

One thing is sure— It grows steadily in circulation, for some reason.

Local and Personal.

This is meant to be a purely local news column, to which the RECORD invites contributions...

Mrs. S. L. Sentman, of Gap, Pa., is visiting the family of Robt. S. McKinney, on York St.

Samuel Ocker left on Monday on a visit to Illinois. He expects to be away for several weeks.

Charles H. Brown will hereafter manage the creamery at this place, while Amos Trimmer will act in the same capacity for the Harney branch.

Archie A. Crouse has secured a job as extra fireman on the Western Maryland Railroad, and will begin work next week. We wish him success.

The Lutheran C. E. society will hold an ice cream and strawberry festival in the basement of the church this Saturday afternoon and evening May 28th.

Work on the Reinold and Davidson buildings, which has been much delayed by the wet weather, is now progressing, and the buildings will no doubt go up rapidly from now on.

Charles O. Foss and Charles E. H. Shriner visited Hagerstown on Thursday night and assisted at the institution of a Camp of the P. O. S. of A., at that place.

Carroll Conlave No. 333, I. O. H., of this place, gave an entertainment and refreshments to its members and a few invited guests, on Monday night. The affair was not intended to be elaborate, but was nevertheless much enjoyed by those present.

As the season of danger from lightning is at hand, farmers, especially, should see to the matter of fire insurance and protect themselves, particularly at least, from a possible fire loss.

Harvey Null, of Kingsdale, Pa., son of Greenberry Null of this district, met with a very painful accident one day last week, while harvesting.

Samuel Bricker, who recently raised a fine barn, dedicated it one night this week by holding a big dance in it.

It is said that over fifty persons were present, and that the strength of the building was not assumed, as it withstood the event referred to without even a squeak.

Frank Clingan, in whose interest a petition was recently circulated here for pardon by the Governor, arrived home on Saturday evening. We hope that hereafter Frank will be satisfied to play the part of a good citizen, and also that he may be given a fair show by everybody, to redeem his character.

No one need go to Gettysburg on the 30th, thinking that President McKinley will be there, as it is near a sure thing as can be that he will be at his post of duty in Washington. Had not the war occurred, it is equally sure that he would have visited this great battle-field on Decoration day this year.

Mr. J. H. Miller, the father of Harry B. Miller, railroad agent at this place, died at his home in Littlestown, Pa., on Saturday, and was buried on Tuesday of this week.

During the absence from duty here of William Reddick, of Hanover, filled his place. Mr. Reddick is a nephew of Samuel Harbaugh of this district.

Charles H. Rice, manager of the creamery at this place for a number of years, left this week for Browningsville, Montgomery county, where he has secured a more lucrative position in the same line.

While here, Mr. and Mrs. Rice won many friends who were sorry to see them leave, and wish them success in their new home.

Miss Susie Shorb, who once lived here with her uncle, Burgess S. Miller graduated on the 19th, at the Waynesboro, Pa., high school, and will take a course at the Shippensburg Normal School.

She received many handsome presents on the occasion. Miss Susie is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Shorb, who live about two miles north of Emmitsburg.

Mrs. David Nusbaum, of this district, has in her possession a blue and white pitcher, which is a handsome piece of ware and quite valuable on account of its great age.

It bears a very fair bust of Lafayette on each side, encircled with the inscription "Welcome Lafayette the Nations guest and our country's glory." It was evidently made and sold about the time that Lafayette, who assisted so materially in securing our independence, visited this country early in the present century.

Mr. and Mrs. George W. Grottle, from Ohio, formerly of this section of county, are now located in Taneytown with the expectation of making this their future home.

Mrs. Grottle is a daughter of William Adams, of Woodsboro, Mr. Grottle was born at Conawaga, Pa., and lived in various towns of this section of country until he became of age. In 1877 he left for Ohio and was there engaged for 21 years in the hardware, stove and tinware business.

Mr. Grottle has become interested in farming and has recently purchased two farms, known as the Joseph Sharrer farms, located near Keysville, this county.

COUNTY AND STATE.

News Notes of General Interest from various Sources.

The annual reunion of the Lutheran churches of Maryland, Pennsylvania, Virginia and the District of Columbia will take place at Pen-Mar, July 18.

Frank Rock, of Union Bridge, was taken with an apoplectic attack on Baltimore Street, near Exeter, in Baltimore, on Monday. He soon recovered sufficiently to attend to business and return home.

Rev. Dr. H. L. Baugher, formerly a professor at Pennsylvania college, at Gettysburg, has been elected to the chair of theology in the seminary of the Lutheran synod of the south, located at Newberry, South Carolina.

Decorations day will be fittingly observed in Uniontown, on Monday, the exercises being participated in by various societies and the Linwood band. There will be an orator from Baltimore, and the ministers of the town will also assist in the memorial services.

The sentiment favoring the return of the captured Confederate flags which have been held since the days of the Civil War, seems to be rapidly spreading, and is exciting general interest all over the country.

Federals and Confederates alike heartily endorse the idea, the reasons, in each instance, being of the broadest and most patriotic character.

Rev. Father W. H. Reaney, of the United States receiving ship Vermont, has been appointed chaplain of Admiral Dewey's flagship, Olympia, at Manila, and has sailed for Hong Kong, China, from which place he will go to Manila.

Father Reaney was for a number of years pastor of St. Peter's Roman Catholic church, at Libertytown, Frederick county.

A painful accident happened to the young son of Mr. John F. Marquart, of Tyrone, on Monday morning. He was in a blacksmith's shop and fell on a scythe that was being sharpened.

The scythe entered the upper thigh, cutting the muscles to the bone. A wound six inches long and three inches deep was made.

While the wound is very painful, the boy is not in a dangerous condition. A sharper has put up a new trick on farmers and he has been operating successfully over in Delaware.

He claims to be an agent for the government authorized to buy horses for the army. He visits the farmer, buys two or three horses, gives a check for an amount larger than the purchase price, gets the difference in cash and then disappears with the horses.

The farmer presents the check for payment and finds he has been swindled. We have received a copy of the life of Charles T. Zopp, publisher of *Shut-In Friend*, Melrose, Md., and find it to be a most pathetic and sad, yet strangely cheerful, description of long years of suffering by the author.

Shut-In Friend is a handsome, though small, eight page monthly, priced 30c a year, published specially to help those "shut in" through various afflictions, and has reached a considerable circulation. We think this publication is worthy of the support of the charitably inclined.

Through the efforts of Dr. E. D. Cronk, of Winfield, the line of the Western Maryland Telephone Company, from Carroll county, is about to be extended from that place to Woodbine, on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. Poles for the line were contributed by citizens of the section through which it passes, and the holes for the poles are being dug gratuitously also.

An effort is being made to have the company's service extended to Taylorsville and Franklinsville upon the same terms.

The annual convention of the Frederick County Christian Endeavor Union, which was in session in Frederick for two days, adjourned after determining to hold the next convention at Myersville. The following officers were elected: President, Thomas Reeves Woodford, Centerville; Miss Clara Greenwood Baecher, Cambridge; Miss Miriam Baynes, Baltimore; Miss Nannie Virginia Hardinger, Cumberland; Miss Mary Eliza Howard, Rutland; Miss Olive Gertrude Johnson, Probstburg; Miss Maud Cronise, Harmony Grove; treasurer, W. E. Kindley, Buckeystown; county organizer, Rev. S. Barshinger, Buckeystown; missionary secretary, Mrs. May Gaylor, Middletown.

The United Brethren church will hold England financially responsible for the murder of United Brethren missionaries recently murdered in Sierra Leone, as Sierra Leone was under the protectorate of England. The massacre grew out of an uprising of the natives over the imposing of a tax on huts by the English government, which was objected to by the Africans. The natives have entirely destroyed their valuable mission, which was established about 1850 and which had never before been molested. It is the purpose of the United Brethren church to shortly file formal damage claims.

Garfield King, a colored man, was lynched in Salisbury, Wisconsin county, on Wednesday night. King had shot a young white man on Saturday night, from the effect of which he died on Wednesday morning. The jury of inquest rendered a verdict of murder against King, although he protested that the shooting was in self defense, and was lodged in jail to await trial. About eleven o'clock at night a mob of about one hundred persons battered down the jail doors, dragged out the culprit, and succeeded in killing him by beating and shooting, and a second attempt at hanging. The details of the affair are horrible.

COUNTY C. E. CONVENTION.

Opening Session at Pleasant Valley on Thursday.

The opening session of the seventh annual convention of the Carroll county Christian Endeavor Union was held in St. Matthew's church, Pleasant Valley, Thursday morning. The meeting of the convention was preceded by an address Wednesday night by Rev. B. W. Kindley, of Uniontown. The convention began its session with a song service, led by Rev. G. J. Hill, of Smallwood. The convention sermon was by Rev. B. A. Abbott, of Harlem Avenue Christian church, Baltimore, whose subject was "The Endeavor's Motive." The address of welcome was by Rev. W. H. Ehrhart, of Silver Run, to which Harry P. Sanders responded. Miss Ida Diefenbach, secretary and treasurer, submitted her report.

Mrs. A. C. Wolfe, temperance superintendent, also submitted her report, after which greetings from the State Union were presented by its president, Wm. A. Schumaker, of Baltimore, and from the Carroll county Epworth League Union, by Geo. P. B. Englar, of New Windsor. President Chas. R. Woods responded, Henry N. Hanna, secretary of the State Endeavor, delivered an address on the "Cardinal Principles of Christian Endeavor." The session closed with an open parliament, the topic of which was: "What has Christian Endeavor done for me?"

The evening session was devoted to singing patriotic hymns and an address on "Christian Patriotism," by Rev. Dr. Joseph E. Smith, pastor of Mount Vernon Methodist Episcopal church, Baltimore.—American Cor.

Decorations Day Program.

Memorial services will be held here on Monday, as usual, in the afternoon. A procession, composed of the Taneytown band, old soldiers, children with flowers and the Patriotic Order Sons of America, will form at the Public school house, at 1 o'clock, and march to the various cemeteries for the purpose of decorating the graves of the dead, and then to the school house lawn, where the program given below will be rendered. Flowers may be left at the residence of Levi D. Reid, adjoining the school house. Our citizens are requested to display flags, and places of business to close between the hours of one and three o'clock.

PROGRAM.

Prayer, Rev. J. O. Clippinger.

"Star Spangled Banner," Band and vocal chorus.

Introductory, Rev. D. F. Garland.

Music by Band.

"America," Band and vocal chorus.

Address, Rev. A. Bateman.

Rudyard Kipling's Recessional.

"Let us Forget," vocal.

Benediction.

Western Maryland College.

Westminster, Md., May 28.—The exercises of commencement week at Western Maryland College will begin this year on Sunday, June 12, when the baccalaureate sermon to the graduating class will be delivered by President Lewis. The commencement will take place Wednesday, June 15. The contests of freshmen and sophomore classes for the Norman medals will take place June 8 and 10, respectively.

Twenty-five students—fifteen males and ten females—will be graduated this year, as follows: Edward Bayly Bates, Howard Leslie Benson, Emory Gorsch Buckingham, William Burgess Nelson, William Frank Thomas, Miss Clara Ward Lewis, Miss Maude Eliza Miller, Miss Mamie Reuelle, Westminster; Charles Orlando Clemson, Union Bridge; Roby Franklin Fry, Damascus; Charles Stewart Friend, Swanton; William Miss Garriett Taylor, Ernest Thomas De Ford Patton, Roseland, N. J.; Henry Fernman Reckord, Belair; James Henry Shreve, Clinton; Charles Edward Snyder, Thomas Reeves Woodford, Centerville; Miss Clara Greenwood Baecher, Cambridge; Miss Miriam Baynes, Baltimore; Miss Nannie Virginia Hardinger, Cumberland; Miss Mary Eliza Howard, Rutland; Miss Olive Gertrude Johnson, Probstburg; Miss Maud Cronise, Harmony Grove; treasurer, W. E. Kindley, Buckeystown; county organizer, Rev. S. Barshinger, Buckeystown; missionary secretary, Mrs. May Gaylor, Middletown.

A well known poultry raiser near Elliott City has become so bitter against anything Spanish that a few days ago he cut off the heads of a number of fine black Spanish hens he had in his flock.

Unknown persons stole a fine horse from the stables of Wm. M. Englar, near Medford, on Tuesday night or Wednesday morning. The horse was tracked by the man in which it was shod to Manchester, and later passed through Hampstead, going toward Baltimore.

Church Notices.

Church of God at Uniontown will hold her annual Pevsical Service next Sabbath, Preaching at 10.30 a. m.; raising of missionary money after preaching. Baptismal services in the afternoon and in the evening a Scriptural observance of the washing of the saints' feet, and the communion, Preaching at Mayberry at 2.30. S. B. CRAFT, Pastor.

The Communion service which will be held at Piney Creek, on the 15th, will be held this Sunday, the 29th. No service will be held in the Taneytown church.

All day services at Piney Creek M. P. church, Sunday, Lovestart 2.30 led by Rev. W. A. Crouse; sermon at 10.30 a. m., by Rev. H. I. Eiderdick, B. D.; at 2.30 p. m., Rev. W. R. Graham, D. D., will preach. Service at Uniontown, at 8 p. m., conducted by the pastor. Quarterly Conference Saturday commencing at 1.30 o'clock. B. W. KINDLEY, Pastor.

The preaching in the Taneytown U. B. church next Sunday, will be in the forenoon, and at Harney in the evening. All are welcome. J. O. CLIPPINGER, Pastor.

SUICIDE AT NEW WINDSOR.

Adam W. Bloom Ends His Life Last Friday.

The people of New Windsor and vicinity were thrown into a state of intense excitement last Friday 20th, inst., by the shocking announcement that Adam W. Bloom, a highly respected citizen of this place, had committed suicide. About 11 o'clock a. m., Mr. Bloom retired to the second story of his creamery and deliberately discharged five bullets from a 32 calibre revolver into his abdomen. The reports of the revolver were heard by John McCarty, who was employed on the first floor of the building. Mr. McCarty went at once to investigate the shooting, and, on discovering that had occurred, gave the alarm. Roland Smith was the first to reach Mr. Bloom, when he found him lying on the floor, unconscious and groaning terribly and the weapon with which the deed was accomplished lying by his side. Mr. Bloom was immediately conveyed to his residence where he lingered in great agony until half past eight in the evening, when death ensued.

His physician, Dr. Buffington, being out of town when the deed was committed, Dr. Brown was quickly summoned. Dr. Buffington, however, was with him later, but all that either of them could do was to relieve the sufferings to some extent. Funeral took place from his late residence on Sunday afternoon, and was attended by an immense concourse of friends. Interment in the New Windsor cemetery after short services at the house conducted by Rev. Long, pastor of the M. E. church, of which Mr. Bloom had been a member since the recent revival, which was conducted by Miss Jennie Smith. Deceased was about 46 years of age, and leaves a widow and six children, most of which are small.

Deceased was a quiet, unobtrusive man, who had the respect and confidence of the community in general, and the real cause of his rash act remains a mystery, although it is said by some, that he considered that his business was not prospering as he thought it should. This does not seem plausible, as it is stated that an investigation made since his death, shows his finances to be in as good shape as could reasonably be hoped for. Eight years ago the deceased purchased the property formerly used as a foundry and fitted it up for the manufacture of butter and ice cream, which business he had conducted until his death. (New Windsor Cor. Record.)

Farm Machinery in Demand.

Of the numerous branches of trade that have been benefited by the rise in the price of wheat and other cereals, none has felt the increase more perceptibly than the manufacturers and dealers in farm machinery. This business, in all its departments, is now experiencing a boom. Local dealers say that orders for harvesting machines are pouring in almost faster than they can supply the demand, and, should the trade continue as it is at present, this year will go down in the annals of that department of commerce as unprecedented. Nearly every farm implement house in the city has increased its force of employes, and even then it has been found necessary to work frequently long into the night.

The causes of this boom in the agricultural implement trade are not hard to see. For the past several years the price of wheat has been so low that the farmers have put off buying new machinery just as long as they possibly could. Not infrequently they lost money by trying to get along with their worn-out machines, but, as they had no money with which to purchase new ones, they got along as best they could. The higher price obtained for grain last fall, and the prospects of still higher prices this season, have caused the farmers to buy new machinery this year. Then, too, the acreage of grain this year is larger than usual, and will, consequently, require more efficient machinery to do the crop.

The binding twine trade, which is an important feature of the business, shows a corresponding increase. There is, however, in this a decided rise in the price, owing to the present hostilities between this country and Spain. Most of the twine used by the farmers for the self-binding is Manila, the fiber of which is brought from the Philippine Islands, which are now at the mercy of Admiral Dewey. The blockade of the city of Manila is as tight as that at Havana, and will continue until the governor of the islands surrenders. While most of the season's harvest of the fiber was either already landed in this country or on its way here, the blockade has had a great effect on the price, which is four cents a pound higher this season than last, and the market is growing stronger every day. This increase in the price of Manila twine has also affected the price of sisal twine, which is inferior to the Manila.—Balt. American.

REGFORMED CLASSIS.

The Close of an Interesting Session at Walkersville.

The close of the reading of the parochial reports on Friday showed great progress during the year. Except in a few instances apportionment of the debt was made, and during the year \$10,000 was paid for benevolent purposes. The trustees of classis reported that they had liquidated a number of debts contracted in the work of church extension in Baltimore. In the evening a missionary service was held at which addresses were delivered by Revs. J. S. Keiffer, of Hagerstown and C. Clever, of Baltimore.

On Saturday morning Rev. A. Bateman, of Taneytown, conducted the religious services. The resignation of Rev. I. M. Motter as pastor of the Adamstown charge was accepted. The classis received and enrolled several new members. Rev. S. Miller addressed the meeting on the subject of the Stine Memorial Home for aged ministers. Much general business was transacted at this meeting, reference to apportionments and Sunday schools. In the afternoon at 3.30 o'clock a service preparatory to holy communion was held, the sermon being preached by Rev. A. E. Dreisbach, and the liturgical services conducted by Rev. Dr. J. T. Rossier. In the evening a service in the interest of the reformed classes was held, at which addresses were delivered by Revs. S. J. Slagle, W. D. Donitsers, C. W. Levan and C. S. Slagle.

On Monday a spirited discussion occurred over a resolution urging congregations to increase their contributions to the Sunday school board on children's day. The resolution was not sustained. The Woman's college and Bethany Orphan's Home were reported to be in a flourishing condition, and the classis voted to continue their support. The committee on the matter of dividing the Thurmont charge reported unfavorably to division at present. The sum of \$400 was appropriated to sustain the Sabillaville charge.

Of the church work districts the following chairmen were appointed: Baltimore and Carroll counties, Rev. P. W. Bald; Frederick county, Rev. A. Connor; Washington county, Rev. G. A. Snyder. The Committee on Finance apportioned the following sum to be raised during the ensuing year: Home Missions, \$2,350; Foreign Missions, \$1,385; Hungarian Missions, \$210; Beneficiary Education, \$976; Theological Seminary, \$181; Work among Germans, \$250; Calvin College, \$75; Catawba College, \$275; Harbor Missions, \$40; Church Extension, \$1,000; Reformed Church, \$538; continent, \$484.

Jefferson was chosen as the place and May 3, 1898, as the time of the next annual meeting of classes. The report on the state of religion and morals was read by Rev. T. F. Hoffmeier. The statistical table contained among other items the following: Congregations, 69; members, 9,536; infant baptisms, 448; adult baptisms, 34; confirmed, 374; dismissed, 211; deaths, 149; students for the ministry, 3; contracts for benevolent purposes, \$11,957; for congregational purposes, \$51,384.

The report of the Committee on Sunday Schools, conducted by Revs. E. H. Lyons, of Washington, Moderator Reichard appointed Revs. G. A. Copp, Laura Hetrick and G. H. Hann a committee on resolutions, and Revs. J. M. Tombaugh, Wm. M. Lyons, of Washington, D. C., Rev. J. C. Cassell, of Philadelphia and Rev. Dr. J. C. Mackey of Salisbury, Md.

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Correspondence.

Copperville.

On Wednesday last week Mr. J. H. Taylor came to Trevanion on a visit; when evening came he went to bed feeling about as well as usual, but during the night he took a chill and became very ill. In the morning Mrs. Shriner rapped at his door for the purpose of awakening him, and, to her surprise, she found that there was something wrong within, and immediately called Mr. Shriner who entered the room and found him in a helpless condition. Dr. Birnie was sent for, and in the meantime he was made as comfortable as circumstances would permit. On Wednesday of this week he was sufficiently recovered to be removed to Mr. Louis Hemler's, where he will probably make his home in the future. Mrs. Hemler was reared, we understand, in the Taylor family; hence it will be as near a home for him as it is possible for it to be. No greater tribute of the confidence and esteem which his former employers at Trevanion entertain for him could be shown toward him, than the fact that the room which he occupied while living there, is kept on purpose for his accommodation whenever he sees fit to visit the place.

Mrs. Pearson Garner is on the sick list with neuralgia, and at times accompanied with severe cramps, which render her dangerously ill.

Miss Savilla Wertz, who has been living in Baltimore for some time, was compelled to return home on account of sickness in the family. Her two sisters at home are both sick, and Mrs. Wertz, who is quite aged, was not able to wait on them.

Mr. William Fleckinger raised his new shed on Saturday last. Everything went together nicely without accident. If the saying that "The liberal soul shall be made fat," be true, Mr. Fleckinger ought to have a bountiful crop this year, for his table fairly groaned, not only with substantial but delicacies as well, that go to satisfy the inner man. Not only the 40 or 50 men that helped to raise, were remembered, but the horses as well, were all gathered up and liberally fed.

The wheat is badly broken down, and it is supposed that the fly is at the bottom of the trouble.

Mrs. R. C. Gait and Miss Olive Garner returned home from their visit, on Monday last.

Master Fielder Gilbert visited his cousin, Master Roy Garner, on Tuesday and Wednesday, of this week.

Double Pipe Creek.

Elder J. T. Kolb, Mrs. E. J. Buckley, Miss Dora M. Renner, Joseph Davis, William Welty, Murray Martin and Samuel Weibrigt all started this week on journeys.

Mrs. Washington Shorb received a letter this week, from her sister, Sarah Knode, wife of John Knode, of Mt. Morris, Ill., stating that on May 18th, they were out driving to Rochelle, and on their way home they were caught in a rain storm, and 3 miles from home, and took shelter in a wagon shed. The shed and barn were blown down by the storm, and they were pinioned down by timbers, and had they not been so close to the stone wall of the barn, they would have been killed. The cyclone blew down quite a number of buildings in its course.

On Thursday we were handed some very fine strawberries from the patch of Mr. W. H. Powell, at Keysville. There has been quite a struggle between the weeds and berries for the possession of the lot, but where the berries were successful in the contest, they are fine.

Bark Hill.

My friend "Gringo" has my warmest thanks for his kindness in accommodating us with some of the difficult Spanish pronunciations.

Mrs. Noah Arbaugh and children visited friends in Carrollton, three days this week.

Mrs. Margaret Blaxton, of near Denning's, was a guest last week, of Mrs. Wm. Catzenadner and Mrs. J. H. Shew.

Mr. Evan Smith and family returned home on Tuesday, after spending a delightful week in Lancaster, Landisville, Mt. Joy and York.

Mrs. John Rowe, Sr., still lingers in the same weak and helpless condition without any hopes of recovery, as stated last week.

Orphans' Court Proceedings.

MONDAY, May 23rd, 1898.—Charles T. Reifneider, executor of Lucretia E. Van Bibber, reported sale of real estate.

Last will and testament of David Shreeve, admitted to probate. Benjamin F. Bond and Wesley W. Bond executors of Benjamin Bond settled second and final account.

Alice L. Fleming, administratrix of Mary V. Young, settled first and final account.

TUESDAY, May 24th, 1

TERMS. One Dollar per annum in advance. Six months, 50c. Trial subscriptions, Three months, 25c. Subscribers will be continued as a rule, after the time for which the paper has been paid, has expired. Subscribers who wish to discontinue, should notify their Postmaster to do so. The label on paper contains date to which the subscription has been paid. No paper will be discontinued until all arrears have been paid, except at the option of the publisher. ADVERTISEMENTS will be inserted under contract at the rate of \$2.00 per inch per annum. Rates for legal notices, Special Advertisements and short term contracts, given on application.

ENTERED AT TANEYTOWN POSTOFFICE AS SECOND CLASS MATTER.

SAURDAY, MAY 28th., 1898.

GOVERNMENT censorship of war dispatches is particularly hard on Wall Street and "Yellow Journals," but the patriotic reading public is satisfied to wait for legitimate official news, knowing that it is for the best interests of our government that information on the subject should be limited to reports of what has happened, rather than what will happen. News suppression is very apt to be resented, but it is a necessary evil in the present condition of hostilities.

The Real Heroes.

It is all right to feel proud of Dewey Sampson, Schley and the powerful vessels of our navy, but, after all, it is the men who man the ships who do the business, and this is something not to be overlooked. Not that the leaders should not receive great credit—because they are men eminently fit for their positions, and worthy leaders of worthy men—but the real strength of our arms rests in the brain and bone of American regulars who truly represent us as a nation.

It is the American who can shoot, that must be rendered his full share of glory, along with the leaders, and those who do the shouting and lionizing, should do it, not for any one man, but for that man and his men—for those who lead and direct. Let us be proud of American bravery, skill and grit, as against Spanish blood and the boasted pride and glory of hundreds of years ago, which has long since ceased to be anything but the merest tradition.

A Tremendous Mistake.

This government is making a tremendous mistake in not engaging the editorial staff of the M. Y. World to act as a board of strategy to end the war at once. Notwithstanding the unbroken succession of mistakes (?) made up to this time by our strategists, the World knows just how to play the game from now on, and end it in about ten days, so what is the use to continue with our expensive experiments when we have a sure thing at our command.

If President McKinley does not turn the job bodily over to the World, or at least read that paper every morning before breakfast, and act according to its suggestions, he is a fit subject for impeachment proceedings. Please Mr. President, do this, and end the war before our "wives must be sold" and we get "around into sausage" and "made into fertilizers," as the terrible Spaniards say they will fix us, if we don't stop.

Annual Hog Pen Subject.

Hagerstown is again in a turmoil over the hog pen nuisance, which has been an annual occurrence there for some years. The health officers have condemned hog pens as being dangerous to health, but the city officials have been a fraud to prohibit them for fear of loss of political party. Here, too, the anti-hog party has always been defeated, but the signs seem to point to victory on the side of decency and health at the next contest. The argument in favor of retaining the pens, seems to be, that the stop fed to the hogs would breed disease germs in hot weather if not used up in this way.

This argument does not seem to possess very great strength, and is likely used simply to bolster up a desire to maintain these odoriferous nuisances. Taneytown is nearing the time when the same question will be an issue, and, when it comes, we hope our citizens will come out strong on the side of health and cleanliness. It may be possible to maintain hog pens at certain places within the corporate limits of a town, without any great objections resulting, but it is a sure thing that such cannot be done at all places.

Whenever they are so close to dwellings as to be rank nuisances, and whenever the drainage from them reaches side drains and wells, no sane person will argue that they are allowable or decent, nor will any good citizen and neighbor persist in maintaining them when he knows full well that they give offense and just cause for complaint. The same may be said of barn yards, manure heaps, or any other foul smelling thing.

Changing Inauguration Day.

A resolution has been adopted by Congress for the submission to the legislatures of the several states in the Union of a constitutional amendment changing inauguration day from March 4 to May 4. The full text of the amendment is as follows: "The term of office of the President and Vice President and of the fifty-sixth Congress shall continue until the fourth day of May in the year 1901 at noon, and the 4th of May shall thereafter be substituted for the 4th of March as the commencement and termination of the official term of the President, Vice-President, Senators and Representatives in Congress."

The reasons for this reform, as explained by its advocate, Senator Hoar, are principally these: That inauguration days under the present

plan are generally characterized by bad and disagreeable weather and thus expose the participants in the exercises to danger of disease and fatal results, and that the "short" winter session of Congress is altogether too short to permit due consideration of the thirteen great appropriation bills, to say nothing of other important matters, legislation upon which is unavoidable.

No valid objection to the change has come from any quarter for its desirability has long been recognized. There is no doubt that the amendment, when submitted, will be indorsed by more than the requisite number of states. The conditions which obtained in the early days of the republic made the present date convenient, but they have given place to totally different conditions.—Toledo Blade.

Too Much Grumbling.

So far as we can gather from our reading of the market reports, the farmers in the west and in all sections of the country have realized handsomely on the sales of wheat already made, and the stocks that have been coming in of late from the farming districts have been surprisingly large. According to the estimates recently given out from Chicago, on March 1st., the farmers of the United States held 121,320,500 bushels of wheat, as against 88,149,072 bushels at the corresponding date a year ago, and 74,969,790 bushels on March 1, 1896.

But this is not all. Corn and oats and hogs and beans, and, indeed, all of the principal products of the farm, have increased in price, and the farmers have realized most handsomely on their sales. Do the calamity folks ever stop to consider that one of the most detestable men on the face of the earth is the chronic grumbler? We have had a nation of grumblers for the past several years, and without excuse for it. Think of the thousands upon thousands of people across the ocean who have been suffering from famine, and who have even fought with each other for a morsel of bread. Yet Americans have not only all that bread and meat that we can consume, but a great surplus for sale at starvation prices.—Richmond Times.

Whooping Cough.

I had a little boy who was nearly dead from an attack of whooping cough. My neighbors recommended Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. I did not think that any medicine would help him, but after giving him a few doses of that remedy I noticed an improvement, and one bottle cured him entirely. It is the best cough medicine I ever had in the house.—J. L. Moore, South Burgettstown, Pa. For sale by R. S. McKinney, Druggist Taneytown, Md.

MASON-DIXON LINE.

Popular Error as to Original Cause of Existence.

IN THREE PARTS—No. I.

For years there existed a supposition that Mason and Dixon's line was the line dividing the slave-holding from the non-slave-holding states. Time and again it was referred to as such by speakers on the floor of Congress, and it is one of the most widely quoted geographical lines in America. The line was run by Charles Mason and Jeremiah Dixon, mathematicians and surveyors, of London, between the years 1763 and 1767, for the purpose of settling the disputed boundaries between the provinces of Pennsylvania and Maryland. These questions arose from misstatements in the original grants of the provinces, resulting in disputes between William Penn and Lord Baltimore. In 1732 an agreement was entered into by representatives of the proprietaries respecting the boundaries of Pennsylvania, Maryland and Delaware, the first and last named provinces then in the possession of Penn's family. The difficulty of tracing the curved line between these two provinces was the occasion of the work afterward executed by Mason and Dixon.

The Only Truthful Paper.

Penn, in 1680, was interested in an application he had made for a grant of land, and had suggested to Sir John Werden, agent for the Duke of York, brother of Charles II., that his Lordship reserve the territory twelve miles north of New Castle, Del., the Duke having expressed a desire to retain the land twenty to thirty miles north of the same town. The distance agreed upon was twelve miles. Penn's representatives soon afterward entered on the plantation, when they discovered that Lord Baltimore's patent, if continued to the fortieth degree of latitude, would embrace the site of Philadelphia, and leave the province barrenless. The Duke of York, hoping to right matters, gave Penn a deed for New Castle, and the plantation twelve miles around it, in 1682. A second instrument conveyed to Penn all of the plantation from New Castle southward to Cape Henlopen. Lord Baltimore's protest against such disposals of territory in his charter reached the Duke, who had now succeeded to his brother on the throne. In 1685 the King's Council, hoping to right the objections of Baltimore, decided upon the following:

"That for avoiding further differences, the tract of land lying between the Bay of Delaware and the Eastern Sea on the one side, and the Chesapeake on the other, be divided into equal parts by a line from the latitude of Cape Henlopen to the fortieth degree of north latitude, the southern boundary of Pennsylvania by charter, and that the one-half thereof lying toward the Bay of Delaware and the Eastern Sea be adjudged to belong to his Majesty, and the other half to the Lord Baltimore, as comprised in his charter.

The 1732 agreement, entered into by the sons of William Penn and Charles Lord Baltimore, great-grandson of the pioneer settler of the Province of Maryland, which accounts for the noticeable boundaries of Delaware, follows: "That a semi-circle should be drawn at twelve English statute miles around New Castle, agreeably to the deed of the Duke of York to William

Penn in 1682; that an east and west line should be drawn beginning at Cape Henlopen, which was admitted to be below Cape Cornelius (the present Cape Henlopen), and running westward to the exact middle of the peninsula; that from the exact middle of the peninsula, between the two bays of Chesapeake and Delaware, and the end of the line intersecting it in the latitude of Cape Henlopen, a line should be run northward, so as to form a tangent with the periphery of the semi-circle at New Castle drawn with the radius of twelve English statute miles, whether such a line should take a due north course or not; that after the said northward line should touch the New Castle semi-circle it should be run further northward until it reached the same latitude as fifteen English statute miles due south of the most southern part of the city of Philadelphia; that from the northern point of such line a due west line should be run, at least for the present, across the Susquehanna River, the twenty-five miles beyond it—and to the Western limits of Pennsylvania, when occasion and the improvements of the country should require; that that part of the due west line not actually run, though imaginary, should be considered to be the true boundary of Maryland and Pennsylvania * * * and that the route should be well marked by trees and other natural objects, and designated by stone pillars, sculptured with the arms of the contracting parties, facing their respective possessions."

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure. The Royal is the highest grade baking powder known. Actual tests show it goes one-third farther than any other brand.

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On and after May 23rd., our Stores will close at 6 p. m., except Saturdays. J. T. ORNDORFF'S SONS, WESTMINSTER, MD.

Our Needs.

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured by HALL'S CATARRH CURE. We the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm. WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, W. VA.

The Black Pill.

These pills are used with advantage in Disordered, Sluggish Liver, after imprudent and full meals, rich indigestible food and a disposition of high life. They are without taste, mild in operation, effective and are not followed by an after Sick Stomach. Coated Pills are easily swallowed if placed under the tongue, behind the front teeth of the lower jaw, and drinking a full draught of cool water, or lemonade. Try it.

THE TANEYTOWN SAVINGS BANK.

Does a General Banking Business. Loans money on Real or Personal Security. Discounts Notes, Collections and Remittances promptly made. Interest paid on Time Deposits. HENRY GALT, Treasurer. W. W. CRAFSTER, President.

DEWEY DID THE SPANISH.

Hold up, Jim. I want to see you a little! If you don't care to tell me, I would like to know what always makes your wife in such a good humor every Monday morning? "Why, John, I will tell you what brought such sweet peace into my home. One Monday morning, I, K. BIRELY drove up to my house and asked my wife to try one of his Washers; but, like most women say before they try them, she said, 'I do not want any washer—my hands are good enough.' But, finally, he and I together persuaded her to try one. Well, from that time on, she has been a different woman."

ROBERT S. MCKINNEY, DRUGGIST, TANEYTOWN, MD.

J. T. KOONTZ, Model Bakery, TANEYTOWN, MD.

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ORNDORFF'S Underselling Stores.

The absorbing considerations to buyers are; Full Value for their money. Large and Varied Assortment of goods from which to make selections.

These requirements we meet in the most minute details. Goods sold at the very lowest margin of profit. The largest and most complete aggregation of carefully selected goods that has ever been placed in our Double Stores. Every department overflowing with the very latest productions. Lawns, Waist Silks, Percales and Wash Goods in the most pleasing styles and attractive prices. Straw Hats in every shape style and quality, from the cheapest to the best.

Leather has advanced in price, but our Shoe buyer was in the market early; consequently we give you the advantage of the old prices. If you are looking for MATTINGS, we have them in price and quality that will make them sell rapidly.

On and after May 23rd., our Stores will close at 6 p. m., except Saturdays. J. T. ORNDORFF'S SONS, WESTMINSTER, MD.

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YOUNT'S Satisfactory Shoes.

A lady said to us yesterday, "This is the only place where I can always get shoes which suit me in every way." That's the first point exactly. The shoe store that's worth the most to you, is the store where you can always be perfectly satisfied with whatever you get—satisfied with the quality, satisfied with the fit, with the store treatment, with the price, with everything. This month we are offering the following Specials:

Women's Shoes, \$1.25. Three sorts, in Dongola Button or Lace and Kitchan Knife, all closed in lace only. All sizes from 2 1/2 to 7. Special price, \$1.25; regular price, \$1.75.

Bargain in Narrow Last only. Women's plain toe Button and patent tip Lace Shoes; sizes 2 1/2 to 4-B and C lasts only. Worth \$3.00 a pair; special price, \$1.25.

Men's Shoes, \$1.25. A Cordovan Calf Lace Shoe, narrow Opera tip. Here's a chance to secure on a lot we've been selling at \$2.00.

3-piece Knife Set, 10c. Comprising Bread Knife, Cake Knife and Kitchan Knife, all closed with polished wood handle. Special price 10c per set.

Fry Pan, 10c. Full size steel polished inside and steel handle. One of our best bargains, and not enough to last the entire month. Special price, 10c.

Hand Engraved Tumbler. Lead-blown glass; six different designs. Our regular price 90c per dozen; special price this month 50c each.

3-qt. Enamelled Coffee Pot, 25c. Also Tea Pot of same size. Regular price 50c; while they last, 25c each.

Cotton Towels. Size 16x20, fringed ends; special price, 2c each.

10-qt. Pieced Dish Pan, 10c. This item is wanted almost every day; plenty on hand now at 10c each.

Fire-Proof Ware. Brown glaze outside and white glaze inside; can be used on the stove for cooking, and is handsome enough to set transferred to the table. Special price this month to introduce the ware.

F. M. YOUNT, TANEYTOWN, MD.

LITTLESTOWN Carriage Works.

General Line of Light Vehicles. Repairing promptly done. Low Prices, and all work guaranteed. LITTLESTOWN, PA. August-04 Opposite Depot.

Our Liniment will fix your Rheumatism just like DEWEY DID THE SPANISH.

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YOUNT'S "Sky High." Crescent Bicycles.

New Delight is found each year in the first ride of the season—and the new Crescents have every qualification to please the most critical rider.

Crescent Bicycles For 1898 are "envied by all."

A close examination of the '98 Crescent models explains why so many Crescents are sold.

New Wheels, * \$25, \$35 and \$50.

Full Line of Bicycle Sundries.

R. & G. CORSETS, all sizes, 75 cents.

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S. D. MEHRING, MANUFACTURER OF FINE CARRIAGES and BUGGIES, Traps, Carts, Cutters, Wagons, JAGGER, AND A General Line of Light Vehicles. Repairing promptly done. Low Prices, and all work guaranteed. LITTLESTOWN, PA. August-04 Opposite Depot.

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Where are you going, John, when you go to town with your best girl? Why to N. B. HAGAN'S, ICE CREAM.

Groceries, Confectioneries and Notions. A full line of Canned Goods, such as Coves Oysters, Sardines, Salmon, Oe Tongue, Potatoes, Apples, Butter in quart and gallon jars, Pressed Ham, Bologna Sausage, all the leading Brands of Flour, Chicken Feed, Corn Meal and Hominy. Fresh Bread and Cakes received daily. Try the Lunch Butter. Full line of Syrups at Bottom Prices. Found can of "Cash Down" Baking Powder for the Quarter (also the "Hot" Stock's "Leavening", Lion and Enterprise Coffee; also Java Blend and Loose Toasted Coffee.

NEW HARDWARE STORE!

At the New Hardware Store, recently opened by me at the old Elliot store stand in Taneytown, near the railroad, you will find a complete stock of Hardware of all Kinds, Bar Iron, Blacksmiths' and Builders' Supplies, Cutlery, Tools, Wire, Paints, Oils, Glass, Varnish, Woodware, Rope, Chains, Shovels, Forks, and Everything usually found in a First-class Hardware Store.

Lowest Possible Price at which the goods can be sold either here or elsewhere.

Call and examine my stock when in need of anything in my line. Yours Respectfully, Milton H. Reindollar, Near Railroad, Taneytown, Md.

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Correct. Complete. OVER 20,000 COPIES OF 1897 BOOK WERE SOLD AT 25 CENTS EACH. An accurate and superior Book of Reference that tells you all you want to know. There will not be a useless page in it. A Practical Educator and Hand Book of Encyclopedic information on subjects Statistical, Official, Historical, and General. Artistic, as likewise a Book of Religious Fact and general Practical directions on everyday affairs of Office, Home and Farm. A copy of this book will be sent to all subscribers immediately and reaching 15 cents additional for mailing expense, making \$1.45 in all. Copies of the book will be sent to all taking advantage of this offer, as soon as possible. Do not delay, but take advantage of this remarkable liberal offer which we make for a limited time only. By special arrangements with the publishers, remember we send both papers a full year for \$1.50, and you can have a copy of the book by sending 15 cents additional. Address: THE CARROLL RECORD, Taneytown, Md.

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The Three-a-Week Edition of THE NEW YORK WORLD is first among all weekly papers in size, frequency of publication, and the freshness, accuracy and variety of its contents. It has all the merits of a great \$6 daily at the price of a dollar weekly. Its political news is prompt, complete, accurate and impartial as all its readers will testify. It is against the monopolies and for the people. It prints the news of all the world, having special correspondence from all important news points on the globe. It has brilliant illustrations, stories by great authors, a capital humor page, complete markets, departments of unusual interest. We offer this unequalled newspaper and together one year for \$1.50. The regular subscription price of the two papers is \$2.00.

Our Corn Fertilizer is an excellent article for all Spring crops, and we handle this article in large quantities, at a price within the reach of all farmers.

The Crop Grower is an old stand-by that we have handled for years. It is high in ammonia, and we know of no lower priced Fertilizer on the market that compares favorably with it.

Reindollar & Co., TANEYTOWN, MD. G. W. DEMMITT, DENTIST, TANEYTOWN, MD.

All persons in need of Dental work should get into a chair as I will save them money. Teeth extracted with little or no pain. The very best sets of teeth, only \$10.00, and guaranteed for Five Years. Temporary sets at low prices. Filling and all kinds of dental work at bottom prices, and all work guaranteed. I will visit persons within 12 miles without extra charge. Write to Pleasant Valley, at Myers' store, on the second Thursday of each month. Give me a trial.

S. C. REAVER, SADDLE AND HARNESS MAKER, TANEYTOWN, MD.

Yours Respectfully, G. W. DEMMITT.

HOME CIRCLE.

Original articles solicited for this department are subject to the following conditions, whether of a social, decorative, literary or general character. Also articles pertaining to Agriculture, Stock-raising, the Dairy, and other kindred topics. Contributions must be received not later than Monday evening and be guaranteed insertion the same week.

The Editor is not responsible for the opinions expressed by contributors, nor does the publication of them make him their endorser. The public is entitled to the free use of this department, as long as it is not used as a medium for the publication of articles of no general interest or benefit. All communications must be signed by the writer, or authorship acknowledged in a separate note.

The Dainty Maid.

There are some girls who, without being actually good-looking, always contrive to look nice. You know, perhaps, that they have but small dress allowance, and yet, in spite of this they look well at whatever hour you may happen to see them, whereas other girls with more money at their command often look shabby and frumpy.

What is the dainty girl's secret? Nothing more than that she is careful, she does not "make hay" of her drawers whenever she happens to find anything from them, and she has a place for everything, and she keeps to it. Her veils, ribbons, gloves, etc., do not fight for supremacy in one terrible-looking drawer, and finally emerge in a crumpled and torn condition to form a part of her attire, looking as if they had been either brought second-hand or had been rescued from the family rag-bag.

No, all her little fallals are put away with utmost care, being brushed or dusted first if necessary, or mended if a stitch in them should chance to be needed; for she understands the importance of detail in the smallest things if the effect of the whole is to be good. Not only is the putting away carefully attended to, but also the putting on, for the dainty girl realizes it is her duty to look her best, and that she owes it to society to take pains in the matter. Especially on rising in the morning does she remember this; for it is so easy to take less time than one should over dressing, and resolve to put the finishing touches after breakfast. The dainty girl thinks that at the beginning of the day one should be at one's best and freshest, and therefore her morning toilet is never scathed, and her appearance is quite as presentable at breakfast time as for any social function later on in the day.—Selected.

Yankee Doodle Modernized.

The following verses were written and recited recently by a bright young Miss of the Linden school, Detroit, Michigan.

Yankee Dewey called his boats
Down in the bay, sir, sir,
He found the Spaniards on their floats,
And blew them all away, sir.

Yankee Dewey, keep it up,
O, Dewey, you're a dandy,
Yankee Dewey, keep it up,
Yes, Dewey, you're a dandy.

Then Yankee Dewey set his word,
And this is what he said, sir,
"We've sunk their sunboats, every one,
And not a Yankee dead, sir."

It pleased McKinley wonderful well,
That Dewey did the "Dons," sir,
"He changed his name to Admiral,
And said: "That's right; keep on, sir."

How Monkeys are Caught.

In capturing monkeys, it is said that their curiosity is the thing that makes them an easy prey. Nearly all of the monkeys that we see in this country come from Guyana, a little village situated a short distance from the Panama Railroad.

The inhabitants of this district are mostly native Africans, for few white men could bear the climate. The whole region is marshy, and covered with tropical vegetation. At night there arises a thick vapor laden with fever, which hangs over the woods like a cloud.

The region of woods is the paradise of the monkeys. They travel in troops, led by an older monkey. When the people receive information that the "traveling monkey troops" are near the village they go to the woods in crowds to chase them.

Their plan is very simple. They cut a hole in a cocoon large enough for a monkey's paw to enter. The nut is then hollowed out, and a piece of sugar is placed in it. A piece of string is then fastened to it, and it is placed in the road of the approaching monkeys.

It is well known that monkeys are very inquisitive. When they see the cocoon in the grass they hurry to examine it. It does not take them long to find out that the inner part contains a piece of sugar. One of the boldest and greediest sticks a paw into the nut to get the sugar, and grasps it as tightly as he can. But his fist is so large that he can not draw it out of the hollow again, with the sugar, to which he holds fast, cost what it may.

The natives now pull the string until nut and monkey arrive in the vicinity of their ambush. In the meantime, the other monkeys wonder what is the matter with their comrade. They hurry to see where he is being pulled to, with his paw in the cocoon. They crowd around him chattering and gesticulating, and the natives, who have a large net ready, cast it over them, and before they know it all are prisoners. They are sold to the employees of the Panama Railroad, and reach the North American markets through commercial dealers.—N. Y. Dispatch.

Beats the Klondike.

Mr. A. C. Thomas, of Marysville, Tex., has found a more valuable discovery than has yet been made in the Klondike. For years he suffered untold agony from consumption, accompanied by hemorrhages, and was absolutely cured by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. He declares that gold is little value in comparison with this marvelous cure; would have it, even if it cost a hundred dollars a bottle. Asthma, Bronchitis and all throat and lung affections are positively cured by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Trial bottles free at R. S. McKinney's Drug Store. Regular size 50c, and \$1.00. Guaranteed to cure or price refunded.

Examination for Teachers.

The following lists of questions, in the various branches, were recently used by a county examining board in Ohio, and, as teacher's examinations are more or less alike, wherever they may be held, we reprint the questions thinking that a study of them may be, in a degree, beneficial to Home Circle readers who may be contemplating the profession of "teaching the young idea how to shoot."

ARITHMETIC.

1. Thirty-six per cent. of 2 of an article is what per cent. of 3-5 of it?
2. A field is twice as long as wide, and its diagonal is 15 rods; find its area.
3. Sold goods at a gain of 15 per cent. If the cost had been \$100 less, the gain would have been 25 per cent. Find cost.
4. Explain in full cube root, every part of it.
5. What cost a bill of exchange for \$600 on 90 days, interest 8 per cent at 12 per cent premium?
6. At what price must a 71 per cent. bond be quoted to yield the same per cent. on investment as a 5 per cent. bond at 107?
7. At what time between 5 and 6 o'clock will the minute hand be as far behind eight as the hour hand is past four?
8. A room is 40 feet long, 30 feet wide and 12 feet high. What is the shortest distance a fly can walk in going from a lower to opposite upper corner?

U. S. HISTORY.

1. Give in brief the history of the Louisiana purchase.
2. What explorers traversed the northern part of this tract? Who explored the southern sections?
3. What established our claim to the Oregon country?
4. What was the Missouri compromise?
5. About what year did the steam locomotive come into use in the United States?
6. In what year was the first national nominating convention and the first party platform.
7. What was the effect of the Mexican war upon the slavery question?
8. How did the Republicans happen to carry eight out of fifteen votes in the Electoral Commission of 1876-77?
9. How is the Supreme Court of the United States constituted?
10. Describe the method of the election of each house of Congress.

PHYSIOLOGY.

1. What is the gastric juice, how abundant is it, and how is its flow influenced?
2. How would you illustrate to a class the composition of the bones?
3. Describe the spine.
4. Describe the tricuspid and bicuspid valves. Give function of each?
5. How and where is the heat of the body generated?
6. Describe some of the effects of alcohol, physical and moral.
7. What is transfusion? Is it of value? Illustrate.
8. What is the process of expiration? How often do we breathe?
9. Name some properties of muscles.

GRAMMAR.

1. Write a sentence to illustrate the use of an indirect interrogative adjective.
2. Parse emphasized words in the following:
(a) Wheat is worth a dollar a bushel.
(b) We worship the day.
(c) You know that you are Brutus that speaks this.
(d) At first, like thunder's distant tone,
The rattling din came rolling on.
(e) O God! methinks it were a happy life,
To be no better than a homely swain.
3. Analyze the last two sentences.

GEOGRAPHY.

1. Give the divisions, surface, chief rivers, form of government and capital of Chinese empire.
2. What determines the width of the torrid zone?
3. Describe Lake Chautauqua.
4. Where are the Barbadoes? Who owns them?
5. Name three leading states in the production of salt.
6. Locate the zone of calms, and state cause for it.
7. What and where is Luzon? Candia? Transvaal?
8. Describe a water route from Liverpool to Odessa.
9. Into what three divisions was the Holy Land, west of the Jordan, divided?

Many old soldiers now tell the effects of the hard service they endured during the war. Mr. Geo. S. Anderson, of Rossville, York county, Penn., who saw the hardest kind of service at the front, is now frequently troubled with rheumatism. "I had a severe attack lately," he says, "and procured a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It did so much good that I would like to know what you would charge me for one dozen bottles." Mr. Anderson wanted it both for his own use and to supply it to his friends and neighbors, as every family should have a bottle of it in their home, not only for rheumatism, but lame back, sprains, swellings, cuts, bruises and burns, for which it is unequalled. For sale by R. S. McKinney, Druggist, Taneytown, Md.

Like Mother, Like Son.

One of the most remarkable among the feats of the postoffice in finding people—and such feats are many—is recorded by a New York paper. A letter was received at the postoffice in that city addressed simply: "To my mother, New York, America."

The letter came from Ireland, but as there are in New York several women who have sons in Ireland, the postoffice people despaired of finding the right one. However, the letter was turned over to the deciphering department. Now it so happened that on the very day of its receipt there an Irish woman came to the general window and said: "Have ye a letter from me by?"

The fact that a woman with the name of Ireland for such an inquiry should come at that time, struck the clerk, who had heard of a letter for a woman whose name was not given, as something more than a coincidence. It was quite possible that such a woman might be the mother of such a son.

So he took the letter, observed the woman where "by" lived. She gave the name of the place with which the letter was stamped. Some other questions were asked and the answers noted down. Then the clerk gave the woman the letter, on the condition that she should open it for him and return it if it were not for her.

She opened it, and lo! its contents proved conclusively that it was really from her son in Ireland.

A DISH FOR LENT.

How to Make Salmon Mousse. Seasonable and Toothsome.

Take a slice of fresh salmon weighing a pound, remove skin and bones and chop the meat finely, then rub it through a sieve (sieve especially made for this purpose), then weigh the fish. There should be a good half pound. Place a small saucepan with a tablespoonful of butter and a tablespoonful of flour over the fire and stir a few minutes, taking care not to let it brown, then add a cup milk, a small bouquet, a quarter teaspoonful milk, 2 tablespoonfuls mushroom liquor. Stir and cook six minutes. Remove the bouquet, add the milk, and mix the yolks of 2 eggs with 2 tablespoonfuls cream and add to the sauce. Remove from the fire immediately, stir a few minutes and set aside.

When the sauce is cold, put the salmon in a wooden chopping bowl and with a potato masher while gradually adding the sauce. Season with a half teaspoonful salt, a half teaspoonful nutmeg and a pinch of cayenne pepper. Add the whites of 2 eggs (not beaten) and stir vigorously until all the ingredients are well blended, then put the mixture into a bowl and set on ice for an hour; also place on ice a half pint whipped cream (measured before being whipped). After being on ice an hour slowly add cream to the salmon preparation while constantly stirring, and again set on ice half an hour. Butter six mousseline molds, put a small slice of butter in the center of each, and if handsprinkle the inside with lobster coral, after which set the molds on ice ten minutes, then fill with the preparation, take each mold and give it a few knocks on the table to settle the mixture, then place molds in a pan with a little hot water. Care should be taken not to put in too much water. Cover with buttered paper, place the pan in the oven and bake till firm to the touch. Then unmold and serve with lobster sauce.

Good Desserts.

There is no more perfect dessert, and none more beautiful in appearance, than fruit served a naturel. And we are so blessed in this matter of fruits that from May until November we have two or more which are locally at their perfection. There is really no apology which can adequately justify the appearance of rich puddings or indeed of hot winter puddings of any kind on our tables from the middle of May to the last of October. In cold weather they have an esteemed place in the sensibly generous dietary, but in summer are as de trop as stoves and sealskins.

From the beginning of June the house-wife should feel the matter of desserts settled for four months to come with the range of fruits and frozen things as sherbets, ice creams, with their innumerable variations, mousses, etc., from which she may make daily choice. And yet who would wish to forego. Who could forego and yet remain an honorable, patriotic American citizen, occasional cherry or blueberry pies, roly-polys, shortcakes and cobbler? For if the roly-poly does come steaming in to our presence when we are already drooping from heat in body and spirits—are there not degrees of misery and bliss; and may not one be sufficiently great to make us forget the other?

How to Decorate a Table.

A dainty and amusing conceit for decorating a holiday table is to have for a centerpiece a pretty dish of growing ferns and radiating from it narrow ribbons extending to the plates of each guest and ending there with a tiny bouquet. The other ends, each attached to an appropriate verse, are concealed among the ferns. At the close of the dinner, when all is removed but the coffee and nuts, at a given signal each guest draws to the plate of his, and reads aloud his verse. The verses can be selected to be very apropos and mirth provoking.

How to Clean Fur.

If willing to take a little trouble, owners of furs can freshen them without the expense of a furrier. Dark furs, seal, mink, Alaska sable, electric seal, etc., are cleaned with mahogany or fine cedar sawdust, which can be purchased at any manufacturing furrier's. Place the fur on a table covered with a clean cloth, and brush the fur with a brush. Shake furrows occasionally and continue brushing until all of the sawdust has been removed. White furs are cleaned in a similar manner with white cornmeal.

How to Make Lenten Sandwiches.

Chop finely small pickles, a pickled beet, a tablespoonful finely chopped capers and 2 hard boiled eggs. Mix all the ingredients together with half a pint of mayonnaise. Cut 12 thin slices of bread, spread a thin layer of the above preparation over each, dip some young lettuce leaves into mayonnaise, lay over 6 slices of bread and cover with the other 6. Cut the sandwiches evenly all around, then cut into small triangles and serve.

How to Make Camphor Tablets.

Now that the time for colds in the head is at hand, we should be careful to carry a little camphor in our pockets, since this preparation, though it may not altogether cure a cold, will do much to relieve its most distressing symptoms. To be quite sure of its purity the camphor should be made at home. Melt 3 ounces of spermaceti, 1 1/2 ounces of pure camphor and 2 tablespoonfuls of sweet almond oil in an earthen jar, placed by the side of the fire or in a cool oven. When dissolved and still warm, pour the mixture into small pans or molds and turn out when set.

How to Cure a Calf for an Invalid.

Have a nice cutlet, cut thinly, from a loin of mutton, remove all the fat from it and put into a stewpan with 2 teaspoonfuls of water, a very small cut up stick of celery (provided the invalid does not object to the flavor) and pepper and salt to taste. Let the cutlet simmer for nearly two hours and be careful to remove all the fat that may rise to the surface as the meat cooks. The water must boil gently, otherwise the meat will not become sufficiently tender to suit the sick person's digestion.

How to Make Curry Sauce.

Take a tablespoonful of butter, a tablespoonful of flour, a teaspoonful of curry powder, a large slice of onion, a large cupful of stock and some salt and pepper. Cut the onion fine and fry brown in the butter. Add the flour and curry powder. Stir for a minute, add the stock and season with salt and pepper. Simmer five minutes, then strain and serve. This sauce can be served with a broil or a saute of meat or fish.

How to Remove Ink Stains From Silver.

Take a small quantity of chloride of lime and make a paste of it with cold water. This must be rubbed on the stains till they disappear, and then the silver will only need to be polished with chamois leather.

How to Remove Stains.

For chocolate stains use cold water first, then boiling water from the teakettle.

For fresh stains use a weak solution of chloride of lime combined with infinite patience. Longsoaking is essential.

Fruit stains will usually yield to boiling water, but if not oxalic acid may be used, allowing 3 ounces of the crystal to a pint of water. Wet the stain with the solution, place over a kettle of hot water in the steam or in the sunbath. The instant the stain disappears rinse well; wet the stain with ammonia to counteract the acid remaining. Then rinse thoroughly again. This will many times save the linen, which is apt to be injured by the oxalic acid.

How to Renovate Scorching Linen.

It is said that when linens are badly scorched the spot can be removed if treated in the following manner: Extract the juice from 2 peeled onions and put it into an agate or granite vessel. Add to it half an ounce of white castile soap cut into small pieces and 2 ounces of fuller's earth. Mix them together and then stir in a cup of vinegar. Stand the vessel over the fire and let its contents thoroughly boil. When the mixture has become cool, spread it over the scorched linen and let it dry upon the cloth. When well dried, wash out the linen.

Are you going to paint your house this season? If so beautify it by using Wetherill's Celebrated ATLAS PAINT.

Call and See Tasteful Colors.

JOHN McKELLIP, Agent,
TANEYTOWN, MD.

SEEING AROUND A CORNER.

Serving the Eye as the Telephone Does the Ear.

A person standing or sitting before a simple piece of apparatus that has been in common use for about 20 years can easily hear music or articulate speech and recognize the voice of a friend hundreds of miles away. The mechanism employed is electrical, and the two points between which the current flows occurs are connected simply by a wire. It is now announced that the sense of vision can be served in a similarly complete and satisfactory manner under like conditions.

A Vienna dispatch to the London Chronicle says, for instance: "A wonderful invention has just been made in Austria, consisting of an apparatus called 'ferresher' (far see). The apparatus renders visible an object with all its colors situated around the corner, or at a great distance, by means of the transformation of light waves into electric waves. In other words, the machine conducts optic appearances along electric wires and renders them visible in another place. It is said to be the solution of a problem on which Edison has been engaged for 24 years. The owners of the patent which has been taken out in England and America will be the great attraction of the Paris exhibition. The inventor is a poor Polish village schoolmaster named Szepczanki. The apparatus is in the shape of a telephone box."

One who quickly perceives the difference between the two instruments is a telescope. The latter instrument permits one to see only in a straight line and not around a corner. The curvature of the earth, to say nothing of other embarrassments, interferes with long distance work in purely terrestrial observation. Besides, the greater the distance the greater must be the magnifying power of the instrument. It may be inferred from the analogy afforded by the telephone that the "ferresher" works equally well at a distance of one mile or a hundred, and in spite of terrestrial obstacles along the route. The dust, haze, fog and other impurities in the atmosphere are also serious obstacles to vision in a horizontal direction, no matter how excellent the optical means hitherto employed. The medium through which electricity flows is not affected by these conditions, so perfectly that the observation due to distance is practically nil.—New York Tribune.

How to Make a Mirror.

In a new process for silvering glass it is practically to give a fine polish to the silver after it is spread on the glass. This is accomplished by means of two solutions, which must be prepared with great care, inasmuch as delicacy of treatment is required. To a silver nitrate solution is added, drop by drop, sufficient ammonia to redissolve the original precipitate, caution being observed to avoid an excess. Afterward enough distilled water is added to make the liquid measure one liter. A second solution is prepared containing 10 per cent of formaldehyde. The mirror maker selects his plate of glass and after polishing it deeply with rouge and chamois skin dips it perfectly dry and clean. Then a rapid mixture is made of two parts of the silver nitrate solution and one part of the formaldehyde solution, this mixture being poured evenly on the glass. From 10 to 15 minutes will be required for this application to be completed, and then the plate may be washed with water and allowed to dry. In the production of an ordinary mirror the dull upper side is treated with a coating of tin, but if the silver side is the one to be used, as in optical instruments, the layer of silver is to be polished with fine rouge. The attempts to make mirrors of tin amalgam, experts say, have not yielded satisfactory results.—New York Mail and Express.

Light Eyed People.

A correspondent states that in many parts of South America the Indians are suspicious and afraid of the "Sons of America" men will deal with strangers, but can never be relied on, while others will be friendly and have a fairly good reputation in the matter of dealing with foreigners. But on one point all the tribes agree—they do not trust a man with eyes as blue as a cat. In many places throughout America a man with light eyes is never safe, and the Indians are apt to kill such a man on sight. If no present opportunity should offer itself of gratifying this prejudice, they will often hang around for days for the chance of disposing of the intruder. It is related that a long ago a French trader was sitting quietly among some Goajira Indians, discussing business, when a party of the same tribe who had been filling up with mescal came along, and the cry was raised: "A man with eyes like a cat! Let us kill him now." 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75,000 MORE VOLUNTEERS.

The President Issues a Proclamation on Wednesday.

THE SITUATION SUMMED UP.

The President on Wednesday issued a proclamation calling for 75,000 more volunteers, which will make an army of 275,500 men, including all branches of the service.

Up to Thursday morning, there has been no news published of an authentic character—only rumors and speculation—and, if any engagements have taken place, or if the exact movements of the fleets are known, the knowledge is wholly in the possession of the war and navy departments.

At this writing, positive knowledge in regard to active naval operations is unobtainable, and detailed predictions as to conflicts in the Caribbean or elsewhere are not worth the space they occupy.

From Madrid all sorts of confusing and contradictory rumors are cable. Day after day the vessels comprising the reserve fleet of Spain are described, with great circumstantiality of detail and assertions, that they will be sent to the Philippines to crush Dewey; that they are coming over to reinforce Cervera, and that they are to be held in home waters for defense.

On our own side the situation is equally mysterious, so far as the movements of warships are concerned. The Navy Department has apparently taken a leaf out of the Spanish book, and adopted the same strategic tactics with respect to public information.

Within the same twenty-four hours Sampson's fleet is reported at Key West and in the Windward Passage, at the eastern end of Cuba, 1,600 miles away; while Schley's force, judging by the declarations of correspondents, has been seen simultaneously at Havana, Cienfuegos and off the harbor of Santiago.

Similarly, the Oregon, of whose safety Secretary Long assured the country last week, is variously reported to be at Key West; to have joined Sampson, and to be at sea somewhere between Barbadoes and American territory.

The whole situation is as perplexing as the "fifteen puzzle," upon which the wits of ingenious persons were exercised some years ago. The sensible thing to do is to keep cool; to refuse to be excited by alarmist rumors, and to remember that the officers and men of the American Navy have a habit of proving themselves fully equal to every emergency that confronts them.

FRIDAY, MAY 27. A war conference was held at the White House in Washington yesterday by President McKinley, Secretaries Long and Alger, General Miles and the members of the naval staff board. It was decided, according to dispatches from Washington, to abandon previous tactics of delay and to deal Spain a crushing blow by moving a large army at once upon Havana.

Commodore Schley sent a cablegram to the Navy Department stating that he had received confirmatory information to the effect that the Spanish fleet is at Santiago de Cuba. A dispatch from Key West states that Commodore Schley is off Santiago with his squadron. If the Commodore does help Admiral Sampson can quickly go to him. He seems sure that he has Cervera bottled up.

Naval officials in Washington say that if Admiral Cervera is at Santiago escape for him will be almost impossible. "This, they say, was shown by test maneuvers recently executed by the American ships at Key West.

The general impression in Madrid is that Admiral Cervera has left Santiago.

The American fleet around Cuba consists of 77 vessels. The Brooklyn, Iowa, Massachusetts, Texas and some others are supposed to be off Santiago.

Another case of Rheumatism Cured by Chamberlain's Pain Balm. My son was afflicted with rheumatism which contracted his right limb until he was unable to walk.

A MILLION TONS OF COAL.

Will be used the first year by the U. S. Navy.

The Maryland coal mines will aid materially in supplying the Naval Department with coal during the continuance of the war. The department expects to use at least one million tons during the first year.

Last year the consumption by the American warships was only 138,318 tons, costing \$656,000; but the requirements are very different now, when every ship in the service is at sea, and hundreds of auxiliary cruisers and mosquito craft and being utilized.

The navy has to pay all sorts of prices for coal—from \$1.90 to \$18 a ton; it comes at the latter figure in some parts of South America. At Key West, before the war began, it cost the government \$2.90 a ton; now Uncle Sam pays \$3.30 for it at that point.

The Navy Department is now building for war purposes two steel coal piers at the Dry Tortugas, each of them 314 feet long. It is also constructing, as rapidly as possible, two steel sheds, each of which will hold 10,000 tons of coal.

It takes a lot of coal to run a warship. The Oregon at Rio loaded 1,600 tons into her bunkers. What is termed her "normal supply" is only 400 tons, but for a long voyage she takes four times that quantity.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Salt Rheum, Itch, Scalds, Burns, Chapped Hands, Chills, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or, if not required, it is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded.

An exchange recently published a sketch illustrating the Indian's proverbial love for whiskey, which has an amusing double application. The conversation which follows is supposed to have occurred in Montana.

"One day I had become separated from the rest of the party and was riding back to camp alone. As I slowly jogged along I heard the sounds of hoofs behind. Soon an Indian, mounted on a magnificent horse, drew up at my side.

"Give white man my saddle and blanket for one drink." "I shook my head.

"Give white man my saddle and blanket for one drink." "I shook my head.

"Give white man my saddle, bridle and blanket for one drink." "My head still replied no.

"This time I told him no, and he rode away. Now, I suppose the outfit he offered me was worth \$300, and he was willing to part with it for one drink. That shows how fond the Indians are of whiskey."

"But, Mr. Trade," said one of the guests, "why didn't you give him a drink for his outfit?"

How to Remove Candle Grease. To remove spots of candle grease from pile table cover, first scrape off the grease and heat an iron thoroughly. Hold a piece of thick paper lightly over the spot and the iron over it to draw up the grease.

DOMESTIC MECHANICS.

HOW TO PICK UP GRASS AFTER A LAWN MOWER.

An Automatic Window Shade Which Is Opened and Shut by the Sun-Black Wool Used to Regulate the Circuit of a Motor.

The Scientific American publishes a description of a device whereby the cut grass will be taken from the knives of a lawn mower and delivered to a receiving receptacle at the back of the machine, provision being made to prevent the grass being scattered by the wind.

The elevator whose side pieces extend down quite close to the ground, a projecting board or apron coming near the knives, and there being journaled in the side pieces an upper and a lower roller carrying a light but strong endless elevator belt.

Electricity says the latest development in automatics is a sun blind recently introduced by a Berlin firm. As soon as the sun shines on the room or window to be protected the blind lets itself down, and when the sun "goes in" the blind draws itself up again.

Two glass bulbs are connected by a U tube partially filled with mercury. A platinum wire melted into the glass makes contact with the mercury at the head of the tube, and there are also platinum contact wires brought into the sides of the tube, one of which is in contact with the mercury only when it stands level on the two sides and the other only when the mercury in one side of the tube rises.

Without a doubt, the most common cause of the black water, when no sun is out, the air in the two bulbs occupies the same volume, and the mercury stands at equal heights in both legs of the tube, but when the sun is shining, the bulb with the black wool absorbs the sun's rays and causes the mercury to rise in the opposite side of the tube.

Hornless Cattle. Hornless cattle may soon come to be the rule rather than the exception. At all events, it looks a possibility, since dehorning has come to be so popular.

Lighting the Pyramids. Lighting the pyramids of Egypt with electricity and the installation of a 25,000 horsepower plant, to cost some \$400,000, is a plan now under consideration by the British government, and an American firm is reported as likely to destroy the contract.

As the Bruceville correspondent must have gone to war, I think a little news would be welcomed by your many readers. They will certainly be glad to learn of the cutting down of the Bruceville hill, which has been a horror to the people who travel.

Walk a great deal, carrying something always in the hands. This develops the arms. To roll a hoop might be good if one were brave enough to do so in public.

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WM. F. DERR.

News of the Spring-time

FROM THE

GREAT MODEL EMPORIUM,

West of Railroad, Westminister, Md.

OUR OPENING OF

New Dress Fabrics

IN BLACKS AND COLORS.

Is always looked for with great interest by every lady of good taste.

They have learned to depend on the correctness of our styles.

We are now ready with an entirely new and magnificent stock at very tempting prices.

A hint from some of the choicest follow below.

Colored Dress Goods.

All the new weaves shown on our counters; among those most sought after are Whip-cords, Epingles, Bengaines, Checks, Poplins, Bayarderes, Covert Cloth, Bieges, Broad-cloths, etc., etc.

Every one displayed in all the newest shades, and at popular prices.

New Silk Fabrics. An endless variety of the choicest conceits in the designer's and weaver's art, are displayed in our Silk stock.

New Wash Fabrics. A thousand styles of New, Pretty Wash Goods to pick from in every desirable material.

Black Dress Goods. Over 200 styles on exhibition, including all the latest novelties, and a full stock of the good staples.

The Great Model Emporium, WM. F. DERR, WESTMINSTER, MD.

WATER AS A MEDICINE. How to Use Nature's Great Remedy to Secure Best Results.

Short advertisements will be inserted under this heading at five cents per line each issue, counting seven words to the line.

WANTED a girl or woman for general housework and hand in a high state of cultivation.

WANTED in TRADE, 1,000 lbs. Lard, at 6c., 1,000 lbs. Side-meat, at 7c. per pound.

FOR SALE, A farm of 188 acres, good buildings and land in a high state of cultivation.

HEADQUARTERS for Buckeye Binders and Mowers. Call and see samples.

SALE OF PERSONAL effects of Miss Mary Powell, at John Arthur's, near Tyrone, on Saturday, May 28th.

CHOICE MARYLAND COOKERY. A compilation of hundreds of tested recipes, handsomely bound in a volume of 144 pages.

FOR SALE CHEAP! A Job Printing Office—Press (prints 6x10 in.) type, furniture, rule, etc.

WIND STORM INSURANCE. Protect your property against loss, at a small cost.

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WIND STORM INSURANCE. Protect your property against loss, at a small cost.

OAK HALL'S Spring Opening!

Tuesday, April 12th., 1898.

You are cordially invited to attend our Spring Opening.

DRESS GOODS.

Our Dress Goods selections are superior to any we have offered. We don't sell fairly tales or high-sounding names with our Dress Goods, but you will find Silks, Mixed Novelties, Covert Cloths, Whip-cords, Serges, Poplins, Wide Waile Suitings, Groceries, Groundines, Fancy Plaids, both Silk and Worsted, in great variety.

CARPETS AND MATTING in abundance, at very low prices. A beautiful line of Dishes, both plain and fancy, cheaper than ever.

CLOTHING, SHOES AND HATS. Young man, don't buy your Spring Suit until you have seen ours. Shoes and Hats of the very latest style.

Geo. C. Anders, NEW WINDSOR, MD. A large Glass Dish or Pitcher will be given with every purchase of \$3.00 and upwards during Tuesday and Wednesday.

Geo. H. Birnie & Co., BANKERS,

TANEYTOWN, MD.

MEMBERS OF THE FIRM. Geo. H. Birnie, H. David Hess, Edward E. Reinholdt, John E. Davidson, Martin D. Hess, Edwin H. Shedd, Luther T. Sharett, Edward Shorb.

Discount Business Notes. Receive deposits subject to check. Make collections on all points.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT. INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS. SPECIAL RATES to Weekly and Monthly Depositors.

The Best Dressed Men and Boys

have learned of the Elegance, Economy and Wisdom of our smart, ready-to-wear Clothing.

PLAIDS are quite the style now-a-days; we have them in a number of colors.

Our line of Clay Worsted Suits in Black and Blue, can't be beaten for the money. We have them in Sack or Outaway.

Hats in all Styles. Now is the time to buy your Summer Hats; while our stock is complete, you will have more to select from.

SHIRTS. We have a full line of White and Colored Shirts, in Madras and Percales; soft and stiff bosoms; with detachable collars, at prices ranging from 50c to \$1.00.

SHOES. We are carrying a nice line of Men's, Youth's and Boys' Shoes, in Black, Tan and Chocolate. These, as well as our Plow Shoes, are up-to-date, and at prices within the reach of all.

COOMBS & LITTLE, Clothiers and Furnishers, TANEYTOWN, MD.

THE NEW STORE, WEANT & KOONS, TANEYTOWN, MD.

We have always kept prices down as low as possible. That is an easy matter. Price is a repressible affair—much more so than quality, with which you feel more concern.

Wash Goods. The styles this season could not be more desirable in Lawns, Dimities, Organdies, French Gingham, Percales, Linen Crash Suitings and Skirtings.

Shirt Waists. Ladies' Wrappers. Underwear. Ladies' and Children's Vests, 50 up.

Silk Waist Patterns. Ribbons. Lace Curtains. Dress Patterns. Carpets and Mattings. SPECIAL. For Men, Boys and Children. Get our prices before buying.

WESTERN MARYLAND R. R.

Connecting with P. & R. R. at Shippensburg and Gettysburg; Norfolk & Western R. R. at Hagerstown; R. & O. Railroad at Hagerstown and Cherry Run; Penn. R. R. at Bruceville and Hagerstown; P. W. & R. R. C. and R. P. Railroads at Union Station Baltimore Md.

Schedule taking effect February 16th., 1898. Main Line.

Table with columns: Read down, STATIONS, Read Up. Rows include A.M. and P.M. times for various stations like Hagerstown, Union Station, etc.

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Subscribe Now. FOR THE —