

THE CARROLL REPORT.

Vol. 1, No. 24.

TANEYTOWN, MARYLAND, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 15, 1894.

\$1.00 Per Year.

LOCALS AND PERSONALS.

Those bills for advertising are now ready, and will be sent out on the 20th.

Mr. H. M. Clabaugh is visiting his brother, Mr. G. W. Clabaugh, of Denver, Colorado.

Mr. Harry and Nora Baumgardner have been visiting friends in Fairfield, Pa., the past week.

Mr. Josiah Cluts, of New street has been confined to the house for over a week from rheumatism.

Mrs. E. W. Stoner of Union Bridge who has been very ill for several weeks, is now convalescing.

The various churches are preparing for their Christmas services, and this year will no doubt find them up to their usual excellence.

Mr. Archie Crouse left on Thursday for the Western Maryland Road where he has been employed as fireman.

Mr. James Davidson one of our best known citizens is down with Pneumonia. He was taken ill suddenly on last Saturday morning.

Mr. Charles A. Kohler, now a student of Telegraphy at Chatham, New York, will return home on Saturday and remain over the holidays.

Mr. Jacob F. Beck, a well known farmer a stone mason, living at Mt. Union this county, died suddenly on Tuesday of heart disease.

Dr. G. T. Motter was summoned to Frederick on Friday evening, by a telegram stating that Mrs. John C. Motter was very ill. We learn that she is much better.

Mrs. Lewis M. Motter and Miss Gertrude Annan, of Emmitsburg, Md., visited at Dr. G. T. Motter's this week, on their way home from Hanover, Pa.

When thinking of what you should buy for a Christmas present, do not forget that a year's subscription to the RECORD would be very acceptable in many cases.

There seems to be an unusual number of cases of pneumonia in the neighborhood. While there is not a great amount of sickness nearly all who get sick, get this disease in some form.

It is currently reported that "Bud" Clineinst, who has been in the employ of Mr. J. Forward of the Creamery, is a defaulter to a considerable extent, and is consequently "non est."

It is reported that parties are going through the country buying up eggs and poultry at prices higher than the present market price, possibly anticipating higher prices during the holidays.

The editor is indebted to Mr. Wm. A. Golden of Pittsburg, for a late copy of the Sunday edition of the *Pittsburg Dispatch*. A marked article on the present and prospective advantages of the trolley car was read with interest.

As stated previously we must decline to publish the weight of hogs. There is no doubt that such items are of interest to a few people, but we see proper to draw the line at "hogology," and hope no one will be offended.

Mary, a little daughter of Mr. Calvin T. Fringer, had the misfortune of breaking her right arm, on Monday morning while playing. She jumped off of a bed and by some means fell heavily to the floor, with the result, as stated, Dr. G. T. Motter rendered the necessary surgical attention.

Our Taneytown History is interesting many people who have never lived here and is recalling to many of our older citizens incidents that had been forgotten. The author proposes to give a history of each of our churches before the history closes, and this feature alone will be of much interest and value.

Hon. John A. Swope has been elected president of the Gettysburg National Bank for the second time, having served in that capacity before his election to congress. It is rather remarkable that both his father and grandfather were also presidents of the same bank, and in the same building.

Our merchants know the value of advertising in a paper that is read and appreciated, as our columns this week testify to. Probably some may think we took our little horn too much, and border on the egotistic, but really we can't help it, don't want to help it, and intend to keep right at it.

The application for charter for the Pleasant Valley Camp of P. O. S. of A. has been received by District President Englar and the new Camp will be instituted on Monday evening next by officers from Westminster and Taneytown, and the National Secretary, Mr. F. Stees of Philadelphia.

Remember that we now furnish the New York semi-weekly *World* (Democratic) or the *N. Y. Tribune* (Republican) with the RECORD for \$1.25 per annum. It has not yet been decided whether these offers will be continued after January 1st, therefore if you contemplate accepting either it is our safest to do this year.

Our Water committee should soon be ready to make a report, so that time would be given before spring opens to investigate another plan, should the present one prove impracticable. The Waynesboro Company recently paid a four per cent dividend; it would be interesting to know the cost of the plants of the neighboring towns and the dividends paid by the companies.

Mr. Amos Ditters of Taneytown, purchased at public sale, on Tuesday 11th, for Jacob S. Martin, 82 years of age, 166 acres of land, with double sets of buildings, situated four miles north-east of Littlestown, in Conowingo, from the executor of Henry Felty, Dec., for the sum of \$10,325, and on the same day sold at private sale to E. Forney Rife, 66 acres and a set of improvements, for \$5,300.

NOTES HERE AND THERE.

Hanover now has a complete telephone service, as well as its sister town, McSherrystown.

Mr. R. W. Walden of Middleburg has shipped two car-loads of race horses to his Texas ranch, and one car load to New Orleans to enter races.

Mr. J. Henry Knipple a prominent citizen of Silver Run died on Sunday night aged 74 years. He was a democrat and an active politician.

Mr. Daniel Mickle of Waynesboro, Pa., who is said to be the only survivor of the War of 1812 residing in Pennsylvania, entered his one hundredth year on last Saturday.

The Cumberland Valley Base Ball league has been formed, and is composed of clubs from York, Hanover, Waynesboro, Chambersburg, Carlisle, Hagerstown, Frederick and Martinsburg.

Mr. Harvey Study, a Hotel Keeper at Silver Run, died on Tuesday from Pneumonia, and was buried on Thursday. He was twenty five years of age, and leaves a widow and two small children.

Cards of invitation have been issued for the marriage of Miss Mattie May, daughter of Mr. L. F. Miller, and Mr. E. D. Buckey, a prominent young business man of Union Bridge, and son of the Hon. D. E. Buckey, of this county. The ceremony will be performed in St. James Lutheran church, Union Bridge, on the 10th. instant. —*Examiner*.

The statement in a Hanover paper last week that the work had been begun on the Gettysburg end of the proposed Trolley road to Baltimore is a mistake. As far as known here the Trolley has not taken any steps to get from the Commonwealth the necessary authority to make this extension, or to procure a right of way for the road. —*Star and Sentinel*.

Frederick city will celebrate its one hundred and fiftieth anniversary in September 1895, by appropriate ceremonies which are already being prepared for. The Junior Mechanics and the Key Monument Association are taking a prominent part in the matter and are working together. It is probable that the event will have for prominent features, a trades display and firemen's parade.

The report of the auditor of the Treasury for the Post office department shows the revenue and expenses for the various presidential post-offices in Maryland, among which we note the following: Emmitsburg, receipts \$2,131.58, expenses \$1,238.25; Westminster receipts \$5604.38, expenses \$2681.90; Frederick, receipts \$14,100.09, expenses \$8583.10; Hagerstown, receipts \$17,953.63, expenses \$10,148.82.

The total value of all the real and personal property in the town of Union Bridge as found on the assessment book, not including any church or Railroad property is, in round numbers, \$417,000. Of this amount the real estate is \$300,000, and the personal, \$117,000. The corporation tax is twenty cents and the water tax nine cents on the \$100—total town tax 29 cents on the \$100. —*Carroll News*.

The new Lutheran Church at Silver Run is very near completion. This week a large force of the members assembled at the church and graded the grounds. A few finishing touches to the tower and the exterior of this handsome church will be completed by the end of the week. The committee to finish the Sunday-school room as promptly as possible and to use that part of the building for services until the main body of the church shall be ready for occupancy. —*Baltimore Sun*.

Charles Wells was arrested at Carroll Station, on Thursday, charged with having robbed the store of Evans Brothers at that place last week. Since the robbery he had been keeping out of the way, but was likely thinking himself in no danger, he appeared in the store which had been robbed, when he was promptly seized by several men present and placed in charge of a constable. Wells was armed when arrested, and was also having in his possession a quantity of concealed weapons. He is now in the county jail.

MARRIED.

ENGELAR-BIXLER.—At the residence of the bride's parents near Westminster on the 6th, Mr. Samuel E. Englar, of Sams Creek, to Miss Mollie Bixler.

SMITH-STRAWBURG.—At the residence of the groom's sister, Mr. John A. Smith, of near Unionville, to Miss Sally C. Strawburg, of near Union Bridge.

COVER-SULLIVAN.—At Carroll Reformed parsonage, on the 30th, Mr. Samuel Cover, of Silver Run, to Miss Gertrude Y. Sullivan, of Uniontown.

RINEHART-SCHAEFFER.—On the 12th at Grace Lutheran church Westminster, Mr. Wm. E. Rinehart, to Miss Carrie B. Schaeffer. Ceremony by Rev. P. H. Miller.

KISER-DELAPLANE.—On Dec 3rd, in Gettysburg, Pa., Mr. Frank Kiser, of Baltimore, to Miss Alice Delaplane, of Bridgeport.

DIED.

KNIPPLE.—On the 9th, at his home in Silver Run, Mr. J. Henry Knipple, in his 74th year.

STUDY.—On the 11th at Silver Run, Mr. Harvey E. Study aged 35 years.

FRINGER.—On the 9th, at his home in Taneytown, Mr. James F. Fringer, aged 30 years, 1 month and 18 days. Internment on Wednesday morning in the Reformed Cemetery.

BECK.—On the 11th, near Mt. Union, Mr. Jacob F. Beck, aged 63 years, 8 months and 9 days.

A delegation from Thurmont, Frederick county, waited on Governor Brown in an effort to have the new state insane asylum located at that place.

HYMENEAL.

RINEHART-SCHAEFFER.

Westminster, Md., Dec. 12.—Miss Carrie Belle Schaeffer, eldest daughter of Mr. Chas. Schaeffer, of the firm of H. S. Roberts & Co., of Westminster, and Mr. Wm. Edwin Rinehart, son of Mr. Wm. G. Rinehart, were married at Grace Evangelical Lutheran church by Rev. P. H. Miller in the presence of a large congregation. The church was elaborately decorated, and Mrs. Dr. W. H. White presided at the organ and played many choice selections, among which was the wedding march by Mendelssohn. The wedding procession moved up the aisle in the following order: four ushers—Clarence L. Clenson, of Union Bridge; Charles R. Foutz, of Baltimore; Howard F. Schaeffer and Frank A. Cassell, of Westminster; the bridesmaid, Miss Edna Schaeffer, a cousin of the bride, attired in a gown of pink silk with ribbon trimmings; Miss Bessie O. Herr in white silk, and Miss Lydia R. Woodward in yellow silk, and Miss Carrie E. Rinehart, sister of the groom, in blue-green silk, with pearl and lace trimmings; the bride and groom; the bride wore a gown of heavy cream-white satin, with lace and pearl trimmings. She had bride roses in her hair and carried a point lace handkerchief and a satin-bound prayer-book. The Rev. P. H. Miller was assisted in the ceremony by Rev. S. A. Diehl, uncle of the bride. Little Miss Ada Schaeffer, dressed in light blue silk, with crepe and ribbon trimmings, strewed the path of the bridal couple with flowers as they went out.

ENGELAR-BIXLER.

On the 6th, instant at the residence of Elder E. Bixler, near Westminster, about one hundred guests assembled to witness the marriage of Miss Mollie A. Bixler to Mr. Samuel E. Englar, of Sams Creek. At 3 o'clock preceded by Mr. Ernest Senseney, of Liverpool, and Daniel Englar, the groom's brother, the happy couple were met in the parlor by Elder E. W. Stoner, of Union Bridge, who performed the ceremony that made them husband and wife. A sumptuous repast of good things was then broken by all, after which the bride and groom, amid showers of rice departed for a wedding trip to Washington, D. C.

Orphan's Court Proceedings.

MONDAY, Dec. 10th, 1894.—Charles E. Flunk, administrator d. b. n. of Joseph Moore, deceased, returned inventory of Leasehold property as required by order to sell Leasehold property.

Elizabeth N. Buckingham and Dennis T. Buckingham, administrator of Dennis Buckingham, deceased, returned list sale of goods and chattels.

Catharine Reinhart, executrix of John C. Reinhart, deceased, returned inventory of goods and chattels and list of debts.

TUESDAY, Dec. 11th, 1894.—William S. Gladhill, bonded as guardian of Mary C. Hiltz, and testament of Mary C. Hiltz, deceased, admitted to probate and letters testamentary granted to Ptolomy S. Hiltz.

Report sale of real estate of David Lippy, deceased, finally ratified.

National Park at Gettysburg.

General Daniel E. Sickles has introduced a bill in Congress to establish a National Park at Gettysburg. The bill provides that the lands now owned by the Battlefields Association, amounting to about 890 acres, be purchased by the government for the sum of \$200,000; that the National Cemetery and other government property be included in the proposed park, and that other property be acquired either by purchase or condemnation.

Provision is made for the care of the monuments now on the ground, and for the further marking of important positions; penalties are named for the desecration of the grounds, and it is the aim of the bill to give the government direct control and supervision of the historic spot.

Resolutions of Respect.

At a special meeting, called by the president of Washington Camp No. 2, of Taneytown, P. O. S. of A., held Monday evening Dec. 10th, 1894, the following resolutions were adopted:

WHEREAS, It has pleased Him in whose hands the life and destiny of all men rest, to remove from our midst and to his eternal reward Brother James F. Fringer who has always been an earnest supporter of our Order and a consistent member of Camp No. 2, of Taneytown, fearless in advocating our principle of right and justice to our public school system, and a true and patriotic son of America; therefore be it

Resolved, That while we deeply feel our loss, we humbly bow in submission to the unerring wisdom of Him who doth all things well.

Resolved, That in his death our Camp has sustained a great loss, and that the duties on our rolls that can never be replaced, a vacancy has been caused in our ranks, a light has been extinguished, a gloom pervades our Camp room, but that which has been our loss we hope and trust will be his eternal gain, and that the true and earnest brother has only withdrawn from our Camp here on earth to join the great Commandery in Heaven.

Resolved, That we tender to his bereaved family our heartfelt sympathy and condolence in this hour of affliction.

Resolved, That as a mark of our great respect we prepare a eulogy mourning for a period of sixty days; that these resolutions be transcribed on a page of the Camp record.

Resolved, That these resolutions be published in the CARROLL RECORD and the American Sentinel, and a copy of them be sent to the family of the deceased.

LEVI D. REID,
JOHN S. BOWEN,
THEODORE FAIR,
Committee.

Bogus Collectors.

Two strangers have been traveling through Frederick county representing themselves with having the authority to collect premiums on fire insurance policies. Mr. William A. Morningstar, of Line Kiln, was called on by the men, who told him that the premium was due on his policy and that they had been sent to collect it. Mr. Morningstar, however, declined to pay, and called to see Mr. F. G. Thomas, of Frederick city the agent of the company in which he is insured. Mr. Thomas informed Mr. Morningstar that he owed him no money and that no one had been authorized to call on him. —*Examiner*.

Death of Mr. James F. Fringer.

Death has again visited our town and this time laid his hands on one who was scarcely in the prime of manhood, one whose life work had scarcely more than begun and who had almost every thing at hand worth living for in this world.—Mr. James F. Fringer.

As stated in our last issue he had contracted a cold which developed into pneumonia from the effects of which collapse came on Sunday evening at about 6 o'clock, notwithstanding the best of medical attention and nursing. Mr. Fringer was 30 years, month and 18 days old, and leaves a wife and daughter and two brothers, Calvin T., living near town, and Reuben in California, to mourn his untimely taking off, as well as a large number of relatives and friends.

Since his marriage he had been a resident of the Bixler home at Taneytown, almost continuously for twelve years, part of the time a select school, and was regarded as a successful teacher. He was a member of the Taneytown Literary Society in which he was much interested, and a member and Past President of the P. O. S. of A. of this place, which latter had charge of the funeral arrangements.

The funeral took place on Wednesday morning from the Reformed church, and notwithstanding the very rainy and disagreeable weather, the church was filled to overflowing by a large concourse of sympathetic friends and relations. The pastor, Rev. A. Bateman delivered an excellent sermon, and at the grave the burial service of the P. O. S. of A. was read in addition to the customary service of the church. The pall bearers were Henry C. Wilt, W. E. Burke, Joseph Harner, Harry L. Feeser, James B. Galt and Clayton Copenlaver all public school teachers.

The floral tributes were very handsome and were presented by the Literary Society and the lodge.

An Important Decision.

The Circuit Court of Frederick county in the case of Marie Hiltz versus the Baltimore Turnpike Company, has decided an important point in establishing that, according to the Act of 1804, chapter 51, a person living on or near a turnpike, within the limits of the county, cannot be compelled to pay toll more than once every twenty-four hours. He may drive through a gate, with horse and buggy, and by paying one toll have his employees pass through every moment in the day without extra toll.

He told a cattle dealer, and was told hundreds of cattle, as well as sheep and hogs, and yet not be compelled to pay more than the one toll for the horse and buggy he was driving when he went through the gate prior to the decision rendered by the court.

Justice Honeck, Hiltz went through the gate on the pike near Frederick during the days of the last county fair, followed by a team containing his family. He refused to pay toll, and the case was brought, judgment was rendered against him, and he appealed. —*American*.

The Next Senate.

Commenting on the uncertain political complexion of the next Senate, the *Frederick Journal* says:

"The present Senate consists of eighty-five members. The State delegations are not, however, all full. Three of the far Western States, Montana, Washington and Wyoming, have a single Senator, and a few sent them. This happened because those Commonwealths did not choose the members who should have been elected in 1893, according to law. Their Legislatures met, failed to agree on a candidate, and the Governor appointed Senators to fill the vacancies afterwards. But the Senate refused to receive the three gentlemen elected as duly qualified. Next January the Legislature of each of the States has another chance to elect a Senator. As each legislative body is republican, this means the addition of three members to the Senate, all republicans. That will bring the membership of the Senate up to eighty-eight, and will raise the number of republicans to thirty-nine. At present the democrats have forty-four Senators, including Irbry, of South Carolina, the republicans thirty-eight, including the two Nevada members, and the populists three. But of sixty-four, three democrats have been elected, and the democrats have forty-four. The democrats have made known their intentions to leave the republicans members to thirty-six, to which the three members newly elected from Montana, Washington and Wyoming have been added, giving the republicans thirty-nine members. Now North Carolina has one short-term Senator to elect, who will be a republican, it is said. The Legislature of that State also meets in January, and this new member will sit in his seat with the three republicans from the far West."

"A total of forty members is therefore assured to the republicans as soon as the Legislatures of the four States named convene and elect, and without counting the votes of Messrs. Stewart and Jones, the democrats on their side will lose the short term member from North Carolina, and their forces will be reduced accordingly to forty-two members. Counting Mr. Irbry on their side the total will be forty-three. Perhaps there is reason to believe he will vote with the democrats to a considerable extent, inasmuch as he is an enemy, with Tillman, who will probably go to the populists direct. In that case and omitting Messrs. Stewart and Jones from the republican forces, the results of the January legislative meetings in Montana, North Carolina, Washington and Wyoming will give forty-three democrats, forty republicans, three populists and silverites. If the republicans can secure the votes of the Nevada Senators, they will have forty-two members, or the exact number of the democrats without Irbry."

Membership in the United Richard Wagner Society has fallen off from nearly 5,000 in 1891 to about 5,000 this year. It is suggested that, as the work for which the society was formed has been accomplished, it should be dissolved.

COUNTY CORRESPONDENCE.

Porters.

Mr. Jacob Jenkins, a well known and popular merchant of this place, is very ill of a complication of diseases, Dr. E. D. Cronk attending physician.

Miss Carrie Shoemaker, who has been visiting friends at Taneytown and vicinity, has returned home much to the delight of her many friends. Her presence was greatly missed in her Sunday school where she is an able and efficient worker.

There will be a Christmas celebration held at Messiah Lutheran church on Monday evening, Dec. 24th, to which all are invited. The program promises to be quite entertaining. There will be a large Christmas tree laden with presents which, after the program is rendered, will be plucked therefrom and distributed, to the lucky recipients.

Mr. John Bushey, a popular young society man, is attending school at Bridgewater, Va.

Harney.

Mrs. Hyder of Emmitsburg and her sons, Mr. Marshall Hyder, of Des Moines, Iowa, spent a short time as the guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Lightner, of near this place a short time ago. We are informed that Mr. Hyder is largely connected with the Green Bay Lumber Company of Des Moines; the company has in their possession 30 yards located in different parts of Iowa and Nebraska. About six months ago Mr. Hyder's health became very much impaired and he decided to take a trip to Europe, thinking that a change might be a benefit. While there he received treatment from several of the most prominent physicians of that country but no one seemed to do him any good and he was finally advised to get home as soon as possible. He then came to Emmitsburg, where he soon discovered that the fresh air and sparkling water from the Blue Ridge was of greater benefit than medicine. We are told that he expects to return to his place of business about Christmas in a very much improved condition.

We have often wondered what kind of a conscience some people have, or whether a man could be a christian who is always taking advantage of the poor, as we frequently hear of these people doing. We are sorry to say that we have seen a very poor community who want to be prominent members in the church, who will gripe the poor man down to the very lowest possible cent when they have something to sell, that the poor working man really gets (take pork for example) they will charge him more than they could get in the markets, even as much as fifty cents per hundred more than the regular price in the community, and nearly one dollar more than they would realize if they would ship it to the city. Is that right? We say emphatically, no! Not according to the teaching of the Holy Scripture, and we would suggest that any one who has during the year that has nearly passed, been guilty of such offenses, take their Bible and see what God's word says in regard to such injustice, then place yourself in the position of the poor, and repeat the Golden Rule; then if your conscience does not tell you to go to those whom you have wronged, and make it right, we are sadly mistaken.

New Windsor.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Repp, an aged and highly respected couple of our village celebrated their golden wedding on Tuesday of this week, by a family reunion and dinner. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. William Repp, Ephraim Repp, of Washington, D. C., Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Harman, Dr. C. M. and Mrs. T. A. Harman, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. T. Repp, Mr. A. F. Repp, of Iowa Falls, Iowa, Mr. and Mrs. J. Wm. Snader, Mr. and Mrs. N. H. Baile, Mrs. Mary E. Baile, Miss Mamie Repp, Master Denton Snader, Mrs. A. Snader, Miss V. Marie Baile, Mr. Jno. S. Baile, Mr. J. Frank Getty and wife, H. Lincoln Harman, Albert Harman and wife, Ernest Myers, wife and child, The Misses Florence, Carrie, Mattie, Mable, Cora and Gertrude Harman, and the Messrs Harry, Walter and Charles Harman.

While Mr. Simon Bange was visiting at Frizellburg on Sunday last, his horse became frightened and ran away, tearing his harness to a considerable extent, and demolished his buggy.

There was a musical and drill held in the lecture room of the Presbyterian church on Wednesday night, Dec. 12th. The program consisted of Welcome address by Miss Bessie Englar, Solo, entitled "Whisper of Love" by Miss Amelia Engel; Recitation, by Miss Aggie Diehlman; Instrumental duet, by Miss Cadden, of Hagerstown, and Prof. Rudolph Brown, of this place; Recitation entitled "Selling a farm" by Miss Mollie Diehlman; Singing, "Do, my huckleberry" by New Windsor Glee Club; Music by Mandolin Club, U. G. Hiltz, leader; Vocal duet entitled "Reuben and Cynthia" by Miss Bessie Lambert and Walter Ecker; Solo, by Miss Jelly; Instrumental duet by Miss Cadden and Prof. Brown; Dialogue "The ungrateful Negro" by two of New Windsor's best comedians, and last but not least, Tennis Drill by sixteen of the best-looking girls of Carroll county. The proceeds went for the benefit of the needy.

Mr. Richard Smith a prominent society man of this vicinity is very ill of pneumonia, Dr. J. H. Buffington attending physician.

Messrs. Jonas Wagner and Chas. Brown are operating a stone-crusher at Reop's Mill, the stone are to be used for piking.

Linwood.

Mrs. Milton Snader will have public sale on the 17th, beginning at 10 o'clock.

Mrs. Israel Rinehart, Miss Bessie, and Edward Rinehart have returned from their visit to Mr. R's son, Harry, at Troy, Ohio.

Mr. D. F. Englar is expected home from his western trip, on the 15th.

The ladies of the Union Sabbath school are busy preparing for an entertainment for the children.

News is very scarce this week; nothing to talk about now but butchering and the weather.

Keysville.

Mr. Samuel Angell, an aged resident of this place, who has been very ill, is slowly improving.

Miss Nora Forney is visiting her sister Mrs. Carrie Harner in Baltimore.

Mrs. S. D. Fox, who has been extremely ill, is speedily recovering under the skillful treatment of Dr. Wagner of Taneytown.

Miss Lulu Birely, who has been attending the Female High School in Frederick, has been summoned home on account of her grandfather's illness, and will remain until after the holidays.

Mr. Annie Thompson of Mountain Morris, Ill., is visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. Edward Knipple.

Rev. Kuark will begin revival services here on the 6th of January.

Mt. Union.

It has been some time since there were any items from this place, so, once again, I will cast about for a few stray bits of news for publication.

Your paper has been so full of news, and has had so many interesting articles in it, that I thought it was that I might be able to furnish a better resistance of old "loreas."

Chilly blasts, rain, hail, snow, freeze and thaw, bad roads the consequence, will be the order of things from now on, I suppose. Well it come.

Mr. F. T. Birely, who was so ill with typhoid fever for quite a long time, is again able to be up and around. His daughter, Susie, who had also been ailing, is something better.

Feed Littlefield last week occupied the large and handsome residence erected for him during the summer and fall.

We have occasional visitors in the neighborhood, who help to make things pleasant socially.

Our esteemed citizen, Mr. Jacob Beck, died on the 11th, and was buried to-day, 13th, at Pipe Creek, (Dunkard) grave yard. He was in his sixty-fourth year. For a year or more he has been in ill health; at times he suffered considerably, but bore it all with patience.

We are rapidly nearing Christmas. Despite the hard times, people are getting ready to celebrate it in the good old fashioned way. Plenty of cakes, candies and nuts, a tender juicy turkey and "fixins," plum pudding, cranberry sauce, and all the many good things, the thrifty house wife is providing.

General health of the community good.

Bridgeport.

Miss Alice Delaplane, daughter of Mr. John Delaplane, of near this place, was married on Monday, Dec. 3rd, to Mr. Frank Kiser, of Baltimore. The ceremony was performed at Gettysburg, Pa. After the return of the happy couple from their wedding tour a grand reception was held at the residence of the bride's father, on Saturday evening, Dec. 8th.

The following were present Mr. John Delaplane, father of the bride, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Kiser, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. T. Smith, Misses Lizzie and Carrie Hockensmith, Lizzie and Carrie Hockensmith, and R. Smith, Messrs H. D. Haugh, M. F. Saylor and Charles Hockensmith all of near this place, and Joshua and Isaac Delaplane, of Waynesboro, Pa. After spending a very pleasant evening together, all departed leaving behind them a shower of good wishes for the happy couple. Many valuable and useful presents were received.

A Smith & Son shipped ahead of line sheep and cows this week.

Mr. Harry D. Clabaugh and Miss Katie White spent Sunday evening with Mr. L. J. Hemler, near Taneytown.

Bruceville.

Messrs S. Angell and David Mort attended the election of officers of Burns Post, G. A. R., at Westminster, Saturday last.

Don't forget to register that young man next fall who is staying with you, Webster.

Mrs. Joseph Bussard, of Frederick, who was summoned to the bed side of her father, Mr. Samuel Angell, who was dangerously ill at the home of his son-in-law, Mr. Oliver Birely, has returned home. Mr. A. is able to sit up but is very weak; he is in his 80th year.

Mr. Houghton is on the sick list.

Miss Maggie Mehling has returned home from a visit to Baltimore.

Not very often you meet with a man who can neither read nor write and the worst, does not know his name. Such a case came to our notice here Sunday last. An Englishman was sitting on the P. R. bridge. When approached said that he was troubled and would like to know if his parents in England were alive, and to end his trouble was going to drown himself. He did not know when or how he came here from England and the only name he ever used by was "Dutchman." His mind evidently is unbalanced, or hopes the sympathies of the people will be reached by his sad story, and

The Carroll Record.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY AT TANEYTOWN, MD.
BY THE CARROLL RECORD PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
W. JESSE ROBERTS, DR. G. T. MOTTER,
DR. F. H. SEISS, GEO. H. BIRNIE,
G. A. ARNOLD, DR. C. BIRNIE, P. B. ENGLAR.

P. B. ENGLAR, EDITOR AND MANAGER.

TERMS \$1.00 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE.

ADVERTISEMENTS will be inserted under contract at the rate of \$2.00 per inch per annum. Rates for Special Advertisements given on application.

FINE JOB WORK a specialty, at lowest rates. Samples and estimates furnished on all classes of work.

CORRESPONDENTS must avoid personal reflections of a non-complimentary character, and only make statements which can be easily verified. All communications must be signed by the writer's own name, otherwise they cannot be used.

ADVERTISEMENTS and contributions for the inside of the paper should be handed in by Tuesday evening to be guaranteed insertion.

ENTERED AT TANEYTOWN POSTOFFICE AS SECOND CLASS MATTER.

SATURDAY, DEC. 15th., 1894.

THE ANNUAL report of the Postmaster general shows that the receipts of the department for the fiscal year amounted to \$75,980,479, and the expenditures to \$84,324,414. This gives one an idea of what an immense affair the Postal service is.

DO PEOPLE read advertisements? Of course they do. Particularly when they know that they are frequently changed, and that they will not see the same old worn statement from one year end to another. Human nature does not undergo many changes, and from time immemorial most people have fancied spending money, and want to know where they can spend it, and for what.

THE CASE of the United States against Daniel F. Beatty, the well known organ manufacturer of Washington, New Jersey, for using the mails for a fraudulent purpose, was submitted to the jury on the 7th, inst., and a verdict of guilty returned. "The respondent was charged with using the mails for a fraudulent purpose in the sale of a certain organ to one Edward E. Sawyer, of Reading, who alleges that the organ received by him was not the same which he ordered. The difference in the finish of the case of the organ from that of the one ordered, was the principal ground upon which the Government rested its case. The order was given from a cut in the catalogue. The respondent said that he did not advertise to ship exactly according to cut. This conviction is considered by the Postoffice Department officials to be one of the best obtained this year against fraudulent companies, as Beatty's organs were sold all over this country." There are hundreds of advertisers in the country, who are greater frauds than the one cited above. We know but little of the merit of the Beatty instruments, but even if there is some deception practiced in their description, there is at least some value in them, and this cannot be said of many of the things extensively advertised.

Closure in the Senate.

The Senate of the United States, with all its dignity and honor connected with it, is nevertheless a body which seems to be out of date in these days of progressive business methods. The so-called "freedom of debate" which is its distinctive feature, is an objection to it rather than a creditable feature, because it allows, and is used for, the obstruction of business. While it is perfectly proper and right that every important question should be fully ventilated and argued, in every case the time must come when ample time has been given and the subject exhaustively entered into, when more time consumed is mere talk, and a vote should be taken. Such a time never comes to the Senate as long as any of the honorable members want to talk. It is beneath the dignity of the body to curtail debate, and fix a time for a vote, except by unanimous consent. Senator Vest made a speech last week in favor of closure, which is remarkable from the fact that he is a convert. The Senator has been a most vehement defender of the freedom and privileges of the Senate now in force. In all probability the obstructive tactics employed by the Republicans in the case of the Wilson-Gorman tariff bill brought about this radical change of base.

In reference to this question the Tribune says, "Under the present system the dozen men on both sides who dominate the Senate can control all legislation. The introduction of closure would put leaders and followers on a basis of equality, simple force of numbers taking the place of dexterity in parliamentary manipulation and ability to compromise warring opinions and interests as the motive power of the Senate's action. Mr. Gorman, as chairman of the Democratic 'Steering Committee,' is perfectly satisfied with the present situation, and though Mr. Vest, Mr. George, Mr. Berry and other outsiders may clamor for reform, it is safe to say that they will not get it so long as party power remains concentrated in Mr. Gorman's hands."

The party holding the majority should be, and is, responsible for legislation; and, while the minority should not be unnecessarily silenced or cut off from any reasonable privileges, the country expects its representatives in congress to "do business," and the time must come when a limit of some kind is placed on Senatorial debate.

Speaker Reed was cordially hated and called all sorts of bad names by his political opponents, for his quorum counting methods, but the country has since almost universally acknowledged that while "Reed rules" were probably a very bold departure from former methods, they at least gave the majority, sent there by the people, the power to legislate, and the opportunity to assume the responsibility for their actions.

The Senate is for several reasons becoming unpopular, and likely deservedly so. Whenever any legislative body is placed at the mercy of a few people, it is a dangerous power. We do not possess the populist tendency toward capital hating, but the name "Millionaire club" which has been applied to the Senate, is to a large degree appropriate, and is possibly a menace to the best interests of the whole people.

The Tariff Outlook.

It is urged in some high quarters of Democratic influence that, while their brief term of authority remains, the Democrats should make haste to enact a series of specific reforms in the tariff which they have just put into operation. These amendments would in the main take the form of separate bills adding various articles of raw material to the free list, and would deal particularly with sugar, coal and iron ore. It is argued that if this could be accomplished, the tariff would be left in a position which neither party could well alter for a period of years. The principal argument against such a reopening of tariff legislation lies in the sensitiveness of the long suffering business community. Commerce and trade are shaping themselves to the new order of things, and do not want to be disturbed even in the slightest measure by further tariff changes. It is to be believed that Congress will respect this unanimous sentiment that pervades the business world, and will not attempt to alter the existing tariff except as regards a few typographical errors and other minor inadvertencies. From "The Progress of the World," December Review of Reviews.

Christmas Gifts.

The Christmas season is now very near at hand, the time when it is customary to make gifts, and indulge in sweets and goodies innumerable. To children, and many grown persons too, it is a time looked forward to with pleasure, as the arrival of Santa Claus is almost sure to mean gifts of love, and articles of use and comfort, which he is usually well supplied with.

There is a sentiment connected with the making of a present which should always underlie the act, particularly at this Christmas season, as it is a time when it is supposed that one heart is full of love for his fellow man. "Peace on earth, good will to men" represents the feeling which should prompt the giving of a gift, and not simply a desire to carry out the fashion, or as a duty, but because it is a real pleasure.

The selection of a gift should involve the appreciation of some trait in the character of the recipient, or in some way represent the thoughtfulness and regard of the giver, rather than a display of the ability to spend money lavishly, and buy the favor of the person to whom the gift is made. When friends have the proper feeling one for the other, it is not so much the value of the present which is appreciated, as it is the delicately concealed meaning that lies in the act, the expression of regard which is in some insidious way connected with the article. It is a mistake to think that times are too hard to make gifts; very often that which has almost no intrinsic value is that which is most appreciated, when given and received in the proper spirit. A young lady, for instance, would scarcely appreciate a very expensive gift from a young man for whom she has feelings of true love, when she knows that he cannot really afford to spend such amounts even to show his high regard for her, and would be much better pleased with a more humble token of his regard, and not consider the money value, the true value.

The selection of presents is in most cases, a difficult task, and yet a pleasant one. The dealer in such wares must at times become almost disgusted with the business, as it often takes considerable time to make even a very small sale; this is because the purchaser is, no doubt, while making the selection, considering the feature of sentiment, trying to think just in what particular light the gift will represent appropriateness and be appreciated, at the same time edging the brain as to whether something else might not better represent the real feeling which prompts the donor, and be more acceptable.

Hard times has heretofore had but little effect on the sale of Christmas goods, which shows with what strength the custom has a hold on the hearts of the people, and shows too, that gift giving has not degenerated toward the sordid to any great extent; that the heart still predominates over the purse. There is also a beautiful custom springing up, particularly in the large cities, and larger towns, of remembering those whose Christmas joys are much curtailed by the hard hand of poverty. It is a great misfortune that this season of happiness and good cheer which only comes once a year, does not even then come to all, and must be the one great regret of all those whose hearts are full of love for humanity in general. This is a matter which should be considered by all. Do you not know of some one or some poor family, to whom you can—possibly with little

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U.S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

trouble or expense,—bring happiness this Christmas? Did it ever occur to you to try to make some one's heart glad, who unfortunately is not blessed with an abundance of this world's goods?

People are too apt to be glad for themselves, in other words, selfish, and miss the true pleasure in gift giving. There is not at any time in the year, that love for our fellow men exhibited which should be, and those who this year sit down to their tables which fairly groan with good things, with the smiling faces of those around who have been well remembered, should ask themselves the question: Have you this Christmas time made a sad heart glad, or carried pleasure to a single destitute family? If you have not, your dinner will not taste so sweet, or your pleasure be so complete, as it would if you could answer the question affirmatively.

Whatever may be your prospects or intentions, do not postpone to the last few days your plans for the realization of them; remember that many others are in the same position as yourself, and at the last moment you may find yourself forestalled in the carrying out of a dearly cherished desire. Christmas gifts do not grow on trees over night for plucking in the morning, and somewhere at the bottom of the whole scheme there is a matter of work or business to be attended to.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Special Correspondent.)

Washington, Dec. 10, 1894.

Reed's boom for the Presidency grows. It was the gossip about the House to-day that "Tom" Platt had intimated his preference for Reed, and this, coupled with the understanding that Senator Quay has come out for the Maine Statesman has served to give Reed stock a great boom. Platt and Quay opposed Harrison at Minneapolis, and in the minds of the Republican leaders there is no likelihood of their support being captured for the ex-President. There is no doubt that Quay is for Reed, and the Platt gossip is accepted as true. The basis of this talk cannot be learned, but it is certain that some word has come from New York within the last few days. The gossip is the more readily accepted by the friends of Reed, as it is believed that Mr. Morton is opposed to Harrison's nomination again. Morton has not forgotten Minneapolis and the unceremonious way in which the Harrison people rejected the proposal that he be renominated for Vice President. As between Reed and McKinley, there is no doubt in the minds of Reed's followers which way the Morton influence will be thrown. It is the belief of the enthusiastic friends of Mr. Reed that he will have the delegation of every eastern state instructed for him and that enough support will be drawn from the far West and the South to insure his nomination.

There will be no well-defined business policy in the Senate until the Democratic steering committee has carried out the instructions of the recent caucus. This will probably be done early in the week, but no real effort will be made to get down to persistent work until after the holiday recess. The order in which the measures of proposed legislation introduced by the Democratic caucus may be presented to the Senate will be agreed to as early a date as the steering committee can get together, but a prominent member of that committee is authority for the statement that it has been practically agreed that the bankruptcy bill shall have precedence over all others. The policy of the republicans is causing the majority some concern, and the fear has been expressed that a system of filibustering may be inaugurated. This, however, is denied by the republican leaders. It is understood they will not make any objection to the appropriation for the enforcement of the income tax, for the reason that they believe its enforcement will only result in making the law more unpopular. The republicans have assumed the position of favoring the passage of the various appropriation bills and adjourning; beyond this they will lend their opponents no assistance. In the House of Representatives although Mr. Patterson, of Tennessee, in charge of the railroad pooling bill, has given notice that he will ask the House to vote upon its passage Tuesday afternoon, the fate of the bill primarily depends upon the action of the appropriations committee. If the urgent deficiency bill, which the committee is now working upon, shall be ready to report to the House when it meets on Tuesday, Chairman Sayers says he will present it then and urge immediate consideration. It is believed that such a request will be seconded by the House, and the pooling bill will be laid aside. But if the appropriation bill shall not be ready a vote on the pooling bill may be taken Tuesday, and the general opinion is that it will pass, possibly so amended as to give the Interstate Commerce Commission final jurisdiction of the proposed contracts between the companies.

In the Jewish marriage the woman always stands to the right of her mate. With every other nation of the world, her place in the ceremony is to the left.

Business Locals.

Advertisements under this head one cent a word each issue.

Just received a Carload of Cotton Seed Feed, which we are selling at \$15.00 per ton. Call and see it. 27-11-11 Reindollar & Co.

Cranberries, Atmore's Mince Meat, Plum Pudding, Cleaned Currants, Raisins, Citrons, Nuts, Figs, Dates, full line. N. B. Hagan.

E. K. REAVER, TAILOR.

Keeps on hand complete lines of samples of newest styles of goods from which to select. Suits trimmed and made to order.

Sewing Machines, and Machine repairs, Oil, Needles and parts always on hand.

Near the Square —AT— N. B. HAGAN'S

is the place to get your

Xmas Candy,

Groceries, Fruits, Notions, and Toys.

Xmas Cigars by the box.

OYSTERS

served in all styles; also by the gallon. Also all the leading brands of

Flour, Buckwheat,

Corn Meal and Hominy.

Pure Sugar Syrup 30 cents a gallon, Best Water White Coal Oil 10 cents a gallon.

It will pay you to call and see me

31bs. Good French Candy only 25c.

DECORATE THE GRAVES Of Your Friends.

All kinds of Cemetery Work, either

Marble or Granite,

done at Lowest Prices, and all work

Guaranteed to give Satisfaction.

Call on, or write to me and I will visit you with a nice selection of designs, and give you Prices on whatever kind of Work may be needed.

B. O. SLONAKER,

TANEYTOWN, MD.

G. W. DEMMITT

— DENTIST, —

Taneytown, - - - Maryland.

All persons in need of dental work should give me a call as I will save them money. Teeth extracted with little or no pain. The very best sets of teeth only \$10.00, and guaranteed for five years. Temporary sets at low prices. Filling and all kinds of dental work at bottom prices, and all work guaranteed. Will visit person within 12 miles without extra charge. Will be at my store, Pleasant Valley, on the second Thursday of each month. Give me a trial.

Yours Respectfully,

G. W. DEMMITT, Dentist.

Geo. A. Flickinger,

JUSTICE OF PEACE,

and Auctioneer.

WHOLESALE MANUFACTURERS'

AGENT for the Sale of

★ LUMBER ★

In all its Varieties.

TANEYTOWN, MD.

TANEYTOWN

Roller Mills

Manufacture and have

constantly on hand

THEIR SUPERIOR

BRANDS OF FLOUR

made from selected wheat, and very choice

BRAN AND MIDDINGS.

Highest cash prices paid for grain.

ZOLLICKOFFER & BRO.

9-15-94-11

GEO. H. BIRNIE & CO.,

BANKERS,

TANEYTOWN, MD.

Discount Business Notes.

Receive Deposits subject to check.

Make collections on all points.

Savings Bank Department.

Interest paid on Time Deposits.

— SPECIAL RATES —

to Weekly and Monthly Depositors.

Younts' Column.

HOLIDAY GOODS!

We extend a cordial invitation to the readers of the CARROLL RECORD, and the public generally, to call and inspect the

Carload of New, Bright Christmas Bargains,

now on display at our store. Come spend a half hour with us even if you don't want to purchase. We can't enumerate all the items here, but will say that we have been compelled to enlarge our store in order to properly display the line.

Special Doll Bargain.

Patent Talking washable Doll, 20 inches long, assorted, part with Baby Cap, and part with flowing hair; when a string is pulled will say "papa" or "mamma." Reg. price 50c; special December price 29c. each.

Doll's Fairy Wardrobe.

Printed on fine cloth. Warranted to fit any 14 or 16 inch Doll. It is so correctly printed and outlined that any child can make Nightgowns, Dresses, Cloaks, Jackets and Capes. Directions are printed on each garment. Price 10cts. each.

Extra Size Cup & Saucer.

"Royal Bonn" Blue ware, each piece stamped with maker's trademark, Blue and Brown wild rose decorations covering almost the entire surface and underglazed. Reduced from 25 cents to 10 cents for cup and saucer.

Handkerchief Bargain.

Ladies' 20ct. scalloped and embroidered White Handkerchiefs. December bargain price 10c each; also 10c Handkerchiefs reduced price 5c. 25 dozen scalloped embroidered Handkerchiefs, Colored flower patterns 5c each.

8-day Clock, only 1.99.

22 inches high, assorted Oak and Walnut, 8-day strike. Regular price \$3.25; December price only \$1.99 each.

Silver Plated Novelty, 6ct each

made in shape of Shoes, Baskets, and Socks. 25c each is cheap enough for this item. Bargain price 6c each, while they last.

GENUINE ROGERS' TRIPLE PLATED WARE.

Rogers' Tea spoons, Cake Baskets.

Rogers' Table spoons, Butter Dishes.

Rogers' Table knives, Syrup Pitchers.

Rogers' Table forks. 5 bottle Castors. &c., &c., &c., &c.

\$1.25 Celluloid Album, 99 cents each.

\$1.25 Plush Album, 99 cents each.

\$1.25 Plush case smoking Set, 99c each.

\$1.25 Celluloid Toilet Case, 99c. each.

75c Plush Handkerchief case, 50c each.

Jewel Cases, Work Boxes, &c., &c.

Ladies' Gold Watches at Bargain Prices.

\$1.00 Roasting Pans, now 59c.

Ingrain Carpet Samples, prices cut in half.

HOLIDAY SLIPPERS.

Men's Velvet Chenille Embroidered Opera Slippers, the \$1.25 kind, now 99 cents.

He's too busy to buy Slippers—Buy him a pair for 99c—How good he'll feel, and then you may strike him for a \$5.00 Bonnet.

\$3.00 SHOES FOR \$2.29.

Ladies' plain toe, Hand Welt, Dougla Button, Made by Toney Bros. & Co., and John Kelly. All sizes from 2 1/2 to 7, D or E last. 30 Day price \$2.29.

Men's Heavy Boots at \$1.25

same quality was considered a Bargain at \$1.85 last year. This month only, at \$1.25 a pair.

"Everything don't come to those who wait," especially the most desirable gift goods and special bargains, to those who wait until the day before Christmas to purchase.

Each customer purchasing One Dollars worth of goods, is entitled to one chance in a Ten Tune Music Box, to be given away December 29th., 1894.

F. M. YOUNT,

Leading Dealer in

Boots, Shoes, and Notions.

TANEYTOWN, MD.

\$7000 CASH.

worth of goods to be sacrificed for

FAIL & WINTER GOODS.

We have already bought two fall bills, one from Philadelphia and one from Baltimore besides always keeping filled up in necessary goods. But we will now be able to give you bargains, as we intend reducing both our goods and the prices of them, to close out. You will find it to your advantage to buy your

Boots & Shoes, Hats, Caps, Clothing and Overcoats,

of this winter, as we have cut the Prices so deep that they will be able to sell themselves. In all our Wool Flannels and Dress Goods you will be able to see a big reduction. Come and get prices. Don't think because there are no figures to this advertisement that it is no good. These are generally put to the cheapest articles to make a racket, but you will find everything on the bargain counter this winter at

F. H. ELLIOT'S.

Near Depot

CHRISTMAS OFFERINGS.

Fur Gloves.

Reindeer, \$2.75 to \$3.50.

Wanda, \$3.00.

Chinese Dog, \$3.00 to \$4.50.

Fur Collars, \$2.50.

Coney, Beaver and Seal Gloves, from \$5.00 to \$30.00, ordered specially, all Updegraff's make.

Encyclopedic Dictionary.

4 Volumes, cloth, 4730 pages, the latest, best, and cheapest work of reference, only \$7.50 for the set.

Cloth bound Books.

Good Assortment. 15c—20c—25c—30c—35c—50c.

Mark Twain's Huck Finn and Tom Sawyer. Poets in cheap and fine bindings. Miscellaneous Works. Books in sets.

Children's Books.

From 5c to \$1.00. Handsome story books, all prices. Fairy tales, Nursery rhymes, &c., &c.

Christmas Cards and Booklets.

Splendid assortment, from 1c to \$1.00. A nice article at 5c and 10c. Call and see them.

Card and Box Games.

Chess, Parchesi, Checkers, Dominoes, Authors. Box and board games. Game of Poets, Game of Literature, Segga, &c.

Family and Pocket Bibles.

A nice Family Bible for \$1.50, Small Bibles, Oxford Teacher's Bibles, Large Print Bibles. Lutheran Hymnals.

Umbrellas.

All kinds, from 50c to \$2.50. A very creditable present. A new lot with late style handles just received.

Silk Mufflers.

Elegant patterns both white and black. Also Silk Handkerchiefs.

Cigars by the Box.

Boxes of 25 from 49c to 50c. Boxes of 50 from 70c to \$2.25

Many Useful Articles

May be selected from our regular stock. Neckwear, Gloves, Suspenders, and a great variety of small wares.

SPECIAL.

In order to make our stock of OVERCOATS move more rapidly, as the weather has been too mild for heavy sales, we have reduced prices on a large portion of the stock, right in the midst of the season.

Also great bargains in SUITS. Many lots are broken in size and often only one of a kind left.

THEY MUST GO CHEAP.

P. B. ENGLAR,

Clothier and Furnisher.

TANEYTOWN, MD.

BLANKETS!

—CALL AT—

S. C. REAVER'S

and examine his stock of 5A Blankets before purchasing elsewhere. We are selling a good genuine 5A blanket as low as..... \$1.00

We have secured the sole agency for the Bunker Hill

Harness Oil,

and guarantee no better in the market for the money.

JNO. S. WEYBRIGHT,

DOUBLE PIPE CREEK, MD.

MANUFACTURER OF

Superb & Family Flour

made by ROLLER PROCESS.

Also Manufacturer of

Corn Meal, Hominy & Feed.

Sawing and Chopping done at

SHORT NOTICE.

All Orders will receive Prompt Attention.

19-9-4-ly</

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Court Officers.

JUDGES—Hon. Chas. B. Roberts, Chief and Resident Judge, Hon. James Reville and Hon. Isaac T. Jones Associate Judges.
CLERK OF THE COURT—Benjamin F. Crouse.
CLERK—Gresham Huff.
AUDITOR—J. J. Baumgartner.
REGISTER OF WILLS—George M. Parke.
ORPHANS' COURT—David H. Hoffacker, Lewis P. Cash, Albert Schaeffer.
STATES ATTORNEY—Chas. E. Fink.
SHERIFF—Elias B. Arnold.
COUNTY COMMISSIONERS—John H. Stem, David Stoner, Joshua F. Caltrider.
COUNTY TREASURER—John J. Reese.
SUIVEYOR—M. Theodore Yeiser.
SUPERVISORS OF ELECTION, Jas. E. Smith, Michael Buchanan, Marshall G. Shaw.

Taneytown District.

NOTARY PUBLIC—A. H. Zollieffer.
TAX COLLECTOR—Geo. H. Birnie.
MAGISTRATES—A. F. Orndorff, G. A. Flickinger, Henry Galt.
CONSTABLE, B. S. Miller.
REGISTRAR—J. S. Fink.

Town Officers.

BURGESS—H. D. Mehrling.
COMMISSIONERS—Dr. G. T. Motter, Edward Kemper, W. Jesse Roberts, Joshua Koutz, E. K. Reaver.
BALIFF AND TAX COLLECTOR—B. S. Miller.

Church Notices.

Presbyterian Church—From the First of December to the First of April, services will be held every other Sunday in the morning at 10 o'clock, beginning with the second Sunday in December, and every other Sunday afternoon, at 2:30 o'clock, beginning with the first Sunday in December—Sabbath School one hour before church service—C. E. Society Prayer Meeting 6 p. m. every Sabbath Evening—Weekly Prayer Meeting Tuesday Evenings at 7 p. m.
Piney Creek Church, beginning with the first Sunday in December, services every other Sunday at 10 o'clock a. m., and every other Sunday at 2:30 o'clock p. m., beginning with the second Sunday in December.
Rev. P. Riscoe, Pastor.

Trinity Lutheran Church,—Services every Sunday at 10 a. m. and 7 p. m., Sunday School 9 a. m., Y. P. S. C. E. 6 p. m., Prayer Meeting Wednesday Evenings at 7 o'clock. W. H. and F. Missionary Society 1st Saturday in each month, 2 p. m. Mission Band, and Junior C. E. alternate Sundays, 3 p. m.
Rev. G. W. McSherry, Pastor.

Grace Reformed Church,—Services every Sunday at 10 o'clock a. m., and 7 p. m., Sunday School 9 a. m., Y. P. S. C. E. 6 p. m., Prayer Meeting Wednesday Evenings at 8 o'clock.
Rev. A. Bateman, Pastor.

St. Joseph's Catholic Church,—Mass 9 a. m., Vespers, 7:30 p. m., catechism, 3 p. m. every Sunday. On the first Sunday of each month, benediction after mass, concluding the services of the day. Rev. T. D. Mead, Pastor.

Post Office.

T. H. ECKENRODE, Postmaster.
Mails arrive from Linwood at 9 a. m., from R. R. 5:55 a. m., and 5:15 p. m., from Harney 2:30 p. m.
Mails close at office, for R. R. north, 9:45 a. m.; for Linwood 10:10 a. m.; for Harney 11 a. m.; for R. R. south, 5 p. m.

Societies.

Patriotic Order Sons of America, Camp 2, Md. meets in Eckenrode's Hall, Thursday Evenings at 7 o'clock. L. D. Reid, President. Chas. O. Fuss, Sec'y.
The Taneytown Literary Society meets every Friday evening. Dr. C. Birnie, President. Miss Carrie Elliot, Sec'y.

The Young Women's Christian Temperance Union meets first Monday evening of every month. President, Sarah E. Snyder. Vice Presidents, Rudora L. McSherry and Mrs. J. Forward; Rec. Sec'y, Lorena LeFevre; Cor. Sec'y, Anna L. McSherry; Treasurer, G. May Forrest.

Taneytown Markets.

Corrected Weekly.

Flour, per ton	3.00@4.00
Bran, per ton	17.00
White Middlings, per ton	17.00
Timothy Hay, prime, per ton	8.00
Mixed Hay, per ton	5.00@6.00
Rye Straw, per ton	5.00@6.00
Wheat, per bush	.44
Rye, per bush	.45
Barley, per bush	.40
Oats, new, per bush	.30
Corr. new, per bush	.30
Clover Seed, per lb.	.70@.80
Potatoes, per bush	35.00@40.00
Butter, per lb.	.20
Eggs, per doz.	.20
Lard, per lb.	.07
Tallow, per lb.	.13
Hams, per lb.	.09
Shoulders, per lb.	.08
Sides, per lb.	.02
Hides, per lb.	5.00
Hogs, per head	2.00
Lambs, per head	3.00
Calves, per head	4.00
Beef Cattle, best, medium, per head	4.00
Cows, per head	\$25 @ \$35
Bullocks, per head	2.00

Baltimore Markets.

Corrected Weekly.

Wheat, per bush	59@60
Corn, per bush	48@50
Oats, per bush	34@37
Rye, per bush	56@56
Hay, Timothy, per ton	11.50@13.00
Hay mixed, per ton	9.00@11.00
Hay, Clover, per ton	9.50@11.00
Straw, Rye, bales, per ton	9.50@10.00
Straw, wheat blocks, per ton	7.00@8.00
Straw, wheat blocks, per ton	5.00@5.50
Bran, per ton	14.50@15.00
Middlings, per ton	55@57
Potatoes, per bush	35@37
Sugar, granulated, per lb.	.42
Sugar, coffee, A, per lb.	.40
Beef Cattle, Best, medium, per head	4.25@4.80
Beef cattle, medium, per head	3.00@4.00
Swine, fair to best, gross, per head	4.25@4.40
Swine, Rough, per head	3.50@4.00
Sheep, gross, per head	14@24c
Lambs, gross, per head	21@34c
Calves, gross, per head	3@5c

JOB PRINTING

Artistically executed

AT THIS OFFICE.

BREVITIES

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Ex-Congressman John Mercer Langston, colored, of Virginia, is writing a novel.

Padewski claims that he has received 50,000 requests for his photograph and his autograph from his fair admirers.

Ex-Senator Warren's Wyoming ranch is 75 by 100 miles and is stocked with 2,000 horses, 15,000 cattle and 120,000 sheep.

Emin Pasha's 9-year-old daughter, little Ferida, lives quietly in Berlin, unconscious alike of the loss of her father and of the interest she excites.

Mr. Clement Scott, the celebrated dramatic critic, is a Marlborough boy and an ex-clerk of the war office. He is the son of a London clergyman.

It is said that Lady Gwendoline Cecil, the youngest daughter of Lord Salisbury, is engaged upon a political novel into which several well known personages will be introduced.

Marshal Canrobert, the famous French soldier, denies the report that he is about to publish his memoirs, much to the satisfaction of some people. The marshal is in excellent health and carries his great age with ease.

Thomas Wickes, the vice president of the Pullman company, is an Englishman by birth and is 48 years of age. He came to this country in 1866 and two years later entered the employ of the Pullman company as an assistant ticket agent.

Lord Rosebery is an admirer of Washington. He has just bought a portrait of our first president that was painted in 1784 for the Earl of Shelburne, then prime minister. Rosebery will put the picture in a conspicuous place in his London house.

Thomas Jefferson as a boy rode wild and played the violin, but he most sincerely loved to study. When very young, he went to college and gave 15 hours a day to his books and for exercise at twilight would run for a mile out of the college grounds and back again.

The late Judge Holt was the nation's popular orator 30 years ago. He was a man of distinguished appearance. His figure was tall and commanding, and there were visible signs of character in his face. Lincoln held him in great esteem and had much confidence in his ability.

TURF TOPICS.

Keats, the poet, was born in a livery stable.

Alix is four inches greater in girth than she is in height.

Ella Hopkins, dam of many famous trotters, died recently in Kentucky.

The race horse Pickpocket will be retired to the stud when this season ends.

Glanders is playing havoc with horses at Brooklyn and at Saginaw, Mich.

Ralph Wilkes, 2:13, has trotted 144 miles in from 2:14 minutes this season.

London has a dairy where asses' milk is sold. Seventy-five cents a pint is the price charged.

Two boys, one 7 and the other 9, were arrested in Kentucky recently for horse stealing.

The dreaded horse disease, maladie du coit, has appeared at Wapella, Ills., and killed a number of valuable animals.

At Paisley, Scotland, recently Halsbury and Pippin ran two dead heats for the Barslow plate. Pippin then won by a nose.

Rev. J. H. Maynard of Sparta, Mich., was compelled by his congregation recently to sell his horse because it had developed considerable speed as a trotter.

Incitatus, the horse of the Roman emperor, Caligula, was ordained as a priest and consul, had an ivory stall and was given a gallon of wine every day.

SAWS AND SAYINGS.

When bees are old, they yield no honey.

He that converseth not with men knoweth nothing.

Every day has its right, every year its wrong.—Danish.

Better to go to bed supperless than to get up in debt.—Spanish.

Go early to the fish market and late to the shambles.—Spanish.

Building and the marrying of children are great wasters.—French.

The British Museum Cat.

One of the best known and most popular domestic pets in London is the British museum cat. It is just about 12 months ago since the animal, which had apparently strayed from somewhere, attached himself to the porter's quarters facing Great Russell street. Being a huge gray, beautifully marked cat, he was encouraged to remain instead of being unceremoniously driven off, as assuredly would have been his fate had he been possessed of fewer personal attractions. From the first the animal has been a favorite with the attendants and the general public. Now he constitutes one of the attractions of the great establishment and is eagerly sought for by occasional visitors both adult and juvenile.

Lately the cat has considerably extended the sphere of his rambles. He occasionally invades the reading room, where he receives the attention of strolling from even the most reserved and studious habitués. At nights the animal parades the galleries, and by an odd fancy seems to prefer the Egyptian room, where so many embalmed sanctified specimens of his tribe are exhibited.—London Chronicle.

A Story About the Czarowitz.

Rumors affecting the czarowitz continue to be current, the latest being to the effect that a young opera dancer with whom he had relations has refused as insufficient the sum of 40,000 rubles offered her if she would quit Russia. It is said she wants 100,000 rubles, but she is not likely to get it, for she is too insignificant a cause of trouble. Some people who have had an opportunity of studying the character of the czarowitz decline to believe in the existence of that opera dancer. Others admit the possibility, even the

probability, that the story of the liaison is true, because the czarowitz, though amiable and generous, is not by any means of resolute character, and, moreover, he is peculiarly susceptible to pretty faces and winning ways. These blemishes of character may be merely indications of immaturity, but they are causing anxiety just now.—Cor. New York Sun.

BUILDING A BARN.

Necessities First—Then Add the Decorative if You Can Afford It.

The first step in building a barn, a shed or even in fencing a lot is to provide for perfect surface and underdrainage. There is not a farmer who has not lost by insanitary conditions a thousandfold more than would have been the original cost of sanitary improvements. The primary objects in building barns are to shelter farm animals and afford safe storage for the various feeding stuffs. The secondary objects are to provide comfort and convenience for the farmer and to add beauty and elegance to the homestead.

The man with small capital must build makeshifts and be content with smaller profits until such time as his small accumulations will enable him to profit by the advantages afforded in more economical arrangements. If we build solely from the utilitarian standpoint and to make a building as cheap as possible, then a square building, with the roof sloping to a central deck and with all roof ornaments, cornice, window and door decorations omitted. Just make a box large enough and strong enough to hold your farm produce and live stock. Make it tight enough to keep out the blasts of storm, make it light enough to let in—in great abundance—the vivifying sunlight, and you have the poor man's barn in closest economy.

I note the following items that are of interest and importance in barn building:

The cost per head of full grown animals in building for stabling capacity and fodder storage, \$25.

In building for stabling capacity alone, \$8.

The standing room for a 1,000 pound animal tied up, 550 cubic feet.

Storage for grain for 200 days per 1,000 pound animal, 120 cubic feet.

Storage for hay for same, 500 cubic feet.

Storage for bedding for same, 600 cubic feet.

The daily grain feed (full feed) for same, about 20 pounds.

The daily hay feed, about 10 pounds.

The daily bedding, 10 pounds.

The daily water, including water of food, 70 pounds.

The daily silage, 1 cubic foot.

The daily soiling feed, 125 pounds.

The daily cabbage, 80 pounds.

The daily roots, 40 pounds.

The daily amount of manure accumulation, 70 pounds.

The daily amount of hay necessary for sustaining ration, 30 pounds.

The daily amount of nutritive substance required, 8 pounds (being equivalent to about 20 pounds of ordinary feed).

It requires six minutes to milk a cow.

Forty-eight per cent of the dry matter of the feed is converted into manure.

One cord of manure weighs from three to five tons.

One cord of fresh manure weighs six times as much as when the same is well rotted.

One animal will produce about ten tons of manure in one year.

The tonnage of a building is computed by reckoning the weights of full capacity of grain, hay, bedding and live stock on all floors above the basement and by multiplying the number of feet of lumber by 24 pounds. The sum of all these quantities divided by 2,000 pounds will give the tonnage. Then by taking from the tables the resistance of wood columns and beams, when weight is evenly distributed, we are able to determine the size and number of posts and beams necessary for the building.

From the above data it is easy to determine the size of a building needed for a given number of animals. For example, if it is desired to house the animal and at the same time store sufficient feed for the winter period, multiply the number of animals by 1,880 cubic feet; then by inspection determine the dimensions of the building. Or if it is desirable to provide stabling capacity only, then multiply the number of full grown animals by 550 cubic feet. Providing for sheep and hogs requires relatively the same space for a given weight of animals, but the arrangement is essentially different. Broad rows should be separated and placed on small plots two rods square, each plot containing a small house 10 feet square, the roof of the house sloping one way. The house should be three feet high on one side and five feet high on the opposite side. It should be floored and arranged so that it can be dragged about from place to place with a team. There should be two 12 foot panels and four 16 foot panels of portable fence for each house, provided you have a series in a row. Such an arrangement permits of settling down a little city of swine, where they can dwell with perfect immunity against cholera until such time as the pigs are old enough to go to the pasture, where they can be taken up and the site plowed up and sown to some kind of crop which will destroy all kinds of disease germs and leave the ground in proper hygienic condition for the next crop of pigs. Seven hundred feet of lumber will make the outfit, which, including labor and hardware bill, will make a total cost of about \$15 for each sow and her farrow, or \$300 for a herd of 20 sows. It would require about one-half acre for the town site. I hardly need to comment on the superior sanitary conditions that may be maintained with such a system or the comparatively small mortality in young pigs.

The sheepfold must be arranged so as to keep the animal dry and keep out cold drafts of air.—Professor D. A. Kent.

Live Stock Points.

In horse breeding the quality of the dam is half the battle. Breed no mare who is unsound in any particular. Bad temper is unsoundness.

In provincial English a cow stable is called a byre.

It is a pity that Robert J. the great pacer, is a gelding.

In one building, 12 Hanover square, London, west, four horse breeding associations have their headquarters. They are the English Hackney Horse society, the London Cart Horse Parade society, the Hunters' Improvement society and the Shire Horse society. American breeders of any of the horse families named will certainly be courteously received at 12 Hanover square, London, west, when they visit Great Britain, as we hope all will be able to do sooner or later.

The Dorset Horn is a special purpose sheep, and its specialty is the production of early lambs. None other is equal to it for this.

After breeding live stock for many years a man who pours his wisdom upon the people through the agricultural page announces that he has come to the following Bunbylike conclusion, "The value of a horse or mare depends very largely on the animal itself." Just so.

JOHN McKELLIP.

BENTON BRUNING

MCKELLIP'S

DRUG & CHEMICAL STORE,

TANEYTOWN, MARYLAND.

Established 1853.

MCKELLIPS CHOLERA and DIARRHŒA SYRUP,

The Great Remedy for all Bowel Complaints.
McKellip's Vegetable Purgative Pills, McKellip's Horse and Cattle Powder, McKellip's Liniment, McKellip's Cough Mixture, McKellip's Trichopya or Hair Tonic, McKellip's Tit-Bit, McKellip's Ten-Cent Corn-Killer, Lum-Tum Clothes Cleaner.

HARDWARE,

PAINTS, OIL, GLASS,

art and Wagon Wheels, Spokes and Rims.

✻ Fodder Yarn and Ropes. ✻

Sand, Mud, Snow and Side-weight Steel Horse Shoes.

LAP ROBES AND SPREADS.

GASOLINE STOVES, OIL STOVES,

Cook Stoves, Roofing, Spouting,

Tinware, Hot Water and Steam Heaters.

GAS MACHINES, FURNACES,

BURGLAR ALARMS, PUMPS, RAMS, &c.,

Erected and Guaranteed.

Shop in rear of building.

Call on, or address

Correspondence solicited.

McC. DAVIDSON,

TANEYTOWN, MD.

ROBERT S. MCKINNEY,

DRUGGIST.

TANEYTOWN, - - - MD

Foreign and Domestic Drugs

THE MOST POPULAR PATENT MEDICINES IN THE MARKET.

McKinney's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry cures Coughs and Colds. Price 25cts.

Physicians prescriptions carefully compounded.

SANTA CLAUS' HEADQUARTERS.

AT D. W. GARNER'S

1894.



Santa Claus now travels with reindeer, and will soon be here. He has sent on his stock for the coming season, and telegraphs that he will make our Store his Headquarters.

All who expect to give or receive presents should call early and make their selection.

Anything special, wanted for Christmas, that we do not keep in stock, we would be glad to order for you. Here are a few articles:

QUEENSWARE AND CHINA, Glassware, Lamps of the Latest and Finest design, Albums, Shaving, Smoking, Manicure, and Toilet Sets, any of which will make

A NICE PRESENT.

Now Children, a word to you. Get your parents to bring you to Garner's where you will see more, and get more for your money.

FOR THE BOYS, we have Iron Velocipedes, Drums, Tool Chests, Trunks, Marble games, Hobby Horses, Sleds, Wheelbarrows, and Mechanical Toys. FOR THE GIRLS, we have Girls' Tricycles, Shoe Fly Horses, Sleighs, Dolls, Doll Carriages and Cradles, Stoves, Dishes, Tables, Trunks, Wash Sets, Cups and Saucers, and lots of other things.

CANDY AND FRUITS.

Candy we are going to sell as a Leader; we will give no prices, but come and see how low they are. We have bought a big lot and are going to toss it off for little or no profit. Fruits and Nuts of all kinds, Raisins, Currants, Dates, Figs, Citron, Peaches, Apricots, Oranges and Lemons; also a fresh lot of Sand Blast Coconut.

Just received 2 Barrels of N. O. Molasses, strictly new goods, direct from New Orleans, for Holiday trade.

Wishing you all a merry Christmas, I remain Yours Respectfully,

D. W. GARNER.

FRANKLIN BOWERSOX,

DEALER IN

Agricultural Implements & Buggies.

(At the Railroad.)

TANEYTOWN, MD.

Special Attention paid to furnishing Repairs for Plows, Drills, and for other Implements and Machines.

SEASONABLE SPECIALTIES.

CORN SHELLERS, Hand or Power.

FEED CUTTERS, Hand or Power.

ROLAND CHILLED PLOWS,

Call to see me before purchasing.

E. Kemper. SUBSCRIBE

BUTCHER AND DEALER

—FOR—

IN ALL KINDS OF MEATS & LIVE STOCK. THE CARROLL RECORD.

Xmas is Coming,

—AND—

M. Schneeberger's Trade Palace

Of Westminster, Md.,

is prepared in every department, such as Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies', Misses', and Childrens' Coats, Fancy Goods, Carpets and Oilcloths, and at such Low Prices as were never heard of before.

Before you make your selection in that line, we beg of you to give us the first call, and we assure you that we will save you

HISTORY OF TANEYTOWN.

PART VII.

I have given a full account of the *Regulator* because it belongs to the past history of Taneytown, about which the present generation knows very little. The history of the *Searchlight*, which was recently published by Mr. Joseph Forward, and which records which made its first appearance on the 7th of July of this year, is too well known to receive more than a passing notice in this history.

Soon after the Revolutionary War, Congress passed laws organizing all the male citizens of the United States between the ages of 18 and 45 into militia. They were all placed under the command of the President of the United States as commander-in-chief, and provision was made for filling up every branch of the service. The laws, with some modifications are still in force. For many years there was a general muster once a year, but soon after 1840 this was discontinued, except in time of war, when every one of legal age is liable to be drafted. The only organized militia are furnished with arms by the United States Government, and are, unless called out by the President, under the control of the Governors of the different states.

In common with the other states Maryland had its annual muster. Before the formation of Carroll county, the general muster ground was up at the Monocacy, at Bridgeport I believe; all the male citizens between the ages of 18 and 45 were to be there. The company officers were all sorts of inoffensive weapons, some with sticks, some with small fence stakes, the majority with corn stalks; it was this latter weapon that gave them the name of "Corn stalk Brigade," by which they were generally known. The company officers were, I believe, elected by the men, and the regimental officers appointed by the Governor. Most of the military titles before the war of the rebellion came from rank in the militia. Co. Knox, Galt, Longwell and Boyle, and the various captains that bore those titles in the old days in Taneytown, won their first military honors from their position in the militia. Dr. Samuel Swope was, I believe, a colonel when the annual muster days were discontinued.

The mere mention of the old muster days brings a smile to the faces of most of those who took part in them; indeed it was because they had at last gotten to be a time for fun and jokes, instead of for serious military work, that they were finally stopped. The officers were generally in uniform but the men came in their ordinary dress. Of course it was a time for a general gathering of the people; cakes and small beer were to be had for a small sum, and when you remember that the temperance cause was only in its infancy, and that a large majority of the people thought it no harm to drink it, you can easily imagine that the fun was sometimes fast and furious; those who were inclined to drink more than they should.

One rather grim joke is still told with a great deal of gusto: a man who had spent all his money but one cent, and had gotten more on a bench in the bar room apparently asleep. Some of his companions coming in said, "He's dead boys, let's put cents on his eyes." He lay still for a few minutes then reaching up, took the cents off his eyes and said, "now he can see enough to get a drink," and seating the action to the word, went up to the bar and got it.

In addition to the county drill they used to have drills in Taneytown. The parade ground was up where the Reformed Presbyterian church stands which was then in common enclosed on two sides by a fence. On one occasion while the militia were drilling, the officers of the company being in gorgeous uniform and the men trying how ridiculous they could make it, they finally got all the men faced into the fence corner, and their military education not being very complete, they did not know how to get them out; there they stood the men laughing, the crowd enjoying the situation and the small boy thinking it the best fun he ever saw. The commanding officer got red in the face and scratched his head, but could not remember the command,—it is said to be characteristic of great commanders, that they are not bound down to technical details, and he hesitated to change their plans even in the midst of a battle when it is necessary,—accordingly after a good deal of hesitation the officer of the day gave the order,—it, boys, turn around and march out of the corner. Squire Fisher and Captain William Burke were, I believe, the two last captains of militia in Taneytown.

Besides the corn stalk regiments, there have been volunteer military companies in Taneytown at various times; either there was more of a military spirit among the people, or the fact that they were obliged to drill at any rate, and preferred to do it in all the pomp and glory of uniform, U. S. Army guns with bayonets, music and flags, rather than in the somewhat ridiculous corn stalk regiments. There have been able to learn of several military companies that were formed here; the light horse company, spoken of by Mr. Luckenbach, which was formed during the Revolution, an artillery company raised by Captain Snyder, a company raised by the sons of fifty years ago by Dr. Samuel Swope and afterwards commanded by Mr. Tobias Rudisel, and a company commanded by Mr. Wm. Guttridge, soon after the war. The latter had but a short life; they never had any uniform or muskets, using their own shot guns and rifles for drill, and soon disbanded. Of the light horse company there is nothing but the tradition of its existence.

The company raised by Dr. Samuel Swope was, I believe, the best drilled, and most notable of all the militia of our town. Their uniform was blue coat, with white trimming and white shoulder knots, brass buttons, blue pantaloons in winter and white in summer, high stiff caps with a shield and a tail feather. For some time they were obliged to get their music (fife and drum) from Littlestown, a man named Keefe and the Langers furnishing it; later however the Messrs. Fogle, Joseph, David and Michael played the fife and drums. I have not been able to learn the names of all the officers. Dr. Samuel Swope was first captain; after the resignation of Dr. Annan he was appointed Lieutenant Colonel of Militia and Mr. Tobias Rudisel was elected captain. Messrs. John B. Boyle and Wm. Orter were lieutenants and Mr. Israel Hitesue orderly sergeant. The company was generally formed on Frederick St., opposite the stone tavern, and then marched to the parade ground, where the Reformed paragon stands. On two occasions at least, they took part in imposing military demonstrations; one was when they took part with

the Pennsylvania militia in an engagement at Hanover. Col. Eichelberger, of Hanover, and Col. Small, of York, were in command of the York county militia. A great many of our older citizens still speak of that a fine appearance Dr. Samuel Swope made when it came his turn to act as officer of the day. In full uniform and riding a fine horse he was said to be the finest looking officer in the company. The Taneytown company had some very hilarious members, who played many merry pranks, but always succeeded in putting the blame on their Pennsylvania comrades.

When the corner stone of the court house in Westminster was laid there was another grand civic and military demonstration, in which our citizens took part, some of them rather grudgingly as they had hoped to have the county seat here.

During the Mexican War some of the members of the company, in order to tease the captain and have a good joke on him, proposed to offer their services to the government for the war. The proposition was carried, I believe, against the remonstrance of the captain, Tobias Rudisel, by an informal vote; he however turned the joke on them by calling a regular meeting of the company at which he assured them that while he did not care to go, still if they voted for it, every man of them would go whether they were in earnest or in fun. The proposition was unanimously defeated and the company staid at home. The only surviving members of the company so far as I can discover are, Dr. Swope, Messrs. Jas. Davidson, Saml. Stiles and Jas. Rodgers. The boys also had a company with their own officers and a uniform of their own; they were armed with wooden guns, and drilled along with the men.

Mr. And Mrs. Bowser.

"Aren't you feeling well, Mr. Bowser?" queried Mrs. Bowser the other evening as he came home from the office looking very sober and a trifle pale around the mouth.

He was still he had hung up his hat and overcoat and removed his rubbers and wiped his nose and then replied:

"They were dragging for his body in the river as I came along."

"Whose body?"

"A poor and discouraged man's. He was out of work and hungry and cold. He felt that he could not live longer. As he stood on the wharf ready to take the plunge he cried out that he had been refused a crust of bread, and had asked heaven to forgive the heartless woman."

"That was said."

"And who was that heartless woman?" demanded Mr. Bowser as he looked down upon her with stern-set face.

"Why, how do I know?"

"I believe it was you. That's just your way if a man comes to the door and says he's hungry and discouraged and out of work, you bang the door on his toes and add to the bitterness of his woes. The moment I heard the man wealed out by the poor man, I felt sure that it was you who refused him bread. Mrs. Bowser you may be a murderer!"

"Do you suppose I'm going to feed and sympathize with every beggar who comes along?" she spiritedly retorted.

"You drove that man to his death."

"I didn't do anything of the sort. It isn't likely that he came within a mile of our house. If I fed everyone who came along, we'd have to turn the house into a hotel and get extra help."

"Mrs. Bowser, when a poor and distressed man comes along you can at least pass him out a crust and say that you are sorry for him. I wouldn't have your heart of stone for all the money."

"There's one thing now," she interrupted. "Go to the basement door and greet him, Mr. Bowser."

"I certainly will. The poor man shall not only receive kind words, but something substantial."

When Mr. Bowser opened the basement door he found a woe-begone and hungry looking man with his thumb on the electric button. He was a fair specimen of the average caller.

"My dear man, you are out of work, hungry and discouraged?" softly observed Mr. Bowser.

"Right you are, Jimmie!" replied the man, who was evidently laboring under a mistake. Has the old bird got home yet?"

"Old bird?"

"Yes the old cock-a-doodle-doo, you know. They say he's as soft as putty and can be worked for half a dollar, while his hen is sharper than a knife."

"His hen?"

"Yes his wife, you know. Don't speak too loud or she will hear you. What time does the old bird get home?"

"Do you mean the owner of the house?"

"Cert—nice, soft old duffer, with a bald head and baggy trousers. I've got a tip that he can be worked as easy as rolling down hill."

"He's home now!" stammered Mr. Bowser, who realized that his wife was standing at the head of the stairs and could hear every word.

"Then go and tell him that a hard working, respectable man is out of work and has a sick wife and four hungry children. If he comes down with a half, I'll whack up with you. Strike a trot, my bully, for I'm dying for a nip of old rye."

"Sir! I am the nice, soft old bald-headed duffer you refer to!" exclaimed Mr. Bowser as his temper flamed up all of a sudden.

"Oh you are! I was only joking you know. You behold in me, sir, an unfortunate man. Two weeks ago I lost my job and on that same day my wife—"

"You'll get nothing here, sir!" shouted Mr. Bowser.

"Alas, sir, but I haven't tasted food for nearly two days! Can you have the heart to turn a starving man away?"

"I can. If you are hungry, go and eat snow and fence posts. You are a dead beat and a liar. The idea of you calling me an old bird and my wife a hen! You ought to be arrested sir!"

"Half a dollar, sir! I have got a prescription filled?" pleaded the man.

"Not a penny. Skate out of this or I'll call an officer."

"A loaf of bread for my starving children?"

"Not a crust."

"Then take this for my farewell!" exclaimed the tramp, as he tapped Mr. Bowser on the chin and spread his wings and flew away.

"Well were you sorry for him?" queried Mrs. Bowser as Mr. Bowser came up stairs with his eyes hanging out and his ears working.

He glared at her and felt of his chin.

"If you didn't speak words of sympathy and hand him out a quarter, he may commit suicide," she complained.

"Woman," gasped Mr. Bowser as he jumped up and down, "I've been struck on the chin by a blamed old liar of a tramp!"

"Yes I saw him hit you."

"And you—"

"Yes, I'm to blame for it, of course, and it's the last straw, and your lawyer will see me about the divorce."

That's what Mr. Bowser was going to say, of course, but he didn't say it. He rushed into his hat and overcoat and out of the house to find that tramp and make him die 20 different deaths. Two hours later he sauntered in and got out of his razor and began paring off a corn, and as he made no allusion to the affair Mrs. Bowser was diplomat enough to ask no questions. It was only when he was ready for bed that he cut close to the matter by remarking:

"If I'd forbid cooking feeding every loafer who calls and claims to be hungry."

"I have done so," replied Mrs. Bowser.

"Because most of them are liars or worse and deserve the workhouse. You ought to also carry a revolver when you go to the door. I'll get you one the first thing in the morning, for no one is safe even in his own house these times."

Mrs. Bowser said "Yes," and the subject was dropped, but at midnight she awoke her by crying out in his sleep:

"Driven to his death—heartless woman—blamed old liar—old bird at home—hit me on the chin—couldn't find him in the dark!"

They Both Wept.

When Lawrence Barrett's daughter was married Stuart Robson sent a check for \$5,000 to the bridegroom. Miss Felicia who attended the wedding, conveyed the gift.

"Felicia," said her father, upon her return, "did you give him the check?"

"Yes, father," answered the dutiful daughter.

"What did he say?" asked Robson.

"He didn't say anything," replied Miss Felicia, "but he shed tears."

"Why, how long did he cry?"

"Why, father, I didn't time him; I should say however, that he wept fully a minute."

"Fully a minute?" roared Robson, "why, I cried an hour after I'd signed it!"—Chicago Record.

Labor-Saving on Farms.

If the farmer has contributed but little himself to the number of improved implements, others have given more attention to those required for use on the farm than in any other branch of industry. There are more patents on farm implements than on other machinery, and every year witnesses wonderful improvements. It is by the use of the latest implements, which have cheapened labor on the farm, to which lower prices of farm produce may be ascribed, but the profits from farming have been increased proportionately considering the value of the labor bestowed on crops, compared with methods in use half a century ago. It is now possible for the farmer to ride and mow the wheat, to do a day's work of plowing or cultivating the soil, and harvesting the crop. A boy can cut and bind a whole field of wheat in a day, where formerly a small army of men were required to perform the work and have it done. It is now work introducing new implements on farms, and the former methods have been displaced only by force of competition. There are hundreds of farmers who have not yet accepted the improvements in implements, just as they are with improved breeds of cattle, and they place themselves at a great disadvantage with their more progressive neighbors. The slow farmer cannot compete with one who is quick to adopt the most improved appliances for culture, and he therefore must necessarily sooner or later be displaced altogether. The most costly item of expense on the farm is labor, and the markets are regulated largely by the costs of all articles. If an implement can cheapen the cost one-half it arms the competitor of the farmer with a weapon with which the competitor can undersell him, or increase his profits to a larger extent. As a rule, all labor-saving implements repay their cost in a very short time by reducing other expenses.

Whether the farmer is willing or not to accept better implements, he will be affected by their use. He cannot escape them in any possible manner. Labor is an essential, and when its cost is greater than the prices obtained the farm will not pay. Prices are fixed by the cost on all farms combined, and the farmer who is not enterprising will lose his farm double labor in order to keep pace with those who avail themselves of opportunities for saving labor and cost. There is but one remedy, and that is to use the best implements at the best stock. If prices are reduced they will be offset by greater production at less cost, and the farmer will still have large margins for profit proportionately, while the hard drudgery of the farm will be greatly lightened.—Union.

Ants Wearing the Green.

"I once witnessed an interesting but peculiar spectacle in animal life, but one which I have never been able to account for," remarked Abraham I. Givens of Brenham, Tex. "I was going home just at nightfall over a sandy road when I noticed directly in front of me what appeared to be a long line of green ribbon about one-half an inch thick. I stooped to examine it, and to my astonishment found that it was a procession of ants marching three or four abreast in very close order, each one carrying a little piece of green leaf. The effect was a continuous line of green without any break. I went back to find the beginning, but as it issued from the grass at the roadside I was unable to trace it farther in that direction. I then followed it for several rods until it entered the grass on the other side and was lost to sight. Whether it was Palm Sunday or St. Patrick's day with the ants or some political jubilee they were celebrating has always remained a mystery to me."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

OF MARGUERITES.

"A little, passionately—not at all!"

She casts the snowy petals into the air, And what care we how many petals fall?

Nay, wherefore seek the seasons to forestall? It is but playing, and she will not care, A little, passionately—not at all!"

She would not answer us if he should call Across the years, her visions are too fair, And what care we how many petals fall?

She knows us not, nor cares if she hath fall With voice and eyes and fashion of her hair, A little, passionately—not at all!"

Knee deep she goes in meadow grasses tall, Kissed by the breeze that her fingers feel, And what care we how many petals fall?

We pass and go, but she shall not recall What men we were, nor all she made us bear. A little, passionately—not at all!"

And what care we how many petals fall?—Ernest Dowson.

Bottom Prices.

It is a part of our Business to look after the interest of our customers. It is also the height of folly by means of deceptions, to over-rate or misrepresent goods. Our goods do their own talking; the prices do the selling. Comment, except for its descriptive value, might almost be omitted. We call attention to a few items of interest.

HOLIDAY

Mince Meat, 6C. PER LB.

This mince meat is made at one of the most celebrated fruit farms of this country. This concern raises all its own apples and no matter how high green fruit goes they are always prepared to keep up the quality of their product.

- | | |
|------------------------|-----|
| TOMATOES, Canned | .06 |
| " " " | .08 |
| CORN, " " | .07 |
| PEACHES, canned, table | .13 |
| " " pie | .10 |
| PEAS " " | .07 |
| RAISINS, Cal. | .04 |
| FIGS, new | .06 |
| SODA BISCUITS | .04 |
| NIC-NACS | .05 |
| SHOT | .06 |
| Ladies' Berlin Gloves | .09 |
| Men's Buckskin Gloves | .55 |

Christmas Postscriptum

Just one word about our California fruit. They are grown and packed by the best shippers on the Pacific coast, and we would ask you to compare not only Price, but also Quality and Flavor.

- | | |
|---------------------------|------|
| Apricots, choice Royal | .09 |
| " fancy Moorpark | .11 |
| Candy, all cream, | .09 |
| " mixed, | .07½ |
| Citron, Finest Leghorn, | .10 |
| Currants, | .03 |
| Figs, fancy layer | .10 |
| Lemons, per dozen, | .10 |
| N. O. Molasses, fancy | .40 |
| Oranges, per dozen | .14 |
| Peaches, Cal. | .09 |
| Pears, Cal. Bartlett | .08 |
| Prunes, Cal. fancy | .07½ |
| Raisins, Cal. large | .05 |
| Apples, selected, per bu. | .87 |

W. D. HAUGH & CO.

THE ONE PRICE CASH STORE.

PUBLIC SQUARE.

TANEYTOWN, MD.

Holiday Goods.

We have just received a Large line of Useful and Ornamental Articles suitable for Holiday Presents.

We cannot enumerate articles and prices. If you want to buy a

Christmas Present

for any one, don't fail to come and look at our stock.

With a good stock, and prices to suit the times, we think we cannot fail to please you.

Robert S. McKinney, DRUGGIST, TANEYTOWN, MD.

Special Offering.

THIS MONTH ONLY!

Men's Winter SUITS and OVERCOATS.

- | |
|---------|
| \$3.75 |
| \$4.50 |
| \$6.00 |
| \$7.50 |
| \$9.00 |
| \$10.00 |
| \$12.00 |

Worth One-half More. LOUIS ASH & SON. WHOLESALE MANUFACTURING CLOTHIERS, 319 W. Baltimore St., (Open till 9 p. m.) BALTIMORE, MD.

In Poor Health

means so much more than you imagine—serious and fatal diseases result from trifling ailments neglected. Don't play with Nature's greatest gift—health.

Brown's Iron Bitters

It Cures Dyspepsia, Kidney and Liver Troubles, Constipation, Bad Blood, Malaria, Nervous ailments, Women's complaints.

Get only the genuine—it has crossed red lines on the wrapper. All others are substitutes. On receipt of two 2c. stamps we will send set of Ten Beautiful World's Fair Views and book—free. BROWN CHEMICAL CO. BALTIMORE, MD.

Littlestown Carriage Works.



S. D. MEHRING, MANUFACTURER OF FINE CARRIAGES and Buggies.

SURREYS, PHAETONS, TRAPS, CARTS, CUTTERS, FINE DAYTON, McCALL, JAGGER, WAGONS. and a General Line of Light Vehicles Work on hand. REPAIRING promptly done. LOW PRICES, and all work guaranteed. LITTLESTOWN, PA. 8 21-04-11 Opposite Depot. Hand in your subscription for the CARROLL RECORD.

Near the Railroad

SHERMAN GILDS' Headquarters for Good, Fresh Confectioneries & Groceries. Our Goods are always New and Fresh. Prices the Lowest.

FRESH OYSTERS

constantly on hand, and served in all styles. I have just received a Nice Line of

Canned Goods.

Loose Oatmeal, 5 cents per pound.

A Fresh supply of different kinds of

COFFEES,

at from 20 to 25cets. per lb.

All the Leading Brands of CIGARS & TOBACCO.

Also a full supply of Flour, Corn Meal, and

SWEET POTATOES.

5c Water Crackers! 5c Ginger Snaps! also Health Biscuits.

Reduced Prices.

We have been carrying too heavy a stock of

Ready Made Clothing.

We are determined to reduce it if Low Prices will do it; in order to do so, we have marked down our larger lots of Fall READY MADE CLOTHING in Men's, Youth's, and Boys' sizes so that they must go sure. We are thus giving our customers Double Cheap advantages for this simple reason, viz, you are dealing right direct with a

Merchant Tailor.

These are opportunities not often presented to you, and it shall only be open until we get our stock reduced to a certain figure. The sooner we can do this, the better we will be pleased.

ROBT. E. PATTON, LITTLESTOWN, PA. Centre Square.

1894. THE SUN! 1894.

BALTIMORE, MD.

The Paper of the People, For the People and with the People.

Honest in Motive. Fearless in Expression. Sound in Principle. Unswerving in its Allegiance to Right Theories and Right Practices.

The Sun publishes all the news all the time, but it does not allow its columns to be degraded by unclean immoral or purely sensational matter. Editorially, The Sun is the consistent and unchanging champion and defender of popular rights and interests against political machines and monopolies of every character. Independent in all things, extreme in none. By mail 50 cents a month, \$6 a year.

THE BALTIMORE WEEKLY SUN.

The Weekly Sun publishes all the news of each week, giving complete accounts of all events of interest throughout the world. As an Agricultural paper the Weekly Sun is unsurpassed. It is edited by writers of practical experience, who know what farming means and what farmers want in an agricultural journal. It contains regular reports of the work of the agricultural experiment stations throughout the country, of the proceedings of farmers clubs and institutes, and the discussion of new methods and ideas of agriculture. Its market report, Poultry Department and Veterinary column are full and complete. Every issue contains Stories, Poems, Household and Puzzle Columns, a variety of interesting and instructive selected matter and other features, which make it a welcome visitor in city and country homes alike.

One dollar a year. Inducements to get up of clubs for the Weekly Sun. Both the Daily and Weekly Sun mailed free of postage in the United States, Canada and Mexico. Payments invariably in advance.

Address A. S. ABELL COMPANY, Publishers and Proprietors, Baltimore, Md

PATENTS

Obtained on easy terms. Send model or drawing and description to us and we will attend to the rest.

Examination Free. Established over 30 years. Address

LOUIS BAGGER & CO., Attorneys, WASHINGTON, D. C.

ATTRACTIVE

SALE BILLS

Printed at this Office,

WESTERN MARYLAND R. R.

Connecting with P. & R. R. at Shippensburg and Gettysburg; Norfolk & Western R. R. at Hagerstown; B. & O. Railroad at Hagerstown and Cherry Run; Penna. R. R. at Tricesville and Hanover; P. W. & N. C. and B. & P. Railroads at Union Station, Baltimore, Md

Schedule taking effect Sept. 30th, 1894.

Read down		STATIONS	Read upward		
.....	A.M. P.M.		A.M. P.M.		
.....	11 25	le Cherry Run, ar	8 47	1 30	8 32
.....	11 28	.....Big Pool.....	8 44	1 17	8 32
.....	11 40	.....Clear Spring.....	8 33	1 05	8 32
.....	11 46	.....Charlton.....	8 27	12 59	8 32
.....	11 50	.....Wimsport, P. V.	8 18	12 48	8 32
.....	12 13	ar Hagerstown le	8 05	12 35	8 32
.....	P.M. A.M.		A.M. P.M.	P.M. A.M.	
.....	6 17	..Williamsport..			8 32