fill the pulpit of the Church of God this Sunday morning.

Mrs. Sarah Fuss left on Thursday morning for a visit to friends in Taneytown and Hanover.

On Friday, Miss Cora Billmyer went to Frederick City to spend a month.

A number of our citizens attended the laying of the corner-stone for the new Freeman's Hall, in Union Bridge, on Wednesday.

Fourpoints.

A young man from the mountain by the name of Smith who worked for Mr. Niles Whitehead several years ago, claims Whitehead owes him three dollars, which Whitehead denies. On last Saturday, Smith made his appearance and demanded the money, and Whitehead's refusal to pay him, occurred an axe and demolished a fence by splitting six posts. Whitehead, thinking his force not strong enough to stop him, went for several neighbors, and upon their arrival Smith thought best to make tracks for a more healthy climate, and he has not been heard of since.

Miss Maude Maxwell, who has been spending several weeks with Miss Lizzie Cover, of York Road, has returned home.

Mr. Wm. H. Fuss, of Emmitsburg, Mrs. J. L. Fuss and daughter Ruth, Miss Maude Oehler of near this place, and Miss Emma C. Fuss of Kansas, who is visiting relatives here, all started for New York last Tuesday morning on a visit to relatives there.

Mr. P. B. Englar, of Taneytown, was in this section on Tuesday of this week, looking up storm insurance. Several of our enterprising farmers took out policies on their buildings. Storm insurance seems to be a very good thing, as the cost is very small, and the damage done to buildings in recent years by storms has been heavy.

Mrs. W. E. Fisher attended the Commencement of the Woman's College in Frederick, where her daughter Edith has been attending the last session. She returned home with her mother where she will spend the vacation.

Mrs. James W. Troxell left on Thursday, for Carlisle, to attend the commencement of Dickinson College where her son Thomas will graduate.

Mr. John V. Elker and family of Greenmount, Pa., spent Monday of this week with Mr. M. F. Saylor.

At a regular meeting of Emmitsburg Council, No. 53, J. O. U. A. M., a resolution was passed that if any of its members enlisted in the army, that their dues would be kept up by the Council and their sick and death benefits would be paid the same as if here.

Bad management keeps more people in poor circumstances than any other one cause. To be successful one must look ahead and plan ahead so that when a favorable opportunity presents itself he is ready to take advantage of it. A little forethought will also save much expense and valuable time. A prudent and careful man will keep a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in the house, the shiftheast fellow will wait until necessity compels it and then ruin his best horse going for a doctor and have a big doctor bill to pay, besides one may die out of 25 cents, the other is out a hundred dollars and then wonders why his neighbor is getting richer while he is getting poorer. For sale by R. S. McKinney, Druggist, Taneytown, Md.

A Word of Discovery.

The last quarter of a century records many wonderful discoveries in medicine, but none that have accomplished more for humanity than that sterling old household remedy, Brown's Iron Bitters. It seems to control the very elements of good health and neither man, woman or child can take it without deriving the greatest benefit. Brown's Iron Bitters is sold by all dealers.

Drive to Washington, D. C.

(For the Record.) On Thursday, May 26th., at 12.30 p. m., Mr. and Mrs. John Dotterer, in company with Elder John S. Weybright, wife and Master Saylor Weybright, started in a carriage, with the writer's famous traveler Gould, and by his side Mr. Dotterer's family horse Topsy, which by the way, covered 61 miles in 11 hours, not counting stops. To say this was a pleasant drive, does not cover it all, as it was enjoyed even by Master Saylor. We shall give some of our observations, should you count them worthy of space in your valued paper.

Our village, D. P. Creek, was the best paved county village passed through. The roads were fine, except those not made, they, of course, were full of holes. Right in this many of our farmers make mistakes. Roads should be worked earlier in the season. The writer's road was made April 21st, and with all the late rains, our road came through in good condition. The worst road we found was from Shriner's mill to Harrisville.

After a 4 hours drive we were at Bro. Henry P. Nussbaum's pleasant home in Mt. Airy, he himself being absent from home, having started a few days previous to attend the German Baptist annual conference at Naperville, Ill. Friday found us driving through Mt. Airy to Ridgeville, one mile away. There we learned that 38 miles lay between us and the much desired destination. Away we started in good spirits; Damascus, 6 miles away, was found, and next Laconsville 7 miles away, on a beautiful location, with some fine homes in it. We inquired for a daily paper there, as dailies do not arrive at Mt. Airy till 9.30 a. m., but were informed that daily papers did not come to Laconsville till 2.30 p. m. We who live along the W. M. R. R. do not realize what a good service we have, thanks to President J. M. Hood, for his early morning mail.

Another six miles, and we were at Alderney—known by some people as Mechanicsville. There we found a pike and were told that Washington lay 18 miles away. After driving 5 miles of that, we drove into a grove, fed our good team and enjoyed a good meal spread under a large oak on good vines. This was much enjoyed, and we were soon under way again, passing a number of small villages, leaving Rockville 4 miles to our right, and 3 o'clock found us driving up 7th Street, near Pennsylvania Ave.

As to the condition of crops, we saw none better than around D. P. Creek. The wheat through Montgomery Co., was good; acreage less than around here. Corn is about the same, and most farmers plowing corn first time. The absence of good clover and timothy fields is particularly noticeable. We had the pleasure of meeting two yoke oxen teams. With the first we were three colored boys picking off a new made road, and with the second team some men digging a foundation and carting ground away.

The condition of horses and men, had better wake up and get a lot of Laconsville, is a tobacco growing country. We could count as many as 7 and 8 sheds in sight at once, some of which are rotting down.

Friday evening was spent in Congress Hall, listening to them fighting over the report of the Committee on Pensions. Each one seemed to think his party needed more cash. Mr. A. I. "I think I'd like to go to sleep again, Lobelia," mumbled Mr. McSwat, lying down and emitting a large and lugubrious yawn.

"But what was your nightmare, Billiger?" persisted Lobelia.

"I didn't say it was a nightmare. I said it was something like a nightmare."

"Something terrible looking at you over the footboard of the bed, and you tried to scream and couldn't? Was it like that?"

"No, and it wasn't a big fish with horns and a conch shell trying to swallow me. Suppose you quiet down and go to sleep."

"I think that's as mean as it can be. You wake me up, tell me you've had a nightmare."

"Great Scott, Lobelia—"

Something like a nightmare—that's what you said. It was enough to wake you up, and you woke me, and now you won't tell me what it was! You must have some reason for it. How do you suppose I can go to sleep again when you act like that? Was it a note coming due? Have you been running into debt without saying anything to me about—"

"I'll tell you as nearly as I can—"

"There's no use in your saying that. You know exactly what it was. I want the whole story! There isn't any whole story. All there is to tell is that I seemed to be oppressed by some premonition of coming evil—a vague sort of feeling that something weird and unearthly was about to happen—do I make myself clear, Lobelia?"

"Yes, yes. Go on."

"There was an indefinite sensation of dread, an uneasy, creepy kind of impression that seemed to pretend some mysterious calamity or untoward event, of whose precise nature I was ignorant save that it was inevitable and was swiftly impending—are you quite sure you follow me?"

"Yes, yes! What else?"

"So strong was this impression upon me that I awoke. I woke Lobelia to see your nose! You're nearest the window. Oblige me by getting up and putting it down. Thanks. Now will you have the goodness, Lobelia, to consider this a closed incident, and let me go to sleep again?"

Silence settled down once more upon the McSwat household and Billiger's deep bass nose was the only sound that disturbed the heavily laden atmosphere.—Chicago Tribune.

WM. F. DERR. WM. F. DERR.

News of the Spring-time FROM THE GREAT MODEL EMPORIUM, West of Railroad, Westminster, Md.

OUR OPENING OF New Dress Fabrics IN BLACKS AND COLORS.

Is always looked for with great interest by every lady of good taste. They have learned to depend on the correctness of our styles. We are now ready with an entirely new and magnificent stock at very tempting prices. A hint from some of the choicest follow below.

Colored Dress Goods. Black Dress Goods.

All the new weaves shown on our counters; among those most sought after are Whip-cords, Epingles, Bengaines, Checks, Poppins, Bayarderes, Covert Cloth, Biegies, Broad-cloths, etc., etc.

Every one displayed in all the newest shades, and at popular prices.

New Silk Fabrics. New Wash Fabrics.

An endless variety of the Choicest conceits in the designer's and weaver's art, are displayed in our Silk stock. French Printed Cambrics, Percalae, Madras, Scotch Zephyrs, Gingham, Cotton coverts, etc.

The Great Model Emporium, WM. F. DERR, Near Railroad, WESTMINSTER, MD.

WORSE THAN A NIGHTMARE. Makes a Chicago man Roll over and Groan.

Mr. McSwat groaned in his sleep, rolled over, and awoke.

"What is the matter, Billiger?" asked Mrs. McSwat, whom his uneasy motions had aroused from her slumbers.

"Nothing much," he answered, "I had something like a nightmare, I think."

"Were you rolling off the roof of the house, and did you wake up just before you hit the ground?" queried Mrs. McSwat, becoming interested at once. "Do you know some people think that if you don't wake before you do reach the ground you—"

"I think I'd like to go to sleep again, Lobelia," mumbled Mr. McSwat, lying down and emitting a large and lugubrious yawn.

"But what was your nightmare, Billiger?" persisted Lobelia.

"I didn't say it was a nightmare. I said it was something like a nightmare."

"Something terrible looking at you over the footboard of the bed, and you tried to scream and couldn't? Was it like that?"

"No, and it wasn't a big fish with horns and a conch shell trying to swallow me. Suppose you quiet down and go to sleep."

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A BIG PILE of Clothing, AT SHARRER & GORSUCH'S, Opposite Catholic Church, WESTMINSTER, MD.

Over 1,000 Suits of the newest, cut-to-fit well-made and greatest Clothing Values ever offered to people who want the Best Goods for the Lowest Prices.

Fine Suits to order.

See our handsome line of Imported and Domestic Suitings? We take your measure, show you the goods, and make you the suit in the best manner. No sample business. Our prices save you money.

New Designs in Colored Shirts. Novelties in Neckwear. Fine Summer Underwear.

Bow and Arrow given with each Boy's Suit.

OAK HALL! GREAT REDUCTION SALE OF SPRING GOODS.

Owing to the late Spring, we have decided to begin a Special Sale of Spring Goods, in order to reduce stock, which will continue for 30 days, beginning on

SATURDAY, JUNE 4, 1898.

25 pieces of Dress Goods at 25c per yard; reduced from 50c. 10 " " " " at 50c " " " 75c. 10 " " " " " at 50c " " " \$1.00.

1,000 yards of Calico at 3 1/2 to 4c. 1,000 yards of Percale at 5c to 8c. 500 yards of Gingham, at 5c; was 8c. 500 yards of Silk, 25c to 40c.

100 pairs of Eviitt Bros' Shoes, \$1.25; reduced from \$2.50 to \$3.00. 100 pairs of Misses' and Children's Shoes, half price. 25 pairs of Plow Shoes at 75c. 25 pairs Boys' Gaiters, 2 to 4, at 50c. 50 to 75 Gents' Yacht Straw Hats, 25c to 40c; reduced from 75c.

10 pieces Straw Matting, 10c and 11c. 15 to 20 Gents' Suits at \$5.00 and \$6.00; were \$8.00 to \$10.00. 50 Laundered Percale Shirts, 38c to 50c; were 75c to \$1.00. Joo lots of Boys' and Children's Clothing, HALF PRICE. A number of other goods will be offered cheap.

Come and see us. Many thanks for past favors, and we hope to have you deal with us in the future.

GEO. C. ANDERS, NEW WINDSOR, MD.

N. B.—A small present given with all bills of \$5.00 and upward.

GEO. H. BIRNIE & Co., BANKERS, TANEYTOWN, MD.

MEMBERS OF THE FIRM. Geo. H. Birnie, H. David Hess, Edward B. Reindollar, John E. Davidson, Martin D. Hess, Edwin H. Sharetts, Luther T. Sharetts, Edward Shorb.

Discount Business Notes. Receive deposits subject to check. Make collections on all points.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT. INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS. SPECIAL RATES TO Weekly and Monthly Depositors.

The Best Dressed Men and Boys

have learned of the Elegance, Economy and Wisdom of our smart, ready-to-wear Clothing.

PLAIDS are quite the style now-a-days; we have them in a number of colors.

Our line of Clay Worsted Suits in Black and Blue, can't be beaten for the money. We have them in Sack or Cutaway.

Hats in all Styles. Now is the time to buy your Summer Hats; while our stock is complete, you will have more to select from.

SHIRTS. We have a full line of White and Colored Shirts, in Madras and Percalae; soft and stiff bosoms; with detachable collars, at prices ranging from 50c to \$1.00.

SHOES. We are carrying a nice line of Men's, Youth's and Boys' Shoes, in Black, Tan and Chocolate. These, as well as our Plow Shoes, are up-to-date, and at prices within the reach of all. The fact of it is, we are "head to foot" outfitters for men and boys.

COOMBS & LITTLE, Clothiers and Furnishers, TANEYTOWN, MD.

THE NEW STORE, WEANT & KOONS, TANEYTOWN MD.

We have always kept prices down as low as possible. That is an easy matter. Price is a repressible affair—much more so than quality, with which you feel more concern. Hence we have addressed ourselves more to value—to quality.

Wash Goods. Ladies' Wrappers. Underwear. Ladies' and Children's Vests, 50c up.

Silk Waist Patterns. The price reduced from 90c to 75c. Very seldom have the opportunity to get a Silk Waist at such a price.

Ribbons. Taffeta, Moire and Satin—all widths. Sash Ribbons, all silk, double face, fancy Plaid Checks.

Lace Curtains. Two and a half yards long; 45c., worth 75c. Dress Patterns. These Novelty Dress Patterns were sold at 50c. Now your choice for 35c.

Carpets and Mattings. There's the question of Floor Coverings. Possibly nothing is pleasanter and cooler for the floors than Matting.

SPECIAL CLOTHING! CLOTHING! For Men, Boys and Children. Get our prices before buying.

Pic-Nics and Festivals. [A Native Taneytown-or.]

All Pic-nics and Festivals for which posters are printed at this office, will be entitled to a free notice under this heading.

June 30-31. Festival for benefit of Keysville Drum Corps. Refreshments and music. At Keysville.

June 2-4. Festival for benefit of Linwood Union Sunday school. Music and refreshments. At Linwood.

June 9-11. Strawberry and Ice Cream Festival, at Middleburg. For the benefit of the P. O. S. of A.

A FEW BUNDLES of old exchangeable bundles of 100, while they last, at the RECORD office.

Mr. P. Ketcham of Pike City, Cal., says: "During my brother's late sickness from sciatic rheumatism, Chamberlain's Pain Balm was the only remedy that gave him any relief."

Many others have testified to the prompt relief from pain which this eminent affords. For sale by R. S. McKinney, Druggist, Taneytown, Md.

WESTERN MARYLAND R. R.

Connecting with P. & R. R. at Shippensburg, and Gettysburg, Norfolk & Western, R. R. at Hagerstown, B. & O. Railroad at Hagerstown and Cherry Run, Penn. R. R. at Briceville and Hanover, and P. W. R. R. at C. & B. P. Railroads at Union Station Baltimore, Md.

Schedule taking effect February 15th, 1898.

Main Line.

Read down STATIONS. Read Up.

A.M. P.M. A.M. P.M. A.M. P.M. A.M. P.M.

10 10 57 10 57 Cherry Run. 8 45 1 16 9 45

10 10 50 10 50 Big Pool. 8 45 1 16 9 45

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