

Local and Personal.

This is meant to be a purely local news column, to which the RECORD invites contributions. Events of local importance—whether current or of the near future, accidents, cases of extreme illness, society and church appearances, and the like, etc., should be reported to the Editor in writing; otherwise they may not appear.

Clyde Elliot, and a son of Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Thomson are very ill.

Mrs. Wm. Garner has three geranium stalks, containing 64 buds and flowers.

Mrs. Rev. G. W. McSherry, who has been bedfast for the past six weeks, is somewhat improved.

Warren Brower, well known in Union Bridge and vicinity, has removed to the Koutz farm, this district.

Our Educational Department closes with this issue, for the season. We expect to revive it again in the fall.

Mr. and Mrs. Josiah Snyder have again taken up residence in this place having lived in York, Pa., since the fire.

Some correspondence, received this (Friday) morning, is unavoidably omitted because of lack of time to get it in type.

John J. Crapster and family will not likely occupy their town residence before fall, and in the meantime it will remain vacant.

"Jimmy" Rodgers, an old Taneytown-er, is lying seriously ill with dropsy, there being but slim hopes of recovery, owing to his advanced age.

John Royer, of Canton, Ohio, a cousin of Uriah Royer of this place, is here on a visit. Mr. Royer is personally acquainted with President McKinley.

Joseph Kelley, of New St., is among the sick of our town, having been compelled to quit work at Otter Dale, on Wednesday. Pneumonia is the trouble.

As may be seen in an advertisement in this issue, Governor Lowndes will consider the question of pardoning Frank Clinegar, after the 18th. of this month.

Robert C. Currens returned on Saturday, from New York, having received his diploma from Mitchell's clothing cutting school, the best in this country.

George H. Wolf, of Kump, gathered 88 dozen eggs from his flock of chickens last week. If there are many factories in the country like his, no wonder eggs are so cheap.

The Roberts residence was sold at public sale on Saturday, to John J. Crapster, for \$3500. The price represents a loss of at least \$3000 on the first cost, and is a decided bargain.

Our friends will please take notice that some of the foreigners who have emigrated to this district are not yet members of the RECORD family; consequently, there is missionary work to do.

The winter weather of this week has somewhat retarded the growth of Easter "hixins," but, unlike the peach buds, they are not destroyed and will appear later in all their glory.

The County Commissioners will sit to hear appeals for transfers and abatements for Taneytown, Uniontown and Myers' districts, on April 11th and 12th, Monday and Tuesday of next week.

Charles A. Elliot, James Buffington and Lincoln J. Wright, have made application for hotel license for Taneytown. These licenses will be granted unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before April 15th.

March this year presented us with the following: Mean temperature 46°, ranging from 22° on the 1st, to 80° on the 10th; total precipitation .97 inches; snow fall 4.5 inches; clear days 14, partly cloudy 6, cloudy 8; lunar halo on 3rd, and 6th.

Be careful about your business stationery. Poor printing and old style type carries with it a reflection on your business ability, just as does an untidy store room. RECORD office work is always clean and appropriate—equal to city work.

Mr. Joseph L. Haines, near Linwood, thinks he has discovered the San Jose scale in some oranges sent him from California. Should this be the case, there does not seem to be any means of preventing the spread of the pests all over the country.

Fifty-two, is the number of water subscribers to date, and we learn that there will be about sixty in all. This is certainly most liberal patronage, which, should it be continued, will not compel a very high extra tax. So far, our water system has presented an unbroken line of satisfactory features.

Orders for "Choice Maryland Cookery" are being handed in quite rapidly. The ten cent price, in connection with the value of the book and the object of its publication, naturally compels liberal patronage. Let us have your names promptly. It will be a "thing of beauty and a joy forever"—and only costs ten cents.

A notice posted in the Postoffice, soliciting recruits for U. S. artillery and infantry, attracts more than usual notice on account of its significance in connection with the present war talk. Like notices, however, are posted every few years as the service stands in need of new material. The call is for unmarried men, between the ages of 21 and 30 years, possessing certain physical requirements and good character.

COUNTY AND STATE.

News Notes of General Interest from various Sources.

Frank Sullivan, of Pleasant Valley, cut himself severely on the head with an axe.

The Frederick county agricultural fair will be held on October 11, 12, 13 and 14. This is one week ahead of the Hagerstown fair and in accordance with an agreement entered into by the two associations several years ago—that every other year Frederick should have the choice of weeks. Last year Hagerstown had the choice.

A number of contractors have been notified by the Western Maryland Railroad Company that the plans and specifications for the Marsh route of the proposed extension of the road from Hagerstown to Altenwald, Pa., would be open for inspection at the Hotel Hamilton on Monday and that bids are invited for the construction of the road.

Union Bridge is to have a public park. The ground required for the purpose has been donated by one of the citizens, Mr. J. Hamilton Repp. Steps are being taken to fit it for the purpose designated by the donor—flower walks, creating flower beds and planting ornamental trees. It is to be known as Hamilton Hill Park, in compliment of the donor.

The southern trip of the Baltimore Baseball Club is very nearly over, and one more it may be said that never has a trip been more successful. The men are all in first-class condition, and eager to play "em. It may be safely averred that there is not a team in the League in as good form, and as ready to jump in and battle for the pennant as the Orioles.

Ten car loads of war munitions passed through Hagerstown on Monday on the way to Fort Jackson, La. Six of them contained gunpowder and dynamite and four cars carried torpedoes and anchors. They were brought from Jersey City, N. J., over the Reading road to Shilpsburg, where they were transferred to the Western Maryland, which carried them to Cherry Run and delivered them to the Baltimore and Ohio.

The Waynesboro Gazette says: "A Union Bridge man, working at the bicycle works, boarding in Hagerstown, not believing in banks, kept his money under the carpet in his bedroom. When his room was cleaned up the money was swept into a rubbish heap but discovered just before it was thrown out. The man still insisted on keeping his money under the carpet and the next night a roommate extracted it but returned it after the owner supposed it lost."

A number of applicants have appeared for the position of national bank examiner for Maryland, made vacant by the resignation of Marshall Winchester. The retiring official will engage in the note and stock brokerage business. Mr. Winchester succeeded Mr. Lawrence B. Kemp as national bank examiner, and served in that capacity about three years. He was instrumental in uncovering the Cornelius defalcation and similar crimes in banks in Pennsylvania, which were under his jurisdiction.

In view of the warlike preparations now going on at Fortress Monroe, should hostilities begin, the two fine hotels at that point—the Chamberlin and the Hygeia—will have to be torn down. The government allowed the owners to construct them upon the express stipulation that, in case of hostilities they would have to be torn away, as they interfered with the range at the fort. The Chamberlin has just been built and is one of the finest appointed hotels on the coast. Both hotels are now crowded with guests.

The annual municipal election in Union Bridge was held Monday. The contest was between those who favor a large expenditure of money in improving the streets and those who prefer to see the revenue applied to a reduction of the debt of the corporation. The street improvement party, represented by the people's ticket, was successful by majorities ranging from 43 to 56. The successful candidates were: Mayor, William H. Marshall; councilmen, B. F. Phillips, Dr. John N. Weaver, Theodore Fowble, David G. Ogle, Albert M. Smith.

A large oil lamp in the office of Dr. John S. Mathias, Westminster, was accidentally thrown to the floor Wednesday night, and the oil, which streamed from it, caught fire. In a moment the whole place was in a blaze. Dr. Mathias' oldest son and several friends were in the office at the time, and managed to throw the blazing lamp into the street. The clothing of one of them was badly scorched. The fire department responded to an alarm, and promptly suppressed the flames. Dr. Mathias lost furniture, instruments and medicines, valued at \$75 to \$100; uninsured.

At the M. E. Conference held in Baltimore this week, Rev. A. D. Melvin was re-elected president, and Rev. Dorsey Blake, secretary. President Melvin in his annual report announced that the year had been one of progress. The Home for the Aged at Westminster was recommended for more cordial support. Western Maryland College and the Westminster Theological Seminary were commended. The latter was said to be growing and improving and realizing the most sanguine expectations held for it. The Conference has 130 ministerial members, 12 probationary members, 10 applicants for admission to the itineracy and 127 laymen representing as many churches. Nearly the full membership answered to the roll-call.

IN LOVING REMEMBRANCE  
Of my father, David H. Foreman, who departed this life one year ago to-day, April 23d, 1897.  
I have spent a lonely year,  
You left me with an aching heart,  
The hour that you and I did part,  
You are not forgotten, my father dear,  
Nor will you ever be,  
For as long as life may last,  
I will remember thee,  
By thy daughter, Susan E. Miller.

PEACH CROP PROSPECTS.

Reports from all Sections show Undoubted Damage.

Fruit growers, both on the Eastern shore and in the Mountain belt, say that the snow and freeze of this week has killed at least fifty per cent of the peach and pear buds. The June like weather of March forced the buds and blossoms to come out ahead of time, so that they were wholly unprotected and unable to stand severe weather.

Last week provided several days which scattered heavy sheets of frost all through the state. That was disheartening enough. But the final crushing blow to the fruit growers came Tuesday. On that day the weather could not have been more unpropitious, even had it been specially prepared for destroying purposes. Flakes of snow formed crusts about the buds and blossoms, which crusts caught and held the drops of rain. The snow made crust, and the collected raindrops froze together under the low temperature of that Tuesday night. It was that process of freezing and the icy clutching of the tender life of the blossoms by the frost which blasted all hopes of a successful crop. From all parts of the state are now heard the sound of the fruit grower's cry of disappointment.

The origin of the Metric System.

(For the RECORD.)  
During the French Revolution, when every law or custom in existence during and connected with the royal government, became obnoxious to the revolting masses, it was decreed that even the division of the year into twelve months, and that of the day into 24 hours, as well as all standards of weights and measures in vogue, should be abolished. The selection of new standards was entrusted to the French Academy, a scientific body, which on the 17th. of March, 1791, reported to the National Assembly, for adoption, a system of measures and weights based entirely upon the dimensions of the Earth.

Accurate measurements of lengths of small areas of a meridian of longitude, extending over a few degrees, had been made by some of the European governments at different places on the Earth's surface, from which the circumference of the globe was accurately determined. The French Academy proposed that the unit of measure of length should be the meter, equal to one ten millionth part of a quadrant, or of the distance from one of the poles to the equator. This meter was divided into tenths (dec), hundredths (cent), and thousandths (milli), of a meter, the terms for the fractions being derived from the Latin. (The names for the multiples 10 (deca), 100 (hecto), and 1000 (kilo) metres were derived from the Greek.)

A vessel of cubical shape, one tenth metre long, wide and deep, became the unit of measure of capacity, and was called Litre. The weight of a litre of water at a temperature of 4° C. furnished the standard of weight, the kilogramme, equal to 1000 grammes. A piece of silver, nine-tenths the weight of money, or the franc. Although presented to the National Assembly in 1791, the metric system was not adopted until 1795. On account of the convenient divisions of these units into tenths and multiples of tenths, the system was rapidly adopted by other nations, and is now the official standard in Spain, the Netherlands, Italy, Greece, Austria, Germany, Norway and Sweden, Switzerland, Portugal, Mexico, Venezuela, Argentine Republic, Hayti and Congo Free State.

Too Many Laws Made.

There were over one thousand bills introduced in the Maryland legislature of 1898. Of this number, about four hundred were passed, and nearly all of them will be signed by the Governor and become laws. The number of vetoes is, as a rule, very small, and probably not more than a dozen or so out of the whole batch will meet with the disapproval of the executive. More than one-half of the bills met their fate in one way or another. Some never went beyond the introduction stage; others were allowed to slumber in committee, while still others were killed by unfavorable reports or unfavorable action in either the Senate or the House.

Still, Maryland will have, as the result of the work of the legislature, about three hundred new laws put upon its statute-books. Of course, a large majority of these are local measures, and we trust that the counties, towns and villages for which they have been passed will be benefited by them. It can be said to the credit of the legislature that, while a number of good bills were killed, very few, if any, thoroughly bad ones were passed. But three hundred new laws once every two years is certainly more than Maryland needs. It could get along just as well, and even better, with a much smaller number.

There is far too much law-making in this state, and the other states of the Union have the same complaint to make; but as long as bad laws are not made, the people, who have to pay the bills, will be as patient as they can, and try to obey the laws that are made for them.—American.

THE RECORD is indebted to Hon. Wm. B. Baker for a copy of the last Congressional Directory, a very useful book in a newspaper office.

THE WAR SITUATION.

Very Critical but not Beyond a Peaceful Solution.

The war situation has apparently reached its most critical stage, yet peace is not at all impossible if it is hurried along. The danger is greatly accentuated because of the extensive preparations which have been made on both sides, which creates a feeling akin to that experienced by the disappointed hunter who has gone forth for game, fully equipped, yet failed to get an opportunity to "draw a bead" on the objects of his pursuit, and is quite apt to feel like, and do, promiscuous shooting, just to try his skill and hear his gun go off.

Both the President and the Queen are earnest in their efforts for peace, and both are interfered with, by their people, to a considerable extent. One thing seems sure; Cuban independence, with self government, must be granted by Spain, or there will be war. Either this, or the agreement on the part of Spain that she will submit the question to the arbitration of this government, with Cuban freedom as the limit.

The disposition so strongly manifested by Congress to take the management of the situation out of the hands of the President and his advisers, is strongly opposed by good people everywhere, and a feeling of this kind is growing in Washington, particularly in the Senate. War, for the sake of an exhibition of power, is desired by but few, but the situation would be greatly changed, should all diplomatic efforts fail and Spain refuse absolutely to grant the concessions necessary to peace in Cuba; then, all would earnestly support the cause of right and justice as America sees it.

THE LATEST.

The result of the Spanish cabinet's latest deliberations is believed to be that it has taken a firm stand against further concession to the United States.

The Queen Regent has been denounced on the streets of Madrid for her efforts to secure peace. It is reported from London that she has appealed to Queen Victoria to prevent war.

The administration at Washington regards war as almost inevitable and to be averted only through concessions by Spain. In Washington the opinion is that diplomacy has been exhausted, and that Spain must yield or take the consequences. The President's message will be sent to Congress on Monday practically unchanged, unless there are developments in the meantime. Both houses of Congress have adjourned until Monday.

Consul-General Lee will leave Havana Saturday for the United States. The government has made all necessary arrangements for Americans to leave Cuba by that time, and the Consul-General has been given authority to charter steamers if necessary. Similar arrangements have been made for the protection of Americans in Porto Rico.

Orphans' Court Proceedings.

MONDAY, April 4th, 1898.—Nicholas H. and Rachel Clemson, executors of John Davis Clemson, settled first account.

Jacob Wantz, executor of John Wantz, settled first and final account.

Hannah S. Garner and Jasper C. Garner, executors of Jacob Von, settled third and final account.

Jonas W. Fridinger, executor of John W. Walker, returned list of debts and settled first account.

David H. Zimmerman, executor of Henry Zimmerman, returned additional list of sales.

Joshua Magee, administrator of Matilda Magee, settled first and final account.

Thomas A. Barnes, executor of Henry D. Franklin, settled second and final account.

TUESDAY, April 5th, 1898.—John E. and McClellan Davidson, executors of James Davidson, returned list of sales and settled second and final account.

John E. Plank and Simon P. Weaver, executors of Jeremiah Rinehart, returned report of sales of real estate and agreement to ratification of sales, and said sales finally ratified by Orphans' Court.

Letters of administration on the estate of Samuel Myers, granted to Rufus and Josiah Myers, who returned list of debts.

Laura T. Gorsuch and Harry K. Gorsuch, administrators of Thomas J. Gorsuch, settled second account.

Church Notices.

Special Easter Services in the Uniontown Methodist Protestant church, Sunday 10.30 a. m. Rev. W. C. Church, of the Westminster Theological Seminary, will preach the sermon. No service in the evening.

B. W. KINBLEY, Pastor.  
Services in the Uniontown Church of God, Sabbath school at 9 o'clock, preaching at 10.15, an Easter sermon, theme, "The Resurrection." The Sabbath school will give a literary entertainment in the Bethel, in the evening. Preaching at Friburg at 2.30. S. B. CRAFT, Pastor.

BROTHER TO BROTHER.

Double Pipe Creek Correspondent Replies to Harney.

Our versatile Harney correspondent tells us Harney "has a brother," and that it is "a mud hole" and Double Pipe Creek is its name. We admit it is located on the Middleburg road of the ancient style, low in the centre and side ditches are not known, only to be higher than the road bed. Let us contrast D. P. Creek with the windy town of Harney. Double Pipe Creek has brick pavements with two country drains; water does not flow on the streets only when it snows or rains; or else is flooded by such rains as the Johnstown flood.

In passing through Harneytown a little over a fortnight ago, after passing your fire church on the Littlestown road, on looking around, our eyes fell on the uneven walks to the churches, and wondered if those who attended church, especially at night, did not forget the text on the way home, over the uneven walks. We saw the water rippling in the side ditches, leading its way to the fields, or five ways. There we noticed a large pool of water; our first thought of it was that it was a reservoir, but as there was no protection around it, we concluded that it was a frog pond.

We once knew a young Buckeye of the Miami Valley, who resided in the Pipe Creek Valley near Medford, who said he could stand Maryland until the frogs began to croak; then he would get home sick. We are informed that your genial traveler with his popular weed, came to D. P. Creek, and drove his team to the embankment of the railroad and unhitched, not to get out of the mud, but to have a more favorable view of his wagon while he dined and fed. We admit we lack enterprise in our place; our school house is tumbling down and no preparations are being made for another building. Its an old saying, that "Misery loves company."

D. P. Creek has had none of the countless money expended on its streets for over 25 years. Mud filth seems to be one of the troubles of cities—getting streets rid of it. Even Taneytown, a few weeks ago, offered here to the farmers free for fertilizer. Perhaps, brother, we had better advertise ours. Hurry up, brother, with your telephone. Our pigs are set for the erecting of the poles, and we expect soon to be in position to exchange a chat with Harney.

Business certainly seems to be reviving. Our enterprising Deering harvesting machinery agent, T. J. Kolb, has ordered two car loads of machines, and says he never had such demands before for agriculture implements. Farmers seem to have new life, and want the latest and best farming implements to operate with.

Death came to our place again, and this time claims the infant babe of Doris Newcomer. Funeral services on Friday morning 10 a. m., at the house, by Elder J. S. Weibrigh; interment at Haugh's cemetery.

Mrs. J. S. Weibrigh and J. D. Dotterer have purchased one of the latest improved incubators, and are now under way to soon supply the market with fryers.

Mr. J. P. Weibrigh has built himself a merry-go-round wheel, in his stable, to which he attaches four horses. When the weather is unpleasant, he passes the time away running his feeding mill, which is in the feeding yard.

Mr. William Eigenbrode, near Rocky Ridge, who has been in declining health for some time, is now scarcely able to walk across the room. Catarrh of the stomach is the trouble.

Mr. John D. Dotterer has built a new shed to his barn for his gasoline engine and choppin' mill, he can now run his threshing rig, let the weather be as it may.

Union Bridge.

Mr. Lewis, formerly of the Liberty Banner is in charge of the Carroll News office.

Mrs. Kogler from Mt. Airy has opened a new millinery store in our town. Mrs. Kogler and family occupy the former residence of Mr. Wm. Morgenstau, who has moved to Baltimore.

Miss Jennie Smith, the railroad evangelist, will hold a weeks meeting in the M. E. Church, beginning April 10th.

The Erie Company are erecting a beltry by the side of their new hall, which was formerly Mr. Wm. Wood's store.

Our concert band are busy practicing for their concert, to be held early in May.

Mr. Wm. Marshall has been elected mayor of our town. An entire new town council has also been elected, viz: B. F. Phillips, John N. Weaver, Theodore Fowble, David Ogle and Albert M. Smith.

Westminster Merchants Organize.

A meeting of the merchants of Westminster, was held on Wednesday night, to formulate plans for mutual protection against the encroachments of Baltimore merchants, who are reported to contemplate the frequent running of excursions over the Western Maryland to Baltimore.

Mr. George W. Albaugh, of Westminster, was chairman of the meeting and Mr. Charles H. Vanderford secretary. All the towns along the line of the Western Maryland Railroad will be asked to co-operate with the Westminster merchant. The association will be known as the Retailers' Association of Westminster, Md., and the following were elected as permanent officers: Fred. D. Miller, president; William F. Derr, vice-president; Elmer C. Ordorff, secretary, and A. C. Strasburger, treasurer.

Correspondence.

All communications for the RECORD must be signed by the writer's own name; not necessarily for publication, but as an evidence that the matter and facts transmitted are legitimate and correct. Items of a mischievous character are not wanted.

Many thanks to the kind writer at Uniontown for the satisfactory information about snafin seed.

Will some one tell us how to make a good grafting wax?  
"Aunt Dorothy" made a brief call at Scraggy Maples last week, and with friendly smiles presented "Hey" with a box of ointment, in the Good Samaritan style.

At breakfast, the other morning, a very peculiar egg was served to Mr. John Rowe, Jr. It was very much larger than an ordinary hen's egg, and was supposed to contain two yolks. On breaking it open, after it had been boiled, Mr. Rowe discovered within a full developed egg of the usual size, surrounding the hard shell was a coating of white, then the tough skin, and finally the solid shell of the larger egg. The ordinary egg supplied the place as a yolk in the big egg. The first, or outer shell was globular, while the next, or inner one was oblong.

Mr. Charles Haines and family removed on Wednesday, to a dwelling house on the farm recently purchased, near Medford, by Mr. Charles Martin of Linwood.

Mrs. J. D. Myers, of Park Dale, in company with Mrs. Sweigart, of York Road, is spending the week among friends in Lancaster county, Pa., and enjoying fresh fish right out of the Susquehanna River.

Mr. Ivan Shew spent the past week in Baltimore, where he anticipates making his future home.

Mr. Calvin Keefer, whom we mentioned in the last issue of the RECORD as being ill, is still confined to his bed.

Mr. Lewis Reese is about to erect a tool and blacksmith shop on Ashland Farm.

The C. E. Society will hold the regular weekly meetings on Tuesday, instead of Wednesday night, as formerly stated.

On Wednesday morning the folks at Scraggy Maples were tendered a very beautiful solo, "My Mother," by Mr. Guy Albaugh, of Denning's, who is a fine organist and vocalist. The writer had the pleasant surprise of hearing this born musician perform many choice and beautiful selections when he was only a child six years old. Mr. Albaugh has just recently become the organist for the Bunyan's Pilgrim Band, a traveling band of Christian workers.

Prof. N. M. McGrew, of Philadelphia and the Prilgrim Band, gave a very interesting lecture, and realistic and beautiful stereoscopic views of the characters embraced in John Bunyan's Pilgrim Progress, in the Bark Hill church, on Wednesday night.

Mr. Daniel Leekins and bride, of Union Bridge, are now located in the west end of town.

We have just received a very beautiful invitation to the Fifteenth Annual Commencement of the Senior Class of the Bloomfield High School, on April 22nd., at Bloomfield, Iowa. Among the prominent graduates, we are pleased to observe Joe Herman Davis, oldest son of William and Sarah Davis, formerly of this village.

Cards have been received to the marriage and reception of Miss Ella Hamilton, step-daughter of Mrs. Laura H. Hamilton, and Mr. D. Thomas McKeelvey, on April 14th., at the home of the bride, No. 1723 N. Eighth St., Philadelphia.

Mount Union.

The moving season is again over, and every one in their new home. Now is the time to rid and clean up so as to make things look cheerful and home-like.

Reading the editorial in last week's RECORD on the Priestland Alumni association, and its advantage; reminds us that we have a good school house, beautifully located, without any record what ever. We believe its history would be interesting to look up, though we are not so aged yet, but do not think this should be any reason for delay, as we will have advantages of obtaining a correct record from the time of its building. So let us give it some consideration and act accordingly.

Mr. Wm. Danner, while tripping peach trees, hit a heavy blow at a limb cutting it off. His hatchet glanced, and hit him on the left hand, cutting an ugly gash.

Mrs. Robert Barriek formerly of New Midway, is making her home with her sister, Mrs. C. F. Myers.

On last Sunday, Sunday School was organized with a good attendance. The following officers were elected; superintendent, Lizzie T. Birely; assistant superintendent, D. M. Buffington; secretary, E. S. Koons; assistant secretary, L. E. Williams; treasurer, Jacob Gladihill; librarian, M. L. Koons and Lollie M. Birely; organist, Bessie Myers, assistant organist, Carrie Gladihill.

The Christian Endeavor entertainment for April 13th., we believe, will be an interesting one, it will consist of recitations songs and stories. The story leading to the origin of the music will be read; then the song will be sang. Their will be congregation singing, solos, duets, trios and quartets. All are welcome.

The Bunyan's Pilgrim band will exhibit in the church this evening April 8th.

Uniontown.

Mr. G. Wright Harbaugh has been appointed constable for this district, for a period of two years.

At the close of the Easter entertainment at the Bethel this Sunday night, the earthen jars, in which the children have been gathering offerings during the week, will be emptied of their contents. The public are invited to be present, a special sermon will be delivered in the morning by the pastor.

Mrs. Josiah Kolb spent the week visiting friends in Frederick county.

Rev. B. W. Kinley is attending the M. P. Conference in session at Lafayette Avenue M. P. Church, in Baltimore.

Rev. Mr. Burch, of the Theological Seminary of Westminster, will fill the M. P. pulpit this Sunday morning. No service at night.

On Wednesday, Mr. J. Clarence Davis left for Philadelphia, where he will engage in business with his brother.

There has been an epidemic of la-grippe in a severe form, accompanied by pneumonia in this vicinity, during the winter and spring. We are glad to report the many sick are all slowly improving.

Mr. Frank Stebbins, of Green Spring Valley, is spending some time with Mr. John Shaw's family. He is a nephew of Mrs. Shaw. Miss Daisy Shaw is employed by Armstrong Cator & Co., Baltimore, at Crisfield, Md.

Mr. Thomas H. Routsom has made a thorough examination of the peach bloom and reports them frozen; he thinks the pears are all right. Strawberry berries are looking fine.

Miss Della Fiesel who was taken to the Maryland University Hospital for treatment, about 4 weeks ago, died at her brother's, Mr. Ephraim Fiesel's, on Sams Creek, where she has been for the past two weeks. She was a sister of Mr. Daniel Fiesel, of Elizabethtown. The funeral services will be held at Pipe Creek German Baptist church, this Saturday.

Miss Mary Fowler, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. E. Lee Erb, has returned to her home in Brooklyn, N. Y.

Mr. Thomas H. Routsom has made a thorough examination of the peach bloom and reports them frozen; he thinks the pears are all right. Strawberry berries are looking fine.

Miss Mary Fowler, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. E. Lee Erb, has returned to her home in Brooklyn, N. Y.

The C. E. Society will hold the regular weekly meetings on Tuesday, instead of Wednesday night, as formerly stated.

On Wednesday morning the folks at Scraggy Maples were tendered a very beautiful solo, "My Mother," by Mr. Guy Albaugh, of Denning's, who is a fine organist and vocalist. The writer had the pleasant surprise of hearing this born musician perform many choice and beautiful selections when he was only a child six years old. Mr. Albaugh has just recently become the organist for the Bunyan's Pilgrim Band, a traveling band of Christian workers.

Prof. N. M. McGrew, of Philadelphia and the Prilgrim Band, gave a very interesting lecture, and realistic and beautiful stereoscopic views of the characters embraced in John Bunyan's Pilgrim Progress, in the Bark Hill church, on Wednesday night.

Mr. Daniel Leekins and bride, of Union Bridge, are

TERMS. One Dollar per annum in advance. Six months, 50c. Trial subscriptions, Three months, 25c. Subscriptions will be continued as a rule, after the time for which the paper has been paid, unless notice to the contrary is received. No paper will be discontinued until all arrears have been paid, except at the option of the publisher.

ADVERTISEMENTS will be inserted under contract at the rate of \$2.50 per inch per annum. Applications for Legal Notices, Special Advertisements and short term contracts, given on application.

ENTERED AT TANEYTOWN POSTOFFICE AS SECOND CLASS MATTER.

SATURDAY, APRIL 9th., 1898.

OF ALL THE afflictions which the reading public has to bear, the silly wind bombardment between editors is one of the greatest. It seems to be one of the inconsistencies of a certain fearfully and wonderfully constituted contingent of editors that they will waste time and space in a play of cheap badinage which no one cares anything about, except to characterize as idiotic, and neglect the gathering of news which subscribers pay for and expect.

WE WONDERED in what shape it would appear, but now wonder no longer. A certain class of political newspapers—not the best—are trying to create the impression that President McKinley's pacific course in the Spanish imbroglio is "cowardly and weak," and not according to "General Jackson's" style. The sort of politics which calls forth such speculative opinions is pretty "low down," particularly as it tends to lower one's opinion of the sterling good sense of "Old Hickory."

THE LEGISLATIVE session just closed, was much like other sessions, leaving its disappointments along with good deeds. On the whole, it was a fairly representative assembly—probably as good as it is possible to select under present laws and customs. It is a matter for sincere regret, as well as one for future improvement, that we do not succeed, always, in sending our best and wisest men to represent us; therefore, the best to be hoped for, is that such as are sent will do the best they can, and not the best that might be done by better men.

The Strong and the Weak.

Imagine yourself a strong man. Strong in the possession of health, physical and mental power, christian nobility, honor and sense of justice. You conduct your own affairs circumspcctly and assist your friends and neighbors, both by advice and example, to live honorably, God-fearing lives, giving just consideration to the rights and privileges of the weak, unfortunate and oppressed, wherever they may be. You do this because you think it the right way for yourself, as well as others, to live. You attend to your own business, yet find time to do a great deal of good in the world in relieving suffering. You feel sorry for those who make a failure of life, contempt for those who live and act viciously and cruelly toward others, and go out of your way to lend your strength to the down-trodden who are calling for help.

Should you, in your daily rounds, meet a neighbor, strong in some things—we will say in power, and opportunity to do justice—yet purposely cruel; your close attention will be arrested and your sympathies aroused. Suppose this person mistreats, overloads and abuses a bound boy, who should be a loved and encouraged child by adoption; between whom there should exist the closest ties in order that there might be mutual advantages derived. Suppose this person with power, overworks, overtaxes, makes a practical slave of the bound boy and refuses him the chance to be other than a slave, without voice or power.

Suppose this slave, driven to desperation, and feeling that he has rights as dear to him as those of his hard master, revolts, and sets his strength against his oppressor as being the only means of gaining independence for himself. He shows that his resistance cannot be overcome by fair means and that only starvation, disease and the most inhuman course of his former master can conquer him. He shows that he only asks for the rights and privileges enjoyed by the most of mankind the world over, and that this cause is just, needing only additional support to make it a successful one.

You pause, and say—"Surely, this poor boy should have help." You hear his cries for aid, see his sick and dying condition, and your better nature and manhood, backed by a desire for fair play, prompts you to appeal to the strong neighbor to desist and make reparation. You do this without fear or thought of consequences, because you know that intervention is christian and right. You are not a "fighting man," nevertheless you will not pass along the highway and see the weak abused, without protesting, to the extent of using force, if force is needed.

Roughly drawn, this is a picture of the situation in Cuba today—the United States and Spain representing the two strong men. Aside from the Maine disaster, which we here treat as a misfortune, without blame attaching to anyone, our government is bound, on clearly defined and sufficient humane grounds, to demand that Spain shall at once cease the destruction of life and property which has already been too long in operation, the result of her inhuman policy. We have no right to say "Cuba and its inhabitants belong to Spain, and it is Spain's own business to do as she pleases with both." The slaves in the south belong to their owners, by purchase, yet our government pro-

nounced the institution inhuman and abolished it after the sacrifice of thousands of precious lives. This practice was carried on much further away from the seat of government than Cuba is from our shores, and today but very few will deny that the cause of our civil war was just, and that the end justified the sacrifice.

Apparently, a few people have an idea that war is such a wrong thing to engage in, that no matter what the provocation, or how just our intervention may be, if it causes war, we should keep hands off and let Spain alone—each country attending to its own business. The adoption of such a course blots out of existence such a thing as "sin of omission." It puts a premium on the possession of brute power and authority, and tends to the extinction of the weak everywhere. In a few words, according to the opinions of some, no matter what devility is carried on, within our view and power of correction, if our intervention means that we will have to fight, we must close our eyes and pass on. What rank cowardice and unchristian feeling—often from so-called christians!

The Sure La Grippe Cure.

There is no use suffering from this dreadful malady, if you will only get the right remedy. You are having it all through your body, your liver is out of order, have no appetite, no life or ambition, have a bad cold, in fact are completely prostrated. Electric Bitters is the only remedy that will give you prompt and sure relief. They act directly on your Liver, Stomach and Kidneys, tone up the whole system and completely restore you to health. They are guaranteed to cure or price refunded. For Sale at R. S. McKinley's Drug Store, only 50 cents per bottle.

Imports have Fallen Off.

Notwithstanding the statement made on the floor of the Senate that war between the United States and Spain would be calculated to increase the business of this country, start the factories with greater activity and swell the volumes of commerce in the ordinary channels, there is abundant evidence that the first indications of war have had a very depressing effect upon commerce and business, and in consequence of this depression the imports of the United States have fallen off in a material degree, or are at least considerably below what they should be at this time.

The first part of March gave promise of greatly increased receipts in the Federal Treasury from customs, and upon the returns for that period the indications were that the receipts would rise above \$17,000,000, and might go as high as \$18,000,000. But a decided falling off was witnessed during the past weeks, and at the present rate it would be surprising to the Treasury officials if the customs receipts for the month aggregate much above \$15,000,000, which was the amount of the receipts from that source during the short month of February.

The explanation for this condition is to be found in the timidity of the business world in consequence of the war flurry existing at this time. A striking evidence of the influence of these war rumblings was given recently when a telegram was printed in the public press to the effect that one of the large importing firms had served notice on their European representatives to make no shipments at this time except in British bottoms. This point is interesting as showing that the business world is made nervous by the alarms of war.

The officials of the Treasury Department are looking for considerable depression in the shipping world for some weeks to come. This fact, taken in connection with the small imports of wool and sugar, is certain to keep down the receipts from customs for the present at least. The imports of class 3 wools have almost reached the normal, and practically all the customs revenues that are coming to the Treasury from wool imports are on this grade. The supply of class 1 and class 2 wools, of which it was estimated a year's stock had been imported in anticipation of the restoration of the protective rates on wool, is being rapidly exhausted, but the increase in receipts from the imports of wool is not expected to be very great during the current fiscal year.

As to sugar the Department officials are somewhat puzzled. It was expected that the sugar imports would begin to rise rapidly about this time, and the only explanation that is offered for the small importations at the present time is the supposition that the manufacturers of sugar are importing very little in expectation of a largely increased supply of domestic sugar during the present season.—Economist.

Rheumatism Cured.

My wife has used Chamberlain's Pain Balm for rheumatism with great relief, and I can recommend it as a splendid liniment for rheumatism and other household uses for which we have found it valuable.—W. J. Cuyler, Red Creek, N. Y.

Mr. Cuyler is one of the leading merchants of this village and one of the most prominent men in this vicinity. N. G. Phipps, Editor, Red Creek Herald. For sale by R. S. McKinley, Druggist, Taneytown, Md.

NAVY DISCIPLINE.

Everybody from a Commander Down Obeys Orders.

So clearly are the lines of authority drawn—and authority in the navy is synonymous with discipline—that the captain of a flag ship is superior in a way to the rear admiral who commands the fleet. Rear Admiral Seward is in command of the Atlantic squadron, and let us say, the Iowa is his flagship. Rear Admiral Seward's authority covers the Atlantic fleet as a whole, including the Iowa, but in the handling of the Iowa, her captain's authority is supreme. It is a strange disposition of jurisdiction, in which, for the nonce, the subaltern is greater than the chief.

The Royal is the highest grade baking powder known. Actual tests show it goes one-third further than any other brand. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

All hands "turn to" after the marine port gangway blows away from the deck, and the work of dragging and pushing a holystone over the deck is begun. Sails are loosed and allowed to dry. Gunners' mates cuss landlubbers for blocking brasswork on the big peacemakers on the broadside. The boatswain's mate squares the yards with his shrill whistle and exquisite profanity, and the men are getting hungry.

At 7:30 messgear is spread, and the smoking lamp is lighted so that the early watch may enjoy a pipeful of black navy plug before the day's discipline fairly sets in. After mess the pipe and a few lies fit the men for subsequent proceedings. At 8 o'clock, two bells, quarters are sounded, when evolutions must be done by the post, counted for by the head of his division. Inspection by the captain—and in his absence, the executive officer that every officer and man not on the sick list or in the brig must be at his post. The ship is cleared for action as though the enemy were in sight and a battle were impending. All first-class officers are to be at their posts. The ship is cleared for action as though the enemy were in sight and a battle were impending.

On certain days there are drills and manoeuvres. General quarters mean that every officer and man not on the sick list or in the brig must be at his post. The ship is cleared for action as though the enemy were in sight and a battle were impending. All first-class officers are to be at their posts. The ship is cleared for action as though the enemy were in sight and a battle were impending.

Every man aboard a ship has his place and duty. It has been so from time immemorial, and will continue so as long as Congress appropriates money for the maintenance of our sea power. In case of fire there are those who man pumps and those who form the bucket brigade. By no possible means can they be mixed or confused as to where they belong. A well think of the earth wabbling in its orbit. And the same in gun, sail boats, fire and other drills common to a man-of-war.

Every sailor should fall overboard his fellows who do by the book of rules, though he were to drown a hundred times before he could be fished out. Not do the rules govern in the saving of a man overboard differ in point and discipline and method from that of fishing up a kedge anchor. Both are a part of the machinery of the ship. The one is to be in it. If the captain leaves the ship he must report to his next ranking officer, and so on down the list to the last man, who, in an unguarded moment, confounded patriotism with romance and left home and mother for a hammock and bean soup.—N. Y. Dispatch.

Beauty is Blood Deep. Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Casarets, Candy Cathartic, clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Casarets—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

The Observance of Easter.

The observance of Easter dates back to about the year 68, at which time there was much contention among the Eastern and Western churches as to what day the festival should be observed. It was finally ordained at the Council of Nice in the year 325 that it must be observed throughout the Christian world on the same day. This decision settled that Easter should be kept upon the Sunday first after the fourteenth day of the first Jewish month, but no general conclusion was arrived at as to the cycle by which the festival was to be regulated, and some churches adopted one rule and some another.

This diversity of usage was put an end to, and the Roman rule making Easter the first Sunday after the fourteenth day of the calendar moon was established in England in 689. After nine centuries a discrepancy in the keeping of Easter was caused by the authorities of the English Church declining to adopt the reformation of the Gregorian Calendar in 1582. The difference was settled in 1753 by the adoption of the rule which makes Easter Day always the first Sunday after the full moon which appears on or next after the twenty-first day of March. If the full moon happens upon a Sunday, Easter is the Sunday after.—April Ladies' Home Journal.

THE TANEYTOWN SAVINGS BANK, Does a General Banking Business, Loans money on Real or Personal Security. Discounts Notes, Collections and Remittances promptly made. Interest paid on Time Deposits.

HENRY GALT, Treasurer. W. W. CRAPSTER, President.

DIRECTORS. SAMUEL STONER, LEONARD ZILK, JOSHUA KUTZ, DANIEL NULL, JAMES C. GALT, JOHN J. CRAPSTER, T. H. ECKENRODE, CALVIN T. FRINGER, W. W. CRAPSTER, HENRY GALT.

FOR SALE! The best business site in Carroll county for Warehouse Lumber and coal yard, with Railroad siding. Fronting on Fred'k Div. P. R. R., 39 perches, on Baltimore St., Taneytown, 7 perches. For further particulars apply to T. H. ECKENRODE, Taneytown, Md.

HOW TO MAKE MONEY! If you are out of employment, and want a position, paying you from \$20 to \$30 monthly clear above expenses, by working regularly, or if you want to increase your present income from \$20 to \$30 monthly, by working at odd times, write the GLEANER, 221 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa., stating age, whether married or single, last or present employment, and how you can secure a position with them by which you can make more money easier and faster than you ever made before in your life.

YOUNT'S Compare.

No Argument we can offer is half so strong.

Men's Dressy Shoes.

Men's Tan Patent Leather Shoes, silk vesting top, \$3.00 instead of \$4.00. Men's Boarded Calfskin Russet Shoes, \$2.00, instead of \$2.50. Men's Vici Kid Lace Shoes, vesting top, \$1.25. All the Latest fashionable styles for men are here—prices from \$1.25 to \$3.50.

Ladies' Colored Shoes.

Ladies' Vici Kid Chocolate Lace Shoes, fancy Silk Vesting top. Misses' Vici Kid Chocolate Lace Shoes, fancy Silk Vesting top. Child's Vici Kid Chocolate Lace Shoes, fancy Silk Vesting top. The size you want, and "pretty as peaches"—these new ones just in—and never were any made nor finished as well as these, and priced so low.

CRESCENT BICYCLES.

The price is not the only thing that has made Crescent Bicycles popular. No finer wheels in looks or quality. Crescent beauty speaks for itself.

Prices, \$25. \$30. \$35. \$50.

Kitchen Bargains.

2-quart covered Tin Pail, 5c each. Paring Knife, good quality, 2c each. 10c Anti-rust Tin Cups, 6c each. 15c Brooms, 9c each. Proctor & Gamble's Olive Soap, 4c a cake. 25c Glass hand Lamps, complete, 15c. Good quality plain Tumbler, 2c each. White-wash Brushes, from 4c up.

F. M. YOUNT, TANEYTOWN, MD. LITTLESTOWN Carriage Works.

Paas Calico Picture Papers. 12 sheets for 5 cents. Will color two dozen eggs. Paas Tablet Dyes. 12 Colors for 5c; none better. Why not gratify the children when dyes are so cheap? See samples in our show window, after April 1st.

S. D. MEHRING, MANUFACTURER OF FINE CARRIAGES AND BUGGIES, Buggies, Phaetons, Traps, Carts, Cutters, Fine Wagons, General Line of Light Vehicles. Repairing promptly done. Low Prices, and all work guaranteed. LITTLESTOWN, PA. Opposite Depot. Aug 21-94

Milton Academy. A few additional students can be accommodated after the close of the Public Schools, for the remainder of the term ending June 11th., 1898.

English Branches, Mathematics, Single and Double Entry Book-keeping, Civil Government, Commercial Law, etc.

The number of students being limited, application should be made at once.

HENRY MEIER, Principal. THE TANEYTOWN SAVINGS BANK, Does a General Banking Business, Loans money on Real or Personal Security. Discounts Notes, Collections and Remittances promptly made. Interest paid on Time Deposits.

HENRY GALT, Treasurer. W. W. CRAPSTER, President.

DIRECTORS. SAMUEL STONER, LEONARD ZILK, JOSHUA KUTZ, DANIEL NULL, JAMES C. GALT, JOHN J. CRAPSTER, T. H. ECKENRODE, CALVIN T. FRINGER, W. W. CRAPSTER, HENRY GALT.

FOR SALE! The best business site in Carroll county for Warehouse Lumber and coal yard, with Railroad siding. Fronting on Fred'k Div. P. R. R., 39 perches, on Baltimore St., Taneytown, 7 perches. For further particulars apply to T. H. ECKENRODE, Taneytown, Md.

HOW TO MAKE MONEY! If you are out of employment, and want a position, paying you from \$20 to \$30 monthly clear above expenses, by working regularly, or if you want to increase your present income from \$20 to \$30 monthly, by working at odd times, write the GLEANER, 221 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa., stating age, whether married or single, last or present employment, and how you can secure a position with them by which you can make more money easier and faster than you ever made before in your life.

Our Needs.

We all have our needs of various kinds. Our most important need, however, is Friends, but we have other needs as well as friends. We need Dry Goods, Notions, Boots and Shoes, Queensware, Carpets, Window Shades, Groceries, which are good and pure, Good Suits, Ready-made for our Boys, Sun Bonnets, which are coming—and a variety of such things as will add to the comfort and happiness of the community.

We want to tell you that we furnish all this Ad. contains at and our line of SPICES, &c., are straight goods—no compound. We don't handle them. They are worthless. We want to give you Pure Goods.

In short, our aim is to give you as much for One Dollar, as can be had anywhere in the country. We are constantly diving for bottom prices. All we ask is a chance to show our goods and name our prices, and you will be convinced of the truth.

ROCK BOTTOM PRICES, and our line of SPICES, &c., are straight goods—no compound. We don't handle them. They are worthless. We want to give you Pure Goods.

In short, our aim is to give you as much for One Dollar, as can be had anywhere in the country. We are constantly diving for bottom prices. All we ask is a chance to show our goods and name our prices, and you will be convinced of the truth.

ROCK BOTTOM PRICES, and our line of SPICES, &c., are straight goods—no compound. We don't handle them. They are worthless. We want to give you Pure Goods.

In short, our aim is to give you as much for One Dollar, as can be had anywhere in the country. We are constantly diving for bottom prices. All we ask is a chance to show our goods and name our prices, and you will be convinced of the truth.

ROCK BOTTOM PRICES, and our line of SPICES, &c., are straight goods—no compound. We don't handle them. They are worthless. We want to give you Pure Goods.

In short, our aim is to give you as much for One Dollar, as can be had anywhere in the country. We are constantly diving for bottom prices. All we ask is a chance to show our goods and name our prices, and you will be convinced of the truth.

ROCK BOTTOM PRICES, and our line of SPICES, &c., are straight goods—no compound. We don't handle them. They are worthless. We want to give you Pure Goods.

In short, our aim is to give you as much for One Dollar, as can be had anywhere in the country. We are constantly diving for bottom prices. All we ask is a chance to show our goods and name our prices, and you will be convinced of the truth.

ROCK BOTTOM PRICES, and our line of SPICES, &c., are straight goods—no compound. We don't handle them. They are worthless. We want to give you Pure Goods.

In short, our aim is to give you as much for One Dollar, as can be had anywhere in the country. We are constantly diving for bottom prices. All we ask is a chance to show our goods and name our prices, and you will be convinced of the truth.

ROCK BOTTOM PRICES, and our line of SPICES, &c., are straight goods—no compound. We don't handle them. They are worthless. We want to give you Pure Goods.

In short, our aim is to give you as much for One Dollar, as can be had anywhere in the country. We are constantly diving for bottom prices. All we ask is a chance to show our goods and name our prices, and you will be convinced of the truth.

ROCK BOTTOM PRICES, and our line of SPICES, &c., are straight goods—no compound. We don't handle them. They are worthless. We want to give you Pure Goods.

In short, our aim is to give you as much for One Dollar, as can be had anywhere in the country. We are constantly diving for bottom prices. All we ask is a chance to show our goods and name our prices, and you will be convinced of the truth.

ROCK BOTTOM PRICES, and our line of SPICES, &c., are straight goods—no compound. We don't handle them. They are worthless. We want to give you Pure Goods.

In short, our aim is to give you as much for One Dollar, as can be had anywhere in the country. We are constantly diving for bottom prices. All we ask is a chance to show our goods and name our prices, and you will be convinced of the truth.

ROCK BOTTOM PRICES, and our line of SPICES, &c., are straight goods—no compound. We don't handle them. They are worthless. We want to give you Pure Goods.

In short, our aim is to give you as much for One Dollar, as can be had anywhere in the country. We are constantly diving for bottom prices. All we ask is a chance to show our goods and name our prices, and you will be convinced of the truth.

ROCK BOTTOM PRICES, and our line of SPICES, &c., are straight goods—no compound. We don't handle them. They are worthless. We want to give you Pure Goods.

In short, our aim is to give you as much for One Dollar, as can be had anywhere in the country. We are constantly diving for bottom prices. All we ask is a chance to show our goods and name our prices, and you will be convinced of the truth.

ROCK BOTTOM PRICES, and our line of SPICES, &c., are straight goods—no compound. We don't handle them. They are worthless. We want to give you Pure Goods.

In short, our aim is to give you as much for One Dollar, as can be had anywhere in the country. We are constantly diving for bottom prices. All we ask is a chance to show our goods and name our prices, and you will be convinced of the truth.

ROCK BOTTOM PRICES, and our line of SPICES, &c., are straight goods—no compound. We don't handle them. They are worthless. We want to give you Pure Goods.

In short, our aim is to give you as much for One Dollar, as can be had anywhere in the country. We are constantly diving for bottom prices. All we ask is a chance to show our goods and name our prices, and you will be convinced of the truth.

NEW HARDWARE STORE!

At the New Hardware Store, recently opened by me at the old Elliot store stand in Taneytown, near the railroad, you will find a complete stock of Hardware of all Kinds, Bar Iron, Blacksmiths' and Builders' Supplies, Cutlery, Tools, Wire, Paints, Oils, Glass, Varnish, Woodenware, Rope, Chains, Shovels, Forks, and Everything usually found in a First-class Hardware Store.

I have opened this store to do business, and I assure the public that everything purchased from me will be at the Lowest Possible Price at which the goods can be sold either here or elsewhere.

Call and examine my stock when in need of anything in my line. Yours Respectfully, Milton H. Reindollar, Near Railroad, Taneytown, Md.

Call and examine my stock when in need of anything in my line. Yours Respectfully, Milton H. Reindollar, Near Railroad, Taneytown, Md.

Call and examine my stock when in need of anything in my line. Yours Respectfully, Milton H. Reindollar, Near Railroad, Taneytown, Md.

Call and examine my stock when in need of anything in my line. Yours Respectfully, Milton H. Reindollar, Near Railroad, Taneytown, Md.

Call and examine my stock when in need of anything in my line. Yours Respectfully, Milton H. Reindollar, Near Railroad, Taneytown, Md.

Call and examine my stock when in need of anything in my line. Yours Respectfully, Milton H. Reindollar, Near Railroad, Taneytown, Md.

Call and examine my stock when in need of anything in my line. Yours Respectfully, Milton H. Reindollar, Near Railroad, Taneytown, Md.

Call and examine my stock when in need of anything in my line. Yours Respectfully, Milton H. Reindollar, Near Railroad, Taneytown, Md.

Call and examine my stock when in need of anything in my line. Yours Respectfully, Milton H. Reindollar, Near Railroad, Taneytown, Md.

Call and examine my stock when in need of anything in my line. Yours Respectfully, Milton H. Reindollar, Near Railroad, Taneytown, Md.

Call and examine my stock when in need of anything in my line. Yours Respectfully, Milton H. Reindollar, Near Railroad, Taneytown, Md.

Call and examine my stock when in need of anything in my line. Yours Respectfully, Milton H. Reindollar, Near Railroad, Taneytown, Md.

Call and examine my stock when in need of anything in my line. Yours Respectfully, Milton H. Reindollar, Near Railroad, Taneytown, Md.

Call and examine my stock when in need of anything in my line. Yours Respectfully, Milton H. Reindollar, Near Railroad, Taneytown, Md.

Call and examine my stock when in need of anything in my line. Yours Respectfully, Milton H. Reindollar, Near Railroad, Taneytown, Md.

Call and examine my stock when in need of anything in my line. Yours Respectfully, Milton H. Reindollar, Near Railroad, Taneytown, Md.

Call and examine my stock when in need of anything in my line. Yours Respectfully, Milton H. Reindollar, Near Railroad, Taneytown, Md.

Call and examine my stock when in need of anything in my line. Yours Respectfully, Milton H. Reindollar, Near Railroad, Taneytown, Md.

Call and examine my stock when in need of anything in my line. Yours Respectfully, Milton H. Reindollar, Near Railroad, Taneytown, Md.

Call and examine my stock when in need of anything in my line. Yours Respectfully, Milton H. Reindollar, Near Railroad, Taneytown, Md.

Call and examine my stock when in need of anything in my line. Yours Respectfully, Milton H. Reindollar, Near Railroad, Taneytown, Md.

Call and examine my stock when in need of anything in my line. Yours Respectfully, Milton H. Reindollar, Near Railroad, Taneytown, Md.

Call and examine my stock when in need of anything in my line. Yours Respectfully, Milton H. Reindollar, Near Railroad, Taneytown, Md.

Call and examine my stock when in need of anything in my line. Yours Respectfully, Milton H. Reindollar, Near Railroad, Taneytown, Md.

Call and examine my stock when in need of anything in my line. Yours Respectfully, Milton H. Reindollar, Near Railroad, Taneytown, Md.

Statement of the NORTHERN ASSURANCE CO., of Liverpool, England, To December 31, 1897. Total Admitted Assets, \$1,702,710.00. Total Liabilities, 1,073,741.00. Net Surplus, 628,969.00.

Statement of the NORTH BRITISH MERCANTILE INSURANCE CO., of Liverpool, (England), To December 31, 1897. Total Admitted Assets, \$4,690,885.00. Total Liabilities, 2,162,850.00. Net Surplus, 2,528,035.00.

Statement of the AMERICAN FIRE INS. CO., of Philadelphia, Pa., To December 31, 1897. Capital, \$500,000.00. Total Admitted Assets, 2,657,197.00. Total Liabilities, 2,114,850.00. Net Surplus, 542,347.00.

Statement of the ST. PAUL FIRE & MARINE INS. CO., of St. Paul, Minn., To December 31, 1897. Capital, \$500,000.00. Total Admitted Assets, 2,255,430.00. Total Liabilities, 1,628,476.00. Net Surplus, 626,954.00.

Statement of the PENNSYLVANIA FIRE INS. CO., of Philadelphia, Pa., To December 31, 1897. Capital, \$400,000.00. Total Admitted Assets, 4,992,436.00. Total Liabilities, 2,863,600.00. Net Surplus, 2,128,836.00.

Statement of the COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE CO., of London, England, To December 31, 1897. Total Admitted Assets, \$3,375,287.00. Total Liabilities, 2,119,042.00. Net Surplus, 1,256,245.00.

Statement of the ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY, of Liverpool, England, To December 31, 1897. Total Admitted Assets, \$7,210,055.00. Total Liabilities, 4,861,020.00. Net Surplus, 2,349,035.00.

Statement of the NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY, of Norwich, England, To December 31, 1897. Total Admitted Assets, \$2,140,261.00. Total Liabilities, 1,285,006.00. Net Surplus, 855,255.00.

Statement of the FIRE ASSOCIATION OF PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA, To December 31, 1897. Capital, \$500,000.00. Total Admitted Assets, 5,493,929.00. Total Liabilities, 4,802,236.00. Net Surplus, 691,693.00.



PROSPECTS OF WAR.

The President's Message to be Withheld until Monday.

A LAST EFFORT FOR PEACE.

The President's message, promised for Wednesday, was withheld at the request of General Lee, and is now not likely to be sent before Monday, and then likely in a changed form to meet the situation as it may be then.

There were two reasons for withholding the message. Consul-General Lee advised the President that it would be impossible to get all the Americans out of Cuba before Sunday, and that they would be in grave peril if the message were sent to Congress before their departure from the island.

The second reason was the President's hope, in view of developments at Madrid, that the differences between the United States and Spain could be adjusted without resort to war.

The President is thought to be still the master of the situation, as far as Congress is concerned, and if further postponement is considered necessary it may be acquiesced in by Congress.

There were expressions of discontent on the part of republican members of the House at the delay in transmitting the message, and a conference presided by Speaker Hily, reported to the Representative, was held after the adjournment of the House.

A special cablegram from Madrid states that a great and final attempt at peace is on foot there. A surprise is said to be likely to develop out of the situation.

The Queen Regent has practically taken the direction of the government in the hands of her ministers, and in her course there is hope of peace.

An ominous calm, according to the latest advices, prevails in Havana, and there are grave fears that a riot may be started at any time. A war fever has caused the city, and the volunteers hold frequent drills before throngs of people.

Postoffice Don'ts.

Don't write messages on the margins of newspapers, or send notes in packages of merchandise, unless you notify the postmaster and pay letter rates on the whole.

Don't call for your mail on Sunday. Your postmaster may be a model one, and as accommodating as can reasonably be expected, yet resent being called on on Sunday.

Don't stand in front of the post-office case and savagely jab your finger against the glass in front of your box. Walk squarely up in front of the delivery window and call your name or number.

Don't laugh or talk boisterously, or engage in a tussle, while the mail is being distributed. The proper distribution of a large mail is a very particular and arduous job, and outside confusion has a tendency to materially interfere with the efficiency of those doing the work.

Don't affix a one-cent stamp to a sealed letter in order to provide for its over-weight. A letter requires either two, four or six cents, according to weight.

Don't put off buying money orders or having letters registered, until near the time of dispatching the mail. The postmaster generally has all he can do, during the last few minutes, in getting his mail in proper shape for the train.

Don't open a letter not addressed to you, even if it is handed to you by the Postmaster through mistake. The government holds the person responsible who opens a letter addressed to another.

Don't imagine that a newspaper costs a cent to mail it. The rate is one cent for each four ounces, no matter about the number of papers.

Don't put off buying money orders or having letters registered, until near the time of dispatching the mail. The postmaster generally has all he can do, during the last few minutes, in getting his mail in proper shape for the train.

Don't open a letter not addressed to you, even if it is handed to you by the Postmaster through mistake. The government holds the person responsible who opens a letter addressed to another.

Don't imagine that a newspaper costs a cent to mail it. The rate is one cent for each four ounces, no matter about the number of papers.

Copperville.

Mr. and Mrs. Percy Shriver, of Trevaux, gave a dinner in honor of Mr. J. H. Taylor, on Thursday of last week—a compliment that was well deserved. On the following evening he left Trevaux, and went to Mr. Louis J. Hemler's, where he staid all night, and went to his home near Emmitsburg the next day.

We are informed that Mr. Addison Sauble, of Sycamore Hill, had his hand severely injured by getting it caught in a corn crusher one day last week. Farming has become almost as dangerous as railroading on account of the amount of improved and labor-saving machinery with which they have to contend, such as wood-saws, fodder cutters and shredders, chopping mills, mowers, binders, etc.

Mrs. Appold, who moved here from Prizelburg, a few years ago, moved to Westminster on Wednesday. She was living in the house of her sister Mrs. Goulden, who made her home with her.

Valie, the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Myers, is quite ill with whooping cough and pneumonia. The cow fever is epidemic here, and is on par with that of horses.

The Queen Regent has practically taken the direction of the government in the hands of her ministers, and in her course there is hope of peace.

An ominous calm, according to the latest advices, prevails in Havana, and there are grave fears that a riot may be started at any time. A war fever has caused the city, and the volunteers hold frequent drills before throngs of people.

An ominous calm, according to the latest advices, prevails in Havana, and there are grave fears that a riot may be started at any time. A war fever has caused the city, and the volunteers hold frequent drills before throngs of people.

An ominous calm, according to the latest advices, prevails in Havana, and there are grave fears that a riot may be started at any time. A war fever has caused the city, and the volunteers hold frequent drills before throngs of people.

An ominous calm, according to the latest advices, prevails in Havana, and there are grave fears that a riot may be started at any time. A war fever has caused the city, and the volunteers hold frequent drills before throngs of people.

An ominous calm, according to the latest advices, prevails in Havana, and there are grave fears that a riot may be started at any time. A war fever has caused the city, and the volunteers hold frequent drills before throngs of people.

An ominous calm, according to the latest advices, prevails in Havana, and there are grave fears that a riot may be started at any time. A war fever has caused the city, and the volunteers hold frequent drills before throngs of people.

An ominous calm, according to the latest advices, prevails in Havana, and there are grave fears that a riot may be started at any time. A war fever has caused the city, and the volunteers hold frequent drills before throngs of people.

An ominous calm, according to the latest advices, prevails in Havana, and there are grave fears that a riot may be started at any time. A war fever has caused the city, and the volunteers hold frequent drills before throngs of people.

An ominous calm, according to the latest advices, prevails in Havana, and there are grave fears that a riot may be started at any time. A war fever has caused the city, and the volunteers hold frequent drills before throngs of people.

An ominous calm, according to the latest advices, prevails in Havana, and there are grave fears that a riot may be started at any time. A war fever has caused the city, and the volunteers hold frequent drills before throngs of people.

An ominous calm, according to the latest advices, prevails in Havana, and there are grave fears that a riot may be started at any time. A war fever has caused the city, and the volunteers hold frequent drills before throngs of people.

An ominous calm, according to the latest advices, prevails in Havana, and there are grave fears that a riot may be started at any time. A war fever has caused the city, and the volunteers hold frequent drills before throngs of people.

An ominous calm, according to the latest advices, prevails in Havana, and there are grave fears that a riot may be started at any time. A war fever has caused the city, and the volunteers hold frequent drills before throngs of people.

An ominous calm, according to the latest advices, prevails in Havana, and there are grave fears that a riot may be started at any time. A war fever has caused the city, and the volunteers hold frequent drills before throngs of people.

HUMOR

JUST HIS LUCK.

The Woman in the Sent in Front had a Big Hat, But— "Just my infernal luck!" growled Smithers to himself. "Here I've paid \$2 for this suit and now I won't be able to see a blamed thing!"

The gentleman reader has no doubt already guessed that the above remarks were caused by a theater hat. Such was indeed the case. It was a big hat, and the lady who wore it was no means newsworthy.

It's a downright swindle; that's what it is! he muttered under his breath, for he lacked the nerve to voice his sentiments aloud. "The idea of charging a man \$2 to sit and look at a hat. How a lady who pretends to be well bred can wear a thing like that to the theater beats me. Now, if I were to put on my High hat the people behind me would raise an awful ruck, although it would merely shut off their view of that confounded mass of plumes and things. After this I shall stay at home and read about the plays in the newspapers. Ah, there goes the overture! I can hear that anyway. It's strange that the women don't buy some way of interesting sound too. That would make their happiness complete. And yet they talk about giving women more rights! They'll want us poor men to get off the earth next. I wish we lived in the good old days of unlimited despotism and I could lord high what you may call it."

But the world will never know what Smithers would do in that case, for at that moment the lady in front of him removed the offending headgear and placed it in her lap just as the curtain rose on the first act of the play.—New York Sunday World.

The Greater New York. "Oh, conductor!" the man from the West on the through train for New York beckoned to the man with the gold bracelet in the car.

"What I want to know," explained the man from the west, "is whether we leave Buffalo, or is the assertion that the city limits overlap a campaign lie?" —Chicago Post.

A Safe Place. "I have determined to go to Klondike," said the tragedian. "To dig gold?" "No, sir; to act."

An Entertaining Journalist. Editor—Jim, I understand that old state building as the crossroads is to be torn down. The Printer—Yep. They begin to-morrow. Editor—Well, just slip around and put a live tuck in the wall. We must have something to fill up with this week.—New York Weekly.

Adoring Grandmother—Isn't he a lovely child? Calm Visitor—Yes, he's a nice little baby. Adoring Grandmother (interrupting)—And so intelligent! He just lies there all day and breathes and breathes and breathes.—Up to Date.

A Boy's Fancy. "George," said his mother, "why do you pay so much attention to that Mid-dleton girl? She has a face like an apple pie." "That's my favorite pie, mother," said George.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

The Shocked Briton. "An unbecoming lady" gasped the British tourist as he read the headline. "Great heavens, is it possible that scalping is still prevalent in this country?" —New York Journal.

As George Heard It. "Always be honest and upright, my boy," said Washington, Sr., patting his son on the head. "And some day you can make a United States for yourself to be president of."

A Fashion Note. "Oh, the embroglio with Spain, I suppose you have reference to?" "Yes, that's the way it's headed in the papers. Think they're going to fight?" "Not very likely to. Going to dye one way or another, are you?" "Say, that's pretty good. I caught all right. But I ain't joking. Wuz you ever married, young man?" "No." "Well, maybe you can help me out, anyway. There's a widow moved on to the next farm to mine, and she peeps over the fence at me every time I peeps over the fence at her. Now, if I dyes my hair and whiskers I catches her. I'm fifty six years old, and exempt from war service, but I kin dye down to forty-one of its the real blue shiny kind. Dyed up proper, with a sea-gar and new gallesons on, I don't know but what I'd pass for thirty-eight."

The "new shape" makes the carrying of your pets very easy, at the same time leaving the hands free.—New York Journal.

FIGURES OF SPEECH. While anny was reading a story one night, To good little Oliver's smiling delight, She came upon something remarkably queer That good little Oliver wouldn't hear.

Interruption was rude, the dear child had been taught, So he said not a word, but he thought, and he thought, and the longer he pondered the stranger it The thing that Jane Ann was reported to do.

He felt of his eyes with mysterious doubt And wondered how she could have taken hers out; And how—this was really what puzzled him more— They could fall on a thing which had caught them.

WM. F. DERR. News of the Spring-time GREAT MODEL EMPORIUM, West of Railroad, Westminster, Md.

OUR OPENING OF New Dress Fabrics IN BLACKS AND COLORS.

It is always looked for with great interest by every lady of good taste. They have learned to depend on the correctness of our styles. We are now ready with an entirely new and magnificent stock at very tempting prices.

Colored Dress Goods. Black Dress Goods.

All the new weaves shown on our counters; among those most sought after are Whip-cords, Epingles, Bengalines, Checks, Poplins, Bayarderes, Coat Cloth, Bieges, Broad-cloths, etc., etc.

New Silk Fabrics. New Wash Fabrics.

An endless variety of the choicest weaves in the designer's and weaver's art are displayed in our Silk stock. Brocade Satins, Glace, Taffetas, Brocade Taffetas, Checks, Stripes, etc.

The Great Model Emporium, WM. F. DERR, Near Railroad, WESTMINSTER, MD.

Sale Register. Sharrr & Gorsuch, WESTMINSTER, MD.

Special Notices. Sharr & Gorsuch, WESTMINSTER, MD.

FOR SALE. Pure Imperial Peltin Duck Eggs. MARTIN D. HESS, Harney, Md.

FOR EASTER. Easter Cards, Eggs, Chickens, Rabbits, Dogs, and Cats; also Kidman's and Hayden's Egg Dye for coloring Eggs. Nice assortment at \$1.00 for thirteen.

WANTED. 200 Chickens, old and young—roosters excepted. Highest cash price paid. W. H. HARK, near Taneytown.

FOR good fresh Wheat Bread, or Graham and Rye Bread, Cakes, Rolls and Pies, go to the Taneytown Bakery. G. A. SHORMAKER.

WANTED. Girl for general house-work. Apply to Mrs. G. A. ARNOLD, Taneytown, Md.

NEW STOCK! Latest novelties in notions and eye-brows, Ribbons, Reindollers, Taneytown Old and new hats made beautiful by her stylish milliner, who has just returned from the city. Apr. 9-25

The Natural Bridge. The famous natural bridge of Virginia has just been purchased by H. S. Caruth of Boston, who will immediately enter into possession of the property and make his home in Virginia for a part of the year.

Chicago Landlords. A Chicago paper complains that \$100,000,000 worth of property in that city is held by absentee landlords, and the worst of it is that many of these absentee landlords make their home in New York, thus helping to swell the population of the latter city.

Chicago Landlords. A Chicago paper complains that \$100,000,000 worth of property in that city is held by absentee landlords, and the worst of it is that many of these absentee landlords make their home in New York, thus helping to swell the population of the latter city.

OAK HALL'S Spring Opening! Tuesday, April 12th, 1898.

You are cordially invited to attend our Spring Opening. DRESS GOODS. Our Dress Goods selections are superior to any we have offered. We don't sell fancy tales or high sounding names with our Dress Goods, but you will find Silks, Mixed Novelties, Convert Cloths, Whip-cords, Serges, Poplins, Wide Wide Suitings, Crepons, Grenadines, Fancy Plaids, both Silk and Worsted, in great variety.

MEMBERS OF THE FIRM. Geo. H. Birnie, A. David Hess, Edward E. Reindollar, John E. Davidson, Martin D. Hess, Edwin H. Sharetts, Luther T. Sharetts, Edward Shorb.

Geo. H. BIRNIE & Co., BANKERS, TANEYTOWN, MD.

when one wants to look up the latest styles for Spring and Summer. It is a question with all, as to which is the best place to go to find the "newest of the new," and the greatest values for the money.

The Time Has Arrived Our Hats and Ties

for spring have arrived, and they are beauties in style, and very reasonable in price. Watch our show window.

Our Shoe Department.

We have a very nice line of Shoes for Men and Boys. Our "Vici Kids," in chocolate and black, are dandies for comfort.

COOMBS & LITTLE, Clothiers and Furnishers, TANEYTOWN, MD.

WEANT & KOONS, TANEYTOWN, MD.

Ladies' Wrappers. All neat patterns, standard prints, braid trimmings, fancy yokes for 59c. We have them better for 75c, 95c and \$1.25.

DRESS GOODS.

Your first thought on seeing our new Dress Goods will be, "What a great variety we have to select from!" All wool, Imperial Serges, colors and black; Brocades, 40 inches wide, unequalled value, 25c. Brocading, all latest designs, good colors, 10c.

Carpets and Mattings.

Extra Heavy Quality Ingrain Carpets; pretty patterns; new designs, full yard wide, 31c to 32c. Excellent quality Ingrain wool mixed, closely woven, 37c. CHINA MATTING—good weights, fancy plaids; our price 9c to 20c.

WESTERN MARYLAND R. R.

Table with columns: Read down, STATIONS, Read Up. Lists stations like Cherry Run, Bar Pool, Clear Spring, etc.

Additional trains leave Baltimore for Taneytown and Intermediate Stations at 6:00 a.m., and 6:30 p.m., and leave Union Bridge for Baltimore at 6:30 a.m., and 6:50 p.m.

Additional trains leave Baltimore for Taneytown and Intermediate Stations at 6:00 a.m., and 6:30 p.m., and leave Union Bridge for Baltimore at 6:30 a.m., and 6:50 p.m.

Additional trains leave Baltimore for Taneytown and Intermediate Stations at 6:00 a.m., and 6:30 p.m., and leave Union Bridge for Baltimore at 6:30 a.m., and 6:50 p.m.

Additional trains leave Baltimore for Taneytown and Intermediate Stations at 6:00 a.m., and 6:30 p.m., and leave Union Bridge for Baltimore at 6:30 a.m., and 6:50 p.m.

Additional trains leave Baltimore for Taneytown and Intermediate Stations at 6:00 a.m., and 6:30 p.m., and leave Union Bridge for Baltimore at 6:30 a.m., and 6:50 p.m.

Additional trains leave Baltimore for Taneytown and Intermediate Stations at 6:00 a.m., and 6:30 p.m., and leave Union Bridge for Baltimore at 6:30 a.m., and 6:50 p.m.

Additional trains leave Baltimore for Taneytown and Intermediate Stations at 6:00 a.m., and 6:30 p.m., and leave Union Bridge for Baltimore at 6:30 a.m., and 6:50 p.m.

Additional trains leave Baltimore for Taneytown and Intermediate Stations at 6:00 a.m., and 6:30 p.m., and leave Union Bridge for Baltimore at 6:30 a.m., and 6:50 p.m.

Additional trains leave Baltimore for Taneytown and Intermediate Stations at 6:00 a.m., and 6:30 p.m., and leave Union Bridge for Baltimore at 6:30 a.m., and 6:50 p.m.

Additional trains leave Baltimore for Taneytown and Intermediate Stations at 6:00 a.m., and 6:30 p.m., and leave Union Bridge for Baltimore at 6:30 a.m., and 6:50 p.m.

Additional trains leave Baltimore for Taneytown and Intermediate Stations at 6:00 a.m., and 6:30 p.m., and leave Union Bridge for Baltimore at 6:30 a.m., and 6:50 p.m.

Additional trains leave Baltimore for Taneytown and Intermediate Stations at 6:00 a.m., and 6:30 p.m., and leave Union Bridge for Baltimore at 6:30 a.m., and 6:50 p.m.

Additional trains leave Baltimore for Taneytown and Intermediate Stations at 6:00 a.m., and 6:30 p.m., and leave Union Bridge for Baltimore at 6:30 a.m., and 6:50 p.m.

Additional trains leave Baltimore for Taneytown and Intermediate Stations at 6:00 a.m., and 6:30 p.m., and leave Union Bridge for Baltimore at 6:30 a.m., and 6:50 p.m.

Additional trains leave Baltimore for Taneytown and Intermediate Stations at 6:00 a.m., and 6:30 p.m., and leave Union Bridge for Baltimore at 6:30 a.m., and 6:50 p.m.